In order to better be able to debug VSS-related issues and develop VSS-related products, we have characterized a 94-98 Ford Mustang Vehicle Speed Sensor.

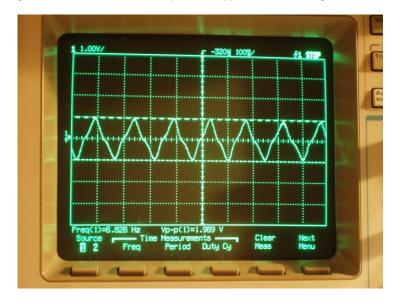
94-98 Mustang PCMs and speedometers/odometers expect an 8000 pulse per mile signal. To convert from frequency (pulses per second) to speed (miles per hour), the following equation is used:

Speed in M/H = Freq in P/S \* (1M/8000P) \* 3600S/H = Freq \* 0.45

We put a junkyard VSS (from a 1998 Mustang) on our bench and hooked the leads to a scope. We drove it with a Dewalt cordless drill:

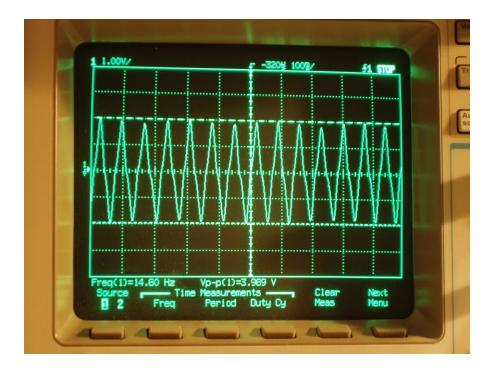


We spun the drill to get it to about 2V P-P on the scope and snapped a shot of the signal:

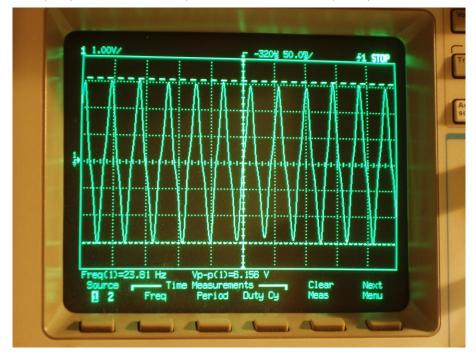


You can see that the frequency of the VSS signal is 6.826Hz. From the formula above, you can see that the corresponding speed is 3.0717 MPH.

Next, we spun it up to about 4V P-P:

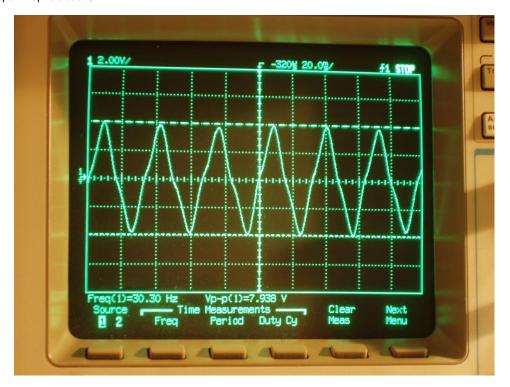


You can see that the frequency is 14.6Hz which corresponds to 6.57MPH. Next, we spun it up to about 6V P-P:

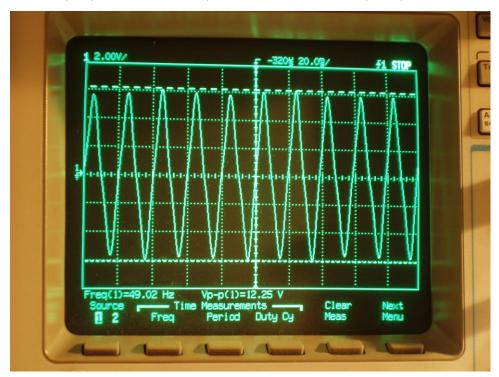


You can see that the frequency is 23.81Hz which corresponds to 10.7145MPH.

Next, we spun it up to about 8V P-P:

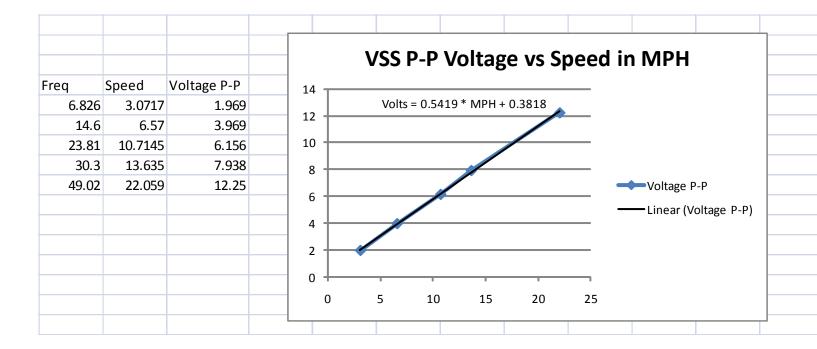


You can see that the frequency is 30.3Hz which corresponds to 13.635MPH. Next, we spun it up to about 12V P-P:



You can see that the frequency is 49.02Hz which corresponds to 22.059MPH. That was as fast as our drill will spin.

Here is a spreadsheet we made to analyze the VSS signal:



You can see that the VSS signal puts out about 0.54 volts for every mile per hour up to at least 22 MPH and 12 volts.