

$$1a) L\{t^3 e^{-2t}\} \quad F(t) = t^3$$

$$L\{e^{-2t} F(t)\} = \frac{3!}{(s+2)^4}$$

$$1b) L\{t + t \sin wt\} \quad F(t) = t \sin wt$$

$$L\{t + F(t)\} = (-1) f'(s)$$

$$= (-1) \frac{d}{ds} \left(\frac{2ws}{(s^2 + w^2)^2} \right)$$

$$= \frac{2w(3s^2 - w^2)}{(s^2 + w^2)^3}$$

$$1c) L\{\sin^2 t\}$$

$$= L\left\{\frac{1 - \cos 2t}{2}\right\}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{s} - \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{s}{s^2 + 4}$$

$$= \frac{2}{s(s^2 + 4)}$$

$$2a) L^{-1}\left\{\frac{10s}{(s+3)^2 + 16}\right\} = L^{-1}\left\{\frac{10(s+3) - 30}{(s+3)^2 + 16}\right\}$$

$$= 10L^{-1}\left\{\frac{s+3}{(s+3)^2 + 16}\right\} - \frac{30}{4L}\left\{\frac{4}{(s+3)^2 + 16}\right\}$$

$$= (10e^{-3t} \cos 4t - \frac{15}{2}e^{-3t} \sin 4t)$$

$$2b) L^{-1}\left\{\frac{s^2 - 6}{s(s+3)(s+1)}\right\} = L^{-1}\left\{\frac{A}{s} + \frac{B}{s+3} + \frac{C}{s+1}\right\}$$

$$s^2 - 6 = A(s+3)(s+1) + Bs(s+1) + Cs(s+3)$$

$$A = -2, \quad B = \frac{1}{2}, \quad C = \frac{5}{2}$$

$$L^{-1} = -2 + \frac{1}{2}e^{-3t} + \frac{5}{2}e^{-t}$$

$$2c) L^{-1}\left\{\frac{s}{(s+1)^2}\right\} = L^{-1}\left\{\frac{A}{s+1} + \frac{B}{(s+1)^2}\right\}$$

$$s = A(s+1) + B$$

$$A = 1, \quad B = -1$$

$$L^{-1} = e^{-t} - te^{-t}$$

$$2d) L^{-1}\left\{\frac{5s^2 - 7s + 17}{(s-1)(s^2 + 4)}\right\} = L^{-1}\left\{\frac{A}{s-1} + \frac{Bs + C}{s^2 + 4}\right\}$$

$$5s^2 - 7s + 17 = A(s^2 + 4) + (Bs + C)(s-1)$$

$$A = 3, \quad B = 2, \quad C = -5$$

$$L^{-1}\left\{\frac{3}{s-1}\right\} + L^{-1}\left\{\frac{2s}{s^2 + 4}\right\} - \frac{5}{2}L^{-1}\left\{\frac{2}{s^2 + 4}\right\}$$

$$= (3e^t + 2 \cos 2t - \frac{5}{2} \sin 2t)$$

$$3. y'' + 4y = \sin 2t \quad y(0) = y'(0) = 2$$

$$s^2 y - sY(0) - Y'(0) + 4y = \frac{2}{s^2 + 4}$$

$$(s^2 + 4)y = \frac{2}{s^2 + 4} + 2s + 2$$

$$y = \frac{2}{(s^2 + 4)^2} + \frac{2s}{s^2 + 4} + \frac{2}{s^2 + 4}$$

$$Y(t) = \frac{1}{s^2 + 4} (\sin 2t - 2t \cos 2t) + 2 \cos 2t + \sin 2t$$

$$= \frac{1}{8} \sin 2t - \frac{1}{4}t \cos 2t + 2 \cos 2t + \sin 2t$$

$$= \frac{9}{8} \sin 2t + 2 \cos 2t - \frac{1}{4}t \cos 2t$$

$$* Given L^{-1}\left\{\frac{1}{(s^2 + a^2)^2}\right\} = \frac{1}{2a^3} (\sin at - at \cos at)$$

$$4. y'' + 4y = \cos 2x$$

$$y_c = C_1 \sin 2x + C_2 \cos 2x$$

$$y_{\text{gen}} = U_1 \sin 2x + U_2 \cos 2x$$

$$y' = 2U_1 \cos 2x + (U_1' \sin 2x) - 2U_2 \sin 2x + (U_2' \cos 2x)$$

$$\text{Impose: } U_1' \sin 2x + U_2' \cos 2x = 0$$

$$y'' = -4U_1 \sin 2x + 2U_1' \cos 2x - 4U_2 \cos 2x - 2U_2' \sin 2x$$

$$-\sin 2x (2U_1' \cos 2x - 2U_2' \sin 2x = \cos 2x)$$

$$\underline{2U_2' \sin 2x + 2U_1' \cos 2x = -1}$$

$$U_2' = -\frac{1}{2} \quad U_2 = -\frac{1}{2}x + C_2$$

$$U_1' = \frac{1}{2} \cot 2x \quad U_1 = \frac{1}{4} \ln |\sin 2x| + C_1$$

$$y = \left(\frac{1}{4} \ln |\sin 2x| + C_1 \right) \sin 2x + \left(-\frac{1}{2}x + C_2 \right) \cos 2x$$

$$= C_1 \sin 2x + C_2 \cos 2x$$

$$+ \frac{1}{4} \ln |\sin 2x| \sin 2x - \frac{1}{2}x \cos 2x$$