HOARDING DESIGN

In accordance with BS 5975:2019

Tedds calculation version 1.0.00

Design summary

Overall design utilisation;		0.985			
Description	Unit	Allowable	Applied	Utilisation	Result
Timber post moment	kNm	6.75	6.46	0.957	PASS
Timber post shear	kN	21.19	5.59	0.264	PASS
Timber rail moment	kNm	1.26	1.24	0.985	PASS
Timber rail shear	kN	12.11	2.25	0.186	PASS
Face material moment	kNm/m	1.00	0.52	0.518	PASS
Panel-rail connection	kN/m	3.01	1.55	0.514	PASS
Rail-post connection	kN	12.60	1.70	0.135	PASS
Found. moment FoS		1.50	3.13	0.479	PASS
Found. sliding FoS		1.50	1.61	0.931	PASS
Site details					
Site location;		Norwich			
Distance to the shoreline;		d _{shoreline} = 27 km			
Site altitude:		A = 24 m			
Basic wind velocity;		v _b = 22 m/s			
Probability factor;		$c_{\text{prob}} = 1$			
•		Town			
Terrain category;		$d_{town} = 3.0 \text{ km}$			
Distance from town edge;		Utown = 3.0			
Topography					
Topography type;		Flat			
Topographical factor, BS 5975 cl. Figure 9;		$T_{wind} = 1$			
Design factors					
Load duration factor;		K ₅₂ = 1.2	5		
Service class factor;		$K_{53} = 0.7$			
Screws in line factor;		$K_{54} = 1$			
		$\mathbf{r}_{54} = \mathbf{I}$			
Foundation details					
Foundation type;		Kentledge			
Width of kentledge block;		L _{Width.Block} = 1350 mm			
Block weight per post;		W _{Block} = 30 kN			
Block friction coefficient;		μ _{Block} = 0.30			
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ading					
Crowd load;		Fcrowd = 1	.50 kN/m		
Crowd load applied at;		$H_{\text{Ecrowd}} = 1.1 \text{ m}$			
Face material robustness load;		$F_{face} = 1.50 \text{ kN/m}^2$			
	5				
Peak velocity pressure					
Wind factor, BS 5975 cl. 17.5.1.3;		$S_{wind} = T_{wind} \times v_b \times (1 + A / 1000 \text{ m}) = \textbf{22.84 m/s}$			
Drobobility factor DS 5075 of 17 5 1 2		o 1 0			

Probability factor, BS 5975 cl. 17.5.1.3; Combined exposure factor, BS 5975 Table 16;
$$\begin{split} S_{wind} &= T_{wind} \times v_b \times (1 + A \ / \ 1000 \ m) = \textbf{22.84} \ m/s \\ c_{prob} &= \textbf{1.0} \\ C_{ef} &= \textbf{1.111} \end{split}$$

Peak velocity pressure, BS 5975 cl. 17.5.1.3;

 $q_{\text{p}} = 0.613 \text{ kg/m}^3 \times c_{\text{prob}}^2 \times C_{\text{ef}} \times S_{\text{wind}}^2 = \textbf{0.36} \text{ kN/m}^2$

Net pressure coefficients -	Table B.2, Hoarding	design guide
Effective length of bearding:		1 50 m

Effective length of hoarding;	L _{ef} = 50 m
In plan hoarding shape;	Without returns
Zone A;	$C_{p,net.A} = 3.40$
Lenght of zone A;	L _A = 0.74 m
Zone B;	C _{p,net.B} = 2.10
Lenght of zone B;	L _B = 4.21 m
Zone C;	C _{p,net.C} = 1.70
Lenght of zone C;	L _C = 4.95 m
Zone D;	$C_{\text{p,net.D}} = \textbf{1.20}$
Lenght of zone D;	L _D = 40.10 m

Hoarding design - Zone B



Timber post details	
Breadth of section;	b _{post} = 100 mm
Depth of section;	d _{post} = 200 mm
Timber strength class;	C24
Height of timber posts;	H _{post} = 2475 mm
Spacing of timber posts;	s _{post} = 2200 mm
Timber rail details	
Breadth of section;	b _{rail} = 100 mm
Depth of section;	d _{rail} = 75 mm
Timber strength class;	C27
Number of timber rails;	N _{rail} = 3
Face material details	
Board type;	Finnish birch Plywood (Parallel)
Thickness;	t _{panel} = 18 mm
Connection of panel to rail details	
Screw diameter;	$\phi_{screw,Panel} = 4 \text{ mm}$
Screw length;	Iscrew.Panel = 75 mm
Screw spacing;	S _{screw.Panel} = 300 mm

Connection of rail to post details		
Screw diameter;	$\phi_{screw.Post} = 5 \text{ mm}$	
Screw length;	I _{screw.Post} = 200 mm	
Number of screws;	N _{screw.Post} = 6	
Wind forces - Annex B, Hoarding design guide	9	
Shielding factor;	η = 1	
Maximum wind force;	$F_{W.Max} = q_p \times C_{p,net.B} \times \eta \times H_{post} = \textbf{1.85 kN/m}$	
Maximum working wind velocity pressure;	q _{p.work} = 0.2 kN/m ²	
Working wind force;	$F_{W.Work} = q_{p.work} \times C_{p,net.B} \times \eta \times H_{post} = \textbf{1.04 kN}/m$	
Timber post		
Maximum overturning moment;	$M_{Post} = max(F_{W.Max} \times H_{post} / 2, F_{W.Work} \times H_{post} / 2 + F_{crowd} \times H_{Post} / 2 + F_{c$	
	H _{Fcrowd}) × s _{post} = 6.46 kNm	
Perm. moment capacity - Table C1, TWf publ.;	M _{adm} = 6.75 kNm	
	M _{Post} / M _{adm} = 0.957	
PASS - Bending	g moment capacity is greater than applied bending moment	
Shear force in base;	$Q_{Post} = max(F_{W.Max}, F_{W.Work} + F_{crowd}) \times s_{post} = 5.59 \text{ kN}$	
Perm. shear capacity - Table C1, TWf publ.;	Q _{adm} = 21.19 kN	
	Q _{Post} / Q _{adm} = 0.264	
	PASS - Shear capacity is greater than applied shear	
Timber rail		
Centre to centre spacing of rails;	s _{rail} = (H _{post} - b _{rail}) / (N _{rail} - 1) = 1188 mm	
Continuity factor;	k _{rail} =1.1	
Maximum bending moment;	$M_{\text{Rail}} = \text{max}(q_{\text{p}} \times s_{\text{rail}} \times \eta \times C_{\text{p,net.B}} \times k_{\text{rail}}, q_{\text{p.work}} \times s_{\text{rail}} \times \eta \times$	
	$C_{p,net.B} \times k_{rail}$ + F_{crowd}) × s_{post}^2 / 8 = 1.24 kNm	
Perm. moment capacity - Table C1, TWf publ.;	M _{Rail.adm} = 1.26 kNm	
	M _{Rail} / M _{Rail.adm} = 0.985	
PASS - Bendin	g moment capacity is greater than applied bending moment	
Shear force;	$Q_{\text{Rail}} = max(q_p \times s_{\text{rail}} \times \eta \times C_{p,\text{net}.\text{B}} \times k_{\text{rail}}, q_{p.\text{work}} \times s_{\text{rail}} \times \eta \times$	
	$C_{p,net.B} \times k_{rail} + F_{crowd}) \times s_{post} / 2 = 2.25 \text{ kN}$	
Perm. shear capacity - Table C1, TWf publ.;	Q _{Rail.adm} = 12.11 kN	
	Q _{Rail} / Q _{Rail.adm} = 0.186	
	PASS - Shear capacity is greater than applied shear	
Face material		
Maximum bending moment;	$M_{\text{Panel}} = max(F_{\text{face}} \times s_{\text{rail}}^2 / 8, q_p \times \eta \times C_{\text{p,net},\text{B}} \times s_{\text{rail}}^2 / 8, q_{\text{p.work}}$	
	$\times \eta \times C_{p,\text{net.B}} \times s_{\text{rail}}^2 / 8 + F_{\text{crowd}} \times s_{\text{rail}} / 4) = 0.519 \text{ kNm/m}$	
Perm. moment capacity - Table C1, TWf publ.;	M _{Panel.adm} = 1.002 kNm/m	
	MPanel / MPanel.adm = 0.518	
PASS - Bendin	g moment capacity is greater than applied bending moment	
Connection of panel to rail		
Wind tension force;	$F_{\text{Wind,panel}} = max(q_{\text{P}} \times C_{\text{P,net}.\text{A}} \times \eta \times s_{\text{rail}}, q_{\text{P,work}} \times C_{\text{P,net}.\text{A}} \times \eta \times$	
	s _{rail} + F _{min}) = 1.55 kN/m	
Point side penetration;	Lpen.Panel = Iscrew.Panel - tpanel = 57 mm	
Basic withdrawal force, Table 4, TWf publ.;	FPanel.Basic = 18.1 N/mm	

Permissible force, eq 1, TWf publ.;

$$\begin{split} F_{Panel.adm} &= F_{Panel.Basic} \times K_{52} \times K_{53} \times K_{54} \times L_{pen.Panel} \ / \ s_{screw.Panel} \\ &= \textbf{3.01 kN/m} \\ F_{Wind.panel} \ / \ F_{Panel.adm} &= \textbf{0.514} \end{split}$$

PASS - Permissible force is greater than applied wind tension force

Connection of rail to post

Wind tension force;

Foundation design Overturning moment;

Restoring moment;

Maximum shear;

Sliding resistance;

Actual factor of safety; Allowable factor of safety;

Point side penetration; Basic withdrawal force, Table 4, TWf publ.; Permissible force, eq 1, TWf publ.;
$$\begin{split} F \text{Wind.post} &= \text{max}(q_{\text{P}} \times C_{\text{p.net.A}} \times \eta \times \text{Srail} \times \text{Spost} / 2, q_{\text{p.work}} \times \\ C_{\text{p.net.A}} \times \eta \times \text{Srail} \times \text{Spost} / 2 + F_{\text{min}} \times \text{Spost} / 2) &= \textbf{1.70} \text{ kN} \\ \text{Lpen.post} &= \text{Iscrew.Post} - \text{drail} = \textbf{125} \text{ mm} \\ F_{\text{Post.Basic}} &= \textbf{19.2} \text{ N/mm} \\ F_{\text{Post.adm}} &= \text{Nscrew.Post} \times F_{\text{Post.Basic}} \times K_{52} \times K_{53} \times K_{54} \times \text{Lpen.post} = \\ \textbf{12.60 kN} \\ F_{\text{Wind.post}} / F_{\text{Post.adm}} &= \textbf{0.135} \end{split}$$

PASS - Permissible force is greater than applied wind tension force

$$\begin{split} &\mathsf{M}_{max}.\mathsf{Foundation} = \mathsf{M}_{\mathsf{PoSt}} = \mathbf{6.46} \; \mathsf{kNm} \\ &\mathsf{M}_{\mathsf{R}} = \mathsf{W}_{\mathsf{Block}} \times \mathsf{L}_{\mathsf{Width}.\mathsf{Block}} \; / \; 2 = \mathbf{20.25} \; \mathsf{kNm} \\ &\mathsf{FoS}_{\mathsf{Actual}.\mathsf{Mom}} = \mathsf{M}_{\mathsf{R}} \; / \; \mathsf{M}_{\mathsf{max}.\mathsf{Foundation}} = \mathbf{3.13} \\ &\mathsf{FoS} = \mathbf{1.5} \\ &\mathsf{FoS} \; / \; \mathsf{FoS}_{\mathsf{Actual}.\mathsf{Mom}} = \mathbf{0.479} \\ & \boldsymbol{PASS} \; - \; \boldsymbol{Factor} \; of \; safety \; against \; overturning \; is \; adequate} \\ &\mathsf{Q}_{\mathsf{max}}.\mathsf{Foundation} = \mathsf{Q}_{\mathsf{Post}} = \mathbf{5.59} \; \mathsf{kN} \\ &\mathsf{Q}_{\mathsf{R}} = \mathsf{W}_{\mathsf{Block}} \times \mu_{\mathsf{Block}} = \mathbf{9.00} \; \mathsf{kN} \\ &\mathsf{FoS}_{\mathsf{Actual}.\mathsf{Sliding}} = \mathsf{Q}_{\mathsf{R}} \; / \; \mathsf{Q}_{\mathsf{max}}.\mathsf{Foundation} = \mathbf{1.61} \\ &\mathsf{FoS} = \mathbf{1.5} \end{split}$$

Actual factor of safety; Allowable factor of safety;

> FoS / FoS_{Actual.Sliding} = 0.931 PASS - Factor of safety against sliding is adequate