



The Siren

The Wizard

The Titan







Labor Challenges

- Unionization
- Wage Increases
- Automation
- Attrition
 - 70% of hourly employees are new to Starbucks

Supply Challenges

- Product Concentration
- Coffee Inventory
 - 14-month price locked contract





Howard Schultz's Return



Leaked Memo

- Highlighted Efficiencies vs.
 Experience
- La Marzocco Espresso machine
- Flavor Locked Packaging

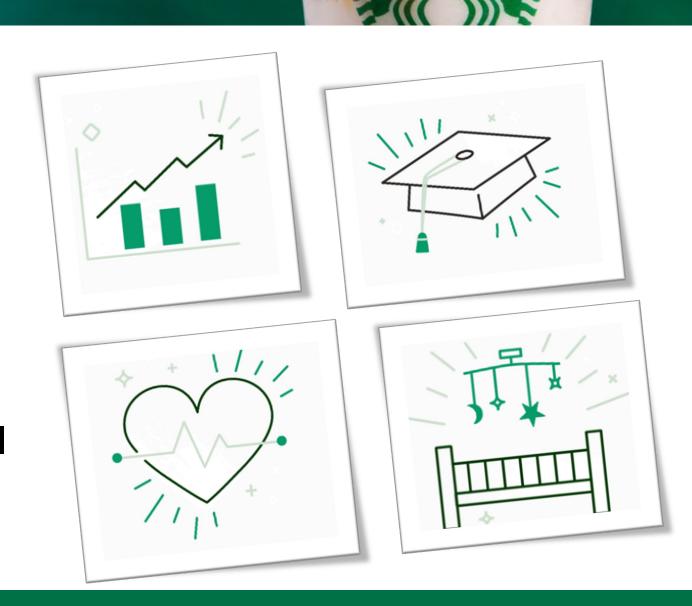






Not Employees, But Partners

- Health Care
- Long-Term Incentives
- Continued Education
- Parental Leave
- Paid Time-off
- Commuter Assistance
- Partner Assistance Financial Emergencies



Senior Officers





John Culver Group Pres. North America & COO



Kevin Johnson Pres. & CEO



Leo Tsoi
CEO China



Card & Bank

- \$3B loaded into SBUX gift cards
- Would be the 385th biggest bank
- Receives money upfront
- Liability only if used
- Mobile app
 - 25M US
 - 17.9M China



Card & Bank - Total Dollars Loaded



Capital Allocation — Returning Shareholder Wealth

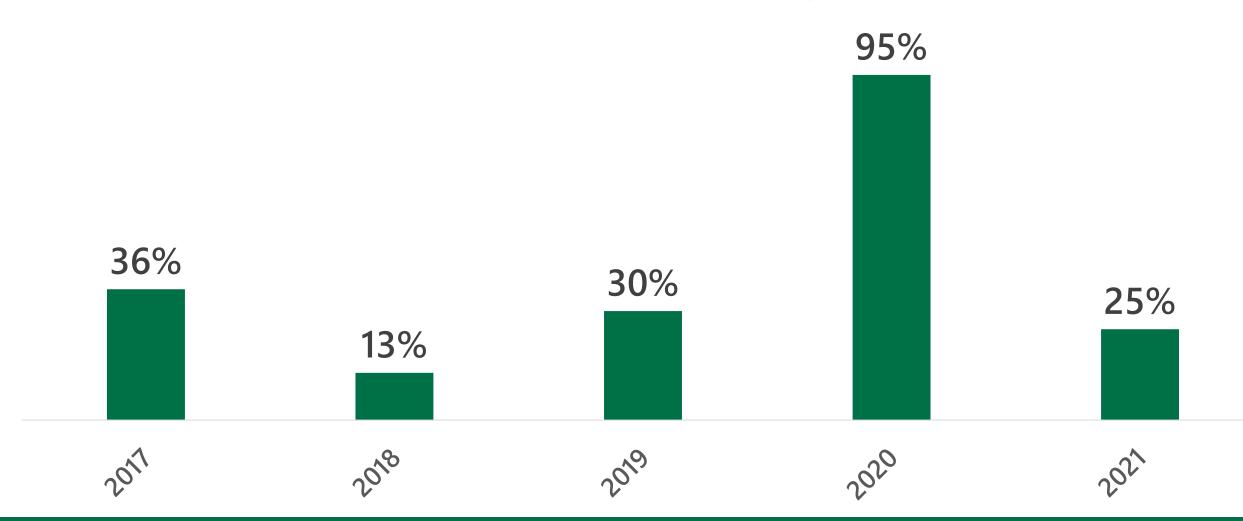
- 3-year \$20B buyback & dividend program
- 15% of the market cap
- 2/3 for repurchases
 - 10.2% of the market cap
- 1/3 for dividends
 - 5% of the market cap
 - Target 50% payout ratio



Cash Flow From Investing



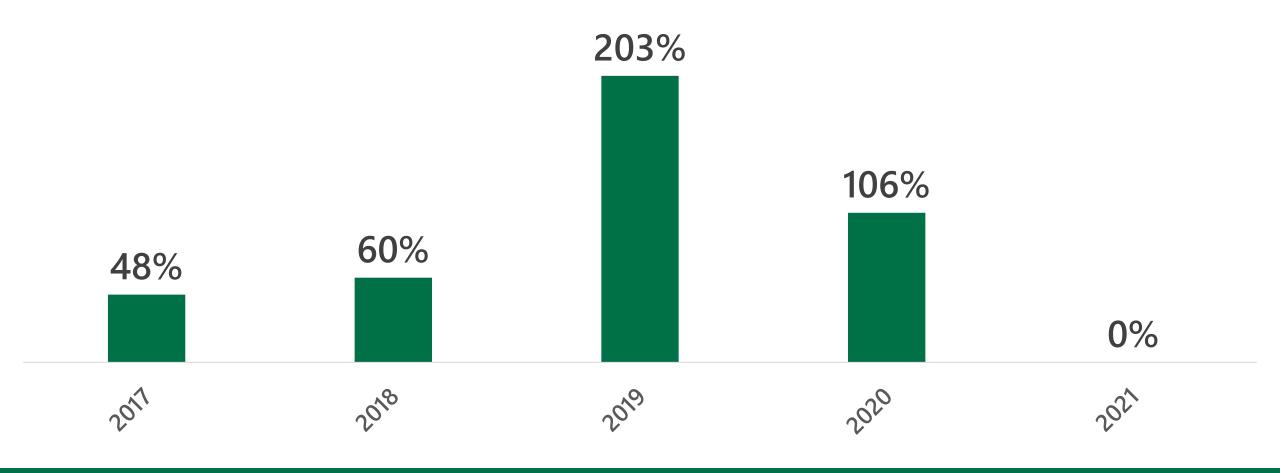
Purchase of PP&E as a % of Operating Cash Flow



Cash Flow From Financing

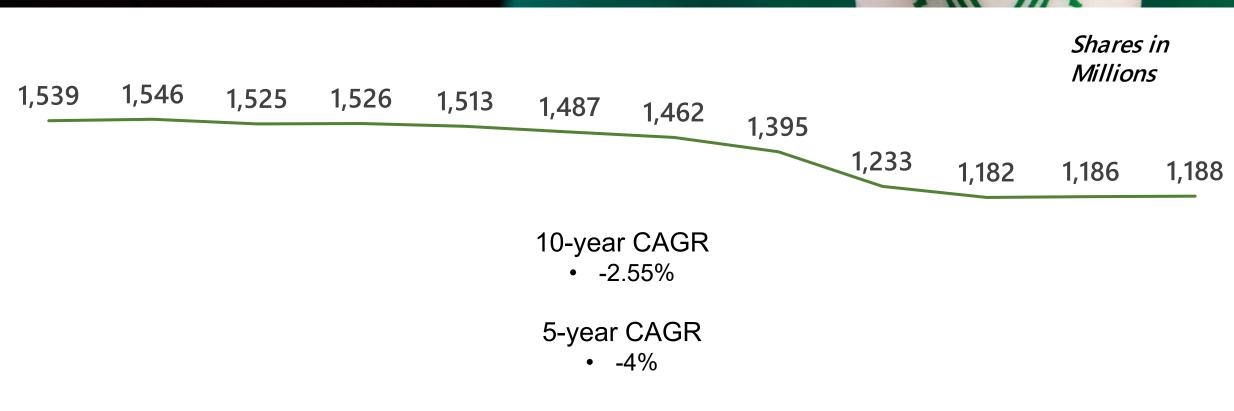


Stock Repurchases as a % of Operating Cash Flow



Shares Outstanding



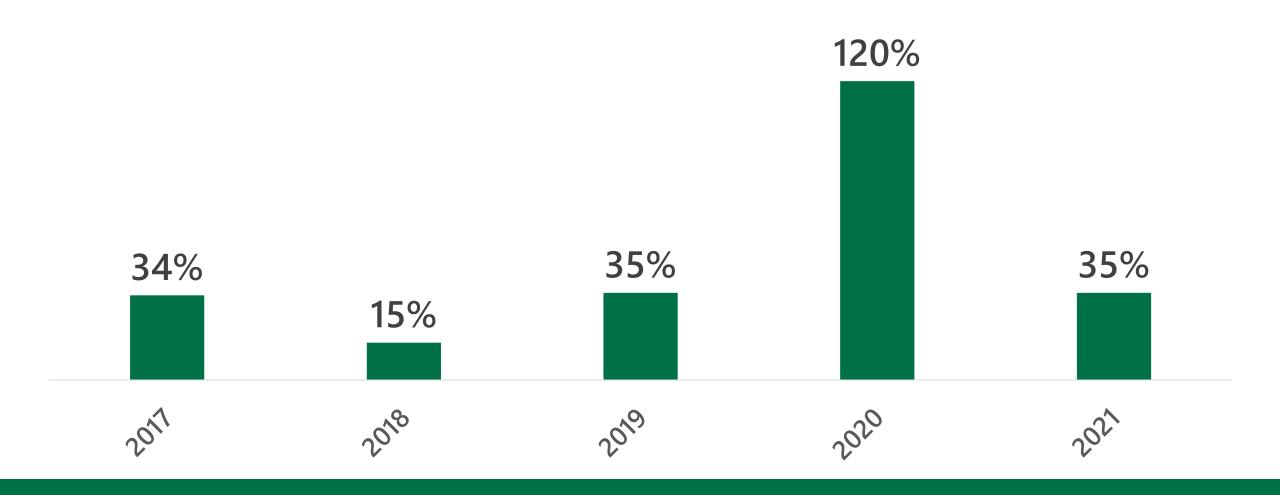


5011 5015 5013 5014 5015 5016 5011 5018 5019 5050 5051 LIM

Cash Flow From Financing

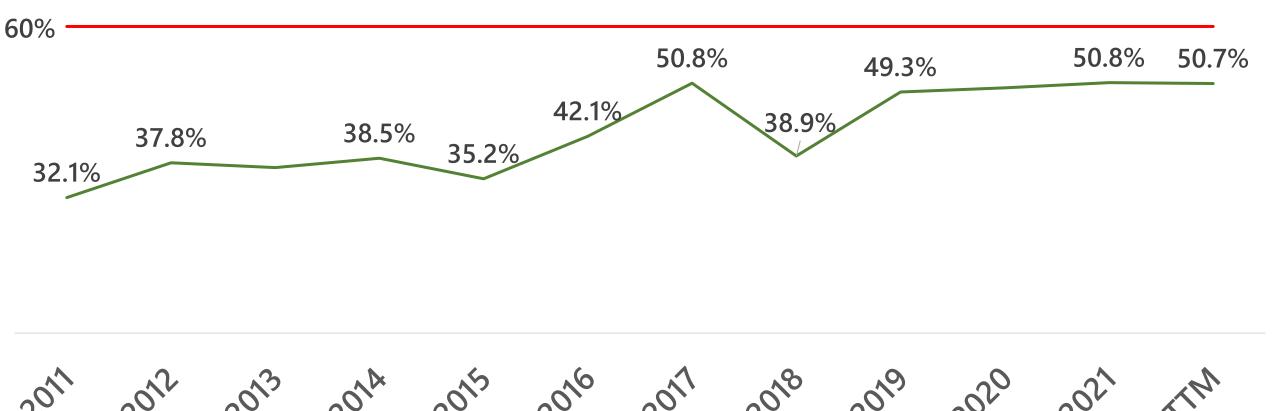


Dividends as a % of Operating Cash Flow



Payout Ratio







Revenue





\$ in Millions

2011 2013 2014 2015 2016 2011 2018 2019 2020 2021

Operating Income





\$ in Millions

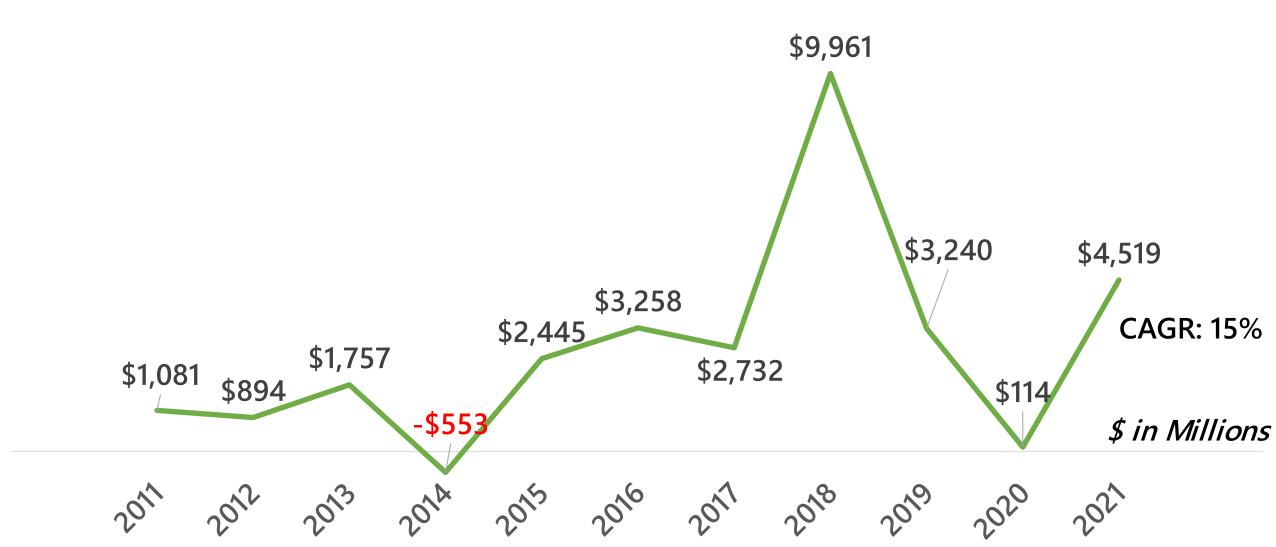
2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2011 2018 2019 2020 2021

Net Income



Free Cash Flow (FCF)

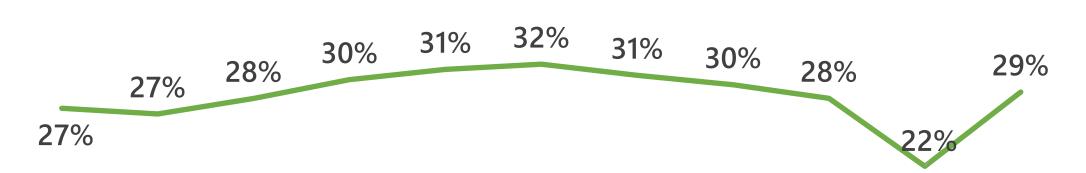




Gross Profit Margin





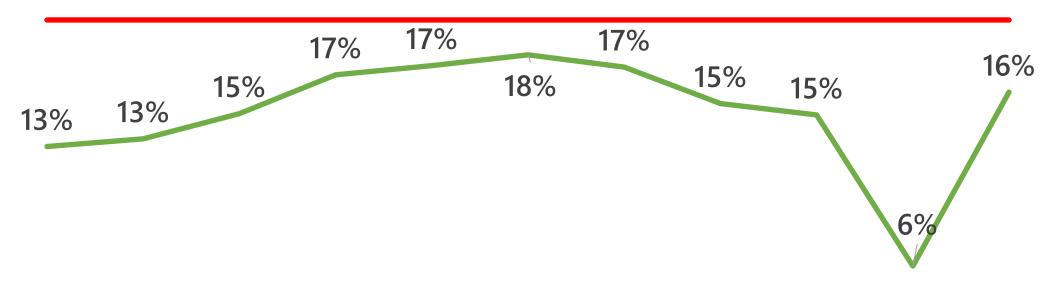


2011 2013 2014 2015 2016 2011 2018 2019 2020 2021

Operating Profit Margin







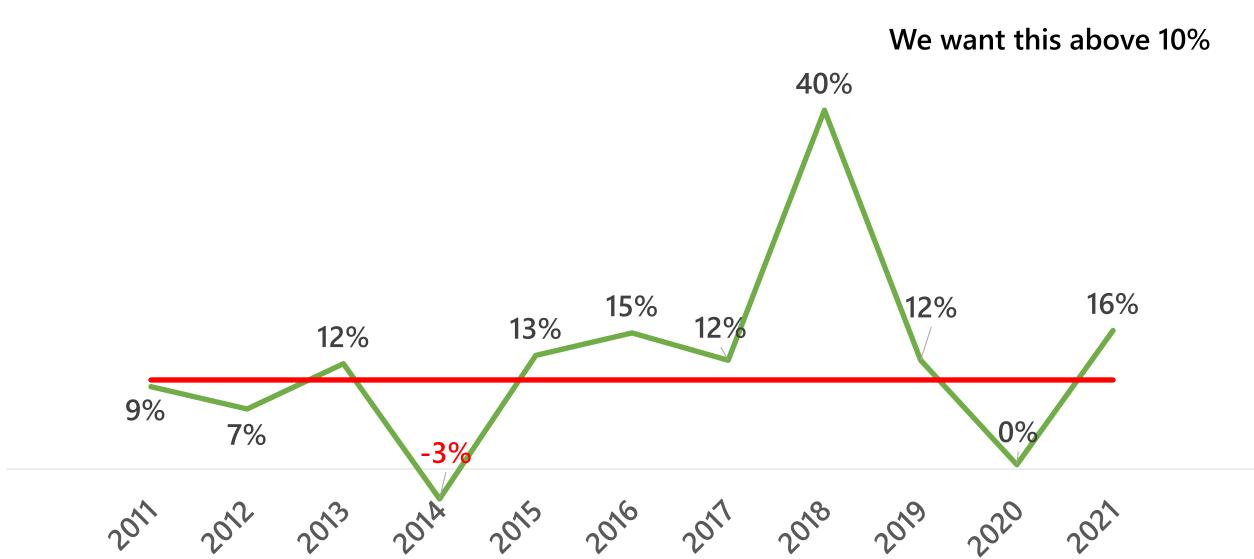
Net Profit Margin





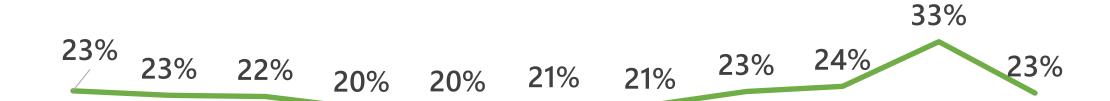
Free Cash Flow Margin





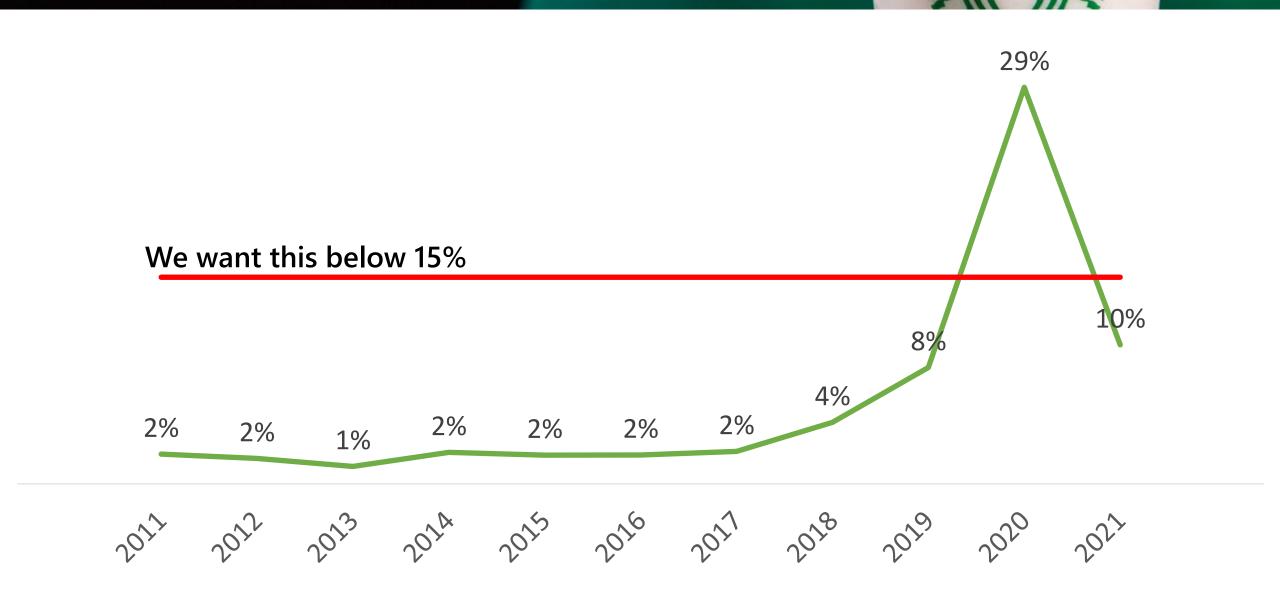
Selling, General, Admin. Expenses to Gross Profit

We want this below 80%



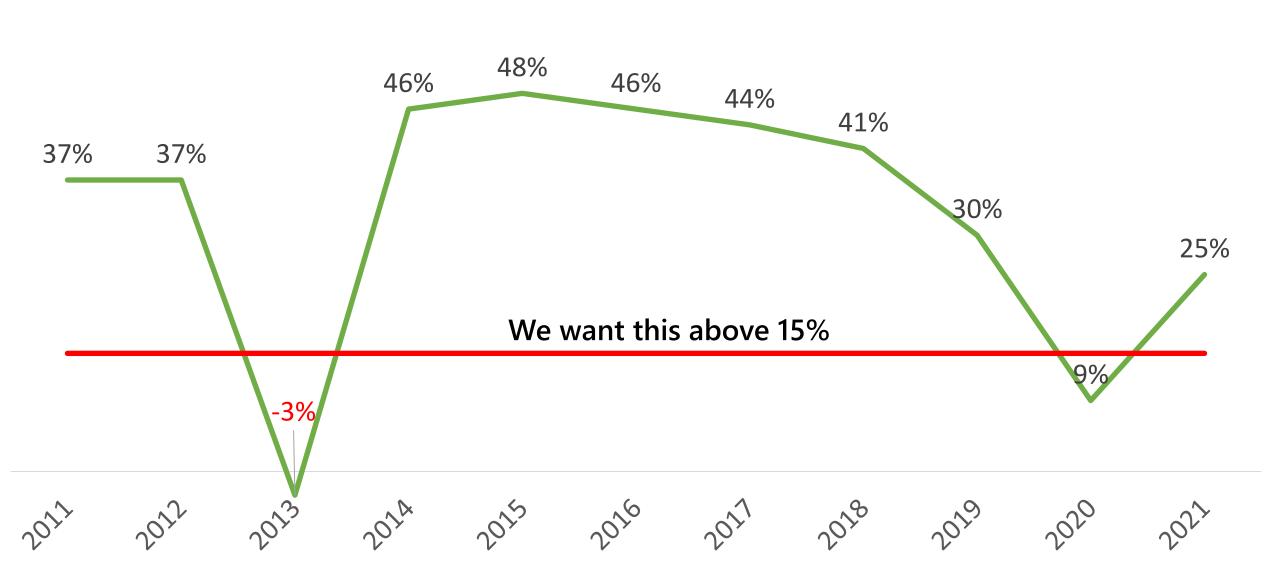
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Interest Expense to Operating Income



Return on Capitol Employed





Earnings per Share





2017 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2027

Obligation Ratio



	\		
/ 1	1	Loke	Debt
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	, ,		
	,		

(+) Short Term Debt

(+) Pensions

(+) Leases x7

(+) Preferred stock

(-) Cash

13,617

999

10,089

6,618

4.3 Years

(÷) Net income

\$4,199



Revenue – 2021



\$29,061M



\$22,528M







Gross Margin – 2021



53.7%



47.8%



28.9%



32.2%





Operating Margin – 2021



16.0%





-36.5%

42.0%



37.2%



Net Margin – 2021



32.3%



27.7%



14.5%





-2.1%



Return on Invested Capital (ROIS) - 2021

14.2%



16.3%



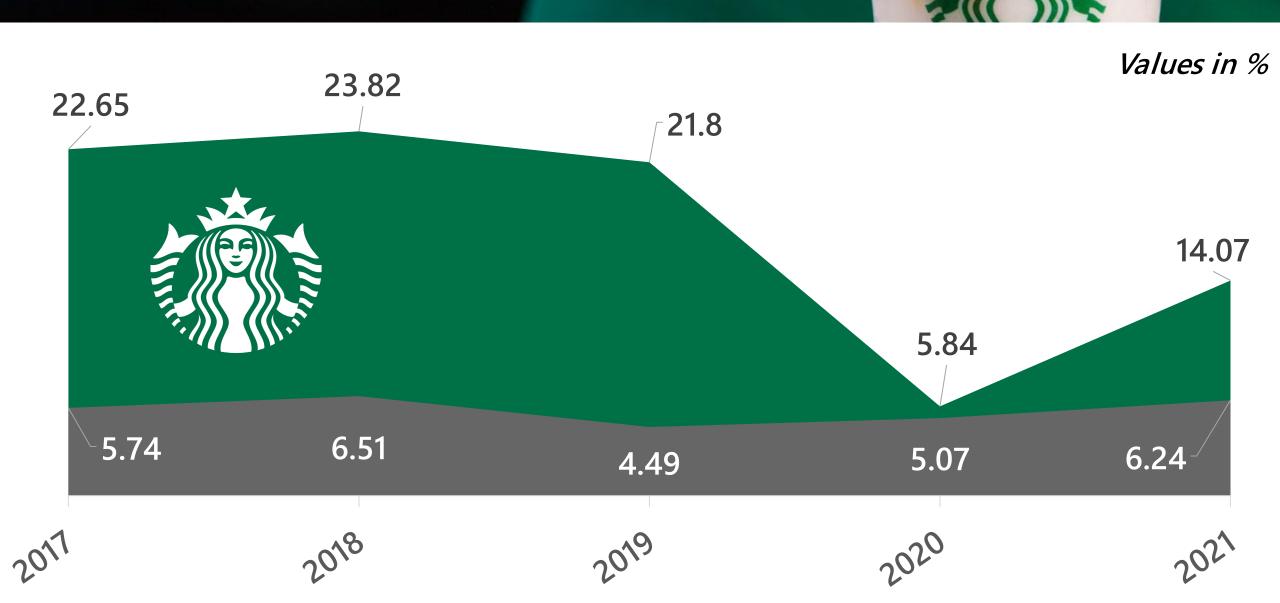
8.3%





-38.3%

ROIC vs. Weighted Avg. Cost of Capital



Comparable Sales Growth - '20 to 21

22.0%



11.5%



12.7%



8.9%



Rewards Members – 2021



24,500,000



15,000,000



16,000,000



3,200,000



Store Count - North America '21

16,826





17,756



9,376



4,641



Store Count - International '21



17,007





20,939









205

Clash of the Titans





33,833 Stores

+2K in 2022







McDonald's 40,754 Stores



Quick-Service Coffee Industry

Quick Service Restaurants

- Highly competitive
- Low barriers to entry
- No switching costs

Common Moats

- Intangible assets
- Scale driven cost advantages



Why Can Starbucks Charge So Much?









Intangible Assets



Pricing Power

- \$7.18 SBUX
- \$4.94 MCD
- \$3.75 Dunkin
- \$2.02 Luckin



Brand Power

- Premium & high-quality coffee
- Service & experience
- Everywhere & Consistant
- Reward members
 - 25M US
 - 17.9M China

Intangible Assets



International Replication

- 17K operated & licensed stores
- 80 global markets

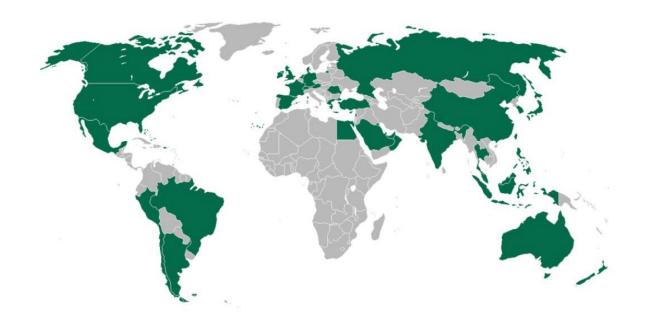
Relationships

- Nestlé 190 country footprint
- PepsiCo vast distribution system
- Alibaba 950M active users (Ele. me delivery)



Cost Advantages

- 33K restaurants worldwide
- Able to buy ingredients and disposables at favorable prices
- Technology yields efficiency
- Spends less as a % of revenue on marketing
 - SBUX 1.1% of sales
 - MCD 4% of sales
 - Dunkin 5% of sales





Growth Opportunities



Top Line Growth Drivers:

- Transaction Volume
- Price Increases
- New Unit Openings

Bottom Line Growth Drivers:

- Improving unit economics
- Increased operating leverage
- Data-driven marketing campaigns

<u>Top Line Results:</u>

- Increased Comparable Store Sales
- Store Count Growth
- Double-digit Annual Revenue Growth

Bottom Line Results:

- Higher operating margins
- Increased Return on Invested Capital



Transaction Volume

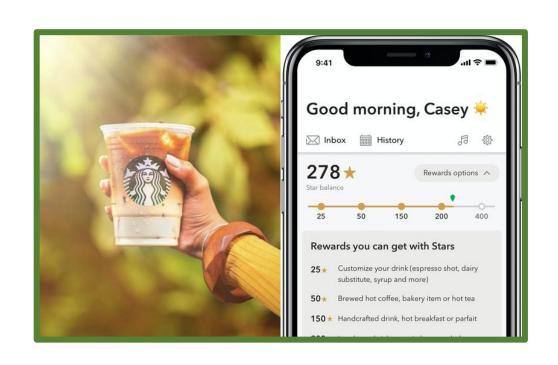


Data Analytics

- Usage of data analytics increases customer loyalty by optimizing menu to generate higher sales
- Targeted promotional activity allows SBUX to drive volumes toward underutilized parts of the day
- Nearly 22 million active loyalty members drive 50% of sales
- Loyalty members spend as much as 3x that of non-loyalty program participants

Omnichannel Offering

 Ability to order online and pick up in store, curbside, or drive-thru generates higher sales



Price Increases

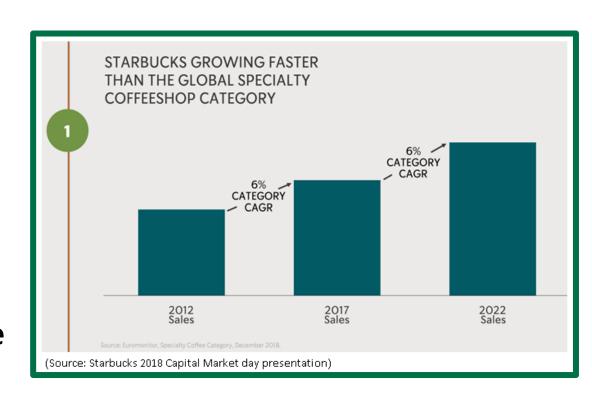


Historical Price Increases

- SBUX has raised prices by 6.8% annually for the last 5 years
- Increasingly specified drinks command a premium from SBUX

Increased Average Ticket

- Avg ticket has grown mid single digits in the past five years
- Consumers are purchasing higher priced drinks



Store Growth

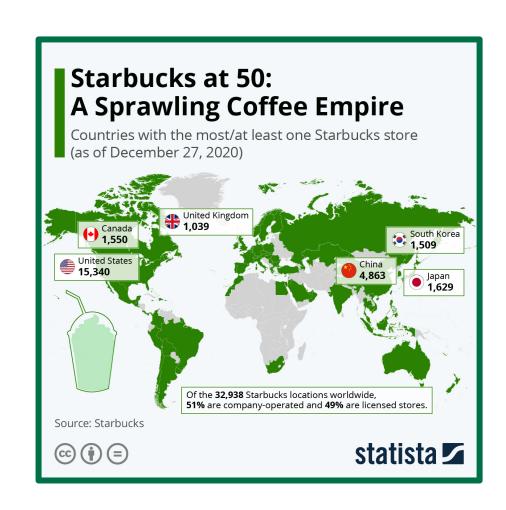


International Unit Expansion

- SBUX has been very successful at replicating stores internationally
- One of the most widely adopted platforms in China and Asia Pacific
- Estimated domestic customer base of 75 million people, implying penetration of 33%
 - China has the fastest growing middle class in the world, which would lead to higher volumes and prices throughout stores

Aggressive Store Building

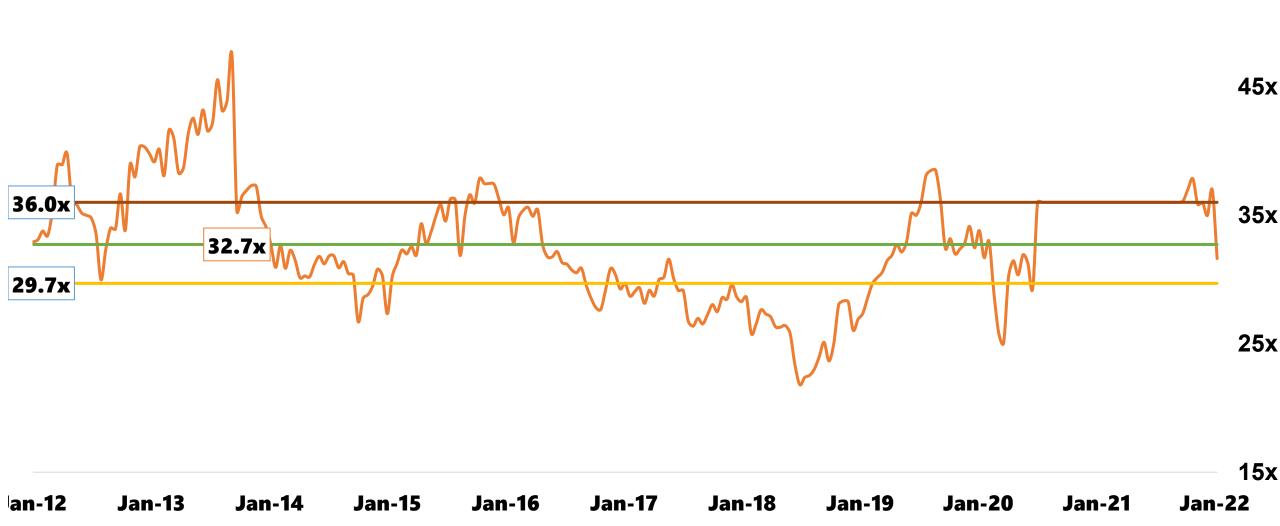
- Store count has grown at an annual rate of 6.5% in the past 10 years
- Management expects that 75% of unit growth will be international and overall store growth will be around 6%





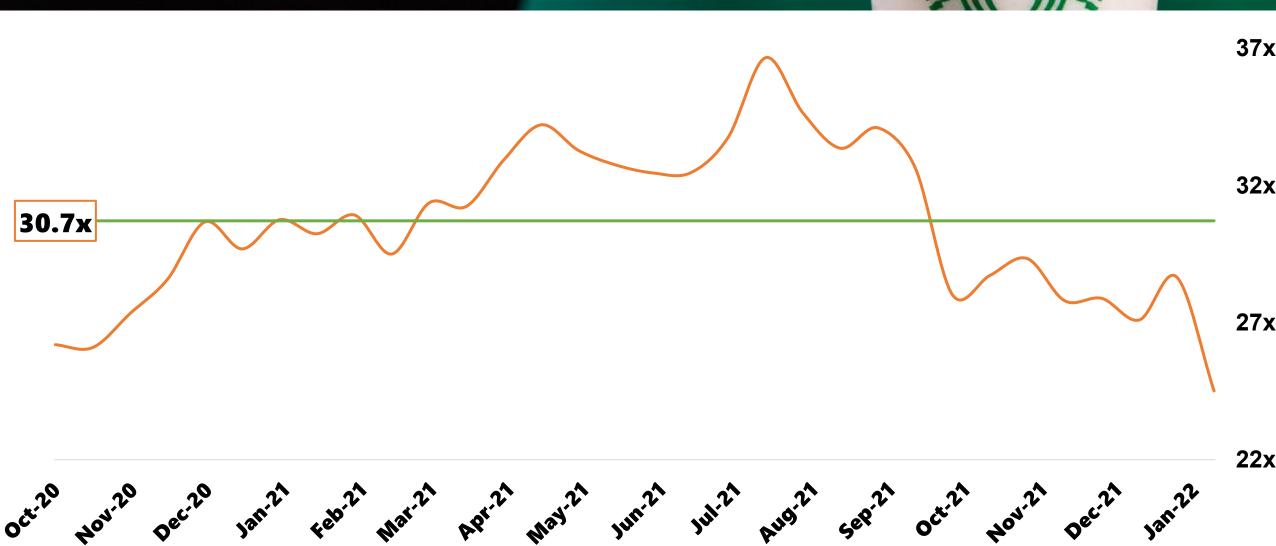
Historical Price/Earnings





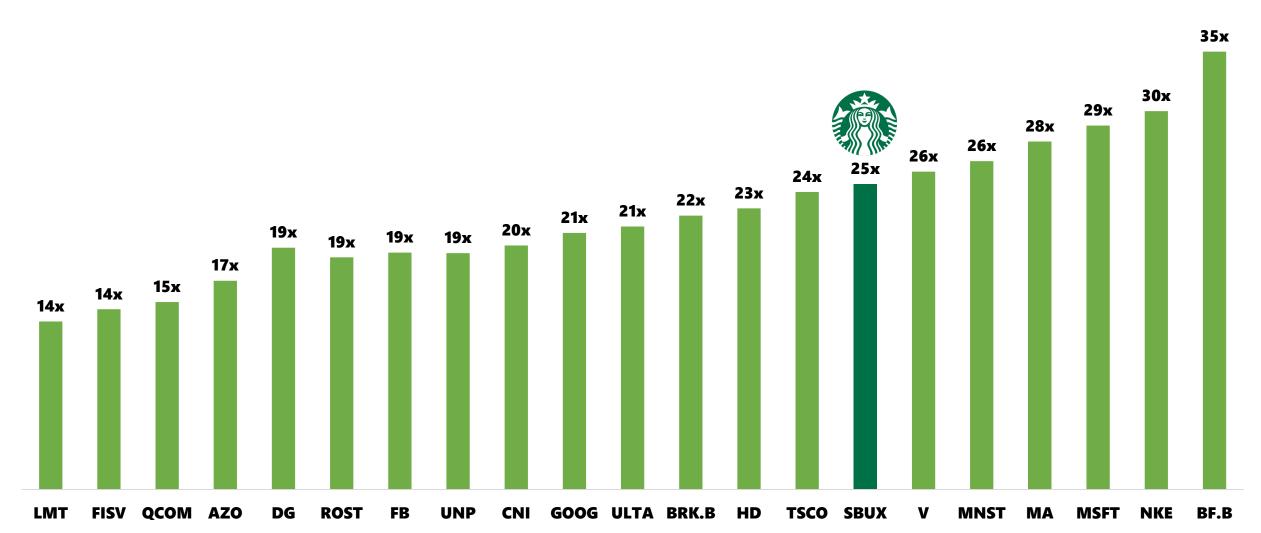
Forward Price/Earnings





Forward P/E vs Portfolio





5 Year Forecast



Base Case Expectations:

FY 2022:

Top Line

- Comp. store sales to be high single digits
- Increased pricing action to offset inflation
- Adding 2000 new stores, representing 6% store growth
 - 75% of these new stores will be outside the US
- Total Revenue Growth of 12%

Bottom Line

- Near term margin pressure from \$1 billion impact in wage hikes
- 17% operating margin



Long-Term: Top Line

- Store growth of 6% annually
- 8-10% annual revenue growth

Bottom Line

- Operating margin between 18%-19%
- \$13.2 billion in buybacks decreasing share count by 10% in the next 3 years

Five-Year EPS Model



Ticker: SBUX

Price:	\$98.05		5 Year	r EPS	Forec	cast		Total				
								P/E	Return Price	PV	5 YR Return	Annual Return
Bear	EPS	<u>Current</u> \$3.24	2021 \$3.34 3%	2022 \$3.70 <i>11%</i>	2023 \$4.11 <i>11%</i>	2024 \$4.56 <i>11%</i>	2025 \$5.07 <i>11%</i>	22.0x 28.0x 34.0x	\$120.45 \$150.85 \$181.25	\$78.29 \$98.04 \$117.80	22.8% 53.9% 84.9%	4.2% 9.0% 13.1%
Base	EPS	<u>Current</u> \$3.24	2021 \$3.43 <i>6%</i>	2022 \$3.88 13%	2023 \$4.39 <i>13%</i>	2024 \$4.96 13%	2025 \$5.60 13%	22.0x 28.0x 34.0x	\$132.19 \$165.79 \$199.39	\$85.92 \$107.75 \$129.59	34.8% 69.1% 103.4%	6.2% 11.1% 15.3%
Bull	EPS	<u>Current</u> \$3.24	2021 \$3.53 9%	2022 \$4.06 <i>15%</i>	2023 \$4.67 <i>15%</i>	2024 \$5.37 <i>15%</i>	2025 \$6.18 <i>15%</i>	22.0x 28.0x 34.0x	\$144.89 \$181.95 \$219.01	\$94.17 \$118.26 \$142.34	47.8% 85.6% 123.4%	8.1% 13.2% 17.4%

Discount rate:

Sensitivity Analysis



Total RoR Sensitivity												
\$3.24		Est. EPS growth rate										
		9%	12%	14%								
ш	22.0x	4.5%	6.4%	8.4%								
P / E	28.0x	9.3%	11.4%	13.4%								
	34.0x	13.4%	15.5%	17.7%								

Conclusion



Investment Need-to-Knows



- Long-term oriented management team
- Healthy financials which were slightly disrupted by the pandemic
- Increasingly stronger competitive advantage
- Plenty of growth opportunities, especially with data analytics usage and international growth prospects
- Valuation Levels Below Historical average

Conclusion



- SBUX is predictable, consistent, and understandable
- Widening moat
- Trading at reasonable levels of valuation

Therefore...

- Recommend to HOLD SBUX
 - Potentially increase our position if stock price keeps dropping



Appendix

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2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	© VALUE LINE PUB. LLC	24-26
4.15	5.15	6.37	7.06	6.58	7.21	7.85	8.87	9.89	10.97	12.90	14.60	15.64	18.88	22.38	20.04	24.63	28.05	Sales per sh A	36.45
.54	.64	.77	.73	.76	1.01	1.14	1.29	1.56	1.85	2.21	2.61	2.81	3.53	4.11	2.40	4.48	4.70	"Cash Flow"per sh	6.75
.31	.37	.44	.36	.40	.64	.76	.90	1.13	1.36	1.58	1.91	2.06	2.42	2.83	1.17	3.24	3.45	Earnings per sh ^{B F}	5.25
					.12	.26	.34	.42	.52	.64	.80	1.00	1.26	1.44	1.64	2.29	1.47	Div'ds Decl'd per sh G	2.60
1.36	1.47	1.55	1.69	2.05	2.48	2.95	3.41	4.11	3.52	3.92	4.03	3.81	.89	d5.26	d6.65	d4.51	d4.30	Book Value per sh	2.65
1534.9	1513.2	1476.6	1471.0	1485.8	1485.2	1489.6	1498.6	1506.4	1499.0	1485.1	1460.5	1431.6	1309.1	1184.6	1173.3	1180.0	1165.0	Common Shs Outst'g C	1125.0
43.2	45.6	36.3	26.4	16.0	18.7	22.8	27.5	26.5	27.9	30.2	30.4	27.7	23.2	26.6	NMF	33.3		Avg Ann'l P/E Ratio	25.0
2.30	2.46	1.93	1.59	1.07	1.19	1.43	1.75	1.49	1.47	1.52	1.60	1.39	1.25	1.42	NMF	1.76		Relative P/E Ratio	1.40
					1.0%	1.5%	1.4%	1.4%	1.4%	1.3%	1.4%	1.8%	2.2%	1.9%	2.0%	2.1%		Avg Ann'l Div'd Yield	2.0%
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Projected EPS Growth

