

Rammstein

Green Bull

Big Chill

Nacho Libre

Cait's Nickname Pending

Current Positions

- Ticker: UL (NYSE)
- Presented in 2021

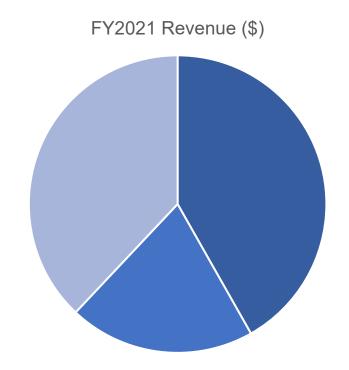
Weight	Quantity	Unit Cost	Total Cost	Price	Market Value
2.74%	700	\$56	\$39,200	\$51.60	\$36,120



How Does UL Make Money?

Owns more than 400 brands in 190 countries Recognizable companies:

- Vaseline
- Dove
- Lipton
- Hellmann's
- Ben & Jerry's



Beauty & Personal Care
Home Care
Foods & Refreshment



Recent News

- Acquisitions:
 - Paula's Choice-cosmetics
 - Onnit- wellness, and lifestyle
 - Agreed to sell tea business to CVC Capital Partners for \$5b on a cashfree, debt-free basis
- Organizational changes:
 - 5 category-focused business groups (add nutrition and ice cream)
- Completed \$3b in share buybacks



Management





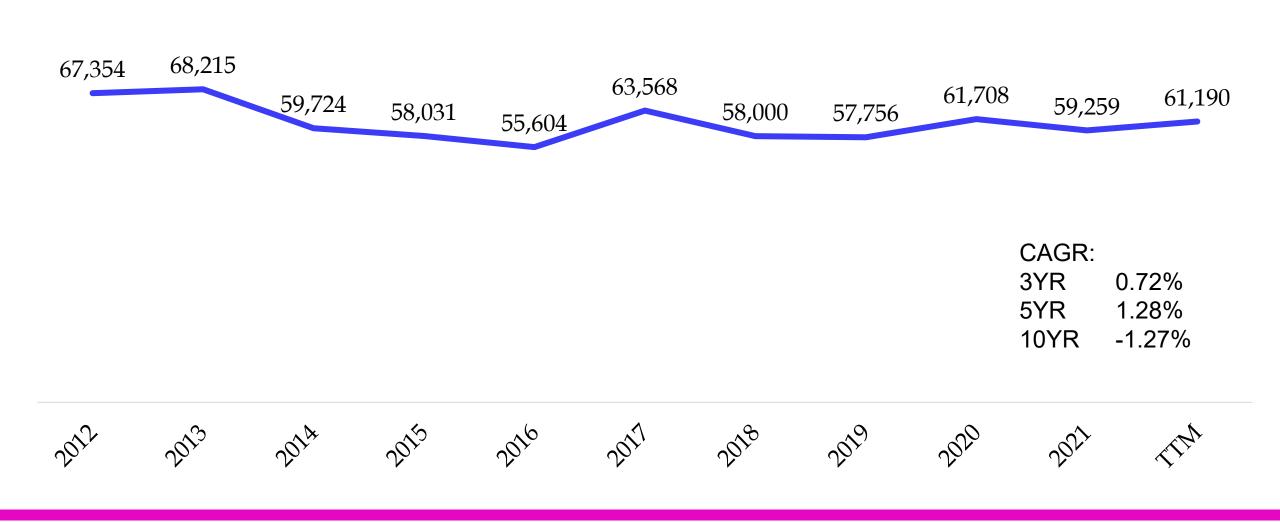




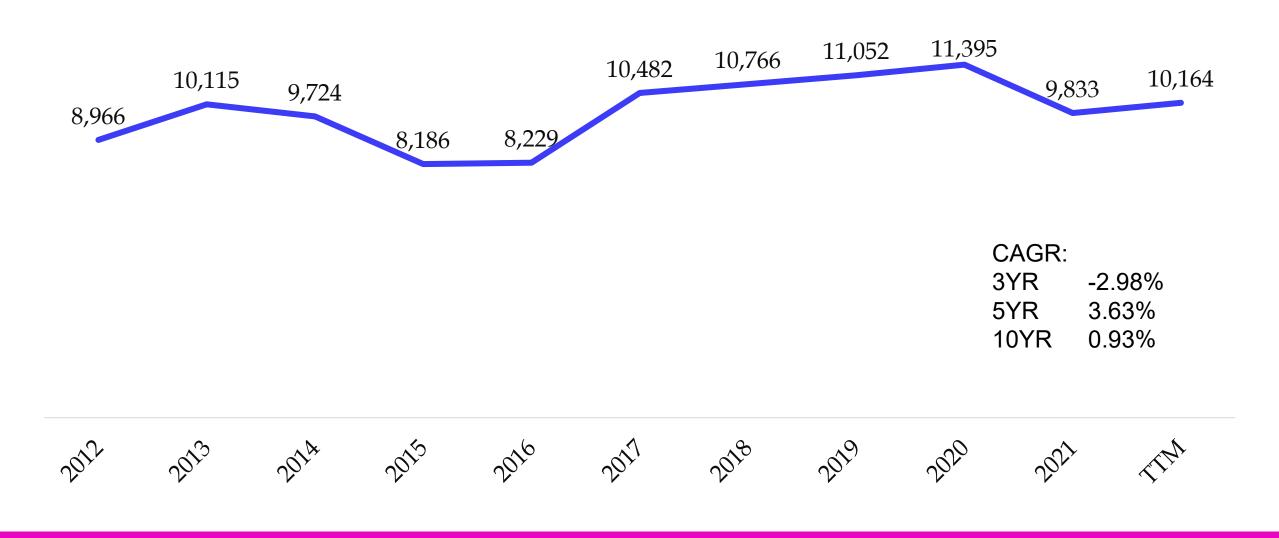
Alan Jope CEO since Jan 2019 With UL since 1984

Graeme Pitkethly CFO since 2014 With UL since 1986 Nitin Paranjpe COO since 2019 With UL since 1986 Sunny Jain Pres. Beauty and Care (2019) UL since 1996

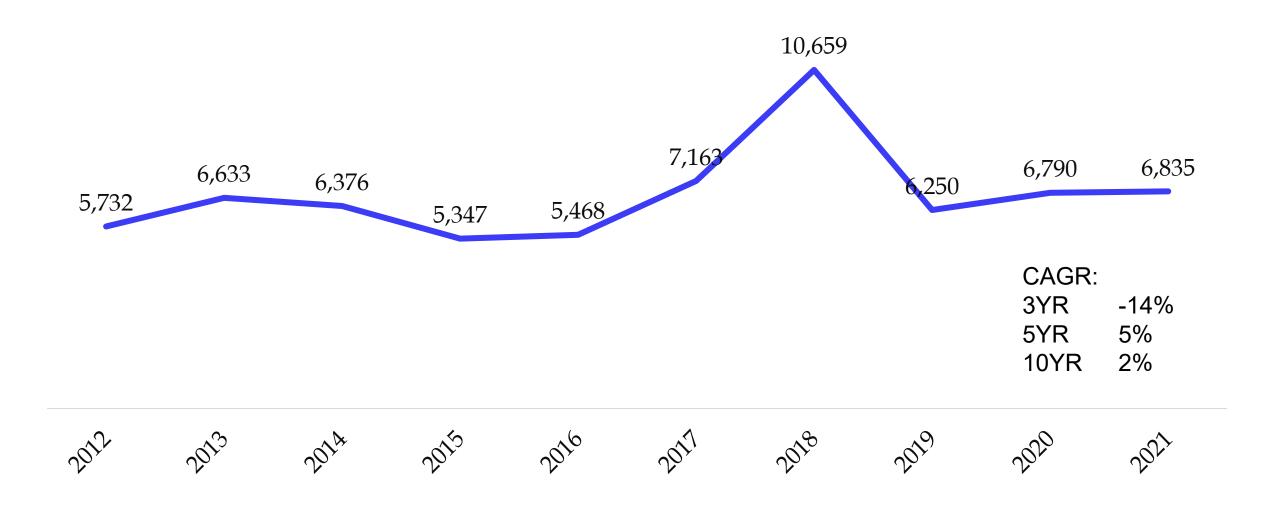




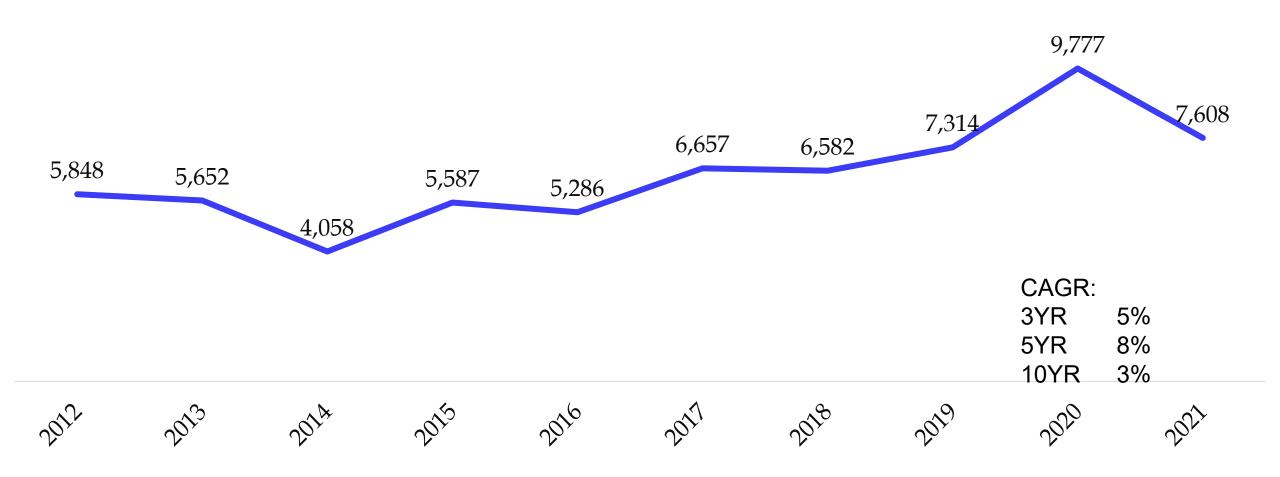
Operating Income



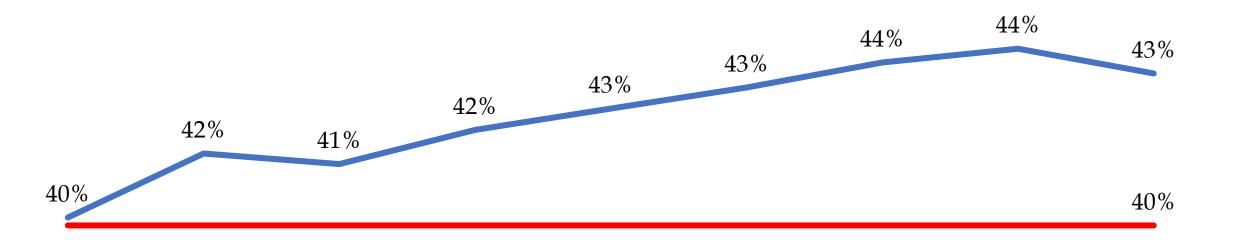
Net Income

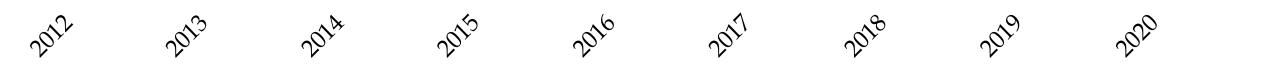


Free Cash Flow (FCF)

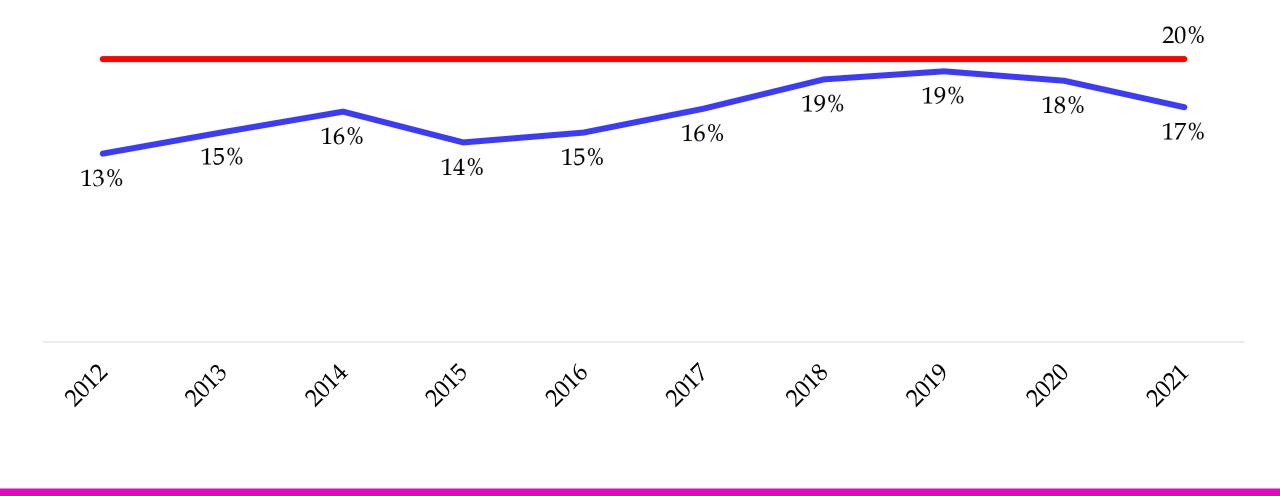


Gross Profit Margin (Above 40%)

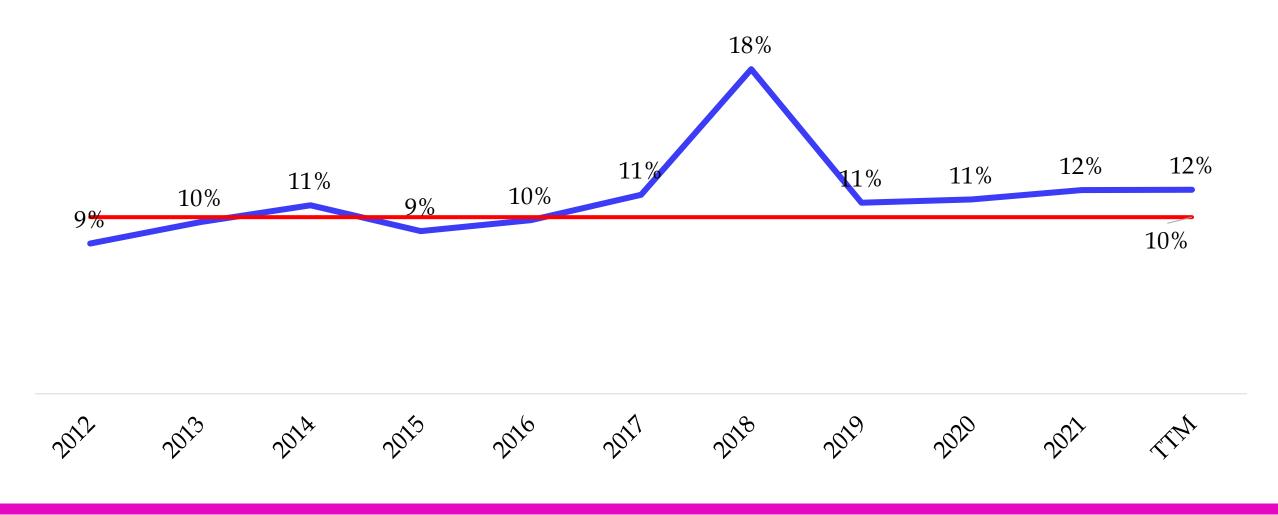




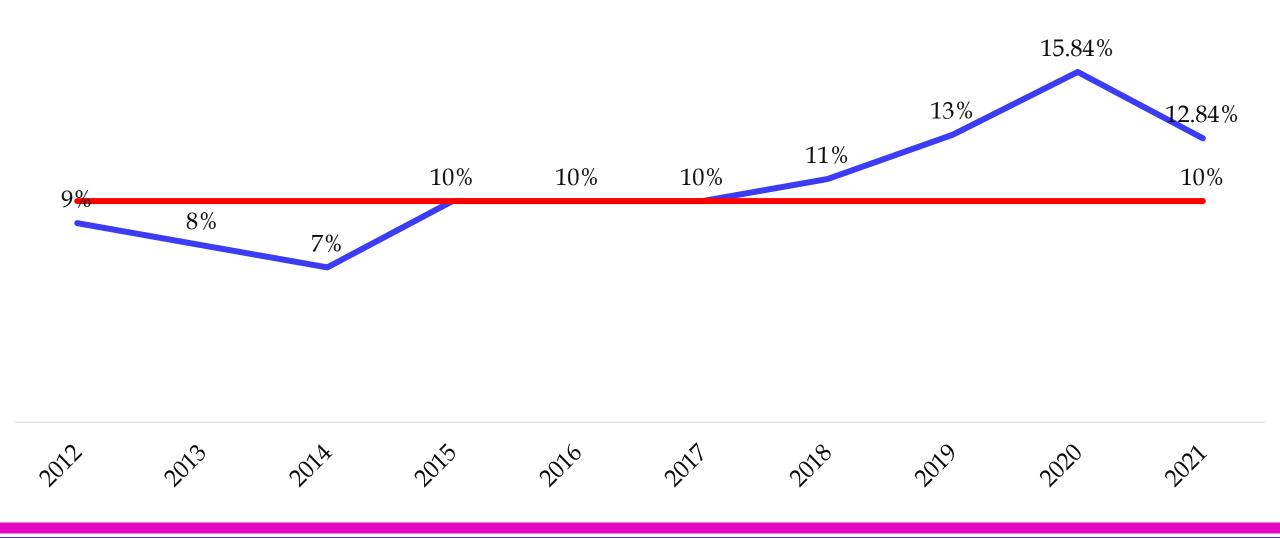
Operating Profit Margin (Above 20%)



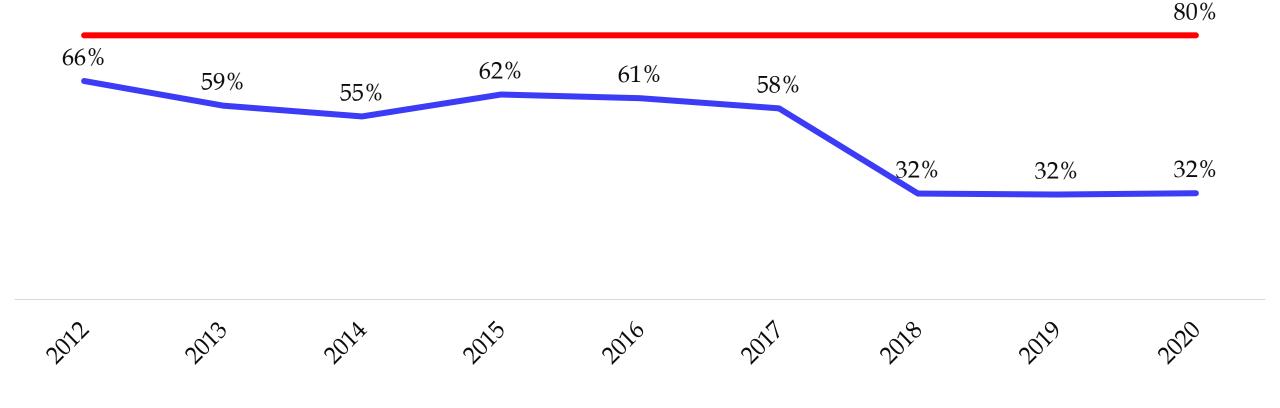
Net Profit Margin (Above 10%)



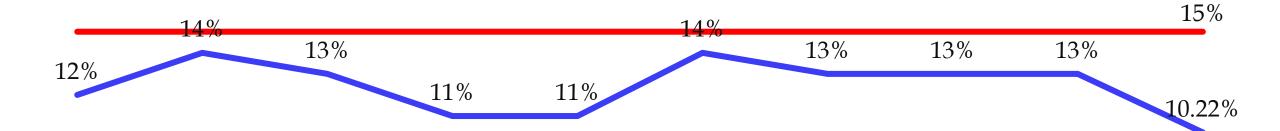
Free Cash Flow Margin (Above 10%)



Selling, General, Admin, Exp to Gross Profit (Below 80%)



Return on Capital Employed (Above 15%)











Thesis

- Unilever is not a compounder
- Support decision to Sell the position
 - Good company, but not by BIC philosophy
 - Wrong Priorities & Poor Responses by Management
 - Competitive Pressures
 - Egregious Opportunity Cost



Is UL a Simple Company to Run?

- Unilever's Has Become Reliant On:
 - Increasing Operational Efficiency
 - Company Restructuring
 - Disposal of Brands in Low Margin Industries
 - Acquiring Brands in More Profitable Sectors
- No, this is *not a simple company to run*. The managers have to be financial engineers for the company to succeed.



Poor Capital Allocation

- GSK Acquisition UL attempted to acquire GSK's consumer healthcare for 50 billion pounds (\$68 billion) in cash.
- With roughly \$4 billion in cash on the balance sheet, in order to make the deal work, Unilever would likely have had to:
 - Sell multiple businesses that it currently owns
 - Take on a significant amount of debt.
 - Issue more shares



Obligation Ratio (Before GSK)

(+) ST Debt	\$8,195
(+) LT Debt	\$25,856
(+) Leases*7	\$13,044
(+) Pension Shortfall	\$0
(+) Preferred Stock	\$0
(-) Cash	\$3,859
Net Income	\$6,835

Obligation Ratio = 6.33 Years



If GSK Deal Was Approved...

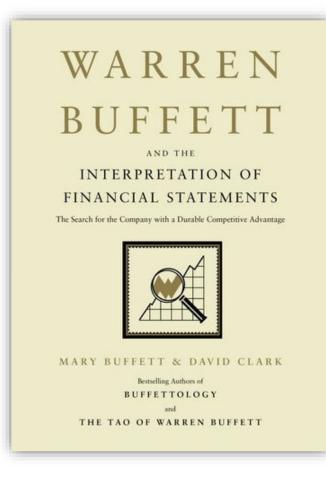
(+) ST Debt	\$8,195
(+) LT Debt	<mark>\$93,856</mark>
(+) Leases*7	\$13,044
(+) Pension Shortfall	\$0
(+) Preferred Stock	\$0
(-) Cash	\$3,859
Net Income	\$6,835

Obligation Ratio = 16.27 Years



What's the Point?

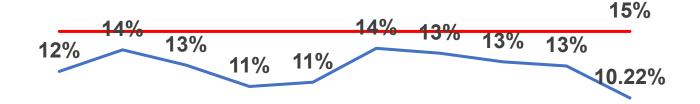
- Unilever purchased to increase cashflow
 - Goal is to MAX rate of return, not provide fixed income.





Unilever's Return on Invested Capital

• Unilever is capitalintensive



• Fails Return on Invested Capital (ROIC) of 15%

2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021



Buffettology 101

"The best business is one that can employ large amounts of incremental capital at very high rates of returns for an extended period of time."





Return on Incremental Invested Capital

How much money can Unilever generate moving forward **on future** capital investments?

- -26% Reinvestment Rate (RI)
 - Giving away \$1.26 for every \$1 earned
- -9% Return on Incremental Invested Capital (ROIIC)
- ROIIC * RI = <mark>2%</mark>

Translation?



Return on Incremental Invested Capital

- -26% Reinvestment Rate (RI)
- -9% Return on Incremental Invested Capital (ROIIC)
- ROIIC * RI = <mark>2%</mark>

Translation?

If Unilever retains -26% of capital, Reinvests that capital at -9%, Expect the company to grow at 2%



Poor Response to Weak Performance

- Two Primary Responses:
 - ESG Initiatives
 - Gin Rummy Tactics



Wrong Priorities – ESG

• Dove

- Make a positive experience of beauty accessible to all women
- Ben & Jerry's Ice Cream
 - Advancing human rights, supporting social justice for marginalized communities and protecting the Earth's natural systems
- Hellmann's Mayonnaise
 - Help reduce the vast amount of food wasted every year



Changing Logos



(This is not real)



Wrong Priorities – Gin Rummy Tactics

- Gin Rummy M&A
 - Doesn't work? Burn it.
- Why not Focus on improving Operations?
- P&G Beauty Trial
 - (Didn't go as planned)





Beauty and Personal Care

- 5-years beauty and personal care accounted for a higher portion of revenues
- Higher margin business
- Unilever is switching their priority to health and beauty

	% of sales	% of sales	
Segment	2016	2021	Operating Margin
Beauty & Personal Care	38%	41%	20.40%
Food & Refreshment	42%	38%	14.70%
Home Care	18%	20%	12.20%



Private Labels

- Private labels account for nearly \$109 B in revenue annually
- Limited shelf space









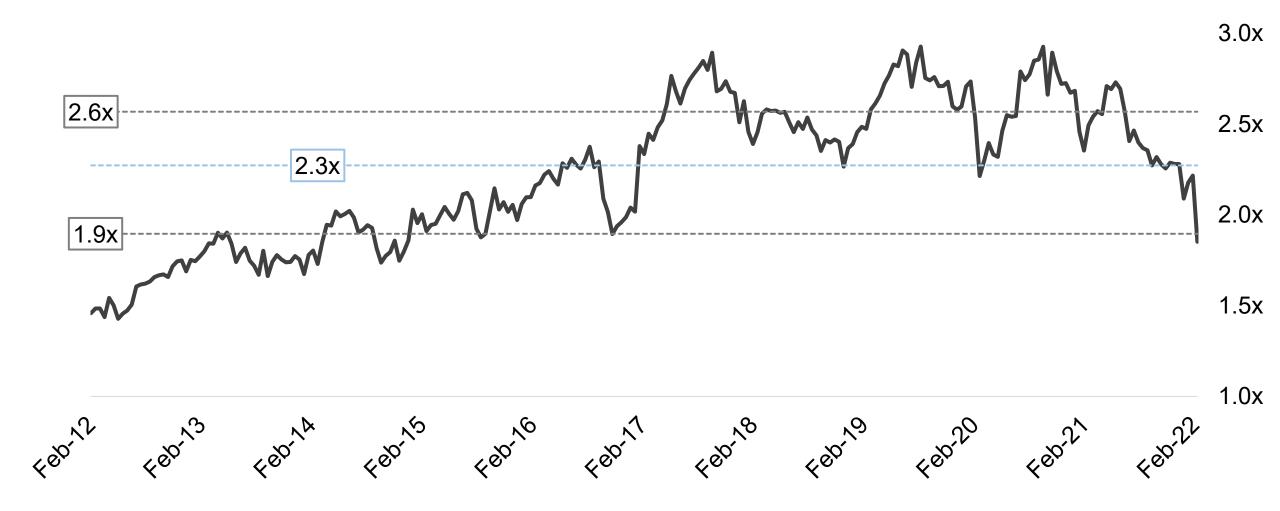
Minimal Switching Costs

- Why isn't Unilever out pricing its competitors?
- Customers can buy whatever they want, whenever they want
- T.I.A

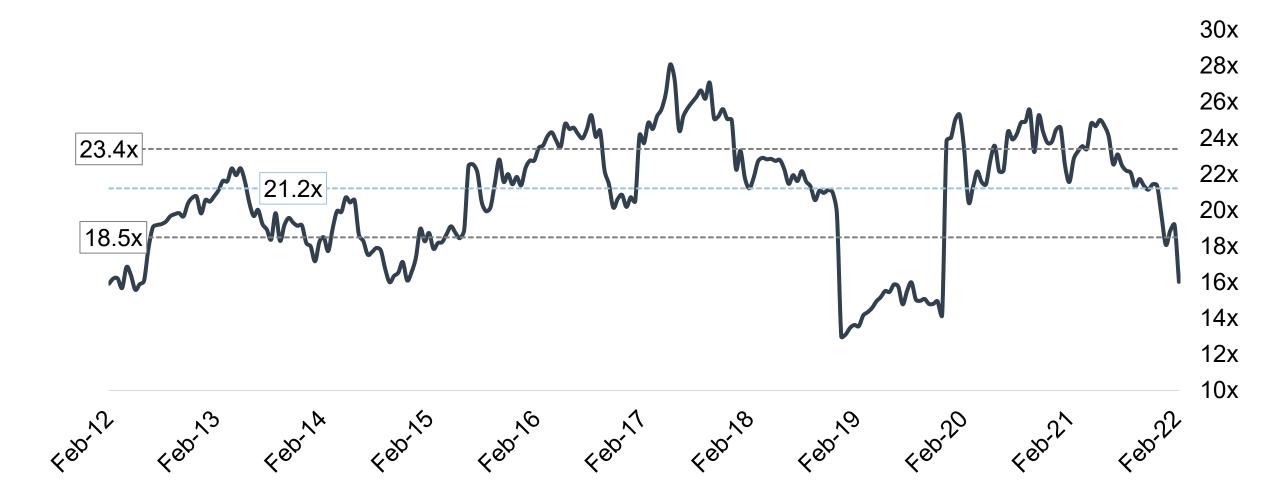




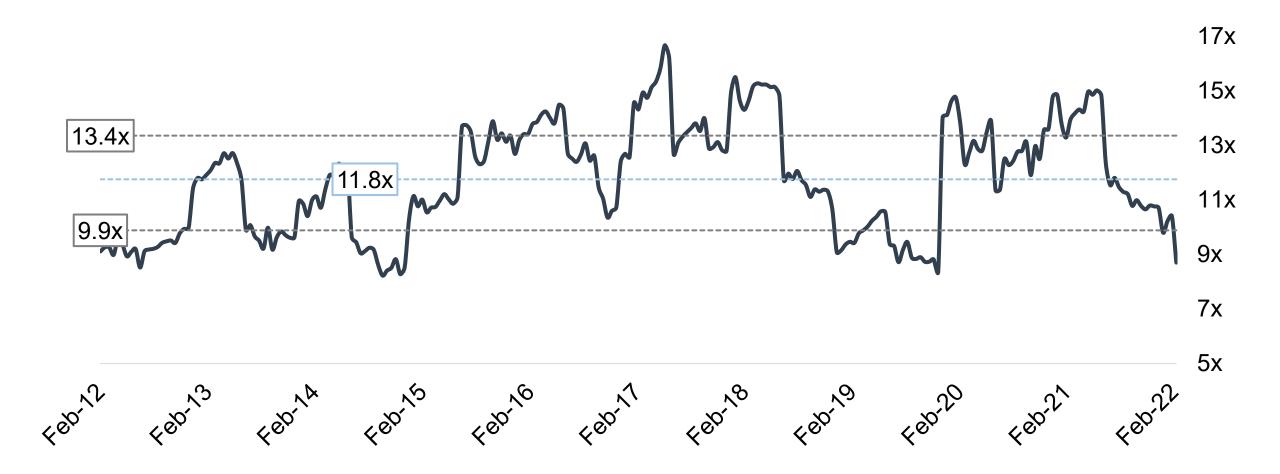
Price to Sales



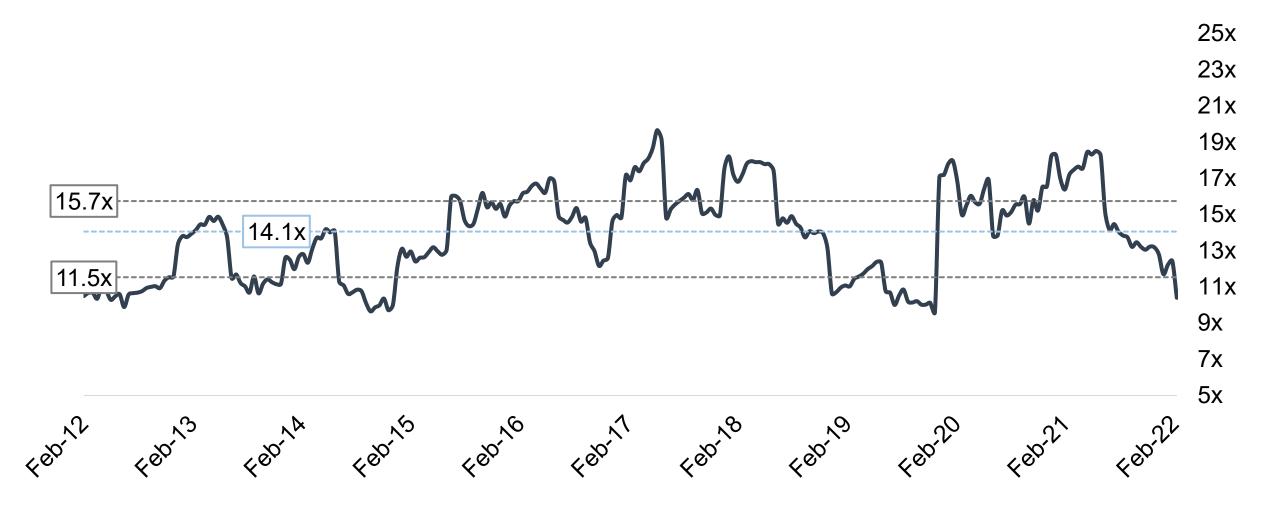
Price to Earnings



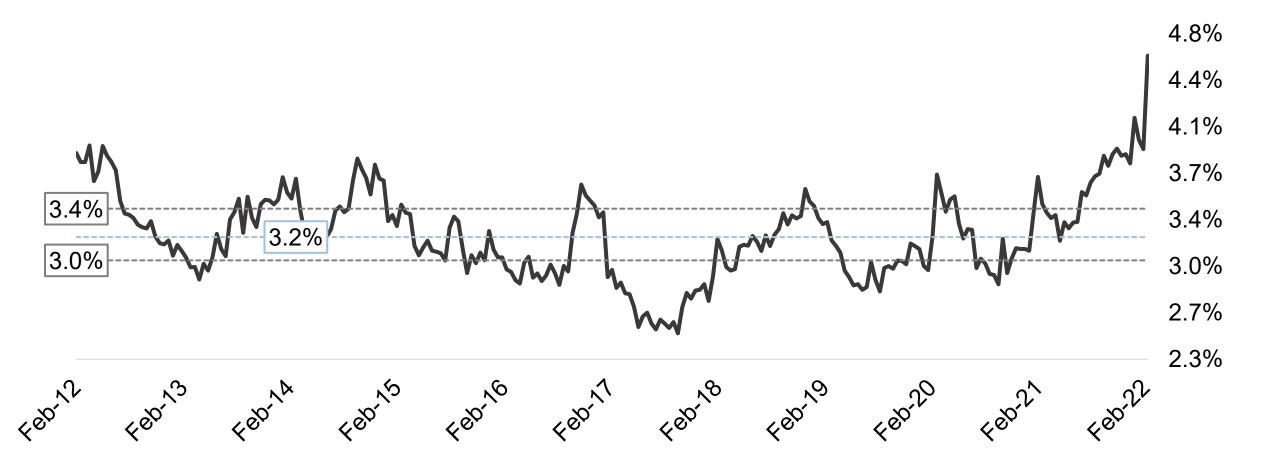
EV to EBITDA



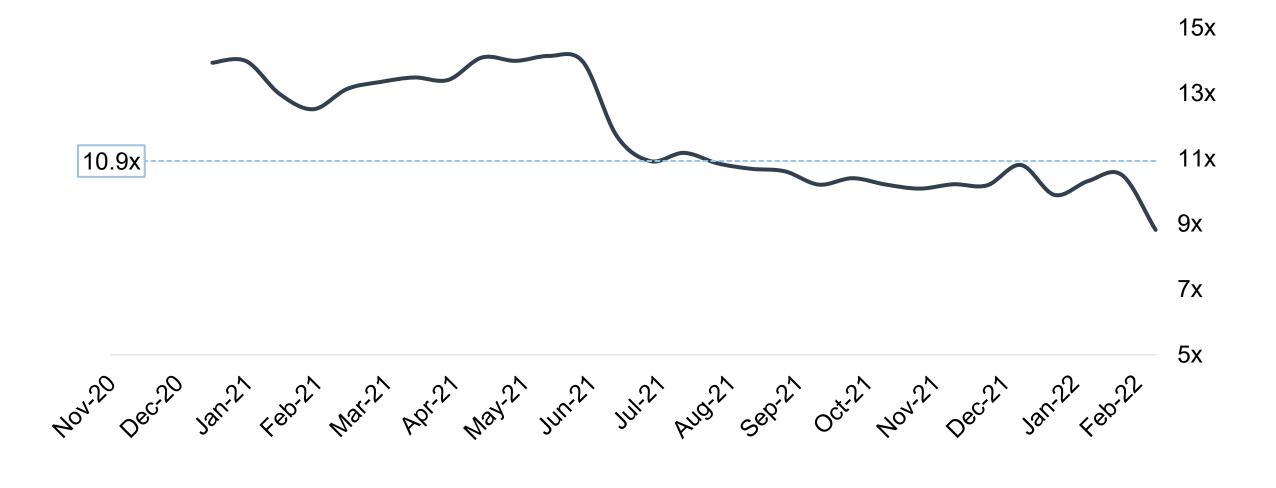
EV to EBIT



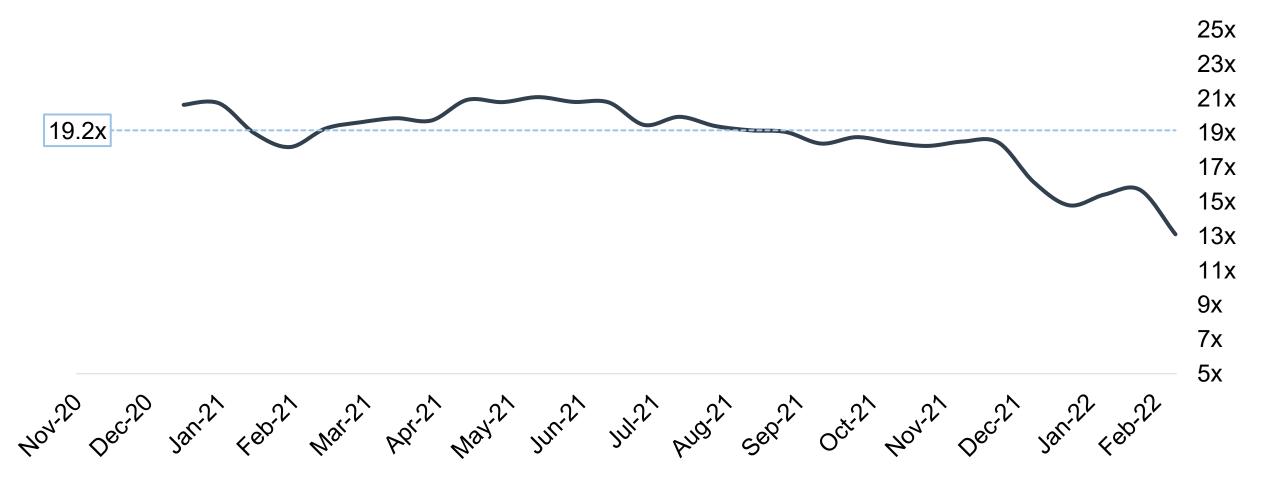
Dividend Yield



Forward EV to EBIT



Forward Price to Earnings



2021 Presentation

	Bear	Base	Bull
FCF per share	\$3.72	\$3.72	\$3.72
Growth Rates	4%	6%	9%



Read the Accounts

	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Non-GAAP EPS								
Diluted EPS	\$2.21	\$1.87	\$1.92	\$2.54	\$3.96	\$2.38	\$2.58	\$2.62
FCFPS	\$1.41	\$1.96	\$1.85	\$2.37	\$2.44	\$2.79	\$3.72	\$2.92



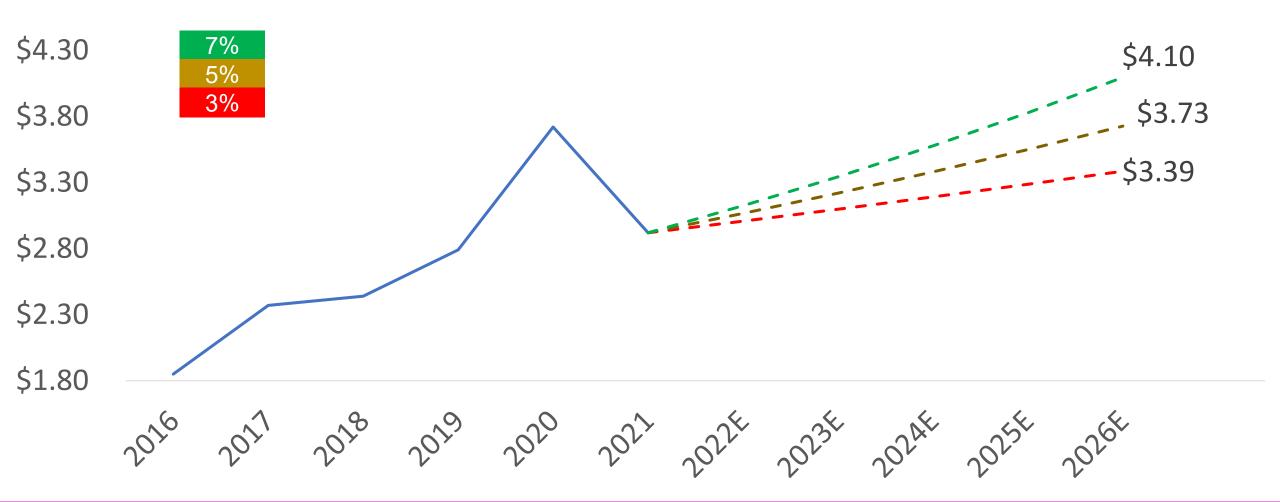
Expected Growth

	Years	Growth Rate
EPS Value Line	5-years	7.7%
EPS Y-Charts	Long-Term	3.4%-6%
Revenue Value Line	5-years	3.2%
Revenue Morningstar	5-years	3.4%
Revenue Management	1-year	4.5%-6.5%

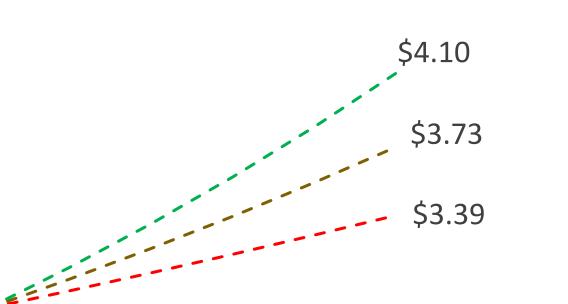
*Value Line 2021-2026 CAGR



FCF Valuation Model



FCF Valuation Model

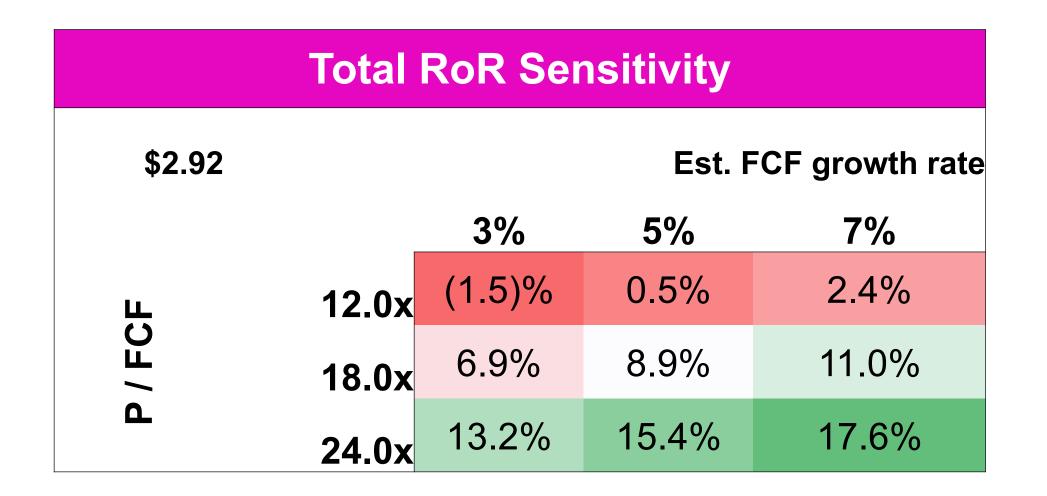


	P/FCF		Average Future Price	Expected Annualized ROR
	12x		\$73.72	6.9%
X	18x	=	\$67.08	8.9%
	24x		\$60.93	11%

Current Price: \$43.7



Sensitivity Analysis With Dividend





- Although UL appears cheap
- Thesis has changed
- Slower growth
- Management questionable decisions
- Opportunity cost





- 10-years
- Left on an island
- What would you own?
- Widest moat
- Highest quality
- Strong expected ROR



should've



	PEG	Expected ROR	Gross Margin	FCF Margin	ROCE	ROIIC	Value of Compounding Rate	10-year CAGR of Stock
Unilever	3.6	8.9%	43%	12.8%	18.7%	-9%	2%	2%
S&P Global	2.15	10%	73.5%	42.9%	42.5%	126%	16%	22%
Adobe [®]	2.62	15.7%	88.2%	43.6%	28.8%	179%	19%	29%
Google	1.8	16.1%	56.9%	26%	32.3%	37%	24%	25%

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Conclusion

- Good company
- Not a top 10 idea
- Opportunity cost
- Not maximizing rate of return

- Recommendation
- 700 shares
- Write 7 calls
- Be patient, collect dividends & premiums





Isn't a compounder, It's a bond where we inherit all the risk.

Appendix

Read the Accounts

	2019	2020	2021
Net Income	\$6,696	\$7,388	\$7,481
Depreciation and Amortization	\$2,202	\$2,455	\$1,992
Change in Receivables	-\$494	\$1,369	-
Change in Inventory	\$348	-\$714	-
Change in Other Working Capital	\$137	\$173	-
Change in Working Capital	-\$10	\$827	-\$53
Deferred Tax	\$2,514	\$2,339	\$2,186
Stock-Based Compensation	\$168	\$131	\$182
Cash Flow from Others	-\$2,560	-\$2,122	-\$2,781
Cash Flow from Operations	\$9,010	\$11,019	\$9,008
Adjusted		\$9,650	



ROIIC

Return on Incremental Invested Capital					
Ticker	UL				
\$ in millions	2012-12-31	2021-12-31	Δ		
Net Income	\$5,616	\$7,157	\$1,541		
Equity	\$20,356	\$19,369			
Debt & Capital Lease Obligations	\$12,994	\$0			
Less Goodwill	\$19,334	\$23,018			
Total Capital Invested	\$14,016	-\$3,649	-\$17,665		
Cumulative 10 Year Earnings	\$67,854				
Incremental Capital Invested	-\$17,665				
Cumulative 10 Year Divideneds	\$43,515				
Cumulative 10 Year Buybacks	\$18,235				
Reinvestment Rate	-26%				
Return on Incremental Capital Investments	-9%				
Value Compounding Rate of the Company	2%				
10 Year CAGR of stock	2%				

