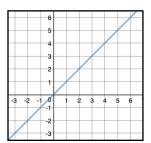
*Inverse equations:* Given two equations/ graphs, they are inverses if they display the following attributes:

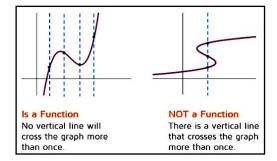
- The x values and y values have switched
- The Domain and Range have switched.
- The Graphs reflect over the y=x line.

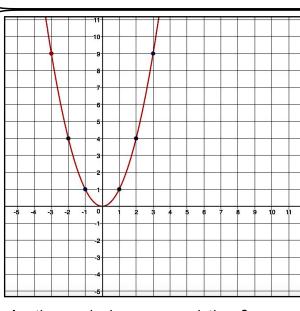


**One - to - One Functions:** Two equations/ graphs are one - to - one if they

- inverses of one another AND
- BOTH functions.

## VERTICAL LINE TEST FOR FUNCTIONS



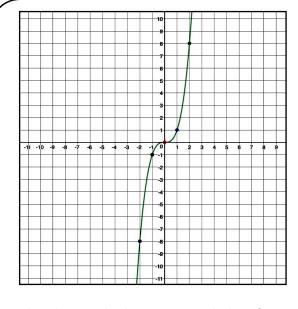


$$y = x^2$$

Original Points

Inverse Points

Are the graphs inverses or relations? \_

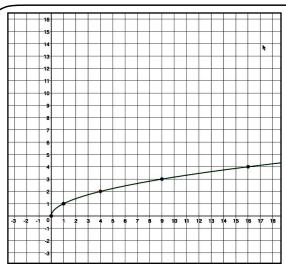


$$y = x^3$$

**Original Points** 

**Inverse Points** 

Are the graphs inverses or relations?



**Original Points** 

 $y = \sqrt{x}$ 

**Inverse Points** 

(0 , \_\_\_\_)

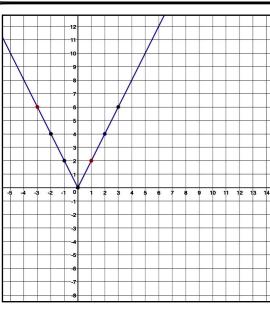
(1,\_\_\_\_)

(4 , \_\_\_\_)

(9 , \_\_\_\_)

(16 , \_\_\_\_\_)

Are the graphs inverses or relations?



y = 2|x|

**Original Points** 

**Inverse Points** 

(-3,\_\_\_)

(-2,\_\_\_)

(-1,\_\_\_\_)

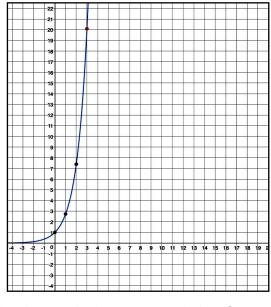
(0 , \_\_\_\_)

(1 , \_\_\_\_)

(2 , \_\_\_\_)

(3 , \_\_\_\_\_)

Are the graphs inverses or relations?



Are the graphs inverses or relations? \_

 $y = e^x$ 

**Original Points** 

Inverse Points

(-3,\_\_\_)

(-2,\_\_\_)

(-1,\_\_\_)

(0 ,\_\_\_\_)

(2 , \_\_\_\_)

(3,\_\_\_)