making the public realm better for teenage girls



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Who are we?

- A charity campaigning to make our parks, recreation grounds, playing fields, meanwhile spaces and similar as welcoming to teenage girls as they are to teenage boys.
- It's about thinking about these spaces differently.
- It's about supporting everyone involved in the built environment to try something new.
- It's about starting the conversations early and engaging with teenage girls.

Teenage girls are badly served by parks

- When facilities are built for teenagers these almost always consist of:
 - Skate park;
 - MUGA or basketball court, or both;
 - BMX track
- All dominated by boys and young men.
- Often enshrined in play strategies, planning guidance and council practice

"[Our aim is to] provide activity zones for young adults of 12+ years in all the major settlements (e.g. MUGA, skatepark, BMX track etc.)": Council Play Area Audit and Action Plan, 2020

"[Play areas] can be complemented by other facilities including Multi Use Games Areas (MUGAs) and skateboard parks etc." Fields in Trust Guidance: Beyond the Six Hectare Standard

Current teen provision

• Skateparks:

- 85% of skateboarders are male and 80% of skateboarders are under 18.
- Boys often drive girls away from the skate parks through exclusion and harassment.
- US research: living near a park makes it more likely that a teenage girl will do exercise, but living near a skate park lowered the exercise taken.

MUGAs:

- hard surfaced play areas are used more by boys than girls.
- girls play more actively in a playground without a MUGA.
- Very open to territorialisation by boys.
- Prescriptive; fenced; single entrances; chicanes.
- Don't feel safe.

what data do we have so far?

- Glasgow research summer 2021: only 20% of women and girls who used parks felt safe in their chosen park.
- Rowntree Park, York: 90% of girls who were into skating age 10-17 felt uncomfortable on their local skate park.
- Research in Yorkshire published July 2022 (Make Space for Us):
 - Parks don't meet these needs for the majority of girls: 68% saying there is nothing for them to do and 50% reporting there are no sporting activities for them;
 - 49% of girls don't feel safe to exercise in parks compared to just 26% of boys;
 - 59% of girls don't feel welcome in parks because the spaces are dominated by boys.





Issue:

- We know boys and young men dominate skateparks, MUGAs and BMX: but by how much?
- Base line data needed so we can measure what works.

Solution:

Get people counting in the park.

National Parkwatch campaign- May 2023.

- Who is using the MUGA/Skatepark and BMX and how many are girls.
- Spot count.
- Use online form to record the data.

Why change?

- Fairness: why shouldn't girls have facilities in parks that are designed to meet their needs?
- Health: we know what inactivity does to people's physical and mental health
- Safety: teenage girls should grow up believing that they have a right to feel safe when they go outside
- The law:
 - Article 31 UN Convention on the Rights of the Child;
 - Equality Act 2010 and Public Sector Equality Duty

The Public Sector Equality Duty

The PSED requires public authorities, when they are making decisions, to consider proactively:

- eliminating unlawful discrimination;
- advancing equality of opportunity between advantaged and disadvantaged groups; and
- fostering good relations between advantaged and disadvantaged groups.

Teenage girls are currently disadvantaged by provision for teens in parks.

PSED requires public authorities to proactively consider this.

do girls want change to happen?

- Women in Sport talked to 1,518 girls age 12-18 between October 2020 and Feb
 2021
 - 82% of girls will put more effort into being fit and active after the pandemic;
 - 55% said being physically active makes them happier;
 - 54% said being physically active made them less stressed.
- In a Girlguiding survey, 82% of girls thought they should be more involved in designing parks and open spaces.
- "Now, parks help me if I get upset or angry. As long as there is a light in the park, I am happy"
- "I realised...Oh my God, this is what parks used to be like when I was younger." [after visiting a great park]

how can change happen?

- Teenage girls are the experts on what will attract them to a space.
- Teenage girls are not homogenous: location and intersectionality...
- Seek out the voices of teenage girls in your area...
 - Avoid the error of only listening to the users widens inequality;
 - Don't consult at the park if they aren't there;
 - Schools; Guides; Youth Groups; dance schools, roller skate rinks...carparks?
 - Make space to talk to the girls on their own;
 - Include the boys in conversations about the issues.

What do teenagers say?

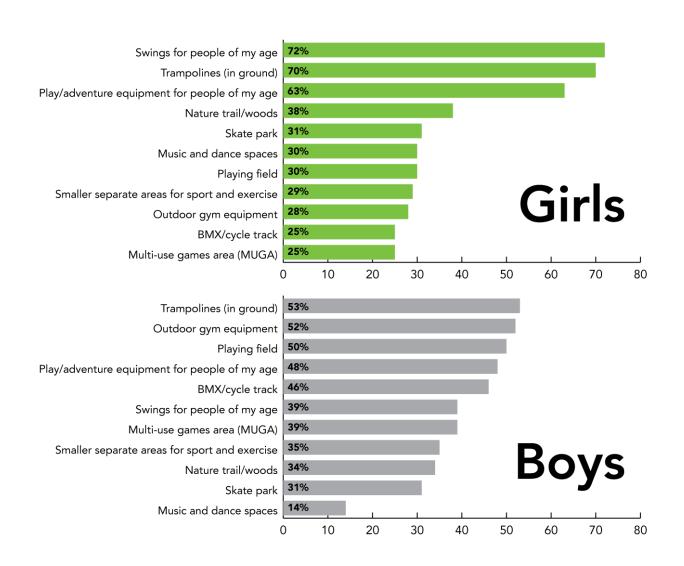
- a space that is ours;
- to be hidden but seen;
- where we can be kids without little kids being there;
- many areas instead of one space that can be territorialised.



What do teenagers want?

In a recent survey for Yorkshire Sport:

- Girls want swings, trampolines, play equipment;
- Skate parks and MUGAs are well down the list for boys too;
- Spaces to play as well as do sport.



what does change look like?

- Need to create parks that work better for teenage girls, non binary young people and those boys who do not use MUGAs, skateparks and BMX tracks.
 - Not about painting things pink or separating boys and girls.
 - Not about getting rid of MUGAs, skateparks or BMX tracks.
- Creating other spaces more inclusive for all:
 - Thinking about these spaces differently
 - Engaging with girls and minoritized genders
 - Supporting people to do things differently
 - Generating social value

What would better look like?

- Most of the work has been done in Europe especially Sweden and Vienna
- Different approaches but common themes:
 - better lighting and circular paths;
 - smaller, subdivided sports areas; wider entrances/less enclosed;
 - sociable seating, relaxed, active, adventurous;
 - hanging about: swings, gym bars and hammocks;
 - performance spaces;
 - good quality toilets.

Malmo

Rösens Rodda Matta

The only park in Europe designed by, with and for girls:

Location: old car park in disadvantaged suburb;

Design Process: in consultation with a group of girls from the area, aged 16-24.

The result.... was an urban activity park with:

- a climbing wall;
- a stage for performances organised/impromptu performances/classes;
- a set of bars for climbing and gymnastics;
- a series of smaller spaces so that no one group can dominate.

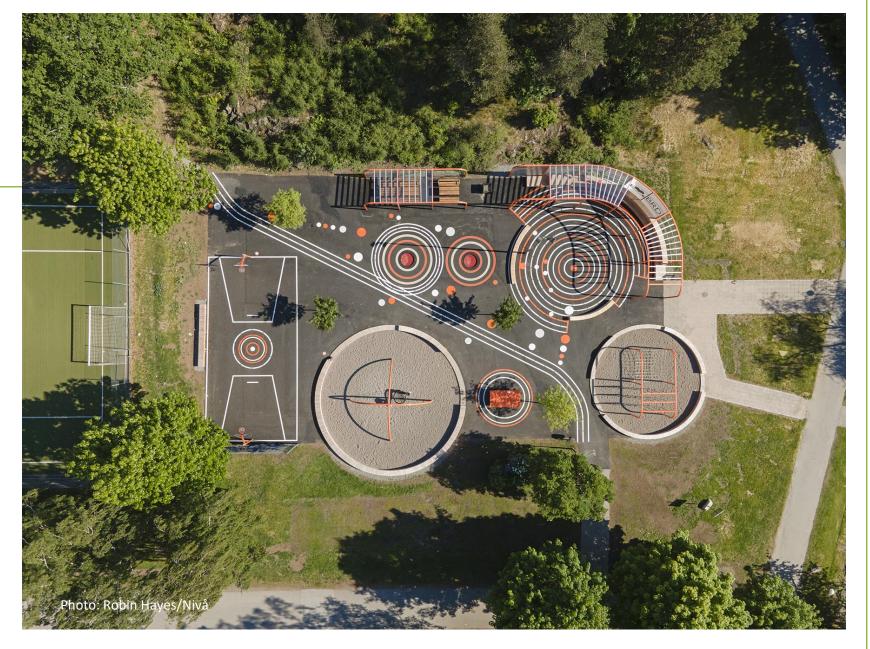


StockholmBredäng

Doesn't tell you what to do

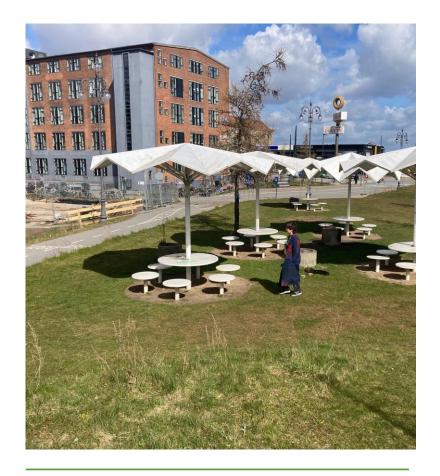
Takes the space of one pitch

Social seating and shelter



- Shelter is integrated into the park
- A range of spaces for different groups







CopenhagenSuperkilen

- Designed as an inclusive space, so works for teenage girls
- Lots of shelter, seating and non-prescriptive spaces
- Path running through the whole park means that there are no isolated corners

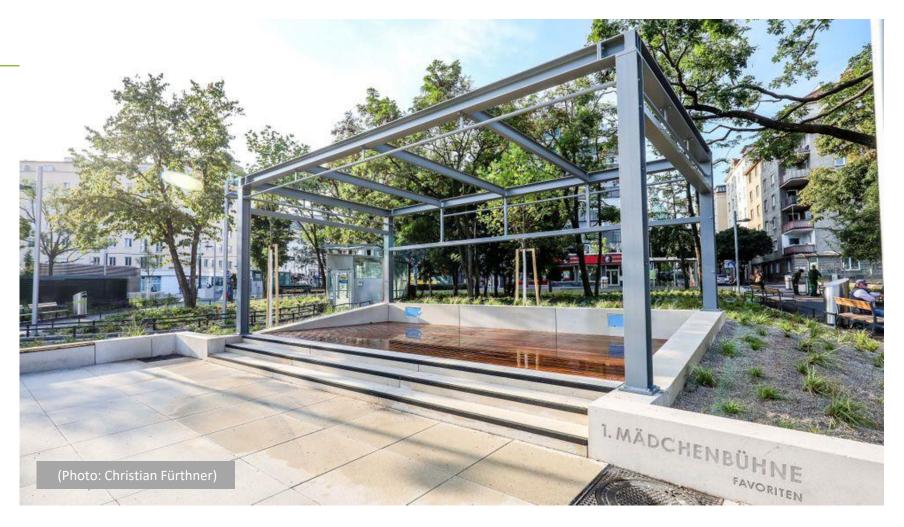
Also has brilliant social swings!



Vienna

Madchenbuhne Reumannplatz

- Local school girls requested an outdoor performance space;
- Also a community asset



Moscow Gorki Park

- Swings are one of the most common requests;
- Clearly not for the little kids;
- Great sight lines
- Well lit.



Umeå Frizon

Co-designed with teenage girls:

- Space to hang out
- Curved for good sightlines
- Ergonomically designed to fit teenage girls
- Can play music



