## ABSODEX General Catalog



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## There is a reason why people choose us



A broad lineup of ABSODEX selectable according to applications/purposes


All actuators are absolute types

## 3 user friendly features of ABSODEX

## Flexible Operation

With an abundant programming function realize the operation that you want.


Indexing operation



Continuous rotation

Reduce Workload and Save Space
A simple design with 4 standard useful features.


High reliability \& maintenance-free
No more damaged or worn gears from a gearless design.


Concern for gear damage or friction


No worries Gearless structure

## Compatibility

## Freely combine compatible drivers and actuators

## TS/TH driver

(AX1000T, 2000T, 4000T)
Mounting holes
added to the main unit
Separate power and
control power
Connector adoption
Terminal for safety function
Torque Offo Function (Safe one can easily
incorporate it with the drive
circuit to cut OFF power.

For the IoT of equipment!
OMonitor function
(TS/TH wiresaving serial communication)
ONetwork operation mode
(TS/TH wiresaving serial communication)


## Operation made easier

The AxTools is here to help you from operation settings to adjustments.
AX Tools is Easier than ever to use for both first-time and experienced users. Intuitive operation with a simple and easy to use interface.

Free software


Desired conditions can be instantly implemented.


Industry's first! Equipped with an AI that Supports adjustments


## Case Study

## Compact and easy to use

Assembly, Inspection Machines
Conduct setup changes without time loss


Electronic substrate conveyor
Rotate electronic substrates by $90^{\circ}$


Pick and place device
Work is conveyed using an equipped parallel displacement mechanism.


Industry's smallest and lightest!
*As of O ctober 2016, CKD research


Compatible with a Wide range of Needs


## 

5 sizes lined up from 22 to $210 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$

- Improved indexing accuracy and deflection of shaft/surface, allowing for precise positioning

```
Most suited for
Precision measurements Inspection machines Assembly machines
```


## 

- 3 sizes lined up from 6 to $18 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$
- High speed operation, compact design


## Most suited for

Pick\&Place Turn tables Assembly machines

## (

## 8 sizes lined up from 9 to $1000 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$

Wide selection, supporting large inertial loads

Pick and Place Turn tables Inspection machines Assembly machines

CC-Link


Safety Standards
Safety Standard Certification compatible (Safe Torque Off function)
International Standards
Compliant with UL/CUL (N.A. standards) and CE (European standards)
c ${ }^{(1)}$ U
C

Support for domestic and international networks

## 



## Ideal for the IoT of equipment!! <br> 

OAbundant monitoring functions
The current status of ABSODEX can be monitored with extensive monitoring functions such as current position, speed, electronic thermal value, and alarm.
OMonitor function also available for preventive maintenance!
Torque load factor: Monitors current torque load facto

- Torque load factor: M onitors current torque load fa

Network operation mode (Direct value mode) added!
The network operation mode allows flexible positioning from the host controller to any position
CC-Link CC-Link is a registered trademark of Mitsubishi Electric Corporation.
${ }^{\text {PROFIBUS PR PROFIBUS }}$ is a trademark of PROFIBUS User Organization.
DeviceNet ${ }^{\text {t/ }}$ DeviceNet ${ }^{\text {t" }}$ is a registered trademark of ODVA.
EtherCAT® EtherCAT® is a patented technology, licensed
Ethervet/I © EtherNet/P © is a registered trademark of ODVA. Beckhoff Automation GmbH in Germany thervetI/P © Ethervet/IP © is a registered trademark of ODVA.

## System configuration

AX1000T/2000T/4000T

- Basic setting items

Input a program from a PC or the dialog terminal.
. Set necessary parameters in the same way
Set the appropriate gain.

- Basic driving methods

1. Select a program to execute from PLC
2. Input the start signal from the PLC
3. After indexing is started, the driver outputs a positioning completion signal.


To comply with the CE marking, the parts shown below or overcurrent/short circuit protection Component is required. In addition, the driver must be installed within the switchboard. For details on the selection, installation and wiring methods of these components, refer to the instruction manual or technical data (ABSODEX AX series TS/TH type technical data).

| Part name | Application | Model No . | Manufacturer |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Noise filter | Thee.phseselingepensere 200 to 230 vac | 3SUP-EF 10-ER-6 | Okay E Electici Industies Co , Lto. |
|  | Singl-phase 100 to 115 VaC | NF2015A-OD | Soshin Electric CO., Ltd. |
| Ferrite core | Common | RC5060zz | Soshin Electric Co., Ltd. |
| Surge protector | Common | RSPD-250-U4 | Okaya Electric Industies Co , Lto. |
|  |  | LT-C32G801ws | Soshin Electric Co., Lta. |
| FG clamp ${ }^{\text {+1 }}$ | Common | FGC-5,FGC-8 | Kitagawa Industries Co, ,tod. |

${ }^{*}$ ) Use an FG clamp with a motor cable and resolverUsed to ground the shield of cable (encoder cable).
*2) Parts available for purchase from CKD Refer to the ABSODEX related parts model No. table (page 51).

| Configuration (when set model No . is selected) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Name | Quanity |
|  | Actuator | 1 |
|  | Driver (with controller) | 1 |
|  | Motor cable, resolver cable (encoder cable) | 1 each |

## Programming tool

- Dialog terminal "AX0180" is available.

The "AX Tools" configuration tool is available. ABSODEX programs are created, parameters set, and operation commands, etc., issued from the PC. The and program can be saved. The PC communication cable (model No.: AX-RS232C-9P) is required.

Note)for the notes on the connection method, make sure to read the instruction manual (technical data).
page 45 (for AX90000TS/AX9000TH).

Note) The PC communication cable is designed specifically for ABSODEX. You cannot use a commercially available cable as it is. If used by mistake, the driver and PC may become damaged.
Note) Connect the dialog terminal and PC when adjusting only. During normal operation, disconnect the computer communication cable from CN1.
Note) When the PC recovers from the sleep mode the USB-serial conversion cable may not be recognized, leading to communication errors.

* Please download and use the latest version of the setting tool "AX Tools" from our website.
- Basic setting items
. Input the program from the PC
. Set the required paramete
Set the appropriate gain.


Configuration (when set model No. is selected)

| Name | Quanity |
| :---: | :---: |
| Actuator | 1 |
| Driver (with controller) | 1 |
| Motor cable and resolver cable | 1 each |
| Included accessories: I/O connector, power supply connector, and ope tool for power supply connector <br> Note) For details, refer to the accessories supplied with the driver in page Note) The connectors for motor cable come with the motor cable. Note) For the notes on the connection method, make sure to read the instruction manual (technical data) before use |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |

- Basic driving methods

Select a program to be executed from the PLC
2. The start signal is input from the PLC
3. After the drive operation, the positioning completion signal is output from the driver.
 cable 1 1 piece each of farse
and smil set Optional
and smali set: Optional
PC comm
cable
tsold
cable munication
sold separately
${ }^{\text {sold separatey }}$


Motor cable
I/O connector
(Driver accessory)
*Devices indicated with an asterisk are to be provided by the customer.

To comply with CE marking, the parts listed in the table below ar required. For details on the installation and wiring method, refer to the

| Specification parts | Model No. | Manufacturer |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Noise filter | NF2015A-OD *1) | Soshin Electici Co, Lto. |
| Surge protector | R/A/V-781BWZ-4 <br> RSPD-250-Q4 <br> RSPD-250-U4 | OKAYA ELECTRIC INDUSTRIES CO. LTD. |
|  | LT-C32G801WS | Soshin Electric Co, Lto. |
| FG clamp | FGC-5, FGC-8 |  |
| Clamp filter for power cable (set of 2 pieces/small) | ZCAT2035-0930A | TDK |
| Clamp filter set for resolver cable | ZC AT 2035-0930A <br> ZCAT 3035-1330 | TDK |

## Programming tool

- The "AX Tools" configuration tool is available (Windows version, free of charge)
BSOODEX programs are created, parameters set, and peration commands, etc., issued from the PC
he created program can be saved
he PC communication cable (model No.: AX-RS232C-9P) is required.
e) The PC communication cable is designed semmercially available cable as it is If used by mistake, the driver and PC may become damaged
te) Connect the computer communication cable only
when performing adjustments. During normal peration, disconnect the computer communication cable from CN1.

Note) When the computer resumes from sleep state the USB-serial conversion cable may not b recognized, causing communication errors to occu. Note) Please download and use the latest version of the setting tool "AX Tools" from our website.

ABSODEX system table

| \% | Actuator Series | Torque ( $\mathrm{N} \cdot \mathrm{m}$ ) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1.2 | 3 | 6 | 9 | 12 | 18 | 22 | 45 | 75 | 150 | 210 | 300 | 500 | 1000 |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { AX6000M } \\ & \text { Series } \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\substack{\text { Ax6001 } \\ \text { MU }}}{ }$ | $\infty$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (0) |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | AX1000T Series (large) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { AX2000T } \\ \text { Series } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  | A×2012T |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | AX4000T <br> Series (compact/ medium) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | AX4000T Series (large) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

haracteristics of the driver
Drivers can be commonly used for supported actuators. The controller function allows you to use an NC program to desirably set the actuator's rotation angle, movement time, timer, etc. M code output, encoder output,
etc., are also available to connect to an external PLC, motion controller, etc.



## AX6000M series

Minimum size of 80 mm diameter
Compatible function allows free combination of driver, actuator, and cable
Max. torque: 1.2, $3 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$
Supported driver: MU driver

## Actuator specifications

| Item | AX6001M | AX6003M |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Max. output torque $\mathrm{N} \cdot \mathrm{m}$ | 1.2 | 3.0 |
| Continuous output torque $\mathrm{N} \cdot \mathrm{m}$ | 0.4 | 1.0 |
| Max. rotation speed rpm | 240 (*1) |  |
| Allowable axial load N | 600 |  |
| Allowable moment load $\mathrm{N} \cdot \mathrm{m}$ | 5 |  |
| Output shaft moment of inertia $\mathrm{kg} \cdot \mathrm{m}^{2}$ | 0.00034 | 0.00059 |
| Allowable moment of load inertia $\mathrm{kg} \cdot \mathrm{m}^{2}$ | 0.034 | 0.059 |
| Index accuracy (*3) sec | $\pm 90$ |  |
| Repeatability (*3) sec | $\pm 10$ |  |
| Output shaft friction torque $\mathrm{N} \cdot \mathrm{m}$ | 0.13 | 0.22 |
| Resolution $\mathrm{P} / \mathrm{rev}$ | 540672 |  |
| Motor insulation class | Class A |  |
| Motor withstand voltage | 550 VAC 1 minute |  |
| Motor insulation resistance | $10 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ or more 500 VDC |  |
| Operating ambient temperature | 0 to $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |
| Operating ambient humidity | 20 to 85\% RH, no condensation |  |
| Storage ambient temperature | -10 to $65^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |
| Storage ambient humidity | 20 to 90\% RH, no condensation |  |
| Atmosphere | No corrosive gas, explosive gas, or dust |  |
| Weight kg | $1.2(1.4) * 2$ | $1.8(2.0) * 2$ |
| Output shaft runout (*3) mm | 0.03 |  |
| Output shaft surface runout (*3) mm | 0.05 |  |
| Degree of protection | IP 20 |  |

*1: Use at a speed of 80 rpm or less during continuous rotation operation.
*2: The values in () are the actuator weight with the mounting base option.
*3: Refer to the "Glossary" on page 52 for index accuracy, repeatability, output shaft runout and output shaft surface runout.

## Speed/maximum torque characteristics

AX6001M
(rpm)

*The graph shows the characteristics when 24 VDC
(ambient temperature: $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) is connected.
(Note) Moment load (simple formula)

(Fig. a)
$M(N \cdot m)=F(N) \times L(m)$
M:Moment load
F: Load
L: Distance from the output shaft center

- AX6003M
(rpm)

(N•m)
*The graph shows the characteristics when 24 VDC (ambient temperature: $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) is connected.

(Fig. b)
$M(N \cdot m)=F(N) \times(L+0.02)(m)$
M:Moment load
F: Load
L: Distance from the output shaft flange surface

Always read the safety precautions on pages 61 to 66 before use.

## How to order

- Set model No. (actuator, driver, cable)

Body model No. Option model No.

| Code |  |
| :---: | :--- |
| A Size (max. torque) |  |
| $\mathbf{0 0 1}$ | $1.2 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$ |
| $\mathbf{0 0 3}$ | $3.0 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$ |
| B Driver type |  |
| MU | MU driver |
| C Mounting base |  |
| B lank | Standard (without mounting base) |
| BS | With mounting base |
| D Cable length |  |
| DM00 | Without cable |
| DM02 | 2 m |
| DM04 | 4 m |
| DM06 | 6 m |
| DM08 | 8 m |
| DM10 | 10 m |
| E Interface specifications |  |
| U0 | Parallel I/O (NPN) |
| U1 | Parallel I/O (PNP) |

*1: Cable is a movable cable.
Refer to page 9 for dimensions of the cable. The lead-out cable is not movable.
2: C
C When the "BS" option with the mounting base is selected, the positioning pin hole on the bottom is not available. The surface is treated with electroless nickel plating.
*3: Positioning pin holes may not be surface treated.
*4: The surface part is treated with electroless nickel plating. The fixed section is made of stainless steel.

Actuator body discrete model No.


Driver discrete model No.


Cable discrete model No.

- Motor cable

AX-CBLM8-DM04

- Resolver cable

AX-CBLR8-DM04
DCable length
(Note: "DMO4" when cable)

## Dimensions


*1) The origin position of the actuator may differ from that shown in the dimensions. The origin offset function allows you to set a desired origin position.

${ }^{*}$ ) The origin position of the actuator may differ from that shown in the dimensions. The origin offset function allows you to set a desired origin position.


Interface specifications: Parallel I/O (NPN) Actuator
AX1000T

F eatures
Ultra-compact/lighter weight (resin body adopted)
Easy wiring with connector

General specifications

| Item |  | Model |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | MU driver AX9000MU |
| Power supply voltage | Main power supply | 24 VDC $\pm 10 \%$ |
|  | Control power | 24 VDC $\pm 10 \%$ |
| Structure |  | Driver and controller integrated |
| Operating ambient temperature |  | 0 to $50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Operating ambient humidity |  | 20 to 90\% RH (no condensation) |
| Storage ambient temperature |  | -10 to $65^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Storage ambient humidity |  | 20 to 90\% RH (no condensation) |
| Atmosphere |  | No corrosive gas or dust |
| Anti-noise |  | $1000 \mathrm{~V}(\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{P})$, pulse width $1 \mu \mathrm{sec}$, rising, falling time 1 nsec impulse noise test, induction noise (capacitive coupling) |
| Vibration resistance |  | $4.9 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ |
| Weight |  | Approx. 0.5 kg |
| Degree of protection |  | IP 2 X |

How to order

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { AX9000MU -U0 } \\
& \text { AX9000MU -U1 }
\end{aligned}
$$

Interface specifications
U0: Parallel I/O (NPN)
U1: Parallel I/O (PNP)

## Performance specifications

| Item | Description |
| :---: | :---: |
| No. of control axes | 1 axis, 540,672 pulses/1 rotation |
| Angle setting unit | ${ }^{\circ}$ (degree), pulse, indexing No. |
| Angle min. setting unit | $0.001^{\circ}, 1$ pulse |
| Speed setting unit | sec, rpm |
| Speed setting range | 0.01 to $100 \mathrm{sec} / 0.11$ to 240 rpm |
| Equal divisions | 1 to 255 |
| Max. command value | 7-digit numeric input $\pm 9,999,999$ pulse |
| Timer | 0.01 sec to 99.99 sec |
| Programming language | NC |
| Programming method | Set data through R S-232C port with a PC. |
| Operation mode | Auto, MDI, jog, single block, servo OFF, pulse train input mode |
| Coordinates | Absolute, incremental |
| Acceleration curve | [5 types] <br> Modified Sine (MS), Modified Constant Velocity (MC/MC2) Modified Trapezoid (MT), Trapecloid (TR) |
| Status display | R UN: Normal operating state |
|  | ALM2: Alarm 2 state |
|  | ALM 1: Alarm 1 state |
|  | SERVO: Servo state |
|  | CHARGE: Charge state |
| Communication interface | RS-232C compliant |
| I/O signal | Refer to interface specification pages. |
| Program capacity | Approx. 6,000 characters (256) |
| Electronic thermal | Overheating protection for actuator |

## Power capacity

Parallel I/O (NPN)

CN3 Input signal

| Pin No. | Signal name | Logic | Determination |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 to 2 | External power supply input $+24 \mathrm{~V} \pm 10 \%$ |  |  |
| 3 to 4 | External power supply input GND |  |  |
| 5 | Program No. selection input (Bit 0) | Positive | Level |
| 6 | Program No. selection input (Bit 1) | Positive | Level |
| 7 | Program No. selection input (Bit 2) | Positive | Level |
| 8 | Program No. selection input (Bit 3) | Positive | Level |
| 9 | Program No. setting 2nd digit input// <br> Program No. selection input (Bit 4) | Positive | Edge <br> Level |
| 10 | Program No. setting 1st digit input/ <br> Program No. selection input (Bit 5) | Positive | Edge <br> Level |
| 11 | Reset input | Positive | Edge |
| 12 | Origin return directive input | Positive | Edge |
| 13 | Start input | Positive | Edge |
| 14 | Servo on input/P rogram stop input | Positive | Level <br> Edge |
| 15 | Continuous rotation stop input | Positive | Edge |
| 16 | Answer input/Position deviation counter reset input | Positive | Edge |
| 17 | Emergency stop input | Negative | Level |
| 18 | Brake release input | Positive | Level |

CN3 pulse train input signal

| Pin No. | Signal name |
| :---: | :--- |
| 19 | PULSE/UP/A phase |
| 20 | -PULSE/-UP/-A phase |
| 21 | DIR/DOWN/B phase |
| 22 | -DIR/-DOWN/-B phase |

## Input/output circuit specifications

| Description | 1 circuit current <br> $(\mathrm{mA})$ | Max. points <br> (Circuit) | Max. current <br> $(\mathrm{mA})$ | Max, power <br> consumption <br> $(\mathrm{mA})$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Input circuit | 4 | 14 | 56 | 746 |
| Output circuit | 30 | 18 | 540 |  |
| Brake output (BK+, BK-) | 75 | 2 | 150 |  |

* The maximum simultaneous output points of the output circuit are 14 points out of 18 points.

CN3 Output signal

| Pin No. | Signal name | Logic |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| 33 | M code output (Bit 0) | Positive |
| 34 | M code output (Bit 1) | Positive |
| 35 | M code output (Bit 2) | Positive |
| 36 | M code output (Bit 3) | Positive |
| 37 | M code output (Bit 4) | Positive |
| 38 | M code output (Bit 5) | Positive |
| 39 | M code output (Bit 6) | Positive |
| 40 | M code output (Bit 7) | Positive |
| 41 | Imposition output | Positive |
| 42 | Positioning completion output | Positive |
| 43 | Start input wait output | Positive |
| 44 | Alarm output 1 | Negative |
| 45 | Alarm output 2 | Negative |
| 46 | Output 1 during indexing/Origin position output | Positive |
| 47 | Output 2 during indexing/Servo state output | Positive |
| 48 | Ready output | Positive |
| 49 | Segment position strobe output | Positive |
| 50 | M code strobe output | Positive |

CN3 encoder output signal (Incremental)

| Pin No. | Signal name |
| :---: | :--- |
| 23 | A phase (Line driver output) |
| 24 | -A phase (Line driver output) |
| 25 | B phase (Line driver output) |
| 26 | -B phase (Line driver output) |
| 27 | Z phase (Line driver output) |
| 28 | $-Z$ phase (Line driver output) |

CN3 input/output circuit specifications

- Input circuit


Rated voltage $24 \mathrm{~V} \pm 10 \%$ Rated current 4 mA ( 24 VDC )

- Output circuit


Rated voltage $24 \mathrm{~V} \pm 10 \%$
Rated current 30 mA (MAX)

- Pulse train input circuit


Maximum input frequency Line driver 1 Mpps Open collector 250 Kpps

- Encoder output circuit


O utput format: Line driver Line driver: DS26C 31

## MU driver

## Parallel I/O (PNP)

## CN3 input signal

| Pin No. | Signal name | Logic | Judgment |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 to 2 | External power supply input GND |  |  |
| 3 to 4 | External power supply input +24V $\pm 10 \%$ |  |  |
| 5 | Program No. selection input (bit 0) | Positive | Level |
| 6 | Program No. selection input (bit 1) | Positive | Level |
| 7 | Program No. selection input (bit 2) | Positive | Level |
| 8 | Program No. selection input (bit 3) | Positive | Level |
| 9 | Program number setting input 2nd digit/ <br> Program number selection input (bit 4) | Positive | Edge <br> Level |
| 10 | Program number setting input 1st digit/ <br> Program number selection input (bit 5) | Positive | Edge <br> Level |
| 11 | Reset input | Positive | Edge |
| 12 | Origin position return command input | Positive | Edge |
| 13 | Startup input | Positive | Edge |
| 14 | Servo-on input/ Program stop input | Positive | Level <br> Edge |
| 15 | Continuous rotation stop input | Positive | Edge |
| 16 | Answer inputPosition deviation counter resetinput | Positive | Edge |
| 17 | E mergency stop input | Negative | Level |
| 18 | Brake release input | Positive | Level |

CN3 pulse train input signal

| Related parts | Dialog terminal | Drivers | Actuator |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| model No. table | AX0180 | AX9000TS/TH | AX4000T |


| Pin No. | Signal name |
| :---: | :--- |
| 19 | PULSE/UP/A-phase |
| 20 | - PULSE/-UP/-A-phase |
| 21 | DIR/DOWN/B-phase |
| 22 | -DIR/-DOWN/-B-phase |

## I/O circuit specifications

| Description | 1 circuit <br> current <br> $(\mathbf{m A})$ | Max. number <br> of points <br> (Circuit) | Max. current <br> (mA) | Max. current <br> consumption <br> $(\mathrm{mA})$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Input circuit | 4 | 14 | 56 | 746 |
| Output circuit | 30 | 18 | 540 |  |
| Brake output (BK+, BK-) | 75 | 2 | 150 |  |

*The maximum simultaneous output points of the output circuit are 18 points out of 14 points.

## CN3 I/O circuit specifications

- Input circuit

- Output circuit

CN3 output signal

| Pin No. | Signal name | Logic |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| 33 | M-code output (bit 0) | Positive |
| 34 | M-code output (bit 1) | Positive |
| 35 | M-code output (bit 2) | Positive |
| 36 | M-code output (bit 3) | Positive |
| 37 | M-code output (bit 4) | Positive |
| 38 | M-code output (bit 5) | Positive |
| 39 | M-code output (bit 6) | Positive |
| 40 | M-code output (bit 7) | Positive |
| 41 | In-position output | Positive |
| 42 | Output of positioning completion | Positive |
| 43 | Startup input standby output | Positive |
| 44 | Alarm output 1 | Negative |
| 45 | Alarm output 2 | Negative |
| 46 | Output 1 during indexing/Origin position output | Positive |
| 47 | Output 2 during indexing/Servo state output | Positive |
| 48 | Ready output | Positive |
| 49 | Split position strobe output | Positive |
| 50 | M-code strobe output | Positive |

CN3 encoder output signal(Incremental)

| Pin No. | Signal name |
| :---: | :--- |
| 23 | A-phase (line driver output) |
| 24 | -A-phase (line driver output) |
| 25 | B-phase (line driver output) |
| 26 | -B-phase (line driver output) |
| 27 | Z-phase (line driver output) |
| 28 | -Z-phase (line driver output) |



Rated voltage: $24 \mathrm{~V} \pm 10 \%$ Rated current: 50 mA (max.)

Pulse train input circuit


O utput format: Line driver
Line driver used: DS26C31

## Driver accessory

| Model No. | Specifications | CN3 connector | CN5 connector |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| AX9000MU-U0 | Parallel I/O (NPN) |  | Power supply connector <br> 04J FAT-SBXGGKS-A <br> $1030-3000$ PE (plug) <br> O350-52A0-008 (shell) |
| AX9000MU-U1 | Parallel I/O (PNP) | Sumitomo 3M | J-FAT-OT <br> J.S.T. Mfg. Co., Ltd. |

When ordering additional parts, refer to "How to order".


Installation Dimensions


## AX6000M ${ }_{\text {serese }}$

## Cable Specifications


*1) $\square \square$ indicates the cable length.

## Safety precautions

- For uses in which the cable is repeatedly bent, fix the cable sheath part near the connector of the actuator body.
- The lead-out cable of the actuator section is not movable. Make sure to fix the cable in the connector section to prevent the cable from moving. Do not pull the lead-out cable to lift the unit or apply excessive force to the cable. Otherwise, malfunction, sounding of an alarm, damage of the connector part, or disconnection may result.
- When connecting the cable, fully insert the connector. Also, tighten the connector mounting screws and fix screws securely.
- Do not modify the cable, including disconnection or extension. Such modification may cause failure or malfunction.
- For the cable length $L$, refer to the cable length shown in the How to order.



## AX1000T series

High accuracy specifications (index accuracy, output shaft runout, etc.) Compatible function allows free combination of driver, actuator, and cable

- Max. torque: 22/45/75/150/210 N•m
- Supported driver: TS/TH driver


## Actuator specifications

| Item |  | AX1022T | AX1045T | AX1075T | AX1150T | AX1210T |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Max. output torque | $N \cdot m$ | 22 | 45 | 75 | 150 | 210 |
| Continuous output torque | $\mathrm{N} \cdot \mathrm{m}$ | 7 | 15 | 25 | 50 | 70 |
| Max. rotation speed | rpm | 240 (*1) |  | 140 (*1) | 120 (*1) |  |
| Allowable axial load | N | 600 |  | 2200 |  |  |
| Allowable moment load | $\mathrm{N} \cdot \mathrm{m}$ | 19 | 38 | 70 | 140 | 170 |
| Output shaft moment of inertia | $\mathrm{kg} \cdot \mathrm{m}^{2}$ | 0.00505 | 0.00790 | 0.03660 | 0.05820 | 0.09280 |
| Allowable moment of load inertia | $\mathrm{kg} \cdot \mathrm{m}^{2}$ | 0.6 | 0.9 | 4.0 | 6.0 | 10.0 |
| Index accuracy (*3) | sec | $\pm 15$ |  |  |  |  |
| Repeatability (*3) | sec | $\pm 5$ |  |  |  |  |
| Output shaft friction torque | $N \cdot m$ | 2.0 |  | 8.0 |  |  |
| Resolution | $\mathrm{P} / \mathrm{rev}$ | 540672 |  |  |  |  |
| Motor insulation class |  | Class F |  |  |  |  |
| Motor withstand voltage |  | 1500 VAC 1 min |  |  |  |  |
| Motor insulation resistance |  | $10 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ or more 500 VDC |  |  |  |  |
| Operating ambient temperature |  | 0 to $45^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (0 to $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ : *4) |  |  |  |  |
| Operating ambient humidity |  | 20 to $85 \%$ RH, no condensation |  |  |  |  |
| Storage ambient temperature |  | -20 to $80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Storage ambient humidity |  | 20 to 90\% R H, no condensation |  |  |  |  |
| Atmosphere |  | No corrosive gas, explosive gas, or dust |  |  |  |  |
| Weight | kg | $8.9(10.8) * 2$ | 12.0 (13.9) *2 | 23.0 (27.1) *2 | 32.0 (36.1) *2 | 44.0 (48.1) *2 |
| O utput shaft runout (*3) | mm | 0.01 |  |  |  |  |
| Output shaft surface runout (*3) | mm | 0.01 |  |  |  |  |
| Degree of protection |  | IP 20 |  |  |  |  |

*1: Use at a speed of 80 rpm or less during continuous rotation operation.
*2: The values in () are the actuator weight with the mounting base option.
*3: Refer to the "Glossary" on page 52 for index accuracy, repeatability, output shaft runout and output shaft surface runout.
*4: When using as a UL certified product, the maximum temperature is $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

How to order

## How to order

- Set model No. (actuator, driver, cable)

| Code | Description |
| :---: | :--- |
| A Size (max. torque) |  |
| $\mathbf{0 2 2}$ | $22 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$ |
| $\mathbf{0 4 5}$ | $45 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$ |
| $\mathbf{0 7 5}$ | $75 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$ |
| $\mathbf{1 5 0}$ | $150 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$ |
| $\mathbf{2 1 0}$ | $210 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$ |

B Driver type
TS $\quad$ TS type with driver
TH TH driver

| C Mounting base |  |
| :---: | :--- |
| Blank | Standard (without mounting base) |
| BS | With mounting base |
| D Connector mounting direction |  |


| Blank | Standard (connector horizontal mounting) |
| :--- | :--- | C $\quad$ Connector downward mounting

*1: Select the driver according to the compatibility table below.
Driver power voltage compatibility table

| Drivers <br> type | TS driver |  | TH driver |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Three-phase/ <br> single-phase <br> 200 to 230 VAC | Single phase <br> 100 to 115 VAC | Three-phase/ <br> single-phase <br> 200 to 230 VAC |
|  | Blank | J 1 |  |
| AX1045T | Blank | J 1 |  |
| AX1075T | Blank *2 |  |  |
| AX1150T |  |  | Blank *2 |
| AX1210T |  |  | Blank *2 |

## F Driver power voltage *1

| E Cable length |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| DM00 | Without cable |
| DM02 | 2 m |
| DM04 | 4 m (standard length) |
| DM06 | 6 m |
| DM08 | 8 m |
| DM10 | 10 m |
| DM15 | 15 m |
| DM20 | 20 m |
| F Driver power voltage |  |
| Refer to the driver power voltage compatibility table at left. |  |
| G Interface specifications |  |
| U0 | Parallel I/O (NP N specifications) |
| U1 | Parallel I/O (PNP specifications) |
| U2 | CC-Link |
| U3 | PR OFIBUS-DP |
| U4 | DeviceNet |
| U5 | EtherCAT |
| U6 | EtherNet/IP |

C When the "BS" option with the mounting base is selected, the positioning pin hole on the bottom is not available. The surface is treated with electroless nickel plating.
*5: Positioning pin holes may not be surface treated

- Actuator body discrete model No.


Driver discrete model No.

- 200 to 230 VAC


100 to 115 VAc


- Cable discrete model No.
- Motor cable


## AX-CBLM5-DM04

- Resolver cable

AX-CBLR $5=-$ DM04
ECable length
(Note: "DM04" when cable length is 4 m )

## AX1000T Series

## Speed/maximum torque characteristics

- AX1022T
(rpm)

*Fig. This graph shows the characteristics for 3-phase 200 VAC.
- AX1075T
(rpm)

( N m)
*Fig. This graph shows the characteristics for 3-phase 200 VAC.

AX1210T
(rpm)

*Fig. This graph shows the characteristics for 3-phase 200 VAC.
(Note) Moment load (simple formula)

(Fig. a)

AX1045T
(rpm)


* Fig. This graph shows the characteristics for 3-phase 200 VAC.

* Fig. This graph shows the characteristics for 3-phase 200 VAC.
- AX1022T



AX1045T

*1) The origin position of the actuator may differ from that shown in the dimensions.
The origin offset function allows you to set a desired origin position.

## AX1000T Series

## Dimensions



[^0]Dimensions

- AX1210T


6-M8 depth 12 (equipartition)


## Dimensions (-C: Connector downward mounting)

- AX1022T/AX1045T-C

${ }^{*}$ ) The origin position of the actuator may differ from that shown in the dimensions.
The origin offset function allows you to set a desired origin position.



## ABSODEX

## AX2000T Series

High-speed rotation (max. rotation speed 300 rpm ), compact with small diameter, large hollow diameter (ø30)
Compatible function allows free combination of driver, actuator, and cable

- Max. torque: $6 / 12 / 18 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$
- Supported driver: TS driver


Actuator specifications

| Item | AX2006T | AX2012T | AX2018T |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Max. output torque $\mathrm{N} \cdot \mathrm{m}$ | 6 | 12 | 18 |
| Continuous output torque $\mathrm{N} \cdot \mathrm{m}$ | 2 | 4 | 6 |
| Max. rotation speed rpm |  | 300 (*1) |  |
| Allowable axial load N |  | 1000 |  |
| Allowable moment load $\mathrm{N} \cdot \mathrm{m}$ |  | 40 |  |
| Output shaft moment of inertia $\mathrm{kg} \cdot \mathrm{m}^{2}$ | 0.00575 | 0.00695 | 0.00910 |
| Allowable moment of load inertia $\mathrm{kg} \cdot \mathrm{m}^{2}$ | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.5 |
| Index accuracy (*3) sec |  | $\pm 30$ |  |
| Repeatability (*3) sec |  | $\pm 5$ |  |
| Output shaft friction torque $\mathrm{N} \cdot \mathrm{m}$ |  |  | 0.7 |
| Resolution $\mathrm{P} / \mathrm{rev}$ |  | 540672 |  |
| Motor insulation class |  | Class F |  |
| Motor withstand voltage |  | , 00 VAC 1 m |  |
| Motor insulation resistance |  | or more 500 |  |
| Operating ambient temperature |  | $5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(0\right.$ to $40^{\circ}$ |  |
| Operating ambient humidity |  | RH, no cond |  |
| Storage ambient temperature |  | -20 to $80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |
| Storage ambient humidity |  | RH, no con |  |
| Atmosphere |  | gas, explosiv |  |
| Weight kg | $4.7(6.0) * 2$ | 5.8 (7.1) *2 | $7.5(8.8) * 2$ |
| Output shaft runout (*3) mm | 0.03 |  |  |
| Output shaft surface runout (*3) mm | 0.03 |  |  |
| Degree of protection | IP 20 |  |  |

*1: Use at a speed of 80 rpm or less during continuous rotation operation.
*2: The values in () are the actuator weight with the mounting base option
*3: Refer to the "Glossary" on page 52 for index accuracy, repeatability, output shaft runout and output shaft surface runout.
*4: When using as a UL certified product, the maximum temperature is $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.

## Speed/maximum torque characteristics

- 


*Fig. This graph shows the characteristics for 3-phase 200 VAC.
AX2018T


* Fig. This graph shows the characteristics for 3-phase 200 VAC

*Fig. This graph shows the characteristics for 3-phase 200 VAC
(Note) Moment load (simple formula)

(Fig. a)
$M(N \cdot m)=F(N) \times L(m)$
M:Moment load
F: Load
L: Distance from output shaft center

(Fig. b)
$M(N \mathrm{~m})=F(N) \times(L+0.02)(m)$ M:Moment load
F: Load
L: Distance from output shaft flange

Always read the safety precautions on pages 61 to 66 before use.

## How to order

- Set model No. (actuator, driver, cable)

Body model No.
Option model No.
Precautions for model No. selection
*1: Select the driver according to the compatibility table below.
Driver power voltage compatibility table

|  | TS driver |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Three-phase/ single-phase 200 to 230 VAC | Single phase 100 to 115 VAC |
| AX2006T | Blank | J 1 |
| AX2012T | Blank | J 1 |
| AX2018T | Blank | J 1 |

*2: Cable is a movable cable.
Refer to page 48 for dimensions of the cable. Body lead-out cable is not a movable cable.
*3: C When the "BS" option with the mounting base is selected, the positioning pin hole on the bottom is

| Code | Description |
| :---: | :---: |
| A Size (max. torque) |  |
| 006 | $6 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$ |
| 012 | $12 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$ |
| 018 | $18 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$ |
| B Driver type |  |
| TS | TS driver |
| C Mounting base |  |
| Blank | Standard (without mounting base) |
| BS | With mounting base |
| D Cable length |  |
| DM00 | Without cable |
| DM02 | 2 m |
| DM04 | 4 m (standard length) |
| DM06 | 6 m |
| DM08 | 8 m |
| DM10 | 10 m |
| DM15 | 15 m |
| DM20 | 20 m |
| E Driver power voltage |  |
| Refer to the driver power voltage compatibility table at left. |  |
| F Interface specifications |  |
| U0 | Parallel I/O (NPN specifications) |
| U1 | P arallel I/O (PNP specifications) |
| U2 | CC-Link |
| U3 | PROFIBUS-DP |
| U4 | DeviceNet |
| U5 | E therCAT |
| U6 | E therNet/IP | not available. The surface is treated with electroless nickel plating.

*4: Positioning pin holes may not be surface treated.
*5: The surface is treated with electroless nickel plating

- Actuator body discrete model No.


Driver discrete model No.

- 200 to 230 VAC

- Cable discrete model No.
- Motor cable

AX-CBLM6-DM04

- Resolver cable

AX-CBLR 6-DM04
(D Cable length
$\binom{$ Note: "DM04" when cable }{ length is 4 m}

## Dimensions



[^1]The origin offset function allows you to set a desired origin position.


*1) The origin position of the actuator may differ from that shown in the dimensions.
The origin offset function allows you to set a desired origin position.


## ABSODEX

## AX4000T series

Supports large moments of inertia load Compatible function allows free combination of driver, actuator, and cable Large hollow diameter is convenient for cable wiring and piping, abundant options available
Max. torque: $9 / 22 / 45 / 75 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$
Supported driver:TS driver - Supported driver: TS driver

## Actuator specifications

| Item | AX4009T | AX4022T | AX4045T | AX4075T |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Max. output torque N.m | 9 | 22 | 45 | 75 |
| Continuous output torque $\mathrm{N} \cdot \mathrm{m}$ | 3 | 7 | 15 | 25 |
| Max. rotation speed rpm | 240 (*1) |  |  | 140 (*1) |
| Allowable axial load N | 800 | 3700 |  | 20000 |
| Allowable moment load $\mathrm{N} \cdot \mathrm{m}$ | 40 | 60 | 80 | 200 |
| Output shaft moment of inertia $\mathrm{kg} \cdot \mathrm{m}^{2}$ | 0.009 | 0.0206 | 0.0268 | 0.1490 |
| Allowable moment of load inertia $\mathrm{kg} \cdot \mathrm{m}^{2}$ | 0.35 (1.75) (*2) | 0.60 (3.00) (*2) | 0.90 (5.00) (*2) | 5.00 (25.00) (*2) |
| Index accuracy (*5) sec | $\pm 30$ |  |  |  |
| Repeatability (*5) sec | $\pm 5$ |  |  |  |
| Output shaft friction torque $\mathrm{N} \cdot \mathrm{m}$ | 0.8 | 3.5 |  | 10.0 |
| Resolution $\mathrm{P} / \mathrm{rev}$ | 540672 |  |  |  |
| Motor insulation class | Class F |  |  |  |
| Motor withstand voltage | 1,500 VAC 1 min |  |  |  |
| Motor insulation resistance | $10 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ or more 500 VDC |  |  |  |
| Operating ambient temperature | 0 to $45^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (0 to $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ : *6) |  |  |  |
| Operating ambient humidity | 20 to $85 \%$ RH, no condensation |  |  |  |
| Storage ambient temperature | -20 to $80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |
| Storage ambient humidity | 20 to 90\% RH, no condensation |  |  |  |
| Atmosphere | No corrosive gas, explosive gas, or dust |  |  |  |
| Weight kg | 5.5 | 12.3 (14.6) *3 | 15.0 (17.3) *3 | 36.0 (41.0) *3 |
| Weight with brake kg | - | 16.4 (18.7) *3 | 19.3 (21.6) *3 | 54.0 (59.0) *3 |
| Output shaft runout (*5) mm | 0.03 |  |  |  |
| Output shaft surface runout ( $* 5$ ) mm | 0.05 |  |  |  |
| Degree of protection | IP 20 |  |  |  |

*1: Use at a speed of 80 rpm or less during continuous rotation operation.
*2: When using in load conditions up to those given in (), set parameter 72 (integral gain magnification) $=0.3$ (reference value).
*3: The values in () are the actuator weight with the mounting base option.
*4: Contact CKD whenever using continuous rotation operation in combination with parameter 72 (integral gain magnification).
*5: Refer to the "Glossary" on page 52 for index accuracy, repeatability, output shaft runout and output shaft surface runout.
*6: When using as a UL certified product, the maximum temperature is $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
Electromagnetic brake specifications (option)

| Compatibility | AX4022T/AX4045T | AX4075T |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Type | Non-backlash dry type non-excitation type |  |
| Rated voltage V | 24 VDC |  |
| Power capacity W | 30 | 55 |
| Rated current A | 1.25 | 2.30 |
| Static friction torque $\mathrm{N} \cdot \mathrm{m}$ | 35 | 200 |
| Armature release time (brake on) msec | 50 (reference value) | 50 (reference value) |
| Armature suction time (brake off) msec | 150 (reference value) | 250 (reference value) |
| Retention accuracy Minutes | 45 (reference value) |  |
| Max. operating frequency times/min | 60 | 40 |

*1: During output shaft rotation, the electromagnetic brake disc and fixed part may cause a scraping sound.
Also, impact noise is generated when electromagnetic brakes operate.
*2: For travel after brake off, you must change the parameter delay time by the above-mentioned armature suction time.
*3: Though it is a non-backlash type, holding a constant position is difficult if load is applied in the rotation direction. It is not for maintaining braking/precision.
*4: Manual release of the electromagnetic brake is possible by evenly tightening the bolts in the manual release tap ( 3 locations).
*5: Use a non-magnetic material (SUS303, etc.) when putting a shaft through the hollow hole in the type with magnetic brakes. Peripheral devices may be affected due to magnetization.
Please read the technical data and user's manual for details on the precautions.
Always read the safety precautions on pages 61 to 66 before use.

How to order

## How to order

S et model No. (actuator, driver, cable)


| Code | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| A Size (max. torque) |  |
| $\mathbf{0 0 9}$ | $9 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$ |
| $\mathbf{0 2 2}$ | $22 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$ |
| $\mathbf{0 4 5}$ | $45 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$ |
| $\mathbf{0 7 5}$ | $75 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$ |
| B Driver type |  |
| TS | TS driver |
| C Mounting base |  |
| Blank | Standard (without mounting base) |
| BS | W ith mounting base |
| D Cable length |  |
| DM00 | W ithout cable |
| DM02 | 2 m |
| DM04 | 4 m (standard length) |
| DM06 | 6 m |
| DM08 | 8 m |
| DM10 | 10 m |
| DM15 | 15 m |
| BM20 | 20 m |
| E B | Nake |

## Precautions for model No. selection

*1: Select the driver according to the compatibility table below.
Driver power voltage compatibility table

| Drivers <br> type | Three-phase/ <br> single-phase <br> 200 to 230 VAC | Single phase <br> 100 to 115 VAC |
| ---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Blank | J 1 |
| AX4009T | Blank | J1 |
| AX4022T | Blank | J1 |
| AX4045T | Blank *2 |  |
| AX4075T |  |  |

*2: For models with maximum torque $75 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$, the calculation of torque limit region is different from the usual when used at single-phase 200 VAC. Contact CKD to determine usability.
*3: Cable is a movable cable.
Refer to page 48 for dimensions of the cable. Body lead-out cable is not a movable cable.
*4: C When the "BS" option with the mounting base is selected, the positioning pin hole on the bottom is not available. The surface is treated with electroless nickel plating.
*5: Positioning pin holes may not be surface treated.
*6: When selecting an electromagnetic brake, refer to the precautions (Page 65) for instructions on how to connect electromagnetic brakes.

For options, select according to the "Option compatibility table" below. Option compatibility table

|  | AX4009T | AX4022T | AX4045T | AX4075T |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mounting base (-BS) | $\times$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |
| Brake (-EB) | $\times$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ |


| F Driver power voltage |
| :--- |
| Refer to the driver power voltage compatibility table at left. |
| G Interface specifications |
| $\mathbf{U 0}$ |
| U1 |
| Parallel I/O (NPN specifications) |
| U2 |
| U3 |
| CC-Link |
| U4 |
| PR OFIBUS -DP |
| U5 |
| U6 |
| DeviceNet |

F Driver power voltage
Refer to the driver power voltage compatibility table at left.
G Interface specifications
*7: The surface of the body is treated with electroless nickel plating.

- Actuator body discrete model No.


Driver discrete model No.

- 200 to 230 VAC


G Interface specifications

Cable discrete model No.

- Motor cable

AX-CBLM6-DM04

- Resolver cable

AX-CBLR 6-DM04
DCable length
Note: "DM 04" when cable length is 4 m

## AK4000T Series

## Speed/maximum torque characteristics

## - AX4009T


*Fig. This graph shows the characteristics for 3-phase 200 VAC.

*Fig. This graph shows the characteristics for 3-phase 200 VAC.

Always read the safety precautions on pages 61 to 66 before use.

- AX4075T

*Fig. This graph shows the characteristics for 3-phase 200 VAC.
*Fig. This graph shows the characteristics for 3-phase 200 VAC.


(Fig. b)


## AK4000T Series

## Dimensions

- AX4009T

6-M5 depth 10 (equipartition)


*1) The origin position of the actuator may differ from that shown in the dimensions. The origin offset function allows you to set a desired origin position.

AX4022T-EB
Electromagnetic brake
For other options, refer to the left figure on the left.

*1) The origin position of the actuator may differ from that shown in the dimensions.
The origin offset function allows you to set a desired origin position. The position of the positioning pin hole is the same as that of AX4022T when an electromagnetic brake is mounted.

## Dimensions


*1) The origin position of the actuator may differ from that shown in the dimensions. The origin offset function allows you to set a desired origin position. The position of the positioning pin hole is the same as that of AX4045T when an electromagnetic brake is mounted.

AX4075T-EB
Electromagnetic brake
For other options, refer to the left figure on the left.

*1) The origin position of the actuator may differ from that shown in the dimensions. The origin offset function allows you to set a desired origin position. The position of the positioning pin hole is the same as that of AX4045T when an electromagnetic brake is mounted.

## ABSODEX

## AX4000T series

Supports large moments of inertia load Compatible function allows free combination of driver, actuator, and cable Large hollow diameter is convenient for cable wiring and piping, abundant options available Supported driver: TH driver

## Actuator specifications

| Item | AX4150T | AX4300T | AX4500T | AX410WT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Max. output torque $\mathrm{N} \cdot \mathrm{m}$ | 150 | 300 | 500 | 1000 |
| Continuous output torque $\mathrm{N} \cdot \mathrm{m}$ | 50 | 100 | 160 | 330 |
| Max. rotation speed rpm | 100 (*1) |  | 70 | 30 |
| Allowable axial load N | 20000 |  |  |  |
| Allowable moment load $\mathrm{N} \cdot \mathrm{m}$ | 300 | 400 | 500 | 400 |
| Output shaft moment of inertia $\mathrm{kg} \cdot \mathrm{m}^{2}$ | 0.2120 | 0.3260 | 0.7210 | 2.7200 |
| Allowable moment of load inertia $\mathrm{kg} \cdot \mathrm{m}^{2}$ | 75.00 (*2) | 180.00 (*2) | 300.00 (*2) | 600.00 (*2) |
| Index accuracy (*4) sec | $\pm 30$ |  |  |  |
| Repeatability (*4) sec | $\pm 5$ |  |  |  |
| Output shaft friction torque $\mathrm{N} \cdot \mathrm{m}$ | 10.0 |  | 15.0 | 20.0 |
| Resolution P/rev | 540672 |  |  |  |
| Motor insulation class | Class F |  |  |  |
| Motor withstand voltage | 1,500 VAC 1 min |  |  |  |
| Motor insulation resistance | $10 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ or more 500 VDC |  |  |  |
| Operating ambient temperature | 0 to $45^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (0 to $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ : *5) |  |  |  |
| Operating ambient humidity | 20 to 85\% RH, no condensation |  |  |  |
| Storage ambient temperature | -20 to $80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |
| Storage ambient humidity | 20 to 90\% RH, no condensation |  |  |  |
| Atmosphere | No corrosive gas, explosive gas, or dust |  |  |  |
| Weight $\quad \mathrm{kg}$ | 44.0 (49.0) *3 | 66.0 (74.0) *3 | 115.0 (123.0) *3 | 198.0 (217.0) *3 |
| Weight with brake $\quad \mathrm{kg}$ | 63.0 (68.0) *3 | 86.0 (94.0) *3 | - | - |
| Output shaft runout (*4) mm | 0.03 |  |  |  |
| Output shaft surface runout (*4) mm | 0.05 |  |  | 0.08 |
| Degree of protection | IP 20 |  |  |  |

*1: Use at a speed of 80 rpm or less during continuous rotation operation.
*2: Settings when shipped support large moment of inertia.
*3: The values in () are the actuator weight with the mounting base option.
*4: Refer to the "Glossary" on page 52 for index accuracy, repeatability, output shaft runout and output shaft surface runout.
*5: When using as a UL certified product, the maximum temperature is $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
Electromagnetic brake specifications (option)

| Item | Compatibility | AX4150T/AX4300T |
| :--- | ---: | :---: |
| Type |  | Non-backlash dry type non-excitation type |
| Rated voltage | W | 24 VDC |
| Power capacity | A | 55 |
| Rated current | $\mathrm{N} \cdot \mathrm{m}$ | 2.30 |
| Static friction torque | msec | 200 |
| Armature release time (brake on) | 50 (reference value) |  |
| Armature suction time (brake off) | msec | 250 (reference value) |
| Retention accuracy | Minutes | 45 (reference value) |
| Max. operating frequency | times $/ \mathrm{min}$ | 40 |

*1: During output shaft rotation, the electromagnetic brake disc and fixed part may cause a scraping sound.
Also, impact noise is generated when electromagnetic brakes operate.
*2: For travel after brake off, you must change the parameter delay time by the above-mentioned armature suction time.
*3: Though it is a non-backlash type, holding a constant position is difficult if load is applied in the rotation direction. It is not for maintaining braking/precision.
*4: Manual release of the electromagnetic brake is possible by evenly tightening the bolts in the manual release tap ( 3 locations).
*5: Use a non-magnetic material (SUS 303, etc.) when putting a shaft through the hollow hole in the type with magnetic brakes.
Peripheral devices may be affected due to magnetization.
Please read the technical data and user's manual for details on the precautions.
Always read the safety precautions on pages 61 to 66 before use.

How to order

## How to order

S et model No. (actuator, driver, cable)
Precautions for model No. selection
*1: Select the driver according to the compatibility table below.
Driver power voltage compatibility table

| Drivers <br> type | TH driver <br> Model |
| ---: | :---: |
|  |  |
|  |  |$|$| Blank *2 |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| AX4150T | Blank *2 |
| AX4300T | Blank *2 |
| AX4500T | Blank *2 |
| AX410WT |  |

*2: The calculation of torque limit region is different from the usual when used at single-phase 200 VAC. Contact CKD to determine usability.
*3: Cable is a movable cable.
Refer to page 48 for dimensions of the cable.
*4: C When the "BS" option with the mounting base is selected, the positioning pin hole on the bottom is not available. The surface is treated with electroless nickel plating.
*5: When selecting an electromagnetic brake, refer to the precautions (Page 65)

| Code |  |
| :---: | :--- |
| A Size (max. torque) |  |
| $\mathbf{1 5 0}$ | $150 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$ |
| $\mathbf{3 0 0}$ | $300 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$ |
| $\mathbf{5 0 0}$ | $500 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$ |
| 10W | $1000 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$ |
| B Driver type |  |
| TH | TH driver |
| C Mounting base |  |
| Blank | Standard (without mounting base) |
| B S | With mounting base |
| D Cable length |  |
| DM00 | Without cable |
| DM02 | 2 m |
| DM04 | 4 m (standard length) |
| DM06 | 6 m |
| DM08 | 8 m |
| DM10 | 10 m |
| DM15 | 15 m |
| DM20 | 20 m |
| E B rake |  |
| Blank | Standard (without electromagnetic brake) |
| E B | Negative-actuated electromagnetic brake |
| F Interface specifications |  |
| U0 | Parallel I/O (NP N specifications) |
| U1 | Parallel I/O (P NP specifications) |
| U2 | CC-Link |
| U3 | PR OFIBUS-DP |
| U4 | DeviceNet |
| U5 | EtherCAT |
| U6 | EtherNet/IP | for instructions on how to connect electromagnetic brakes.

For options, select according to the "Option compatibility table" below.
Option compatibility table

|  | AX4150T | AX4300T | AX4500T | AX410WT |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Electromagnetic brake (-EB) | $\bigcirc$ | $\bigcirc$ | $\times$ | $\times$ |

*6: Positioning pin holes may not be surface treated.
*7: The surface is treated with electroless nickel plating.

- Actuator body discrete model No.

- Driver discrete model No.
- 200 to 230 VAC


[^2]Cable discrete model No.

- Motor cable

AX-CBLM6-DM04

- Resolver cable

AX-CBLR6-DM04
(D) Cable length
(Note: "DM 04" when cable) length is 4 m

## AK4000T Series

## Speed/maximum torque characteristics

## AX4150T

(rpm)


* Fig. This graph shows the characteristics for 3-phase 200 VAC.

AX4500T
(rpm)


* Fig. This graph shows the characteristics for 3-phase 200 VAC.
(Note) Moment load (simple formula)
(Fig. a)



## - AX4300T

(rpm)

*Fig. This graph shows the characteristics for 3-phase 200 VAC.


* Fig. This graph shows the characteristics for 3-phase 200 VAC.

(Fig. b)


## Dimensions

AX4150T-E B
Electromagnetic brake
For other options, refer to the left figure on the left.


Electromagnetic brake lead wire


300 from outlet $45^{\circ}$

*1) The origin position of the actuator may differ from that shown in the dimensions. The origin offset function allows you to set a desired origin position. The position of the positioning pin hole is the same as that of AX4150T when an electromagnetic brake is mounted.

| AX4300T | AX4300T-EB <br> Electromagnetic brake <br> For other options, refer to the left figure on the left. |
| :--- | :--- |
|  |  |






*1) The origin position of the actuator may differ from that shown in the dimensions. The origin offset function allows you to set a desired origin position. The position of the positioning pin hole is the same as that of AX4300T when an electromagnetic brake is mounted.


The origin offset function allows you to set a desired origin position.

- AX410WT




## TS/TH driver

Interface specification: P arallel I/O (NP N), P arallel I/O (PNP) CC-Link, PROFIBUS-DP, DeviceNet E therCAT, E therNet/IP


| Features |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Power supply is divided into main power supply and control power supply <br> - Wiring method is changed from terminal block to connector <br> - Smaller/lighter weight (resin body adopted) <br> -7-segment LED 2-digit display <br> - Compatible with encoder output (parallel I/O only) <br> - Serial communication options available <br> - Monitoring functions such as position information, alarm status, etc. (U2, U3, U4, U5, and U6 options only) <br> General specifications |  |  |  |
| Item |  | Model |  |
|  |  | TS driver AX9000TS | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { TH driver } \\ & \text { AX9000TH } \end{aligned}$ |
| Power supply voltage | Main power supply | Three phase, Single phase 200 VAC $\pm 10 \%$ to 230 VAC $\pm 10 \%$ (*1) 100 VAC $\pm 10 \%$ to 115 VAC $\pm 10 \%$ (J 1 Option) (*2) (*3) |  |
|  | Control power | 200 VAC $\pm 10 \%$ to 230 VAC $\pm 10 \%$ <br> 100 VAC $\pm 10 \%$ to 115 VAC $\pm 10 \%$ (J 1 Option ) (*2) (*3) |  |
| Power frequency |  | $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |  |
| Rated input current |  | 200 VAC: 1.8 A 100 VAC: 2.4 A | 200 VAC: 5.0 A |
| Rated output current |  | 1.9 A | 5.0 A |
| Structure |  | Driver and controller integrated (open type) |  |
| Operating ambientemperature |  | 0 to $50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |
| Operating ambient humidity |  | 20 to 90\% RH (no condensation) |  |
| Storage ambient temperature |  | -20 to $65^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |
| Storage ambient humidity |  | 20 to 90\% RH (no condensation) |  |
| Atmosphere |  | No corrosive gas or dust |  |
| Anti-noise |  | $1,000 \mathrm{~V}(\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{P})$, pulse width $1 \mu \mathrm{sec}$, rising 1 nsec impulse noise test, induction noise (capacitive coupling) |  |
| Vibration resistance |  | $4.9 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ |  |
| Weight |  | Approx. 1.6 kg | Approx. 2.1 kg |
| Degree of protection |  | IP2X (excluding CN4 and CN5) |  |

*1) For models with maximum torque $75 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$ or more, the calculation of torque limit region is different from the usual when used at single-phase 200 VAC. Contact CKD to determine usability.
*2) If 200 to 230 VAC is connected by mistake, when using power voltage 100 to 115 VAC specifications (-J 1 option), the driver internal circuit will be damaged. *3) For models with maximum torque $75 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$ or more, "-J 1" cannot be selected.
*4) If the main power is cut off while the actuator is rotating, the rotation may continue due to inertia.
*5) After the main power supply is cut OFF, the motor may rotate by the residual voltage of the driver.

## How to order

- 200 to 230 VAC


Interface specifications
U0: Parallel I/O (NPN)
U1: Parallel I/O (PNP)
U2: CC-Link
U3: PROFIBUS-DP
U4: DeviceNet
U5: E therCAT
U6: E therNet/IP

## Performance specifications

| Item | Description |
| :---: | :---: |
| No. of control axes | 1 axis, 540,672 pulses/1 rotation |
| Angle setting unit | ${ }^{\circ}$ (degree), pulse, indexing No. |
| Angle min. setting unit | $0.001^{\circ}, 1$ pulse |
| Speed setting unit | sec, rpm |
| Speed setting range | 0.01 to $100 \mathrm{sec} / 0.11$ to $300 \mathrm{rpm}(* 1)$ |
| Equal divisions | 1 to 255 |
| Max. command value | 7-digit numeric input $\pm 9,999,999$ |
| Timer | 0.01 sec to 99.99 sec |
| Programming language | NC |
| Programming method | Set the data through RS-232C port with an interactive terminal, PC, etc. |
| Operation mode | Auto, MDI, jog, single block, servo OFF, pulse train input mode |
| Coordinates | Absolute, incremental |
| Acceleration curve | ```[5 types] Modified sine (MS), modified constant velocity (MC/ MC2), modified trapezoid (MT), trapecloid (TR)``` |
| Status display | LED display CHARGE: Main power supply POWER: Control power |
| Operation display | Display with 7-segment LED (2 digits) |
| Communication interface | RS-232C compliant |
| I/O signal | Refer to interface specification pages. |
| Program capacity | Approx. 6,000 characters (256) |
| Electronic thermal | Overheating protection for actuator |

*1) Maximum rotation speed differs depending on the actuator connected.

## Breaker capacity

TS driver

| Actuator model No. | Driver model No. | Rush current (A) |  | Breaker capacity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Single phase 100 V | Single-phase/three-phase 200 V | Rated current (A) |
| AX2006T | AX9000TS | 16 (*1) | 56 (*1) | 10 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { AX1022T, AX2012T, AX2018T } \\ & \text { AX4009T, AX4022T } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |
| AX1045T, AX4045T |  |  |  |  |
| AX1075T, AX4075T |  | - |  |  |

*1) The value of the rush current is a representative value at 115 VAC and 230 VAC.
TH driver

| Actuator model No. | Driver model No. | Rush current (A) | Breaker capacity |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Three-phase 200 V | Rated current (A) |
| AX1150T, AX4150T | AX9000TH | 56 (*1) | 20 |
| AX1210T, AX4300T |  |  |  |
| AX4500T |  |  |  |
| AX410WT |  |  |  |

*1) The value of the rush current is a representative value at 230 VAC.

Parallel I/O (NPN)

CN3 Input signal

| Pin No. | Signal name | Logic | Determination |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 to 2 | External power supply input $+24 \mathrm{~V} \pm 10 \%$ |  |  |
| 3 to 4 | External power supply input GND |  |  |
| 5 | Program No. selection input (Bit 0) | Positive | Level |
| 6 | Program No. selection input (Bit 1) | Positive | Level |
| 7 | Program No. selection input (Bit 2) | Positive | Level |
| 8 | Program No. selection input (Bit 3) | Positive | Level |
| 9 | Program No. setting 2nd digit input/ <br> Program No. selection input (Bit 4) | Positive | Edge <br> Level |
| 10 | Program No. setting 1st digit input// <br> Program No. selection input (Bit 5) | Positive | Edge <br> Level |
| 11 | Reset input | Positive | Edge |
| 12 | Origin return directive input | Positive | Edge |
| 13 | Start input | Positive | Edge |
| 14 | Servo on input/ <br> Program stop input | Positive | Level <br> Edge |
| 15 | Ready return/Continuous rotation stop input | Positive | Edge |
| 16 | Answer input/Positiondeviation counter resetinput | Positive | Edge |
| 17 | Emergency stop input | Negative | Level |
| 18 | Brake release input | Positive | Level |

CN3 pulse train input signal

| Pin No. | Signal name |
| :---: | :--- |
| 19 | PULSE/UP/A phase |
| 20 | -PULSE/-UP/-A phase |
| 21 | DIR/DOWN/B phase |
| 22 | -DIR/-DOWN/-B phase |

## Input/output circuit specifications

| Description | 1 circuit current <br> $(\mathrm{mA})$ | Max. points <br> (Circuit) | Max. current <br> $(\mathrm{mA})$ | Max. power <br> consumption (mA) |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Input circuit | 4 | 14 | 56 | 1106 |
| Output circuit | 50 | 18 | 900 |  |
| Brake output (BK+, BK-) | 75 | 2 | 150 |  |

* The maximum simultaneous output points of the output circuit are 14 points out of 18 points.

CN3 Output signal

| Pin No. | Signal name | Logic |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| 33 | M code output (Bit 0) | Positive |
| 34 | M code output (Bit 1) | Positive |
| 35 | M code output (Bit 2) | Positive |
| 36 | M code output (B it 3) | Positive |
| 37 | M code output (Bit 4) | Positive |
| 38 | M code output (Bit 5) | Positive |
| 39 | M code output (Bit 6) | Positive |
| 40 | M code output (Bit 7) | Positive |
| 41 | Imposition output | Positive |
| 42 | Positioning completion output | Positive |
| 43 | Start input wait output | Positive |
| 44 | Alarm output 1 | Negative |
| 45 | Alarm output 2 | Negative |
| 46 | Output 1 during indexing/Origin position output | Positive |
| 47 | Output 2 during indexing/S ervo state output | Positive |
| 48 | Ready output | Positive |
| 49 | Segment position strobe output | Positive |
| 50 | M code strobe output | Positive |

CN3 encoder output signal (Incremental)

| Pin No. | Signal name |
| :---: | :--- |
| 23 | A phase (Line driver output) |
| 24 | -A phase (Line driver output) |
| 25 | B phase (Line driver output) |
| 26 | -B phase (Line driver output) |
| 27 | Z phase (Line driver output) |
| 28 | $-Z$ phase (Line driver output) |

CN3 input/output circuit specifications

- Input circuit


Rated voltage $24 \mathrm{~V} \pm 10 \%$ Rated current 4 mA (at 24 VDC )

Output circuit


Rated voltage $24 \mathrm{~V} \pm 10 \%$
Rated current 50 mA (MAX)

Pulse string Input circuit


Max. input frequency
Line driver 1 Mpps
Open collector 250 Kpps
Rated voltage $5 \mathrm{~V} \pm 10 \%$

- Encoder Output circuit


Output: line driver
Use line driver: DS26C31

## TS/TH driver

## Parallel I/O (PNP)

CN 3 Input signal

| Pin No. | Signal name | Logic | Determination |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 to 2 | External power supply input GND (*1) |  |  |
| 3 to 4 | External power supply input $+24 \mathrm{~V} \pm 10 \%$ ( ${ }^{\text {(1) }}$ |  |  |
| 5 | Program No. selection input (Bit 0) | Positive | Level |
| 6 | Program No. selection input (Bit 1) | Positive | Level |
| 7 | Program No. selection input (Bit 2) | Positive | Level |
| 8 | Program No. selection input (Bit 3) | Positive | Level |
| 9 | Program No. setting 2nd digit input/ <br> Program No. selection input (Bit 4) | Positive | Edge Level |
| 10 | Program No. setting 1st digit input/ <br> Program No. selection input (Bit 5) | Positive | Edge Level |
| 11 | Reset input | Positive | Edge |
| 12 | Origin return directive input | Positive | Edge |
| 13 | Start input | Positive | Edge |
| 14 | Servo on input/ Program stop input | Positive | Level Edge |
| 15 | Ready return/Continuous rotation stop input | Positive | Edge |
| 16 | Answer inputPosition deviation counter reset input | Positive | Edge |
| 17 | Emergency stop input | Negative | Level |
| 18 | Brake release input | Positive | Level |

CN3 Output signal

| Pin No. | Signal name | Logic |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| 33 | M code output (Bit 0) | Positive |
| 34 | M code output (Bit 1) | Positive |
| 35 | M code output (Bit 2) | Positive |
| 36 | M code output (Bit 3) | Positive |
| 37 | M code output (Bit 4) | Positive |
| 38 | M code output (Bit 5) | Positive |
| 39 | M code output (Bit 6) | Positive |
| 40 | M code output (Bit 7) | Positive |
| 41 | Imposition output | Positive |
| 42 | Positioning completion output | Positive |
| 43 | Start input wait output | Positive |
| 44 | Alarm output 1 | Negative |
| 45 | Alarm output 2 | Negative |
| 46 | Output 1 during indexing/Origin position output | Positive |
| 47 | Output 2 during indexing/Servo state output | Positive |
| 48 | Ready output | Positive |
| 49 | Segment position strobe output | Positive |
| 50 | M code strobe output | Positive |

*1) The wiring differs from that under the PNP specification of AX9000GS/AX9000GH.
CN3 pulse train input signal

| Pin No. | Signal name |
| :---: | :--- |
| 19 | PULSE/UP/A phase |
| 20 | - PULSE/-UP/-A phase |
| 21 | DIR/DOWN/B phase |
| 22 | - DIR/-DOWN/-B phase |

CN3 encoder output signal (Incremental)

| Pin No. | Signal name |
| :---: | :--- |
| 23 | A phase (Line driver output) |
| 24 | -A phase (Line driver output) |
| 25 | B phase (Line driver output) |
| 26 | -B phase (Line driver output) |
| 27 | Z phase (Line driver output) |
| 28 | -Z phase (Line driver output) |

## Input/output circuit specifications

| Description | 1 circuit current <br> $(\mathrm{mA})$ | Max. points <br> (Circuit) | Max. current <br> $(\mathrm{mA})$ | Max, power <br> consumption (mA) |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Input circuit | 4 | 14 | 56 |  |
| Output circuit | 50 | 18 | 900 | 1106 |
| Brake output (BK+, BK-) | 75 | 2 | 150 |  |

* The maximum simultaneous output points of the output circuit are 14 points out of 18 points.

CN3 input/output circuit specifications

- Input circuit

- Pulse string Input circuit
 Max. input frequency Line driver 1 Mpps Open collector 250 Kpps
Encoder Output circuit


Output: line driver
Use line driver: DS26C31

Rated voltage $24 \mathrm{~V} \pm 10 \%$
Rated current 50 mA (MAX)

## CC-Link

Communication specifications

| Item | Specifications |
| :--- | :--- |
| Power supply | 5 VDC is supplied from the servo amplifier. |
| CC-Link version | Ver 1.10 |
| Number of occupied <br> stations (Station type) | 2 stations (Remote device station) |
| Remote input points | 64 points (including unusable) |
| Remote output points | 64 points (including unusable) |
| Remote register input/output | Input 8 words/Output 8 words |
| Communication speed | $10 \mathrm{M} / 5 \mathrm{M} / 2.5 \mathrm{M} / 625 \mathrm{k} / 156 \mathrm{kbps}$ <br> (Selected by parameter setting) |
| Connection cable | CC-Link Ver. 1.10 compliant cable <br> (3 core cable with shield) |
| Transmission format | HDLC compliant |
| Remote station No. | 1 to 63 (Set by a parameter) |
| Number of connected <br> units | For remote device station only, <br> Max. 32 units/2 stations occupied |
| Monitor function | Present position within 1 rotation <br> (degree, pulse), position deviation <br> amount, program No., electronic <br> thermal, rotation speed, point table <br> No., torque load factor, acceleration, <br> alarm, parameter, operation mode |

I/O signal

| Device No. | Signal name | Logic | Datemination |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RYn0 | Program No. selection input (Bit 0) | Positive | Level |
| RYn1 | Program No. selection input (Bit 1) | Positive | Level |
| RYn2 | Program No. selection input (Bit 2) | Positive | Level |
| RYn3 | Program No. selection input (Bit 3) | Positive | Level |
| RYn4 | Program No. setting 2nd digit input/ Program No. selection input (Bit 4) | Positive | Edge Level |
| RYn5 | Program No. setting 1st digit input/ Program No. selection input (Bit 5) | Positive | Edge <br> Level |
| RYn6 | Reset input | Positive | Edge |
| RYn7 | Origin return directive input | Positive | Edge |
| RYn8 | Start input | Positive | Edge |
| RYn9 | Servo on input/ Program stop input | Positive | Level <br> Edge |
| RYnA | Ready return input/C ontinuous rotation stop input | Positive | Edge |
| RYnB | Answer input/P osition deviation counter reset input | Positive | Edge |
| RYnC | Emergency stop input | Negative | Level |
| RYnD | Brake release input | Positive | Level |
| RYnE | J ob operation input (CW direction) | Positive | Edge |
| RYnF | J ob operation input (CCW direction) | Positive | Edge |
| RY ( $\mathrm{n}+1$ )0 | Unusable/Travel unit selection input (Bit 0) | Positive | Level |
| RY ( $\mathrm{n}+1$ )1 | Unusable/Travel unit selection input (Bit 1) | Positive | Level |
| RY ( $\mathrm{n}+1$ )2 | Unusable/Travel speed unit selection input | Positive | Level |
| RY ( $\mathrm{n}+1$ ) 3 | Operation by table, Operation by data input switching input | Positive | Level |
| $\begin{array}{\|c} \hline \operatorname{RY}(\mathrm{n}+1) 4 \\ \text { to } \\ \mathrm{RY}(\mathrm{n}+1) \mathrm{F} \end{array}$ | Unusable |  |  |
| RY $(n+2) 0$ | Monitor output execution request | Positive | Level |
| RY ( $n+2$ )1 | Command code execution request | Positive | Edge |
| $\begin{gathered} \hline \operatorname{RY}(n+2) 2 \\ \text { to } \\ \operatorname{RY}(n+2) F \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Unusable |  | ) |
| $\begin{gathered} \operatorname{RY}(n+3) 0 \\ \text { to } \\ \operatorname{RY}(n+3) F \end{gathered}$ | Unusable |  |  |

* n is determined by the setting of the station No.


## TB3 Input circuit specifications (Machine stops)



AX (Output) $\rightarrow$ PLC

| Device No. | Signal name | Logic |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| RXn0 | M code output (Bit 0) | Positive |
| RXn1 | M code output (Bit 1) | Positive |
| RXn2 | M code output (Bit 2) | Positive |
| RXn3 | M code output (Bit 3) | Positive |
| RXn4 | M code output (Bit 4) | Positive |
| RXn5 | M code output (Bit 5) | Positive |
| RXn6 | M code output (Bit 6) | Positive |
| RXn7 | M code output (Bit 7) | Positive |
| RXn8 | Imposition output | Positive |
| RXn9 | Positioning completion output | Positive |
| RXnA | Start input wait output | Positive |
| RXnB | Alarm output 1 | Negative |
| RXnC | Alarm output 2 | Negative |
| RXnD | Output 1 during indexing/ Origin position output | Positive |
| RXnE | Output 2 during indexing/ Servo state output | Positive |
| RXnF | Ready output | Positive |
| RX( $\mathrm{n}+1) 0$ | Segment position strobe output | Positive |
| RX( $n+1) 1$ | M code strobe output | Positive |
| $\left\|\begin{array}{c} R X(n+1) 2 \\ \text { to } \\ R X(n+1) F \end{array}\right\|$ | Unusable |  |
| RX( $\mathrm{n}+2)^{0}$ | Monitoring |  |
| RX( $\mathrm{n}+2) 1$ | Command code execution completed | Positive |
| $\left\|\begin{array}{c} R X(n+2) 2 \\ t o \\ R X(n+2) F \end{array}\right\|$ | Unusable |  |
| $\left.\begin{gathered} R X(n+3) 0 \\ t o \\ R X(n+3) A \end{gathered} \right\rvert\,$ | Unusable |  |
| RX( $\mathrm{n}+3$ ) B | Remote READY | Positive |
| $\left.\begin{gathered} R X(n+3) C \\ \text { to } \\ R X(n+3) F \end{gathered} \right\rvert\,$ | Unusable |  |

R ated voltage $24 \mathrm{~V} \pm 10 \%$, rated current 5 mA or less

## Safety precautions

Reserve a sufficient distance between the communication cable and power cable (motor cable, power supply cable, etc.). Placing the communication cable and power cable close to each other or bundling these cables makes communication unstable due to noise, possibly resulting in a communication error or retry.
For details on the installation of the communication cable, refer to the CC-Link installation manuals.

## TS/TH driver

## PROFIBUS-DP

## Communication specifications

| Item | Specifications |
| :--- | :--- |
| Communication protocol | PROFIBUS DP-V0 compliant |
| I/O data | Input 8 bytes/Output 8 bytes |
| Communication <br> speed | $12 \mathrm{M} / 6 \mathrm{M} / 3 \mathrm{M} / 1.5 \mathrm{M} / 500 \mathrm{k}$ <br> $/ 187.5 \mathrm{k} / 93.55 \mathrm{k} / 45.45 \mathrm{k}$ <br> $19.2 \mathrm{k} / 9.6 \mathrm{kbps}$ <br> (Autobaud rate function) |
| Connection cable | PROF IBUS compliant cable <br> (2-wire twisted pair cable with shield) |
| Node address | 2 to 125 (Set by a parameter) |
| Number of <br> connected units | Without repeater: Up to 32 stations for <br> each segment <br> With repeater: Up to 126 stations for <br> each segment |
| Monitor function | Present position within 1 rotation <br> (degree, pulse), position deviation <br> amount, program No., electronic <br> thermal, rotation speed, point table No., <br> torque load factor, acceleration, alarm, <br> parameter, operation mode |

I/O signal

| Byte No. | Signal name | Logic | Daterinition |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0.0 | Program No. selection input (Bit 0) | Positive | Level |
| 0.1 | Program No. selection input (Bit 1) | Positive | Level |
| 0.2 | Program No. selection input (Bit 2) | Positive | Level |
| 0.3 | Program No. selection input (Bit 3) | Positive | Level |
| 0.4 | Program No. setting 2nd digit input/ <br> Program No. selection input (Bit 4) | Positive | Edge Level |
| 0.5 | Program No. setting 1st digit input/ <br> Program No. selection input (Bit 5) | Positive | Edge Level |
| 0.6 | Reset input | Positive | Edge |
| 0.7 | Origin return directive input | Positive | Edge |
| 1.0 | Start input | Positive | Edge |
| 1.1 | Servo on input/ Program stop input | Positive | Level Edge |
| 1.2 | Ready return input/Continuous rotation stop input | Positive | Edge |
| 1.3 | Answer input/Position deviation counter reset input | Positive | Edge |
| 1.4 | Emergency stop input | Negative | Level |
| 1.5 | Brake release input | Positive | Level |
| 1.6 | J ob operation input (CW direction) | Positive | Edge |
| 1.7 | J ob operation input (CCW direction) | Positive | Edge |
| 2.0 | Parameter No. (Bit 8)/Travel unit selection input (Bit 0) | Positive | Level |
| 2.1 | Parameter No. (Bit 9)/Travel unit selection input (Bit 1) | Positive | Level |
| 2.2 | Parameter No. (Bit 10)/Travel speed unit selection input | Positive | Level |
| 2.3 | Operation by table, Operation by data input switching input | Positive | Level |
| $\begin{aligned} & 2.4 \\ & 2.5 \end{aligned}$ | Unusable |  |  |
| 2.6 | Monitor output execution request | Positive | Level |
| 2.7 | Command code execution request | Positive | Edge |
| 3.0 | Parameter No. (Bit 0)/Unusable | Positive | Level |
| 3.1 | Parameter No. (Bit 1)/Unusable | Positive | Level |
| 3.2 | Parameter No. (Bit 2)/Unusable | Positive | Level |
| 3.3 | P arameter No. (Bit 3)/Unusable | Positive | Level |
| 3.4 | Parameter No. (Bit 4)/Unusable | Positive | Level |
| 3.5 | Parameter No. (Bit 5)/Unusable | Positive | Level |
| 3.6 | Parameter No. (Bit 6)/Unusable | Positive | Level |
| 3.7 | Parameter No. (Bit 7)/Unusable | Positive | Level |

AX (Output) $\rightarrow$ PLC

| Byte <br> No. | Signal name | Logic |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| 0.0 | M code output (Bit 0) | Positive |
| 0.1 | M code output (Bit 1) | Positive |
| 0.2 | M code output (Bit 2) | Positive |
| 0.3 | M code output (Bit 3) | Positive |
| 0.4 | M code output (Bit 4) | Positive |
| 0.5 | M code output (Bit 5) | Positive |
| 0.6 | M code output (Bit 6) | Positive |
| 0.7 | M code output (B it 7) | Positive |
| 1.0 | Imposition output | Positive |
| 1.1 | Positioning completion output | Positive |
| 1.2 | Start input wait output | Positive |
| 1.3 | Alarm output 1 | Negative |
| 1.4 | Alarm output 2 | Negative |
| 1.5 | Output 1 during indexing/ <br> Origin position output | Positive |
| 1.6 | Output 2 during indexing/ <br> Servo state output | Positive |
| 1.7 | Ready output | Positive |
| 2.0 | Segment position strobe output | Positive |
| 2.1 | M code strobe output | Positive |
| 2.7 | Unusable |  |
| 2.7 | Command code execution completed | Positive |
| 2.2 | Unusable |  |
| 2.5 | Mositive |  |
| to |  |  |
| 2 |  |  |

TB3 Input circuit specifications (Machine stops)


R ated voltage $24 \mathrm{~V} \pm 10 \%$, rated current 5 mA or less

## Safety precautions

For details on the installation of a communication cable, refer to "Installation Guideline for PROFIBUS DP/FMS" issued by the PROFIBUS Organization or the PROFIBUS wiring guide.

## Communication specifications

| Item | Specifications |
| :--- | :--- |
| Power supply for communication | 11 to 25 VDC |
| Current consumption of power <br> supply for communication | 50 mA or less |
| Communication protocol | DeviceNet compliant: Remote I/O |
| Number of occupied nodes | Input 8 bytes/Output 8 bytes |
| Communication speed | $500 \mathrm{k} / 250 \mathrm{k} / 125$ kbps <br> (Selected by parameter setting) |
| Connection cable | DeviceNet compliant cable <br> (5-wire cable with shield, 2 signal <br> lines, 2 power cables, 1 shield) |
| Node address | 0 to 63 (Set by a parameter) |
| Number of connected units | Max. 64 units (including the master) |
| Monitor function | Present position within 1 rotation <br> (degree, pulse), position deviation <br> amount, program No., electronic <br> thermal, rotation speed, point table <br> No., torque load factor, acceleration, <br> alarm, parameter, operation mode |

I/O signal

| Byte No. | Signal name | Logic | Datuminirion |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0.0 | Program No. selection input (Bit 0) | Positive | Level |
| 0.1 | Program No. selection input (Bit 1) | Positive | Level |
| 0.2 | Program No. selection input (Bit 2) | Positive | Level |
| 0.3 | Program No. selection input (Bit 3) | Positive | Level |
| 0.4 | Program No. setting 2nd digit input/ Program No. selection input (Bit 4) | Positive | Edge <br> Level |
| 0.5 | Program No. setting 1st digit input/ Program No. selection input (Bit 5) | Positive | Edge <br> Level |
| 0.6 | Reset input | Positive | Edge |
| 0.7 | Origin return directive input | Positive | Edge |
| 1.0 | Start input | Positive | Edge |
| 1.1 | Servo on input/ Program stop input | Positive | Level <br> Edge |
| 1.2 | Ready return input/Continuous rotation stop input | Positive | Edge |
| 1.3 | Answer input/P osition deviation counter reset input | Positive | Edge |
| 1.4 | E mergency stop input | Negative | Level |
| 1.5 | Brake release input | Positive | Level |
| 1.6 | J ob operation input (CW direction) | Positive | Edge |
| 1.7 | J ob operation input (CCW direction) | Positive | Edge |
| 2.0 | Parameter No. (Bit 8)/Travel unit selection input (Bit 0) | Positive | Level |
| 2.1 | Parameter No. (Bit 9)/Travel unit selection input (Bit 1) | Positive | Level |
| 2.2 | Parameter No. (Bit 10)/Travel speed unit selection input | Positive | Level |
| 2.3 | Operation by table, Operation by data input switching input | Positive | Level |
| $\begin{aligned} & 2.4 \\ & 2.5 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Unusable |  | - |
| 2.6 | Monitor output execution request | Positive | Level |
| 2.7 | Command code execution request | Positive | Edge |
| 3.0 | P arameter No. (Bit 0)/Unusable | Positive | Level |
| 3.1 | P arameter No. (Bit 1)/Unusable | Positive | Level |
| 3.2 | Parameter No. (Bit 2)/Unusable | Positive | Level |
| 3.3 | Parameter No. (Bit 3)/Unusable | Positive | Level |
| 3.4 | Parameter No. (Bit 4)/Unusable | Positive | Level |
| 3.5 | Parameter No. (Bit 5)/Unusable | Positive | Level |
| 3.6 | Parameter No. (Bit 6)/Unusable | Positive | Level |
| 3.7 | Parameter No. (Bit 7)/Unusable | Positive | Level |

AX (Output) $\rightarrow$ PLC

| Byte No. | Signal name | Logic |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0.0 | M code output (Bit 0) | Positive |
| 0.1 | M code output (Bit 1) | Positive |
| 0.2 | M code output (Bit 2) | Positive |
| 0.3 | M code output (Bit 3) | Positive |
| 0.4 | M code output (Bit 4) | Positive |
| 0.5 | M code output (Bit 5) | Positive |
| 0.6 | M code output (Bit 6) | Positive |
| 0.7 | M code output (Bit 7) | Positive |
| 1.0 | Imposition output | Positive |
| 1.1 | Positioning completion output | Positive |
| 1.2 | Start input wait output | Positive |
| 1.3 | Alarm output 1 | Negative |
| 1.4 | Alarm output 2 | Negative |
| 1.5 | Output 1 during indexing/ Origin position output | Positive |
| 1.6 | Output 2 during indexing/ Servo state output | Positive |
| 1.7 | Ready output | Positive |
| 2.0 | Segment position strobe output | Positive |
| 2.1 | M code strobe output | Positive |
| $\begin{array}{r} 2.2 \\ \text { to } \\ 2.5 \end{array}$ | Unusable |  |
| 2.6 | Monitoring | Positive |
| 2.7 | Command code execution completed | Positive |
| $\begin{array}{r} 3.0 \\ \text { to } \\ 3.7 \end{array}$ | Unusable |  |

## TB3 Input circuit specifications (Machine stops)



Rated voltage $24 \mathrm{~V} \pm 10 \%$, rated current 5 mA or less

## Safety precautions

Reserve a sufficient distance between the communication cable and power cable (motor cable, power supply cable, etc.).Placing the communication cable and power cable close to each other or bundling these cables makes communication unstable due to noise, possibly resulting in a communication error or retry.
For details on the installation of the communication cable, refer to the DeviceNet installation manuals.

## Communication specifications

| Related parts | Dialog terminal | Drivers | Actuator | Actuator | Actuator | Drivers |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | Actuator


| Item | Specifications |
| :--- | :--- |
| Communication protocol | EtherCAT |
| Communication speed | 100 Mbps <br> (fast Ethernet, full duplex) |
| Process data | Fixed PDO mapping |
| Max. PDO data length | RxPDO: 40 bytes/TxPDO: 40 bytes |
| Station arias | 0 to 65535 (Set by a parameter) |
| Connection cable | EtherCAT compliant cable <br> (CAT5e or higher twisted pair cable (double shield <br> with aluminum tape and braid) is recommended.) |
| Node address | Automatic indexing the master |
| Monitor function | Present position within 1 rotation (degree, pulse), <br> position deviation amount, program No., electronic <br> (Output Data) <br> thermal, rotation speed, point table No., torque load <br> factor, acceleration, alarm, parameter, operation <br> mode |

## I/O signal

PLC $\rightarrow$ AX (Input)

| Index | Sub Index | Display name | bit | Signal name | Logic | Detaminition |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0×2001 | 0x01 | Input signal 1 | 0 | Program No. selection input (Bit 0) | Positive | Level |
|  |  |  | 1 | Program No. selection input (Bit 1) | Positive | Level |
|  |  |  | 2 | Program No. selection input (Bit 2) | Positive | Level |
|  |  |  | 3 | Program No. selection input (Bit 3) | Positive | Level |
|  |  |  | 4 | Program No. setting 2nd digit input/ <br> Program No. selection input (Bit 4) | Positive | Edge <br> Level |
|  |  |  | 5 | Program No. setting 1st digit input/ <br> Program No. selection input (Bit 5) | Positive | Edge Level |
|  |  |  | 6 | Reset input | Positive | Edge |
|  |  |  | 7 | Origin return directive input | Positive | Edge |
|  |  |  | 8 | Start input | Positive | Edge |
|  |  |  | 9 | Servo on input/ Program stop input | Positive | Level Edge |
|  |  |  | 10 | Ready return input/Continuous rotation stop input | Positive | Edge |
|  |  |  | 11 | Answer input/P osition deviation counter reset input | Positive | Edge |
|  |  |  | 12 | Emergency stop input | Negative | Level |
|  |  |  | 13 | Brake release input | Positive | Level |
|  |  |  | 14 | J ob operation input (CW direction) | Positive | Edge |
|  |  |  | 15 | J ob operation input (CCW direction) | Positive | Edge |
|  |  |  | 16 | Unusable/Travel unit selection input (Bit 0) | Positive | Level |
|  |  |  | 17 | Unusable/Travel unit selection input (Bit 1) | Positive | Level |
|  |  |  | 18 | Unusable/Travel speed unit selection input | Positive | Level |
|  |  |  | 19 | Operation by table, Operation by data input switching input | Positive | Level |
|  |  |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l\|} \hline 20 \\ \text { to } \\ 31 \end{array}$ | Unusable |  |  |
|  | 0x02 | Input signal 2 | 0 | Monitor output execution request | Positive | Level |
|  |  |  | 1 | Command code execution request | Positive | Edge |
|  |  |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 2 \\ \text { to } \\ 31 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Unusable |  |  |

TB3 Input circuit specifications (Machine stops)


Rated voltage $24 \mathrm{~V} \pm 10 \%$, rated current 5 mA or less

## PDO mapping <br> RxPDO

| Index | Sub Index | Display name | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0x1600 | 0x00 | Number of PDO objects | 10 |
|  | $0 \times 01$ | Input signal 1 | 0x2001-0x01 |
|  | 0x02 | Input signal 2 | 0x2001-0x02 |
|  | 0x03 | Input data 1 | 0x2003-0x01 |
|  | $0 \times 04$ | Input data 2 | 0x2003-0x02 |
|  | $0 \times 05$ | Input data 3 | 0x2003-0x03 |
|  | $0 \times 06$ | Input data 4 | 0x2003-0x04 |
|  | 0x07 | Input data 5 | 0x2003-0x05 |
|  | $0 \times 08$ | Input command 1 | 0x2003-0x06 |
|  | 0x09 | Input command 2 | 0x2003-0x07 |
|  | $0 \times 0 \mathrm{~A}$ | Input command 3 | 0x2003-0x08 |

TxPDO

| Index | Sub Index | Display name | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0x1A00 | 0x00 | Number of PDO objects | 10 |
|  | 0x01 | Output signal 1 | 0x2005-0x01 |
|  | 0x02 | Output signal 2 | 0x2005-0x02 |
|  | 0x03 | Output data 1 | 0x2007-0x01 |
|  | 0x04 | Output data 2 | 0x2007-0x02 |
|  | 0x05 | Output data 3 | 0x2007-0x03 |
|  | 0x06 | Output data 4 | 0x2007-0x04 |
|  | 0x07 | Output data 5 | 0x2007-0x05 |
|  | 0x08 | Output command 1 | 0x2007-0x06 |
|  | 0x09 | Output command 2 | 0x2007-0x07 |
|  | $0 \times 0 \mathrm{~A}$ | Output command 3 | 0x2007-0x08 |

I/O signal
AX (Output) $\rightarrow$ PLC

| Index | Sub Index | Display name | bit | Signal name | Logic |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0x2005 | 0x01 | Output signal 1 | 0 | M code output (Bit 0) | Positive |
|  |  |  | 1 | M code output (Bit 1) | Positive |
|  |  |  | 2 | M code output (Bit 2) | Positive |
|  |  |  | 3 | M code output (Bit 3) | Positive |
|  |  |  | 4 | M code output (Bit 4) | Positive |
|  |  |  | 5 | M code output (Bit 5) | Positive |
|  |  |  | 6 | M code output (Bit 6) | Positive |
|  |  |  | 7 | M code output (Bit 7) | Positive |
|  |  |  | 8 | Imposition output | Positive |
|  |  |  | 9 | Positioning completion output | Positive |
|  |  |  | 10 | Start input wait output | Positive |
|  |  |  | 11 | Alarm output 1 | Negative |
|  |  |  | 12 | Alarm output 2 | Negative |
|  |  |  | 13 | Output 1 during indexing/Origin position output | Positive |
|  |  |  | 14 | Output 2 during indexing/Servo state output | Positive |
|  |  |  | 15 | Ready output | Positive |
|  |  |  | 16 | Segment position strobe output | Positive |
|  |  |  | 17 | M code strobe output | Positive |
|  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 18 \\ & \text { to } \\ & 31 \end{aligned}$ | Unusable |  |
|  | 0x02 | Output signal 2 | 0 | Monitoring | Positive |
|  |  |  | 1 | Command code execution completed | Positive |
|  |  |  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l} \hline 2 \\ \text { to } \\ 31 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Unusable |  |

## Safety precautions

Reserve a sufficient distance between the communication cable and power cable (motor cable, power supply cable, etc.).
$\square$ Placing the communication cable and power cable close to each other or bundling these cables makes
communication unstable due to noise, possibly resulting in a communication error or retry.
$\square$ For details on the installation of the communication cable, refer to ETG. 1600 EtherCAT installation guidelines.

## EtherNet/IP

Communication specifications

| Item | Specifications |
| :--- | :--- |
| Communication protocol | EtherNet/IP |
| Communication <br> speed | Automatic setting <br> (100 Mbps/10 Mbps, full duplex/half duplex) |
| Occupied bytes | Input: 32 bytes/Output: 32 bytes |
| IP address | 0.0 .0 .0 to 255.255.255.255 <br> (Set by a parameter) |
| Subnet mask | 0.0.0.0 to 255.255 .255 .255 <br> (Set by a parameter) |
| Default gateway | 0.0 .0 .0 to 255.255 .255 .255 <br> (Set by a parameter) |
| RPI <br> (Packet interval) | 10 msec to 1,000 msec |
| Connection | EtherNet/IP compliant cable <br> (Cable <br> cable (double shigher twisted pair with <br> aluminum tape and braid) is <br> recommended.) |
| Monitor |  |
| function | Present position within 1 rotation <br> (degree, pulse), position <br> deviation amount, program No., <br> electronic thermal, rotation <br> speed, point table No., torque <br> load factor, acceleration, alarm, <br> parameter, operation mode |


| I/O signa <br> PLC $\rightarrow$ AX (Input) |  |  |  |  | I/O signal <br> AX (Output) $\rightarrow$ PLC |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Byte | bit | Signal name | Logic | Datamination | Byte | bit | Signal name | Logic |
| 0 | 0 | Program No. selection input (Bit 0) | Positive | Level | 0 | 0 | M code output (Bit 0) | Positive |
|  | 1 | Program No. selection input (Bit 1) | Positive | Level |  | 1 | M code output (Bit 1) | Positive |
|  | 2 | Program No. selection input (Bit 2) | Positive | Level |  | 2 | M code output (Bit 2) | Positive |
|  | 3 | Program No. selection input (Bit 3) | Positive | Level |  | 3 | M code output (Bit 3) | Positive |
|  | 4 | Program No. setting 2nd digit input/ Program No. selection input (Bit 4) | Positive | Edge <br> Level |  | 4 | M code output (Bit 4) | Positive |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 5 | M code output (Bit 5) | Positive |
|  | 5 | Program No. setting 1st digit input/ | Positive | Edge <br> Level |  | 6 | M code output (Bit 6) | Positive |
|  |  | Program No. selection input (Bit 5) |  |  |  | 7 | M code output (Bit 7) | Positive |
|  | 6 | Reset input | Positive | Edge | 1 | 0 | Imposition output | Positive |
|  | 7 | Origin return directive input | Positive | Edge |  | 1 | Positioning completion output | Positive |
| 1 | 0 | Start input | Positive | Edge |  | 2 | Start input wait output | Positive |
|  | 1 | Servo on input/ Program stop input | Positive | Level Edge |  | 3 | Alarm output 1 | Negative |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 4 | Alarm output 2 | Negative |
|  | 2 | Ready return input/Continuous rotation stop input | Positive | Edge |  | 5 | Output 1 during indexing/Origin |  |
|  | 3 | Answer input/P osition deviation counter reset input | Positive | Edge |  |  | position output | Positive |
|  | 4 | Emergency stop input | Negative | Level |  | 6 | Output 2 during indexing/Servo state output | Positive |
|  | 5 | Brake release input | Positive | Level |  | 7 | Ready output | Positive |
|  | 6 | J ob operation input (CW direction) | Positive | Edge | 2 | 0 | Segment position strobe output | Positive |
|  | 7 | J ob operation input (CCW direction) | Positive | Edge |  | 1 | M code strobe output | Positive |
| 2 | 0 | Unusable/Travel unit selection input (Bit 0) | Positive | Level |  | 2 to 7 | Unusable | $\checkmark$ |
|  |  |  |  |  | 3 | - | Unusable |  |
|  | 1 | Unusable/Travel unit selection input (Bit 1) | Positive | Level | 4 | 0 | Monitoring | Positive |
|  | 2 | Unusable/Travel speed unit selection input | Positive | Level |  | 1 | Command code execution completed | Positive |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 to 7 | Unusable | $\checkmark$ |
|  | 3 | switching input | Positive | Level | 5 | - | Unusable |  |
|  | 4 to 7 | Unusable |  |  | 6 | - | Unusable |  |
| 3 | - | Unusable |  |  | 7 | - | Unusable |  |
| 4 | 0 | Monitor output execution request | Positive | Level | 8 | - | Monitor data 1 |  |
|  | 1 | Command code execution request | Positive | Edge | 9 | - |  |  |
|  | 2 to 7 | Unusable |  |  | 10 | - |  |  |
| 5 | - | Unusable |  |  | 11 | - |  |  |
| 6 | - | Unusable |  |  | 12 | - |  |  |
| 7 | - | Unusable |  |  | 13 | - | Monitor data 2 |  |
| 8 | - | Monitor code 1 |  |  | 14 | - | 俍itor data 2 |  |
| 9 | - |  |  |  | 15 | - |  |  |
| 10 | - |  |  |  | 16 | - | Monitor data 3 |  |
| 11 | - |  |  |  | 17 | - |  |  |
| 12 | - | Monitor code 2 |  |  | 18 | - |  |  |
| 13 | - |  |  |  | 19 | - |  |  |
| 14 | - |  |  |  | 20 | - | Response code |  |
| 15 | - |  |  |  | 21 | - |  |  |
| 16 | - | Monitor code 3 |  |  | 22 | - |  |  |
| 17 | - |  |  |  | 23 | - |  |  |
| 18 | - |  |  |  | 24 | - | Read data |  |
| 19 | - |  |  |  | 25 | - |  |  |
| 20 | - | Command code |  |  | 26 | - |  |  |
| 21 | - |  |  |  | 27 | - |  |  |
| 22 | - |  |  |  | 28 | - | Unusable |  |
| 23 | - |  |  |  | 29 | - |  |  |
| 24 | - | Write data/A code or P code |  |  | 30 | - |  |  |
| 25 | - |  |  |  | 31 | - |  |  |
| 26 | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 27 | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 28 | - | Data setting/F code |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 29 | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 30 | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 31 | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

TB3 Input circuit specifications (Machine stops)
24 VDC external power (not included)


Rated voltage $24 \mathrm{~V} \pm 10 \%$, rated current 5 mA or less

## Safety precautions

Reserve a sufficient distance between the communication cable and power cable (motor cable, power supply cable, etc.).
Placing the communication cable and power cable close to each other or bundling these cables makes communication unstable due to noise, possibly resulting in a communication error or retry.
For details on the installation of the communication cable, refer to the EtherNet/IP installation manuals.

## TS/TH driver

## Dimensions

Accessories supplied with the driver

| Model No. | Specifications | CN3 Connector | Power supply connector <br> (CN4) | Motor cable connector (CN5) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{array}{\|l} \text { AX9000TS-U0 } \\ \text { AX9000TH-U0 } \end{array}$ | Parallel I/O (NPN) | 10150-3000PE (Plug) 10350-52A0-008 (Shell) Sumitomo 3M Ltd. | PC4/5-ST-7.62 <br> Phoenix Contact | PC4/3-ST-7. 62 <br> Phoenix Contact |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { AX9000TS-U1 } \\ & \text { AX9000TH-U1 } \end{aligned}$ | Parallel I/O (PNP) |  |  |  |
| $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { AX9000TS-U2 } \\ \text { AX9000TH-U2 } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | CC-Link | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { BLZP } 5.08 \mathrm{HC} / 05 / 180 \mathrm{~F} \mathrm{AU} \text { OR BX } \\ & \text { Weidmüller } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { AX9000TS-U3 } \\ \text { AX9000TH-U3 } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | PROFIBUS-DP | Not attached |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { AX9000TS-U4 } \\ & \text { AX9000TH-U4 } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | DeviceNet | MSTB2.5/5-STF-5.08AUM Phoenix Contact |  |  |
| $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { AX9000TS-U5 } \\ \text { AX9000TH-U5 } \end{array}$ | EtherCAT | Not attached |  |  |
| $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { AX9000TS-U6 } \\ \text { AX9000TH-U6 } \end{array}$ | EtherNet/IP | Not attached |  |  |

For additional orders of parts, refer to the parts model No. table.

Installation Dimension

## Installation Dimension

- TS driver

- TH driver

*1) Determine the dimension with extra allowance according to a cable you want to use.


## A Safety precautions

- The ABSODEX driver does not have a dust-proof/waterproof structure.

To prevent dust, water, oil or other substances from entering the driver, provide protection according to the working environment.

- Install the ABSODEX driver away from other devices, walls or other structures by 50 mm or more from the top, bottom and sides. When heat is generated from other drivers or devices, check that the ambient temperature does not exceed $50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
- Parallel I/O (NPN, PNP)
- For 200 VAC

| Related parts model No. table | Dialog terminal AX0180 | Drivers <br> AX9000TS/TH | Actuator AX4000T | Actuator AX2000T | Actuator AX1000T | Drivers AX9000MU | Actuator AX6000M |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

## - CC-Link



- For 100 VAC

- PROFIBUS-DP

- EtherCAT


CKD

## Panel Details


*1) $\square$ represents the cable length.

## ASafety precautions

- Connect the correct motor cable and driver by checking the mark tube of the cable and the display of the driver.
- For uses where the cable is repeatedly bent, fix the cable sheath part near the connector of the actuator body.
- For the AX4009T and AX2000T Series, the lead-out cable of the actuator section is not movable. Make sure to fix the cable in the connector section to prevent the cable from moving. Do not pull the lead-out cable to lift the unit or do not apply an excessive force to the cable. Otherwise, malfunction, an alarm, damage of the connector part, or disconnection may result.
- When connecting the cable, fully insert the connector. Also, tighten the connector mounting screws and fix screws securely.
- Do not disconnect, extend, or make other modifications to the cable. Such modifications may cause failure or malfunction.
- For the cable length $L$, refer to the cable length shown in the How to order.



# ABSODEX Handy Terminal AX0180 

TS/TH driver

## Features

(1) Programming is easy.

For an equal segment program, you can easily write a program by answering the questions interactively from the handy terminal.
(2) No dedicated power supply is required

The power is supplied from ABSODEX.
(3) Backup is available.

The programs and parameters can be stored, and programs can be copied.
(4) Available also for conventional models. With the S/GS/H/GH/WGH type drivers, this product operates in the same way as the conventional handy terminal (AX0170H).

## Specifications

| Item | AX0180 |
| :--- | :---: |
| Operation mode | Edit, Display, Parameter, Operation, and Copy modes |
| Program capacity | Equal segment or NC program 2,000 characters (One) |
| Program No. | E qual segment program: Program No. 0 to 999 |
| Display | 16 characters $\times 2$ digits (LCD display) |
| Input keys | 17 keys |
| Backup | (Stop key: 1, Control key: 5 characters, Number key: 11) |
| Power supply | Super capacitor (about 3 hours) |
| Cable length | Supplied by the ABSODEX driver |
| Operating ambient temperature | 2 m |
| Operating ambient humidity | 0 to $50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Storage ambient temperature | 20 to $90 \%$ (no condensation) |
| Storage ambient humidity | -20 to $80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Atmosphere | 20 to $90 \%$ (no condensation) |
| Weight | No corrosive gas or dust |

*For the English version, messages are displayed in English. The characters on the operation panel are the same as those of the J apanese version.

## Dimensions

Handy terminal

## How to order




## Interactive programming

You can easily write a program by inputting values for items as follows:
[Example of input values for a program]

| New | Program No. [0 to 999] |
| :--- | :--- |
| Origin return position | 1. Origin |
|  | 2. Indexing |
| Return direction | 1. CW |
|  | 2. CCW |
| Return speed | 3. Shortcut |
| [1.0 to 20.0] rpm |  |
| Number of segments | $[1$ to 255] |
| Travel time | [0.01 to 100] seconds |
| Rotation direction | 1. CW |
|  | 2. CCW |
| Stop processing | 1. Wait for start |
|  | 2. Dwell |
| Brake | 1. Using the product |
|  | 2. Vacant |
| Delay timer | [0.01 to 99.99] seconds |
| M Cord | 1. M Cord |
|  | 2. Segmentation position |

## When you want to...

Make a trial run of

ABSODEX! $\quad$| Edit mode |
| :---: |
| 12 sample programs are provided. You |

| Write an ABSODEX <br> program and store it <br> into ABSODEX! |
| :--- |
| You can input programming values and <br> store the program by a simple procedure. |


| Run a program stored <br> in ABSODEX! | Operation mode <br> You can easily start a program by <br> specifying the program No. |
| :--- | :--- |

Make use of the characteristics of the cam curve!
$\Rightarrow$ Parameter mode
5 types of cam curves are provided. Driving operation taking advantages of the properties is one touch away.

Check the ON/OFF
of $I / O$ !

How to order ABSODEX related parts

- Related parts

| Part name | Compatible model No. | Model No. |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| PC communication cable | AX Series | AX-RS232C-9P |

*1) The PC communication cable is 2 meters long.
*2) The "AX Tools" configuration tool is available (free of charge). The latest version can be downloaded from the following URL. https://www.ckd.co.jp/kiki/en/

- Mounting base

| Compatible model No. | Model No. |
| :---: | :---: |
| AX1022T | AX-AX1022-BASE-BS |
| AX1045T | AX-AX1045-BASE-BS |
| AX1075T | AX-AX1075-BASE-BS |
| AX1150T | AX-AX1150-BASE-BS |
| AX1210T | AX-AX1210-BASE-BS |
| AX2006T | AX-AX2006-BASE-BS |
| AX2012T | AX-AX2012-BASE-BS |
| AX2018T | AX-AX2018-BASE-BS |


| Compatible model No. | Model No. |
| :---: | :---: |
| AX4022T | AX-AX4022-BASE-BS |
| AX4045T | AX-AX4045-BASE-BS |
| AX4075T | AX-AX4075-BASE-BS |
| AX4150T | AX-AX4150-BASE-BS |
| AX4300T | AX-AX4300-BASE-BS |
| AX4500T | AX-AX4500-BASE-BS |
| AX6001M, AX6003M | AX-AX6000-BASE-BS |

## O oise filter

| Part name | Compatible model No. | Model No. |
| :--- | :---: | :--- |
| Noise filter for power supply (Three phase/Single phase 200-230 VAC) | AX Series | AX-NSF-3SUP-EF10-ER-6 |
| Noise filter for power supply (single phase $250 \mathrm{VAC} / 15 \mathrm{~A} * 3$ ) | AX Series | AX-NSF-NF 2015A-OD |
| Ferrite core for motor cable | AX Series | AX-NSF-RC5060ZZ |
| Clamp filter for power cable (small 2-piece set) | AX6000M Series | AX-NSF-ZCAT2035-0930A |
| Clamp filter for resolver cable (1 piece each for large and small size) | AX6000M Series | AX-NSF-FC01-SET |

(*3) With 250 VAC It can also be used with 24 VDC.
(*4) To make these products compliant with EU standards and CE marking or UL standards, the user is required to provide accessories such as a circuit breaker and FG clamp. For details, refer to the instruction manual or (technical data).

## Other components

| Part name | Compatible model No. | Model No. |
| :--- | :---: | :--- |
| Power supply connector (CN4) | TS/TH Series | AX-CONNECTOR-PC45 |
| Motor cable connector (CN5) | TS/TH Series | AX-CONNECTOR-PC43 |
| Power supply connector protective cover (CN4) | TS/TH Series | AX-COVER-KGG-PC45 |
| Motor cable connector protective cover (CN5) | TS/TH Series | AX-COVER-KGG-PC43 |
| I/O connector (CN3: For Parallel I/O) | AX Series (-U0, U1) | AX-CONNECTOR-MDR |
| I/O connector (CN3: For CC-Link) | AX Series (-U2) | AX-CONNECTOR-BLZ5 |
| I/O connector (CN3: For DeviceNet) | AX Series (-U4) | AX-CONNECTOR-MSTB |
| Protection element for electromagnetic brake | AX Series (-EB) | AX-PARTS-TNR20V121K |
| Power supply connector set (with open tool) | AX9000MU Series | AX-CONNECTOR-04J FAT-KIT |

[^3]Glossary

## Glossary

## Index accuracy

The index accuracy of ABSODEX is the difference between the target position set by an NC program and the actual stop position.
This target position is the angle (seconds) from the reference station (origin return position).
As shown in the right figure, the index accuracy is calculated using the maximum value and minimum value of the differences between the target positions and actual stop positions. These positions are expressed with $\pm x$ seconds and the width as shown in the figure. For angle measurement, a high-precision encoder is used.

## Repeatability

The repeatability expressed by angle (seconds) is the maximum value of angle irregularities of the repeat stop positions when reciprocating operation is performed for a certain target position under the same conditions.
Depending on the accuracy characteristics required by the equipment, it is necessary to differentiate repeat accuracy and index accuracy.
*S econd: A unit (degree/minute/second) for expressing an angle.
1 degree $=60$ minutes $=3600$ seconds

Index accuracy measurement example


## Output shaft runout

This the runout accuracy of the inlay side on the table mounting side.


## Output shaft surface runout

This the runout accuracy of the table mounting side.

* Measured at the periphery of the screw hole for mounting the table.



## Selection guide

| U nits and symbols of operation conditions |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Load moment of inertia | $\left(\mathrm{kg} \cdot \mathrm{m}^{2}\right)$ | J |
| Travel angle | $\left({ }^{\circ}\right)$ | $\Psi$ |
| Travel time | $(\mathrm{s})$ | $\mathrm{t}_{1}$ |
| Cycle time | $(\mathrm{s})$ | $\mathrm{t}_{0}$ |
| Load friction torque | $(\mathrm{N} \cdot \mathrm{m})$ | $\mathrm{TF}_{\mathrm{F}}$ |
| Work torque | $(\mathrm{N} \cdot \mathrm{m})$ | Tw |
| Cam curve |  | Select from (MS, MC, MT, TR ) |

## 1. Moment of inertia of load

Calculate the moment of inertia of load and temporarily select an actuator that can allow the moment of inertia.

## 2. Rotation speed

The max. rotation speed $N$ max is obtained by the formula:

$$
\begin{equation*}
N_{\max }=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{m}} \cdot \frac{\psi}{6 \cdot \mathrm{t}_{1}} \tag{rpm}
\end{equation*}
$$

Where $\psi$ and $\mathrm{t}_{1}$ represent travel angle ( ${ }^{\circ}$ ) and travel time ( s ), respectively. $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{m}}$ is a constant determined by the cam curve.

Check that the value of $N$ max dose not exceed the max. rotation speed defined in the actuator specifications.
[Precautions]
The actual travel time is the directive travel time of the ABSODEX plus the stabilization time.


Though the stabilization time depends on working conditions, it is approximately between 0.025 and 0.2 seconds. For the travel time $t_{1}$ in model selection, use the directive travel time of ABSODEX. Also, for setting the travel time with an NC program, use the directive travel time of ABSODEX.
(Note) The friction torque works on the output shaft by the bearing, sliding surface, and other friction. The friction torque can be obtained by the following relational expression:
$\mathrm{Tf}=\mu \cdot \mathrm{Ff} \cdot \mathrm{Rf}(\mathrm{N} \cdot \mathrm{m})$
$\mathrm{Ff}=\mathrm{m} \cdot \mathrm{g}$
where $\mu$ : C oefficient of friction

| Rolling friction | Sliding friction |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\mu=0.03$ to 0.05 | $\mu=0.1$ to 0.3 |

Ff: Force working on the sliding surface, bearing, etc. (N)
Rf: Average friction radius (m)
m : Weight (kg)
g : Gravity acceleration $\left(\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}\right)$

## 3. Load torque

a) The maximum load torque is obtained with the following formula.
$T_{m}=\left[A_{m} \cdot\left(J+J_{M}\right) \cdot \frac{\psi \cdot \pi}{180 \cdot t_{1}{ }^{2}}+T_{F}+T_{w}\right] \cdot f c+T_{m F}$
b) The effective value of the load torque is obtained with the following formula.
$T_{\text {rms }}=\sqrt{\frac{t_{1}}{t_{0}} \cdot\left[r \cdot A_{m} \cdot\left(J+J_{M}\right) \cdot \frac{\psi \cdot \pi}{180 \cdot t_{1}{ }^{2}} \cdot f c\right]^{2}+\left(T_{F} \cdot f C+T_{w} \cdot f C+T_{M F}\right)^{2}}$
The values in the following table are applied to $\mathrm{Vm}, \mathrm{Am}$ and r .

| Cam curve | Vm | Am | r |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MS |  | 5.53 | 0.707 |
| MC | 1.28 | 8.01 | 0.500 |
| MT | 2.00 | 4.89 | 0.866 |
| TR | 2.18 | 6.17 | 0.773 |

$\mathrm{Jm}, \mathrm{Tmf}, \mathrm{fc}$ are as follows:
J м : Output shaft moment of inertia ( $\mathrm{kg} \cdot \mathrm{m}^{2}$ )
Tmf : Output shaft friction torque ( $\mathrm{N} \cdot \mathrm{m}$ )
fc : Used factor (F or normal use: fc $=1.5$ )

For the temporarily selected actuator,
Max. load torque < Max. output torque
Effective value of load torque < Continuous output torque If either of the above conditions is not met, re-calculate the load torque with a larger actuator.

Note) There is a torque limit region where the max. torque decreases at the time of high-speed rotation.
For use in the torque limit region, use the mode selection software to determine the availability of the device.
(Note) The work torque indicates an exterior load, expressed as torque, working as the load on the ABSODEX output shaft.

The work torque Tw is calculated by the following formula:
$\mathrm{T} w=\mathrm{F} w \times \mathrm{Rw}(\mathrm{N} \cdot \mathrm{m})$
Fw (N) : Necessary force for work
Rw ( m ): Working radius
(Example)
For the body on its side (the output shaft in the horizontal direction), the table, workpiece, jigs and so forth are work torques.

## 4. Regenerative power

For the AX9000TS/AX9000TH driver, calculate the regenerative power using the following simple formula and determine the availability.

- For AX9000TS drivers

The AX9000TS driver does not have a built-in regenerative resistor. Therefore, check that the value of the regenerative energy calculated by the simple formula below does not exceed energy chargeable with a capacitor (table below).

$$
\mathrm{E}=\left(\frac{\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{m}} \cdot \psi \cdot \pi}{\mathrm{t}_{1} \cdot 180}\right)^{2} \cdot \frac{\left(\mathrm{~J}+\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{M}}\right)}{2}(\mathrm{~J})
$$

| Power supply <br> specification | Processable <br> regenerative energy (J) | R emarks |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 200 VAC | 17.2 | Value when the input voltage of <br> the main power is 200 VAC |
| $100 \mathrm{VAC}(-\mathrm{J} 1)$ | 17.2 | Value when the input voltage of <br> the main power is 100 VAC |

For AX9000TH drivers
AX9000TH drivers have limitation on the consumption capability of the regenerative power in the driver.
The value is obtained by the following simple formula:
$W=\left(\frac{\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{m}} \cdot \psi \cdot \pi}{\mathrm{t}_{1} \cdot 180}\right)^{2} \cdot \frac{\left(\mathrm{~J}+\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{m}}\right)}{2 \cdot \mathrm{t}_{0}}(\mathrm{~W})$
$W \leq 40$
If this condition is met, re-consider the operation conditions and load conditions.

Selection guide (1)
[Working conditions]
Table radius

$$
: R=0.4(\mathrm{~m})
$$

Table weight
Radius of jig rotation :
$J$ ig weight
Number of jigs
: $\mathrm{Wt}=79(\mathrm{~kg})$
$: \operatorname{Re}=0.325(\mathrm{~m})$
: $\mathrm{Wj}=10(\mathrm{~kg} /$ piece $)$
: $N=4$ (Including the workpiece weight)
[Operating conditions]
Travel angle : $\psi=90\left({ }^{\circ}\right)$
Travel time $\quad: \mathrm{t}_{1}=0.8(\mathrm{~s})$
Cycle time $\quad: \mathrm{t} 0=4$ (s)
Load friction torque : $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{F}}=0(\mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m})$
Work torque : Tw =0 ( $\mathrm{N} \cdot \mathrm{m}$ )
Output shaft friction : TmF ( $\mathrm{N} \cdot \mathrm{m}$ )
torque
According to the actuator specifications
Cam curve : MS (modified sine)

## STEP 1

Calculating momentof inetia

## STEP 2

Max. rotation speed

## STEP 3

Load torque

## STEP 4

Regenerative power

STEP 5
Selection guide

| a) Table | $\mathrm{J}=\frac{\mathrm{Wt} \times \mathrm{R}^{2}}{2}=\frac{79 \times 0.4^{2}}{2}=6.32$ | $\left(\mathrm{~kg} \cdot \mathrm{~m}^{2}\right)$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| b) Jig, workpiece | $\mathrm{J} 2=\mathrm{N} \times \mathrm{W}_{\mathrm{j}} \times \mathrm{Re}^{2}=4 \times 10 \times 0.325^{2}=4.225$ | $\left(\mathrm{~kg} \cdot \mathrm{~m}^{2}\right)$ |
| c) Sum of moment of | $\mathrm{J}=\mathrm{J}_{1}+\mathrm{J}_{2}=6.32+4.225=10.545$ | $\left(\mathrm{~kg} \cdot \mathrm{~m}^{2}\right)$ |

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\mathrm{J}_{1}=\frac{\mathrm{W} t \times R^{2}}{2}=\frac{79 \times 0.4^{2}}{2}=6.32 & \left(\mathrm{~kg} \cdot \mathrm{~m}^{2}\right) \\
\mathrm{J} 2=\mathrm{N} \times \mathrm{W}, \\
\times R \mathrm{e}^{2}=4 \times 10 \times 0.325^{2}=4.225 & \left(\mathrm{~kg} \cdot \mathrm{~m}^{2}\right) \\
\mathrm{J}=\mathrm{J}_{1}+\mathrm{J}_{2}=6.32+4.225=10.545 & \left(\mathrm{~kg} \cdot \mathrm{~m}^{2}\right)
\end{array}
$$


$\mathrm{N}_{\text {max }}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{m}} \cdot \frac{\psi}{6 \cdot \mathrm{t}_{1}}=1.76 \times \frac{90}{6 \times 0.8}=33(\mathrm{rpm})$
Check that $\mathrm{N}_{\text {max }}$ does not exceed the maximum rotation speed of $A B S O D E X$.

At first, perform calculation for the smallest model that allows the moment of inertia of load.
The allowed moment of inertia of AX4300T is $180\left(\mathrm{~kg} \cdot \mathrm{~m}^{2}\right)$, which means that this load is allowed.
Max. load torque
$T_{m}=\left[A_{m} \cdot(J+J M) \cdot \frac{\psi \cdot \pi}{180 \cdot t_{1}{ }^{2}}+T_{F}+T w\right] \cdot f c+T_{M F}$

$$
=\left[5.53 \times(10.545+0.326) \times \frac{90 \times \pi}{180 \cdot 0.8^{2}}+0+0\right] \times 1.5+10
$$

$$
=231.3(\mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m})
$$

Effective value of load torque
$T_{r m s}=\sqrt{\frac{t_{1}}{t_{0}} \cdot\left[r \cdot A_{m} \cdot\left(J+J_{M}\right) \cdot \frac{\psi \cdot \pi}{180 \cdot t_{1}{ }^{2}} \cdot f c\right]^{2}+\left(T_{F} \cdot f c+T_{w} \cdot f c+T_{M F}\right)^{2}}$
Trms $=\sqrt{\frac{0.8}{4} \times\left[0.707 \times 5.53 \times 10.871 \times \frac{90 \times \pi}{180 \cdot 0.8^{2}} \times 1.5\right]^{2}+(0 \times 1.5+0 \times 1.5+10)^{2}}$

$$
=70.7(\mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m})
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
\mathrm{W} & =\left(\frac{\mathrm{Vm}_{\mathrm{m}} \cdot \psi \cdot \pi}{\mathrm{t}_{1} \cdot 180}\right)^{2} \cdot \frac{(\mathrm{~J}+\mathrm{J} \mathrm{~m})}{2 \cdot \mathrm{t}_{0}} \\
& =\left(\frac{1.76 \times 90 \times \pi}{0.8 \times 180}\right)^{2} \times \frac{10.871}{2 \times 4}=16.23(\mathrm{~W})
\end{aligned}
$$

$\mathrm{W} \leq 40(\mathrm{~W})$

Consider whether the temporarily selected AX4300T is available.
Sum of the moment of inertia of load $10.545 \leq 180\left(\mathrm{~kg} \cdot \mathrm{~m}^{2}\right)$
Max. rotation speed $\quad 33 \leq 100$ (rpm)

Max. load torque $\quad 231.3 \leq 300(\mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m})$
Effective value of load torque $\quad 70.7 \leq 100(\mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m})$
Regenerative power $\quad 16.23 \leq 40$ (J)
Under these conditions, AX4300T is available.
[Working conditions]

| Table radius | $: \mathrm{R}=0.25(\mathrm{~m})$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Table weight | $: \mathrm{Wt}=10.6(\mathrm{~kg})$ |
| Radius of jig rotation $:$ | $\mathrm{Re}=0.2(\mathrm{~m})$ |
| J ig weight | $:$ |
|  | $\mathrm{Wj}=2(\mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{piece})$ |
| (Including the workpiece weight) |  |
| Number of jigs | $:$ |
|  | $\mathrm{N}=4$ |

[Operating conditions]

| Travel angle | $: \psi=90\left({ }^{\circ}\right)$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Travel time | $: \mathrm{t}_{1}=0.5(\mathrm{~s})$ |
| Cycle time | $: \mathrm{t}_{0}=4(\mathrm{~s})$ |

Cycle time : to $=4$ (s)
Load friction torque : $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{F}}=0(\mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m})$
Work torque : Tw $=0(\mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m})$
Output shaft : Tmf ( $\mathrm{N} \cdot \mathrm{m}$ )
friction torque According to the actuator specifications
Cam curve : MS (modified sine)

## STEP 1

Calulabing monentotifietia


STEP 3
Load torque

## STEP 4

| a) Table | $J_{1}=\frac{W_{t} \times R^{2}}{2}=\frac{10.6 \times 0.25^{2}}{2}=0.331$ | $\left(\mathrm{~kg} \cdot \mathrm{~m}^{2}\right)$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| b) Jig, workpiece | $\mathrm{J}_{2}=\mathrm{N} \times \mathrm{W}_{\mathrm{j}} \times \mathrm{Re}^{2}=4 \times 2 \times 0.2^{2}=0.32$ | $\left(\mathrm{~kg} \cdot \mathrm{~m}^{2}\right)$ |
| c) Sum of moment of <br> inertia | $\mathrm{J}=\mathrm{J}_{1}+\mathrm{J}_{2}=0.331+0.32=0.651$ | $\left(\mathrm{~kg} \cdot \mathrm{~m}^{2}\right)$ | inertia

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\mathrm{J}_{1}=\frac{\mathrm{W} t \times \mathrm{R}^{2}}{2}=\frac{10.6 \times 0.25^{2}}{2}=0.331 & \left(\mathrm{~kg} \cdot \mathrm{~m}^{2}\right) \\
\mathrm{J}_{2}=\mathrm{N} \times \mathrm{W}_{\mathrm{j}} \times \mathrm{Re}^{2}=4 \times 2 \times 0.2^{2}=0.32 & \left(\mathrm{~kg} \cdot \mathrm{~m}^{2}\right) \\
\mathrm{J}=\mathrm{J}_{1}+\mathrm{J}_{2}=0.331+0.32=0.651 & \left(\mathrm{~kg} \cdot \mathrm{~m}^{2}\right)
\end{array}
$$

$$
\mathrm{N}_{\max }=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{m}} \cdot \frac{\psi}{6 \cdot \mathrm{t} 1}=1.76 \times \frac{90}{6 \times 0.5}=52.8 \quad(\mathrm{rpm})
$$

Check that $\mathrm{N}_{\max }$ does not exceed the maximum rotation speed of ABSODEX.

At first, perform calculation for the smallest model that allows the moment of inertia of load.
The allowed moment of inertia of AX7045X is $0.90\left(\mathrm{~kg} \cdot \mathrm{~m}^{2}\right)$, which means that this load is allowed.
Max. load torque

$$
\begin{aligned}
\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{m}} & =\left[\mathrm{Am} \cdot(\mathrm{~J}+\mathrm{J}) \cdot \frac{\psi \cdot \pi}{180 \cdot \mathrm{t}_{1}{ }^{2}}+\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{F}}+\mathrm{Tw}\right] \cdot \mathrm{fc}+\mathrm{TMF} \\
& =\left[5.53 \times(0.651+0.0254) \times \frac{90 \times \pi}{180 \cdot 0.5^{2}}+0+0\right] \times 1.5+2.5 \\
& =37.8(\mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m})
\end{aligned}
$$

Effective value of load torque
$T_{r m s}=\sqrt{\frac{\mathrm{t}_{1}}{\mathrm{t}_{0}} \cdot\left[\mathrm{r} \cdot \mathrm{Am}_{\mathrm{m}} \cdot(\mathrm{J}+\mathrm{J} \mathrm{M}) \cdot \frac{\psi \cdot \pi}{180 \cdot \mathrm{tr}^{2}} \cdot \mathrm{fc}\right]^{2}+\left(\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{F}} \cdot \mathrm{fc}+\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{w}} \cdot \mathrm{fc}+\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{MF}}\right)^{2}}$
$T_{\text {rms }}=\sqrt{\frac{0.5}{4} \times\left[0.707 \times 5.53 \times 0.6764 \times \frac{90 \times \pi}{180 \cdot 0.5^{2}} \times 1.5\right]^{2}+(0 \times 1.5+0 \times 1.5+2.5)^{2}}$

$$
=9.2(\mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m})
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
\mathrm{E} & =\left(\frac{\mathrm{Vm}_{\mathrm{m}} \cdot \psi \cdot \pi}{\mathrm{t}_{1} \cdot 180}\right)^{2} \cdot \frac{(\mathrm{~J}+\mathrm{J} \mathrm{M})}{2}(\mathrm{~J}) \\
& =\left(\frac{1.76 \times 90 \times \pi}{0.5 \times 180}\right)^{2} \times \frac{0.6764}{2}=10.3(\mathrm{~J})
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\mathrm{E} \leq 17.2(\mathrm{~J})
$$

Consider whether the temporarily selected AX7045X is available.
Sum of the moment of inertia of load $\quad 0.651 \leq 0.90\left(\mathrm{~kg} \cdot \mathrm{~m}^{2}\right)$
Max. rotation speed $\quad 52.8 \leq 240(\mathrm{rpm})$
Max. load torque $\quad 37.8 \leq 45$ (N.m)
Effective value of load torque $\quad 9.2 \leq 15(\mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m})$
Regenerative power $\quad 10.3 \leq 17.2$ (J)
With these conditions, AX7045X is available.

## For model selection for "MC2 curve"

## What is MC2 curve?

The MC2 curve is a cam curve for which the constant velocity interval can be freely set by setting the acceleration/deceleration time while there is a constant velocity interval during travel, as is the case with an MC (modified constant) curve.
For an MC (generic term: MCV50) curve, the percentage of the constant velocity interval is $50 \%$.
Note: The setting of the acceleration/deceleration time is $1 / 2$ or less of the travel time. When the setting of the acceleration/deceleration time exceeds $1 / 2$ of the travel time, the cam curve is automatically changed to the MS (modified sine) curve.
The example diagram shows the velocity pattern when the percentage of the constant velocity interval is $75 \%$ by setting the acceleration/deceleration time (ta) to 0.5 seconds for the 4 seconds of the travel time ( $\mathrm{t}_{1}$ ).


## Selection method

For the MC2 curve, the formula below is used to select a model.

| Travel angle | $: \psi\left({ }^{\circ}\right)$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Cycle time | $:$ to $(\mathrm{s})$ |
| Travel time | $: \mathrm{t}_{1}(\mathrm{~s})$ |
| Acceleration/deceleration time | $: \mathrm{ta}(\mathrm{s})$ |
| Load moment of inertia | $: \mathrm{J}\left(\mathrm{kg} \cdot \mathrm{m}^{2}\right)$ |
| Output shaft moment of inertia | $: \mathrm{Jm}\left(\mathrm{kg} \cdot \mathrm{m}^{2}\right)$ |
| Friction torque | $: \mathrm{Tf}(\mathrm{N} \cdot \mathrm{m})$ |
| Work torque | $: \mathrm{Tw}(\mathrm{N} \cdot \mathrm{m})$ |
| Output shaft friction torque | $: \mathrm{TmF}(\mathrm{N} \cdot \mathrm{m})$ |

Max. rotation speed: $N \max$ (rpm)
$N \max =\frac{\psi}{6\left(\mathrm{t}_{1}-0.863 \mathrm{ta}\right)}$
Load torque (max. value): $\mathrm{Tm}(\mathrm{N} \cdot \mathrm{m})$
$\mathrm{Tm}=\left[5.53\left(\mathrm{~J}+\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{M}}\right) \cdot \frac{\psi \cdot\left(1-\frac{\mathrm{t}_{1}-2 \mathrm{ta}}{\mathrm{t}_{1}-0.863 \mathrm{ta}}\right) \cdot \pi}{720 \cdot \mathrm{ta}^{2}}+\mathrm{Tf}+\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{w}}\right] \cdot \mathrm{fc}+\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{MF}}$
Load torque (effective value): Trms (N•m)
Trms $=\sqrt{\frac{2 \mathrm{ta}}{\mathrm{t}_{0}} \cdot\left[3.91\left(\mathrm{~J}+\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{M}}\right) \cdot \frac{\psi \cdot\left(1-\frac{\mathrm{t}_{1}-2 \mathrm{ta}}{\mathrm{t}_{1}-0.863 \mathrm{ta}^{2}}\right) \cdot \pi}{720 \cdot \mathrm{ta}^{2}} \cdot \mathrm{fc}\right]^{2}+\left[\left(\mathrm{Tf}+\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{w}}\right) \cdot \mathrm{fc}+\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{MF}}\right]^{2}}$

## For model selection for "Continuous rotation"

## What is continuous rotation?

The continuous rotation has the following functions.

1. Continuous rotation
: Rotation continues at a constant rotation speed until the continuous rotation stop input is input.
2. Stop at equal
segment position
With the equal segment specified, the device stops at the equal segment position by a continuous rotation stop input.

The example diagram shows the velocity pattern where the motor is accelerated at the acceleration time: ta up to the set rotation speed: N , and then stopped, by a continuous rotation stop input, at the deceleration time: td.


## Selection method

For the continuous rotation, the formula below is used to select a model.
Rotation speed : N (rpm)
Cycle time : to (s)
Acceleration time $\quad:$ ta (s)
Deceleration time : td (s)
Load moment of inertia : J (kg•m²)
Output shaft moment of inertia : Jm $\left(\mathrm{kg} \cdot \mathrm{m}^{2}\right)$
Friction torque : Tf $(\mathrm{N} \cdot \mathrm{m})$
Work torque : $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{w}}(\mathrm{N} \cdot \mathrm{m})$
Output shaft friction torque: TMF (N•m)
Max. rotation speed: $N \max (r p m)(* 1)$
$N \max =\mathrm{N}$

Load torque (max. value): $\operatorname{Tm}(\mathrm{N} \cdot \mathrm{m})$
$\mathrm{Tm}=\left[5.53\left(\mathrm{~J}+\mathrm{J}_{\mathrm{M}}\right) \cdot \frac{6.82 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{ta} \cdot \pi}{720 \cdot \mathrm{ta}^{2}}+\mathrm{Tf}+\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{w}}\right] \cdot \mathrm{fc}+\mathrm{T}_{\text {MF }}$
Load torque (effective value): Trms ( $\mathrm{N} \cdot \mathrm{m}$ )
Trms $=\sqrt{\frac{2 \mathrm{ta}}{\mathrm{t}_{0}} \cdot\left[3.91\left(\mathrm{~J}+\mathrm{Jm}_{\mathrm{m}}\right) \cdot \frac{6.82 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{ta} \cdot \pi}{720 \cdot \mathrm{ta}^{2}} \cdot \mathrm{fc}\right]^{2}+\left[\left(\mathrm{Tf}+\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{w}}\right) \cdot \mathrm{fc}+\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{mF}}\right]^{2}}$
The formula above is applicable when ta $\leq t d$. When ta $>\mathrm{td}$, replace ta with td for perform selection.
*1) At the time of continuous rotation, the maximum rotation speed is limited. Use the device according to the actuator specifications.

A When rotation center is the same shaft

1. Circular plate (cylinder)

2. Hollow circular plate (hollow cylinder)
3. Cuboid


$$
J=\frac{m\left(R^{2}+r^{2}\right)}{2}
$$

4. Ring

5. Cylinder
6. Hollow cylinder


$$
J=\frac{m\left(4 R^{2}+3 r^{2}\right)}{4}
$$

$$
J=\frac{m\left(3 R^{2}+l^{2}\right)}{12}
$$


$J=\frac{m\left(R^{2}+r^{2}+l^{2} / 3\right)}{4}$

B When rotation center shafts differ

1. Any shape (if sufficiently small) Center of rotation

2. Circular plate (cylinder)

3. Hollow circular plate (hollow cylinder)


## For conveyor


$m_{1}:$ Chain weight
$m_{2}:$ Workpiece total weight

W
$m_{3}$ : Jig (pallet) total weight
$m_{4}$ : Sprocket A (drive) + B total weight
$R$ : Drive side sprocket radius

## Selection guide

| ABSODEX selection guide specifications check sheet <br> Table direct drive |  |  | (Note) Contact CKD for chain drives and gear drives. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Company name |  |  |  |  |
| Division | Your name |  |  |  |
| TEL |  |  |  |  |


(Note) Index time is movement time + settling time.
The settling time differs according to the working condition, but generally is between 0.025 and 0.20 s .


- Other load conditions

Installation position

1. Horizontal (Fig.2) 2. Vertical (Fig. 3)


Extemal job

1. None
2. Available


Note) Eccentric load caused by gravity from vertical installation, extemal load caused by caulking work Dial plate support form bottom

| 1. None | 2. Available |
| :--- | :--- |
| Coefficient of friction $\mu$ | $\square$ |
| Work radius $\quad$ Rf $(\mathrm{mm})$ | $\square$ |

Device rigidity

1. High 2. Low (Note)
(Note) When using a spline, when unit cannot be fixed directly onto the device (Fig. 4), when there is a mechanism such as a chuck on the table.

Extension with table shaft


Actuator movement

## 1. None 2. Available

(Note) When actuator is mounted on $X-Y$ table or vers mechanism, etc., and mounted actuator moves
(Note) If 2 is selected for any item, contact CKD.

(Fig. 1) Load conditions

(Fig. 3) Installation position: Vertical

(Fig. 4) Installation rigidity: Low


Note) Attach system outline and reference drawings so that the optimal model can be selected

Check below when selecting AX6001MU/AX6003MU.

- Use conditions, environmental conditions (Optional)

Actuator ambient temperature ( ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ )
Motor cable length (m)


Driver ambient temperature ( ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ )
24 VDC power supply cable length (m) 24 VDC power supply coil diameter ( $\mathrm{mm}^{2}$ ) 24 VDC power supply voltage accuracy (\%) 24 VDC line point of contact quantity (pc.) 24 VDC line point of contact resistance ( $\mathrm{m} \Omega / \mathrm{pc}$.)


* You can do a more rigorous selection by filling in this field.
* With a power supply cable $1.25 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ or more, please use one as short (recommended length 1 m or less) as possible.
* If the output voltage is low in a power supply with voltage adjustment, please adjust it to 24 V and use it.


## Safety Precautions

Always read this section before use.


#### Abstract

When designing equipment using ABSODEX, the manufacturer is obligated to ensure that the safety of the mechanism and the system that runs by the electrical controls are secured. It is important to select, use, handle and maintain the product appropriately to ensure that the CKD product is used safely. Observe warnings and precautions to ensure device safety. Check that device safety is ensured, and manufacture a safe device.


## A WARNING

1 This product is designed and manufactured as a general industrial machine part. It must be handled by an operator having sufficient knowledge and experience.
2 Use the product within specifications range.
This product must be used within its stated specifications. In addition, never modify or additionally machine this product. This product is intended for use as a device or part for general-purpose industrial machinery. It is not intended for use outdoors or for use under the following conditions or environment.
(Note that this product can be used when CKD is consulted prior to use and the customer consents to CKD product specifications. The customer must provide safety measures to avoid risks in the event of problems.)
(1) Use for applications requiring safety, including nuclear energy, railways, aircraft, marine vessels, vehicles, medical devices, devices or applications in contact with beverages or foodstuffs, amusement devices, emergency operation (cutoff, release, etc.) circuits, press machines, brake circuits, or safety devices or applications.
(2) Use for applications where life or assets could be adversely affected, and special safety measures are required.

3 Observe organization standards and regulations, etc., related to the safety of the device design.

## 4 Do not remove devices before confirming safety.

(1) Inspect and service the machine and devices after confirming the safety of the system by for instance turning off the nearby devices and connected devices.
(2) Note that there may be hot or charged sections even after operation is stopped. Be careful when handling devices at the time of inspection and servicing.
(3) When inspecting or servicing the device, turn off the device and the power to the facility. Discharge any compressed air from the system, and pay close attention to possible water leakage and leakage of electricity during inspection and servicing.

5 Observe the instructions and cautions of each product to prevent accidents.
(1) When the device is off, do not turn the output shaft of the actuator to a speed exceeding 30 rpm . The power generation of the actuator may damage the driver or may cause electrical shock.
(2) Servo off (including emergency stop and alarm) or brake off with rotational force being applied, e.g. by gravity, may cause the output shaft to rotate due to turning force. Operate the actuator in the balanced condition so that no rotational force is applied for these operations or after safety is confirmed.
(3) Keep hands away from the output shaft, as sudden motion may take place during gain adjustments or trial run. When operating the actuator from a position in which motion cannot be confirmed, make sure that safety is assured when the output shift is rotated beforehand.
(4) The brake built-in actuators do not completely clamp the output shaft in all cases.

The built-in brake alone is not enough to secure safety when performing maintenance in applications in which the output axis may rotate due to an unbalanced load, or when the machine is stopped for an extended period of time. Be sure that the equipment is in a balanced state or provide a mechanical locking mechanism.
5 It may take several seconds to stop in an emergency depending on rotation speed and load.
6 Observe the following precautions to prevent electric shock.
(1) The power terminals on the front side of the driver and the motor cable connection terminals are high voltage parts. For the terminal blocks, make sure to install the attached terminal cover. Do not touch the actuator and the driver while the power supply is on.
Immediately after the power is turned off, high voltage is applied, so also do not touch them for 5 minutes or more, until the electrical charge accumulated in the capacitor inside the driver is released.
(2) For operations with the side cover removed, such as maintenance and inspection or change of the switch inside the driver, make sure to turn off the actuator and release the electrical charge for 5 minutes or more before work; otherwise, an electric shock may occur from the high-voltage device.
(3) Do not attach or remove any connectors with the power supply on. Doing so may cause malfunction, failure, or electric shock.

7 Before restarting the machine and devices, confirm that measures are taken to prevent the loaded objects from being removed.

8 Install an overcurrent protective device.
The wiring to the driver should be in accordance with JIS B 9960-1:2019 (IEC 60204-1:2016) Safety of Machinery - Electrical Equipment of Machines - Part 1: General Requirements. Install an overcurrent protector (a circuit breaker or circuit protector for wiring) on the main power, control power, and I/O power.
(Reference: JIS B 9960-1 7.2.1 General description)
If there is a possibility the circuit current may exceed the rated value of the component or the allowable current of the conductor, an overcurrent protection must be provided. The details of the ratings or set values to be selected shall be provided in 7.2.10.
9 Observe the precautions on the following pages to prevent accidents.
The precautions are ranked as "DANGER", "WARNING" and "CAUTION" in this section.
A DANGER: When a dangerous situation may occur if handling is mistaken leading to fatal or serious injuries, and when there is a high degree of emergency to a warning.
A. WARNING: If handled incorrectly, a dangerous situation may occur, resulting in death or serious injury.
A. CAUTION: When a dangerous situation may occur if handling is mistaken leading to minor injuries or physical damage.

Note that some items described as "CAUTION" may lead to serious results depending on the situation. Every item provides important information and must be observed.

## Warranty

1 Warranty period
The product specified herein is warranted for one (1) year from the date of delivery to the location specified by the customer.

2 Warranty coverage
If the product specified herein fails for reasons attributable to CKD within the warranty period specified above, CKD will promptly provide a replacement for the faulty product or a part thereof or repair the faulty product at one of CKD's facilities free of charge.
However, following failures are excluded from this warranty:

1) Failure caused by handling or use of the product under conditions and in environments not conforming to those stated in the catalog, the Specifications, or the Instruction Manual.
2) Failure caused by use of the product exceeding its durability (cycles, distance, time, etc.) or caused by consumable parts.
3) Failure not caused by the product.
4) Failure caused by use not intended for the product.
5) Failure caused by modifications/alterations or repairs not carried out by CKD.
6) Failure caused by reasons unforeseen at the level of technology available at the time of delivery.
7) Failure caused by acts of nature and disasters beyond control of CKD.

The warranty stated herein covers only the delivered product itself. Any loss or damage induced by failure of the delivered product is excluded from this warranty.
Note: For details on the durability and consumable parts, contact your nearest CKD sales office.
3 Compatibility confirmation
The customer is responsible for confirming the compatibility of CKD products with the customer's systems, machines and equipment.

## ACAUTION

## Design/selection

1 The actuators and drivers are not waterproof. Provide waterproofing when using them where they may come in contact with water or oil.
2 If chips or dusts adhere to the actuator or driver, it may cause leakage of electricity or failure. Check that these do not come in contact with the product.
3 Repeatedly turning power ON and OFF may cause damage to the elements inside the driver.
4 From the servo-ON state (holding state), when power is turned OFF or servo-OFF, the output axis may move from the holding position without external force being applied.
5 The optional electromagnetic brake is provided to increase the holding rigidity when stopping the output shaft. Do not use it to brake or stop the rotating output shaft.
Actuators and drivers do not guarantee rustproofing. Give careful consideration to storage, installation, and environment.
7 Equipment with ABSODEX products installed should have sufficient rigidity to realize full $A B S O D E X$ performance. If the load equipment or frame's mechanical unique vibration is relatively low (approx. 200 to 300 Hz or less depending on the equipment), resonance could occur in the ABSODEX product and load equipment or frame. Secure the rotary table and main unit installation bolts, and ensure sufficient rigidity without loosening, etc. [Fig. 1]
[Fig. 1] Actuator installation


Gain must be adjusted based on load table size, etc. Even when the ABSODEX product is not directly installed, it should be installed on a frame having the highest rigidity possible. [Fig. 2]

8 When extending the output shaft, refer to the references given in Table 1 for the extended shaft's diameter and length. In addition, add dummy inertia by using Fig. 3 as a reference.
[Table 1] Extended output shaft's diameter guideline

| Max. torque <br> $[\mathrm{N} \cdot \mathrm{m}]$ | Shaft extension (mm) |  |  | TS/TH/XS |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 50 | 100 | 200 | 300 | 500 |
| 6 | $\varnothing 35$ | $\varnothing 40$ | $\varnothing 46$ | $\varnothing 50$ | $\varnothing 60$ |
| 9,12 | $\varnothing 40$ | $\varnothing 46$ | $\varnothing 55$ | $\varnothing 60$ | $\varnothing 70$ |
| 18,22 | $\varnothing 45$ | $\varnothing 55$ | $\varnothing 65$ | $\varnothing 70$ | $\varnothing 80$ |
| 45 | $\varnothing 55$ | $\varnothing 65$ | $\varnothing 75$ | $\varnothing 85$ | $\varnothing 95$ |
| 75 | $\varnothing 62$ | $\varnothing 75$ | $\varnothing 90$ | $\varnothing 95$ | $\varnothing 110$ |
| 150 | $\varnothing 75$ | $\varnothing 90$ | $\varnothing 110$ | $\varnothing 115$ | $\varnothing 130$ |
| 210 | $\varnothing 80$ | $\varnothing 95$ | $\varnothing 115$ | $\varnothing 125$ | $\varnothing 140$ |
| 300 | $\varnothing 90$ | $\varnothing 105$ | $\varnothing 125$ | $\varnothing 140$ | $\varnothing 155$ |
| 500 | $\varnothing 100$ | $\varnothing 120$ | $\varnothing 145$ | $\varnothing 160$ | $\varnothing 180$ |
| 1000 | $\varnothing 120$ | $\varnothing 140$ | $\varnothing 170$ | $\varnothing 185$ | $\varnothing 210$ |


| Max. torque <br> $[\mathrm{N} \cdot \mathrm{m}]$ | Shaft extension (mm) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | MU

Note) The figures in the above table are extended output shaft's diameter references for steel materials (solid shafts).
C ontact CKD for references for other materials and hollow shafts.
[Fig. 2] Actuator attachment


9 If sufficient rigidity cannot be attained, machine resonance is suppressed to some degree by installing dummy inertia as close to the actuator as possible.
Examples of adding dummy inertia are shown below.
As a reference, dummy inertia is [load inertia] $\times(0.2$ to 1). [Fig. 3]
[Fig. 3] Dummy inertia installation example 1


When coupling with a belt, gears, or spline, or when joining with a key, dummy inertia should be [load inertia] $\times(0.5$ to 2$)$.
If speed changes with belts or gears, use load inertia as the actuator output shaft conversion value, and install dummy inertia on the actuator. [Fig. 4] [Fig. 5]
(CAUTION) Install dummy inertia as large as possible within the actuator's capacity. (Use steel that has a large specific gravity.)
[Fig. 4] Dummy inertia installation example 2

[Fig. 5] Dummy inertia installation example 3


10 A resolver (magnetic position detector) is built into the ABSODEX product.
Do not place strong magnetic fields such as rare earth magnets near the actuator. Do not pass highcurrent wiring through the hollow hole. If you do, the full performance may not be achieved, and malfunction or fault may result.

11 We recommend that you install a surge protector if there is a possibility that the device may fail due to lightninginduced surges.

## For other precautions, check the materials below.

1. On the Internet

CKD Component Products Website
https://www.ckd.co.jp/kiki/en/

- Instruction manuals

2. Please request the following materials: ABSODEX AX Series TS/TH Type Technical Data ABSODEX AX Series MU Type Technical Data

## ACAUTION

## Design/selection

12 Electromagnetic brake connection
AX4000T-EB


1) Do not use the electromagnetic brake to brake or stop the rotating output shaft.
2) Connecting the $B K+$ or $B K$ - of the driver directly with the electromagnetic brake damages the driver.
3) To connect induction loads such as the relay shown below to the external contact, use ones with a rated coil voltage of 24 VDC and a rated current within 100 mA , and take a surge suppression measure.

Recommended circuit for electromagnetic brake


- Operating method

1. Control by the NC program (M68/M69) When the "M68" code is executed, the current is stopped (brake activated) across BK + and BK-, and when the "M69" code is executed, the current flows (brake released).
2. Control by brake release input (I/O connector, 18 pin) With the brake activated, when brake release is input, the current flows (brake released) across BK+ and BK-
When the electromagnetic brake is operated frequently (number times turned ON/OFF), use a solid state relays (SSR) for the external contact.
Recommended model G3NA-D210B-UTU DC5-24 (OMRON) Read the instruction manual of SSR before use

13 To pass a shaft through the hollow of the model equipped with an electromagnetic brake, use a non-magnetic material (such as SUS 303). If a magnetic material (such as S45C) is used, the shaft will be magnetized, causing stuck iron powder on the equipment or giving magnetic effects on peripheral devices.

14 Note that the magnetic force of the electromagnetic brake may cause stuck iron powder or effects on measuring instruments, sensors or other devices.
15 For other precautions, refer to the instruction manual (technical data).

Be sure to read this section before use.

## A CAUTION

Mounting, installation and adjustment

1 Make sure to use the dedicated cable for connecting between the actuator and driver. Do not modify the length or material of the dedicated cable, as it could cause malfunction or failure.
2 Make sure to connect the proper power supply. Connecting a non-designated power supply could cause failure. When turning $O N$ the power supply after it has been turned OFF, check that the actuator output shaft has stopped. Wait at least 10 seconds after turning OFF the power supply.
3 Before adjusting the gain, securely install the ABSODEX in the machine and securely mount the loads such as the table. Confirm that no interference occurs and that safety is ensured when movable parts are rotated.
4 Do not tap the output shaft with a hammer or apply excessive force during assembly. Doing so could prevent the achievement of full accuracy and performance, or cause failure.
5 Do not place objects that produce strong magnetic fields, such as rare earth magnets, near the actuator. It may not be possible to maintain the original accuracy.
6 The actuator may become hot, depending on the working conditions. Provide a cover or other means to prevent the actuator from being touched.
7 The driver surface may become hot, depending on the working conditions. Place it inside the switchboard or take other measures to prevent it from being touched.
8 Do not drill holes into the actuator. Contact CKD if machining is required.

9 P Please do not perform maintenance work on the actuator, the rotary table attached to the actuator or other moving parts.

10 A About combining the actuator and driver

- If the actuator and driver are combined mistakenly after program input (after parameter settings are configured), alarm 3 is activated. Check the actuator and driver combination.
(Note) Alarm 3 occurs to prevent malfunction if the actuator and driver combination differs from when the program was input. Alarm 3 is reset when the program and parameters are input again.
- If operation is started with an incorrect actuator and driver combination after the program input (after parameter settings are configured), malfunction could occur or equipment be damaged.
- Order a separate cable when the length of the cable needs to be changed.
- If a driver other than the compatible type is connected, it could cause the actuator to burn out.
11When using a circuit breaker, select one that incorporates high-frequency measures for inverter use.
12 The position of the output shaft on the actuator dimensions does not represent the actuator's origin position. When using it at the output shaft shown in dimension drawings, the origin must be adjusted by the origin offset function.
13The lead-out cable for the AX4009T, AX2000T Series, and AX6000M Series is not movable. Make sure to secure the cable at the connector so that it does not move. Do not lift up the body by the lead-out cable or apply excessive force to the cable. Doing so may activate the malfunction alarm or cause the connector to break or become disconnected.
14For additional notes and conditions of compliance to international standards, please refer to the technical data (ABSODEX AX Series TS/TH Type Technical Data, ABSODEX AX Series MU Type Technical Data).
15Do not pull strongly on the actuator lead-out cable or connector part, as it could cause the lead-out cable shield braid to become exposed.


## acaution

1 Do not pull the cable forcibly, apply excessive force to it, or damage it.
2 Do not overhaul the actuator unit, as original functions may not be restored. In particular, taking apart the rotational position detection unit may cause malfunction or accuracy degradation.
3 When performing withstand voltage test on the machine with the ABSODEX installed, disconnect the main power cable to the ABSODEX driver and ensure that no voltage is applied to the driver. This may lead to failure.
4 If alarm 4 (actuator overload: electronic thermal) is activated, wait for the actuator temperature to drop before restarting. Alarm "4" may be activated in the cases described below. Remove the cause before resuming use.

- If caused by resonance/vibration $\rightarrow$ Sufficiently secure mounting rigidity. - If tact/speed $\rightarrow$ Increase travel time/stop time.
-When the structure constrains the output shaft, add $\rightarrow$ M 68 and M69 commands.
5 The actuator coordinates are recognized after the power is turned ON . Make sure that the output shaft does not move for several seconds after the power is turned ON.


## Use/maintenance

6 For additional notes and troubleshooting for the alarm display, please refer to the technical data (ABSODEX AX Series TS/TH Type Technical Data, ABSODEX AX Series MU Type Technical Data).

For other precautions, check the materials below.

1. CKD website
https://www.ckd.co.jp/kiki/en/

- Instruction manual

2. Request the materials below. ABSODEX AX Series TS/TH Type Technical Data ABSODEX AX Series MU technical data

## Related products

## Direct drive motor

## ■ DISC Series

The Direct Drive Servo Motor boasts high performance. A varied lineup handling numerous demands for high precision, high speed, speed stability, etc. Achieves one level higher performance.


## ABSODEX Actuator NX4 Series

Driver NXD Series
ActuatorActuator NX4 Series
$\square$ Flexible rotation positioning
$\square$ High rigidity
E Easy installation and centering
$\square$ Easy wiring and piping by securing a hollow hole
$\square$ Adopts an absolute resolver with superior environment conditions

Driver NXD Series
Five types of interfaces are available

Catalog No. CC-1456

*J apan only release

Catalog No. CB-055A


For press fitting and hoisting EBR-L Series

## Electric actuator FLSH/FLCR/FGRC Series

■ 2-Finger Gripper FLSH Series
For soft handling of various workpieces
■ Table FLCR Series
For short-stroke workpiece transport and positioning
$\square$ Rotary FGRC Series
For indexing operation and workpiece inversion

- Controller ECR Series
"One controller" that connects to any actuator
Controller ECG Series
"New Controller" with easy inventory management, easy design, and easy configuration


## Electric actuator D Series, G Series

New electric actuator inheriting the DNA of air Components
$\square$ D Series (screw drive method)
An actuator specialized for positioning between two points
■ D Series (Spring drive method)
Clamp / gripping applications specialized
Spring integrated actuator
$\square$ G Series (screw drive method)
64-point positioning actuator

Catalog No. CC-1444A


Catalog No.CC-1591

*J apanese catalog only

Catalog No.CC-1569A


## WORLD－NETWORK



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[^0]:    *1) The origin position of the actuator may differ from that shown in the dimensions.
    The origin offset function allows you to set a desired origin position.

[^1]:    *1) The origin position of the actuator may differ from that shown in the dimensions.

[^2]:    * Custom order products are CE, UL/CUL, and RoHS non-compliant. Contact CKD as needed.

[^3]:    * The parts listed on this page can be purchased from CKD.

