

## GHE DREAM TEAM"



SPEAKER	SEGMENT
Jenna Lindemann	Company Overview
Braden Jenschke	Economic Moat, Management
Brandon Chaney	Company Overview, Breakdown, and Competition
Dylan Swanson	Interpretation of Financial Statements, Growth, Risks
William Errett	Capital Allocation, Valuation

Q&A





## COMPANY OVERVIEW

Jenna Lindemann & Brandon Chaney

### INTRODUCING NIKE

- Ticker: NKE (NYSE)
- Market Cap: \$136.6B
- Stock Price: \$87.87
- Revenue: \$46.7B (FY 2022)
- Headquarters: Beaverton,
  Oregon
- Current Position: \$10,414
- Weight of Portfolio: 0.87%





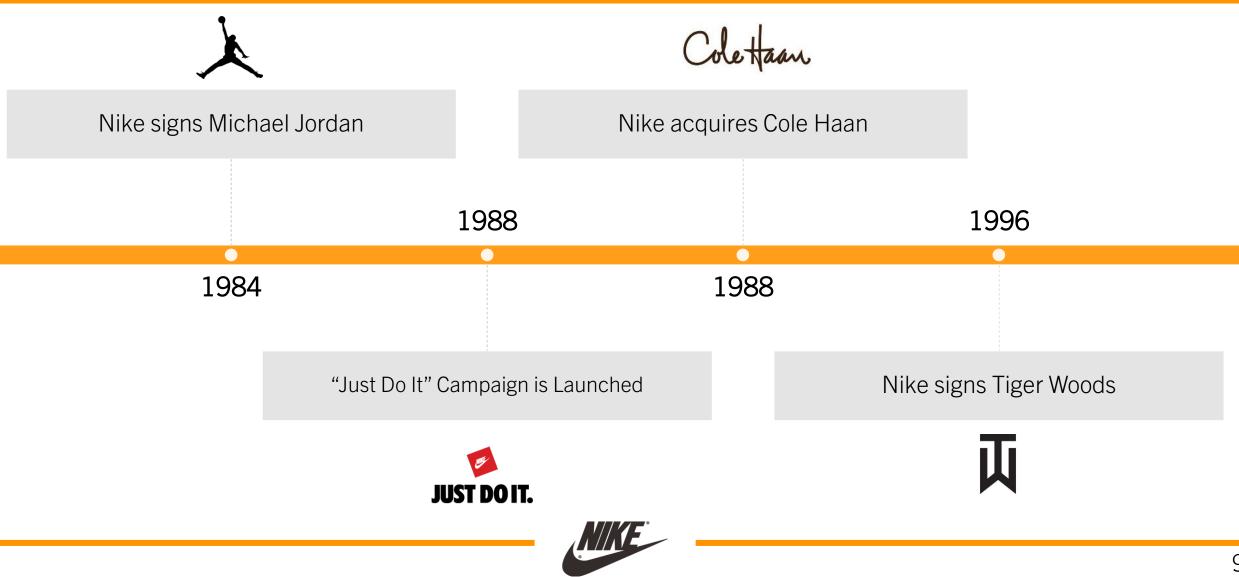
### **COMPANY HISTORY**

BLUE RIBBON SPORTS	(	nike		
Bill Bowerman and Phil Knight cr Blue Ribbon Sports	eate Company is Swoosh Lo	Company is renamed Nike, Inc., Swoosh Logo designed for \$35		Athletic Footwear et Share
	1971	19	972	
1964		1971	19	980
"Nike"	Naffle Trainer" created	1st Nike brand	shoe is launched	

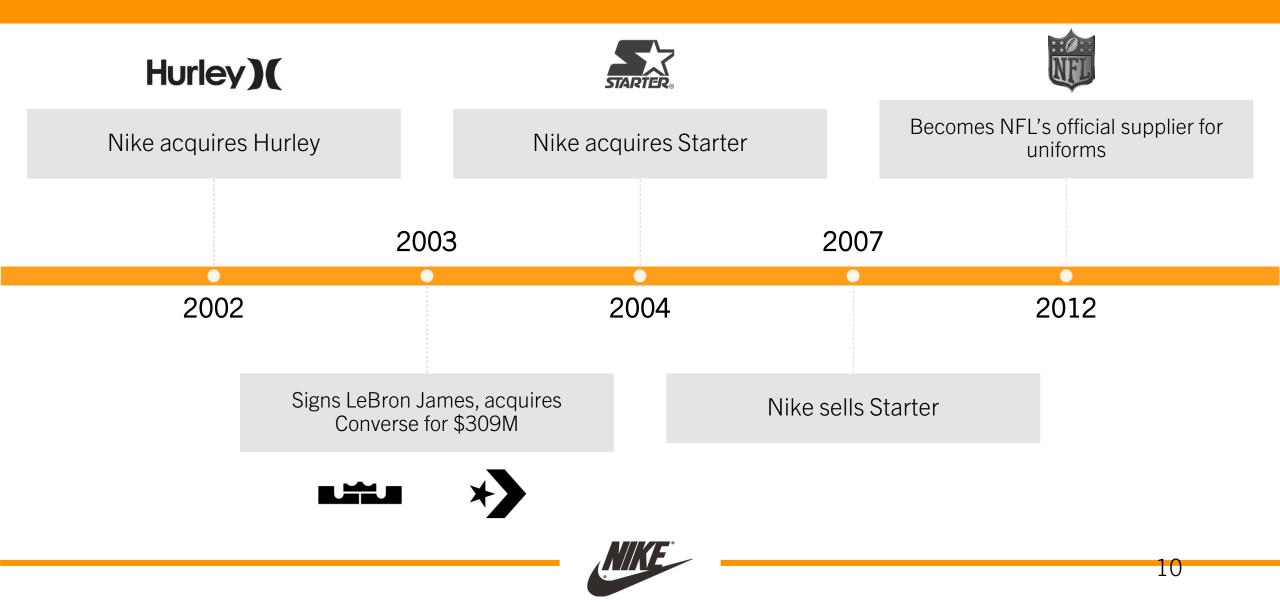








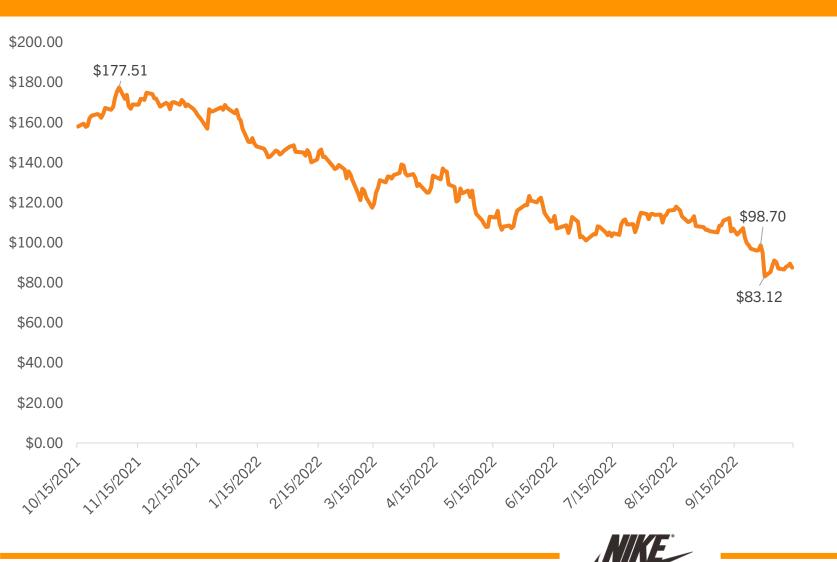






Colettaan	ZOD	οιλς	DATALOGUE	
Nike sells Cole Haan	Nike acquires Zodi	ac (Data analytics)	Nike acquires Datalogue (Digital Sales & Machine Learning)	
	2017	2019		
2013	20		2021	
Nike becom	nes NBA's official apparel supplier	Stops selling directly acquires Celect (Prec compar	lictive analytics	
		celeo	t	





52-WK HIGH: \$179.10 52-WK LOW: \$82.22

#### KEY EVENTS:

SEP.  $30^{TH} - Q1$  '23 Earnings Released 12.8% decrease in price

- Excess inventory on-hand
  - 44% Increase Y/Y



90x

- Wide-Moat Company
  - One of the world's strongest brand names
- Trading at Low Multiples
- Undersized Position in our Portfolio

#### Nike Inc (NKE) PE Ratio



# COMPANY BREAKDOWN

Brandon Chaney

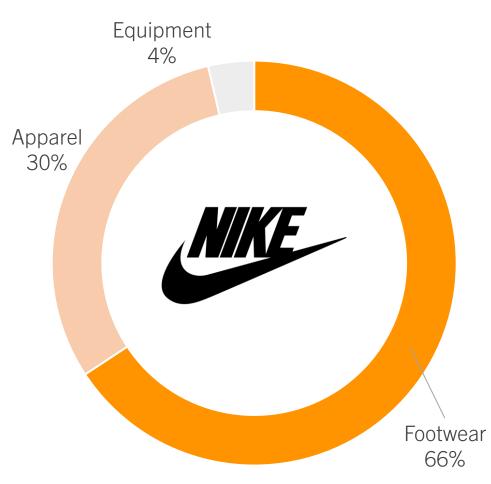


Nike generates revenue by selling:

- Footwear
- Apparel
- Equipment and Accessories

FY2022 Nike, Inc. Total Product Revenues: \$46.8B

- Footwear: \$31.27B
- Apparel: \$13.67B
- Equipment and Other: \$1.77B





### **BUSINESS SEGMENTS**

#### **Three Segments**

- Nike Brand
  - Apparel, Footwear, Equipment
  - Global Brand Divisions

#### Converse

- Apparel, Footwear, Equipment
- Corporate
  - Foreign Currency Hedging







### NIKE BRAND + CONVERSE + CORPORATE

#### NIKE, INC.

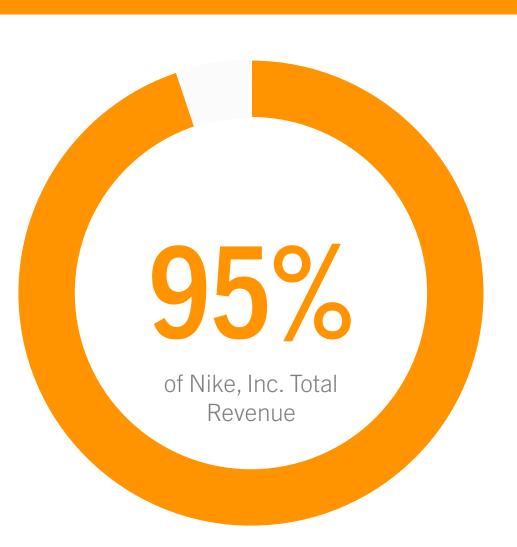




- Men's, Women's and Kids'
  - Athletic Footwear
  - Sports Apparel
  - Performance Equipment and Accessories
- Global Brand Divisions

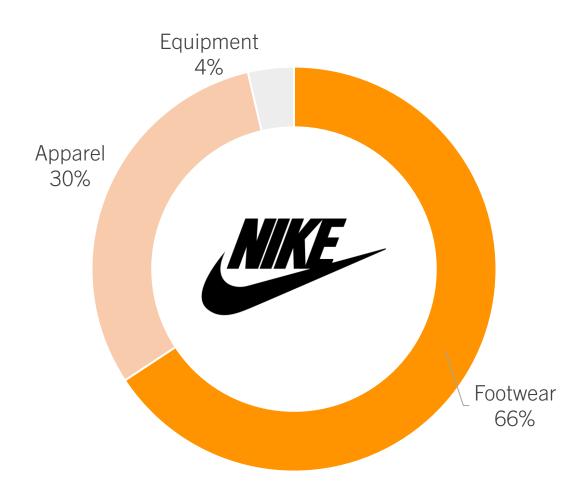






### NIKE BRAND PRODUCT MIX

- Product Mix
  - Athletic Footwear: \$29.14B
  - Sports Apparel: \$13.57B
  - Performance Equipment and
    - Accessories: \$1.62B







Women's Apparel

#### Men's Apparel



Warren Buffett

### NIKE

Kids' Apparel

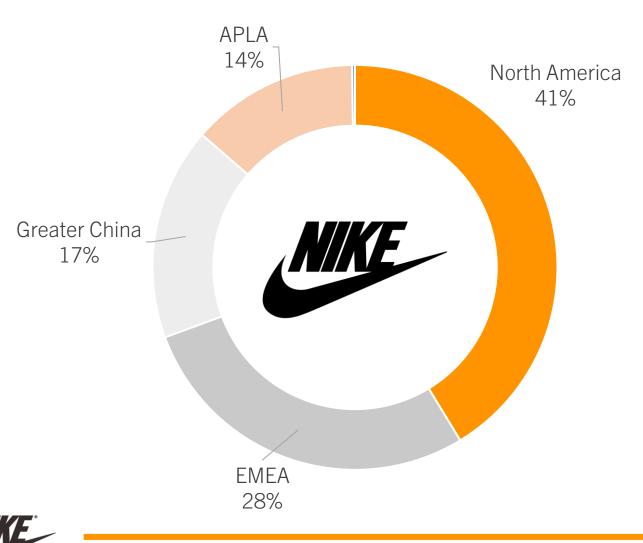


#### Ethan Sanchez

20

### NIKE BRAND REVENUE BY GEOGRAPHY

- North America: \$18.4B
  - 7% Increase Y/Y
- Europe, Mid-East, Africa: \$12.5B
  - 9% Increase Y/Y
- Greater China: \$7.6B
  - 9% Decrease Y/Y
- Asia-Pacific, Latin-America: \$6B
  - 11% Increase Y/Y





#### Converse

- Men's, Women's and Kids'
  - Footwear
  - Apparel
  - Equipment and Other





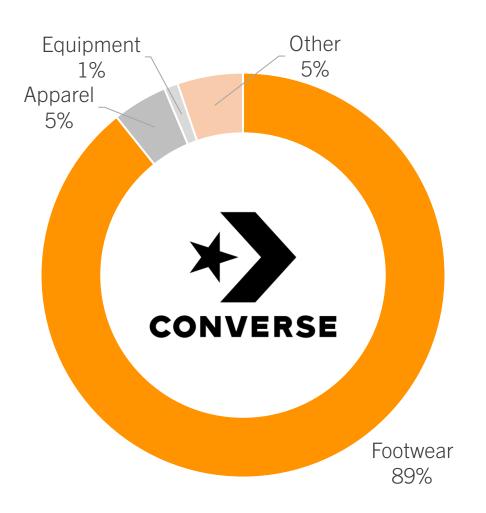
of Nike, Inc. Total Revenue





#### Total Revenue: \$2.35B

- Footwear: \$2.09B
- Apparel: \$100M
- Equipment and Other: \$129M

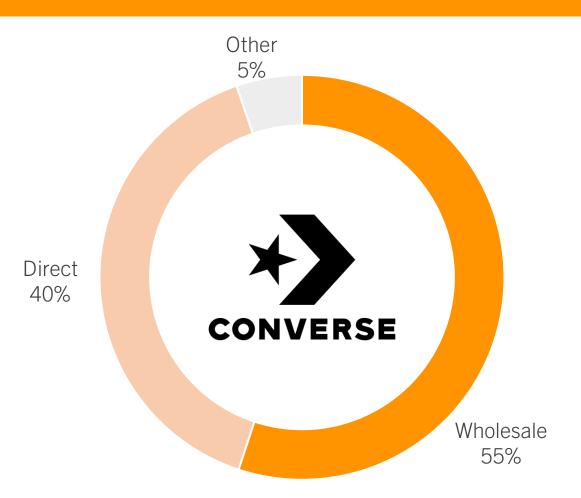




### **CONVERSE SALES CHANNEL MIX**

#### Sales Channel: \$2.35B

- Wholesale: \$1.29B
  - 5% Decrease Y/Y
- Direct: \$931M
  - 22% Increase Y/Y
- Other: \$123M
  - 43% Increase Y/Y























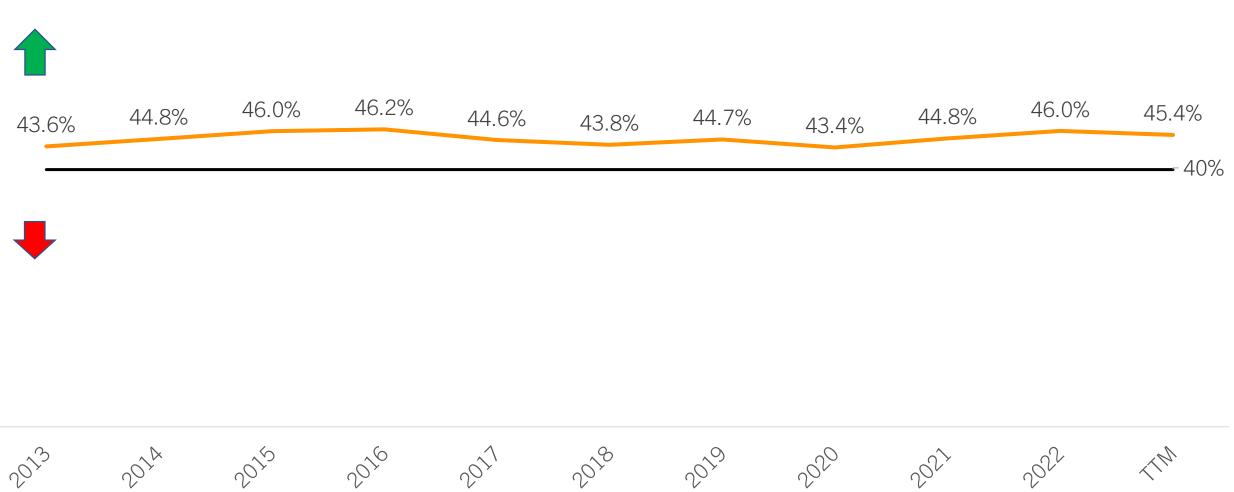
### **CASH FLOW FROM OPERATIONS**





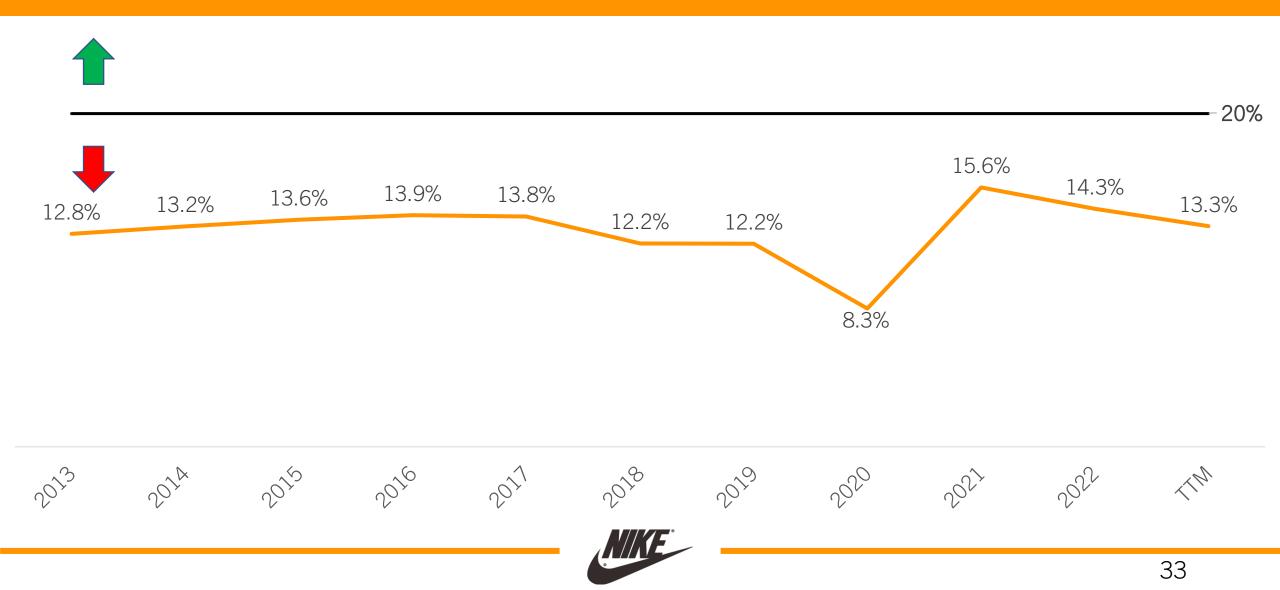




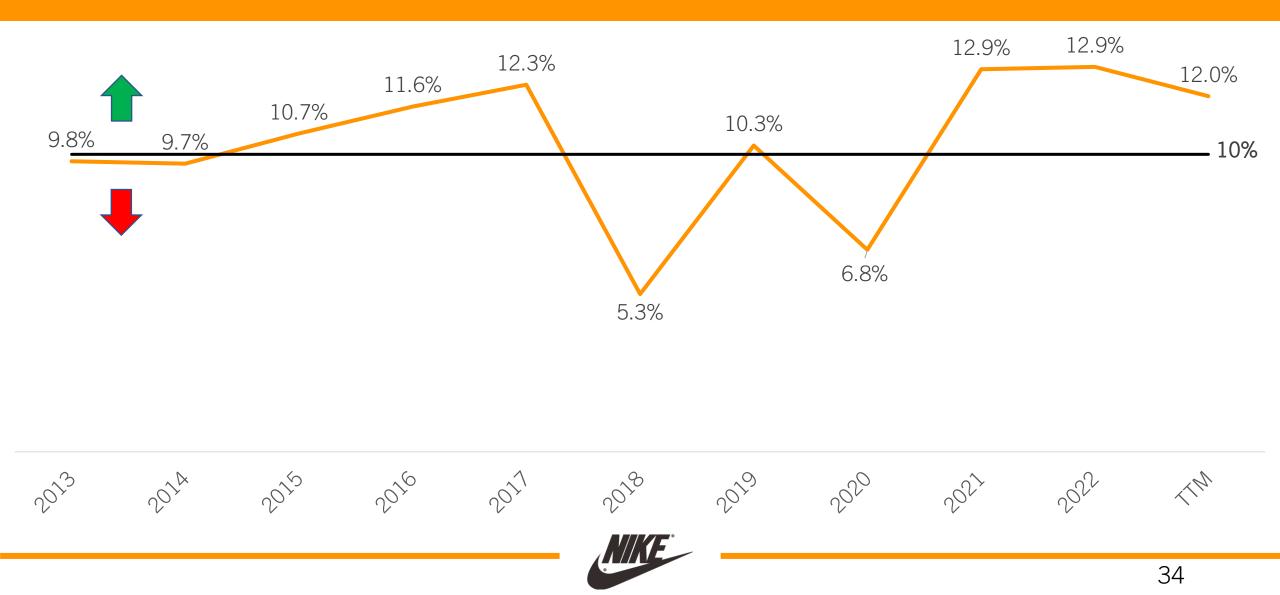


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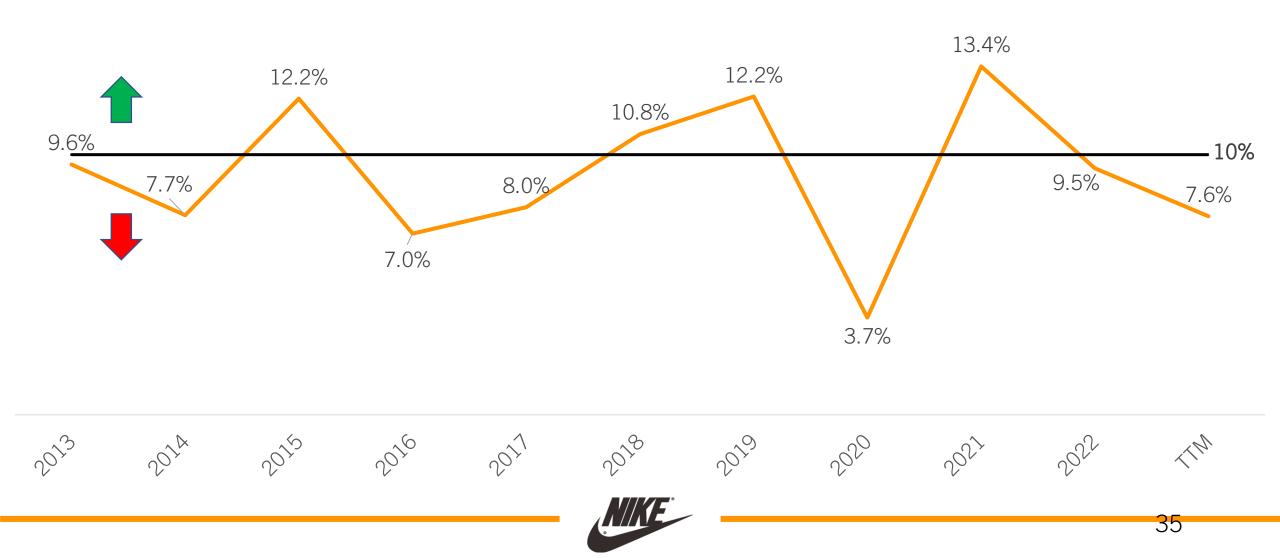




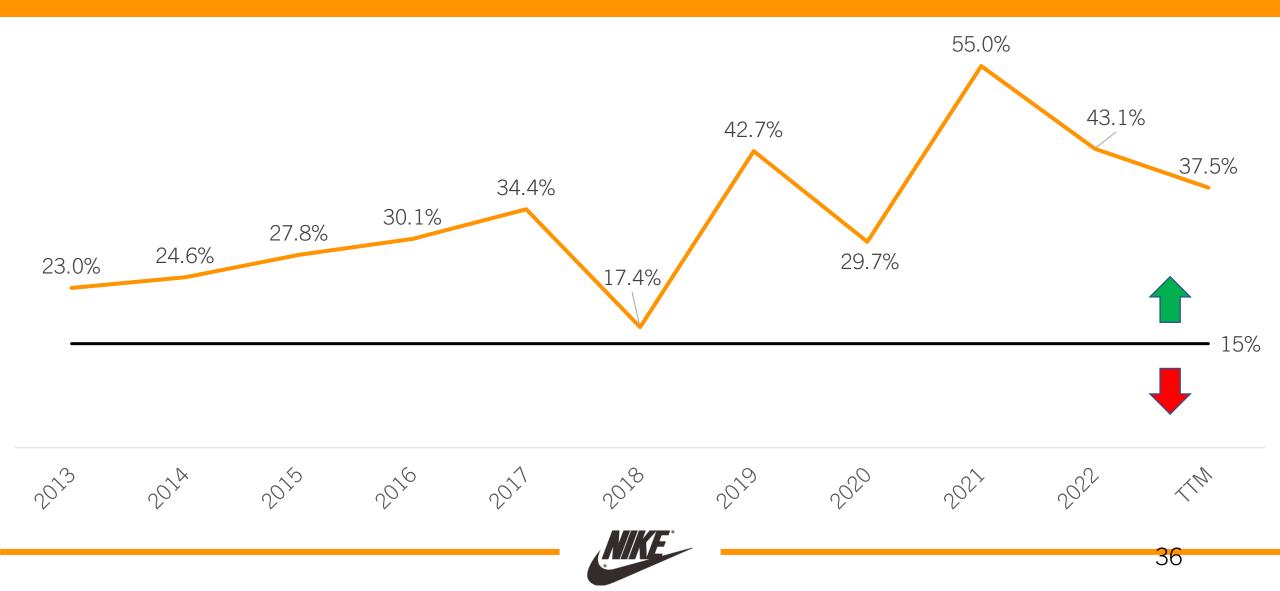




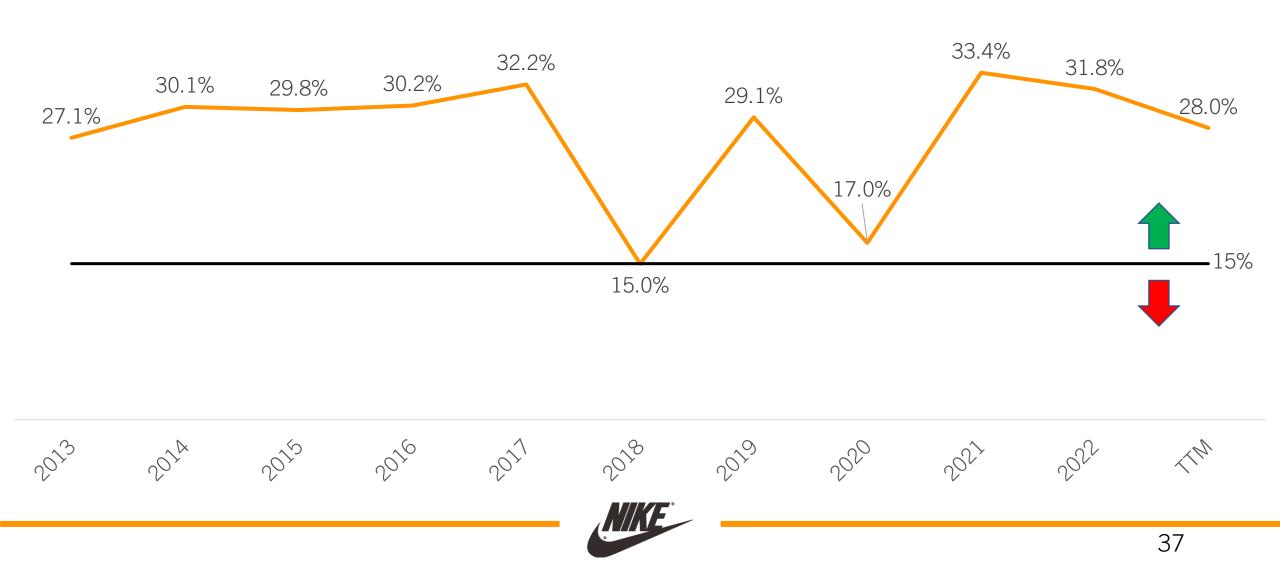




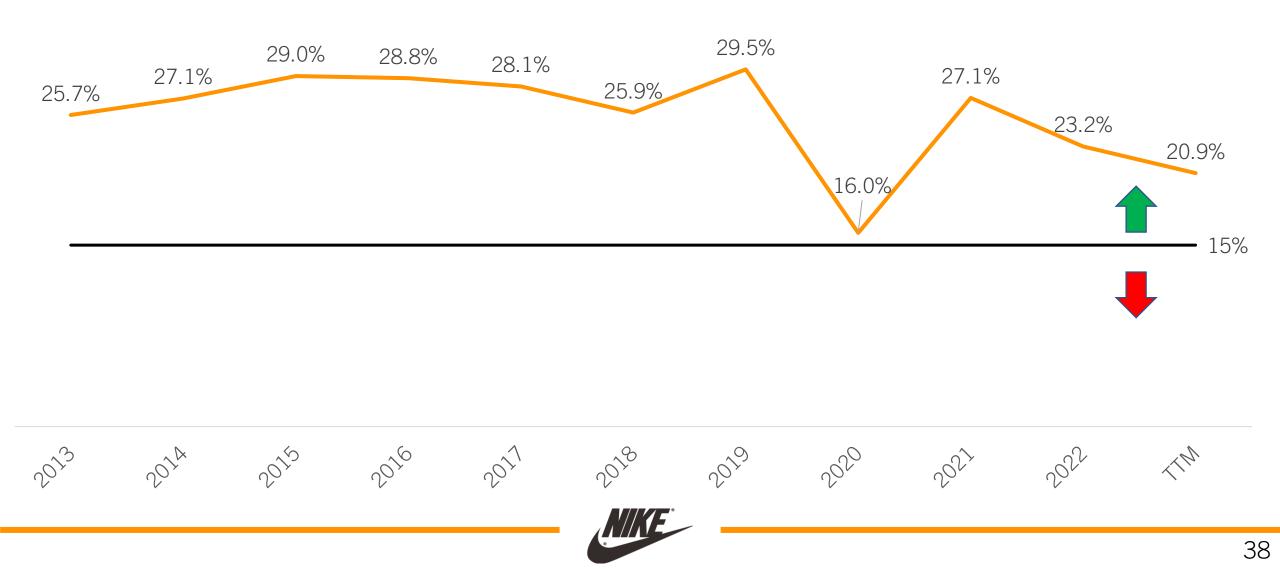




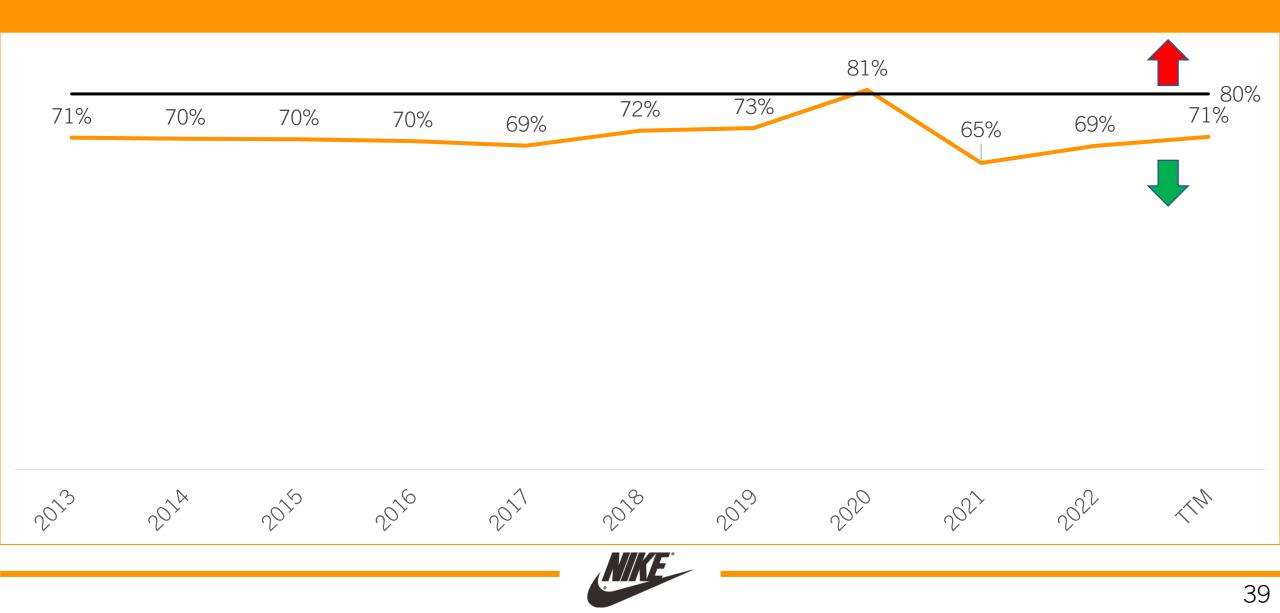
### **RETURN ON INVESTED CAPITAL**



### **RETURN ON GAPITAL EMPLOYED**









**In millions	
(+) LT DEBT	\$ 8,922
(+) ST DEBT	\$ 509
(+) LEASES x 7	\$22,120
(+) PENSION SHORTFALL	-
(+) PREFERRED STOCK	-
(-) CASH	\$ 7,226
(/) NET INCOME	\$ 5,640
OBLIGATION RATIO	4.31 Years



### DEBT MATURITY SCHEDULE

Due Date	Original Principal (in millions)	Interest Rate	Book Value Outstanding (in millions)
May 2023	\$500	2.25%	\$499
March 2025	\$1,000	2.40%	\$995
Nov. 2026	\$1,000	2.38%	\$996
March 2027	\$1,000	2.75%	\$995
March 2030	\$1,500	2.85%	\$1,490
March 2040	\$1,000	3.25%	\$986
May 2043	\$500	3.63%	\$496
Nov. 2045	\$1,000	3.88%	\$984
Nov. 2046	\$500	3.38%	\$491
March 2050	\$1,500	3.38%	\$1,481
Total	\$9,500	Total	\$9,413.00



# MANAGEMENT

Braden Jenschke

MX-720-818





#### Philip H. Knight Chairman Emeritus

- Co-Founder of Nike
- President from 1968 to 1990 and June 2000 to 2004



#### Mark Parker

#### Executive Chairman

- President & CEO for 14 years
- Mark's focus on innovation led the way for Nike Air





#### John Donahoe

#### President and CEO

- Became CEO in 2020, but has served the board since 2014
- He was the president and CEO of ServiceNow and of eBay Inc.





#### Andy Campion

#### Chief Operating Officer

- Joined Nike in '07 and served as CFO from '15 to '20
- Board of Directors for L.A. 2028 Olympic and Paralympic Games



Matthew Friend

#### EVP & Chief Financial Officer

- Joined Nike in '09, became CFO in '20
- Held leadership roles at Goldman
  Sachs and Morgan Stanley





#### Dirk-Jan "DJ" Van-Hameren

#### Chief Marketing Officer

- Joined Nike in 1992 and became CMO in 2018
- Oversees global marketing
  efforts for NIKE





#### G. Scott Uzzell

#### President & CEO, Converse

- President of Converse since 2019
- Held leadership roles at Coca-Cola, Nabisco, Procter & Gamble







#### **Craig Williams**

#### President, Jordan Brand

- Joined Nike in 2019
- Held leadership roles at Coca-Cola, McDonalds, U.S. Navy as a Nuclear Power Officer



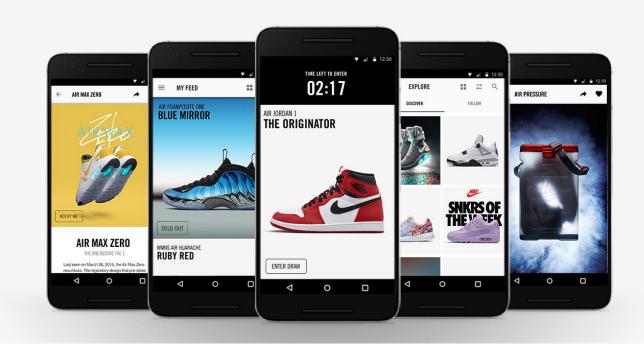




Heidi O'Neill

#### President, Consumer and Marketplace

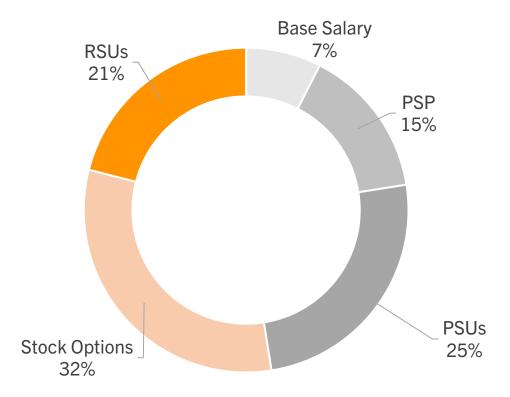
- Oversees NIKE Direct, all stores, e-commerce, and apps globally
- Leads Nike's four geographic segments and North America's Apparel Business
- Been with Nike since 1998





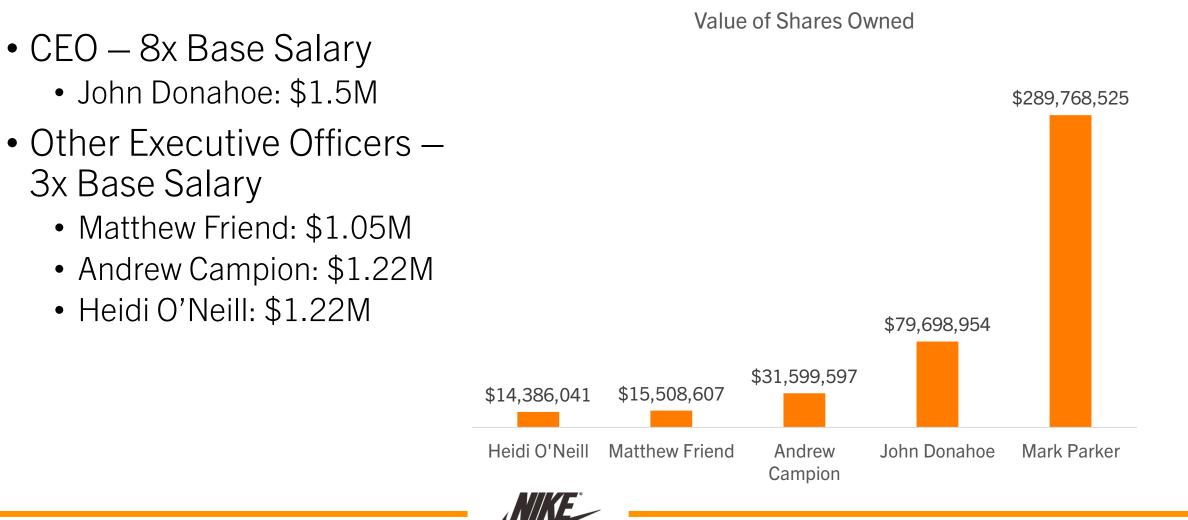
### **GEO COMPENSATION STRUCTURE**

- 93% of compensation is incentive based
- 84% is based on long-term performance
- Stock awards are 100% of the long-term incentive awards
  - 73% of these stock awards are performancebased









# CAPITALALLOCATION

William Errett

## IIST DO IT



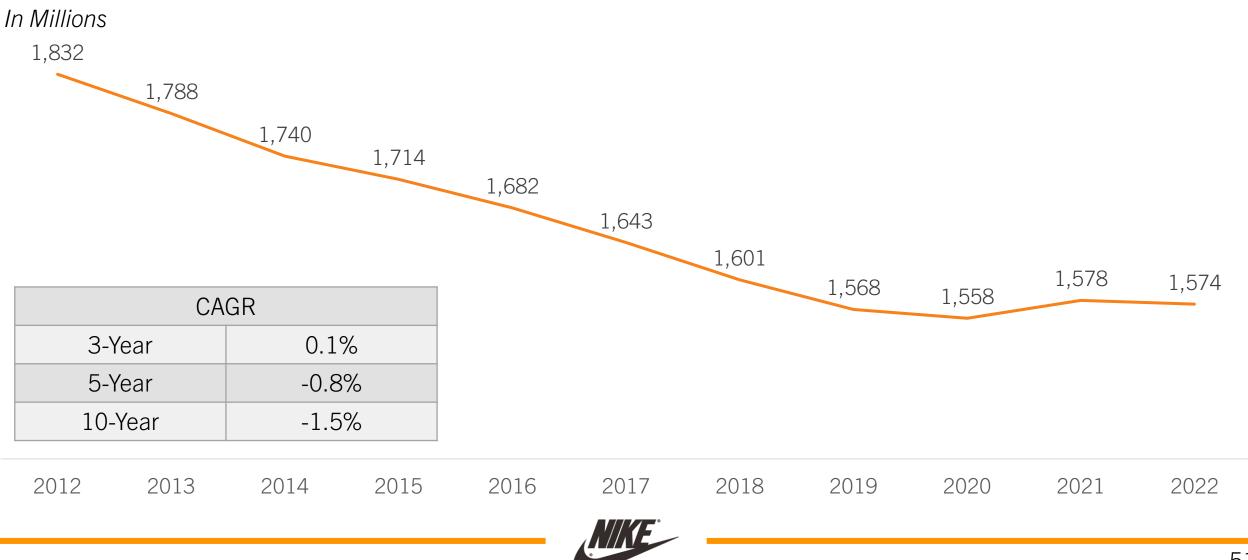
#### Increasing Stock Buybacks

\$15\$15Billion in<br/>Stock<br/>Buybacks\$18Stock<br/>Buybacks\$18Stock<br/>Buybacks\$18

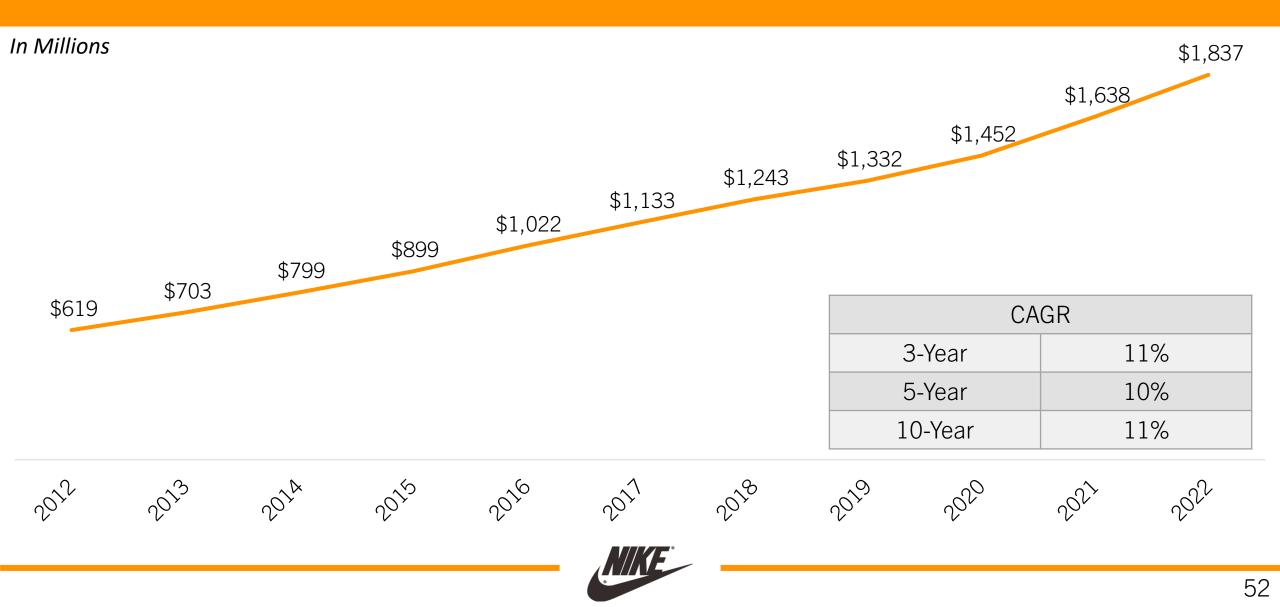
\$18 Billion in Stock Buybacks in 4 Years



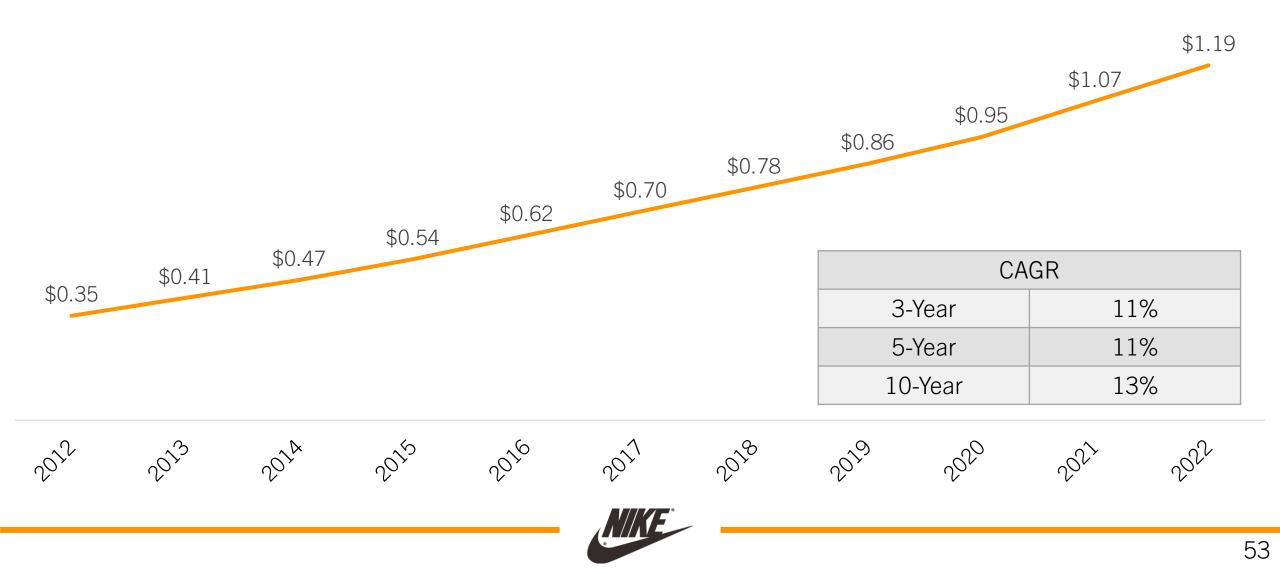




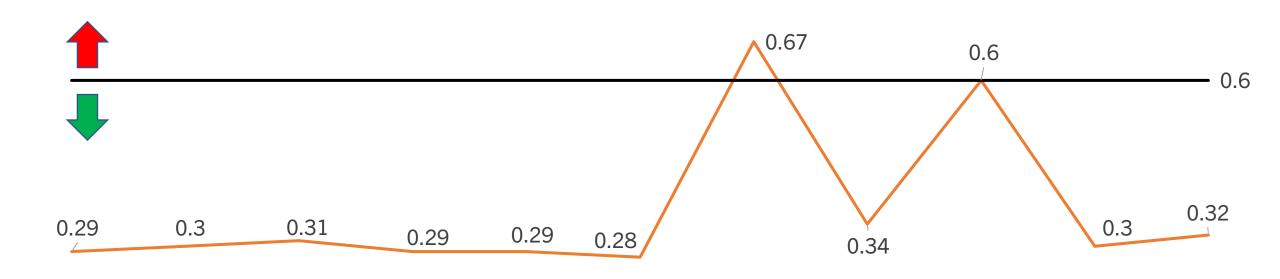














### ACQUISITONS

ΖΟΟΙΛΟ

- Acquired in 2018
- Consumer Data Analytics Company



- Acquired in 2019
- Predictive Analytics
  Company

DATALOGUE
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- Acquired in 2021
- Machine Learning Data
  Analytics Company

Improve DTC Marketing & Sales







# Hurley)(

- Global Surfing Brand Acquired by Nike in 2002 for \$95
  million
- Sold for an undisclosed amount in 2019
- Nike wanted to narrow its efforts to focus on Direct-to-Consumer Marketing and Sales





## COMPETITOR ANALYSIS

**Brandon Chaney** 

# WHO SAID MAN WAS NOT MEANT TO FLY.

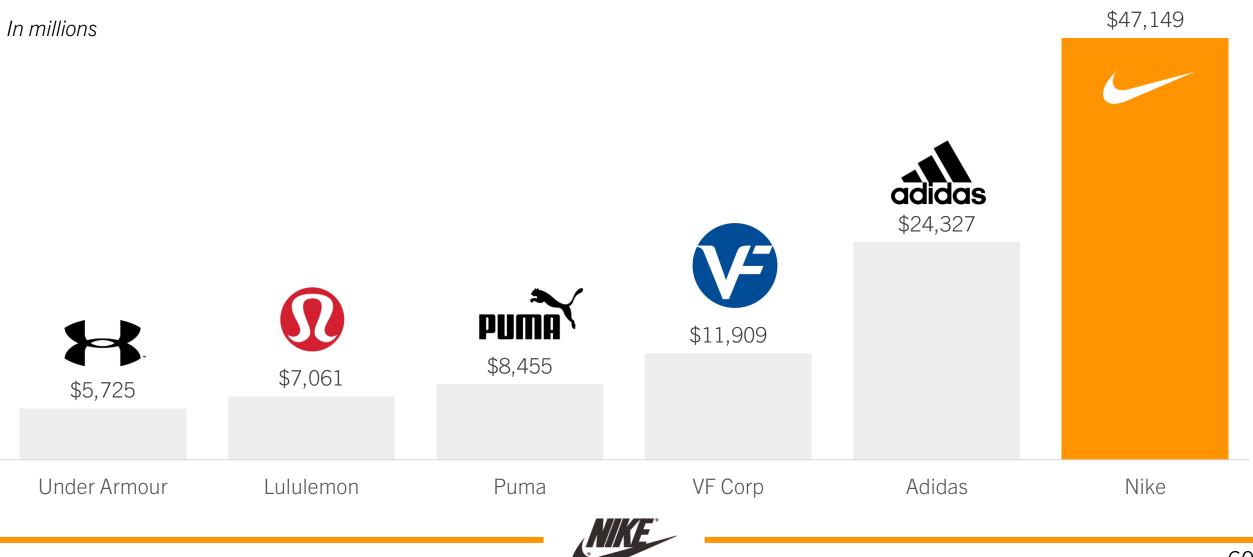




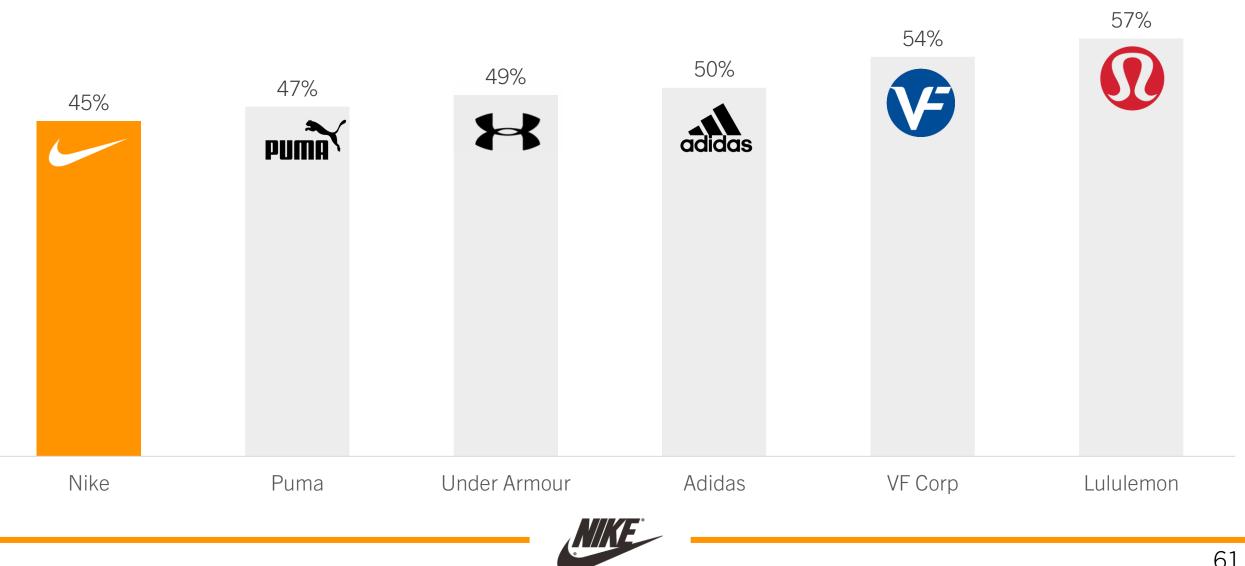




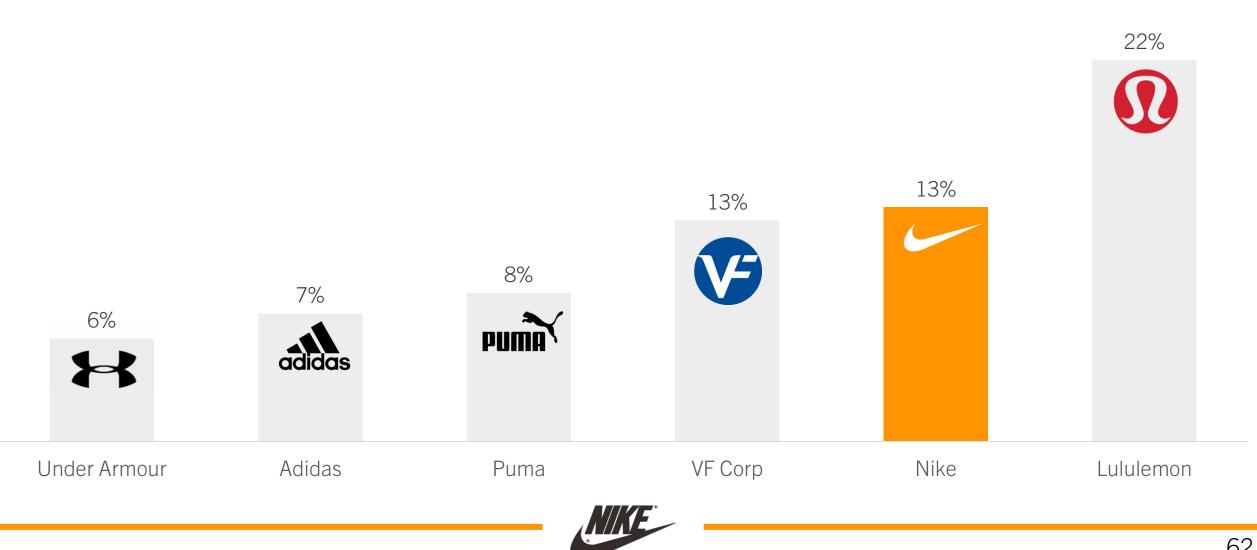




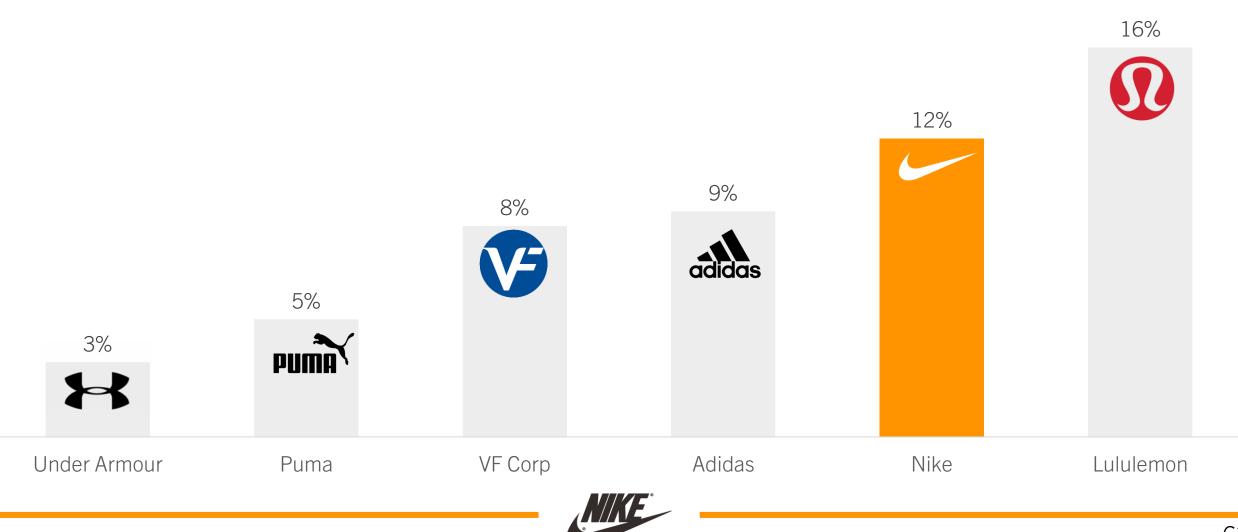




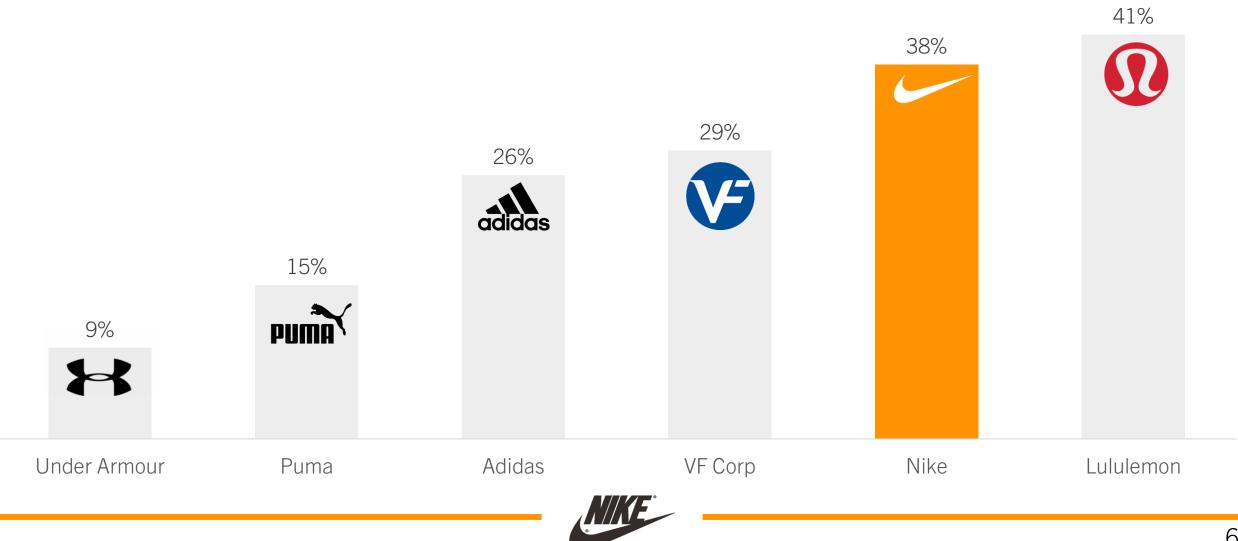








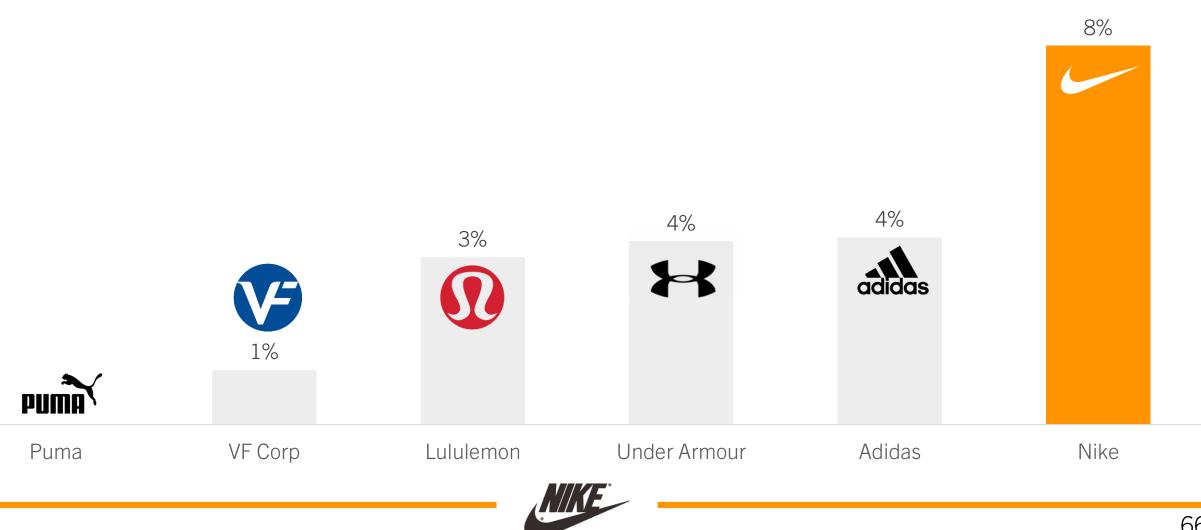








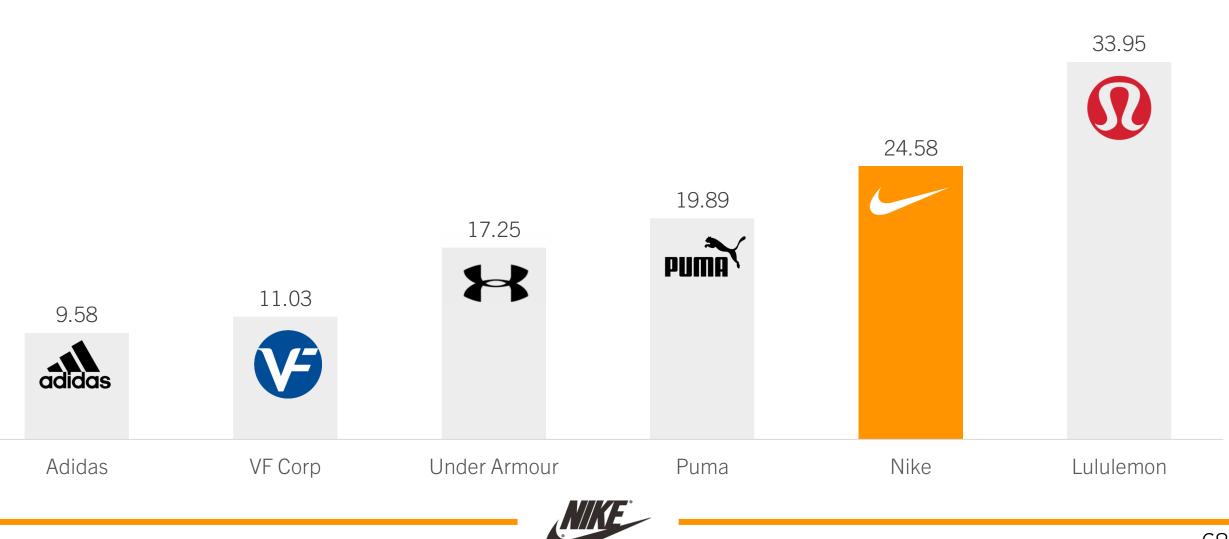






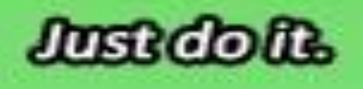




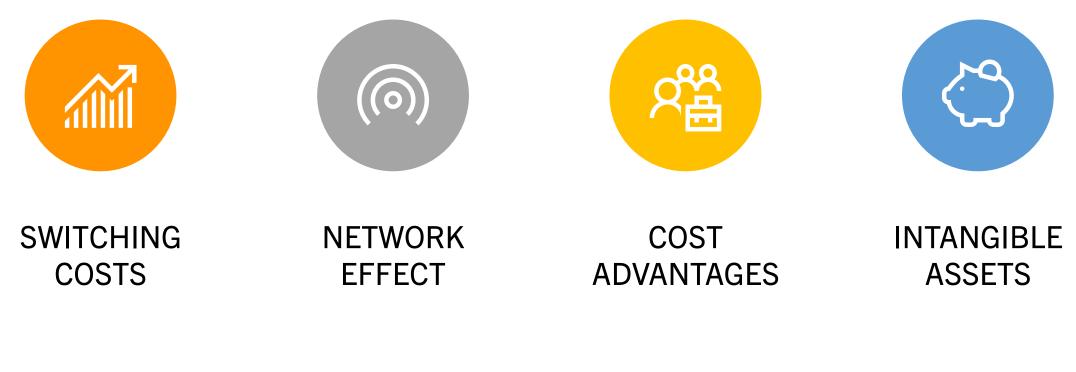


# ECONOMIC MOAT

Braden Jenschke



### **TYPES OF ECONOMIC MOATS**





- <u>Switching Costs</u> Consumer shifts from one product to another they incur a switching cost
  - Becomes embedded in its client's operations, making it difficult for that client to switch to a competitor.







- <u>Network effect</u> occurs when a good or service becomes more valuable as more people use it
  - Credit card processors like Mastercard and Visa
  - Nearly any business that you go to will accept these cards as a payment









- <u>Cost Advantages</u> When a company can produce a product or service at a lower cost than its competitors
  - Companies like Dollar General have become so efficient at reducing their costs it allows them to charge less for their products







- Intangible Assets a resource that has no physical presence and has long-term value for a business
  - A prime example of this is Nike with their brand, logo, and partnerships









### GLOBAL BRAND RECOGNITION

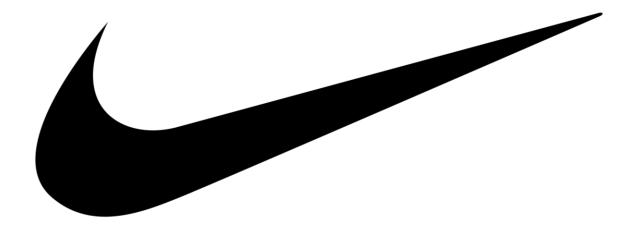
### STRATEGIC PARTNERSHIPS

### MANAGEMENT TEAM



# "WHAT IS THAT LOGO?"









# **JORDAN BRAND**

- Signed with Nike in 1984
- NBA: Fined Jordan \$5,000 every time he wore the shoes
- Nike estimated \$3 million in sales for the first four years
- Nike had \$126 million in AJ1 sales in the first year





INDIVIDUAL PLAYER BRANDS







### Virgil Abloh

### Jerry Lorenzo

### **Travis Scott**





## **SPORTS LEAGUE PARTNERSHIPS**

NBA

### MLB

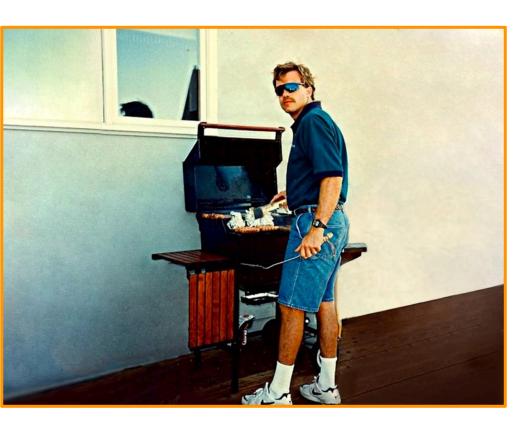


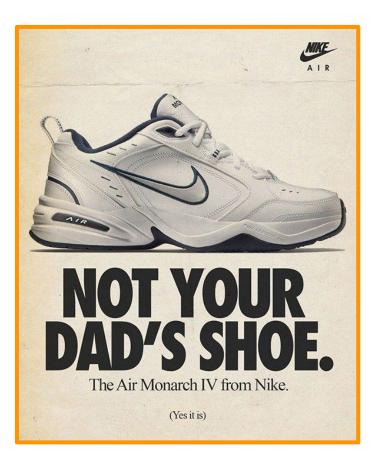
















The management team has extensive experience with running strong brand names:

- Coca-Cola
- SC Johnson
- McDonalds
- Procter & Gamble









Procter&Gamble





### Marketing

 Nike's marketing efforts for the brand and its signature athletes have made the brand iconic

### Iconic Ad Campaigns

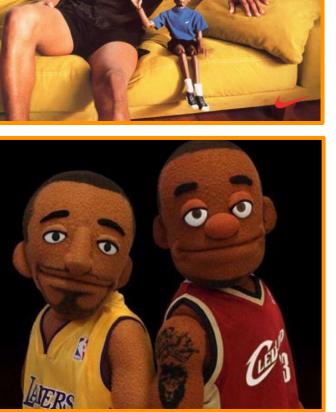
- Jordan and Spike Lee
- Lil' Penny
- Lebron and Kobe MVPuppets
- JUST DO IT.

### **Product Design**

 Retro Releases 20-30+ Years after original design



JUST DO IT.



# RISK FACTORS

Dylan Swanson



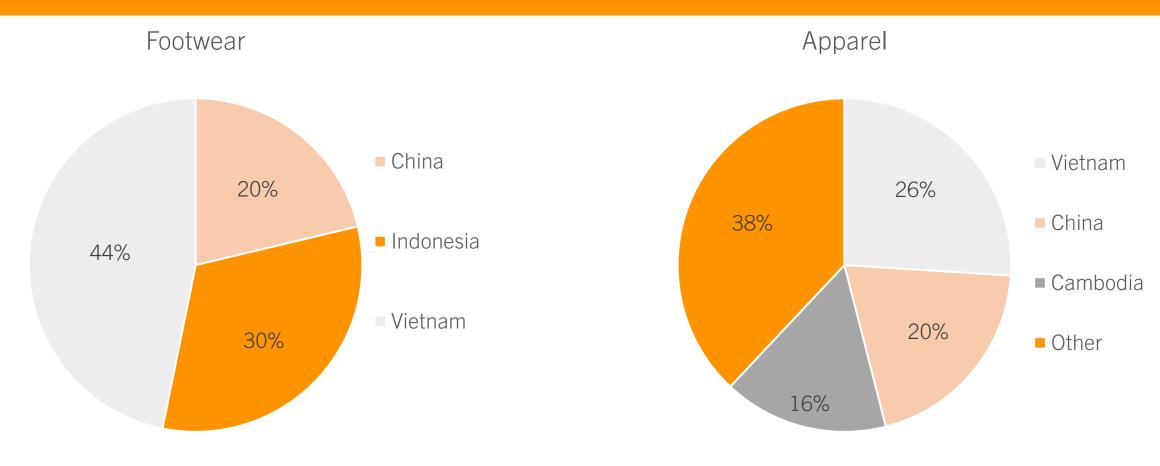


- Large percentage of products are manufactured outside United States
- China's zero-COVID policy
- Supply chain disruption
- Inflationary pressures
- Increasingly more competitive landscape













- Resulted in city-wide lockdowns
- Store closures
- Supply chain disruption
  - Elevated lead times
  - More expensive freights
- Volatility in inventory levels





# **INFLATIONARY PRESSURES**

- Decrease in customer purchasing power
- Less discretionary spending
- Increased input costs





# INCREASINGLY COMPETITIVE LANDSCAPE





# vanso

a

# **GROWTH OPPORTUNITIES**

- Expansion of DTC sales channel
  - Aims for DTC to represent 60% of revenue
  - One Sales Channel Approach
- Growing presence in emerging markets
- Margin Expansion, Membership
  Programs





# NIKE ECOSYSTEM

- Recurring Revenue
  - Family of Apps
  - Nike+ Membership
- NIKE RISE Store
  - Personalized Customer Experience
- Emerging Markets
  - More people worldwide transitioning into the middle class
    - More discretionary income
    - Internet Access is more widely available

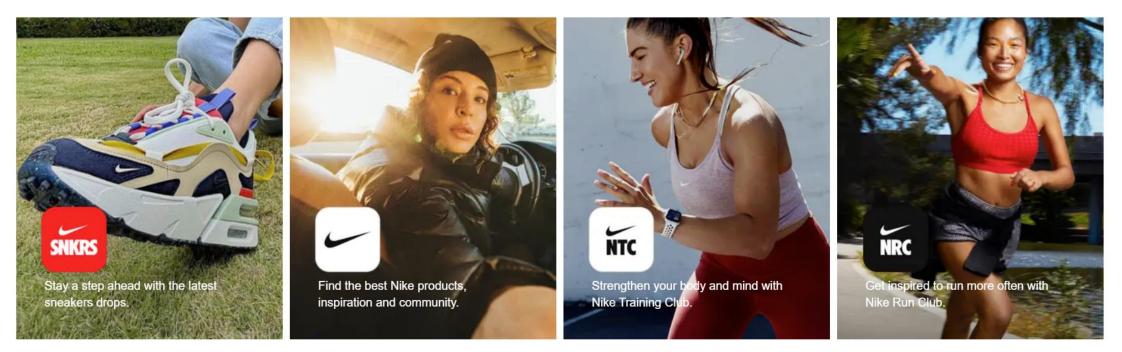




# FAMILY OF APPS - RECURRING REVENUE

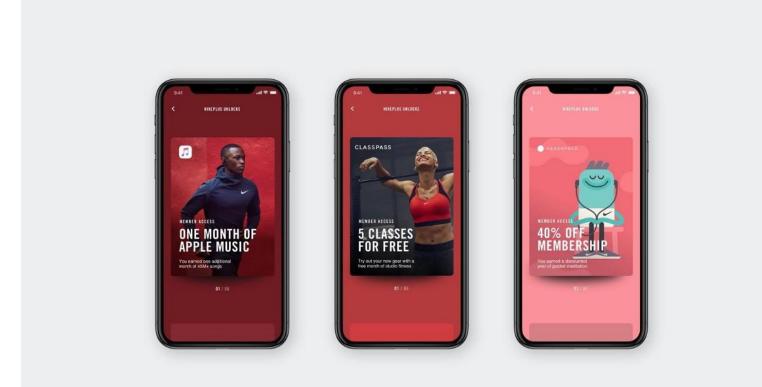
### DOWNLOAD TO JOIN THE COMMUNITY

Once you're in any Nike app, you're officially a Member.





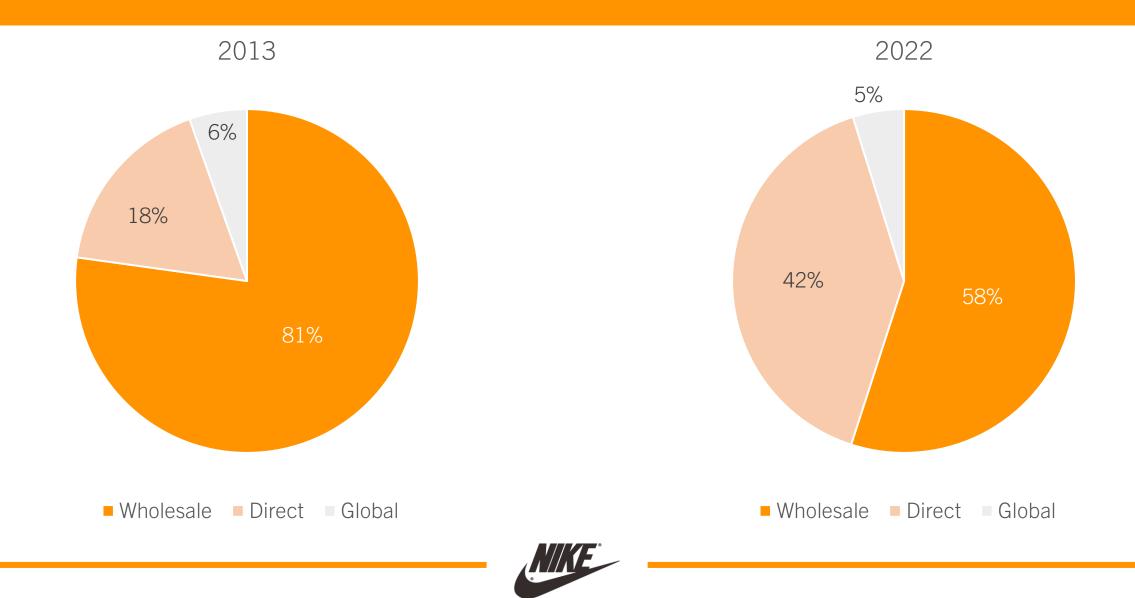
# NIKE + MEMBERSHIP - RECURRING REVENUE



- Launched in 2016
- Single account to access all personalized services
- Over 140 million current users



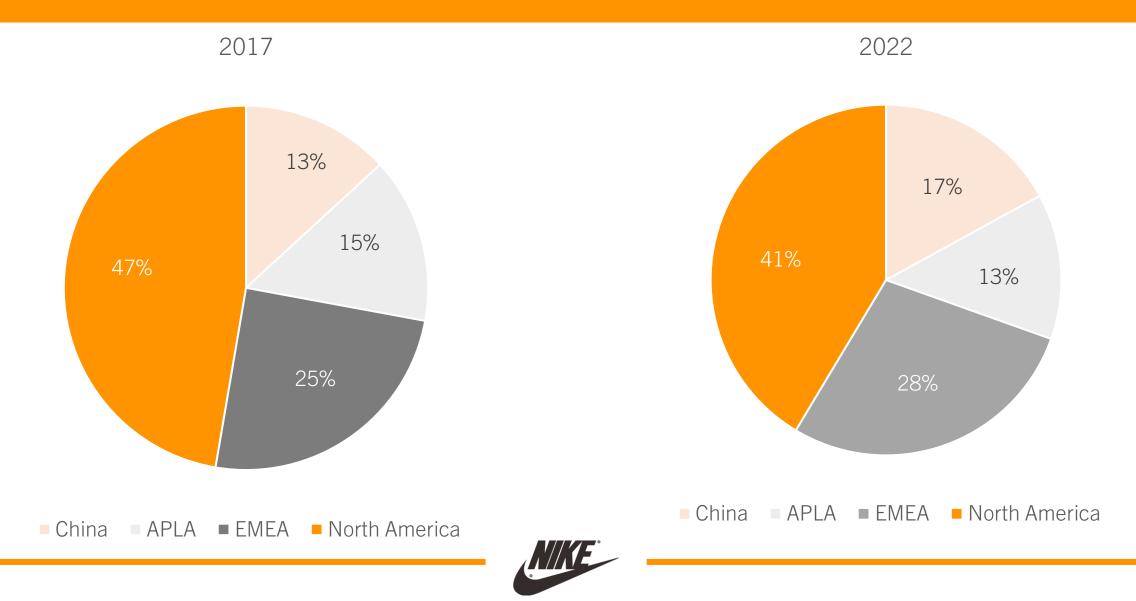
# DTC vs Wholesale % OF REVENUE



# DTC vs Wholesale GROWTH



# EMERGING MARKETS % OF REVENUE 2017 vs 2022





# VALUATION

William Errett



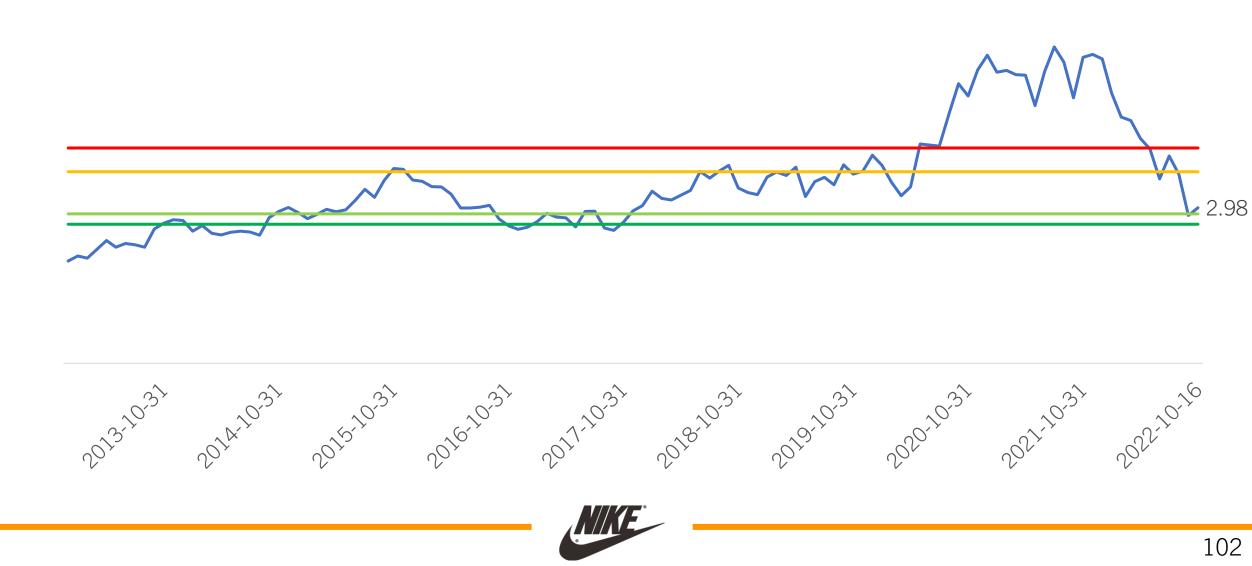
### Overvalued = >80<sup>th</sup> percentile

Fair-Valued = 35<sup>th</sup> to 75<sup>th</sup> percentile

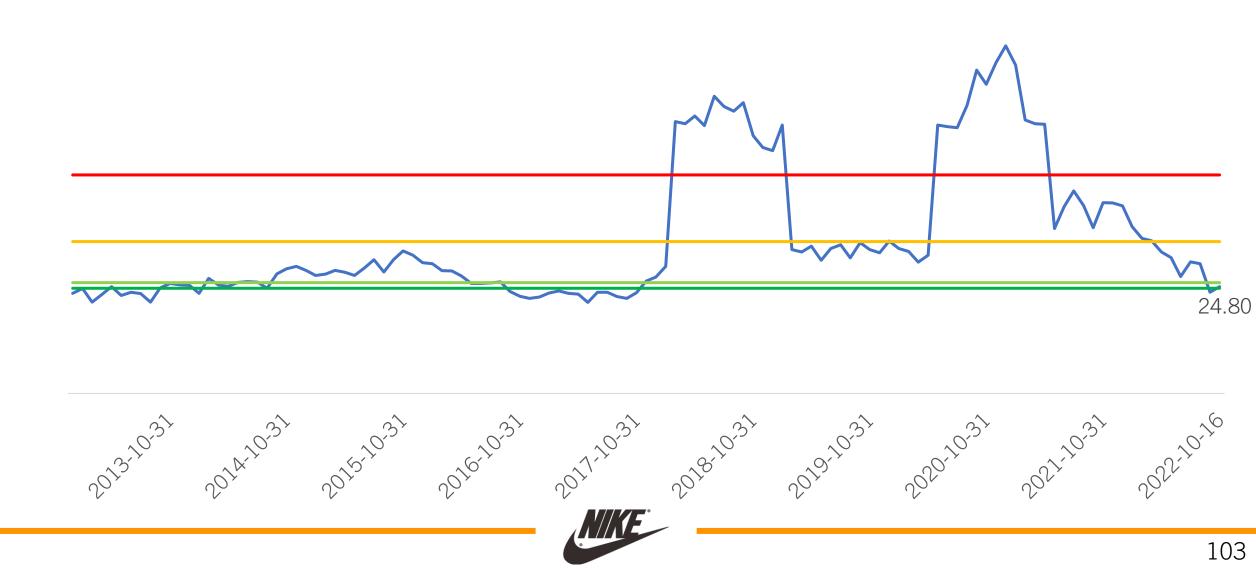
### Undervalued = $<30^{th}$ percentile



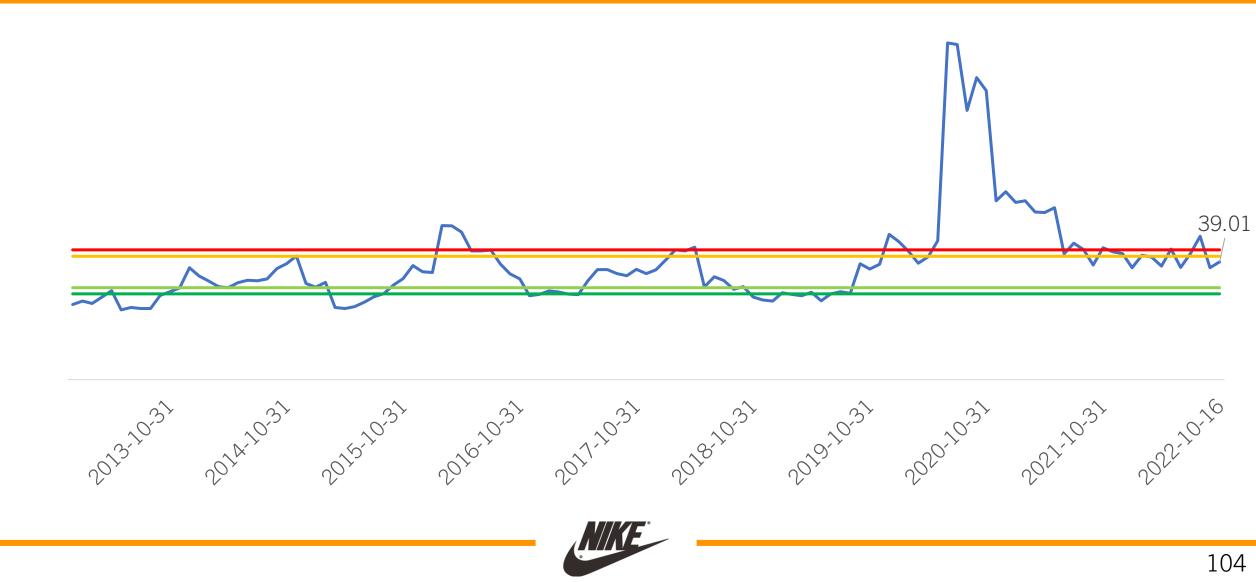




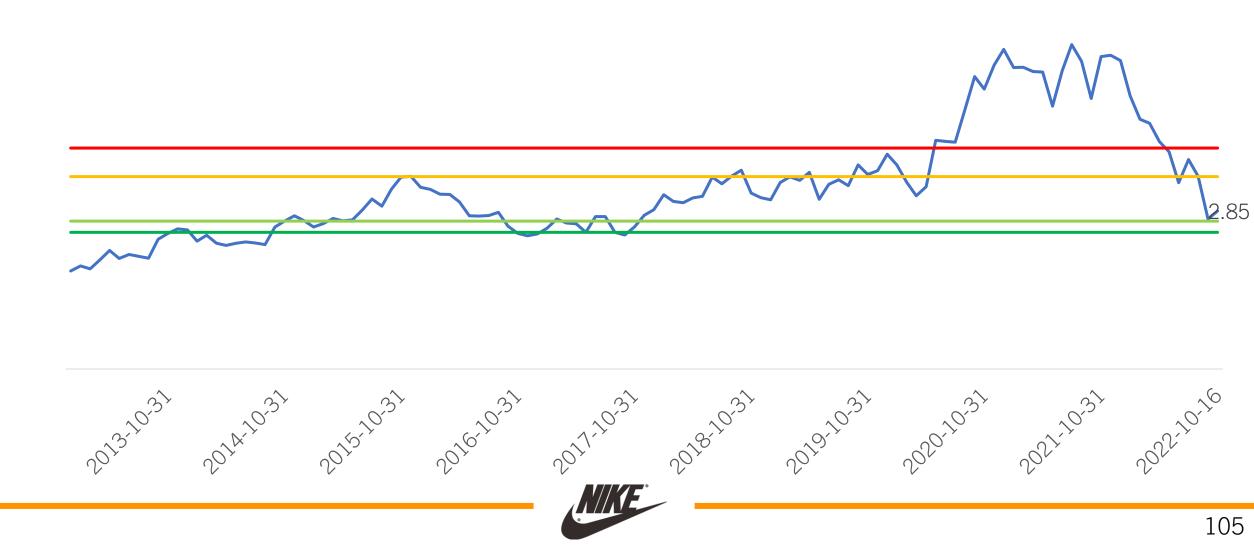




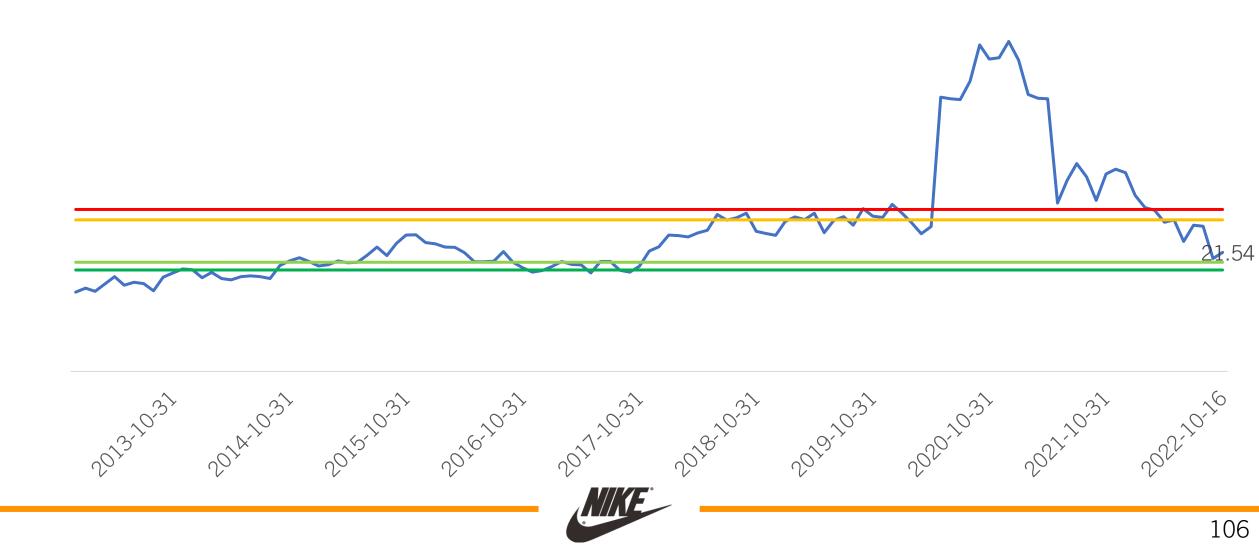




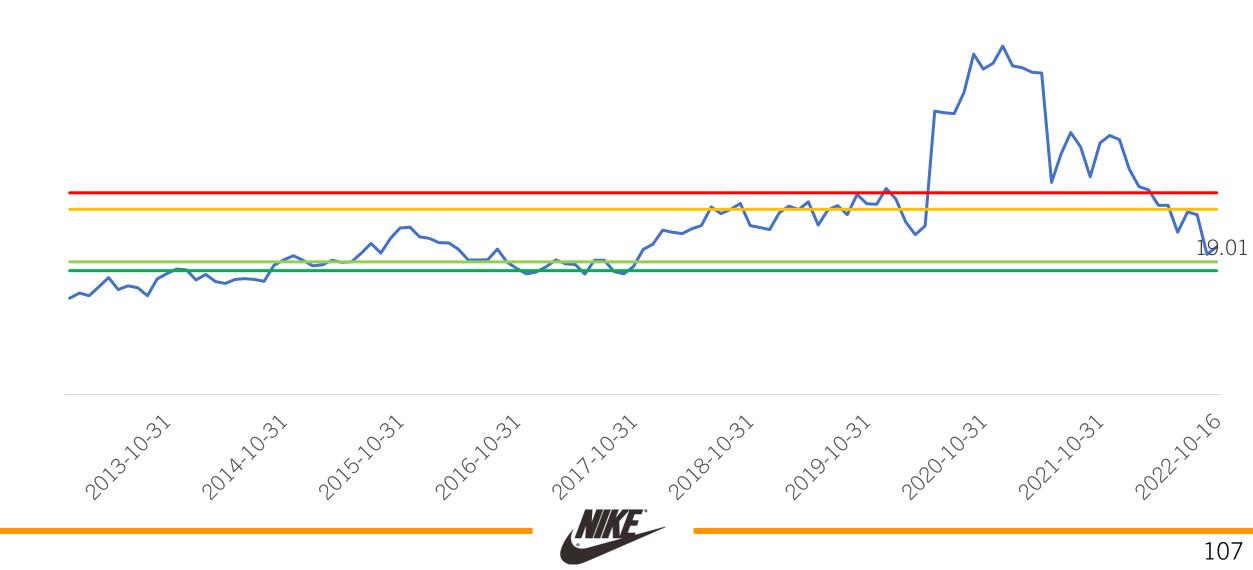




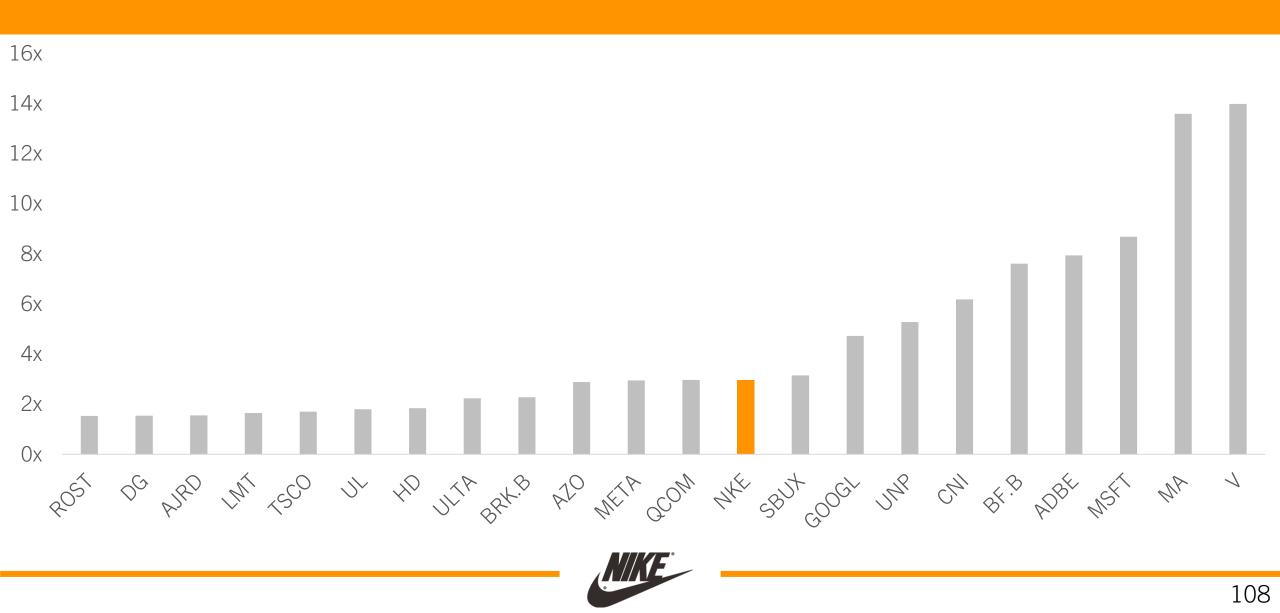




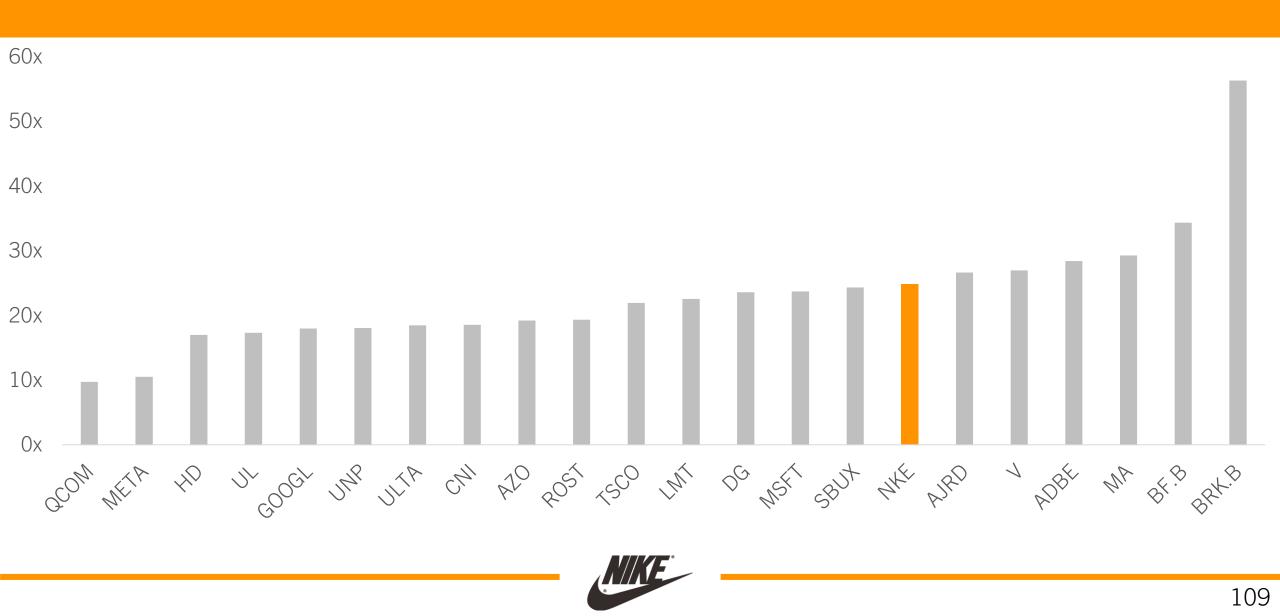




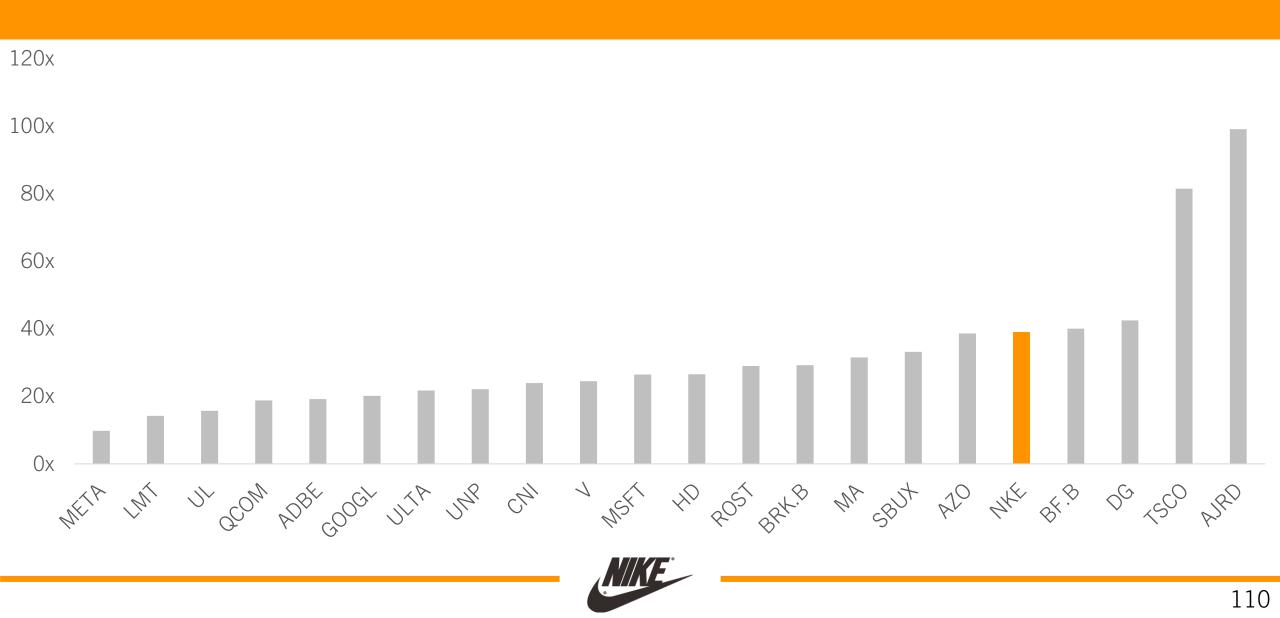




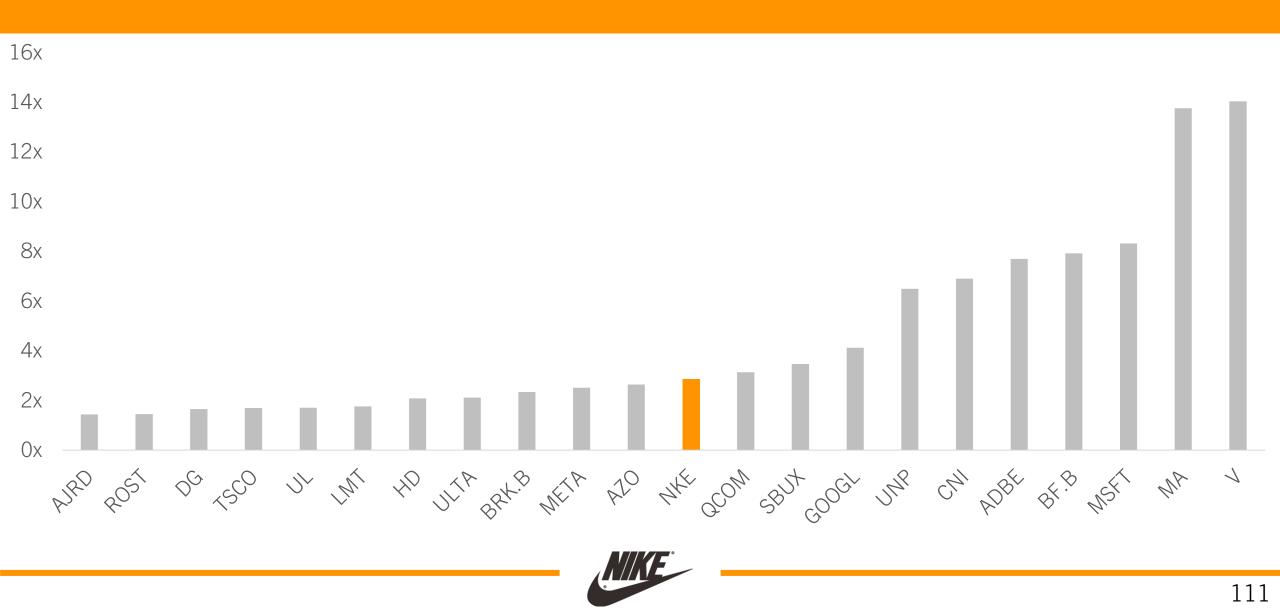




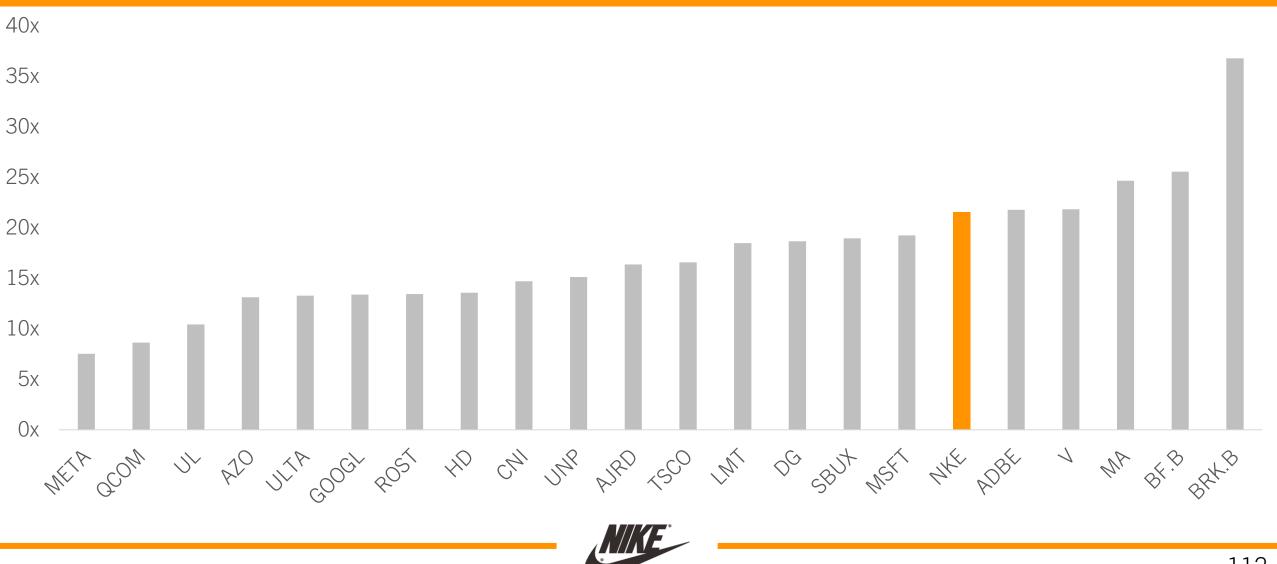




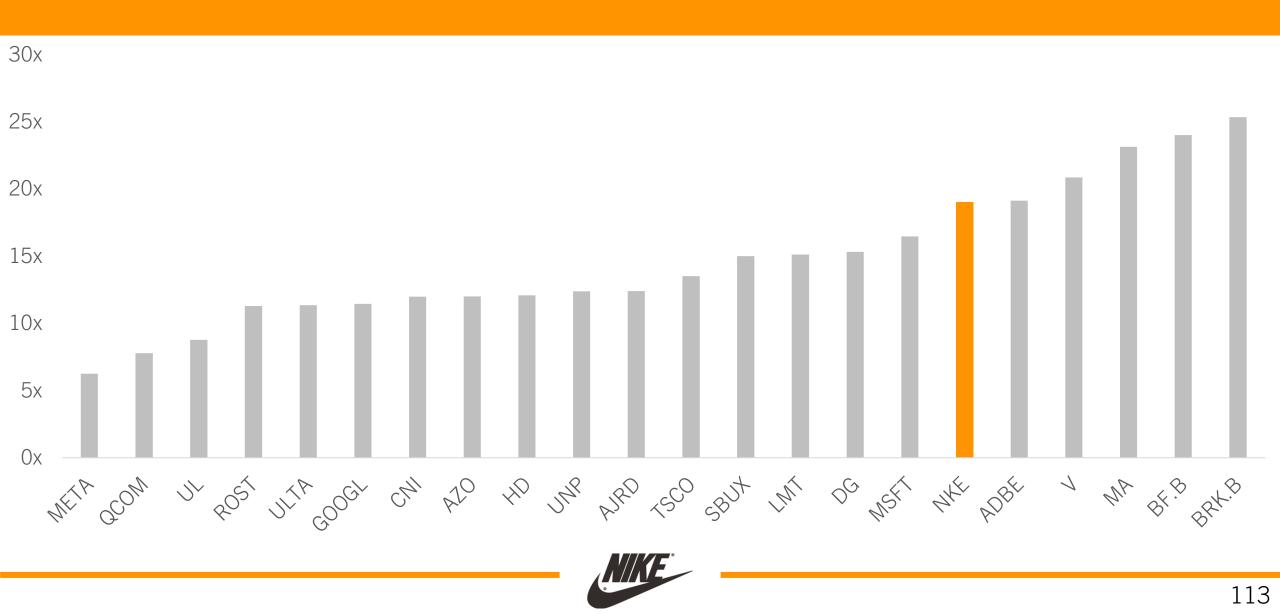












### **5-YR EPS PROJECTION MODEL**

5-year EPS projection			Discount rate: 10% Projected total					
		P/E		urn price	PV	5-year Upside	annual return	
	Current 2023 2024 2025 2026 2027	18.0x	\$	96.67 \$	60.03	11.3%	2.2%	
Bear	EPS \$ 3.53 \$ 2.65 \$ 3.28 \$ 3.91 \$ 4.49 \$ 5.03	21.0x	\$	111.77 \$	69.40	28.7%	5.2%	
	<b>5yr growth estimate -25%</b> 24% 19% 15% 12%	24.0x	\$	126.86 \$	78.77	46.1%	7.9%	
						Upside		
	Current 2023 2024 2025 2026 2027	21.0x	\$	124.50 \$	77.30	43.3%	7.5%	
Base	<b>EPS</b> \$ 3.53 \$ 2.82 \$ 3.59 \$ 4.34 \$ 5.03 \$ 5.64	24.0x	\$	141.41 \$	87.81	62.8%	10.2%	
	<b>5yr growth estimate</b> -20% 27% 21% 16% 12%	27.0x	\$	158.33 \$	98.31	82.3%	12.8%	
						Upside		
Bull	Current 2023 2024 2025 2026 2027	24.0x	\$	156.99 \$	97.48	80.8%	12.6%	
	EPS \$ 3.53 \$ 3.00 \$ 3.90 \$ 4.80 \$ 5.61 \$ 6.29	27.0x	\$	175.85 \$	109.19	102.5%	15.2%	
	<b>5yr growth estimate -15%</b> 30% 23% 17% 12%	30.0x	\$	194.71 \$	120.90	124.2%	17.5%	



Sensitivity Analysis:						
Exp Total RoR Range						
		Average	Est. EPS g rate	growth		
	_	9%	11%	13%		
e P/E	21.0x	2.2%	7.5%	12.6%		
Average	24.0x	5.2%	10.2%	15.2%		
Av	27.0x	7.9%	12.8%	17.5%		





# CONCLUSION

Brandon Chaney



- Wide-Moat Company
- Trading at Low Multiples
- Equipped to overcome short-term headwinds
- Recommendation
  - Limit Order at Market Price
  - Make 4% of Portfolio







The Dream Team





\$1.00



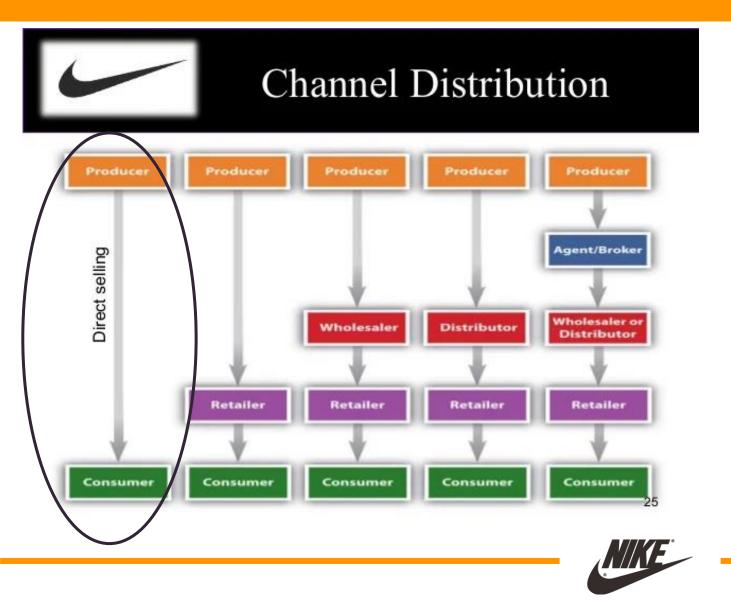


# WHY ARE THERE INVENTORY PROBLEMS?

- Factory Closures
  - Vietnam for 15 Weeks and Indonesia (no specified time of closure)
- Lead Times
  - Received Spring, Fall, and Summer seasons late
  - Received Holiday inventory early
- Plan to Liquidate Excess Inventory
  - Liquidate roughly 10% of inventory, starting with Apparel
  - Through Wholesale and Direct
- Improved Lead Times
  - Nike ordered their holiday shipment early expecting longer lead times.
  - Lead times improved and Nike ended up w/ two previous seasons and an upcoming season's worth of inventory



# **BENEFITS OF DTG**



- More control over pricing structure
- More profitable/ Margin expansion
- More control over product assortment
- Better customer experience and journey

# **EXPECTATIONS FOR 2Q-4Q FY '23**

- Liquidating Excess Inventory
  - Beginning with North America Apparel
- Headwinds from Foreign Exchange
  - \$4 billion negative effect on Revenue
  - \$900 million on EBIT
- Currency-Neutral Revenue Growth: Low Double Digits
  - Reported Revenue Growth: Low to mid-single digits
  - 800 bps of FX Headwinds
  - Gross Margin: Expected to decline 200 to 250
    basis points
- Q2 Gross Margins: Decrease of 350-400 bps
  - Will likely be largest impact for the FY '23
  - FX Headwinds are factored into the projections

- Consumer Confidence
  - Softness in UK, strong demand in France, Germany, Italy, Spain
- 150 bps impact from Inventory issues
  - Spring, Summer, and Fall seasons arrived late



### DEBT MATURITY SCHEDULE

					BOOK VALUE OUTSTANDING AS OF MAY 31,			
Scheduled Maturity (Dollars and Yen in millions)			INTEREST RATE	INTEREST PAYMENTS	2021		2020	
Corporate Term Debt: <sup>(1)(2)</sup>								
May 1, 2023	\$	500	2.25 %	Semi-Annually	\$ 4	<mark>99</mark>	499	
March 27, 2025		1,000	2.40 %	Semi-Annually	9	95	994	
November 1, 2026		1,000	2.38 %	Semi-Annually	9	96	995	
March 27, 2027		1,000	2.75 %	Semi-Annually	9	95	994	
March 27, 2030		1,500	2.85 %	Semi-Annually	1,4	90	1,489	
March 27, 2040		1,000	3.25 %	Semi-Annually	9	86	985	
May 1, 2043		500	3.63 %	Semi-Annually	4	96	495	
November 1, 2045		1,000	3.88 %	Semi-Annually	9	84	984	
November 1, 2046		500	3.38 %	Semi-Annually	4	91	491	
March 27, 2050		1,500	3.38 %	Semi-Annually	1,4	81	1,480	
Japanese Yen Notes: <sup>(3)</sup>								
August 20, 2001 through November 20, 2020	¥	9,000	2.60 %	Quarterly	\$	— \$	2	
August 20, 2001 through November 20, 2020		4,000	2.00 %	Quarterly		_	1	
Total					9,4	13	9,409	
Less current maturities							3	
TOTAL LONG-TERM DEBT					\$9,4	13 \$	9,406	



.......

# MANAGEMENT COMPENSATION STRUCTURE

- Base Salary
- Annual Performance-Based Cash Incentive Up to 150% of Base Salary
- Long-Term Incentives
  - Performance-Based Restricted Stock Units (RSUs) Up to 200% of Base Salary
    - Based on company performance over a 3-year period
  - Stock Options stock-based, only provides value if stock price appreciates
  - Restricted Stock Units stock-based compensation value tied to stock price

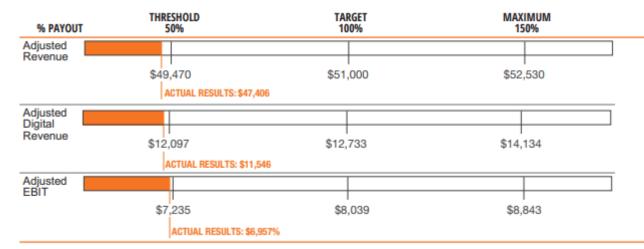


# **Performance Sharing Plan (PSPs)**

- Company Revenue
  - Goal increased 15% from 2021
- Company Revenue through
  Digital Platforms
  - Goal increased 31% from 2021
- Earnings before Interest and Taxes (EBIT)
  - Goal increased 16% from 2021

### FISCAL 2022 PERFORMANCE GOALS

(Dollars in millions)







NAME AND POSITION	NUMBER OF SHARES PURCHASED
John Donahoe II President and Chief Executive Officer	_
Mark Parker Executive Chairman	_
Matthew Friend Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer	3,892
Andrew Campion Chief Operating Officer	4,523
Heidi O'Neill President, Consumer and Marketplace	5,823
All current executive officers as a group	23,780





- Why are Margins Higher?
  - LULU is 100% DTC they have complete pricing power all of the competitors in the industry do both wholesale and retail
- Heavily Dependent on Women's, Yoga, and Workout Clothing
  - Men's only makes up about 20% of Revenue
- Young Company that hasn't had to shift completely
- Not a significant presence outside of the U.S.
  - Don't have nearly as much in exchange rate pressures (Short-Term)
  - International Sales: 15% of Revenue
- Narrow Moat: Brand name is present, but will it be sustainable?
  - Demand is growing, but can the company handle more international operations
  - Niche Customer Base
  - We'd rather own a wide moat company in the macroenvironment

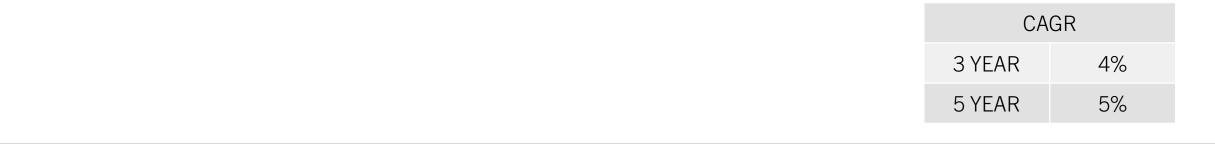






### ASIA PACIFIC & LATIN AMERICA REVENUE





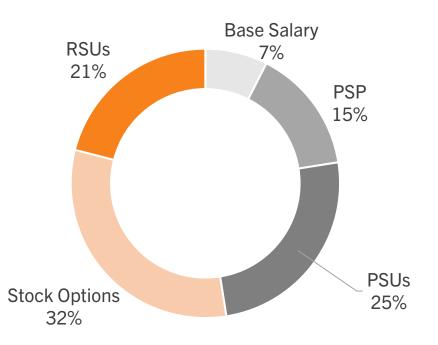


### EUROPE, MIDDLE EAST & AFRICA REVENUE



# **GEO COMPENSATION STRUCTURE**

- Incentive Compensation makes up 93% of annual compensation
- 84% is based on long-term performance
- Stock awards are 100% of the long-term incentive awards
  - 73% of these stock awards are performancebased







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### Connect to Sport Any Time, Anywhere

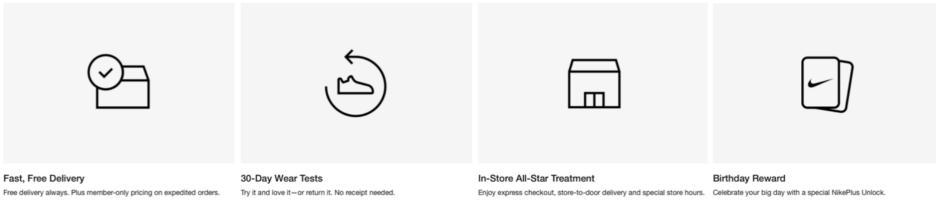
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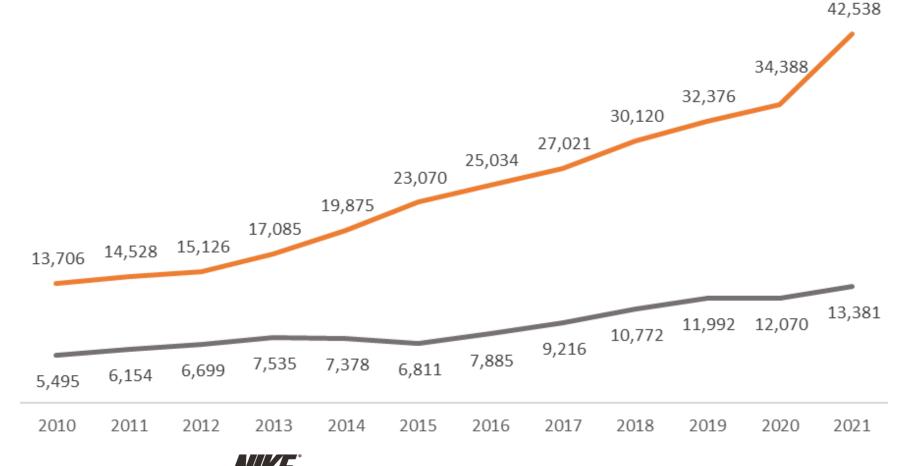
### WORLDWIDE GOVERAGE





Nike vs. Adidas

- The brand name of Nike is currently valued at over \$40 billion dollars
- Nike brand name worth more than three times that of their main competitor Adidas



# ECONOMIC MOAT

Braden Jenschke