FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

As of and for the Year Ended April 30, 2019

ST. CHARLES, ILLINOIS

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT



### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Members of the Board of Directors Tri-Com Central Dispatch St. Charles, Illinois

### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Tri-Com Central Dispatch (Tri-Com) as of and for the year ended April 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Tri-Com's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to Tri-Com's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Tri-Com's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Tri-Com as of April 30, 2019, and the changes in financial position and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

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To the Members of the Board of Directors Tri-Com Central Dispatch

### Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1, Tri-Com Central Dispatch adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, effective May 1, 2018. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

#### Other Matters

### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The supplementary information as listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Oak Brook, Illinois October 11, 2019

Baker Tilly Virchaw & rause, LP

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

### April 30, 2019

Management's Discussion and Analysis is a required supplementary element of the reporting model adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in its Statement No. 34. The purpose is to provide an overview of the financial activities of Tri-Com Central Dispatch (Tri-Com) based on currently known facts, decisions or conditions.

#### **General Information**

#### Tri-Com

Tri-Com was formed in 1976 by an intergovernmental agreement entered into by the cities of St Charles, Geneva and Batavia to provide emergency communications services to various police, fire, and emergency medical services departments. Tri-Com serves 12 agencies covering approximately 200,000 residents within Kane County. The constituency is predominantly residential composed of single-family, high-rise and multifamily units, but also includes commercial and industrial businesses and corporate headquarters.

Tri-Com is the Communication Center for Mutual Aid Box Alarm System (MABAS) Division 13 serving 13 fire departments. The Center's impact extends across the state by serving as a member of the Illinois Telecommunicator Emergency Response Team (IL-TERT). Tri-Com is also a 9-1-1 Call Center partner for The National Center for Missing & Exploited Children (NCMEC).

Whenever a citizen needs a police officer, firefighter or paramedic, Tri-Com receives the request through the 9-1-1 network. The System averages over 130,000 inbound/outbound calls annually. The 9-1-1 telephone system is integrated with a Computer Aided Dispatch (CAD) System used to track police and fire department responses and activity. The System dispatches over 94,000 police and fire calls for service annually. The system manages a conventional radio system and mobile data computer system covering 200 square miles.

### **Financial Highlights**

- Assets and deferred outflows of resources of Tri-Com exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows off resources by \$5,271,740 (net position) at the close of the fiscal year April 30, 2019. Of this amount, \$788,967 is unrestricted and available to meet ongoing and future obligations of Tri-Com.
- Net investment in capital assets increased from \$3,801,279 to \$4,482,773.
- Net Position increased \$382,174 from the previous year as discussed in the net position section on page MD&A 4.

### Financial Analysis of Tri-Com Central Dispatch as a Whole

Total Liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of \$4,321,858 includes accounts payable, accrued payroll, net pension liability and compensated absences payable. Total assets of \$8,554,439 include current assets of \$4,071,666, which includes cash and cash equivalents, certificates of deposit and other investments and accrued interest receivable while capital assets are \$4,482,773.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

April 30, 2019

# STATEMENT OF NET POSITION April 30, 2018 and 2019

	 2018*	_	2019
Current Assets	\$ 3,094,073		\$ 4,071,666
Capital Assets	 3,801,279	_	4,482,773
Total assets	6,895,352		8,554,439
Pension/OPEB Items	65,902	_	1,039,159
Total deferred outflows of resources	65,902		1,039,159
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	6,961,254		9,593,598
Current Liabilities	524,547		953,565
Non-current Labilities	371,904		3,210,054
Total liabilities	896,451	_	4,163,619
Pension/OPEB Items	751,420	_	158,239
Total deferred inflows of resources	751,420	· -	158,239
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	1,647,871		4,321,858
Net Position			
Net investment in capital assets	3,801,279		4,482,773
Unrestricted	1,512,104	_	788,967
	\$ 5,313,383		\$ 5,271,740

<sup>\*2018</sup> information has not been updated for the implementation of GASB Statement No. 75 in fiscal year 2019.

The following table summarizes the changes in Tri-Com's total net position for the fiscal years ending April 30, 2018 and 2019. The data provided below is presented on the accrual basis of accounting.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

April 30, 2019

### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION April 30, 2018 and 2019

	2018*	2019
Operating Poyonus		
Operating Revenue Wireless 911	\$1,602,719	\$2,566,187
Dispatch services	2,157,111	2,030,484
Reimbursed expenditures	2,157,111 4,701	2,030,464 4,441
Miscellaneous	54,909	47,685
Miscellarieous	54,909	47,000
Total Operating Revenues	3,279,440	4,648,797
Operating Expenses		
Administration	489,451	926,540
Operations	2,659,167	3,047,991
Total Operating Expenses excluding	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
depreciation	3,148,618	3,974,531
a oproblation	0,110,010	0,01 1,001
Operating Income Before Depreciation	130,822	674,266
Depreciation	132.742	318,506
Operating Income (Loss)	(1,920)	(355,760)
Non energing Devenues (Eypeness)		
Non-operating Revenues (Expenses) Investment income	22,103	48,918
	22,103	•
Interest and fiscal charges	<del>-</del>	(22,504)
Total Non-operating Revenues (Expenses)	22,103	26,414
Change in Net Position	20,183	382,174
Net Position, May 1	5,293,200	4,889,566
Not Decition April 20th	<b>የ</b> ፍ 242 202	ΦE 274 740
Net Position April 30th	\$5,313,383	\$5,271,740

<sup>\*2018</sup> information has not been updated for the implementation of GASB Statement No. 75 in fiscal year 2019.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

April 30, 2019

#### Revenue

Tri-Com has two primary sources of revenue: wireless surcharge (pass-through) revenue and dispatch fees. The dispatch services revenue derives from an assessment charged to the agencies receiving dispatch services generating \$2,030,484 of revenues. This revenue source is calculated based on the number of Calls for Service (CFS) processed annually for each member agency.

911 Wireless fees decreased to \$2,566,187 due an incorrect calculation of 911 fees. In December of 2017, the City of Aurora transferred from Kane County ETSB to Naperville ETSB. The required paperwork as incomplete which inadvertently over allocated funds to the Kane County ETSB. The estimated overpayment, which Tri-Com is reasonably required to repay, is approximately \$285,000.

Tri-Com receives 100% of wireless telephone surcharges imposed on subscriber's bills or collected from member communities along with remittances from Voice over Internet Protocol (VoIP) subscribers and pay as you go phones. Kane County ETSB collects wire and wireless surcharges. Effective January 1, 2018, The Illinois General Assembly enacted a Wireless 9-1-1 Surcharge in the amount of \$1.50 per wireless network connection, an increase from \$.75 or 100% from the prior year. The wireless surcharge is dispersed to each PSAP based on the PSAP's share of the network hardline connections.

### **Expenses**

Salaries and wages, group insurance and other benefits comprise the largest single expense at \$2,835,214 or 57% of operating expenses. Total personnel expenditures increased by 8.7% compared to the final budget due to an increase in overtime because of high staff turnover. Tri-Com's 17 full-time Telecommunicators are supported by 3 Shift Supervisors, 1 Administrative Assistant, 1 CAD Administrator, 1 IT Manager, 1 Training Coordinator, 1 GIS Coordinator a Deputy Director and an Executive Director.

### Variations between Original and Final Budgets

There was one budget amendment for \$1,887,430 in fiscal year 2019 for the purchase and related lease of StarCom equipment. The StarCom project is an upgrade to the radios and related systems used by dispatchers to communicate to the public safety employees.

#### **Net Position**

Net position began the year at \$4,889,566 and ended at \$5,271,740 an increase of \$382,174. The beginning net position was restated from fiscal year 2018 (\$423,817) from \$5,313,383.

### **Capital Assets**

There is one addition to capital assets during the fiscal year, \$1,000,00 for the StarCom equipment which is in progress and is scheduled to be completed in fiscal year 2020. Additional information on Tri-Com's capital assets can be found in Note 3 on pages 12 of this report.

### **Long-term Debt**

At the end of the current fiscal year, Tri-Com had \$3,553,199 in long-term debt outstanding. Long-term debt is comprised of a lease, compensated absences and the net pension liability for IMRF. In FY 2019, Tri-Com entered into a lease to finance approximately two-thirds the StarCom project. Additional information on Tri-Com's long-term debt can be found in Note 4 on page 12 of this report.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

April 30, 2019

#### **Economic Conditions**

Tri-Com revenues dispatch fees and 911 surcharges, remains unaffected by short-term economic conditions. The economy does not have an impact on its revenue stream from member communities, nor their ability to define and pay the budgeted dispatch fees. Tri-Com relies on dispatch fees from members as defined by the intergovernmental agreement.

Tri-Com Central Dispatch operates primarily on wireline and wireless surcharge funds that remain consistent regardless of short-term economic conditions. The number of wireline network connections has consistently decreased as the market shifts to the use of wireless and VoIP. Tri-Com receives surcharge funds from VoIP providers. Tri-Com cannot increase the amount of the wireline surcharge without voter approval. The wireless surcharge amount is determined by state legislation.

However, Tri-Com is directly affected by changes in telecommunications technology.

### **Contacting Tri-Com's Administration**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Tri-Com's finances, comply with finance related laws and regulations, and demonstrate Tri-Com's commitment to public accountability. Questions about this report or requests for additional information should be sent to:

Executive Director Tri-Com Central Dispatch 3823 Karl Madsen Drive St Charles, II 60175

### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AS OF APRIL 30, 2019

CURRENT ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,623,012
Accounts receivable	Ψ	209,520
Accrued interest receivable		6,118
Prepaid expenses		890,542
Due from other governmental units		342,474
Due nom other governmental units		042,474
Total current assets		4,071,666
NONCURRENT ASSETS		
Capital assets not being depreciated		1,000,000
Capital assets being depreciated		7,771,489
Less: Accumulated depreciation		(4,288,716)
Total noncurrent assets		4,482,773
Total assets		8,554,439
		0,001,100
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred outflows related to pensions		1,027,759
Deferred outflows related to OPEB		11,400
Total deferred outflows of resources		1,039,159
CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable		349,736
Accrued payroll		63,762
Accrued interest payable		22,504
Unearned revenue		174,418
Leases payable		112,468
Compensated absences payable		230,677
T 4-1 4 P 1 997		050 505
Total current liabilities		953,565
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES		
Compensated absences payable		199,202
Leases payable		774,961
Net pension liability		1,761,407
Total OPEB liability		474,484
Total noncurrent liabilities		3,210,054
Total liabilities		4,163,619
Total habilities	-	1,100,010
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred inflows related to pensions		158,239
Deletion inflower leadest to periodelle		100,200
Total deferred inflows of resources		158,239
NET POSITION		
NET POSITION  Net investment in capital assets		A AQQ 779
Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted net position		4,482,773 788,967
Offication for position		100,301
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	5,271,740

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2019

OPERATING REVENUES Wireless 911 Dispatch services Reimbursed expenses Miscellaneous	\$ 2,566,187 2,030,484 4,441 47,685
Total operating revenues	 4,648,797
OPERATING EXPENSES Administration Operations	 926,540 3,047,991
Operating expenses excluding depreciation	3,974,531
OPERATING INCOME BEFORE DEPRECIATION	 674,266
Depreciation	 318,506
Operating income (loss)	 355,760
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	
Investment income	48,918
Interest and fiscal charges	 (22,504)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	 26,414
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	382,174
NET POSITION, MAY 1 (AS RESTATED)	 4,889,566
NET POSITION, APRIL 30	\$ 5,271,740

### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED APRIL 30, 2019

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Cash received from members Cash received from intergovernmental Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services Cash paid to employees for services	\$	1,768,753 2,570,628 (795,683) (2,814,981)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES		728,717
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Acquisition and construction of capital assets	_	(1,000,000)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(1,000,000)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Interest and dividends on investments		45,639
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) INVESTING ACTIVITIES		45,639
NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(225,644)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, MAY 1		2,848,656
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, APRIL 30	<u>\$</u>	2,623,012
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING Operating income Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash from operating activities Depreciation		355,760 318,506
Changes in assets and liabilities Accounts receivable Inventory Due from other governmental units Deferred outflows related to pensions Accounts payable Accrued payroll Compensated absences Net pension liability Total OPEB liability Deferred inflows - pensions	_	(209,520) (3,113) (99,896) (973,257) 287,108 10,446 9,787 1,575,410 50,667 (593,181)
NET CASH FROM (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	728,717

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended April 30, 2019

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Tri-Com Central Dispatch ("Tri-Com") was created in 1976 by the member cities of Batavia, Geneva and St. Charles to provide emergency communications services to those communities. Tri-Com is a municipal corporation governed by an Executive Director and a nine member board, with each member municipality appointing three representatives on the board. As required by GAAP, these financial statements present Tri-Com and its component units, entities for which Tri-Com is considered to be financially accountable. Tri-Com has no component units to report and is not reported as a component unit of any other entity.

#### REPORTING ENTITY

The financial statements of Tri-Com Central Dispatch have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, as applied to government units (hereinafter referred to as generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP)). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of Tri-Com's accounting policies are described below.

#### MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

In June 2015, the GASB issued statement No. 75 - Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions. This Statement replaces the requirements of Statements No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, as amended, and No. 57, OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple-Employer Plans, for OPEB. This standard was implemented May 1, 2018.

The government-wide statement of net position and statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Unbilled receivables are recorded as revenues when services are provided.

Tri-Com is accounted for as a proprietary fund. Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of Tri-Com are charges to members for dispatch services. Operating expenses include operations, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended April 30, 2019

### **NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)**

### MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION (cont.)

Tri-Com reports the following major fund:

The Tri-Com Central Dispatch Fund accounts for the intergovernmental cooperation association organized to provide the centralized public safety communications system for the cities of Batavia, Geneva, St. Charles and several other units of local government. Funding is provided by member assessments and surcharge revenues.

### ASSETS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION

### **Deposits and Investments**

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, Tri-Com considers all highly liquid investments with an initial maturity of three months or less when acquired to be cash equivalents.

Investments with a maturity of less than one year when purchased, non-negotiable certificates of deposit and other nonparticipating investments are stated at cost or amortized cost. Investments with a maturity greater than one year when purchased are stated at fair value. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

Investments in Illinois Funds, a money market pool created by the Illinois State Legislature under the control of the Illinois State Treasurer, is reported at \$1 per share value, which equals Tri-Com's fair value of the pool.

Tri-Com maintains cash in a demand deposit account with a local institution. Since there is an administrative agreement with the City, the investment policy of the City is utilized for investing of Tri-Com funds. The City has adopted a formal investment policy. That policy follows the statute for allowable investments.

### **Interest Rate Risk**

In accordance with the Tri-Com's investment policy, Tri-Com limits its exposure to interest rate risk by structuring the portfolio to provide liquidity while at the same time meeting Tri-Com's short and long-term cash requirements. Maturities shall also be effectively managed to limit interest rate risk. This risk shall be managed in the context of overall portfolio diversification.

### Credit Risk

In accordance with Tri-Com's investment policy, Tri-Com limits its exposure to credit risk by primarily investing in external investment pools.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended April 30, 2019

### **NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)**

ASSETS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION (cont.)

Deposits and Investments (cont.)

#### **Concentration of Credit Risk**

Concentration of credit risk is the risk that Tri-Com has a high percentage of their investments invested in one type of investment. Tri-Com's investment policy requires diversification of investments to avoid unreasonable risk.

### **Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits**

Tri-Com obtains pledging of collateral for all bank balances in excess of federal depository insurance, at an amount greater than the fair market value of the funds secured, with the collateral held by an independent third party in Tri-Com's name.

#### **Custodial Credit Risk - Investments**

Tri-Com's investment policy requires all security transactions that are exposed to custodial credit risk to be processed on a delivery versus payment (DVP) basis with the underlying investments held in a custodial account with the trust department of an approved financial institution acting as Tri-Com's agent separate from where the investment was purchased or by the trust department of the bank where purchased, in Tri-Com's name.

### Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items. The cost of prepaid items are recorded as expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

### Capital Assets

Capital assets include buildings, improvements other than buildings, vehicles, and machinery and equipment. Capital assets are defined by Tri-Com as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended April 30, 2019

### **NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)**

### ASSETS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION (cont.)

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the statement of activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the statement of net position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight line method of depreciation. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Machinery and equipment Vehicles Improvements other than buildings Buildings	4-20 4-20 20 50

#### **Deferred Outflows of Resources**

A deferred outflow of resources represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until that future time.

### Compensated Absences

Tri-Com permits employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation benefits, which are eligible for payment upon separation from service. The liability for such leave is reported as an expense and liability of Tri-Com as the benefits accrue to employees. Accumulated sick leave lapses when employees leave the employ of Tri-Com; therefore, upon separation from service no monetary obligation exists, except in cases of retirement in which employees receive payment for up to 60 days of unused sick time.

### Long-Term Obligations

All long-term obligations to be repaid from governmental resources are reported as liabilities in the statements. The long-term obligations consist primarily of accrued compensated absences and net pension liabilities.

### **Deferred Inflows of Resources**

A deferred inflow of resources represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and therefore will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that future time.

### **Net Position**

Net investment in capital assets represents the book value of capital assets less any outstanding long-term debt issued to construct or acquire capital assets. Restricted net position is legally restricted by outside parties for a specific purpose. Unrestricted net position is available for Tri-Com to use for general purposes. Tri-Com's flow of funds assumption prescribes that the funds with the highest level of constraint are expended first. If restricted or unrestricted funds are available for spending, the restricted funds are spent first.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended April 30, 2019

### **NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)**

Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position (cont.)

### Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### **NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS**

Tri-Com's deposits and investments at year end were comprised of the following:

	Carrying	
	Value	Associated Risks
Deposits	\$ 1,650,601	Custodial credit
Certificates of deposit	482,700	Custodial credit
		Custodial credit risk,
		concentration of credit risk,
U.S. agency obligations	247,843	credit risk, intrest rate risk
		Custodial credit risk, credit
		risk, concentration of credit
Negotiable certificates of deposit	241,868	risk, intrest rate risk
Total	\$ 2,623,012	

### **Custodial Credit Risk**

### **Deposits**

Deposits in each local and area bank are insured by the FDIC in the amount of \$250,000 for time and savings accounts (including NOW accounts) and \$250,000 for demand deposit accounts (interest-bearing and noninterest-bearing). In addition, if deposits are held at an institution outside of the state in which the government is located, insured amounts are further limited to a total of \$250,000 for the combined amount of all deposit accounts. Tri-Com does not have any deposits exposed to custodial credit risk.

### **Investments**

Tri-Com does not have any investments exposed to custodial credit risk.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended April 30, 2019

### **NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONT.)**

### Credit Risk

#### Investments

As of April 30, 2019, the investment in US agency obligations was rated Aaa with Moody's, and the negotiable certificate of deposit is not rated.

#### Interest Rate Risk - Investments

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the value of an investment. At April 30, 2019, the Tri-Com's investments were as follows:

	<u>Maturity (In Years)</u>								
	Fair Value		Less Than 1		1-5		6-10		More than 10
US agency obligations Negotiable certificates	\$ 247,843	\$	247,843	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
of deposit	241,868		241,868		-		-		-
Total	\$ 489,711	\$	489,711	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-

Tri-Com categorizes the fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

Tri-Com has the following recurring fair value measurements as of April 30, 2019, the negotiable certificates of deposit and the US agency obligations are valued with the market approach using quoted matrix pricing models (Level 2 inputs).

#### Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. As of April 30, 2019, the two single investments, the US agency obligations and the negotiable certificate of deposit, were subject to concentration of credit risk as they exceeded five percent of the total investments.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended April 30, 2019

### NOTE 3 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended April 30, 2019, was as follows:

	Balance Beginning	Additions	Deletions	Balance Ending
Capital assets, not being depreciated Construction in progress	\$ -	\$ 1,000,000	\$ -	\$ 1,000,000
Total capital assets not being Depreciated		1,000,000		1,000,000
Capital assets, being depreciated				
Buildings	3,318,090	-	-	3,318,090
Improvements other than buildings	1,615,011	-	-	1,615,011
Machinery and equipment	2,838,388	-	-	2,838,388
Total capital assets being				
depreciated	7,771,489			7,771,489
Less accumulated depreciated for				
Buildings	738,815	65,428	-	804,243
Improvements other than buildings	1,618,318	2,335	-	1,620,653
Machinery and equipment	1,613,077	250,743	-	1,863,820
Total accumulated depreciation	3,970,210	318,506	-	4,288,716
Total capital assets being				
depreciated, net	3,801,279	(318,506)		3,482,773
Capital Assets, net	\$ 3,801,279	\$ 681,494	\$ -	\$ 4,482,773

### **NOTE 4 – LONG TERM LIABILITIES**

Long-term obligations activity for the year ended April 30, 2019 was as follows:

	Balance Beginning	Additions	Deletions	Balance Ending	Amounts due within one year
Compensated absences	\$ 420,092	\$ 243,972	\$ 234,185	\$ 429,879	\$ 230,677
Capital lease	-	887,429	-	887,429	112,468
Total OPEB liability	423,817	65,028	14,361	474,484	-
Net pension liability- IMRF	185,997	1,575,410		1,761,407	
Total	\$ 1,029,906	\$ 2,771,839	\$ 248,546	\$ 3,553,199	\$ 343,145

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended April 30, 2019

### **NOTE 4 – LONG TERM LIABILITIES (CONT.)**

### Lessee - Capital Leases

In 2019, Tri-Com Central Dispatch acquired capital assets through a lease/purchase agreement. The gross amount of these assets under capital leases is \$887,429, which are included in assets. The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value on these minimum lease payments as of April 30, 2019, are as follows:

Years		Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$	112,468	36,185	\$ 148,653
2021		116,336	32,317	148,653
2022		121,187	27,466	148,653
2023		126,241	22,412	148,653
2024		131,505	17,148	148,653
2025-2026	_	279,692	17,614	27,306
Total	\$ _	887,429	153,142	\$1,040,571

### NOTE 5 – EMPLOYEE'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM

### Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund

Tri-Com contributes to the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF) an agent multiple employer pension plan that acts as a common investment and administrative agent for local governments and school districts in Illinois. The Illinois Pension Code establishes the benefit provisions of the plan that can only be amended by the Illinois General Assembly. IMRF issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund, 2211 York Road, Suite 500, Oak Brook, Illinois 60523.

The employees of Tri-Com are pooled with the employees of the City of Geneva for purposes of the actuarial valuation. As Tri-Com is participating under the City's employer number, IMRF is considered to be a cost-sharing plan for Tri-Com.

**Plan Description.** All employees hired in positions that meet or exceed the prescribed annual hourly standard must be enrolled in IMRF as participating members. IMRF has a two tier plan. Members who first participated in IMRF or an Illinois Reciprocal System prior to January 1, 2011 participate in Tier 1. All other members participate in Tier 2. For Tier 1 participants, pension benefits vest after 8 years of service. Participating members who retire at or after age 60 with 8 years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 1 2/3% of their final rate of earnings (average of the highest 48 consecutive months' earnings during the last 10 years) for credited service up to 15 years and 2% for each year thereafter to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended April 30, 2019

### **NOTE 5 – EMPLOYEE'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM (cont.)**

### Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (cont.)

For Tier 2 participants, pension benefits vest after 10 years of service. Participating members who retire at or after age 67 with 10 years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life in an amount equal to 1 2/3% of their final rate of earnings (average of the highest 96 consecutive months' earnings during the last 10 years, capped at \$106,800) for credited service up to 15 years and 2% for each year thereafter. However, an employee's total pension cannot exceed 75% of their final rate of earnings. If an employee retires after 10 years of service between the ages of 62 and 67, and has less than 30 years of service credit, the pension will be reduced by 1/2% for each month that the employee is under the age of 67. If an employee retires after 10 years of service between the ages of 62 and 67, and has between 30 and 35 years of service credit, the pension will be reduced by the lesser of 1/2% for each month that the employee is under the age of 67 or 1/2% for each month of service credit less than 35 years. IMRF also provides death and disability benefits. These benefit provisions and all other requirements are established by Illinois Compiled Statutes.

**Contributions.** As set by statute, Tri-Com employees participating in IMRF are required to contribute 4.50% of their annual covered salary. The statute requires Tri-Com to contribute the amount necessary, in addition to member contributions, to finance the retirement coverage of its own employees. Tri-Com's actuarially determined contribution rate for calendar year 2018 was 11.71% percent of annual covered payroll. Tri-Com also contributes for disability benefits, death benefits and supplemental retirement benefits, all of which are pooled at the IMRF level. Contribution rates for disability and death benefits are set by the IMRF Board of Trustees, while the supplemental retirement benefits rate is set by statute.

**Fiduciary Net Position.** Detailed information about the IMRF fiduciary net position as of December 31, 2018 is available in the separately issued City of Geneva, Illinois Comprehensive Annual Financial Report as of and for the year ended April 30, 2019.

**Net Pension Liability.** At April 30, 2019, Tri-Com reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected Tri-Com's portion of the total net pension liability associated with the City's employer number. The amount recognized by Tri-Com as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the City's share of the net pension liability, and the total net pension liability associated with the City's employer number were as follows:

Tri-Com's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability City's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability	\$ 1,761,407 7,192,240
Total	\$ 8,953,647

The net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2018. Tri-Com's proportion of the net pension liability was based on Tri-Com's share of contributions to IMRF for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2019, relative to the total contributions of Tri-Com and City during that period. At April 30, 2019 and 2018, Tri-Com's proportion was 19.67% and 12.81%, respectively.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended April 30, 2019

### NOTE 5 - EMPLOYEE'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM (cont.)

### Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (cont.)

**Summary of Significant Accounting Policies.** For purposes of measuring the collective net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of IMRF and additions to/deductions from IMRF fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by IMRF. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

**Actuarial Assumptions.** The assumptions used to measure the total pension liability in the December 31, 2018 annual actuarial valuation included a 7.25% investment rate of return, (b) projected salary increases from 3.39% to 14.25%, including inflation, and (c) inflation of 3.50% and price inflation of 2.50%. The retirement age is based on experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition.

**Mortality.** For non-disabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Blue Collar Health Annuitant Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience. For disabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Disabled Retirees Mortality Table applying the same adjustment that were applied for non-disabled lives. For active members, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience.

Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using an asset allocation study in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) were developed for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce long-term expected rate of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic and geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Target	One Year	Ten Year
Asset Class	Allocation	Arithmetic	Geometric
Equities	37.00 %	8.50 %	7.15 %
International equities	18.00 %	9.20 %	7.25 %
Fixed income	28.00 %	3.75 %	3.75 %
Real estate	9.00 %	7.30 %	6.25 %
Alternatives	7.00 %		
Private equity		12.40 %	8.50 %
Hedge funds		5.75 %	5.50 %
Commodities		4.75 %	3.20 %
Cash equivalents	1.00 %	2.50%	2.50 %

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended April 30, 2019

### NOTE 5 - EMPLOYEE'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM (cont.)

### Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (cont.)

**Discount Rate.** The discount rate used to measure the total collective pension liability for IMRF was 7.25%. The discount rate calculated using the December 31, 2017 measurement date was 7.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that Tri-Com's contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

**Discount Rate Sensitivity.** The following is a sensitivity analysis of Tri-Com's proportionate share of the net pension liability / (asset) to changes in the discount rate. The table below presents Tri-Com's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25% as well as what Tri-Com's proportionate share of the net pension liability / (asset) would be if it were to be calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.25%) or 1 percentage point higher (8.25%) than the current rate:

	Current					
	1%	Decrease	Dis	count Rate	1% I	ncrease
Tri-Com's proportionate share of the collective						
net pension liability / (asset)	\$	3,201,854	\$	1,761,407	\$	581,005

**Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions.** For the year ended April 30, 2019, Tri-Com recognized pension expense of \$20,372. Tri-Com reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pension from the following sources:

	0	Deferred utflows of esources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience Changes in Assumptions Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings on	\$	137,962 247,419	\$	36,767 121,472	
Pension Plan Investments Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date		578,240 64,138		- -	
Total	\$	1,027,759	\$	158,239	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended April 30, 2019

### **NOTE 5 – EMPLOYEE'S RETIREMENT SYSTEM** (cont.)

### **ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND (cont.)**

The amount reported as deferred outflows resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date in the above table will be recognized as a reduction in the net pension liability/(asset) for the year ending April 30, 2020. The remaining amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions (\$805,382) will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending December 31	,	Amount
2019	\$	239,311
2020		113,169
2021		145,282
2022		307,620
Total	\$	805,382

### NOTE 6 - RISK MANAGEMENT

Tri-Com is exposed to various risks related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; employee health; injuries to employees; and net income losses. These risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage for the past three fiscal years.

#### **NOTE 7 – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS**

Plan Description. In addition to providing the pension benefits described, Tri-Com provides postemployment health care benefits (OPEB) for retired employees through a single-employer defined benefit plan, which creates an implicit subsidy of retiree health insurance. The benefits, benefit levels, employee contributions and employer contributions are governed by Tri-Com and can be amended by Tri-Com through its personnel manual. The plan is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis and no assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement 75. The plan does not issue a separate report. The activity of the plan is reported in the Tri-Com's activities.

Contributions and Benefits Provided. Tri-Com provides pre and post Medicare postretirement health insurance to retirees, their spouses and dependents (enrolled at time of employee's retirement). To be eligible for benefits, the employee must qualify for retirement under the Tri-Com's retirement plan. Upon a retiree becoming eligible for Medicare, the amount payable under the Tri-Com's health plan will be reduced by the amount payable under Medicare for those expense that are covered under both.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended April 30, 2019

### **NOTE 7 – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (cont.)**

Membership.

At April 30, 2019 membership consisted of:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits

Terminated employees entitled to benefits but not yet

Receiving them -

Active employees \_\_\_\_\_\_23

Total <u>23</u>

*Total OPEB Liability*. At April 30, 2019, the Tri-Com reported a total OPEB liability of \$474,484. The liability was measured as of April 30, 2019, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of May 1, 2018.

Actuarial assumptions and other inputs. The total OPEB liability in the April 30, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Payroll increases 3.00%

Health care participation rate 40% participation,

Initial rate of 1.00% for HMO, increasing to the

ultimate trend rate of 5.00% in 2024

Initial rate of 1.00% for PPO, decreasing to the

Healthcare cost trend rates ultimate trend rate of 5.00% in 2024

Retirees' share of benefit-related costs 100%

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended April 30, 2019

### **NOTE 7 – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (cont.)**

The discount rate was based on the April 25, 2019 Bond Buyer 20-Bond Index, as published by the Federal Reserve.

Active IMRF Mortality rates were based on the Sex Distinct Raw Rates as Developed in the RP-2014, with blue collar adjustment. These Rates are Improved Generationally using MP-2017 Improvement Rates and Weighted Based on the IMRF April 30, 2018 Actuarial Valuation. Retiree and Spousal IMRF Mortality follows the Sex Distinct Raw Rates as Developed in the RP-2014 Study, with Blue Collar Adjustment. These Rates are Improved Generationally using MP-2017 Improvement Rates.

The actuarial assumptions used in the April 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study conducted by the independent actuary.

Discount Rate. At April 30, 2019, the discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was a blended rate of 3.79%, which was a change from the April 30, 2018 rate of 3.75%. Since the plan is financed on a pay-as-you-go basis, the discount rate is based on the high quality 20-year tax-exempt general obligation bond index.

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Tri-Com, as well as what the Tri-Com's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.79 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.79 percent) than the current discount rate:

	 Decrease 2.79%)	Di	iscount Rate (3.79%)	1	% Increase (4.79%)
Total OPEB liability	\$ 556,313	\$	474,484	\$	409,903

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates. The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Tri-Com, as well as what the Tri-Com's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower (varies for HMO and PPO) or 1-percentage-point higher (varies for HMO and PPO) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1% Decrease (varies)		Discount Rate (varies)		1% Increase (varies)	
Total OPEB liability	\$	399.149	\$	474.484	\$	572.391

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended April 30, 2019

### **NOTE 7 – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (cont.)**

OPEB expense and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB. For the year ended April 30, 2019, Tri-Com recognized OPEB expense of \$32,152. Tri-Com reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pension from the following sources:

	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Change in assumptions	\$ 11,400
Total	\$ 11,400

The amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB (\$11,400) will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending April 30,	Α	mount
2020	\$	1,354
2021		1,354
2022		1,354
2023		1,354
2024		1,354
Thereafter		4,630
Total	\$	11,400

### **NOTE 8 – RESTATEMENT OF NET POSITION**

Net position has been restated due to the implementation of GASB No. 75

Net Position – April 30, 2018 (as reported) \$ 5,313,383

Less: Total OPEB liability at April 30, 2018 (423,817)

Net Position – April 30, 2018 (as restated) \$ 4,889,566

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended April 30, 2019

### NOTE 9 - EFFECT OF NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS ON CURRENT-PERIOD FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has approved the following:

- Statement No. 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligations
- Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities
- Statement No. 87, *Leases*
- Statement No. 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, Including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements
- Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred Before the End of a Construction Period
- Statement No. 90, Majority Equity Interests, An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61)
- Statement No. 91, Conduit Debt Obligations

When they become effective, application of these standards may restate portions of these financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### **ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND**

### SCHEDULE OF TRI-COM'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE

### OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND TRI-COM'S EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

Four Most Recent Fiscal Years

	 2016	 2017	 2018	 2019
Tri-Com's proportion of the net pension liability	17.81%	17.81%	12.81%	19.67%
Tri-Com's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 1,173,441	\$ 1,185,563	\$ 185,997	\$ 1,761,407
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	 5,345,678	 5,469,895	 1,265,816	 7,192,240
Total net pension liability	\$ 6,519,119	\$ 6,655,458	\$ 1,451,813	\$ 8,953,647
Covered payroll	\$ 1,488,633	\$ 1,514,292	\$ 1,133,195	\$ 1,893,116
Tri-Com's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	78.83%	78.29%	16.41%	93.04%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	86.21%	86.63%	97.09%	83.65%
Contractually required contribution	\$ 179,445	\$ 174,648	\$ 193,196	\$ 236,647
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 (179,445)	 (174,648)	 (193,195)	 (236,647)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ 	\$ 1	\$ -
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	12.05%	11.53%	17.05%	12.50%

### Notes to Schedule:

Amounts reported in 2019 reflect an investment rate of return of 7.50 percent, an inflation rate of 2.75 percent and real return of 4.5 percent, and salary increase assumption of 3.75 percent to 14.5 percent including inflation.

Tri-Com implemented GASB 68 in 2016. Information for fiscal years prior to 2016 is not applicable.

### OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN

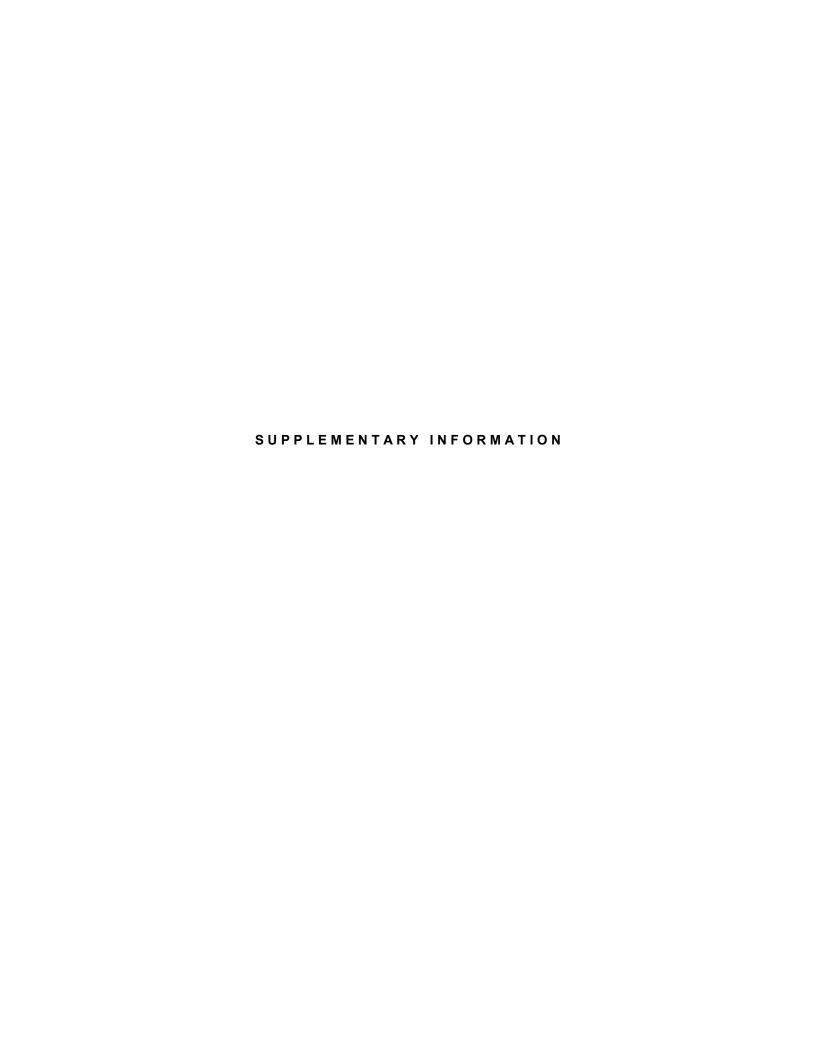
# SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

### Most Recent Fiscal Year

		2019
Total OPEB liability		
Service cost	\$	13,405
Interest		17,393
Changes of benefit terms		-
Other Changes		-
Changes of assumptions		34,230
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(14,361)
Net change in total OPEB liability		50,667
Total OPEB liability - beginning		423,817
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	474,484
Plan fiduciary net position		
Employer contributions	\$	_
Employee contributions	•	-
Net investment income		-
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		-
Administration		-
Other (net transfer)		
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		-
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		-
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	-
Tri-Com's total OPEB liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$	474,484
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		0.00%
Covered payroll	\$	1,540,187
Tri-Com's total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll		30.81%

### **Notes to Schedule:**

Tri-Com implemented GASB Statement No. 75 in fiscal year 2019. Information prior to fiscal year 2019 is not available.



Schedule of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position - Budget and Actual - Non GAAP Budgetary Basis For the year ended April 30, 2019

	ORIGINAL BUDGET	2019 FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL
	202021	505021	71010712
OPERATING REVENUES	<b>A</b> 4055 504	<b>A</b> 40===04	<b>A</b> 0.500.405
Wireless 911	\$ 1,355,524		
Dispatch Services Miscellaneous revenues	2,030,382 47,440	2,030,382 47,440	2,030,484 47,685
Reimbursed Expenditures	5,250	5,250	4,441
Total operating revenues	3,438,596	3,438,596	4,648,797
OPERATING EXPENSES EXCLUDING DEPRECIATION			
Administration			
Personal services			
Wages - Regular	340,473	340,473	380,437
Wages - Part-Time/Seasonal	31,020	31,020	14,813
Medicare	5,474	5,474	5,657
Group insurance	70,239	70,239	56,527
Social Security	23,404	23,404	24,189
IMRF	43,501	43,501	42,564
Car Allowance	6,000	6,000	5,769
Total personal services	520,111	520,111	529,956
Contractual Services			
Accounting & Auditing Service	12,000	12,000	8,000
Legal Service	12,500	12,500	25,462
Dues & Subscriptions	1,250	1,250	1,299
Banking service	100	100	-
Travel & Meals	3,000	3,000	1,741
Training & Professional Development	4,305	4,305	3,812
Liability Insurance	29,000	29,000	15,044
Other Contractual Services	37,000	37,000	333,961
Printing Outside Printing Services			50
Total contractual services	99,155	99,155	389,369
Commodities			
Telephone	1,500	1,500	1,183
Office Furniture	750	750	184
Postage General	300	300	125
Publishing	200	200	1,399
Rentals Copier	2,220	2,220	
Rentals Copiei Books	2,220	2,220	2,247
Clothing Allowance	- 1,750	1,750	14 2,063
Total commodities	6,720	6,720	7,215
Total administration	·		
TOTAL AUTHINISTRATION	625,986	625,986	926,540

Schedule of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position - Budget and Actual - Non GAAP Budgetary Basis For the year ended April 30, 2019

		2019			
	ORIGINAL	FINAL			
	BUDGET	BUDGET	ACTUAL		
Operations					
Personal services					
Wages - Regular	\$ 1,377,955	\$ 1,377,955	\$ 1,234,993		
Wages - Part-Time/Seasonal	-	-	11,246		
Overtime	113,360	113,360	464,815		
Training Premium Pay	3,107	3,107	340		
TIC Premium Pay	8,400	8,400	4,727		
Medicare	21,569	21,569	24,185		
Social Security	92,227	92,227	101,080		
IMRF	160,915	160,915	182,652		
Unemployment Compensation	, -	, -	5,725		
Group Insurance Health Insurance	293,497	293,497	215,856		
Pension expense	, -	, -	20,372		
Group Insurance - OPEB			39,267		
Total personal services	2,071,030	2,071,030	2,305,258		
Contractual Sandaga					
Contractual Services	4.000	4 000	4.007		
Medical Service	1,000	1,000	1,667		
Janitorial Service	17,600	17,600	17,790		
Other Professional Services	6,800	6,800	10,433		
Dues & Subscriptions	1,500	1,500	92		
Travel & Meals	3,850	3,850	2,413		
Training & Professional Development	10,000	10,000	11,039		
Other Contractual Services	<del>-</del>		3,011		
Total contractual services	40,750	40,750	46,445		
Commodities					
Telephone	274,752	274,752	351,070		
Internet	12,000	12,000	12,358		
Office Supplies	4,000	4,000	4,088		
Office Equipment	700	700	98		
Office Furniture	1,000	1,000	2,547		
Janitorial Supplies	300	300	766		
Computer Software	10,000	10,000	5,978		
Employee Awards	1,200	1,200	1,239		
Maintenance Service Building	195,267	195,267	215,061		
Publishing	1,000	1,000	362		
Utilities	34,998	34,998	36,325		
Rentals Miscellaneous	11,100	11,100	6,864		
Maintenance Supplies Buildings	500	500	712		
Operating Supplies Other Operating Supplies	3,000	3,000	2,784		
Operating Supplies Public Education	1,100	1,100	938		
Clothing Allowance	7,900	7,900	5,478		
Total commodities	558,817	558,817	646,668		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position - Budget and Actual - Non GAAP Budgetary Basis For the year ended April 30, 2019

		2019 ORIGINAL FINAL				
	-	BUDGET		BUDGET		ACTUAL
Capital						
Machinery & Equipment	\$	10,000	\$	1,897,430	\$	1,017,177
Buildings & Improvements		25,000		25,000		20,738
Improvements Other than Buildings Improvement		-		-		5,625
Office Furniture		500		500		-
Computer Equipment		10,000	_	10,000	_	6,080
Total capital		45,500	_	1,932,930	_	1,049,620
Total operations		2,716,097		4,603,527		4,047,991
Total operating expenses		3,342,083		5,229,513		4,974,531
OPERATING INCOME		96,513	_	(1,790,917)	_	(325,734)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)						
Prior year budgeted surplus		(94,200)	\$	1,793,230		-
Investment income		12,000		12,000		48,918
Interest expense	_		_		_	(22,504)
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)		(82,200)		1,805,230		26,414
CHANGE IN NET POSITION - Budgetary Basis	<u>\$</u>	14,313	\$	14,313		(299,320)
Adjustments to GAAP Basis						
Capitalize assets						1,000,000
Depreciation expense						(318,506)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION - GAAP Basis						382,174
NET POSITION, MAY 1 (AS RESTATED)					_	4,889,566
NET POSITION, APRIL 30					\$	5,271,740