

- Tyra West Cheshire Foodbank
   Participation worker, Community
   Inspirer
- Steph Community inspirer
- Kay Community Inspirer
- Carole Community Inspirer
- Barbara Community Inspirer















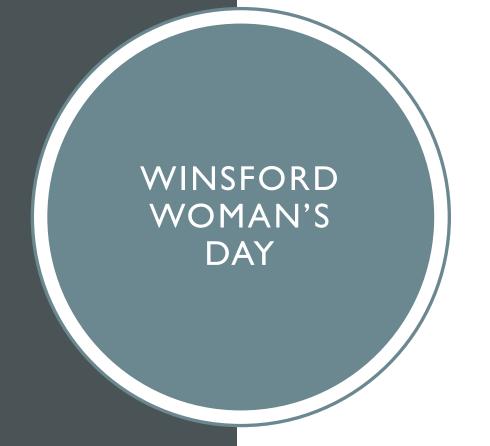
A community inspirer is an individual with living and/or lived experience of poverty or hardship which may include:

- Experience of using a foodbank
- Homelessness/housing difficulties
- Mental health difficulties
- Financial hardship

The role of an inspirer is a voluntary one, where we share our experiences and use our voice to bring about change and ensure other people do not suffer in the same way.



- Working with Kate (Motherwell) to highlight issues around Period Poverty linking in with Foodbanks and other organisations.
- Attended Winsford Woman's Day to highlight concerns - Pink Tax and Period Poverty.
- Signed individuals up to the Period Poverty Task Force Group at the Winsford Woman's Session.
- Celebrated People's Uniqueness Positive mannequin people posted positive comments about themselves.
- Highlighted Pink Tax and the shocking examples of this to raise awareness.







- Period Poverty
- Pink Tax
- •What can we do?



Inability to access menstrual health education?

Inability to afford sanitary products?

# PERIOD S POVERTY

Inability to access menstrual healthcare?

Inability to access sanitary products?

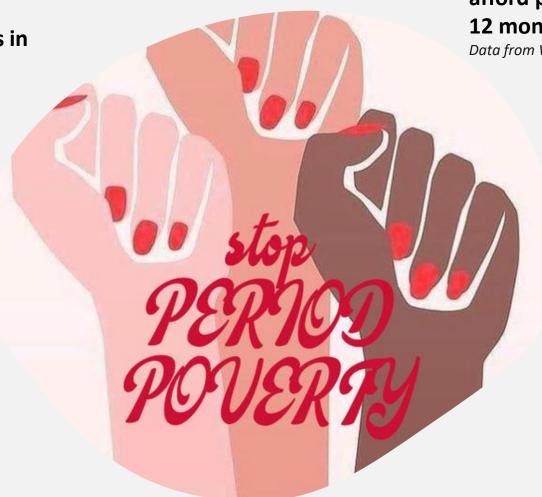
24% of people who menstruate in the UK say they or their family have struggled to afford period products in the last year.

Data from Water Aid's 'In the Red'

Estimated 49% of girls have missed a day of school due to their periods.

Data from The Borgen Project

A third of Britons (29%) say they have never heard of the term 'period poverty' Yougov.co.uk



13% who currently have periods say it is likely that they will be unable to afford period products in the next 12 months.

Data from Water Aid's 'In the Red'

1in 5 girls surveyed in a 2019 study reported being a victim of bullying and teasing because of their periods.

Data from The Borgen Project

20% people who can't afford period products are coping by using makeshift materials, such as loo-roll or sponges.

Data from Water Aid's 'In the Red'

61% said if period products were cheaper or more free products were available, it would improve their mental health or well-being.

Data from Water Aid's 'In the Red'

A Woman
(who doesn't
have kids) will
use about
10,500 period
products
throughout
her lifetime

This is less for those who have pregnancies, as well as other factors.

The NHS says a woman who doesn't have kids would have about 480 periods in their lifetime.

This is less for those who have pregnancies, as well as other factors.

A woman will buy 22 tampons or pads each month

What is the Cost £4 on tampons £4 on Pads, £2 on panty liners = £10 x 480 average periods

= £4,800 over life time and £120 per year

## WHAT CAN WE DO?

IT'S TIME TO END PERIOD POVERTY.



Place period products in your local Foodbank collection point

Donate to Motherwell Wellbeing packs

If interested and you want to find out more please sign up to the Poverty Task Force Group

Reduce stigma talk about periods with your family, children and family

**Educate** 

Talk about Polycystic Ovary Syndrome (PCOS) and impacts on mental and physical health





## THE PINK TAX

### What is Pink Tax?

"Pink tax" is a term for the extra amount of money charged for certain products or services that are specifically marketed toward women.

Examples of products that cost more for a woman



Toiletries



**Razors** 



Haircut



Clothing









Feminax Express
Feminax Express
Feminax Express
Feminax Express

Feminax

BYPTESS 342 mg tablets
Ibuprofen Lysine

Period Pain Relief

ibuprofen

Nuroten Express period pain 16s (G) 4.75

Feminax express M. tabs 16s (G.







## TAKE YOUR SHADES OFF!! YOU CAN STILL SEE, BUT YOU'RE NOT SEEING EVERYTHING!

'So why does it matter so much? Charging more for women's products gives women less buying power. The knock-on effect is that we have less to save for the future, which, added to the fact women earn less over their lifetimes, were more affected financially by the pandemic and have less in their pension pots, culminates in further economic inequality.' Red online

