

# Australian National Archery Association

# **Constitution and By-Laws**

### **Constitution of**

# Australian National Archery Association Inc.

# **Part 0 - Preliminary**

### 0. Definitions

(1) In this constitution:

*Director-General* means the Director-General of the Department of Services, Technology and Administration.

office bearer mean one of the President, Vice-President, Secretary, Treasurer.

*ordinary Association executive member* means a member of the Association executive who is not an office-bearer of the Association.

secretary means:

- (a) the person holding office under this constitution as secretary of the Association, or
- (b) if no such person holds that office the public officer of the Association.

special general meeting means a general meeting of the Association other than an annual general meeting.

*special resolution* is a resolution defined in the Act to cater for certain circumstances such as establishment and winding up of an Association and changing the Associations name, objectives, constitution or address.

the Act means the Associations Incorporation Act 2009.

the Regulation means the Associations Incorporation Regulation 2010.

(2) In this constitution:

- (a) a reference to a function includes a reference to a power, authority and duty, and
- (b) a reference to the exercise of a function includes, if the function is a duty, a reference to the performance of the duty.
- (c) The provisions of the *Interpretation Act 1987* apply to and in respect of this constitution in the same manner as those provisions would so apply if this constitution were an instrument made under the Act.

# Part 1 – Aims and Objectives

#### 1) Aims and Objectives

- a. to provide archery and associated facilities to members and guests.
- b. to promote archery in a social and family environment.
- c. to practice archery as a competitive sport, in all its forms in accordance with the Rules of Competition and the Constitution.
- d. to establish programs emphasising high standards of sportsmanship, friendship, cooperation and ethics directed to the coaching of members in competition archery and skill with the bow.
- e. to be an Association where membership consists of persons of all ages who actively support and uphold the ideals of archery.

- f. to encourage the development of the young and to assist the handicapped in the community to broaden their experience through participation in sport.
- g. to promote social activities for the benefit of the Association and its members.
- h. to provide assistance to affiliate clubs during the establishment and the ongoing development and operation of those clubs.
- i. to provide International, National, State and regional competitions for its members.

# Part 2 - Membership

### 1. Affiliate Membership

- (1) The Association may accept from clubs' nominations for affiliate membership.
- (2) Affiliate clubs are bound by this constitution, and regulations implemented by the Association but shall remain autonomous (*Self Governing*).
- (3) The Association executive shall implement the appropriate processes, regulations and procedures to enable affiliation.
- (4) To be eligible for affiliation with the association a club must be incorporated and have a constitution and up to date Risk Management Audit.
- (5) A nomination of a club for affiliate membership of the Association:
  - (a) must be in writing in the form established from time to time by the Association executive.
  - (b) must be lodged with the secretary of the Association.
- (6) As soon as practicable after receiving a nomination for affiliate membership, the secretary must refer the nomination to the Association executive, which is to determine whether to approve or to reject the nomination.
- (7) As soon as practicable after the Association executive makes that determination, the secretary must:
  - (a) notify the club, in writing, that the Association executive has approved or rejected the nomination (whichever is applicable), and
  - (b) if the Association executive approved the nomination, request the nominee to pay (within the period of 28 days after receipt by the nominee of the notification) the sum payable under this constitution by an affiliate as entrance fee and annual subscription.
- (8) The secretary must, on payment by the nominee of the amounts referred to in subclause (3) (b) within the period referred to in that provision, enter or cause to be entered the nominee's name in the register of affiliate members and, on the name being so entered, the nominee becomes an affiliate of the Association.
- (9) An affiliate club shall not exercise a vote in Association decisions or put motions and may not hold an Association executive position.
- (10) Part 2 clauses 4 through 12 apply to affiliate club member as if it were a personal member.

# 2. Personal membership

(1) A person is eligible to be a member of the Association if:

- a. the person is a natural person, and
- b. the person has been nominated and approved for membership of the Association in accordance with clause 3.
- (2) Acceptance of a person as a member of the Association shall operate to bind that person to abide by this constitution.
- (3) Membership categories

#### a. Full member

- i. A full member over the age of eighteen (18) shall enjoy all rights and privileges of the Association and be entitled to put motions and to exercise a vote in Association decisions. A full member shall be eligible to hold an Association executive position.
- ii. A full member under the age of eighteen (18) years shall not exercise a vote in Association decisions or put motions and may not hold an Association executive position.

#### b. Life Member

- i. Life membership, without payment of membership fees, may be granted for recognition of exceptional and meritorious service to the Association, by way of a special resolution, at a general meeting. Refer clause 31.
- ii. Life members shall enjoy all rights and privilege inferred by life membership and that of the membership category that they held immediately prior to life membership being granted and shall continue in that membership category whilst those membership category criteria are met.

#### c. Persons under the age of eighteen (18) years

- i. Persons under the age of eighteen (18) years may be full members.
- ii. A member under the age of eighteen (18) years shall not exercise a vote in Association decisions or put motions and may not hold an Association executive position.

#### d. Club Only Member - (Not in force since 2-2-2020) see bylaws

- i. A member of an affiliated club who have not joined the association.
- ii. This member must be a financial member of the affiliated club and follow the rules and insurance requirement as set down by the association and club.
- iii. The club member will participate in their affiliated club activities only. To participate in association activities outside the club or activities such as regional, state, national and international activities and competitions the club only member must become a full member of the association, except when the activity or event is held at the members club at which time that member will be allowed to compete.
- iv. The fully affiliated club must keep a register of all club only members as well as club members who are also full association members. The club must send full details of these members to the association secretary within a reasonable time frame of their financially joining the club.
- v. The club only member has no voting rights at any association meeting.

#### e. Equipment proficiency

i. As per association Rules.

# 3. Application for membership

- (1) An application for membership of the Association:
  - (a) must be in writing on the approved form accompanied with the respective membership fee.
  - (b) must be lodged with the membership secretary of the Association.
  - (c) shall be required to have an additional endorsement by a parent or guardian on their applications should the applicant be under the age of 18 years.
- (2) As soon as practicable after receiving an application for membership the membership secretary shall refer the application to the Association executive which is to determine whether to approve or to reject the application.
- (3) As soon as practicable after the Association executive makes that determination, the membership secretary shall:
  - (a) notify the applicant, in writing, that the Association executive has approved or rejected the application (whichever is applicable), and
- (4) The membership secretary shall, on payment by the applicant of the amounts referred to in subclause (1)(a) enter or cause to be entered the applicant's name in the register of members and, on the name being so entered, the applicant becomes a member of the Association.

# 4. Cessation of membership

A person ceases to be a member of the Association if the person:

- (a) dies, or
- (b) resigns membership, or
- (c) is expelled from the Association, or
- (d) fails to pay the annual membership fee under clause 8 (2) within 1 month after the fee is due.

### 5. Membership entitlements not transferable

A right, privilege or obligation which a person has by reason of being a member of the Association:

- (a) is not capable of being transferred or transmitted to another person, and
- (b) terminates on cessation of the person's membership.

# 6. Resignation of membership

- (1) A member of the Association may resign from membership of the Association by first giving to the secretary written notice of at least one month (or such other period as the Association executive may determine) of the member's intention to resign and, on the expiration of the period of notice, the member ceases to be a member.
- (2) If a member of the Association ceases to be a member under subclause (1), and in every other case where a member ceases to hold membership, the membership secretary shall make an appropriate entry in the register of members recording the date on which the member ceased to be a member.

# 7. Register of members

- (1) The public officer of the Association must establish and maintain a register of members of the Association specifying the name and postal or residential address of each person who is a member of the Association together with the date on which the person became a member.
- (2) The register of members must be kept in New South Wales:
  - (a) at the main premises of the Association, or
  - (b) if the Association has no premises, at the Association's official address.

- (3) The register of members may be open for inspection, free of charge, by any member of the Association at any reasonable hour.
- (4) If a member requests to view any information contained on the register about the member (other than the member's name) this will not be made available for inspection.
- (5) A member must not use information about a person obtained from the register to contact or send material to the person, other than for:
  - (a) the purposes of sending the person a newsletter, a notice in respect of a meeting or other event relating to the Association or other material relating to the Association, or
  - (b) any other purpose necessary to comply with a requirement of the Act or the Regulation.

### 8. Fees and subscriptions

- (1) A member of the Association must, on admission to membership, pay to the Association a fee of \$1 or, if some other amount is determined by the Association executive, that other amount.
- (2) In addition to any amount payable by the member under subclause (1), a member of the Association must pay to the Association an annual membership fee of \$2 or, if some other amount is determined by the Association executive, that other amount:

(a) The members annual membership fee will be payable each year on the date of their initial membership. A letter with details of their membership renewal will be sent to the member one (1) month prior to the date of their renewal.

### 9. Members' liabilities

The liability of a member of the Association to contribute towards the payment of the debts and liabilities of the Association or the costs, charges and expenses of the winding up of the Association is limited to the amount, if any, unpaid by the member in respect of membership of the Association as required by clause 8.

### 10. Disciplining of members

- (1) A complaint may be made to the Association executive by any person that a member of the Association:
  - (a) has refused or neglected to comply with a provision or provisions of this constitution, or
  - (b) has wilfully acted in a manner prejudicial to the interests of the Association.
- (2) The Association executive may refuse to deal with a complaint if it considers the complaint to be trivial or vexatious in nature.
- (3) If the Association executive decides to deal with the complaint, the Association executive:
  - (a) must cause notice of the complaint to be served on the member concerned, and
  - (b) must give the member at least 14 days from the time the notice is served within which to make submissions to the Association executive in connection with the complaint, and
  - (c) must take into consideration any submissions made by the member in connection with the complaint.
- (4) The Association executive may, by resolution, expel the member from the Association or suspend the member from membership of the Association if, after considering the complaint and any submissions made in connection with the complaint, it is satisfied that the facts alleged in the complaint have been proved and the expulsion or suspension is warranted in the circumstances.
- (5) If the Association executive expels or suspends a member, the secretary must, within 7 days after the action is taken, cause written notice to be given to the member of the action taken, of the reasons given by the Association executive for having taken that action and of the member's right of appeal under clause 11.
- (6) The expulsion or suspension does not take effect:
  - (a) until the expiration of the period within which the member is entitled to appeal against the resolution concerned, or

(b) if within that period the member exercises the right of appeal, unless and until the Association confirms the resolution under clause 12, whichever is the later.

# 11. Right of appeal of disciplined member

- (1) A member may appeal to the Association executive against a resolution of the Association executive under clause 10, within 7 days after notice of the resolution is served on the member, by lodging with the secretary a notice to that effect.
- (2) The notice may, but need not, be accompanied by a statement of the grounds on which the member intends to rely for the purposes of the appeal.
- (3) On receipt of a notice from a member under subclause (1), the secretary must notify the Association executive which is to convene an executive meeting of the Association to be held as soon as practicable that the full executive to be present after the date on which the secretary received the notice.
- (4) At an executive meeting of the Association convened under subclause (3):
  - (a) no business other than the question of the appeal is to be transacted, and
  - (b) the Association executive and the member must be given the opportunity to state their respective cases orally or in writing, or both, and
  - (c) the executive are to vote by secret ballot on the question of whether the resolution should be confirmed or revoked.
- (5) The appeal is to be determined by a simple majority of votes cast by executive members of the Association.

### 12. Resolution of disputes

- (1) A dispute between a member and another member (in their capacity as members) of the Association, or a dispute between a member or members and the Association, are to be referred to a community justice centre for mediation under the *Community Justice Centres Act 1983*.
- (2) If a dispute is not resolved by mediation within 3 months of the referral to a community justice centre, the dispute is to be referred to arbitration.
- (3) The Commercial Arbitration Act 1984 applies to any such dispute referred to arbitration.

# Part 3 - The Association executive

### 13. Powers of the Association executive

Subject to the Act, the Regulation and this constitution and to any resolution passed by the Association in general meeting, the Association executive:

- (1) is to control and manage the affairs of the Association, and
- (2) may exercise all such functions as may be exercised by the Association, other than those functions that are required by this constitution to be exercised by a general meeting of members of the Association, and
- (3) has power to perform all such acts and do all such things as appear to the Association executive to be necessary or desirable for the proper management of the affairs of the Association.
- (4) must not conduct its affairs (including its affairs as trustee of any trust) so as to provide pecuniary gain for its members.
- (5) must not issue any statement, invoice, notice, publication, order for goods or services or receipt in connection with its activities unless the Association's name appears in legible characters on the document.

### 14. Composition and membership of Association executive

- (1) The Association executive is to consist of:
  - (a) the office-bearers of the Association, and
  - (b) at least 3 ordinary Association executive members, each of whom is to be elected at the annual general meeting of the Association under clause 15.
- (2) The total number of Association executive members is to be 7.
- (3) The office-bearers of the Association are as follows:
  - (a) the president,
  - (b) the vice-president,
  - (c) the treasurer,
  - (d) the secretary.
- (4) An Association executive member may hold up to 2 offices if required (other than both the president and vice-president offices).
- (5) Each member of the Association executive is, subject to this constitution, to hold office until the conclusion of the annual general meeting following the date of the member's election, but is eligible for re-election.

### 15. Election of Association executive members

- 1) Nominations of candidates for election as office-bearers of the Association or as ordinary Association executive members: can be made in writing and lodged with the secretary of the Association seven (7) days prior to the holding of the annual general meeting at which the election is to take place.
- 2) In all cases defined in clause 1), nominations must be seconded by a member eligible to vote and the nomination must be accepted by the nominee.
- 3) If insufficient nominations are received, any vacant positions remaining on the Association executive are taken to be casual vacancies or an appointment can be made by the executive.
- 4) If the number of nominations received exceeds the number of vacancies to be filled, a ballot is to be held.
- 5) The period of Office is to be three (3) years.
- 6) The ballot for the election of office-bearers and ordinary Association executive members of the Association executive is to be conducted at the annual general meeting as a secret ballot.

7) A person nominated as a candidate for election as an office-bearer or as an ordinary Association executive member of the Association must be a member of the Association for a minimum of twelve (12) months (excluding the inaugural AGM).

### 16. Secretary

- (1) The secretary of the Association must, as soon as practicable after being elected as secretary, lodge notice with the Association of his or her address.
- (2) It is the duty of the secretary to keep minutes of:
  - (a) all appointments of office-bearers and members of the Association executive, and
  - (b) the names of members of the Association executive present at an Association executive meeting or a general meeting, and
  - (c) all proceedings at Association executive meetings and general meetings.
- (3) Minutes of proceedings at a meeting must be signed by the chairperson of the meeting or by the chairperson of the next succeeding meeting.

### 17. Treasurer

It is the duty of the treasurer of the Association to ensure:

- (a) that all money due to the Association is collected and received and that all payments authorised by the Association are made, and
- (b) that correct books and accounts are kept showing the financial affairs of the Association, including full details of all receipts and expenditure connected with the activities of the Association.

# 18. Casual vacancies

- (1) In the event of a casual vacancy occurring in the membership of the Association executive, the Association executive may appoint a member of the Association to fill the vacancy and the member so appointed is to hold office, subject to this constitution, until the conclusion of the annual general meeting next following the date of the appointment. The appointed position shall not be entitled to cast a vote at any executive meeting.
- (2) A casual vacancy in the office of a member of the Association executive occurs if the member:
  - (a) dies, or
  - (b) ceases to be a member of the Association, or
  - (c) becomes an insolvent under administration within the meaning of the *Corporations Act 2001* of the Commonwealth, or
  - (d) resigns office by notice in writing given to the secretary, or
  - (e) is removed from office under clause 19, or
  - (f) becomes a mentally incapacitated person, or
  - (g) is absent without the consent of the Association executive from 3 consecutive meetings of the Association executive, or
  - (h) is convicted of an offence involving fraud or dishonesty for which the maximum penalty on conviction is imprisonment for not less than 3 months, or
  - (i) is prohibited from being a director of a company under Part 2D.6 (Disqualification from managing corporations) of the *Corporations Act 2001* of the Commonwealth.

### 19. Removal of Association executive members

(1) The Association in general meeting may by resolution remove any member of the Association executive from the office of member before the expiration of the member's term of office and may by resolution appoint another person to hold office until the expiration of the term of office of the member so removed.

(2) If a member of the Association executive to whom a proposed resolution referred to in subclause (1) relates makes representations in writing to the secretary or president (not exceeding a reasonable length) and requests that the representations be notified to the members of the Association, the secretary or the president may send a copy of the representations to each member of the Association or, if the representations are not so sent, the member is entitled to require that the representations be read out at the meeting at which the resolution is considered.

### 20. Association executive meetings and quorum

- (1) The Association executive must meet at least 3 times in each period of 12 months at such place and time as the Association executive may determine.
- (2) Additional meetings of the Association executive may be convened by the president or by any member of the Association executive.
- (3) Oral or written notice of a meeting of the Association executive must be given by the secretary to each member of the Association executive at least 48 hours (or such other period as may be unanimously agreed on by the members of the Association executive) before the time appointed for the holding of the meeting.
- (4) Notice of a meeting given under subclause (3) must specify the general nature of the business to be transacted at the meeting and no business other than that business is to be transacted at the meeting, except business which the Association executive members present at the meeting unanimously agree to treat as urgent business.
- (5) four (4) members of the Association executive constitute a quorum for the transaction of the business of a meeting of the Association executive, but one must be the president or secretary.
- (6) No business is to be transacted by the Association executive unless a quorum is present and if, within half an hour of the time appointed for the meeting, a quorum is not present, the meeting is to stand adjourned up to 28 days.
- (7) If at the adjourned meeting a quorum is not present within half an hour of the time appointed for the meeting, the meeting is to be dissolved.
- (8) At a meeting of the Association executive:
  - (a) the president or, in the president's absence, the vice-president is to preside, or
  - (b) if the president and the vice-president are absent or unwilling to act, such one of the remaining members of the Association executive as may be chosen by the members present at the meeting is to preside.

### 21. Delegation by Association executive to sub-committee or member

- (1) The Association executive may, by instrument in writing, delegate to one or more sub-committees (consisting of such member or members of the Association as the Association executive thinks fit) the exercise of such of the functions of the Association executive as are specified in the instrument, other than:
  - a) this power of delegation, and
  - b) a function which is a duty imposed on the Association executive by the Act or by any other law, and
  - c) a function which is prescribed by an affiliating body as a requirement for that affiliation.
- (2) A function, the exercise of which has been delegated to a sub-committee under this clause may, while the delegation remains unrevoked, can be exercised from time to time by the sub-committee in accordance with the terms of the delegation.
- (3) A delegation under this clause may be made subject to such conditions or limitations as to the exercise of any function, or as to time or circumstances, as may be specified in the instrument of delegation.
- (4) Despite any delegation under this clause, the Association executive may continue to exercise any function delegated.

- (5) Any act or thing done or suffered by a sub-committee acting in the exercise of a delegation under this clause has the same force and effect as it would have if it had been done or suffered by the Association executive.
- (6) The Association executive may, by instrument in writing, revoke wholly or in part any delegation under this clause.
- (7) A sub-committee may meet and adjourn as it thinks proper.
- (8) The Association executive may choose to have non-technical functions and sub-committees elected by popular vote at the annual general meeting. The procedure shall be as in clause 15

### 22. Voting and decisions

- (1) Questions arising at a meeting of the Association executive or of any sub-committee appointed by the Association executive are to be determined by a majority of the votes of members of the Association executive or sub-committee present at the meeting.
- (2) Each member present at a meeting of the Association executive or of any sub-committee appointed by the Association executive (including the person presiding at the meeting) is entitled to one vote but, in the event of an equality of votes on any question, the person presiding may exercise a second or casting vote.
- (3) Subject to clause 20 (5), the Association executive may act despite any vacancy on the Association executive.
- (4) Any act or thing done or suffered, or purporting to have been done or suffered, by the Association executive or by a sub-committee appointed by the Association executive, is valid and effectual despite any defect that may afterwards be discovered in the appointment or qualification of any member of the Association executive or sub-committee.

# Part 4 - General meetings

### 23. Annual general meetings - holding of

- (1) The Association must hold its first annual general meeting within 18 months after its registration under the Act.
- (2) The Association must hold its annual general meetings:
  - (a) within 6 months after the close of the Association's financial year, or
  - (b) within such later time as may be allowed by the Director-General or prescribed by the Regulation.

### 24. Annual general meetings - calling of and business at

- 1) The annual general meeting of the Association is, subject to the Act and to clause 23, to be convened on such date and at such place and time as the Association executive thinks fit.
- 2) In addition to any other business which may be transacted at an annual general meeting, the business of an annual general meeting is to include the following:
  - a) to confirm the minutes of the last preceding annual general meeting and of any special general meeting held since that meeting,
  - b) to receive and consider any financial statement or report required to be submitted to members under the Act.
  - c) to receive from the Association executive reports on the activities of the Association during the last preceding financial year,
  - d) to elect office-bearers of the Association and ordinary Association executive members,
  - e) to elect Association members to non-executive functional roles and sub-committees as required and as determined by the Association executive.
- 3) An annual general meeting must be specified as such in the notice convening it.

### 25. Special general meetings - calling of

- (1) The Association executive may, whenever required, convene a special general meeting of the Association.
- (2) The Association executive must, on the requisition in writing of at least 25 per cent of the total number of members eligible to vote, convene a special general meeting of the Association.
- (3) A requisition of members for a special general meeting:
  - (a) must state the purpose or purposes of the meeting, and
  - (b) must be signed by the members making the requisition, and
  - (c) must be lodged with the secretary, and
  - (d) may consist of several documents in a similar form, each signed by one or more of the members making the requisition.
- (4) If the Association executive fails to convene a special general meeting to be held within 1 month after that date on which a requisition of members for the meeting is lodged with the secretary, any one or more of the members who made the requisition may convene a special general meeting to be held not later than 3 months after that date.
- (5) A special general meeting convened by a member or members as referred to in subclause (4) must be convened as nearly as is practicable in the same manner as general meetings are convened by the Association executive.

### 26. Notice

- (1) Except if the nature of the business proposed to be dealt with at a general meeting requires a special resolution of the Association, the secretary must, at least 28 days before the date fixed for the holding of the general meeting, give a notice to each member specifying the place, date and time of the meeting and the nature of the business proposed to be transacted at the meeting.
- (2) If the nature of the business proposed to be dealt with at a general meeting requires a special resolution of the Association, the secretary must, at least 28 days before the date fixed for the holding of the general meeting, cause notice to be given to each member specifying, in addition to the matter required under subclause (1), the intention to propose the resolution as a special resolution.
- (3) No business other than that specified in the notice convening a general meeting is to be transacted at the meeting except, in the case of an annual general meeting, business which may be transacted under clause 24 (2).
- (4) A member desiring to bring any business before a general meeting may give notice in writing of that business to the secretary who must include it on the agenda of the next general meeting.

# 27. Quorum for general meetings

- (1) No item of business is to be transacted at a general meeting unless a quorum of members entitled under this constitution to vote is present during the time the meeting is considering that item.
- (2) Five (5) executive members plus five (5) association members present (being members entitled under this constitution to vote at a general meeting) constitute a quorum for the transaction of the business of a general meeting.
- (3) If within half an hour after the appointed time for the commencement of a general meeting a quorum is not present, the meeting:
  - (a) if convened on the requisition of members, is to be dissolved, and
  - (b) in any other case, is to stand adjourned (unless another place is specified at the time of the adjournment by the person presiding at the meeting or communicated by written notice to members given before the day to which the meeting is adjourned) at the same place.
- (4) If at the adjourned meeting a quorum is not present within half an hour after the time appointed for the commencement of the meeting, the members present (being at least 3) are to constitute a quorum.

## 28. Presiding member

- (1) The president or, in the president's absence, the vice-president, is to preside as chairperson at each general meeting of the Association.
- (2) If the president and the vice-president are absent or unwilling to act, the members present must elect one of their number to preside as chairperson at the meeting.

### 29. Adjournment

- (1) The chairperson of a general meeting at which a quorum is present may, with the consent of the majority of members present at the meeting, adjourn the meeting from time to time and place to place, but no business is to be transacted at an adjourned meeting other than the business left unfinished at the meeting at which the adjournment took place.
- (2) If a general meeting is adjourned for 28 days or more, the secretary must give written or oral notice of the adjourned meeting to each member of the Association stating the place, date and time of the meeting and the nature of the business to be transacted at the meeting.
- (3) Except as provided in subclauses (1) and (2), notice of an adjournment of a general meeting or of the business to be transacted at an adjourned meeting is not required to be given.

# 30. Making of decisions

- (1) A question arising at a general meeting of the Association is to be determined by either:
  - (a) a show of hands, or
  - (b) if on the motion of the chairperson or if 5 or more members present at the meeting decide that the question should be determined by a written ballot—a written ballot.
- (2) If the question is to be determined by a show of hands, a declaration by the chairperson that a resolution has, on a show of hands, been carried or carried unanimously or carried by a particular majority or lost, or an entry to that effect in the minute book of the Association, is evidence of the fact without proof of the number or proportion of the votes recorded in favour of or against that resolution.
- (3) If the question is to be determined by a written ballot, the ballot is to be conducted in accordance with the directions of the chairperson.

### 31. Special resolutions

A special resolution may only be passed by the Association in accordance with section 39 of the Act.

### 32. Voting

- (1) On any question arising at a general meeting of the Association a member has one vote only.
- (2) In the case of an equality of votes on a question at a general meeting, the chairperson of the meeting is entitled to exercise a second or casting vote.
- (3) A member is not entitled to vote at any general meeting of the Association unless all money due and payable by the member to the Association has been paid.
- (4) A member is not entitled to vote at any general meeting of the Association if the member is under 18 years of age.
- (5) An affiliate club is not entitled to vote at any general meeting of the Association.

### 33. Proxy votes not permitted

Proxy voting must not be undertaken at or in respect of a general meeting.

### 34. Postal ballots

- (1) The Association may hold a postal ballot to determine any issue or proposal (other than an appeal under clause 11).
- (2) A postal ballot is to be conducted in accordance with Schedule 3 to the Regulation.

# Part 5 - Miscellaneous

# 35. Insurance

The Association may effect and maintain insurance.

### 36. Funds - source

- (1) The funds of the Association are to be derived from entrance fees and annual subscriptions of members, donations and, subject to any resolution passed by the Association in general meeting, such other sources as the Association executive determines.
- (2) All money received by the Association must be deposited as soon as practicable and without deduction to the credit of the Association's bank or other authorised deposit-taking institution account.
- (3) The Association must, as soon as practicable after receiving any money, issue an appropriate receipt.

### 37. Funds - management

- Subject to any resolution passed by the Association in general meeting, the funds of the Association are to be used in pursuance of the objects of the Association in such manner as the Association executive determines.
- (2) All cheques, drafts, bills of exchange, promissory notes and other negotiable instruments must be signed by any 2 members of the Association executive or employees of the Association, being members or employees authorised to do so by the Association executive.

# 38. Change of name, objects and constitution

An application to the Director-General for registration of a change in the Association's name, objects or constitution in accordance with section 10 of the Act is to be made by the public officer or an Association executive member.

### 39. Custody of books etc

Except as otherwise provided by this constitution, the public officer must keep in his or her custody or under his or her control all records, books and other documents relating to the Association.

# 40. Inspection of books etc

- (1) The following documents must be open to inspection, free of charge, by a member of the Association at any reasonable hour:
  - (a) records, books and other financial documents of the Association,
  - (b) this constitution,
  - (c) minutes of all Association executive meetings and general meetings of the Association.
- (2) A member of the Association may obtain a copy of any of the documents referred to in subclause (1) on payment of a fee of not more than \$1 for each page copied.

# 41. Service of notices

- (1) For the purpose of this constitution, a notice may be served on or given to a person:
  - (a) by delivering it to the person personally, or
  - (b) by sending it by pre-paid post to the address of the person, or
  - (c) by sending it by facsimile transmission or some other form of electronic transmission to an address specified by the person for giving or serving the notice.
- (2) For the purpose of this constitution, a notice is taken, unless the contrary is proved, to have been given or served:
  - (a) in the case of a notice given or served personally, on the date on which it is received by the addressee, and

- (b) in the case of a notice sent by pre-paid post, on the date when it would have been delivered in the ordinary course of post, and
- (c) in the case of a notice sent by facsimile transmission or some other form of electronic transmission, on the date it was sent or, if the machine from which the transmission was sent produces a report indicating that the notice was sent on a later date, on that date.

### 42. Financial year

The financial year of the Association is:

- (a) the period of time commencing on the date of incorporation of the Association and ending on the following 30 June, and
- (b) each period of 12 months after the expiration of the previous financial year of the Association, commencing on 1 July and ending on the following 30 June.

# 43. Winding Up

The Association may be wound-up in accordance with Division 3 of the Act.

# **ANAA** Constitution

# By – Laws

### By-Law 1: 2-2-2020

Club Only Membership to be removed immediately and reinstated if appropriate in the future.

### By-Law 2: 2-2-2020

The Affiliation fee of a club to ANAA to \$150 per year to be paid at 28<sup>th</sup> February each year. If a club affiliates through the year, then a pro rata payment for affiliation is to be paid.

### By-Law 3: 2-2-2020

Archery shooting businesses have the ability to affiliate with ANAA at the discretion of the ANAA executive.

#### Bay-Law 4: 2-2-2020

All participants at any ANAA club or event must now become a full financial member of ANAA at a cost of \$5 per person per year. This can be done at a club level or at an ANAA sanctioned event and the club secretary must forward the membership form and the \$5 per person to the ANAA secretary within two (2) weeks of the person/s joining ANAA.

### By-Law 5: 2-2-2020

All clubs that hold ANAA sanctioned shoots will now run the competition and collect and keep the shoot fees. A \$5 per person fee will be paid to ANAA at the completion of the competition.

### By-Law : 5-2-20222

An increase of individual membership fees to \$10 and Family membership \$40 capped for a family of four or over. (A family is parents and children). This will start on 1<sup>st</sup> July 2022.

#### By-Law 7: 12-8-2023

The "Change to ANAA Membership, Insurance and Official Competition Proposal" to commence on 1/4/2024. A complete copy of this system will be attached as an annexure.