Bull Case: NXP Semiconductors

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Why we are Bullish



Thank You.

Questions?



Company Description

NXP Semiconductors is one of the largest semiconductor companies in the world, with over 50 years of innovation and operating history.

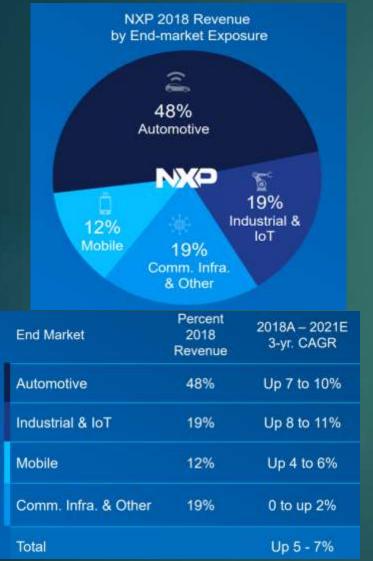
They are the manufacturers and suppliers of semiconductors for several end-markets, including Automotive, Industrial and Internet of Things, Mobile, and Communications.

Operates on a merchant (IDM) model in which they manufacture, design, and sell chips.





NXPI Competitive Differentiation



•	NXP Semiconductors is the largest supplier of
	semiconductors for the automotive market (13% Share)

- Manufactures of broad-line (majority Non-Specialized)
- Though a competitor in 5G, dominant market share goes
 to industry peers

2017-2020 Automotive Industry Growth Estimates	CAGR	2 E
Advanced Driver Assistance Systems	23.60%	S A
Body and Instruments	12.50%	S
Power Train	3.40%	C
Safety	2.60%	Λ

	2017-2020 Industry Growth	
	<u>Estimates</u>	CAGR
	Security and Other Industrial	17.50%
7	Automation	11.20%
7	SS Lighting	12.14%
7	Commercial/ Medical/	
7	Measurement	3.80%



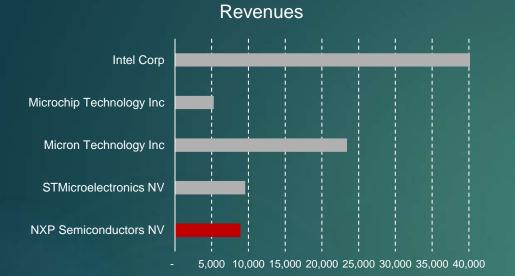
Industry Comparative Analysis Preface

- There's a lot of detail about semiconductors that we are not going to cover in a Bull/Bear Case
- Semiconductors and their application vary wildly in purpose, function, and capacity, and manufacture
- Ticker symbol comparisons are not one-to-one

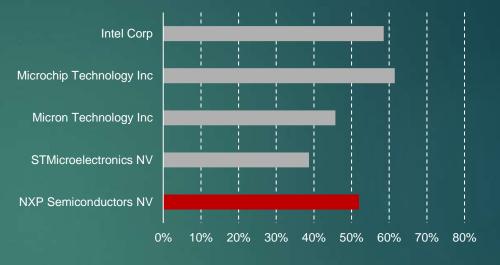


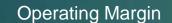


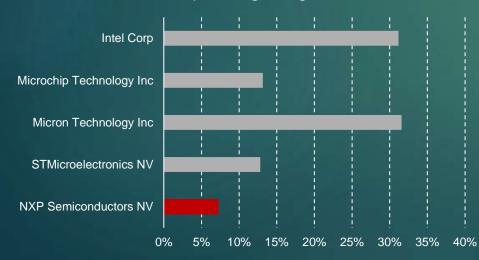
Industry Comparative Analysis

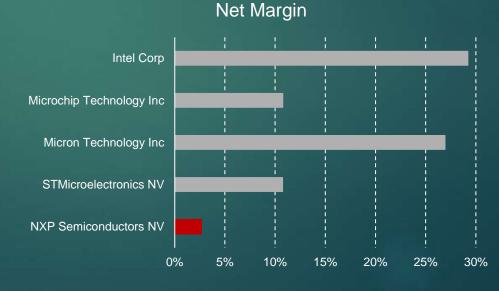


Gross Margin







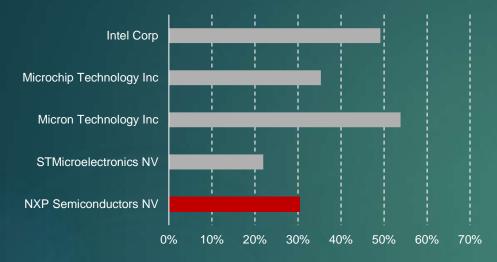


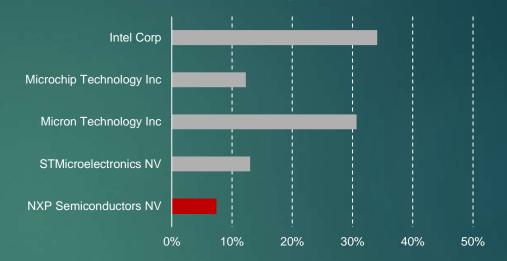


Industry Comparative Analysis

EBITDA Margin







Price to Earnings







Economic Moat Analysis

Intangible Assets

Switching Costs

Diverse array of products in the automotive market



Unique analog chip and microprocessor designs



Industry expertise in the automotive market



Demanding quality • requirements in automotive market



- Safety standards make it a big risk for an OEM or supplier to switch to a cheaper product
- Once a semiconductor • has been designed in, it is likely to remain in for the duration of the design life cycle





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Market Share

Customer retention due • to switching costs has put them in favorable position in their indsutry



13% market share in • automotive industry (more than any other player)



Benefit from the ٠ increasing amount of electronic content in automotives





Secular Growth Drivers

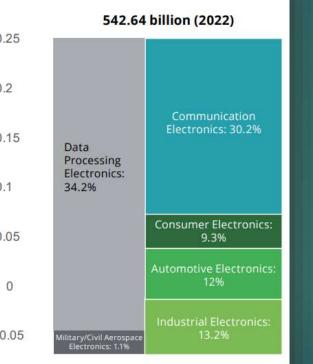
Secular tailwinds behind the growth of self-driving cars, the movement towards hybrid and electric vehicles, Likely to benefit from the secular growth trends in the broader industrial market: connectivity, efficiency, and safety. The firm's technologies for radio frequency power and embedded processors should allow it to capture major tailwinds from 5G and the "Internet of Things." High growth from the firm's industrial and Internet of Things products, where a combination of products supporting factory automation, improved media processing, and endnode connectivity will enable high-single-digit growth



Secular Growth Drivers

Figure: Global semiconductor sales revenue (2016-2022, billion USD)





Automotive electronics and industrial electronics are expected to be the fastest growing markets in the semiconductor industry, Automotive being an area where NXPI derives a significant portion of revenues

Industry wide Semiconductor sales growth averages 7.2% CAGR

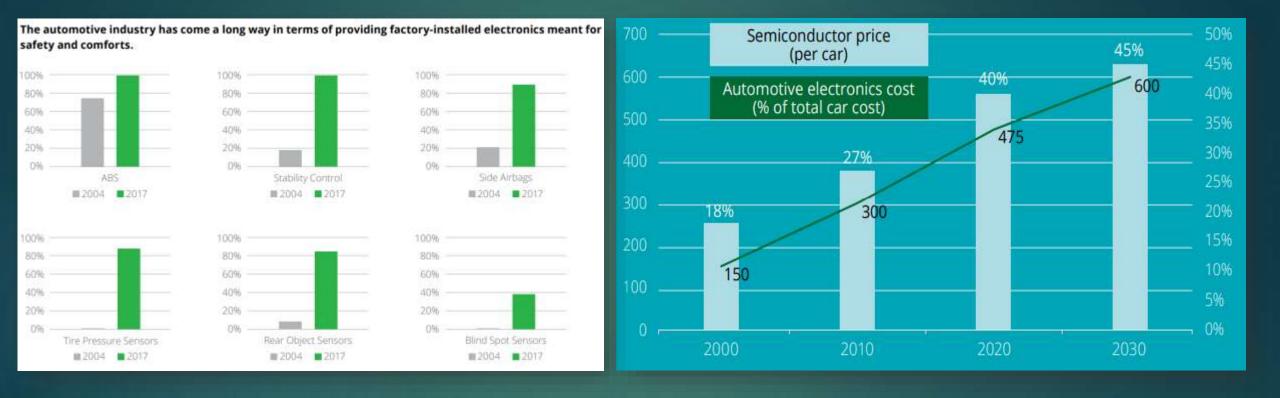


NXPI Specific Growth Drivers

Automotive	Industrial and IoT	Mobile Devices	Communication
proliferation of electronic content in the automotive market will be one of the major growth drivers, and we expect sales from the segment (which currently accounts for nearly 50% of total revenue) to grow at an average rate of 8% during the same period.	anticipates even stronger growth from the firm's industrial and Internet of Things products, where a combination of products supporting factory automation, improved media processing, and end- node connectivity will enable high-single- digit growth	expect mid-single-digit growth from the firm's nobile device segment	flattish growth from the firm's communications infrastructure business



NXPI Specific Growth Drivers





Capital Structure/Obligations

Obligation Ratio + (LT Debt + ST Debt) + Leases *7 +Pension Shortfall +Preferred Stock - Cash Assets

\$9,353 \$43 *7 = \$301 \$203 None \$3,226

Sum/Net Income

\$6,631/1,280 = **5.15**

Debt Maturities

Debt Summary End of 2Q20¹

Debt instrument	1000	Sr. secured Notes	Sr. Unsecured Notes	Revolving Credit Facility										
Maturity Date		lun-21	Jun-22	Sep-22	Jun-23	Mar-24	May-25	Mar-26	Jun-26	May-27	Dec-28	Jun-29	May-30	Jun-24
Amount (M)	4	1,350	\$400	\$1,000	\$900	\$1,000	\$500	\$500	\$750	\$500	\$500	\$1,000	\$1,000	\$0
Coupon		.125%	4.625%	3.875%	4.625%	4.875%	2.700%	5.350%	3.875%	3.150%	5.550%	4.300%	3.40%	Libor + 125 bps
Rating Moody's Standard & Poor's Fitch		Bas3 888 888-	Baa3 BBB BBB-	Baa3 988 888-	Bea3 888 868-	Baa3 888 888-	Baa3 BBB B88-	Bea3 868 888-	Baa3 BBB B88-	Baa3 BBB B8B-	Baa3 888 888-	Baa3 BBB BBB-	8aa3 888 888-	NR NR NR
Total Leverage Total Debt (\$M) Total Cash (\$M) Net Debt (\$M) TTM Adj. EBITDA Cost of Debt Reported Leverage TTM Adj. EBITDA/TTM net Interest	\$ \$ \$ \$	9,353 3,266 6,087 2,802 4,18% 2,2X 8,5x												

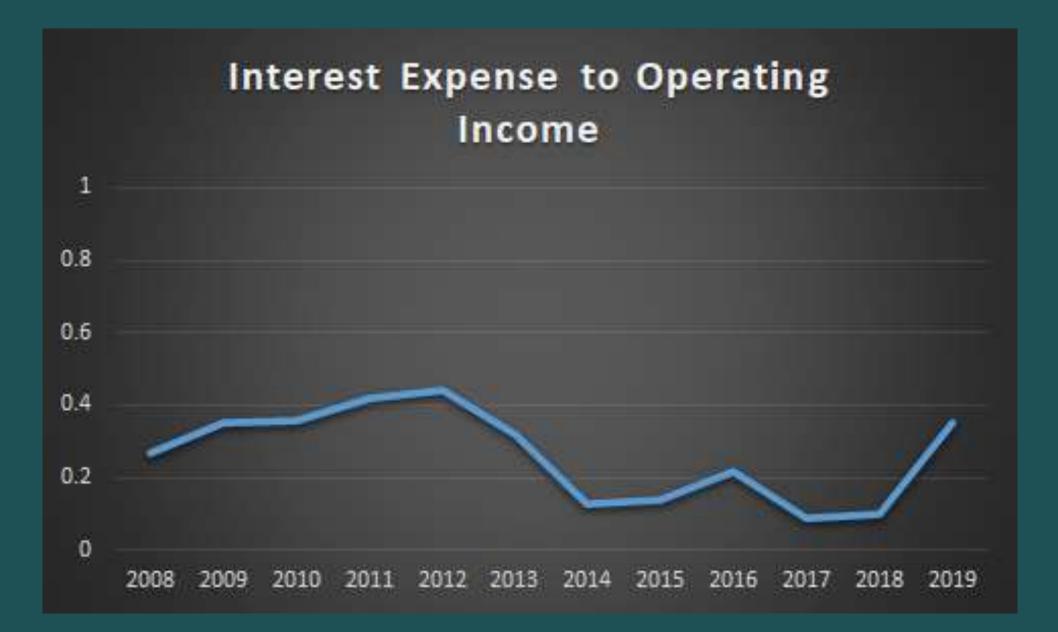




1. Please refer to the NXP Hatoric Financial Model file found on the Financial Information page of the Investor Relations section of our website at www.nxp.com/investor for additional information relative to our Non-GAAP Financial Measures

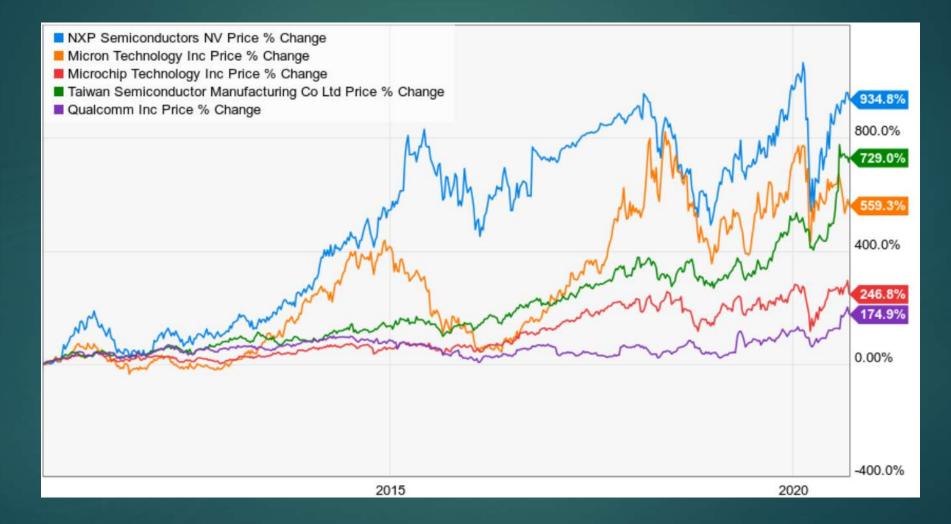
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Note





Stewardship, Returns to Shareholders





Stewardship, Returns to Shareholders





Yacktman Forward Rate of Return

FCF Yield = \$427M (FCF) / \$36,440M (Market Cap) = 0.01% + Inflation = 2.50% + Free Cash Flow Growth = 8.00% + Yacktman Forward Rate of Return = 10.51%



Discounted Cash Flows

Bear

ser Defined DCF: Default \$		
Fair Value@		\$ 65.60 🖴
Margin Of Safety		-91.16 %
Stock Price		\$ 125.40 🥒
Based on • EPS w/o NRI OF	CF	\$4.6 🥒
Discount Rate® :	-	10 +
Tangible Book Value🍘 (📃 Add to F	air Value)	4.6 🥒
Growth Stage	Terminal S	tage 🖲
Years - 10 +	Years -	10 +
Growth Rate - 7 +	Growth Rate	4 +
Growth Value \$ 39.63	Terminal Value	\$ 25.96

Base

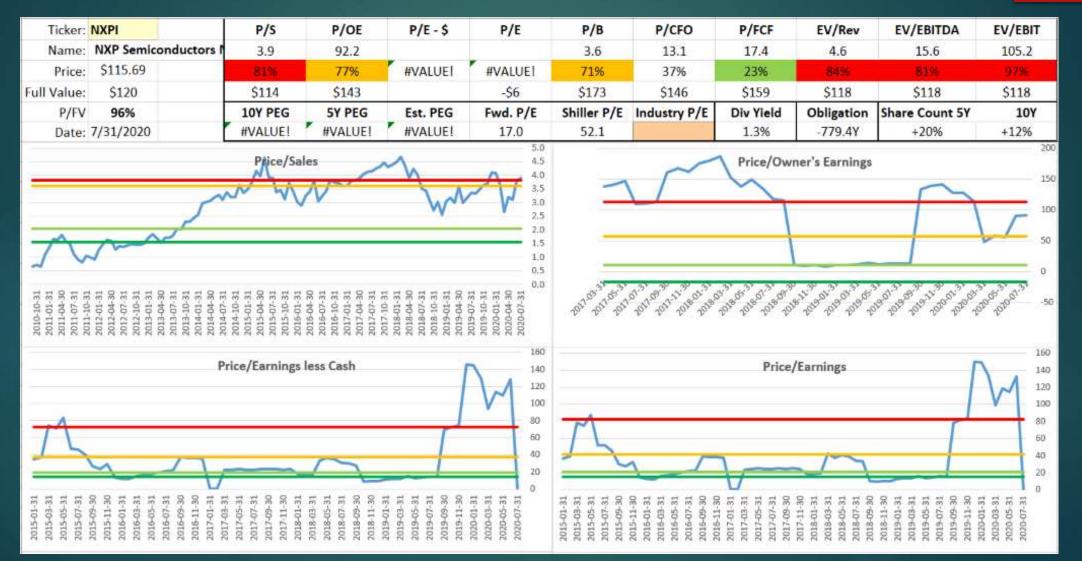
ser Defined	DCF	Def	ault ‡				
Fair Value	0					\$ 75.	.00 🖀
Margin Of S	afety					-64	4.13%
Stock Price						\$ 12	3.10 /
Based on 🗿 El	PS w/i	NRI	⊖ F(0F		5	\$ 4.6 🥖
Discount Rate	9 :					10	+
Tangible Book	Value	0 (Add to F	air Value)		\$-1	4.00 🌙
Grow	rth Sta	geØ		Term	inal St	ageO	
Years	-	10	+	Years	-	10	+
Growth Rate	100	9	+	Growth Rate	•	4	+
Growth Value			\$ 43.76	Terminal Valu	e		\$ 31.24

Bull

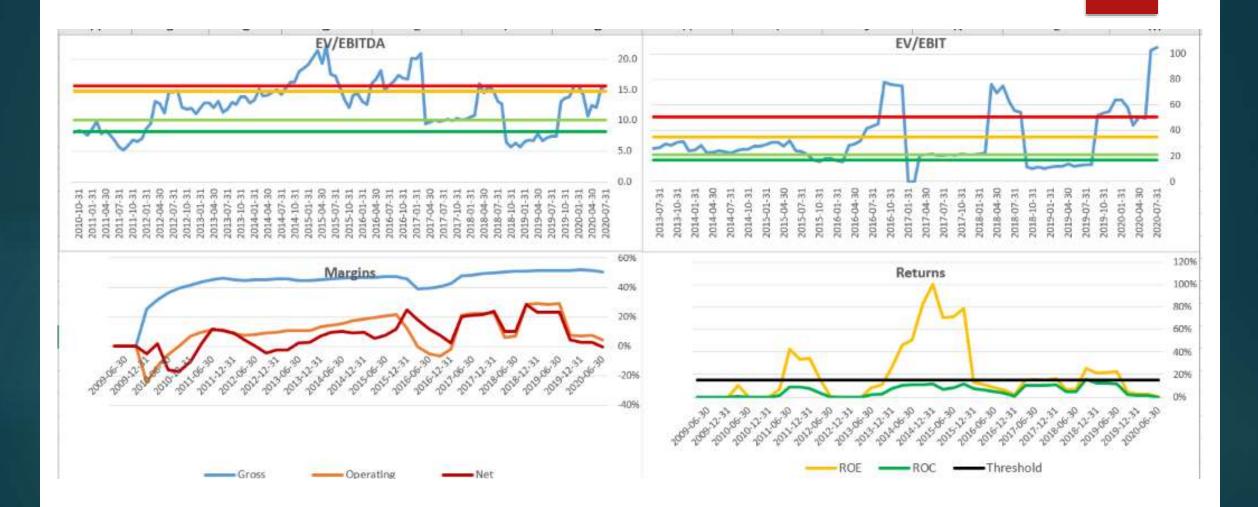
ser Defined	DCF	-: Def	ault \$						
Fair Value	0					\$ 91.	85 💼		
Margin Of S		1	-34	1.02%					
Stock Price				\$ 12	3.10 🥖				
Based on Ο E	PS w/	o NRI	OF	CF	\$ 4.6 🖌				
Discount Rate	0:				- 10 +				
Tangible Book	Value	0 (Add to F	air Value)		\$ -1	4.00 🥒		
Grow	th Sta	nge Ø		Termi	nal Sta	ge O			
Years	-	10	+	Years	() e (10	+		
Growth Rate	+	12	+	Growth Rate	(m)	4	+		
Growth Value			\$ 50.86	Terminal Valu	e	\$	6 40.99		



Value Bands







Appendix



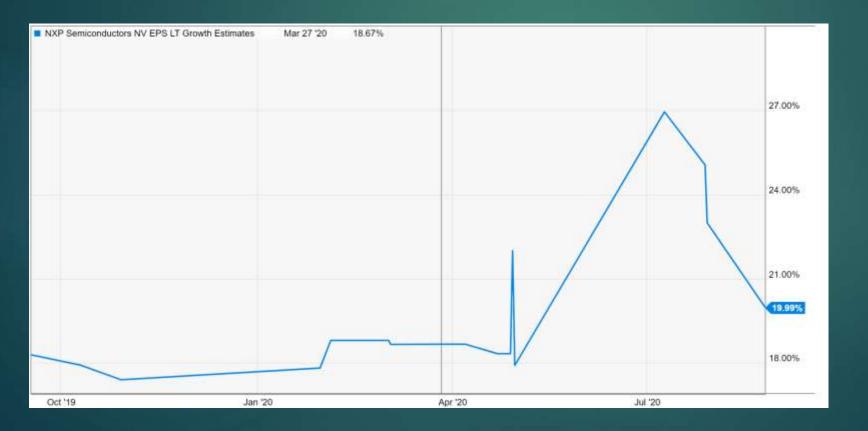
Growth Opportunity Driven by Focus End Markets

Growth by End Market



End Market	Percent 2018 Revenue	2018A – 2021E 3-yr. CAGR
Automotive	48%	Up 7 to 10%
Industrial & IoT	19%	Up 8 to 11%
Mobile	12%	Up 4 to 6%
Comm. Infra. & Other	19%	0 to up 2%
Total		Up 5 - 7%

ANNUAL RATES of change (per sh)	Past 10 Yrs.	Past 5 Yrs.	Est'd '17-'19 to '23-'25
Revenues		8.0%	9.5%
"Cash Flow"		28.0%	7.0%
Earnings		27.5%	9.0%
Dividends			35.0%
Book Value		53.0%	2.0%



Sino-US Trade war

Figure: China imports: IC chips vs Crude Oil

The hardest hit sector in the trade war will be semiconductors, where the US imports USD2.5 billion worth of goods a year.

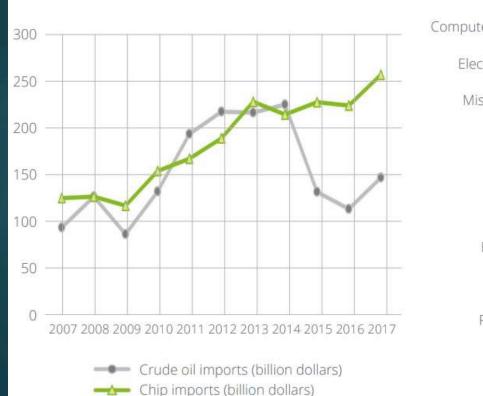


Figure: US deficits with China

