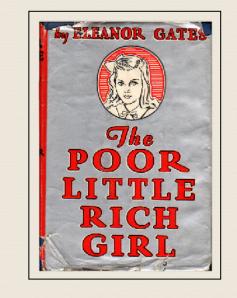
Before Gates's divorce had been finalized, she married another divorcé, Frederick Ferdinand Moore, in Paterson, New Jersey, in October 1914. In 1916 they separated when they both realized that they were not legally married.

At the beginning of 1915, Gates founded the Liberty Feature Film Company, which was said by Motion Picture News to be the only film company to be owned and managed by women. The company was led by the wife of an Alaskan businessman, Sadir Lindblom. In the year that it existed the company created several two reel films. In the year that it existed the company created several two reel films.

The first film, produced in 1917, was The Poor Little Rich Girl, which starred Mary Pickford. Shirley Temple starred in the 1936 remake of the same name. The new film had made two million dollars by the end of 1939.





Eleanor Gates died on March 7, 1951 in Los Angeles County General Hospital. But she is remembered as a writer from Eagle Creek Township in Shakopee!



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1875-1951



Eleanor Gates was born on September 26, 1874 in Eagle Creek Township, which is now part of Shakopee, Minnesota. Her father was William Cummings Gates and her mother was Margaret Ann Archer. Eleanor was an American playwright who created seven plays that were staged on Broadway. Her best known work was the play *The Poor Little Rich Girl*.

Eleanor remembered growing up in Eagle Creek, Shakopee, and Dakota Territory, and she later described her early life in her novel *The Biography* of a Prairie Girl, which was a novel she wrote in 1902:

"Up and down the oxen toiled before the plow, licking their tongues, as they went along, for wisps of the sweet, new grass which the oldboard was turning under. After them came the biggest brother, striving with all his might to keep the beam level and the handles from dancing



as the steel share cut the sod into wide, thick ribbons, damp and black on one side, on the other green and decked with flowers."

"And, following the biggest brother, trotted the little girl, who from time to time left the cool furrow to run ahead and give the steers a lash of the gad she carried, or hopped to one side to keep the stepping with her bare feet upon the fat earthworms that were rolled out into the sunlight, where they were pounced upon by rivaling blackbirds circling in the rear."

Gates remembered growing up in Shakopee and the Dakota Territory. "I do not exaggerate the somber side of prairie life, nor do I exaggerate the joys," Gates is quoted as saying in newspaper articles. "I believe that the country child grows old sooner than the city child, because the country child often does manual labor of a heavy kind when he or she is not physically able to do it. The plainswoman is frequently gray and worn at thirty-eight or forty; the plainsman is often bent, impaired in sight by the sun, and old at forty-five. I do not say that this is always so, but it is commonly so."

When she was a young girl, she moved to the Dakota Territory. From there, Eleanor Gates moved to California for college. Gates married another playwright, Richard Walton Tully, in 1901 after they had both completed their studies at the University of California, in Berkeley.

Gates had worked initially as a writer for a newspaper in San Francisco, as well as writing novels. In 1907, one of her novels was illustrated by Arthur Rackham. Her best known work was the play The Poor Little Rich Girl, which was produced by her husband in 1913. Tully divorced her in 1914 citing desertion, which Gates admitted.