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SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Product and Company Identification

Product Name: Blue Buster Deep Blue Rubbing Gel **Chemical Type: Water Blend**

Product Code: BB100

Product Use: Use as received. CAUTION! Always check compatibility of material with product in

an inconspicuous place.

Manufacturer: Bike Brite, Inc. Revision Date: 12/9/2015

Address: 25000 Euclid Ave. Suite 200 Emergency: 24 Hour Emergency: 1-800-535-5053 Cleveland, Ohio 44117

International Emergency Number: 1-352-323-3500

Infotrac: Chemical Emergency

2. Hazards Identification

Hazard Category:

Skin Corrosion/Irritation Hazard Category 2 Eye Damage/Irritation Hazard Category 2B



Pictogram

Signal Word: WARNING Hazard statements:

May cause skin irritation. May cause serious eye irritation. May cause respiratory irritation

Precautionary statements

Prevention:

Avoid breathing dust/ fume/ gas/ mist/ vapors/ spray. Wash skin thoroughly after handling. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear eye protection/ face protection. Wear protective gloves.

Response:

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician if you feel unwell. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/ attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

Storage: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up.

Disposal: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local regulation.

3. Composition / Information on Ingredients

Chemical Name	CAS Number	Wt %	
Water	7732-18-5	>80%	
Polyacrylic acid	Confidential	0.3%	
Triethanolamine	102-71-6	0.7%	
Anhydrous Aluminum Silicate	66402-68-4	17-18%	
Aluminum Oxide	1344-28-1	<5%	

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4. First Aid Measures

After Skin Contact: If on skin (on hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse with water/safety shower. Call doctor if irritation persists.

After Eye Contact: If in eyes: Rinse cautiously for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If irritated, call doctor.

After Ingestion: If swallowed: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Most Important Symptoms/Effects

Eve: Irritation of eyes and skin.

Skin: This product can cause mild, transient skin irritation. The severity of irritation will depend on the amount of material that is applied to the skin and the speed and thoroughness that it is removed. Symptoms include redness, itching, and burning of the skin. Repeated or prolonged skin contact can produce moderate irritation (dermatitis).

Indication of immediate medical attention: Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Symptons may be delayed. Keep victim under observation.

5. Fire Fighting Measures

Suitable and Unsuitable extinguishing media:

Will not burn or support combustion. Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire, such as water spray, dry chemical, foam or carbon dioxide.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical: Carbon oxides may be produced.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighter

Wear chemical resistant protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).

6. Accidental Release Measures

Methods and Materials for containment & cleaning up:

Stop spill at source Caution: Spilled material may be slippery. If trained in accordance 29 CFR 1910.120, leaks should be stopped. Spills should be contained and cleaned immediately. Persons performing clean up work should wear adequate personal protective equipment and clothing. Spills and releases should be reported, if required, to the appropriate local, state and federal regulatory agencies. Absorb the chemical onto sand, vermiculite, or any other non-combustible absorbent, and collect into containers for later disposal.

7. Handling and Storage

Handling: KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

Use in accordance with good work place practices. Use with adequate ventilation. Keep containers closed when not in use. Always open containers slowly to allow any excess pressure to vent. Avoid breathing vapor or mists. Avoid contact with eyes, skin or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling. Decontaminate soiled clothing thoroughly before re-use. Destroy contaminated leather clothing. Empty containers may contain residues from the product. Treat empty containers with the same precautions as the material last contained. Do not cut, weld or apply heat to empty containers.

Storage: Store in a cool, dry area, away from heat or direct sunlight. Keep containers closed when not in use. Do not store with incompatible materials. Do Not Allow to freeze.

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8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

NOTE: Exposure to this material can be controlled in many ways. The measures appropriate for a particular worksite depend on how this material is used and on the extent of exposure. This general information can be used to help develop specific control measures. Ensure that control systems are properly designed and maintained. Comply with occupational, environmental, fire, and other applicable regulations.

Engineering Controls: If methods of use deviate from the manufacturer's recommendations, attention to methods of vapor reduction will be necessary. Engineering control methods to reduce hazardous exposures are preferred. Methods include mechanical ventilation (dilution and local exhaust), process or personnel enclosure, control of process conditions, and process modification. Administrative controls and personal equipment may also be required. Use local exhaust ventilation to remove the vapors or mist at source and prevent release into the workplace. Exhaust directly to the outside, taking necessary precautions for environmental protection. Supply sufficient replacement air to make up for air removed by exhaust systems.

Respiratory Protection: When used as recommended by the manufacturer, use of a respirator may not be required. A trained person responsible for workplace safety must select and maintain the proper respiratory equipment for the intended use of this product

EMERGENCY OR PLANNED ENTRY INTO UNKNOWN CONCENTRATIONS OR IDLH

CONDITIONS: Positive pressure, full-facepiece SCBA; or positive pressure, full-facepiece SAR with an auxiliary positive pressure SCBA.

ESCAPE: Gas mask with organic vapor canister; or escape-type SCBA.

Skin Protection: Wear clothing to prevent contact with skin. Impervious gloves such as butyl rubber and Viton™, Silver Shield/4H™, or Neoprene rubber, nitrile rubber, or polyvinyl alcohol

Exposure Guidelines: Components

			OSHA	ACGIH	Listed As**
INGREDIENT:	CAS#	%	PEL	TLV_	Carcinogen
Aluminum Oxide	1344-28-1	<5	15 mg/m3*	10 mg/m3	No
Anhydrous Aluminum	Silicate 92704-41-1	17-18	5 mg/m3 Resp.	2 mg/m3 Resp.	No
Triethanolamine	102-71-6	0.7%	N/E	5 mg/m3	No
Polyacrylic acid	Confidential	0.3%	N/E	N/E	No

Eye and Face Protection: Chemical safety goggles. A face shield may also be necessary.

Other: Wear footwear suitable for the workplace. Installation of an eyewash station capable of flushing the eyes for at least 15 minutes.

Discretion Advised: Bike Brite, Inc. takes no responsibility for determining what measures are required for personal protection in any specific application. The general information should be used with discretion.

9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance: white opague gel

Odor Threshold: N/A

Melting Point/Freezing Point: 32 F

Flash Point: None

Upper/Lower flammability or explosive limits: N/A

Vapor Pressure: N/A

Odor: mild PH: 7-9

Initial Boiling Point and Boiling 212 F

Evaporation Rate: N/A

Flammability (solid, gas): Non flammable

Vapor Density: N/A

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Relative Density: 1.16 Solubility (ies): Complete in water

Partition Coefficient n-octanol/water: N/A Viscosity: >80,000 cps

Auto-ignition Temperature: N/A **Decomposition Temperature:** N/A

10. Stability and Reactivity

Stability: Stable Conditions to Avoid: Heat, spark, and open flame

Incompatibility: Strong Oxidizing Agents

Hazardous Decomposition: Combustion will produce -Calcium Oxide, Carbon Dioxide, Carbon

Monoxide and nitrogen-oxygen compounds. Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur

11. Toxicological Information

Acute toxicity data for the ingredients:

Triethanolamine

<u>Ingredient</u>	<u>LD</u> Oral	<u>LD</u> Dermal	<u>LC Inhalation</u>
	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/L, 4 hrs.)
Triethanolamine (TEA)	4 190 (rat)	>2 000 (rabbit)	Not available
Diethanolamine (DEA)	680 (rabbit)	8 180 (rabbit)	Not available

Skin corrosion / irritation: Results from tests performed according to OECD Guideline 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation / Corrosion) demonstrated that TEA was not irritating to skin.

Serious eye damage / irritation: Results from tests performed according to OECD Guideline 405 (Acute Eye Irritation / Corrosion) demonstrated that TEA was not irritating to eyes.

Sensitization: Contact skin allergy has been reported in people occupationally exposed to TEA in the textile industry and in metalworking fluids and to people non-occupationally exposed to TEA in cosmetics and medicines. Negative results have been obtained in animal skin sensitization tests performed according to OECD Guideline 406 (Skin Sensitization).

Neurological effects: None reported

Germ cell mutagenicity: Evidence from animal studies, cultured mammalian cells, and bacterial studies does not indicate that TEA is a mutagen.

Carcinogenicity: IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer) lists TEA in Group 3 -The agent is not classifiable as to carcinogenicity in humans.

Information for Diethanolamine (DEA): NTP Report: Under the conditions of 2 year dermal studies, there was no evidence of carcinogenic activity of DEA in F344/N rats admin 16, 32 or 64 mg/kg DEA or in female F344/N rats admin 8, 16 or 32 mg/kg. There was clear evidence of carcinogenic activity of DEA in male and female B6C3F1 mice based on increased incidences of liver neoplasms in males and females and increased incidences of renal tubule neoplasms in males. IARC monograph Volume101 reports a mechanism for liver tumor induction in mice exposed to DEA that involves the inhibition of choline uptake in the liver. As humans are less susceptible to choline deficiency than rats or mice, the results may not be predictive of induction of cancer in humans. IARC lists DEA in Group 2B - Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

ACGIH designates DEA as A3 - confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans. Diethanolamine is not listed on the NTP Report On Carcinogens.

Reproductive toxicity: Limited data from animal studies does not indicate that TEA is a reproductive toxin.

Developmental effects: Limited data from animal studies does not indicate that TEA is a developmental toxin.

Target Organ effects: In tests with animals, long-term ingestion and skin contact exposures to high doses caused damage to the liver and kidney.

Aspiration hazard: Data are not available.

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Polyacrylic acid

Acute

Eve Irritation Weak to moderate eve irritant. Does not meet Canadian D2B or EU R36 criteria. Based on data from components or similar materials.

Skin Irritation Not expected to be a primary skin irritant. Based on data from components or similar materials. Contact dermatitis may occur in sensitive individuals under extreme and unusual conditions of prolonged and repeated contact, such as high exposure accompanied by elevated temperature and occlusion by clothing. This effect may be the result of the product's hygroscopic properties, abrasion, or pH.

Respiratory Irritation If material is misted or if vapors are generated from heating, exposure may cause irritation of mucous membranes and the upper respiratory tract. Based on data from components or similar materials. Breathing of dust may cause coughing, mucous production, and shortness of breath.

Dermal Toxicity The LD50 in rabbits is > 2000 mg/Kg. Based on data from components or similar materials.

Inhalation Toxicity Avoid inhalation of dust. Animal studies indicate the inhalation of respirable polyacrylate dust may cause inflammatory changes in the lung.

Oral Toxicity The LD50 in rats is > 10,000 mg/Kg. Based on data from components or similar materials.

Dermal Sensitization Not expected to cause skin sensitization. Based on data from components or similar materials.

CHRONIC EXPOSURE

Chronic Toxicity A two-year inhalation study in rats exposed to a respirable, water-absorbent sodium polyacrylate dust resulted in lung effects such as inflammation, hyperplasia, and tumors. There were no observed adverse effects at exposures of 0.05 mg/m3. In addition, long-term medical monitoring of potentially exposed workers has not revealed lung effects such as those observed in the rat. However, the inhalation of respirable dusts should be avoided by implementing respiratory protection measures

and observing the recommended permissible exposure limit of 0.05 mg/m3.

Carcinogenicity Not listed as a carcinogen or suspect carcinogen by NTP, IARC or OSHA. Mutagenicity No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.

Reproductive Toxicity No data available to indicate either product or components present at greater than 0.1% that may cause reproductive toxicity.

Teratogenicity No data available to indicate product or any components contained at greater than 0.1% may cause birth defect

Anhydrous Aluminum Silicate

Prolonged inhalation of excessive levels of dust may cause a simple pnuemoconiosis condition. not normally associated with decrement lung function. In cases of long term exposures to extremely high levels of dust, complicated pneumoconiosis with lung function impairment may occur.

Carcinogenicity Not listed as a carcinogen or suspect carcinogen by NTP, IARC or OSHA. Mutagenicity No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.

Reproductive Toxicity No data available to indicate either product or components present at greater than 0.1% that may cause reproductive toxicity.

Teratogenicity No data available to indicate product or any components contained at greater than 0.1% may cause birth defect

12. Ecological Information

Persistence and Biotic degradability: No data available Water result: Disperses in water.

Degradability: Will biodegrade readily Bioaccumulation potential: Unlikely Soil/Sediment Result: No data available

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13. Disposal Considerations

Dispose of spilled material in accordance with state and local regulations for waste that is nonhazardous by Federal definition. Note that this information applies to the material as manufactured; processing, use, or contamination may make this information inappropriate, inaccurate, or incomplete. Note that this handling and disposal information may also apply to empty containers, liners and rinsate. State or local regulations or restrictions are complex and may differ from federal regulations. This information is intended as an aid to proper handling and disposal; the final responsibility for handling and disposal is with the owner of the waste.

14. Transport Information

Not Regulated

15. Regulatory Information

Environmental Regulations

SARA 311:

Acute health: Yes Chronic health: No Fire: No

Sudden release of pressure: Reactive: No No

SARA 302/304

Component **TPQ** RQ Diethanolamine 100 lbs

SARA 311/312

Based upon available information, this material is classified as the following health and/or physical hazards according to Section 311 & 312: Immediate (Acute) Health Hazard.

SARA 313

This product contains the following chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III, Section 313 and 40 CFR 372:

Component Reporting Threshold

Diethanolamine 1.0%

STATE

WARNING: This product may also contain extremely small amounts of one or more naturallyoccurring materials known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or other reproductive harm.

This product contains the following chemicals regulated by New Jersey's Worker and Community

102-71-6 Triethanolamine Right to Know Act: 111-42-2 Diethanolamine

This product contains the following chemicals regulated by Massachusetts' Right to Know Law:

102-71-6 Triethanolamine 111-42-2 Diethanolamine

This product contains the following chemicals regulated by Pennsylania's Right to Know Act:

102-71-6 Triethanolamine 111-42-2 Diethanolamine

All the chemicals used in this product are TSCA listed.

Check with your local regulators to be sure all local regulations are met.

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16. Other Information

Hazard ratings This information is intended solely for the use of individuals trained in the NFPA

and/or HMIS systems.

NFPA: Health: 1 Flammability: 0 Reactivity: 0 HMIS: Health: 1 Flammability: 0 Reactivity: 0

RATING: 4-EXTREME 3-HIGH 2-MODERATE 1-SLIGHT 0-INSIGNIFICANT

Note:

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