

101 S.Ct. 2434
Supreme Court of the United States

Elie JONES, Warden, Stone Mountain
Correctional Institution, Appellant,

v.

Bobby H. HELMS.

No. 80-850.

|

Argued April 28, 1981.

|

Decided June 15, 1981.

Synopsis

Georgia prisoner, convicted of felony child abandonment, filed a petition for a writ of habeas corpus. The United States District Court for the Middle District of Georgia, J. Robert Elliott, J., denied relief, and petitioner appealed. The Court of Appeal for the Fifth Circuit, 621 F.2d 211, reversed and remanded. The state appealed. The Supreme Court, Justice Stevens, held that the Georgia statute providing that a parent who willfully and voluntarily abandons his or her dependent child is guilty of a misdemeanor and that those parents who commit the offense within Georgia and thereafter leave the state are guilty of a felony does not impermissibly infringe on constitutionally protected right of travel, since, although a simple penalty for leaving a state is impermissible, if the departure aggravates the consequences of the conduct that is otherwise punishable, the state may treat the entire sequence of events, from the initial offense to the departure from the state, as more serious than its separate components; furthermore, the statute does not violate the equal protection clause, since it applies equally to all parents residing in Georgia.

Judgment of Court of Appeals reversed.

Justice White filed a concurring opinion.

Justice Blackmun filed an opinion concurring in the judgment.

Opinion on remand, 660 F.2d 120.

West Headnotes (8)

[1] **Constitutional Law** — Freedom of Travel and Movement

Right of United States citizen to travel from one state to another and to take up residence in state of his choice is protected by Federal Constitution. U.S.C.A.Const. Art. 4, § 2, cl. 1; Amends. 5, 14.

[38 Cases that cite this headnote](#)

[2] **Constitutional Law** — Freedom of Travel and Movement

Despite fundamental nature of right to travel, there are situations in which state may prevent citizen from leaving such as when person has been convicted of crime with state, he may be detained within that state, and returned to it if he is found in another state. U.S.C.A.Const. Art. 4, § 2, cl. 1; Amends. 5, 14.

[41 Cases that cite this headnote](#)

[3] **Constitutional Law** — Freedom of Travel and Movement

Where parent entered guilty plea to misdemeanor offense in Georgia of willfully and voluntarily abandoning his or her dependent child before he initially left Georgia for Alabama, upon conviction of that misdemeanor he was subject to imprisonment for period of up to one year, and, therefore, although he was not convicted of abandonment until after his first trip to Alabama, parent's own misconduct had qualified his right to travel interstate before he sought to exercise that right. Ga.Code, § 74-9902; U.S.C.A.Const. Art. 4, § 2, cl. 1; Amend. 14.

[22 Cases that cite this headnote](#)

[4] **Constitutional Law** — Freedom of Travel and Movement

Although simple penalty for leaving state is plainly impermissible as violation of fundamental right to travel, if departure

aggravates consequences of conduct that is otherwise punishable, state may treat entire sequence of events, from initial offense to departure from state, as more serious than its separate components. U.S.C.A. Const. Art. 4, § 2, cl. 1; Amends. 5, 14.

11 Cases that cite this headnote

[5] **Child Support** 🔑 Abandonment or Neglect to Support

Constitutional Law 🔑 Freedom of Travel and Movement

Since Georgia statute providing that parent who willfully and voluntarily abandons his or her dependent child is guilty of misdemeanor and that those who commit offense within Georgia and thereafter leave state are guilty of felony has legitimate purpose of causing parents to support their children, and there was no basis for questioning validity of legislative judgment that such purpose was served by making abandonment within state followed by departure a more serious offense than mere abandonment within state, Georgia statute did not violate fundamental right to travel. Ga.Code, § 74-9902; U.S.C.A.Const. Art. 4, § 2, cl. 1; Amends. 5, 14.

23 Cases that cite this headnote

[6] **Child Support** 🔑 Abandonment or Neglect to Support

Constitutional Law 🔑 Creation and Classification of Offenses

Georgia statute providing that parent who willfully and voluntarily abandons his or her dependent child is guilty of misdemeanor and that those who commit offense within Georgia and thereafter leave state are guilty of felony does not violate equal protection requirement that state's administration of laws must be impartial and evenhanded. Ga.Code, § 74-9902; U.S.C.A.Const. Amend. 14.

38 Cases that cite this headnote

[7] **Constitutional Law** 🔑 Necessity of Determination

After it had been determined that Georgia statute providing that parent who willfully and voluntarily abandons his or her dependent child is guilty of misdemeanor and that those who commit offense within Georgia and thereafter leave state are guilty of felony does not violate equal protection clause or fundamental right to travel, it was not necessary to determine whether Georgia had less restrictive means to serve legitimate purposes furthered by felony provision of statute. Ga.Code, § 74-9902; U.S.C.A.Const. Art. 4, § 2, cl. 1; Amend. 14.

21 Cases that cite this headnote

[8] **Constitutional Law** 🔑 Necessity of Determination

After it had been determined that Georgia statute providing that parent who willfully and voluntarily abandons his or her dependent child is guilty of misdemeanor and that those who commit offense within Georgia and thereafter leave state are guilty of felony does not violate equal protection clause or fundamental right to travel, it was unnecessary to determine whether statute was unnecessarily severe in that it did not require the act of leaving the state, as well as act of abandonment, to be motivated by wrongful intent. Ga.Code, § 74-9902; U.S.C.A.Const. Art. 4, § 2, cl. 1; Amend. 14.

9 Cases that cite this headnote

****2436 *412 Syllabus***

* The syllabus constitutes no part of the opinion of the Court but has been prepared by the Reporter of Decisions for the convenience of the reader. See *United States v. Detroit Lumber Co.*, 200 U.S. 321, 337, 26 S.Ct. 282, 287, 50 L.Ed. 499.

Under a Georgia statute, a parent who willfully and voluntarily abandons his or her dependent child is guilty of a misdemeanor, and those parents who commit that offense

within Georgia and thereafter leave the State are guilty of a felony. Appellee pleaded guilty in a Georgia state court to the felony of abandoning his child and leaving the State, thereby formally admitting that he had willfully and voluntarily abandoned his child, leaving her in a dependent condition, before he left the State. Appellee received a prison sentence and, after exhausting state remedies, filed a petition for habeas corpus in Federal District Court. He claimed that the Georgia statute, by providing for enhanced punishment for parents who left Georgia after abandoning their children, violated the Equal Protection Clause of the Fourteenth Amendment and the Privileges and Immunities Clause of Art. IV, § 2, of the Constitution. The District Court denied relief, but the Court of Appeals reversed.

Held:

1. The Georgia statute does not impermissibly infringe upon the constitutionally protected right to travel. Appellee's guilty plea was an acknowledgment that he had committed a misdemeanor before he initially left Georgia, and his criminal conduct within Georgia necessarily qualified his right thereafter freely to travel interstate. Although a simple penalty for leaving a State is impermissible, if departure aggravates the consequences of conduct that is otherwise punishable, the State may treat the entire sequence of events, from the initial offense to departure from the State, as more serious than its separate components. Appellee has provided no basis for questioning the validity of the legislative judgment that the legitimate purpose of causing parents to support their children is served by making abandonment within **2437 the State followed by departure a more serious offense than mere abandonment within the State. Pp. 2439-2442.

2. Nor does the Georgia statute violate the Equal Protection Clause. The portion of the statute at issue applies equally to all parents residing in Georgia, and appellee has not shown that it has been arbitrarily or discriminatorily applied. It is not necessary to consider whether the State has available less restrictive means to serve the legitimate purposes *413 furthered by the felony provision of the statute. The statute does not infringe upon appellee's fundamental rights, and in this context the State need not employ the least restrictive, or even the most effective or wisest, means to achieve its legitimate ends. Similarly, it need not be determined whether the statute is unnecessarily broad on the ground that it does not require that the act of leaving the State-as well as the act of abandonment-be motivated by a wrongful intent. This

is a matter relating to the wisdom of the legislation, and it raises no question with respect to the uniform and impartial character of the State's law. Pp. 2442-2443.

5 Cir., 621 F.2d 211, reversed.

Attorneys and Law Firms

Carol Atha Cosgrove, Atlanta, Ga., for appellant.

James C. Bonner, Jr., Decatur, Ga., for appellee.

Opinion

Justice STEVENS delivered the opinion of the Court.

In Georgia, a parent who willfully and voluntarily abandons his or her dependent child is guilty of a misdemeanor. Those parents who commit that offense within Georgia and thereafter leave the State are guilty of a felony. The question presented by this appeal is whether this statutory classification violates the Equal Protection Clause of the Fourteenth Amendment.¹

¹ The Fourteenth Amendment provides, in part:

“No State shall ... deny to any person within its jurisdiction the equal protection of the laws.”

*414 As the case comes to us, the critical facts are not in dispute. In 1976, appellee pleaded guilty in Georgia to the felony of abandoning his child and leaving the State.² By that plea, appellee formally admitted that he had willfully and voluntarily abandoned his daughter, leaving her in a dependent condition, before he left the State of Georgia.³ He received a 3-year prison sentence which he began to serve in 1978.⁴

² Appellee pleaded guilt to a charge that he had violated Ga.Code § 74-9902 (Supp.1980), the statute at issue in this case. Section 74-9902(a) provides, in part:

“If any father or mother shall wilfully and

voluntarily abandon his or her child, either legitimate or illegitimate, leaving it in a dependent condition, he or she, as the case may be, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor: Provided, however, if any father or mother shall wilfully and voluntarily abandon his or her child, either legitimate or illegitimate, leaving it in a dependent condition, and shall leave this State, or if any father or mother shall wilfully and voluntarily abandon his or her child, either legitimate or illegitimate, leaving it in a dependent condition, after leaving this State, he or she, as the case may be, shall be guilty of a felony....”

3 Appellee previously had separated from his wife and had been ordered to pay to her \$150 a month for the support of their minor daughter. It was stipulated that without making any such payments, appellee, “who by then had lost his property in Georgia, left the State and moved back to his native State, Alabama.” App. 16. Appellee went to Alabama to pursue certain vocational training opportunities not available to him in Georgia. He did not make child support payments while in Alabama. Appellee remained in Alabama until February 1976 when, while visiting his daughter in Georgia, he was arrested for his continuous failure to pay child support. *Id.*, at 16-17. Shortly thereafter, appellee was formally charged by a Georgia grand jury with a felony violation of § 74-9902. Joint App. 3-4.

4 Initially, appellee received a 3-year suspended sentence conditioned upon his paying \$200 per month as support for his child during her minority. *Id.*, at 8. He again left the State without making any such payments, first residing in Alabama and thereafter in Florida. In 1977, his estranged wife

was murdered, and appellee gained custody of his daughter in Florida for a brief period of time. Ultimately, appellee moved back to Georgia, and was rearrested for his failure to pay child support. *Id.*, at 17-19. After a hearing, an order was entered enforcing his suspended sentence of imprisonment for a period of three years. *Id.*, at 10.

*415 **2438 After exhausting his state remedies,⁵ appellee filed a petition for a writ of habeas corpus in the United States District Court for the Middle District of Georgia. He claimed that § 74-9902, by providing for enhanced punishment of those parents who left Georgia after abandoning their children, violated the Equal Protection Clause and the Privileges and Immunities Clause of Art. IV, § 2. See App. 22-23. The District Court denied relief, see *id.*, at 28-29, but the United States Court of Appeals for the Fifth Circuit reversed. See 621 F.2d 211 (1980).⁶

5 Appellee took no direct appeal from his initial felony conviction. However, in November 1978, after his suspended sentence had been revoked, he sought a writ of habeas corpus in the De Kalb Superior Court. Appellee claimed that the statute under which he had been convicted and sentenced violated both the Equal Protection Clause of the Fourteenth Amendment and the Privileges and Immunities Clause of Art. IV, § 2, of the United States Constitution because it authorized enhanced punishment based solely upon the exercise of the constitutional right to travel interstate and to reside outside the State of Georgia. After an evidentiary hearing, the state habeas court denied relief and ordered appellee remanded to custody. App. 11-15. The Supreme Court of Georgia denied appellee's application for a certificate of probable cause to appeal. *Id.*, at 20.

6 During the pendency of his appeal from the District Court's order, appellee was released from custody. As the Court of Appeals noted, 621 F.2d, at 212, n. 2, appellee's release did not moot his claim. See *Carafas v. LaVallee*, 391 U.S. 234, 237-240, 88 S.Ct. 1556, 1559-1561, 20 L.Ed.2d 554.

The Court of Appeals held that the statute should be subjected to strict scrutiny because it infringed the fundamental right to travel.⁷ Applying strict-scrutiny analysis, the court *416 concluded that the state interests served by the statute, although legitimate, could be adequately protected by less

drastic means; the statute therefore was invalid.⁸ In the judgment of the Court of Appeals, the State's interest in extraditing offending parents, as well as its interest in requiring parents to support their children, was adequately served by the remedies provided in the Uniform Reciprocal Enforcement of Support Act (URESA), a version of which had been enacted in Georgia. See Ga.Code § 99-901a *et seq.* (1978 and Supp.1980).⁹ Moreover, because the Court of Appeals understood the statute not to require any proof of criminal intent, it considered this feature a further indication

****2439** of the statute's unconstitutional overbreadth.¹⁰

⁷ The Court of Appeals analyzed the statutory classification, as follows: “The statute thus creates two classes of crimes, the first a misdemeanor for child abandonment within the State, the second a felony for leaving the State after abandonment or abandonment after leaving the State. Those outside Georgia, merely by their presence outside the State, are exposed to risk of a felony conviction while Georgia residents are exposed only to risk of a misdemeanor conviction for the same actions. We find the fundamental right to travel is infringed by this classification system.” 621 F.2d, at 212 (footnote omitted).

⁸ The Court of Appeals concluded that the statutory discrimination was not justified by a compelling state interest:

“We therefore find no sufficiently compelling state interest here which permits distinguishing between nonsupporting parents within or without the State of Georgia. There is no question that the statute violates equal protection. Further, even where a governmental purpose is legitimate, as here, the ‘purpose cannot be pursued by means that broadly stifle fundamental personal liberties when the end can be more narrowly achieved.’ ” *Id.*, at 213 (footnote omitted).

⁹ According to the Court of Appeals, the URESA adequately served the state interests § 74-9902 was designed to further:

“Georgia argues that the compelling state interests here are (1) the greater ease in extraditing persons accused of felonies than those accused of misdemeanors and (2) the protection of the State's fiscal integrity by the

resulting enforcement of required parental child support. These arguments are unpersuasive since Georgia has in place, through its adoption of the Uniform Reciprocal Enforcement of Support Act (URESA), Ga.Code Ann. § 99-9A, *et seq.*, an alternative means of enforcing child support obligations. Fiscal integrity of the State, support of minor children, and extradition of the nonpaying parent are all protected by this Act.” 621 F.2d, at 212-213 (footnotes omitted).

¹⁰ As the Court of Appeals read § 74-9902, a felony conviction could be secured without any showing by the State that the abandoning parent had acted with criminal intent:

“The failure of the statute to require criminal intent as an element necessary for conviction is further indication of its overbreadth. Under the provision a person leaving the State fully intending to support his or her children, but unable to do so, commits a felony. A series of noncriminal acts can thus become a crime under the statute, subjecting the nonresident to extradition and felony conviction.” 621 F.2d, at 213 (footnote omitted).

Although the Court of Appeals' understanding of the statute was correct insofar as its comments concerned the mental state of the parent at the time of his or her departure from the State, the court appears to have overlooked the statutory requirement that the offending parent have “wilfully and voluntarily” abandoned his or her child. See n. 2, *supra*. As appellant points out, under Georgia law both desertion-*i. e.*, the willful forsaking and desertion of the duties of parenthood-and dependency-*i. e.*, leaving the child without necessities-are elements of the offense of child abandonment under § 74-9902. See *Waites v. State*, 138 Ga.App. 513, 514, 226 S.E.2d 621, 622 (1976). Because the State must establish that the desertion was willful, the Court of Appeals erred in suggesting that “[a] series of noncriminal acts can thus become a crime under the statute.”

***417** The Warden appealed, and we noted probable jurisdiction. 449 U.S. 1122, 101 S.Ct. 937, 67 L.Ed.2d 108. In an opinion issued several months prior to the Court of Appeals' decision, the Georgia Supreme Court had upheld

the felony provision of § 74-9902 against an almost identical constitutional challenge. See *Garren v. State*, 245 Ga. 323, 264 S.E.2d 876 (1980). We now resolve this conflict between the Georgia Supreme Court and the Court of Appeals by reversing the judgment of the Court of Appeals.

I

[1] The Court of Appeals' conclusion that § 74-9902 is constitutionally invalid rests entirely on the premise that the statute impairs the fundamental right of every Georgia resident to travel from Georgia to another State.¹¹ It is, of course, well settled that the right of a United States citizen to travel from one State to another and to take up residence in the State of his choice is protected by the Federal Constitution. Although the textual source of this right has been the subject of debate, its fundamental nature has consistently been recognized by this Court. See *Shapiro v. Thompson*, 394 U.S. 618, 629-631, 89 S.Ct. 1322, 1328-1330, 22 L.Ed.2d 600; *United States v. Guest*, 383 U.S. 745, 757-759, 86 S.Ct. 1170, 1177-1179, 16 L.Ed.2d 239. The right to travel has been described as a privilege of national citizenship,¹² and as an aspect of liberty that is protected by the Due Process Clauses of the Fifth and Fourteenth Amendments.¹³ Whatever its source, a State may neither tax nor penalize a citizen for exercising his right to leave one State and enter another.

¹¹ It should be noted that this case involves only an abandonment by a resident parent within the State of Georgia, followed by the abandoning parent's departure from the State. Section 74-9902 also purports to define as a felony an abandonment by a parent who is not a resident of Georgia. See n. 2, *supra*. Although the Court of Appeals appears to have considered this aspect of the statute of some significance, see 621 F.2d, at 212, and appellee emphasizes it in his argument here, we express no opinion on the validity of such an application of § 74-9902. See *In re King*, 3 Cal.3d 226, 90 Cal.Rptr. 15, 474 P.2d 983 (1970).

¹² In *Edwards v. California*, 314 U.S. 160, 62 S.Ct. 164, 86 L.Ed. 119, the Court held that the Commerce Clause required the invalidation of state statutes designed to restrict interstate migration. Justice Douglas, joined by Justice Black and Justice Murphy, agreed with the Court's judgment,

but preferred to rely upon the Privileges and Immunities Clause of the Fourteenth Amendment as the source of the right to travel:

"The right to move freely from State to State is an incident of national citizenship protected by the privileges and immunities clause of the Fourteenth Amendment against state interference. Mr. Justice Moody in *Twining v. New Jersey*, 211 U.S. 78, 97 [29 S.Ct. 14, 18, 53 L.Ed. 97], stated, 'Privileges and immunities of citizens of the United States ... are only such as arise out of the nature and essential character of the National Government, or are specifically granted or secured to all citizens or persons by the Constitution of the United States.' And he went on to state that one of those rights of national citizenship was 'the right to pass freely from State to State.' *Id.*, at 97 [29 S.Ct., at 19]." *Id.*, at 178, 62 S.Ct., at 169 (Douglas, J., concurring) (emphasis and ellipsis in original). Justice Jackson was of essentially the same view. See *id.*, at 182-184, 62 S.Ct., at 171-172 (concurring opinion).

It also should be noted that earlier decisions, beginning with *Corfield v. Coryell*, 6 F.Cas. No. 3,230, p. 546 (No. 3,230) (CCED Pa. 1825) (Washington, J., Circuit Justice), suggested that the right to travel was a privilege and immunity of national citizenship protected by the Privileges and Immunities Clause of Art. IV. See *United States v. Guest*, 383 U.S. 745, 764-767, 86 S.Ct. 1170, 1181-1183, 16 L.Ed.2d 239 (opinion of Harlan, J.). In fact, appellee relied upon Art. IV in both his state and federal habeas corpus petitions. See n. 5, *supra*, at 2438.

¹³ At the beginning of this century, Chief Justice Fuller, in dictum, identified the Fourteenth Amendment as a source of the right to travel:

"Undoubtedly the right of locomotion, the right to remove from one place to another according to inclination, is an attribute of personal liberty, and the right, ordinarily, of free transit from or through the territory of any State is a right secured by the Fourteenth Amendment and by other provisions of the Constitution." *Williams v. Fears*, 179 U.S. 270, 274, 21 S.Ct. 128, 129, 45 L.Ed. 186.

In his dissenting opinion in *Shapiro v. Thompson*, 394 U.S. 618, 671, 89 S.Ct.

1322, 1351, 22 L.Ed.2d 600, Justice Harlan concluded that “the right to travel interstate is a ‘fundamental’ right which, for present purposes, should be regarded as having its source in the Due Process Clause of the Fifth Amendment.” See also *United States v. Guest*, 383 U.S., at 757-759, 86 S.Ct., at 1177-1179; *id.*, at 769-770, 86 S.Ct., at 1184-1185 (opinion of Harlan, J.).

[2] Despite the fundamental nature of this right, there nonetheless are situations in which a State may prevent a citizen from leaving. Most obvious is the case in which a person has been convicted of a crime within a State. He may be detained within that State, and returned to it if he is found in another State. Indeed, even before trial or conviction, probable cause may justify an arrest and subsequent temporary detention. Similarly, a person who commits a crime in a State and leaves the State before arrest or conviction may be extradited following “a summary and mandatory executive proceeding.”¹⁴ Manifestly, a person who has committed an offense against the laws of Georgia may be stopped at its borders and temporarily deprived of his freedom to travel elsewhere within or without the State.¹⁵

¹⁴ *Michigan v. Doran*, 439 U.S. 282, 288, 99 S.Ct. 530, 535, 58 L.Ed.2d 521.

¹⁵ In his concurring opinion in *Edwards v. California*, *supra*, Justice Jackson explained this limitation on the right to travel:

“The right of the citizen to migrate from state to state which, I agree with Mr. Justice Douglas, is shown by our precedents to be one of national citizenship, is not, however, an unlimited one. In addition to being subject to all constitutional limitations imposed by the federal government, such citizen is subject to some control by state governments. He may not, if a fugitive from justice, claim freedom to migrate unmolested, nor may he endanger others by carrying contagion about. These causes, and perhaps others that do not occur to me now, warrant any public authority in stopping a man where it finds him and arresting his progress across a state line quite as much as from place to place within the state.” 314 U.S., at 184, 62 S.Ct., at 172.

[3] *420 In this case, appellee's guilty plea was an acknowledgment that he had committed a misdemeanor

before he initially left Georgia for Alabama. Upon conviction of that misdemeanor, he was subject to imprisonment for a period of up to one year.¹⁶ Therefore, although he was not convicted of abandonment until after his first trip to Alabama, appellee's own misconduct **2441 had qualified his right to travel interstate before he sought to exercise that right. We are aware of nothing in our prior cases or in the language of the Federal Constitution that suggests that a person who has committed an offense punishable by imprisonment has an unqualified federal right to leave the jurisdiction prior to arrest or conviction.

¹⁶ See Ga.Code § 27-2506 (1978).

This case differs in a significant respect from prior cases involving the validity of state enactments that were said to penalize the exercise of the constitutional right to travel. In the first decision squarely to recognize the right to travel, *Crandall v. Nevada*, 6 Wall. 35, 18 L.Ed. 744, the Court held that a State may not impose a tax on residents who desire to leave the State, nor on nonresidents merely passing through. In *Edwards v. California*, 314 U.S. 160, 62 S.Ct. 164, 86 L.Ed. 119, the Court held that a State may not make it a crime to bring a nonresident indigent person into the State. In more recent decisions, the Court has examined state statutes imposing durational residence requirements that deprived new residents of rights or benefits available to old residents, to determine whether such requirements penalized citizens for exercising their constitutional *421 right to travel.¹⁷ In all of those cases, the statute at issue imposed a burden on the exercise of the right to travel by citizens whose right to travel had not been qualified in any way. In contrast, in this case, appellee's criminal conduct within the State of Georgia necessarily qualified his right thereafter freely to travel interstate. Appellee's claim is therefore on a different footing from the claims at issue in *Crandall*, *Edwards*, and the durational residence requirement cases.¹⁸

¹⁷ In *Dunn v. Blumstein*, 405 U.S. 330, 334, 92 S.Ct. 995, 999, 31 L.Ed.2d 274, we explained the problem presented by durational residence requirements:

“Durational residence laws penalize those persons who have traveled from one place to another to establish a new residence during

the qualifying period. Such laws divide residents into two classes, old residents and new residents, and discriminate against the latter....”

We have invalidated durational residence requirements that operated to deprive new residents of the right to vote, *Dunn, supra*, and of welfare and medical care benefits. See *Shapiro v. Thompson, supra*; *Memorial Hospital v. Maricopa County*, 415 U.S. 250, 94 S.Ct. 1076, 39 L.Ed.2d 306. However, even though durational residence requirements necessarily impinge to some extent on the right to travel, they are not automatically invalid. *Memorial Hospital, supra*, at 256, 94 S.Ct., at 1081. See, e.g., *Sosna v. Iowa*, 419 U.S. 393, 95 S.Ct. 553, 42 L.Ed.2d 532; cf. *Vlandis v. Kline*, 412 U.S. 441, 452-453, 93 S.Ct. 2230, 2236-2237, 37 L.Ed.2d 63.

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In its decision sustaining the validity of § 74-9902, the Georgia Supreme Court recognized this distinction:

“There is an entirely obvious difference, on the one hand, between an attempt by a ‘receiving state’ to preclude or discourage inward migration from ‘sending states’ of persons deemed by the ‘receiving state’ to be ‘undesirables,’ ‘non-contributors’ or ‘economically burdensome persons,’ and efforts, as in the present case, by a ‘sending state’ to bring persons accused of crimes back from ‘receiving states’ to face criminal trial and punishment in the ‘sending state.’ Persons, including indigents and other migrants, have a right to free travel.... On the other hand, persons charged with the commission of crimes shall be delivered up to the state having jurisdiction of the crime A person charged in Georgia with commission of a crime who has left Georgia and entered another state cannot be said to have a constitutionally protected right of free travel in interstate commerce that can be asserted to bar prosecution for the Georgia offense.” *Garren v. State*, 245 Ga. 323, 324-325, 264 S.E.2d 876, 877-878 (1980) (citations omitted).

The California Supreme Court recognized the same distinction in an opinion upholding a statute that tolled the statute of limitations for criminal offenses during the time the defendant was outside the State: “[T]here is clearly a distinction between one who, like defendant, leaves the state after committing a crime, resulting in the tolling of the statute of limitations during his absence, and one who has committed no crime but is deprived of a government benefit merely because he exercises his right to travel to another state. In the former circumstance, the state has an interest in assuring that the defendant is available locally not only to enhance the possibility of detection but also to avoid the burdens of extradition proceedings, should he be charged, his whereabouts become known, and he refuses to return voluntarily.” *Scherling v. Superior Court of Santa Clara County*, 22 Cal.3d 493, 501, 149 Cal.Rptr. 597, 585 P.2d 219, 223-224 (1978).

***2442** [4] ***422** These precedents are inapposite for another reason as well. The question presented by this case is not whether Georgia can justify disparate treatment of residents and nonresidents,¹⁹ or of new and old residents.²⁰ Rather, the question is whether the State may enhance the misdemeanor of child abandonment to a felony if a resident offender leaves the State after committing the offense. Presumably the commission of the misdemeanor of child abandonment would not justify a permanent restriction on the offender's freedom to leave the jurisdiction. But a restriction that is rationally related to the offense itself—either to the procedure for ascertaining guilt or innocence, or to the imposition of a proper punishment or remedy—must be within the State's power. Thus, although a simple penalty for leaving a State is plainly impermissible,²¹ if departure aggravates the consequences of conduct that is otherwise punishable, the State may treat the ***423** entire sequence of events, from the initial offense to departure from the State, as more serious than its separate components.

¹⁹ See n. 11, *supra*.

²⁰ The latter variety of disparate treatment was primarily at issue in cases such as *Shapiro v. Thompson*, *Dunn v. Blumstein*, and *Memorial Hospital v. Maricopa County, supra*.

21 Cf. *Crandall v. Nevada*, 6 Wall. 35, 18 L.Ed 744; *Edwards v. California*, 314 U.S. 160, 62 S.Ct. 164, 86 L.Ed. 119.

[5] The Georgia Supreme Court has held that § 74-9902's enhancement provision serves the "legislative purpose of causing parents to support their children since the General Assembly could have concluded that the parental support obligation is more difficult to enforce if the parent charged with child abandonment leaves the state." *Garren v. State*, 245 Ga., at 325, 264 S.E.2d, at 878. There can be no question about the legitimacy of the purpose to cause parents to support their children.²² And appellee has not provided us with any basis for questioning the validity of the legislative judgment that this purpose is served by making abandonment within the State followed by departure a more serious offense than mere abandonment within the State. We therefore are unwilling to accept the suggestion that this enhancement is an impermissible infringement of appellee's constitutional right to travel. Accordingly, we reject the premise on which the Court of Appeals' holding rests.

22 Indeed, the Court of Appeals and appellee both acknowledged the legitimacy of the statute's purposes. See 621 F.2d, at 213; Brief for Appellee 13-15.

II

Having rejected the claim that the Georgia statute impermissibly infringes on the constitutionally protected right to travel, we find no support for the conclusion that the statute violates the Equal Protection Clause. That Clause "announces a fundamental principle: the State must govern impartially. General rules that apply evenhandedly to all persons within the jurisdiction unquestionably comply with this principle." *New York City Transit Authority v. Beazer*, 440 U.S. 568, 587, 99 S.Ct. 1355, 1366, 59 L.Ed.2d 587.

[6] The Equal Protection Clause provides a basis for challenging legislative classifications that treat one group of persons *424 as inferior or superior to others,²³ and for **2443 contending that general rules are being applied in an arbitrary or discriminatory way.²⁴ The portion of the Georgia statute at issue in this case applies equally to all parents residing in Georgia; nothing in appellee's argument or in the record suggests that the statute has been enforced against appellee any differently than it would be enforced against

anyone else who engaged in the same conduct. By its terms, it does not subject "one caste of persons to a code not applicable to another," see n. 23,*supra*, nor has appellee shown that it has been arbitrarily or discriminatorily applied. Thus, neither on the face of § 74-9902, nor in its application to appellee, can we detect any violation of the constitutional requirement that the State's administration of its laws must be impartial and evenhanded. *New York City Transit Authority, supra*.

23 An effective expression of this point was made in the Senate debate preceding the adoption of the Fourteenth Amendment. Senator Howard stated: "This abolishes all class legislation in the States and does away with the injustice of subjecting one caste of persons to a code not applicable to another.

It establishes equality before the law, and it gives to the humblest, the poorest, the most despised of the race the same rights and the same protection before the law as it gives to the most powerful, the most wealthy, or the most haughty. That, sir is republican government, as I understand it, and the only one which can claim the praise of a just Government." Cong. Globe, 39th Cong., 1st Sess., 2766 (1866).

Most frequently, claims of denial of equal protection of the laws are asserted by the members of a class of persons easily defined by a characteristic such as race, sex, alienage, illegitimacy, or religion.

24 See, e. g., *Yick Wo v. Hopkins*, 118 U.S. 356, 6 S.Ct. 1064, 30 L.Ed. 220.

[7] The characterization by the Court of Appeals and appellee of the Georgia statute as "overbroad" does not affect our conclusion. Appellee contends, and the Court of Appeals found, that Georgia has available less restrictive means to serve the legitimate purposes furthered by the felony provision *425 of § 74-9902. In particular, our attention is directed to the URESA, which is said to protect the State's interests in fiscal integrity, support of minor children, and extradition of abandoning parents.²⁵ The appellant argues at length that the URESA does not provide an adequate means of enforcing the support obligations of parents who abandon their children and leave the jurisdiction. Although the appellant's argument is persuasive,²⁶ for purposes of deciding this case we need neither accept nor reject it.

The Court of Appeals deemed the remedies available under the URESA significant because a legislative program that infringes upon fundamental rights in order to serve legitimate state ends must be the least restrictive means for achieving those ends.²⁷ However, because we have concluded that § 74-9902 does not infringe upon appellee's fundamental rights, this reasoning is inapplicable. In the context of this case, the State need not employ *426 the least restrictive, or even the most effective or wisest, means to achieve its legitimate ends.

25 See n. 9, *supra*. Appellee also suggests that making all child abandonments felonies would serve Georgia's legitimate interests in a "less restrictive" fashion than § 74-9902. It is true that such a change would preclude appellee's claim that the statute is discriminatory, but it is not clear that such a statute would be less restrictive.

26 A number of commentators have identified the same weaknesses in the enforcement mechanism established in the URESA as the appellant cites in his argument in this case. See, e. g., Note, Interstate Enforcement of Support Obligations Through Long Arm Statutes and URESA, 18 J.Fam.Law 537, 541 (1980); Comment, Enforcement of Support Obligations: A Solution and Continuing Problems, 61 Ky.L.J. 322, 328-329 (1972). Cf. Chambers, Men Who Know They Are Watched: Some Benefits and Costs of Jailing for Nonpayment of Support, 75 Mich.L.Rev. 900 (1977).

27 The Court of Appeals relied upon *Shelton v. Tucker*, 364 U.S. 479, 81 S.Ct. 247, 5 L.Ed.2d 231, for this proposition:

"[E]ven though the government purpose be legitimate and substantial, that purpose cannot be pursued by means that broadly stifle fundamental personal liberties when the end can be more narrowly achieved. The breadth of legislative abridgment must be viewed in the light of less drastic means for achieving the same basic purpose." *Id.*, at 488, 81 S.Ct., at 252 (footnotes omitted).

[8] Similarly, we need neither agree nor disagree with appellee's argument that the statute is unnecessarily severe because it does not require that the act of leaving the State-as well as the act of abandonment-be motivated by a wrongful intent.²⁸ Because **2444 of this feature, the statute may

well be unnecessarily broad. This is a matter, however, that relates to the wisdom of the legislation. It raises no question with respect to the uniform and impartial character of the State's law. It therefore does not implicate the fundamental principle embodied in the Equal Protection Clause of the Fourteenth Amendment.

28 The Court of Appeals considered the statute's failure to require that the act of leaving the State be accompanied by criminal intent a significant defect. See *supra*, at 2438, and n. 10.

Because we conclude that § 74-9902 did not penalize the exercise of the constitutional right to travel and did not deny appellee the equal protection of the laws, the judgment of the Court of Appeals is reversed.

So ordered.

Justice WHITE, concurring.

In *Shapiro v. Thompson*, 394 U.S. 618, 89 S.Ct. 1322, 22 L.Ed.2d 600 (1969), the Court held that restricting welfare benefits to those who had resided in a State for at least one year penalized the exercise of the constitutional right to travel from State to State and that because it did so, the discrimination against newly arrived residents had to be justified by a compelling state interest to avoid violating the Equal Protection Clause. Such an interest was not found. It seemed to me at the time, and it seems to me now, that the same result would have obtained in that case without implicating the Equal Protection Clause at all, given the Court's view of the relationship between the restriction on travel and the State's justifying interests. As *427 Justice STEWART said in concurrence, any purpose "offered in support of a law that so clearly impinges upon the constitutional right of interstate travel must be shown to reflect a *compelling* governmental interest." *Id.*, at 643-644, 89 S.Ct., at 1336-1337. In reaching its conclusion, the Court could as well have said that the proffered state interests did not justify the deterrent effect on the right to travel. Had it found those interests sufficient to warrant the residency requirement, however, the equal protection argument would also have been without force because the reason for insisting upon more than a rational basis for the requirement would have disappeared.

As I understand it, this is essentially the approach followed by the Court today: it first finds that whatever restriction on interstate travel is imposed by the challenged Georgia

provision, the State's interest in enforcing its child support laws is sufficient to justify the restriction. The opinion then finds that the equal protection claim is without substance because there is at least a rational basis for the State's classification.

I join the Court's opinion and judgment.

Justice BLACKMUN, concurring in the judgment.

No one disputes that the State of Georgia can designate the crime of willful child abandonment a felony. It instead has chosen to make the crime a misdemeanor if confined within state boundaries, but a felony once abandonment is accompanied by departure from the State. Thus, in effect, the State requires an abandoning and nonsupporting parent to remain in Georgia if he or she wishes to avoid more serious criminal penalties. This burden on interstate travel applies even if the parent has no criminal intent when crossing the state line.

Given the Georgia statutory scheme, § 74-9902(a) clearly penalizes appellee's exercise of his constitutional right to travel. In my view, however, that penalty is justified by the State's special interest in law enforcement in this context. The challenged criminal statute is concerned primarily with *428 restitution rather than punishment, and the core criminal conduct, willful abandonment and continuing nonsupport, is markedly more difficult to redress once the offending parent leaves the jurisdiction. A restriction that reasonably discourages departure may therefore be justified as tailored

to further the precise remedial objective of the criminal law. Significantly, however, the objective advanced here is not identical to the more general goal of improving **2445 the administration of criminal justice. The Court perhaps has this distinction in mind when it concludes, *ante*, at 2441, that where departure “aggravates the consequences of conduct that is otherwise punishable,” it may merit enhanced punishment. I doubt that a State constitutionally may impose greater penalties for all crimes simply because the accused leaves the jurisdiction. To hold otherwise ignores the availability of summary interstate transfer procedures under the Extradition Clause, and chills unacceptably the travel rights of the presumptively innocent citizen.

For me, it also is noteworthy that appellee pleaded guilty to the crime of willful abandonment and subsequent departure from the State. The record gives no indication that appellee was anything but aware that his crime would become more serious once he left Georgia. Thus, the Court today need not decide the constitutionality of this statute as applied to a person of ordinary intelligence who had no knowledge, or reason to know, that the protected act of interstate travel would convert him from a misdemeanant into a felon. Cf. *Lambert v. California*, 355 U.S. 225, 78 S.Ct. 240, 2 L.Ed.2d 228 (1957).

I concur in the judgment.

All Citations

452 U.S. 412, 101 S.Ct. 2434, 69 L.Ed.2d 118

Negative Treatment


Negative Citing References (3)

The KeyCited document has been negatively referenced by the following events or decisions in other litigation or proceedings:

Treatment	Title	Date	Type	Depth	Headnote(s)
Declined to Extend by	1. Page v. Cuomo ” MOST NEGATIVE 478 F.Supp.3d 355 , N.D.N.Y. CIVIL RIGHTS — Due Process. Individual failed to state constitutional claim to challenge New York State executive order requiring travelers to quarantine in light of COVID-19.	Aug. 11, 2020	Case		1 2 S.Ct.
Distinguished by	2. Johnson v. City of Cincinnati ” 119 F.Supp.2d 735 , S.D.Ohio CRIMINAL JUSTICE - Drugs. Municipal ordinance creating “drug exclusion zones” was unconstitutional.	Jan. 20, 2000	Case		5 7 8 S.Ct.
Distinguished by	3. Vanderzon v. Vanderzon 402 P.3d 219 , Utah App. FAMILY LAW — Child Custody. Custody order requiring mother to live within 25 miles of father could not be reasonably interpreted to tether mother's residence to father's.	Aug. 17, 2017	Case		3 S.Ct.

History (4)

Direct History (4)

 1. [Helms v. Jones](#)
621 F.2d 211 , 5th Cir.(Ga.) , July 11, 1980

Probable Jurisdiction Noted by

2. [Jones v. Helms](#)
449 U.S. 1122 , U.S.Ga. , Jan. 26, 1981













AND Judgment Reversed by




















 3. [Jones v. Helms](#)
452 U.S. 412 , U.S.Ga. , June 15, 1981















On Remand to
















4. [Helms v. Jones](#)
660 F.2d 120 , 5th Cir.(Ga.) , Oct. 26, 1981

Citing References (390)

Treatment	Title	Date	Type	Depth	Headnote(s)
Distinguished by NEGATIVE	 1. Johnson v. City of Cincinnati ¶¶ 119 F.Supp.2d 735, 745+ , S.D.Ohio CRIMINAL JUSTICE - Drugs. Municipal ordinance creating "drug exclusion zones" was unconstitutional.	Jan. 20, 2000	Case		5 7 8 S.Ct.
Examined by	2. State v. Webb ¶¶ 144 So.3d 971, 981+ , La. CRIMINAL JUSTICE - Weapons. Statute criminalizing possession of illegal drugs and firearms did not violate fundamental state constitutional right to bear arms.	May 07, 2014	Case		2 4 5 S.Ct.
Examined by	3. Com. v. George ¶¶ 717 N.E.2d 1285, 1290+ , Mass. CRIMINAL JUSTICE - Limitations. Delay of two decades in prosecuting defendant for rape of a child did not violate his rights.	Oct. 20, 1999	Case		3 5 7 S.Ct.
Examined by	 4. State v. March ¶¶ 395 S.W.3d 738, 785+ , Tenn.Crim.App. CRIMINAL JUSTICE - Counsel. Uncounselled statements concerning uncharged, separate conspiracy to kill murder victim's parents did not violate Sixth Amendment right to counsel.	Jan. 27, 2011	Case		1 2 5 S.Ct.
Declined to Extend by NEGATIVE	5. Page v. Cuomo ¶¶ 478 F.Supp.3d 355, 362+ , N.D.N.Y. CIVIL RIGHTS — Due Process. Individual failed to state constitutional claim to challenge New York State executive order requiring travelers to quarantine in light of COVID-19.	Aug. 11, 2020	Case		1 2 S.Ct.
Discussed by	 6. Doe v. Pennsylvania Bd. of Probation and Parole ¶¶ 513 F.3d 95, 114+ , 3rd Cir.(Pa.) CRIMINAL JUSTICE - Sex Offenders. Community notice provision of Pennsylvania's "Megan's Law" violated equal protection.	Jan. 23, 2008	Case		2 S.Ct.
Discussed by	 7. U.S. v. Pitts ¶¶ 908 F.2d 458, 459+ , 9th Cir.(Wash.) Defendant was convicted in the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Washington, Justin L. Quackenbush, Chief Judge, of selling drugs within 1,000 feet of...	July 10, 1990	Case		—
Discussed by	8. Carpenter v. Holland ¶¶ 2017 WL 3023573, *10+ , E.D.Cal. Petitioner is a California state prisoner proceeding pro se with an application for a writ of habeas corpus pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2254. The action proceeds on the petition...	July 17, 2017	Case		1 2 S.Ct.

Treatment	Title	Date	Type	Depth	Headnote(s)
Discussed by	<p> 9. Calderon v. Superior Court of California 2001 WL 940904, *3+ , N.D.Cal.</p> <p>Before the Court is Petitioner Guy Calderon's ("Calderon") petition for a writ of habeas corpus challenging the validity of his state conviction and sentence pursuant to 28...</p>	Aug. 13, 2001	Case		<p>5 6 8</p> <p>S.Ct.</p>
Discussed by	<p>10. Siddiqui v. Rocheleau </p> <p>2019 WL 12239678, *12+ , D.Conn.</p> <p>Plaintiff Faiz Siddiqui ("Siddiqui"), a citizen and resident of the United Kingdom, brings this action against West Hartford police officer Eric Rocheleau ("Rocheleau") in his...</p>	May 15, 2019	Case		<p>1 2</p> <p>S.Ct.</p>
Discussed by	<p>11. Thompson v. Eubanks </p> <p>2012 WL 12864365, *8+ , N.D.Ga.</p> <p>Petitioner, David Nathan Thompson, represented by McNeill Stokes, challenges via 28 U.S.C. § 2254 the constitutionality of his June 23, 2005, Fulton County sentence and order of...</p>	Sep. 13, 2012	Case		<p>1 2</p> <p>S.Ct.</p>
Discussed by	<p>12. Crear v. Harry </p> <p>2009 WL 1211238, *3+ , E.D.Mich.</p> <p>CRIMINAL JUSTICE - Counsel. Defense counsel was not ineffective for failing to cross examine the alleged victim by using her emails, in a trial for criminal sexual conduct.</p>	Apr. 30, 2009	Case		<p>3</p> <p>S.Ct.</p>
Discussed by	<p>  13. U.S. v. Waybright </p> <p>561 F.Supp.2d 1154, 1170+ , D.Mont.</p> <p>CRIMINAL JUSTICE - Sex Offenders. Statute requiring all sex offenders to register was not a valid exercise of Congress's power under the Commerce Clause.</p>	June 11, 2008	Case		<p>4 5</p> <p>S.Ct.</p>
Discussed by	<p> 14. Jones v. Evans </p> <p>932 F.Supp. 204, 206+ , N.D.Ohio</p> <p>County jail inmate moved for temporary restraining order precluding county judge from enforcing 25-mile radius limit on eligibility for house arrest. The District Court, Dowd,...</p>	May 31, 1996	Case		<p>7</p> <p>S.Ct.</p>
Discussed by	<p>15. Payne v. Johnson </p> <p>2015 WL 11438144, *2+ , D.S.C.</p> <p>The plaintiff, Leo Lionel Payne, a self-represented litigant, brings this action pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1983 alleging a violation of his civil rights. This matter is before the...</p>	Aug. 13, 2015	Case		<p>1 2</p> <p>S.Ct.</p>
Discussed by	<p>16. United States v. Garrett Allard </p> <p>2011 WL 13185794, *6+ , W.D.Tex.</p> <p>On this day, the Court considered Defendant Andrew Garrett Allard's "Motion to Dismiss," filed in the above-captioned cause on September 28, 2011. On September 28, 2011, the...</p>	Oct. 05, 2011	Case		<p>4</p> <p>S.Ct.</p>


Treatment	Title	Date	Type	Depth	Headnote(s)
Discussed by	  17. U.S. v. Crum ¶¶ 2008 WL 4542408, *7+ , W.D.Wash. This matter comes before the Court on defendant Keith Dwayne Crum's "Motion to Dismiss Indictment Based Upon (1) Washington's Failure to Implement SORNA; (2) Violation of Due...	Oct. 08, 2008	Case		4 5 S.Ct.
Discussed by	18. Scott v. Superior Court ¶¶ 202 Cal.Rptr. 920, 927+ , Cal.App. 2 Dist. By petition for writ of mandate, a California resident sued for support by his adult daughter who was a New York resident sought to vacate superior court order denying his motion...	May 30, 1984	Case		4 5 S.Ct.
Discussed by	 19. Bartosz v. Jones 197 P.3d 310, 322+ , Idaho FAMILY LAW - Child Custody. Magistrate did not apply presumption against relocation when it denied request of mother to move out of state.	Oct. 16, 2008	Case		1 5 S.Ct.
Discussed by	20. State v. Weisman ¶¶ 1988 WL 113752, *2+ , Minn.App. Appellant Charles A. Weisman appeals from conviction of three traffic violations, namely: (1) Minn.Stat. § 171.02 (1986), no driver's license; (2) Minn.Stat. § 169.79 (1986),...	Nov. 01, 1988	Case		1 S.Ct.
Discussed by	 21. Com. v. Lightman ¶¶ 489 A.2d 200, 203+ , Pa.Super. Defendants were convicted in the Court of Common Pleas, Philadelphia County, Criminal, Nos. 747–783 and 784–820 April Term 1980, Carson, J., of bribery and conspiracy arising from...	Jan. 30, 1985	Case		5 7 8 S.Ct.
Discussed by	 22. Boetscher v. State ¶¶ 782 S.W.2d 954, 959+ , Tex.App.-Amarillo Petitioner, who was indicted for the offense of criminal nonsupport, filed an application for a writ of habeas corpus to have the charge dismissed. The 72nd District Court,...	Jan. 11, 1990	Case		5 7 S.Ct.
Distinguished by 	23. Vanderzon v. Vanderzon 402 P.3d 219, 231+ , Utah App. FAMILY LAW — Child Custody. Custody order requiring mother to live within 25 miles of father could not be reasonably interpreted to tether mother's residence to father's.	Aug. 17, 2017	Case		3 S.Ct.
Cited by	24. California v. Superior Court of California, San Bernardino County 107 S.Ct. 2433, 2444 , U.S.Cal. Father and grandfather petitioned for writ of habeas corpus to block anticipated extradition warrants based on kidnapping charges filed in Louisiana. The San Bernardino Superior...	June 09, 1987	Case		7 S.Ct.

Treatment	Title	Date	Type	Depth	Headnote(s)
Cited by	 25. Attorney General of New York v. Soto-Lopez 106 S.Ct. 2317, 2321+ , U.S.N.Y. Applicants for state employment, who were denied additional points for service in armed forces by reason that their entry into armed forces was from another state, brought action...	June 17, 1986	Case		—
Cited by	 26. Zobel v. Williams 102 S.Ct. 2309, 2313 , U.S.Alaska Suit was brought by Alaska residents challenging dividend distribution plan as violative of their right to equal protection guarantees and their constitutional right to migrate to...	June 14, 1982	Case		—
Cited by	27. Bakran v. Secretary, United States Department of Homeland Security 894 F.3d 557, 566 , 3rd Cir.(Pa.) IMMIGRATION — Marriage. Restrictions on sex offender's ability to sponsor alien wife's application for permanent residency did not infringe his fundamental right to marry.	July 05, 2018	Case		1 S.Ct.
Cited by	28. Castaneira v. Potteiger 621 Fed.Appx. 116, 119+ , 3rd Cir.(Pa.) CIVIL RIGHTS - Equal Protection. Parolee was not similarly situated to other child sex offenders for equal protection purposes.	July 17, 2015	Case		2 S.Ct.
Cited by	29. Bell v. City of Harrisburg  457 Fed.Appx. 164, 166 , 3rd Cir.(Pa.) CIVIL RIGHTS - Arrest and Detention. Police officers had probable cause to arrest attendees at event on island for violating city park ordinance.	Jan. 06, 2012	Case		4 S.Ct.
Cited by	 30. U.S. v. Barton 633 F.3d 168, 175 , 3rd Cir.(Pa.) CRIMINAL JUSTICE - Weapons. Statute prohibiting the possession of firearms by a convicted felon did not violate defendant's Second Amendment rights.	Mar. 04, 2011	Case		—
Cited by	 31. Maldonado v. Houstoun 157 F.3d 179, 185 , 3rd Cir.(Pa.) Welfare recipients brought action to challenge constitutionality of Pennsylvania's two-tier durational residency requirement limiting amount of benefits for new residents....	Sep. 09, 1998	Case		—
Cited by	 32. Schumacher v. Nix 965 F.2d 1262, 1265 , 3rd Cir.(Pa.) Graduates of unaccredited law schools, who were members in good standing of California bar and had practiced there for more than five years, challenged Pennsylvania bar admission...	June 03, 1992	Case		—
Cited by	33. Welsh v. McLane 2022 WL 1741618, *1 , 5th Cir.(Tex.) Lonnie Kade Welsh, an individual who was civilly committed by Texas as a sexually violent predator, appeals the district court's dismissal of his claims under 42 U.S.C. § 1983...	May 31, 2022	Case		—














Treatment	Title	Date	Type	Depth	Headnote(s)
Cited by	34. Unger v. Taylor 368 Fed.Appx. 526, 533+ , 5th Cir.(Tex.) CIVIL RIGHTS - Arrest and Detention. Police were entitled to qualified immunity in civil rights action arising from traffic stop, arrest, and prosecution.	Mar. 02, 2010	Case		2 S.Ct.
Cited by	35. Anderson v. Strickland 57 Fed.Appx. 211, 211 , 5th Cir.(Tex.) Anderson appeals the district court's pretrial dismissal of his 42 U.S.C. § 1983 civil rights action on various grounds. As a threshold matter, Anderson asserts that the district...	Jan. 06, 2003	Case		—
Cited by	36. Cramer v. Skinner 🗳️ 931 F.2d 1020, 1031+ , 5th Cir.(Tex.) Airline passenger brought action against government officials and agencies charged with enforcing Love Field amendment challenging constitutionality of amendment. The United...	May 09, 1991	Case		7 8 S.Ct.
Cited by	37. Johnson v. Bredesen 🗳️ 624 F.3d 742, 747 , 6th Cir.(Tenn.) CRIMINAL JUSTICE - Restoration of Civil Rights. Tennessee statute placing conditions on restoration of felons' voting rights did not violate Equal Protection Clause.	Oct. 28, 2010	Case		5 S.Ct.
Cited by	38. Hope v. Commissioner of Indiana Department of Correction 984 F.3d 532, 540 , 7th Cir.(Ind.) CRIMINAL JUSTICE — Sex Offenders. Sex offender registration requirements imposed on offenders who committed offenses pre-SORA, based solely on relocation to Indiana, violated right...	Jan. 06, 2021	Case		—
Cited by	39. Williams v. Wisconsin 336 F.3d 576, 581 , 7th Cir.(Wis.) CIVIL RIGHTS - Parolees. Ban on international travel did not violate parolee's right to marry.	July 15, 2003	Case		—
Cited by	40. Cates v. Superintendent, Indiana Youth Center 981 F.2d 949, 952 , 7th Cir.(Ind.) State prisoner petitioned for writ of habeas corpus. The United States District Court for the Southern District of Indiana, William E. Steckler, J., 752 F.Supp. 854, granted the...	Dec. 11, 1992	Case		—
Cited by	41. Mai v. United States 974 F.3d 1082, 1100 , 9th Cir. The panel judges have voted to deny Appellant's petition for rehearing. Judges Graber and Gould voted to deny the petition for rehearing en banc, and Judge Ezra recommended denying...	Sep. 10, 2020	Case		—

Treatment	Title	Date	Type	Depth	Headnote(s)
Cited by	 42. U.S. v. Lopez-Flores 63 F.3d 1468, 1472 , 9th Cir.(Cal.) Defendants were convicted in the United States District Court for the Central District of California, William J. Rea, J., of violating Hostage Taking Act. Defendants appealed. ...	Aug. 10, 1995	Case		—
Cited by	43. U.S. v. Mariscal 47 F.3d 1177, 1177 , 9th Cir.(Ariz.) D.Ariz. AFFIRMED.	Feb. 24, 1995	Case		—
Cited by	44. McQueary v. Blodgett  924 F.2d 829, 834 , 9th Cir.(Wash.) State prisoner filed petition for writ of habeas corpus. The United States District Court for the Western District of Washington, Barbara J. Rothstein, Chief Judge, denied...	Jan. 10, 1991	Case		6 S.Ct.
Cited by	45. Maehr v. United States Department of State 5 F.4th 1100, 1118 , 10th Cir.(Colo.) CIVIL RIGHTS — Due Process. Restricting international travel of delinquent taxpayer by revoking his passport was rationally based on legitimate government interest.	July 20, 2021	Case		3 S.Ct.
Cited by	 46. Abdi v. Wray  942 F.3d 1019, 1029 , 10th Cir.(Utah) TRANSPORTATION — Aviation. Placement of traveler on suspected terrorist list did not deprive traveler of his liberty interest in travel in violation of procedural due process.	Nov. 12, 2019	Case		1 2 3 S.Ct.
Cited by	 47. Selsor v. Workman  644 F.3d 984, 1015 , 10th Cir.(Okla.) CRIMINAL JUSTICE - Double Jeopardy. Sentencing of defendant to death following retrial did not violate double jeopardy prohibition.	May 02, 2011	Case		7 S.Ct.
Cited by	48. D.L. v. Unified School Dist. No. 497  596 F.3d 768, 776 , 10th Cir.(Kan.) EDUCATION - Disabled Students. Mother lacked standing to assert a claim against local school district defendants under Americans with Disabilities Act.	Feb. 23, 2010	Case		1 S.Ct.
Cited by	 49. U.S. v. Rozier  598 F.3d 768, 771 , 11th Cir.(Fla.) CRIMINAL JUSTICE - Weapons. Conviction for possessing a firearm as a convicted felon did not violate Second Amendment.	Mar. 04, 2010	Case		2 S.Ct.
Cited by	50. U.S. v. Cohen 733 F.2d 128, 133 , D.C.Cir. Defendant who was found not guilty by reason of insanity of possession of unregistered destructive devices appealed orders of the United States District Court for the District of...	May 04, 1984	Case		—

Treatment	Title	Date	Type	Depth	Headnote(s)
Cited by	51. Armstrong v. City of Boaz 2017 WL 3129376, *13 , N.D.Ala. Plaintiffs Robin Zak Armstrong and Timothy-Brian Armstrong (together, "the Armstrongs"), who are proceeding pro se, initiated this action on June 30, 2016, asserting numerous state...	July 24, 2017	Case		1 S.Ct.
Cited by	52. Melvin H. Robinson, Plaintiff, v. State of Arizona, et al., Defendants. 2023 WL 5608437, *7 , D.Ariz. On March 10, 2023, Plaintiff Melvin H. Robinson, Jr., filed a pro se civil rights Complaint pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1983 and an incomplete Application to Proceed In District Court...	Aug. 30, 2023	Case		—
Cited by	53. Murchison v. Tucson Unified School Dist. 2012 WL 4762462, *3 , D.Ariz. Pending before the Court are Defendants' Motions to Strike Plaintiff's sur-reply (Docs.24, 25) and to Dismiss Plaintiff's Second Amended Complaint (Docs.20–22). Plaintiff filed a...	Oct. 05, 2012	Case		—
Cited by	54. White v. Seabrooks ¶ 2022 WL 17729964, *9+ , C.D.Cal. Before the Court is Defendants Officer Ashley Allen and Sergeant Richard Verbeck's ("Moving Defendants") Motion for Summary Judgment (the "Motion"), filed on October 31, 2022....	Nov. 29, 2022	Case		3 S.Ct.
Cited by	55. Montgomery v. Matteson ¶ 2022 WL 16556042, *10 , C.D.Cal. This Report and Recommendation is submitted to the Honorable Fred W. Slaughter, United States District Judge, pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 636 and General Order 05-07 of the United...	Sep. 14, 2022	Case		6 S.Ct.
Cited by	56. White v. Seabrooks ¶ 2022 WL 17224493, *7 , C.D.Cal. Before the Court are two motions: The first is Moving Defendants' (as defined below) Motion to Strike Count Seven (Partial), Eight and Nine of Plaintiff's Second Amended Complaint...	Apr. 20, 2022	Case		3 S.Ct.
Cited by	57. White v. Seabrooks ¶ 2022 WL 2189637, *6 , C.D.Cal. Before the Court is Defendants Gleam Davis, Philip Brock, Christine Parra, Lana Negrete, Sue Himmelrich, Kristin McCowan, Oscar de la Torre, David White, Ashley Allen and Richard...	Feb. 04, 2022	Case		3 S.Ct.
Cited by	58. Tennard v. Neuschmid ¶ 2020 WL 1183340, *9 , C.D.Cal. This Report and Recommendation is submitted to the Honorable George H. Wu, United States District Judge, pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 636 and General Order 05-07 of the United States...	Feb. 03, 2020	Case		6 S.Ct.



Treatment	Title	Date	Type	Depth	Headnote(s)
Cited by	59. Rangel v. Biter  2019 WL 6723685, *10, C.D.Cal. This Report and Recommendation is submitted to the Honorable George H. Wu, United States District Judge, pursuant to the provisions of 28 U.S.C. § 636 and General Order 05-07 of...	July 26, 2019	Case		6 S.Ct.
Cited by	60. Navarrete v. Long  2016 WL 8732353, *9, C.D.Cal. In December 2009, then five year old J.P. lived with his mother and two sisters, his sister's boyfriend, M.R., and a non-relative roommate. Navarrete was a mechanic and sometimes...	Sep. 20, 2016	Case		7 S.Ct.
Cited by	61. Peterson v. Farrow 2016 WL 3477238, *2+, E.D.Cal. Plaintiffs Brett Peterson, B.O.L.T. (short for, "Bikers of Lesser Tolerance"), John Dalke ("Dalke"), and Mark Temple ("Temple") sued the following Defendants—Sheriff of the County...	June 27, 2016	Case		—
Cited by	62. Langston v. Shiaishi 2013 WL 1983405, *5, E.D.Cal. Plaintiff is a state prisoner proceeding pro se with a civil rights action pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1983. Plaintiff has consented to Magistrate Judge jurisdiction over this action...	May 13, 2013	Case		2 S.Ct.
Cited by	63. Morgan v. Hill  2011 WL 5241258, *3+, E.D.Cal. Plaintiff, a state prisoner proceeding pro se, has filed a civil rights action pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1983. This action is proceeding on the amended complaint filed October 29,...	Nov. 01, 2011	Case		6 S.Ct.
Cited by	64. Saide v. Cate  2011 WL 4738496, *4, E.D.Cal. Petitioner is a state prisoner proceeding pro se with an application for a writ of habeas corpus pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2254. Petitioner raises two claims in his federal habeas...	Oct. 06, 2011	Case		7 S.Ct.
Cited by	65. Kinder v. Merced County  2010 WL 4483818, *2, E.D.Cal. Plaintiff Bobby Lee Kinder, Jr. ("Plaintiff"), appearing pro se and proceeding in forma pauperis, filed the instant complaint alleging damages for personal injuries against...	Nov. 01, 2010	Case		4 S.Ct.
Cited by	66. Watie v. Carey 2010 WL 3186224, *10, E.D.Cal. CRIMINAL JUSTICE - Weapons. Evidence was sufficient to establish that defendant acted maliciously when he willfully discharged a firearm into an occupied dwelling.	Aug. 11, 2010	Case		6 S.Ct.
Cited by	67. Basque v. Schwartz  2010 WL 120764, *12+, E.D.Cal. Petitioner is a parolee proceeding with counsel on a petition for a writ of habeas corpus under 28 U.S.C. § 2254. He alleges that his rights under the Americans With Disabilities...	Jan. 07, 2010	Case		6 S.Ct.

















Treatment	Title	Date	Type	Depth	Headnote(s)
Cited by	 68. Tyler v. Knowles 2009 WL 3711928, *5 , C.D.Cal. CRIMINAL JUSTICE - Parole. Denial of parole by the Board of Prison Hearings did not violate prisoner's plea agreement.	Oct. 30, 2009	Case		6 S.Ct.
Cited by	69. Tracchia v. Tilton  2009 WL 3055222, *7+ , E.D.Cal. Plaintiff is a state prison inmate proceeding pro se with a civil rights action under 42 U.S.C. § 1983 challenging state regulations that bar inmates sentenced to life but who do...	Sep. 21, 2009	Case		6 S.Ct.
Cited by	 70. Mousa v. Carey 2009 WL 426095, *4 , E.D.Cal. CRIMINAL JUSTICE - Parole. Denial of parole to habeas petitioner was not supported by even a minimal quantum of evidence required to satisfy the federal due process clause.	Feb. 20, 2009	Case		6 S.Ct.
Cited by	 71. Miles v. Schwarzenegger  2008 WL 3244143, *2 , E.D.Cal. Petitioner is a state prisoner without counsel seeking a writ of habeas corpus. See 28 U.S.C. § 2254. Respondent moves to dismiss on the ground that petitioner fails to state a...	Aug. 07, 2008	Case		6 S.Ct.
Cited by	72. Capela v. Sisto 2008 WL 11423855, *2 , E.D.Cal. Plaintiff is a state prisoner proceeding pro se. He seeks relief pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1983 and has requested authority pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1915 to proceed in forma pauperis....	Mar. 12, 2008	Case		—
Cited by	73. Davis v. CDCR 2008 WL 686738, *3 , E.D.Cal. On July 20, 2007, defendants M. Veal, E. Ferrer, and G. Camaya removed this action from state court on the basis that this court has original jurisdiction under 28 U.S.C. § 1331...	Mar. 10, 2008	Case		—
Cited by	74. Tuvalu v. Woodford  2008 WL 619158, *10+ , E.D.Cal. Plaintiff is a state prison inmate, proceeding pro se, with his vigorously litigated civil rights action challenging regulations that prevent him from having overnight visits with...	Mar. 04, 2008	Case		6 S.Ct.
Cited by	75. Juarez v. Woodford 2008 WL 346409, *2 , E.D.Cal. Plaintiff is a state prisoner proceeding pro se and in forma pauperis with an action filed pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1983. By order filed April 17, 2007, plaintiff's complaint was...	Feb. 06, 2008	Case		—
Cited by	  76. U.S. v. Passaro  2007 WL 6147936, *18 , S.D.Cal. CIVIL RIGHTS - Appeals. NULL	Dec. 17, 2007	Case		4 S.Ct.

Treatment	Title	Date	Type	Depth	Headnote(s)
Cited by	  77. Quillar v. California Dept. of Corrections 2007 WL 2069942, *3 , E.D.Cal. Plaintiff is a California prisoner proceeding pro se with an action for violation of civil rights under 42 U.S.C. § 1983. Two matters are before the court. On October 23, 2006, the...	July 13, 2007	Case		—
Cited by	78. Oluwa v. Secretary of State 2006 WL 3147682, *4 , E.D.Cal. Plaintiff is a state prisoner proceeding pro se. Plaintiff seeks relief under 42 U.S.C. § 1983 and has requested leave to proceed in forma pauperis pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1915....	Nov. 01, 2006	Case		—
Cited by	79. Smith v. Campbell 2006 WL 2594461, *5 , E.D.Cal. Plaintiff is a state prisoner proceeding pro se. Plaintiff seeks relief under 42 U.S.C. § 1983 and has requested leave to proceed in forma pauperis pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1915....	June 14, 2006	Case		6 S.Ct.
Cited by	80. Lopez v. Board of Prison Terms 2005 WL 1683948, *6 , E.D.Cal. Petitioner is a state prisoner proceeding pro se with this habeas corpus action. Petitioner is in state custody pursuant to his 1988 Fresno County Superior Court conviction for...	July 11, 2005	Case		6 S.Ct.
Cited by	  81. Saif'ullah v. Carey 2005 WL 1555389, *17 , E.D.Cal. Petitioner is a state prisoner proceeding pro se with this habeas corpus action. Petitioner is in custody pursuant to a 1980 Los Angeles County conviction for kidnaping. He has...	June 28, 2005	Case		6 S.Ct.
Cited by	82. Metropolitan Washington Chapter v. District of Columbia ¶¶ 57 F.Supp.3d 1, 28 , D.D.C. CIVIL RIGHTS — Privileges and Immunities. Privileges and Immunities Clause challenge to residential preference for construction jobs would not be dismissed.	July 14, 2014	Case		7 S.Ct.
Cited by	83. Kingman Park Civic Association v. Gray ¶¶ 27 F.Supp.3d 142, 158 , D.D.C. CIVIL RIGHTS — Equal Protection. Locating street car substation in African-American neighborhood was not discriminatory under District of Columbia law.	May 14, 2014	Case		7 S.Ct.
Cited by	 84. Kingman Park Civic Ass'n v. Gray ¶¶ 956 F.Supp.2d 230, 247 , D.D.C. GOVERNMENT - District of Columbia. Costs District of Columbia would incur due to TRO regarding streetcar construction outweighed injury alleged by association.	July 29, 2013	Case		7 S.Ct.

Treatment	Title	Date	Type	Depth	Headnote(s)
Cited by	85. Kelley v. District of Columbia 893 F.Supp.2d 115, 122 , D.D.C. LABOR AND EMPLOYMENT - Public Employment. Former District of Columbia police officers failed to state viable § 1985 conspiracy claims against city and individuals.	Sep. 28, 2012	Case		—
Cited by	86. Banner v. U.S. ¶ 303 F.Supp.2d 1, 26 , D.D.C. TAXATION - District Of Columbia. Prohibition against commuter tax on nonresidents working in District Of Columbia was valid.	Mar. 11, 2004	Case		2 S.Ct.
Cited by	87. State of Kansas v. U.S. 797 F.Supp. 1042, 1051 , D.D.C. Airline travelers, state of Kansas, city airport authority and travel agency sued United States, Department of Transportation, and Office of Aviation Analysis challenging Wright...	June 30, 1992	Case		—
Cited by	88. Euwema v. Osceola County 2021 WL 2823443, *4 , M.D.Fla. David Euwema and Charyl Euwema ("Plaintiffs") sue Scott Kilmer ("Kilmer"), Osceola County and Osceola County Fire Rescue & EMS ("Osceola Defendants"), the City of St. Cloud and the...	Jan. 11, 2021	Case		—
Cited by	89. State of Fla., Dept. of Health and Rehabilitative Services v. Friends of Children, Inc. 653 F.Supp. 1221, 1227 , N.D.Fla. Florida Department of Health and Rehabilitative Services sought declaratory judgment against Georgia adoption agency to prohibit certain activities. Adoption agency filed...	Dec. 24, 1986	Case		—
Cited by	90. Daien v. Ysursa ¶ 711 F.Supp.2d 1215, 1236 , D.Idaho GOVERNMENT - Elections. Idaho's petition circulator residency law was unconstitutional.	May 05, 2010	Case		6 S.Ct.
Cited by	91. Mountain States Legal Foundation v. Espy 833 F.Supp. 808, 815 , D.Idaho Residents of nonfederal land within national forest brought action challenging regulations limiting the use of an unpaved forest development road. On cross motions for summary...	Sep. 24, 1993	Case		—
Cited by	92. Oliva v. City of Chicago ¶ 2023 WL 2631575, *5 , N.D.Ill. Plaintiff Danee Oliva sued three Chicago Police Department (CPD) Officers and the City of Chicago after an arrest and resulting prosecution that Plaintiff asserts was...	Mar. 24, 2023	Case		3 S.Ct.
Cited by	93. Mayo v. LaSalle County 2019 WL 3202809, *8 , N.D.Ill. Plaintiffs Nehemiah Mayo and Dakota Burt allege that officers working for an investigative unit formed by former LaSalle County State's Attorney Brian Towne violated their...	July 15, 2019	Case		2 S.Ct.


Treatment	Title	Date	Type	Depth	Headnote(s)
Cited by	94. Idris v. City of Chicago 2008 WL 182248, *5 , N.D.Ill. Plaintiff Parveen Idris ("Idris"), Binder Electric Service Co. ("Binder"), KJJ Enterprise, Inc. ("KJJ"), and Robert Green ("Green") bring this action against the City of...	Jan. 16, 2008	Case		—
Cited by	95. Hamlyn v. Rock Island County Metropolitan Mass Transit Dist. 986 F.Supp. 1126, 1134 , C.D.Ill. Plaintiff with Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome (AIDS) brought class action under Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA), Rehabilitation Act, and Equal Protection Clause,...	Oct. 23, 1997	Case		—
Cited by	96. Ross v. O'Hara 2022 WL 951390, *5 , N.D.Ind. This matter is before the Court on various motions: (1) Plaintiff's Motion for Partial Summary Judgment [ECF No. 71]; (2) Defendant's Motion for Summary Judgment [ECF No. 76]; (3)...	Mar. 30, 2022	Case		1 S.Ct.
Cited by	97. Eaton v. Lyng 669 F.Supp. 266, 272 , N.D.Iowa Strikers and related individuals brought action challenging strikers amendment to Food Stamp Act, which precluded household from becoming eligible for food stamps if member of...	June 29, 1987	Case		—
Cited by	98. Johnston v. Stone ¶¶ 2010 WL 1740889, *4 , D.Kan. Plaintiff Christopher Johnston brings this action under 42 U.S.C. § 1983 against defendant Gary Stone, a detective employed by the Linn County, Kansas Sheriff's Department, for...	Apr. 28, 2010	Case		1 S.Ct.
Cited by	99. U.S. v. Acevedo 2000 WL 764563, *1 , D.Kan. This matter is before the court on defendant's Motion for Reduction of Sentence Pursuant to 28 U.S.C.A. § 2255 (Doc. 131). Both sides have submitted briefs on this motion and the...	May 26, 2000	Case		—
Cited by	100. Dupree v. City of Monroe ¶¶ 2017 WL 427147, *6+ , W.D.La. Plaintiffs Thomas Dupree ("Dupree"), Alaric Coleman ("Coleman"), and Joseph Smith ("Smith") are police officers employed by Defendant the City of Monroe ("the City"). They bring...	Jan. 31, 2017	Case		1 2 S.Ct.
Cited by	101. Samuel v. Hogan 2018 WL 1243548, *9+ , D.Md. Plaintiff Tibebe Samuel (who is proceeding without counsel) brings claims against a series of Maryland State Officials sued only in their official capacities for violations of the...	Mar. 09, 2018	Case		5 S.Ct.

Treatment	Title	Date	Type	Depth	Headnote(s)
Cited by	 102. Bayley's Campground Inc. v. Mills  463 F.Supp.3d 22, 33+ , D.Me. HEALTH — Communicable Disease. Irreparable harm arising from governor's executive orders closing border did not outweigh concern for public health posed by COVID-19 pandemic.	May 29, 2020	Case		1 2 S.Ct.
Cited by	103. Donkers v. Camargo 2008 WL 2795960, *5 , E.D.Mich. Presently before the Court is the report issued on June 30, 2008 by Magistrate Judge Mona K. Majzoub pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 636(b), recommending that this Court grant in part the...	July 18, 2008	Case		—
Cited by	104. Chandler v. Curtis 2005 WL 1640083, *3 , E.D.Mich. This is a habeas case under 28 U.S.C. § 2254. Brian Vermont Chandler, (Petitioner), is a state inmate at the Cooper Street Correctional Facility in Jackson, Michigan. Petitioner...	July 13, 2005	Case		—
Cited by	105. Williams v. Bouchard 2005 WL 1606507, *4+ , E.D.Mich. Saul Williams, ("petitioner"), presently confined at Camp Cusino in Shingleton, Michigan, seeks the issuance of a writ of habeas corpus pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2254 in his pro se...	July 08, 2005	Case		2 S.Ct.
Cited by	106. Minnesota ex rel. Hatch v. U.S. 102 F.Supp.2d 1115, 1128 , D.Minn. SOCIAL SECURITY - Medicare. Medicare+Choice payment formulation did not violate the Tenth Amendment.	July 07, 2000	Case		3 S.Ct.
Cited by	107. Estell El ex rel. Whitaker v. City of Greensboro, N.C.  2022 WL 2915473, *2 , M.D.N.C. Jazz Elyse Estell El, proceeding pro se, filed this action against the City of Greensboro, Chief Brian James, Officer Andrew Muldowney, Officer J. Feder, and Officer D. Stollings....	July 12, 2022	Case		1 2 S.Ct.
Cited by	108. North Carolina ex rel. Kasler v. Howard  323 F.Supp.2d 675, 681 , W.D.N.C. TRANSPORTATION - Motor Vehicles. State could require driver's license applicants to disclose social security numbers.	Apr. 17, 2003	Case		1 S.Ct.
Cited by	 109. U.S. v. Summers 2008 WL 5255816, *6 , D.Neb. CRIMINAL JUSTICE - Sex Offenders. A sex offender's right to interstate travel was not impermissibly burdened by the Sex Offender Registration and Notification Act.	Dec. 16, 2008	Case		—
Cited by	110. Bonham v. Adamson 2018 WL 5283440, *2+ , D.Nev. Plaintiff Bryan Bonham, a prisoner in the custody of the Nevada Department of Corrections ("NDOC"), has sued multiple Defendants under 42 U.S.C. § 1983 for events that occurred...	Oct. 24, 2018	Case		—

Treatment	Title	Date	Type	Depth	Headnote(s)
Cited by	 111. U.S. v. Burkey 2009 WL 1616564, *27 , D.Nev. CRIMINAL JUSTICE - Sex Offenders. Prosecuting sex offender for failure to comply with federal registration requirements did not violate due process because knowledge of state...	June 08, 2009	Case		3 S.Ct.
Cited by	 112. U.S. v. Benevento 633 F.Supp.2d 1170, 1210 , D.Nev. CRIMINAL JUSTICE - Sex Offenders. SORNA was facially constitutional.	Apr. 21, 2009	Case		3 S.Ct.
Cited by	 113. U.S. v. Morris 2009 WL 753989, *24 , D.Nev. Currently before the Court is Defendant's Motion to Dismiss Indictment (# 18), filed November 24, 2008. The Government filed a Response (# 20), on December 5, 2008, to which...	Mar. 18, 2009	Case		3 S.Ct.
Cited by	114. McDonald v. Department of Homeland Security 2006 WL 8442921, *3 , D.Nev. Presently, the Court has before it Defendant's Motion to Dismiss or, in the alternative, Motion for Summary Judgment (#8). Plaintiff filed a response in opposition (#12), to which...	June 06, 2006	Case		—
Cited by	115. Ute Mountain Ute Tribe v. Goodwin 2008 WL 11412097, *6 , D.N.M. The state of New Mexico levies five taxes on oil and gas operations throughout New Mexico, including operations on the Ute Mountain Ute Reservation. On August 10, 2007, the Ute...	Feb. 04, 2008	Case		—
Cited by	116. Panayoty v. Annucci  898 F.Supp.2d 469, 487 , N.D.N.Y. CIVIL RIGHTS - Prisons. Court examined restrictions placed on state inmates' practice of Nation of Gods and Earth religion.	Aug. 16, 2012	Case		6 S.Ct.
Cited by	 117. U.S. v. Laurent 861 F.Supp.2d 71, 93 , E.D.N.Y. CRIMINAL JUSTICE - Weapons. Statute prohibiting receipt of firearm while under felony indictment did not violate the Second Amendment.	Dec. 02, 2011	Case		—
Cited by	118. Watson v. Cieslak  2010 WL 93163, *5 , S.D.N.Y. CRIMINAL JUSTICE - Parole. Parole officer's denial of a travel pass to parolee restricted from interstate travel did not violate parolee's constitutional rights.	Jan. 11, 2010	Case		4 S.Ct.
Cited by	 119. U.S. v. Pacheco 902 F.Supp. 469, 471 , S.D.N.Y. Defendants charged with violating Hostage Taking Act moved to dismiss indictment on equal protection grounds, moved to exclude evidence of uncharged narcotics transaction, moved to...	Oct. 31, 1995	Case		6 S.Ct.
















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Cited by	120. United States v. Smith 2022 WL 2965161, *11, N.D.Ohio Before the Court is Defendant Shawn Ray Smith's Motion to Suppress and Request for a Hearing (the "Motion"). ECF Doc. 140. The Court previously granted Smith's hearing request and...	July 27, 2022	Case		—
Cited by	121. Harris v. Jeffries 2007 WL 3340035, *7, N.D.Ohio In February, 2004, Charles E. Harris was convicted on three counts of trafficking in cocaine in violation of Ohio Rev.Code § 2925.03(A)(1). In December, 2006, Harris filed the...	Nov. 06, 2007	Case		—
Cited by	122. Doe v. Petro 2005 WL 1038846, *1, S.D.Ohio This matter came before the Court on April 29, 2005 for a hearing on Plaintiffs' motion for a temporary restraining order. At the conclusion of the hearing, the Court denied...	May 03, 2005	Case		7 S.Ct.
Cited by	123. Callaway v. Shelton 2014 WL 325643, *4, D.Or. Plaintiff, an inmate in the custody of the Oregon Department of Corrections, filed a complaint alleging that defendants violated his rights under the Eighth and Fourteenth...	Jan. 28, 2014	Case		—
Cited by	124. Chiles v. U.S. 1986 WL 83459, *9, D.Or. This is an action for recovery of federal estate taxes and accrued interest paid by the estate of Earle A. Chiles, deceased. Plaintiff Virginia Hughes Chiles, Executrix of the...	Sep. 03, 1986	Case		1 S.Ct.
Cited by	125. Webb v. Columbia County 2022 WL 5212997, *4, M.D.Pa. Plaintiff Jesse Lee Webb, Jr., a parolee currently under supervision, has brought this civil rights action against Columbia County, Pennsylvania, as well as the County's child...	Oct. 05, 2022	Case		1 2 S.Ct.
Cited by	126. Jackson v. Rosen 2020 WL 5095497, *9, E.D.Pa. Pro se Plaintiff Theodore Jackson, Jr., a prisoner incarcerated at SCI-Phoenix, has filed an amended complaint asserting federal constitutional law claims under 42 U.S.C. § 1983....	Aug. 28, 2020	Case		1 S.Ct.
Cited by	127. Castaneira v. Potteiger 2014 WL 4716621, *5+, M.D.Pa. Before the court for disposition is Defendant Michael Potteiger's (hereinafter "defendant") motion for judgment on the pleadings. (Doc. 41). Defendant, Chairman of Pennsylvania's...	Sep. 22, 2014	Case		2 S.Ct.
Cited by	128. Ickes v. Grassmeyer 30 F.Supp.3d 375, 384, W.D.Pa. CIVIL RIGHTS - Excessive Force. Excessive force claims were not precluded by state convictions.	July 02, 2014	Case		2 S.Ct.















Treatment	Title	Date	Type	Depth	Headnote(s)
Cited by	129. Bell v. City of Harrisburg 2011 WL 66114, *9, M.D.Pa. On August 20, 2008, the now fifty-one plaintiffs filed the instant lawsuit against the City of Harrisburg, Charles Kellar, Tina Manoogian-King, and Pierre Ritter. (Rec.Doc. No. 1)....	Jan. 10, 2011	Case		—
Cited by	130. Bell v. City of Harrisburg ¶ 2010 WL 5559503, *11+, M.D.Pa. Pursuant to an Order entered on June 9, 2010, Honorable Thomas Vanaskie referred defendants' pending Motion for Summary Judgment to the undersigned Magistrate Judge for the purpose...	June 28, 2010	Case		2 S.Ct.
Cited by	131. U.S. v. Shenandoah 572 F.Supp.2d 566, 585+, M.D.Pa. CRIMINAL JUSTICE - Sex Offenders. Prosecution of defendants under the criminal provision of SORNA did not violate due process.	Aug. 20, 2008	Case		4 S.Ct.
Cited by	132. U.S. v. Bianchi 2007 WL 1521123, *2, E.D.Pa. Now before the Court is Defendant's Motion to Dismiss the Second Superseding Indictment (the "Indictment"). For the reasons set forth below, the Motion will be denied. On February...	May 22, 2007	Case		7 S.Ct.
Cited by	133. McDonald v. Foltz 2007 WL 760509, *15, W.D.Pa. The above captioned complaint was filed on June 29, 2005, and was referred to United States Magistrate Judge Lisa Pupo Lenihan for pretrial proceedings in accordance with the...	Mar. 08, 2007	Case		—
Cited by	134. Volk v. Heydt 1997 WL 27100, *6, E.D.Pa. The above captioned matter is now before the Court on the motion of Mayor William Heydt, William Gibisser, Jr., Charles Heintzelman, and the City of Allentown, (hereinafter...	Jan. 23, 1997	Case		6 S.Ct.
Cited by	135. Pelland v. Rhode Island ¶ 317 F.Supp.2d 86, 92, D.R.I. CRIMINAL JUSTICE - Probation. Limitations on interstate travel of sex offender probationers was constitutional.	May 07, 2004	Case		2 S.Ct.
Cited by	136. McFadden v. Stirling 2017 WL 4875575, *3, D.S.C. Plaintiff Bernard McFadden ("Plaintiff"), proceeding pro se, brings this action seeking relief pursuant to 42 U.S.C. §§ 1981 and 1983. (ECF No. 1.) This matter is before the court...	Oct. 30, 2017	Case		—
Cited by	137. Doe v. Lee ¶ 2022 WL 17650484, *21, M.D.Tenn. John Doe has filed a Motion for Summary Judgment (Doc. No. 58), to which Governor William Lee ("Governor"), Tennessee Bureau of Investigation ("TBI") Director David Rausch...	Dec. 13, 2022	Case		1 2 S.Ct.

Treatment	Title	Date	Type	Depth	Headnote(s)
Cited by	 138. Fuentes-De Canjura v. McAleenan 2019 WL 4739411, *8 , W.D.Tex. Presently before the Court is Respondents Kevin McAleenan, Matthew Albence, Adrian P. Macias, Frances M. Jackson's "Motion to Dismiss and Motion for Summary Judgment" ("Motion")...	Sep. 26, 2019	Case		1 S.Ct.
Cited by	 139. Duarte v. City of Lewisville 136 F.Supp.3d 752, 764+ , E.D.Tex. CRIMINAL JUSTICE — Sex Offenders. City ordinance prohibiting registered sex offenders from residing in certain areas did not violate ex post facto clause.	Sep. 28, 2015	Case		—
Cited by	 140. Johnson v. Owens  2014 WL 11310170, *3 , W.D.Tex. BE IT REMEMBERED on this day the Court reviewed the file in the above-styled cause, and specifically Plaintiff Daniel Johnson's Motion for Partial Summary Judgment [# 56],...	June 02, 2014	Case		2 S.Ct.
Cited by	 141. Johnson v. Owens  2014 WL 11310161, *8 , W.D.Tex. TO: THE HONORABLE SAM SPARKS UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE Before the Court are Plaintiff's Motion for Partial Summary Judgment (Clerk's Dkt. No. 56), filed January 29, 2014;...	May 05, 2014	Case		2 S.Ct.
Cited by	142. U.S. v. Simington 2011 WL 145326, *9 , W.D.Tex. On this day, the Court considered Defendant Joseph Simington's Motion to Dismiss Indictment ("Defendant's Motion") and Government's Response in Opposition ("Government's...	Jan. 14, 2011	Case		—
Cited by	143. U.S. v. Metcalf 2010 WL 4962184, *10 , W.D.Tex. On this day, the Court considered Defendant David Glen Metcalf's Motion to Dismiss Indictment ("Defendant's Motion") and Government's Response to Defendant's Motion to Dismiss...	Nov. 30, 2010	Case		5 S.Ct.
Cited by	 144. Scott v. Caldwell 2008 WL 2329595, *7+ , E.D.Tex. The above entitled and numbered civil action was referred to United States Magistrate Judge John D. Love pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 636. The Report and Recommendation of the...	June 04, 2008	Case		2 S.Ct.
Cited by	 145. Unger v. Taylor 2007 WL 9711406, *18+ , E.D.Tex. Before the Court are Defendants' Sheriff Greg Taylor, Deputy John Smith, Deputy Bryan Chaston, Jailor Zak Montoya, Justice of the Peace Carl Davis, and Anderson County...	Sep. 18, 2007	Case		1 2 S.Ct.

Treatment	Title	Date	Type	Depth	Headnote(s)
Cited by	146. Moore v. Salt Lake City Corporation ¶ 2017 WL 680395, *3, D.Utah This matter is before the court on Defendants Salt Lake City Corporation, Salt Lake City Department of Airports, and Salt Lake City Airport Police's Motion to Dismiss or, in the...	Feb. 21, 2017	Case		1 2 S.Ct.
Cited by	147. Smith v. McWhirter 2010 WL 9474636, *3, E.D.Va. Plaintiff, a former Virginia detainee now incarcerated in Delaware, brought this pro se action pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1983, alleging that his constitutional rights were violated...	June 16, 2010	Case		—
Cited by	148. Farson v. City of Lake Stevens ¶ 2023 WL 1766374, *12, W.D.Wash. This matter comes before the Court on pro se Plaintiff David Merritt Farson's complaint, Dkt. No. 1-2; Mr. Farson's Objection to Removal and Challenge to Jurisdiction, Dkt. No. 11;...	Feb. 03, 2023	Case		2 S.Ct.
Cited by	149. Armstead v. Holbrook ¶ 2011 WL 7316363, *9, W.D.Wash. Petitioner Wilford Armstead, an inmate proceeding pro se and in forma pauperis who is currently incarcerated at the Washington State Penitentiary ("WSP") in Walla Walla,...	Dec. 05, 2011	Case		7 S.Ct.
Cited by	150. Sarausad v. Waddington ¶ 2010 WL 771866, *11, W.D.Wash. CRIMINAL JUSTICE - Appeals. Under Washington law, reasonable jurists could disagree on whether defendant had fair notice that knowingly assisting in a drive-by shooting rendered...	Mar. 02, 2010	Case		6 S.Ct.
Cited by	151. LaRue v. Washington State Dept. of Corrections 2008 WL 467409, *5, E.D.Wash. Before the Court are Petitioner Mark LaRue's Petition Under 28 U.S.C. § 2254 for Writ of Habeas Corpus by a Person in State Custody (Ct.Rec.1) and Motion for Hearing on Petition...	Feb. 19, 2008	Case		—
Cited by	152. Green v. Wisconsin Department of Corrections ¶ 2017 WL 1136982, *2+, E.D.Wis. Valiant Green filed this lawsuit on March 22, 2017. He was recently released from a Wisconsin prison and would like to return to Minnesota, where he resides. As the court...	Mar. 27, 2017	Case		1 2 S.Ct.
Cited by	153. Club Gallistico de Puerto Rico Inc. v. United States 414 F.Supp.3d 191, 211, D.Puerto Rico GOVERNMENT — Territories. Amendments to Animal Welfare Act prohibiting cockfighting in Puerto Rico did not exceed Congress's power under the Commerce Clause.	Oct. 28, 2019	Case		1 S.Ct.

Treatment	Title	Date	Type	Depth	Headnote(s)
Cited by	 154. U.S. v. Gutierrez  74 M.J. 61, 66 , U.S. Armed Forces MILITARY LAW - Assault. Accused did not commit aggravated assault by failing to disclose his HIV-positive status to sexual partners.	Feb. 23, 2015	Case		8 S.Ct.
Cited by	 155. Snavely v. City of Huntsville 785 So.2d 1162, 1166 , Ala.Crim.App. CRIMINAL JUSTICE - Driving After Revocation. Defendant who never had valid license was not properly charged with driving while his license was revoked.	June 30, 2000	Case		3 S.Ct.
Cited by	156. McCaffery v. Green  931 P.2d 407, 411 , Alaska Former wife filed complaint for modification of former husband's child support obligation. The Superior Court, Fourth Judicial District, Fairbanks, Niesje J. Steinkruger, J.,...	Feb. 07, 1997	Case		—
Cited by	157. Abdelkarim v. Abdelkarim 2012 WL 5963442, *6 , Ariz.App. Div. 1 ¶ 1 Appellant Abdalla Abdelrahman (Father) appeals the family court's post-decree order modifying custody by restricting Father's ability to travel outside Arizona with his...	Nov. 29, 2012	Case		1 S.Ct.
Cited by	 158. In re D.E.  2012 WL 6004154, *10 , Cal.App. 6 Dist. In this delinquency proceeding (see Welf. & Inst.Code, § 602), the court declared D.E. a ward of the court and placed him on probation for a period of 24 months on certain terms...	Nov. 30, 2012	Case		1 S.Ct.
Cited by	 159. People v. Bito  2012 WL 5333414, *8 , Cal.App. 6 Dist. This matter has been transferred here from the Supreme Court (S202529) with directions to vacate our previous decision (People v. Bito (Apr. 5, 2012) H036375 [nonpub. opn.] and...	Oct. 30, 2012	Case		1 S.Ct.
Cited by	 160. People v. Bito  2012 WL 1136606, *7 , Cal.App. 6 Dist. In this case we are asked to decide if several sentencing errors occurred with respect to the judgment entered following appellant's conviction by plea in Monterey County Superior...	Apr. 05, 2012	Case		1 S.Ct.
Cited by	 161. People v. Arreola  2012 WL 160091, *5 , Cal.App. 6 Dist. Defendant Juan Jose Arreola pleaded no contest to possessing brass knuckles and committing misdemeanor street terrorism. The trial court suspended imposition of sentence and placed...	Jan. 19, 2012	Case		1 2 S.Ct.

Treatment	Title	Date	Type	Depth	Headnote(s)
Cited by	 162. People v. Pina ¶ 2010 WL 2691612, *3 , Cal.App. 6 Dist. Defendant Olivo Perez Pina appeals from an order granting him formal probation under specified conditions following his plea of no contest to infliction of corporal injury on a...	July 08, 2010	Case		—
Cited by	 163. People v. Negrón ¶ 2010 WL 1329829, *7 , Cal.App. 6 Dist. Defendant Anthony Joe Negrón, Jr. appeals from a judgment entered after he pleaded guilty to carrying a dirk or dagger and unlawful participation in a criminal street gang....	Apr. 06, 2010	Case		—
Cited by	 164. People v. Flores ¶ 2009 WL 4882656, *6 , Cal.App. 6 Dist. Luis Manuel Flores pleaded no contest to receiving stolen property (Pen.Code, § 496, subd. (a)) as part of a negotiated plea providing for dismissal of another count and a grant...	Dec. 18, 2009	Case		—
Cited by	  165. State v. Smith 540 A.2d 679, 685 , Conn. Defendant who had pled guilty to violating modified condition of probation appealed from order of the Superior Court, Judicial District of Hartford-New Britain at Hartford,...	Apr. 19, 1988	Case		—
Cited by	 166. Johnson v. Manson 493 A.2d 846, 853 , Conn. Proceeding was instituted on a petition for habeas corpus relief against alleged illegal confinement. The Superior Court in the Judicial District of Hartford-New Britain, at...	May 28, 1985	Case		—
Cited by	167. In re Dulansey ¶ 606 A.2d 189, 191 , D.C. The Board of Professional Responsibility recommended disbarment of attorney for intentional misappropriation of client funds and attorney appealed. The Court of Appeals held...	Apr. 10, 1992	Case		6 S.Ct.
Cited by	 168. Terry v. Hamrick 663 S.E.2d 256, 260 , Ga. CRIMINAL JUSTICE - Parole. Condition of probation "and parole" that defendant be banned from every county within state except one violated state's separation of powers doctrine.	June 30, 2008	Case		—
Cited by	169. Poulos v. McMahan 297 S.E.2d 451, 456 , Ga. Alleged illegitimate child of decedent, who died in 1979, filed petition seeking to caveat the probate of his will. The Probate Court denied petition, and appeal was taken. The...	Nov. 30, 1982	Case		5 6 S.Ct.












Treatment	Title	Date	Type	Depth	Headnote(s)
Cited by	 170. Davis v. State 286 S.E.2d 430, 432+ , Ga. The Superior Court, Richmond County, Albert M. Pickett, J., denied motion to dismiss indictment charging defendant with issuance of bad checks, and application for interlocutory...	Jan. 20, 1982	Case		3 5 8 S.Ct.
Cited by	171. State v. Benton  310 S.E.2d 243, 245 , Ga.App. Defendants were charged with making false representations to obtain unemployment benefits, and moved to dismiss those charges against them which were based on events occurring more...	Oct. 13, 1983	Case		6 S.Ct.
Cited by	 172. State v. Doe 231 P.3d 1016, 1031+ , Idaho FAMILY LAW - Juvenile Justice. City juvenile curfew ordinance was not unconstitutionally overbroad on its face.	Mar. 26, 2010	Case		—
Cited by	 173. Bradbury v. Idaho Judicial Council 28 P.3d 1006, 1012 , Idaho JUDICIAL ADMINISTRATION - Discipline. Confidentiality of Judicial Council proceedings did not violate due process clause.	July 10, 2001	Case		—
Cited by	 174. Coleman v. State 762 P.2d 814, 820 , Idaho Prisoner, by habeas corpus proceeding, challenged prison's ten-day ban on use of penitentiary law library by inmates in disciplinary detention. The District Court, Fourth...	Aug. 11, 1988	Case		5 S.Ct.
Cited by	175. Langmeyer v. State 656 P.2d 114, 116 , Idaho Appeal was taken from an order of the District Court, Bonner County, Dar Cogswell, J., granting summary judgment in favor of State and county in suit by three-year resident of...	Dec. 23, 1982	Case		—
Cited by	176. State v. Oatman  2009 WL 9151140, *2 , Idaho App. Judy K. Oatman appeals from her judgment of conviction for misdemeanor assault. Specifically, Oatman challenges the district court's denial of her motion to dismiss. For the...	Aug. 19, 2009	Case		1 2 S.Ct.
Cited by	177. Aguiar v. Aguiar 127 P.3d 234, 239 , Idaho App. FAMILY LAW - Child Support. Evidence supported finding that ex-husband was voluntarily underemployed in determining appropriate amount of child support.	Dec. 07, 2005	Case		1 S.Ct.
Cited by	 178. Ziegler v. Ziegler 691 P.2d 773, 779+ , Idaho App. Husband and wife appealed orders of the First Judicial District Court, Kootenai County, Watt E. Prather, J., affirming divorce decree and contempt order entered by magistrate,...	Jan. 31, 1985	Case		5 S.Ct.

Treatment	Title	Date	Type	Depth	Headnote(s)
Cited by	179. People v. Laughlin 687 N.E.2d 1162, 1165 , Ill.App. 2 Dist. CRIMINAL JUSTICE - Limitations. Tolling statute of limitations while defendant lived out of state did not violate his equal protection rights.	Dec. 02, 1997	Case		3 S.Ct.
Cited by	180. In re Marriage of Diehl 582 N.E.2d 281, 293 , Ill.App. 2 Dist. Mother appealed from order of the Circuit Court, Du Page County, Michael R. Galasso, J., awarding custody of parties' child to father and restricting mother's visitation rights. ...	Nov. 22, 1991	Case		6 S.Ct.
Cited by	181. Panchinsin v. Enterprise Companies 453 N.E.2d 797, 800 , Ill.App. 1 Dist. California residents sued Illinois residents to recover for personal injuries sustained in California. The Circuit Court, Cook County, Joseph Gordon, J., denied motion to dismiss...	Aug. 19, 1983	Case		6 S.Ct.
Cited by	182. State v. Barker 850 P.2d 885, 892+ , Kan. State appealed from order of the Saline District Court, Daniel L. Hebert, J., suppressing evidence seized in connection with traffic checklane operation. The Supreme Court,...	Apr. 16, 1993	Case		1 S.Ct.
Cited by	183. State v. Dixon 146 So.3d 662, 672 , La.App. 4 Cir. CRIMINAL JUSTICE - Weapons. Statute criminalizing possession of a firearm by a convicted felon did not violate state constitutional right to bear arms.	July 02, 2014	Case		3 S.Ct.
Cited by	184. Com. v. Pike 701 N.E.2d 951, 959 , Mass. CRIMINAL JUSTICE - Probation. Condition of probation banishing defendant from state was invalid.	Nov. 19, 1998	Case		—
Cited by	185. Lee v. Commissioner of Revenue 481 N.E.2d 183, 185 , Mass. Class action was brought challenging constitutionality of statute granting real estate tax abatements to persons over age of 70 who have owned and occupied their homes for at least...	Aug. 01, 1985	Case		5 S.Ct.
Cited by	186. Commonwealth v. McCormick 87 N.E.3d 1201, 1201 , Mass.App.Ct. The defendant, Richard J. McCormick, appeals from his convictions of five counts of rape of a child in violation of G. L. c. 265, § 23. He contends that the motion judge erred in...	Aug. 15, 2017	Case		—
Cited by	187. Kelen v. Massachusetts Turnpike Authority 2007 WL 1418510, *3 , Mass.Super. The plaintiffs, Edgar Kelen ("Kelen") and Christopher Pachus ("Pachus"), have filed a class action complaint challenging the constitutionality of a toll discount program ("toll...	May 03, 2007	Case		5 S.Ct.

Treatment	Title	Date	Type	Depth	Headnote(s)
Cited by	188. Com. v. George 1997 WL 771034, *8+ , Mass.Super. On September 30, 1997, this matter came before the Court for hearing on defendant Richard T. George's ("George") motions to dismiss the indictments against him. As grounds...	Nov. 17, 1997	Case		—
Cited by	189. Commonwealth v. Spencer 1997 WL 226220, *3+ , Mass.Super. The defendant stands indicted on three counts of indecent assault and battery on a child under the age of fourteen (indictment 96-0063-01) and five counts of rape of a child...	May 07, 1997	Case		7 S.Ct.
Cited by	190. People v. James 931 N.W.2d 50, 55+ , Mich.App. CRIMINAL JUSTICE — Limitations. Nonresidents were not similarly situated to residents, for purposes of defendant's equal protection challenge to out-of-state tolling provision.	Oct. 11, 2018	Case		1 S.Ct.
Cited by	191. Mississippi High School Activities Ass'n, Inc. v. Coleman By and on Behalf of Laymon 631 So.2d 768, 776+ , Miss. Permanent injunction was issued by the Hinds County Chancery Court, First Judicial District, Pat Wise, Chancellor, against enforcement of state High School Activities Association's...	Jan. 27, 1994	Case		7 S.Ct.
Cited by	192. Town of Beech Mountain v. County of Watauga 378 S.E.2d 780, 783 , N.C. Town and property owners filed action to enjoin county, county commissioners, the Secretary of the Department of Revenue, and the state budget officer from distributing the...	May 04, 1989	Case		3 S.Ct.
Cited by	193. Kerouac v. Town of Hollis 660 A.2d 1080, 1085+ , N.H. Users of road for gravel hauling filed petitions seeking damages and injunctive relief for town's posting of weight limit on road. The Superior Court, Goode, J., awarded users...	June 01, 1995	Case		6 8 S.Ct.
Cited by	194. State v. Barcia 549 A.2d 491, 496 , N.J.Super.L. Defendants charged with possession of controlled dangerous substances, possession of drug paraphernalia, being under influence of controlled dangerous substance, and possession of...	Aug. 05, 1988	Case		—
Cited by	195. Jaramillo v. Jaramillo 823 P.2d 299, 305 , N.M. Both parents sought to modify original divorce decree to change child custody as a result of proposed relocations. The District Court, Dona Ana County, Lalo Garza, D.J., modified...	Dec. 24, 1991	Case		3 S.Ct.

Treatment	Title	Date	Type	Depth	Headnote(s)
Cited by	196. State v. Cawley 799 P.2d 574, 576+ , N.M. Defendant was convicted of rape of a child, criminal sexual contact of a minor, contributing to the delinquency of a minor, and pleaded nolo contendere to four other counts of...	Oct. 02, 1990	Case		—
Cited by	197. Alfieri v. Alfieri 733 P.2d 4, 7 , N.M.App. Mother appealed from order of the District Court, Bernalillo County, Anne Kass, D.J., awarding her continued child custody contingent upon her return to New Mexico. The Court of...	Jan. 06, 1987	Case		1 S.Ct.
Cited by	198. Femia v. Administrative Appeals Bd. of New York State Dept. of Motor Vehicles 839 N.Y.S.2d 396, 397 , N.Y.A.D. 4 Dept. TRANSPORTATION - Motor Vehicles. Department of Motor Vehicles had reasonable grounds to believe that 87-year-old driver was not qualified to drive vehicle.	July 06, 2007	Case		7 S.Ct.
Cited by	199. Board of Ed., Levittown Union Free School Dist., Nassau County v. Nyquist 443 N.Y.S.2d 843, 872 , N.Y.A.D. 2 Dept. School districts and students in public elementary or secondary schools brought action challenging state's method of financing elementary and secondary public school education...	Oct. 26, 1981	Case		—
Cited by	200. Williams v. Department of Corrections and Community Supervision ” 979 N.Y.S.2d 489, 505 , N.Y.Sup. CRIMINAL JUSTICE - Sex Offenders. Statute prohibiting sex offenders on parole from living within 1,000 feet of school did not violate Ex Post Facto Clause.	Jan. 15, 2014	Case		2 3 S.Ct.
Cited by	201. People v. Coleman 812 N.Y.S.2d 857, 859 , N.Y.Sup. CRIMINAL JUSTICE - Sentencing. Provision of conditional discharge prohibiting defendant from entering city did not violate defendant's right to travel.	Mar. 08, 2006	Case		2 S.Ct.
Cited by	202. State v. Harris 2005 WL 859448, *4 , Ohio App. 6 Dist. CRIMINAL JUSTICE - Costs. Trial court was required to determine ability to pay before ordering defendant to pay fees for appointed counsel.	Apr. 15, 2005	Case		6 S.Ct.
Cited by	203. Wright v. Ohio Dept. of Human Services 1993 WL 97791, *5 , Ohio App. 4 Dist. This is an appeal from a judgment entered by the Washington County Court of Common Pleas in favor of appellee, Ohio Department of Human Services, on the administrative appeal...	Mar. 26, 1993	Case		6 S.Ct.

Treatment	Title	Date	Type	Depth	Headnote(s)
Cited by	204. Matter of Adoption of Blevins 695 P.2d 556, 560 , Okla.App. Div. 1 Minor child's natural father petitioned for review of order of the Garfield County District Court, James Sears Bryant, J., declaring the child eligible for adoption without...	Aug. 28, 1984	Case		5 S.Ct.
Cited by	205. State ex rel. Huddleston v. Sawyer ¶¶ 932 P.2d 1145, 1163+ , Or. Sentencing. Statute imposing minimum sentence of 75 months incarceration for second-degree manslaughter did not violate Equal Protection Clause.	Feb. 21, 1997	Case		7 S.Ct.
Cited by	206. State v. Clark ¶¶ 630 P.2d 810, 818 , Or. The Circuit Court, Benton County, Frank D. Knight, J., found defendant guilty of second-degree theft, and he appealed. The Court of Appeals, Richardson, J., 47 Or.App. 389, 615...	June 23, 1981	Case		—
Cited by	207. In re F.L.D. 464 A.2d 419, 423 , Pa.Super. Natural father appealed from order of the Court of Common Pleas, Civil Division of Washington County, No. 63–80–1264, Terputac, J., terminating his parental rights. The Superior...	July 29, 1983	Case		—
Cited by	208. Com. v. Ohle 435 A.2d 592, 600 , Pa.Super. Appeals were taken from judgments of the Court of Common Pleas, Dauphin County, Criminal Division, Nos. 1171, 1173, 1174 and 1179 of 1975, Lipsitt, J., convicting two defendants of...	Sep. 25, 1981	Case		6 S.Ct.
Cited by	209. State v. Sliger 846 S.W.2d 262, 264 , Tenn. Nonsupport. Felony nonsupport statute does not apply to nonsupporting parent who has never resided in Tennessee.	Jan. 19, 1993	Case		—
Cited by	210. Gilliam v. Gilliam 1991 WL 95707, *2 , Tenn.Ct.App. The plaintiff, Brenda Lee Gilliam, was granted an absolute divorce from her husband on the grounds of cruel and inhuman treatment, and was awarded custody of the parties' two minor...	June 07, 1991	Case		—
Cited by	211. Daniels v. Daniels 1990 WL 17211, *3 , Tenn.Ct.App. The defendant, David Allen Daniels, has appealed from a judgment of the Trial Court granting the post-divorce decree petition of the plaintiff, Robin Elizabeth Daniels, for leave...	Feb. 28, 1990	Case		—
Cited by	212. State v. Harris 696 S.W.2d 546, 547+ , Tenn.Crim.App. Defendant was convicted in the Criminal Court, Sumner County, Fred Kelly, III, J., of violating statute prohibiting leaving, or being absent from, state without complying with...	Apr. 10, 1985	Case		6 8 S.Ct.


Treatment	Title	Date	Type	Depth	Headnote(s)
Cited by	 213. Ex parte Boetscher 812 S.W.2d 600, 603+ , Tex.Crim.App. Petitioner who was indicted for criminal nonsupport filed application for writ of habeas corpus to have charge dismissed. The 72nd Judicial District Court, Lubbock County,...	June 26, 1991	Case		—
Cited by	214. Powell v. State 1995 WL 316566, *1 , Tex.App.-Dallas Powell pleaded guilty to criminal nonsupport of his children. The court assessed the agreed punishment of ten years' confinement, probated for ten years, a \$1000 fine, and...	May 04, 1995	Case		1 S.Ct.
Cited by	 215. State v. Paiz 777 S.W.2d 575, 576 , Tex.App.-Amarillo Father was arrested in Colorado and extradited to Texas and charged with the offense of criminal nonsupport of his minor child, who resided with her mother in Texas. The 181st...	Sep. 26, 1989	Case		5 S.Ct.
Cited by	216. In re Bruyette 554 A.2d 1047, 1047 , Vt. Motion for reargument granted, based upon the potential for collateral consequences of the conviction, although the sentence has already been served. Jones v. Helms, 452 U.S. 412,...	Nov. 23, 1988	Case		4 S.Ct.
Cited by	 217. In re G.K. ” 514 A.2d 1031, 1032 , Vt. Mentally ill people under orders of nonhospitalization sought review of constitutionality of involuntary treatment orders of indeterminate duration. The District Court, Unit No....	June 20, 1986	Case		2 S.Ct.
Cited by	 218. Matter of Winton ” 474 P.3d 532, 534 , Wash. CRIMINAL JUSTICE — Parole. ISRB did not abuse its discretion in imposing crime-related community custody condition requiring parolee to obtain written approval before entering...	Sep. 17, 2020	Case		2 3 S.Ct.
Cited by	 219. Nguyen v. State, Department of Health Medical Quality Assurance Commission 29 P.3d 689, 700 , Wash. HEALTH - Discipline. Clear and convincing evidence is standard of proof in medical disciplinary proceedings.	Aug. 23, 2001	Case		—
Cited by	 220. Forbes v. City of Seattle 785 P.2d 431, 438 , Wash. Operator of motion picture theaters brought action challenging city ordinance levying admission tax upon patrons of motion picture theaters and exempting patrons of nonprofit...	Jan. 18, 1990	Case		—

Treatment	Title	Date	Type	Depth	Headnote(s)
Cited by	221. Cosro, Inc. v. Liquor Control Bd. 733 P.2d 539, 543 , Wash. Distributors of wine coolers brought action challenging State Liquor Control Board's assessment of wine tax against wine coolers. The Superior Court, Thurston County, Daniel J....	Mar. 05, 1987	Case		—
Cited by	222. State v. McDonald 1 P.3d 1176, 1179 , Wash.App. Div. 1 CRIMINAL JUSTICE - Limitations. Statute tolling limitations period for criminal prosecutions did not violate commerce clause.	May 15, 2000	Case		2 S.Ct.
Cited by	223. State v. Cissell 378 N.W.2d 691, 699 , Wis. Defendant charged with felony abandonment filed motion to reduce charge to misdemeanor failure to support. The Circuit Court, Milwaukee County, Janine Geske, J., granted motion,...	Dec. 23, 1985	Case		—
Cited by	224. State v. Laude 654 P.2d 1223, 1225 , Wyo. State brought bill of exceptions from a judgment of the District Court, Weston County, Paul T. Liamos, Jr., J., declaring unconstitutional statute proscribing offense of fraud by...	Dec. 07, 1982	Case		6 S.Ct.
Cited by	225. Britt W. Hanson Ariz. Op. Atty. Gen. No. I14-006, I14-006 You requested an opinion concerning the following questions regarding disincorporation under Arizona Revised Statutes ("A.R.S.") §§ 9-211 through 9-226: 1. Do the provisions in...	Sep. 25, 2014	Administrative Decision		—
Cited by	226. Mr. Monty Montgomery 45 Or. Op. Atty. Gen. 137, 137 This opinion is issued in response to questions submitted by Monty Montgomery, Deputy Director, Oregon Department of Fish and Wildlife. Where is the exact location of the so-called...	Nov. 13, 1986	Administrative Decision		—
Cited by	227. Control of Communicable Diseases 81 FR 54230-01 Through this Notice of Proposed Rulemaking (NPRM), the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) in the Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) is amending its...	Aug. 15, 2016	Federal Register		1 S.Ct.
Mentioned by	228. Kelly v. Nordberg 1 F.3d 1231, 1231 , 1st Cir.(Mass.) D. Mass. VACATED AND REMANDED.	Aug. 17, 1993	Case		5 S.Ct.
Mentioned by	229. U.S. v. Hawkins 811 F.2d 210, 216 , 3rd Cir.(Pa.) Defendant was convicted after jury trial in the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania, Clifford Scott Green, J., of possession of firearm by felon,...	Feb. 03, 1987	Case		—

Treatment	Title	Date	Type	Depth	Headnote(s)
Mentioned by	230. York v. Tate 858 F.2d 322, 325 , 6th Cir.(Ohio) Defendant convicted by Ohio jury of receiving stolen property petitioned for writ of habeas corpus after exhausting his state remedies. The United States District Court for the...	Sep. 28, 1988	Case		—
Mentioned by	231. Hutchins v. District of Columbia 188 F.3d 531, 560+ , D.C.Cir. Minors, parents, and private business brought action against District of Columbia to challenge constitutionality of District's Juvenile Curfew Act. The United States District Court...	June 18, 1999	Case		—
Mentioned by	232. U.S. v. Holland 810 F.2d 1215, 1219 , D.C.Cir. Defendant was indicted and convicted of selling controlled substances within 1,000 feet of school, in the United States District Court for the District of Columbia, Louis F....	Feb. 06, 1987	Case		6 S.Ct.
Mentioned by	233. Walker v. Montgomery County Board of Education 2022 WL 421078, *6 , M.D.Ala. On November 30, 2020, pro se Plaintiff Alicia Owens Walker filed this action against Defendants Montgomery County Board of Education (the "Board"), and Dr. Ann Roy Moore, Kim...	Jan. 25, 2022	Case		—
Mentioned by	234. Lacey v. Ryan 2011 WL 2882280, *3 , D.Ariz. On June 1, 2010, Petitioner Lee Lacey, presently confined in the Arizona State Prison Complex–Lewis, Barchey Unit, in Buckeye, Arizona, filed a pro se Petition Under 28 U.S.C. §...	June 17, 2011	Case		—
Mentioned by	235. Verduzco v. Matson 2010 WL 5811609, *8 , D.Ariz. Petitioner, presently incarcerated in the Arizona State Prison Complex at Florence, Arizona, filed an Amended Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2254 on...	Nov. 16, 2010	Case		—
Mentioned by	236. Baker v. Hardy 2012 WL 1900673, *1 , C.D.Cal. A report and recommendation was issued recommending that the petition be denied on the merits. Subsequently, petitioner filed objections in which petitioner states that the...	May 08, 2012	Case		—
Mentioned by	237. Washington v. Marshall 2005 WL 8162981, *5 , C.D.Cal. Pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1)(C), the Court has reviewed the petition and all of the records and files herein and has conducted a de novo review of that portion to which...	Oct. 25, 2005	Case		6 S.Ct.

Treatment	Title	Date	Type	Depth	Headnote(s)
Mentioned by	238. Smith v. Roe 232 F.Supp.2d 1073, 1084 , C.D.Cal. CRIMINAL JUSTICE - Evidence. Defendant was not denied equal protection by admission of evidence of prior acts of domestic violence.	Nov. 15, 2002	Case		6 S.Ct.
Mentioned by	239. Alemu v. Department of For-Hire Vehicles ” 327 F.Supp.3d 29, 47 , D.D.C. ANTITRUST — Monopolies. Taxicab business owner's influence on licensing regulations that prevented drivers from operating their own cabs were immune from antitrust liability.	Aug. 21, 2018	Case		6 7 S.Ct.
Mentioned by	240. Simms v. City and County of Honolulu 2007 WL 9711133, *6 , D.Hawai'i Plaintiff Richard Simms, an African-American male, alleges a myriad of constitutional violations, pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1983, against the City and County of Honolulu Police...	Dec. 20, 2007	Case		—
Mentioned by	241. Chemane v. State of Iowa 1997 WL 33560627, *2 , N.D.Iowa This matter comes before the court pursuant to defendant's December 11, 1996, amended petition for writ of habeas corpus under 28 U.S.C. § 2254 (Docket No. 23). On January 3, 1997,...	June 19, 1997	Case		—
Mentioned by	242. U.S. v. Hare 308 F.Supp.2d 955, 1000 , D.Neb. CRIMINAL JUSTICE - Government Misconduct. Defendants asserting selective enforcement claim had to make threshold showing to conduct discovery.	Mar. 29, 2004	Case		—
Mentioned by	243. Sevcik v. Sandoval 911 F.Supp.2d 996, 1004 , D.Nev. CIVIL RIGHTS - Equal Protection. Nevada had rational basis for prohibition of same-sex marriage.	Nov. 26, 2012	Case		—
Mentioned by	244. Menefee v. Washington County Jail 2020 WL 6547644, *2 , D.Or. Plaintiff, an adult in currently in custody at the Coffee Creek Correctional Facility , brings this civil rights action pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1983. Pursuant to an Order entered...	Nov. 06, 2020	Case		—
Mentioned by	245. Ballard v. Patrick 2004 WL 2847901, *5 , D.Or. Plaintiffs W.T. (Bill) Ballard and Phillip Tussing bring this action against Defendants Clatsop County (the County) and County Commissioner Samuel Patrick. Plaintiffs allege...	Dec. 03, 2004	Case		6 S.Ct.
Mentioned by	246. In re Rollins 200 B.R. 427, 443 , Bkrcty.N.D.Ga. Automatic Stay. County officials' attempts to collect past-due child support were not excepted from automatic stay in support obligor's Chapter 13 case.	Aug. 20, 1996	Case		8 S.Ct.

Treatment	Title	Date	Type	Depth	Headnote(s)
Mentioned by	247. Rowitz v. McClain 138 N.E.3d 1241, 1254 , Ohio App. 10 Dist. CIVIL RIGHTS — Equal Protection. Imposing tax on sale of feminine hygiene products was rationally related to raising revenue and did not violate equal protection clause.	Dec. 31, 2019	Case		2 3 S.Ct.
Mentioned by	248. Dehner v. Northeast Ohio Regional Sewer District 1983 WL 2975, *2 , Ohio App. 8 Dist. Affirmed.	May 12, 1983	Case		6 S.Ct.
Mentioned by	249. State v. Smith 372 P.3d 549, 560 , Or.App. CRIMINAL JUSTICE - Sex Offenders. Life sentence without possibility of release or parole for felony public indecency did not violate prohibition against cruel and unusual...	Apr. 20, 2016	Case		—
Mentioned by	250. Com. v. Ahlborn 683 A.2d 632, 637 , Pa.Super. Postconviction Relief. Postconviction petition is rendered moot by petitioner's unconditional release from custody.	July 31, 1996	Case		—
Mentioned by	251. In re M.G. 11 P.3d 335, 339 , Wash.App. Div. 1 FAMILY LAW - Child Protection. Restricting at-risk youth's freedom of movement in areas that posed risks to her had rational basis.	Oct. 30, 2000	Case		2 S.Ct.
—	252. Modern Status of "In Custody" and Live-Controversy Requirements for Asserting Federal Habeas Corpus Challenge to Custody Pursuant to State Court Judgment 176 A.L.R. Fed. 189 Title 28 U.S.C.A. § 2254(a) grants federal courts jurisdiction to entertain an application for a writ of habeas corpus in behalf of a person who is "in custody" pursuant to a...	2002	ALR	—	—
—	253. Constitutional Rights of the Accused s 1:13, § 1:13. Equal protection of the law The Fourteenth Amendment provides that no state shall "deny to any person within its jurisdiction the equal protection of the laws." While there is no equivalent prohibition...	2021	Other Secondary Source	—	6 8 S.Ct.
—	254. Georgia Criminal Trial Practice s 27:4, § 27:4. Equal protection Although it has been held that the equal protection clause of the Fourteenth Amendment requires that no greater punishment be imposed on one defendant than on all others charged...	2022	Other Secondary Source	—	—
—	255. Gov. Discrim.: Equal Protection Law & Litig. s 4:2, § 4:2. Generally Respect for the legislative process and the doctrine of separation of powers demand that the courts avoid playing the role of appellate legislature and intervene only in cases...	2022	Other Secondary Source	—	—

Treatment	Title	Date	Type	Depth	Headnote(s)
—	256. Gov. Discrim.: Equal Protection Law & Litig. s 11:2, § 11:2. Residency and travel 	2022	Other Secondary Source	—	7 S.Ct.
—	257. Kurtz Criminal Offenses and Defenses in Georgia P6, Parents and Children, Crimes Relating to	2023	Other Secondary Source	—	—
—	258. Michigan Administrative Law s 5:40, § 5:40. Due process liberty interests—In general	2023	Other Secondary Source	—	1 S.Ct.
—	259. Modern Constitutional Law s 14:33, § 14:33. Durational residence requirements for marriage and divorce	2022	Other Secondary Source	—	5 6 S.Ct.
—	260. Molnar Georgia Criminal Law - Crimes and Punishments s 8–1, § 8-1 Child abandonment; defenses and paternity testing; natal expenses and future support; verdicts, sentencing, and punishment	2022	Other Secondary Source	—	—
—	261. Postconviction Remedies s 7:3, § 7:3. General custody principles	2022	Other Secondary Source	—	—
—	262. Postconviction Remedies s 8:2, § 8:2. Development of the mootness doctrine in habeas cases	2022	Other Secondary Source	—	—
—	263. Substantive Criminal Law s 3.2(b), § 3.2(b). Equal protection and the Supreme Court	2022	Other Secondary Source	—	7 S.Ct.

Treatment	Title	Date	Type	Depth	Headnote(s)
—	264. Treatise on Constitutional Law s 18.38(a), § 18.38(a). Introduction—Summary A "right to travel" has been established by the Supreme Court, but the scope of that right is less than clear. Defining the right to travel is difficult because state or local...	2023	Other Secondary Source	—	—
—	265. Treatise on Constitutional Law s 18.38(f), § 18.38(f). "Burdens" on Crossing State Lines The Supreme Court in recent years has endorsed strict judicial review of those state laws that serve as impediments to interstate relocation but it has not been ready to endorse...	2023	Other Secondary Source	—	3 7 S.Ct.
—	266. 2 Utah Practice Series s 2, § 2. All political power inherent in the people Utah Practice Series The rights inherent in family relationships-husband-wife, parent-child, and sibling-are the most obvious examples of rights retained by the people. They are "natural,"...	2022	Other Secondary Source	—	3 S.Ct.
—	267. 2 Utah Practice Series s 1 Art 1, § 1. Inherent and inalienable rights Utah Practice Series Utah Abortion Act did not constitute establishment of religion in violation of United States Constitution, even though its language was similar to Church of Latter Day Saints'...	2022	Other Secondary Source	—	3 S.Ct.
—	268. Witkin, California Summary 10th Constitutional Law s 447, In General. Witkin, California Summary 10th Constitutional Law (1) Nature of Right. Early cases based the right of interstate travel on the Commerce Clause and the privileges and immunities of national citizenship. (See Edwards v. California...	2023	Other Secondary Source	—	4 5 S.Ct.
—	269. Wright & Miller: Federal Prac. & Proc. s 3533.4.1, § 3533.4.1. Habeas Corpus—Collateral Attack Wright & Miller: Federal Prac. & Proc. Collateral attacks on criminal convictions blend elements of mootness with other doctrines, but the components are easily separated. The most important distinction was clearly...	2023	Other Secondary Source	—	—
—	270. 65 Am. Jur. Trials 127, Relocation of Children by the Custodial Parent Am. Jur. Trials One-fifth of Americans change residence each year. Many are divorced parents with new spouses and new jobs. Often, this involves taking children to a different state, leaving...	2023	Other Secondary Source	—	5 S.Ct.
—	271. Am. Jur. 2d Constitutional Law s 610, § 610. Limitations on constitutional guarantee of liberty Am. Jur. 2d Constitutional Law An individual's strong interest in liberty may, in circumstances in which the government's interest is sufficiently weighty, be subordinated to the greater needs of society. Thus,...	2023	Other Secondary Source	—	2 S.Ct.

Treatment	Title	Date	Type	Depth	Headnote(s)
—	272. Am. Jur. 2d Constitutional Law s 623, § 623. Right to travel for purposes of liberty interest of Due Process Clause Am. Jur. 2d Constitutional Law The constitutional freedom to travel includes the freedom to enter and abide in any state in the Union. However, the means or mode of traveling may be subjected to reasonable...	2023	Other Secondary Source	—	1 S.Ct.
—	273. Am. Jur. 2d Constitutional Law s 657, § 657. Nature of right to travel freely Am. Jur. 2d Constitutional Law The right of a citizen of one state to pass into any other state of the Union or to reside therein for the purpose of engaging in lawful commerce, trade, or business without...	2023	Other Secondary Source	—	1 2 S.Ct.
—	274. Am. Jur. 2d Constitutional Law s 659, § 659. Persons protected by right of travel Am. Jur. 2d Constitutional Law Whatever may be the scope or basis of the constitutional right of interstate travel, all citizens, including new residents and aliens lawfully within the United States, have a...	2023	Other Secondary Source	—	1 S.Ct.
—	275. Am. Jur. 2d Constitutional Law s 662, § 662. Limitation or restriction on right to travel, generally Am. Jur. 2d Constitutional Law The constitutional right of interstate travel is not an absolute right, and it is subject to reasonable restriction. Laws which burden the right to travel or migrate must be shown...	2023	Other Secondary Source	—	2 S.Ct.
—	276. Am. Jur. 2d Constitutional Law s 845, § 845. Rule permitting classification Am. Jur. 2d Constitutional Law Although class legislation is obnoxious to the prohibitions of the 14th Amendment, the equal protection guarantee of the 14th Amendment does not take from the states all power of...	2023	Other Secondary Source	—	—
—	277. Cal. Jur. 3d Constitutional Law s 208, § 208. Right to travel under state and federal constitutions Cal. Jur. 3d Constitutional Law Although not explicitly mentioned in the Federal Constitution, the right to travel freely is a basic right or entitlement under the Constitution. The nature of the federal union...	2023	Other Secondary Source	—	4 S.Ct.
—	278. Cal. Jur. 3d Constitutional Law s 329, § 329. Nature of guaranty of Equal Protection Cal. Jur. 3d Constitutional Law The Equal Protection Clause of the United States Constitution creates no new legal rights, and, unlike the Due Process Clause, it does not guarantee any minimum of protection. It...	2023	Other Secondary Source	—	6 S.Ct.

Treatment	Title	Date	Type	Depth	Headnote(s)
—	279. CJS Constitutional Law s 789, § 789. Limitations and restrictions on right CJS Constitutional Law Not all state action affecting interstate movement penalizes the right to travel as individuals are protected only from those statutes, rules, and regulations that unreasonably...	2023	Other Secondary Source	—	3 S.Ct.
—	280. CJS Constitutional Law s 1317, § 1317. Equal protection and discriminatory enforcement of criminal law CJS Constitutional Law Generally, the government is given broad discretion in selecting whom it will prosecute, and the conscious exercise of some selectivity by prosecuting authorities in the...	2023	Other Secondary Source	—	—
—	281. CJS Constitutional Law s 2393, § 2393. Regulation of or relating to person's place of residence CJS Constitutional Law The right to travel under the substantive component of due process encompasses the right to change residences within a state and the right to take up residence in the state of a...	2023	Other Secondary Source	—	1 S.Ct.
—	282. Fla. Jur. 2d Family Law s 243, § 243. Desertion or nonsupport Fla. Jur. 2d Family Law Any man who in this state deserts his wife and children, or either of them, or his wife where there are no children or child, or who willfully withholds from them or either of them...	2023	Other Secondary Source	—	6 7 8 S.Ct.
—	283. N.Y. Jur. 2d Constitutional Law s 250, § 250. Federal Bill of Rights N.Y. Jur. 2d Constitutional Law The first 10 amendments to the Federal Constitution, which comprise the Federal Bill of Rights, provide that Congress will make no law respecting an establishment of religion, or...	2023	Other Secondary Source	—	1 S.Ct.
—	284. N.Y. Jur. 2d Constitutional Law s 301, § 301. Freedom of travel and movement N.Y. Jur. 2d Constitutional Law The right of a United States citizen to travel from one state to another and to take up residence in the state of their choice is protected by the United States Constitution. The...	2023	Other Secondary Source	—	1 2 S.Ct.
—	285. N.Y. Jur. 2d Constitutional Law s 377, § 377. Equal protection analysis of relation between classification and government objective—Strict scrutiny N.Y. Jur. 2d Constitutional Law The traditional equal protection analysis is two-tiered. Most classifications are subject to the more lenient standard of rationality while classifications affecting fundamental...	2023	Other Secondary Source	—	2 4 S.Ct.

Treatment	Title	Date	Type	Depth	Headnote(s)
—	286. OH Jur. 3d Constitutional Law s 319, § 319. Other constitutionally protected liberties OH Jur. 3d Constitutional Law Other liberties that have been recognized as protected by the constitution are the liberty of silence, the fundamental nature of the right to travel, and the right to live where...	2023	Other Secondary Source	—	2 S.Ct.
—	287. OH Jur. 3d Constitutional Law s 320, § 320. Limitations on liberty OH Jur. 3d Constitutional Law The personal liberty guaranteed by the Constitutions of the United States and of the State of Ohio is not an absolute right and does not give immunity for every use or abuse of it....	2023	Other Secondary Source	—	2 S.Ct.
—	288. MY BODY, MY CONSENT: SECURING THE CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHT TO ABORTION FUNDING 62 Alb. L. Rev. 1057 , 1118 When the Supreme Court established the constitutional right to choose to have an abortion in Roe v. Wade, it was a breakthrough for women's reproductive rights. The Court's ruling...	1999	Law Review	—	—
—	289. CHILDREN'S RIGHTS AS RELATIONAL RIGHTS: THE CASE OF RELOCATION 18 Am. U.J. Gender Soc. Pol'y & L. 163 , 217+ Prologue. 164 I. Introduction. 165 II. Mapping the Parties' Rights and Interests. 168 A. The Custodial Parent Who Wants to Relocate. 168 B. The Non-Custodial Parent Who Wants...	2010	Law Review	—	3 S.Ct.
—	290. OVERCOMING OVERBREADTH: FACIAL CHALLENGES AND THE VALID RULE REQUIREMENT 48 Am. U. L. Rev. 359 , 463 Introduction. 360 I. "Overbreadth Facial Challenges" and the As-Applied Regime. 365 II. Salerno's "No Set of Circumstances" Facial Challenge Test: The Prevailing...	1998	Law Review	—	—
—	291. WHAT HAPPENS IF ROE IS OVERRULED? EXTRATERRITORIAL REGULATION OF ABORTION BY THE STATES 35 Ariz. L. Rev. 87 , 171+ C1-2Table of Contents I. Introduction. 88 II. The Irish Abortion Decision. 92 III. State Extraterritorial Application Of Criminal Law. 95 A. Criminal Jurisdiction...	1993	Law Review	—	4 5 7 S.Ct.
—	292. CAN A REASONABLE DOUBT HAVE AN UNREASONABLE PRICE? LIMITATIONS ON ATTORNEYS' FEES IN CRIMINAL CASES 41 B.C. L. Rev. 1 , 70 Abstract: The disciplinary rules of every state prohibit attorneys from charging "unreasonable" fees. These provisions, however, are virtually never enforced; virtually all...	1999	Law Review	—	3 S.Ct.

Treatment	Title	Date	Type	Depth	Headnote(s)
—	<p>293. COMPELLING GOVERNMENTAL INTERESTS: AN ESSENTIAL BUT UNANALYZED TERM IN CONSTITUTIONAL ADJUDICATION 68 B.U. L. Rev. 917 , 978</p> <p>Much commentary on constitutional rights and liberties has focused on the sources or justifications of such rights. Scholars have focused particularly upon the judicial...</p>	1988	Law Review	—	—
—	<p>294. DISPARATE TREATMENT OF STUDENTS IN A SIMILAR CLASS: THE CONSTITUTIONALITY OF KENTUCKY'S METHOD OF DETERMINING RESIDENCY STATUS FOR ADMISSION AND TUITION ASSESSMENT PURPOSES 40 Brandeis L.J. 1037 , 1064</p> <p>Fundamental to the United States of America is that it is a Federalist nation-all the separate states are united under one central authority, while each maintains certain...</p>	2002	Law Review	—	—
—	<p>295. THE COURT'S ROLE FACILITATING AN EFFECTIVE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN THE NONCUSTODIAL PARENT AND CHILD WHEN THE CUSTODIAL PARENT RELOCATES WITH CHILD 37 Brandeis L.J. 259 , 272</p> <p>The right of a custodial parent to relocate with his or her child continues to present vexing problems for family courts. Society must recognize people are more mobile today than...</p>	1999	Law Review	—	—
—	<p>296. ABORTION ACROSS STATE LINES 2008 B.Y.U. L. Rev. 1651 , 1689+</p> <p>In the span of about a year in the mid-1990s, news media featured two stories about adolescent girls and abortion. In examining the somewhat sensationalized accounts of the two...</p>	2008	Law Review	—	<p>5 8</p> <p>S.Ct.</p>
—	<p>297. KEEPING THE HOME TEAM AT HOME 74 Calif. L. Rev. 1329 , 1372</p> <p>In 1982, a federal district court judge ruled that the National Football League (NFL) could not prevent the Oakland Raiders from leaving Oakland to find a new home in Southern...</p>	1986	Law Review	—	—
—	<p>298. CURFEW MUST NOT RING TONIGHT : JUDICIAL CONFUSION AND MISPERCEPTION OF JUVENILE CURFEW LAWS 44 Cap. U. L. Rev. 831 , 868</p> <p>Juvenile curfew laws are becoming exceedingly popular in the United States, especially in the nation's largest cities. In 2009, 85% of U.S. cities with populations above 180,000...</p>	2016	Law Review	—	<p>7 8</p> <p>S.Ct.</p>
—	<p>299. THE NEW ABORTION BATTLEGROUND 123 Colum. L. Rev. 1 , 100+</p> <p>This Article examines the paradigm shift that is occurring now that the Supreme Court has overturned Roe v. Wade. Returning abortion law to the states will spawn perplexing legal...</p>	2023	Law Review	—	<p>1</p> <p>S.Ct.</p>

Treatment	Title	Date	Type	Depth	Headnote(s)
—	300. THE LOST CENTURY OF AMERICAN IMMIGRATION LAW (1776-1875) 93 Colum. L. Rev. 1833 , 1901 L1-2Introduction 1833 I. The Need for Investigation. 1835 II. Major Categories of State Immigration Legislation. 1841 A. Crime. 1841 B. Poverty and Disability. 1846 1. ...	1993	Law Review	—	3 S.Ct.
—	301. THE PARIAH PRINCIPLE 13 Const. Comment. 257 , 284 The Supreme Court's recent decision in Romer v. Evans has caused both joy and consternation. Among legal scholars, however, it has mostly engendered puzzlement. The Court...	1996	Law Review	—	—
—	302. THE CDC'S COMMUNICABLE DISEASE REGULATIONS: STRIKING THE BALANCE BETWEEN PUBLIC HEALTH & INDIVIDUAL RIGHTS 67 Emory L.J. 463 , 489 On January 19, 2017, the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) published a final rule to update regulations administered by the Centers for Disease Control and...	2018	Law Review	—	1 S.Ct.
—	303. STATES DIFFER ON RELOCATION A Panorama of Expanding Case Law 28-SPG Fam. Advoc. 8 , 8 Lawyers and judges have noticed the increase in the number of custody disputes in which relocation is an issue. The reasons are many: the steady high-divorce rate; the number of...	2006	Law Review	—	5 S.Ct.
—	304. INTERNATIONAL RELOCATION, THE RIGHT TO TRAVEL, AND THE HAGUE CONVENTION: 28 Fam. L.Q. 531 , 540 At a time when long-distance travel has become increasingly common, families are more easily able to relocate to other states and countries in order to take advantage of better...	1994	Law Review	—	3 S.Ct.
—	305. MULTIPLE AUTHORITATIVE INTERPRETERS OF QUASI-CONSTITUTIONAL FEDERAL LAW: OF TRIBAL COURTS AND THE INDIAN CIVIL RIGHTS ACT 69 Fordham L. Rev. 479 , 590 Introduction. 481 I. The Regime of Multiple Authoritative Interpreters of Federal Law in Indian Country. 485 A. The Doctrine That Creates Multiple Authoritative Interpreters of...	2000	Law Review	—	—
—	306. AN EXTENSION OF THE RIGHT OF ACCESS: THE PRO SE LITIGANT'S RIGHT TO NOTIFICATION OF THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE SUMMARY JUDGMENT RULE 55 Fordham L. Rev. 1109 , 1137 Although numerous cases have extolled the benefits of effective assistance of counsel, the constitutional right of a criminal defendant to appear pro se is one of long standing in...	1987	Law Review	—	6 S.Ct.

Treatment	Title	Date	Type	Depth	Headnote(s)
—	<p>307. THE UNCONSTITUTIONALITY OF DOMA + INA: HOW IMMIGRATION LAW PROVIDES A FORUM FOR ATTACKING DOMA 18 Geo. Mason U. Civ. Rts. L.J. 455 , 493+</p> <p>A little more than twenty-five years ago in the middle of a Los Angeles bar, Richard Adams, an American citizen, met Anthony Sullivan, an Australian on vacation, and the two...</p>	2008	Law Review	—	—
—	<p>308. THE GEOGRAPHY OF ABORTION RIGHTS 109 Geo. L.J. 1081 , 1138</p> <p>Total or near-total abortion bans passed in recent years have garnered tremendous public attention. But another recent wave of more modest-looking abortion restrictions consists of...</p>	2021	Law Review	—	<p>1 S.Ct.</p>
—	<p>309. "158-COUNTY BANISHMENT" IN GEORGIA: CONSTITUTIONAL IMPLICATIONS UNDER THE STATE CONSTITUTION AND THE FEDERAL RIGHT TO TRAVEL 36 Ga. L. Rev. 1083 , 1108+</p> <p>Paul Demetrius grew up in a nice neighborhood, had good parents, six siblings, and was generally a well-spoken and intelligent individual. He performed fairly well in school until...</p>	2002	Law Review	—	<p>5 7 S.Ct.</p>
—	<p>310. THE EMPTY IDEA OF EQUALITY 95 Harv. L. Rev. 537 , 596</p> <p>The principle of equality - that likes should be treated alike - has been a fixture of Western thought for thousands of years. In this Article, Professor Westen argues that the...</p>	1982	Law Review	—	—
—	<p>311. EQUAL PROTECTION AFTER ROMER V. EVANS: IMPLICATIONS FOR THE DEFENSE OF MARRIAGE ACT AND OTHER LAWS 49 Hastings L.J. 175 , 224</p> <p>[I]f the constitutional conception of 'equal protection of the laws' means anything, it must at the very least mean that a bare ... desire to harm a politically unpopular group...</p>	1997	Law Review	—	—
—	<p>312. BEYOND SECRECY FOR SECRECY'S SAKE: TOWARD AN EXPANDED VISION OF THE FOURTH AMENDMENT PRIVACY PROVINCE 36 Hastings L.J. 645 , 737</p> <p>The fourth amendment to the United States Constitution proclaims "the right of the people to be secure against unreasonable searches and seizures." Although the provision has a...</p>	1985	Law Review	—	—
—	<p>313. IDAHO'S IMMOBILE BURDEN: ROBERTS v. ROBERTS AND CUSTODIAL PARENT RELOCATION 41 Idaho L. Rev. 147 , 175+</p> <p>C1-3TABLE OF CONTENTS I. INTRODUCTION: THE DIVORCE LANDSCAPE. 147 II. IDAHO RELOCATION LAW PRIOR TO ROBERTS. 150 III. STATEMENT OF THE CASE. 152 A. Facts of the Case. 152 B....</p>	2004	Law Review	—	—

Treatment	Title	Date	Type	Depth	Headnote(s)
—	<p>314. SUCCESSFUL RATIONAL BASIS CLAIMS IN THE SUPREME COURT FROM THE 1971 TERM THROUGH ROMER V. EVANS 32 Ind. L. Rev. 357 , 418</p> <p>The Supreme Court's 1996 decision in Romer v. Evans was significant in that it was the first case in which the Court found unconstitutional a law that disadvantaged persons on the...</p>	1999	Law Review	—	—
—	<p>315. PHOTO ENFORCEMENT PROGRAMS: ARE THEY PERMISSIBLE UNDER THE UNITED STATES CONSTITUTION? 43 J. Marshall L. Rev. 463 , 489+</p> <p>"BIG BROTHER IS WATCHING YOU" . . . sort of. After all, this is the United States, not Nazi Germany, the Soviet Union, or Oceania, the fictional world created by George Orwell...</p>	2010	Law Review	—	8 S.Ct.
—	<p>316. THE WRIGHT AMENDMENT: THE CONSTITUTIONALITY AND PROPRIETY OF THE RESTRICTIONS ON DALLAS LOVE FIELD 55 J. Air L. & Com. 1011 , 1074+</p> <p>SOUTHWEST AIRLINES flies from Dallas Love Field to Albuquerque. It also flies from Albuquerque to Los Angeles. But if you tell a Southwest Airlines ticketing representative that...</p>	1990	Law Review	—	5 S.Ct.
—	<p>317. CALIFANO V. BOLES 14 J. Contemp. Legal Issues 377 , 383+</p> <p>The critical question in this dispute is whether § 202(g) of the Social Security Act, 42, U.S.C. § 402(g), discriminates against unmarried parents or against illegitimate children....</p>	2004	Law Review	—	—
—	<p>318. PRE-EMPTION OR ABDICATION? COURTS RULE FEDERAL LAW TRUMPS STATE LAW IN CHILD SUPPORT JURISDICTION 24 J. Am. Acad. Matrim. Law. 217 , 227</p> <p>The 1996 version of the Uniform Interstate Family Support Act was adopted in every state, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the U.S. Virgin Islands. The 2001 version has...</p>	2011	Law Review	—	—
—	<p>319. REMOVING THE DEAD HAND ON THE FUTURE: RECOGNIZING CITIZEN CHILDREN'S RIGHTS AGAINST PARENTAL DEPORTATION 13 Lewis & Clark L. Rev. 751 , 786</p> <p>Current immigration laws do not provide the opportunity for undocumented, noncitizen parents to lawfully remain in the United States even when the noncitizen is the parent of a...</p>	2009	Law Review	—	—
—	<p>320. STATE OF EMERGENCY: AN EMERGENCY CONSTITUTION REVISITED 61 Loy. L. Rev. 471 , 523</p> <p>Over the last ten years, various state and local governments in the United States have declared states of emergency that raise concerns over the protection of civil liberties. In...</p>	2015	Law Review	—	3 S.Ct.

Treatment	Title	Date	Type	Depth	Headnote(s)
—	<p>321. THE RESURGENCE OF DURATIONAL RESIDENCE REQUIREMENTS FOR THE RECEIPT OF WELFARE FUNDS 27 Loy. L.A. L. Rev. 305 , 355</p> <p>I. Introduction 306 II. The History of the Right to Travel 310 A. The Early Right to Travel 310 B. Shapiro v. Thompson and Durational Residence Requirements 312 ...</p>	1993	Law Review	—	—
—	<p>322. KEEPING KIDS FIRST: TRIAL COURT DISCRETION AND THE BEST INTEREST OF THE CHILD IN LIGHT V. D'AMATO 68 Me. L. Rev. 347 , 362</p> <p>I. Introduction II. Legal Background A. Parental Rights and Responsibilities, Residency, and the Best Interest of the Child B. Parental Relocation: Squaring the Circle 1...</p>	2016	Law Review	—	<p>1 2</p> <p>S.Ct.</p>
—	<p>323. CONFLICT OF CONSTITUTIONS? NO THANKS: A RESPONSE TO PROFESSORS BRILMAYER AND KREIMER 91 Mich. L. Rev. 939 , 952</p> <p>The role of the third participant is to disagree. While I have no desire whatever to encourage interstate regulation of abortion, the territorialist solutions that my colleagues...</p>	1993	Law Review	—	—
—	<p>324. MORE EQUAL THAN OTHERS: THE BURGER COURT AND THE NEWLY ARRIVED STATE RESIDENT 19 N.M. L. Rev. 329 , 376</p> <p>In the United States a man builds a house in which to spend his old age, and he sells it before the roof is on; he plants a garden and lets it just as the trees are coming into...</p>	1989	Law Review	—	—
—	<p>325. THE LAW OF CHOICE AND CHOICE OF LAW: ABORTION, THE RIGHT TO TRAVEL, AND EXTRATERRITORIAL REGULATION IN AMERICAN FEDERALISM 67 N.Y.U. L. Rev. 451 , 519+</p> <p>In American federalism, states differ among themselves in regulating morally contested issues such as abortion, sexual activity, and the right to die. Because of these...</p>	1992	Law Review	—	<p>3 4 5</p> <p>S.Ct.</p>
—	<p>326. IRREGULAR PASSION: THE UNCONSTITUTIONALITY AND INEFFECTUOUSNESS OF SEX OFFENDER RESIDENCY LAWS 102 Nw. U. L. Rev. 307 , 341</p> <p>"[C]ertain duties must be observed even towards those at whose hands you may have received unjust treatment. There is a limit to revenge and to punishment." Introduction. 308 I....</p>	2008	Law Review	—	—
—	<p>327. EQUAL PROTECTION HELD HOSTAGE: RANSOMING THE CONSTITUTIONALITY OF THE HOSTAGE TAKING ACT 91 Nw. U. L. Rev. 573 , 610</p> <p>In the early 1980s, international and domestic public sentiment against terrorist acts ran high following the 1975 OPEC hostage-taking incident, the Entebbe airport hijacking in...</p>	1997	Law Review	—	—

Treatment	Title	Date	Type	Depth	Headnote(s)
—	<p>328. TRESPASS-ZONING: ENSURING NEIGHBORHOODS A SAFER FUTURE BY EXCLUDING THOSE WITH A CRIMINAL PAST 79 Notre Dame L. Rev. 327 , 387+</p> <p>Introduction. 328 I. The Concept of Trespass-Zoning: Combining the Complementary Principles of Zoning and Trespass Law in the Fight on Crime. 330 A. Drug Exclusion Zones. 331 ...</p>	2003	Law Review	—	<p>3 S.Ct.</p>
—	<p>329. CRACKS IN THE STRUCTURE: THE COMING BREAKDOWN OF THE LEVELS OF SCRUTINY 45 Ohio St. L.J. 161 , 183+</p> <p>Contemporary constitutional adjudication is characterized by an elaborate system of judicial review composed of multiple levels of scrutiny. The presence of three distinct levels...</p>	1984	Law Review	—	<p>3 5 8 S.Ct.</p>
—	<p>330. THE RIGHT TO TRAVEL: BREAKING DOWN THE THOUSAND PETTY FORTRESSES OF STATE SELF-DEPORTATION LAWS 34 Pace L. Rev. 814 , 893+</p> <p>The vanishing began Wednesday night, the most frightened families packing up their cars as soon as they heard the news. They left behind mobile homes, sold fully furnished for a...</p>	2014	Law Review	—	<p>2 S.Ct.</p>
—	<p>331. THE CIVIL ARREST AND IMPRISONMENT OF TAXPAYERS: AN ANALYSIS OF THE WRIT OF NE EXEAT REPUBLICA 7 Pitt. Tax. Rev. 103 , 151+</p> <p>Section 7402 of the Internal Revenue Code (the "Code") addresses the ability of federal district courts to review and decide matters relating to federal taxation. As a...</p>	2010	Law Review	—	<p>3 5 8 S.Ct.</p>
—	<p>332. THE STRUCTURE OF PLANNED PARENTHOOD V. CASEY ABORTION RIGHTS LAW: STRICT SCRUTINY FOR SUBSTANTIAL OBSTACLES ON ABORTION CHOICE AND OTHERWISE REASONABLENESS BALANCING 34 Quinnipiac L. Rev. 75 , 106+</p> <p>I. Introduction. 76 II. Abortion Rights Doctrine in Planned Parenthood v. Casey. 80 A. Background to Planned Parenthood v. Casey: Roe v. Wade and Its Progeny. 80 B. The Court's...</p>	2015	Law Review	—	<p>1 S.Ct.</p>
—	<p>333. PROTECTING THE "CLASS OF ONE" 36 Real Prop. Prob. & Tr. J. 331 , 363+</p> <p>Editors' Synopsis: The author considers the history of and legal arguments surrounding the Equal Protection Clause, and then examines the effects of the Supreme Court's decision...</p>	2001	Law Review	—	—
—	<p>334. SCHOOL FINANCE LITIGATION: THE VIABILITY OF BRINGING SUIT IN THE RHODE ISLAND FEDERAL DISTRICT COURT 5 Roger Williams U. L. Rev. 441 , 498</p> <p>Any legal challenge to a state system of financing public education is based on the premise that all children of the state are equally important and that society owes to each an...</p>	2000	Law Review	—	<p>6 S.Ct.</p>

Treatment	Title	Date	Type	Depth	Headnote(s)
—	335. THE INTERSECTION OF EPIDEMIOLOGY AND LEGAL AUTHORITY: COVID-19 STAY AT HOME ORDERS 18 Rutgers J. L. & Pub. Pol'y 1 , 69+	2021	Law Review	—	2 S.Ct.
—	336. THE PRIVILEGES OF NATIONAL CITIZENSHIP: ON SAENZ, SAME-SEX COUPLES, AND THE RIGHT TO TRAVEL 52 Rutgers L. Rev. 553 , 588 In this Article, Professor Strasser argues that Saenz v. Roe, a recent Supreme Court decision that declared unconstitutional a California residency requirement for recipients of...	2000	Law Review	—	—
—	337. HELLER, THE SECOND AMENDMENT, AND RECONSTRUCTION: PROTECTING ALL FREEDMEN OR ONLY MILITIAMEN? 50 Santa Clara L. Rev. 1073 , 1085+ In District of Columbia v. Heller, Justice Scalia began his analysis of the perceived meaning of the Second Amendment during Reconstruction by writing that "[i]n the aftermath of...	2010	Law Review	—	—
—	338. BASIC EQUAL PROTECTION ANALYSIS 29 Santa Clara L. Rev. 121 , 169 The equal protection clause has been called 'the single most important concept in the Constitution for the protection of individual rights.' It protects racial minorities, women,...	1989	Law Review	—	3 S.Ct.
—	339. IN THE AFTERMATH: RESPONSIBILITY AND PROFESSIONALISM IN THE WAKE OF DISASTER 65 S.C. L. Rev. 465 , 502 I. Introduction. 465 II. Defining Disaster. 468 III. Professional Responsibility, the Model Rules, and Negligence. 469 A. Duties to Clients. 470 B. Death or Disability of...	2013	Law Review	—	—
—	340. EQUALITY WITHOUT TIERS 77 S. Cal. L. Rev. 481 , 582 "There is only one Equal Protection Clause." - Justice Stevens The immediate impact of Grutter v. Bollinger and Gratz v. Bollinger is nothing short of momentous. Not only do the...	2004	Law Review	—	—
—	341. MEDICAL MARTIAL LAW: TOWARDS A MORE EFFECTIVE PANDEMIC POLICY 47 S. Ill. U. L.J. 1 , 23+ In early 2020, prophylactic actions and draconian proposals targeted the confinement of COVID-19 virus contagion vectors. Law, politics, geography, and the epidemiological...	2022	Law Review	—	—
—	342. THE BIRTH OF THE CRIME: DRIVING WHILE BLACK (DWB) Article Reprinted from Fall 1997, Volume 25, Number 1 44 S.U. L. Rev. 38 , 74 My original article questioned the virility of the Fourth Amendment given the use of the discriminatory drug courier profiles being employed in the War on Drugs and sanction by the...	2016	Law Review	—	1 S.Ct.

Treatment	Title	Date	Type	Depth	Headnote(s)
—	343. THE BIRTH OF THE CRIME: DRIVING WHILE BLACK (DWB) 25 S.U. L. Rev. 195 , 195 As America grows, so do her social problems. Americans are bombarded with reports of social ills such as racism, crime, violence, failing educational institutions, governmental...	1997	Law Review	—	—
—	344. FAMILY LAW: PARENT AND CHILD 36 Sw. L.J. 155 , 183+ Perhaps the most significant statutory change during the survey period in family law relating to child custody was enacted by the Congress of the United States. Popularly known as...	1982	Law Review	—	3 5 S.Ct.
—	345. SEX OFFENDERS, CUSTODY AND HABEAS 92 St. John's L. Rev. 755 , 795 The conventional rhetoric surrounding discussions of habeas corpus, as the great instrument for the protection of freedom, often ignores the realities of how access to habeas...	2018	Law Review	—	1 2 S.Ct.
—	346. IF ROE WERE OVERRULED: ABORTION AND THE CONSTITUTION IN A POST-ROE WORLD 51 St. Louis U. L.J. 611 , 653 What would be the legal and constitutional consequences if the Supreme Court were to overrule Roe v. Wade? Where would the power to regulate abortions lie, and what constitutional...	2007	Law Review	—	—
—	347. BANNING MOTHERHOOD: AN RX TO COMBAT CHILD ABUSE? 26 St. Mary's L.J. 203 , 258 I. Introduction . 203 II. Judicial Attempts to Remedy Child Abuse . 209 A. Judicial Orders Forbidding Procreation . 209 B. Court-Mandated Birth Control . 213 III. Legislative...	1994	Law Review	—	—
—	348. EDUCATION-HANDICAPPED-FREE APPROPRIATE PUBLIC EDUCATION OF HANDICAPPED CHILDREN REQUIRES PERSONALIZED INSTRUCTION AND SUPPORT SERVICES TO PRODUCE BENEFICIAL RESULTS BUT DOES NOT REQUIRE REACHING FULL POTENTIAL OF HANDICA 14 St. Mary's L.J. 425 , 442 Amy Rowley, a deaf student, was placed in a regular first grade classroom in the Hendrick Hudson School District, Peekskill, New York. With the aid of special support services,...	1983	Law Review	—	—
—	349. FACIAL CHALLENGES TO STATE AND FEDERAL STATUTES 46 Stan. L. Rev. 235 , 304 Courts can hold a statute unconstitutional either on its face or as-applied, and the standards courts use significantly affect the likelihood of a successful constitutional...	1994	Law Review	—	—

Treatment	Title	Date	Type	Depth	Headnote(s)
—	350. INCORPORATING TOLLING PROVISIONS INTO SEX CRIMES STATUTES OF LIMITATIONS 13 Temp. Pol. & Civ. Rts. L. Rev. 325 , 359 The past decade has seen a notable increase in public awareness about sexual abuse and rape. Along with a new understanding about the prevalence of these crimes and the...	2003	Law Review	—	—
—	351. HEIGHTENED EQUAL-PROTECTION SCRUTINY APPLIES TO THE DISPARATE-IMPACT DOCTRINE 20 Tex. J. on C.L. & C.R. 163 , 210 I. Introduction. 164 II. Background on Title VII's Disparate-Impact Doctrine. 168 III. Heightened Equal-Protection Scrutiny Applies to an Official Act that Differentiates on a...	2015	Law Review	—	—
—	352. TAKING CHILDREN SERIOUSLY: PROMOTING COOPERATIVE CUSTODY AFTER DIVORCE 64 Tex. L. Rev. 687 , 788 C1-3Table of Contents I. Substantive Custody Standards: Where We Are and How We Got There. 693 A. The Functions of the Substantive Standards. 693 B. A Brief Historical...	1985	Law Review	—	—
—	353. TAKING CONSTITUTIONS SERIOUSLY: A THEORY OF JUDICIAL REVIEW Democracy and Distrust: A Theory of Judicial Review By John Hart Ely. Cambridge: Harvard University Press, 1980. Pp. viii, 268. \$15.00 59 Tex. L. Rev. 343 , 394 Democracy and Distrust is a puzzling book. John Hart Ely more than fulfills the promise of his subtitle: he offers not one, but two theories of judicial review. The first three...	1981	Law Review	—	7 S.Ct.
—	354. TRAVEL RIGHTS IN A CULTURE WAR 101 Tex. L. Rev. Online 21 , 32 [T]he majority's ruling today invites a host of questions about interstate conflicts[, including:]. Can a State bar women from traveling to another State to obtain an abortion?	2022	Law Review	—	4 S.Ct.
—	355. ESCAPE DENIED: THE GREYNA BRIDGE AND THE GOVERNMENT'S ARMED BLOCKADE IN THE WAKE OF KATRINA 13 Tex. Wesleyan L. Rev. 127 , 174+ "We call hurricanes and earthquakes 'natural disasters,' but the contours of these disasters are manmade." I. Introduction. 128 II. Background. 132 A. Survival Strategies in...	2006	Law Review	—	1 4 5 S.Ct.
—	356. SEVERING THE INVISIBLE LEASH: A CHALLENGE TO TENNESSEE'S SEX OFFENDER MONITORING ACT IN DOE V. BREDESEN 44 U.C. Davis L. Rev. 683 , 713 Introduction. 685 I. Background. 686 A. The Ex Post Facto Clause. 688 B. The Ex Post Facto Clause and Sex Offender Registration and Monitoring Acts. 690 C. The Due Process...	2010	Law Review	—	—

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—	<p>357. PRISONER PARENTS: AN ARGUMENT FOR EXTENDING THE RIGHT TO PROCREATE TO INCARCERATED MEN AND WOMEN 2002 U. Chi. Legal F. 271 , 301</p> <p>The United States Constitution protects citizens from being denied certain fundamental rights and liberties. Included among these are the right to be free from discrimination, the...</p>	2002	Law Review	—	<p>2 S.Ct.</p>
—	<p>358. REPEALING THE DRUG-FREE STUDENT LOAN PROVISION: WOULD PUTTING DOPE BACK INTO THE COLLEGE CLASSROOM HELP KEEP DOPE OFF THE STREET AND OUT OF THE PRISON SYSTEM? 77 U. Cin. L. Rev. 1127 , 1165</p> <p>Jane Dope was an 18-year-old freshman at the University of Temptation (UT). She was exceedingly focused on academics but not on making many friends during the first few months of...</p>	2009	Law Review	—	<p>7 S.Ct.</p>
—	<p>359. FOR WHOM BELL TOLLS: ON SUBSEQUENT DOMICILES' REFUSING TO RECOGNIZE SAME-SEX MARRIAGES 66 U. Cin. L. Rev. 339 , 378+</p> <p>In Baehr v. Lewin, a plurality of the Hawaii Supreme Court ruled that Hawaii's same-sex marriage ban would only pass state constitutional muster if that prohibition were narrowly...</p>	1998	Law Review	—	<p>1 S.Ct.</p>
—	<p>360. AMERICAN JURISDICTION: A STORY OF COMPARATIVE NEGLECT 65 U. Colo. L. Rev. 1 , 23</p> <p>No one will fetch from afar anything that is available at home as good or better, but only a fool will reject quinine because it did not grow on his cabbage patch. Comparative law,...</p>	1993	Law Review	—	—
—	<p>361. AN UNCONSTITUTIONAL DEATH: THE OREGON DEATH WITH DIGNITY ACT'S PROHIBITION AGAINST SELF-ADMINISTERED LETHAL INJECTION 32 U. Dayton L. Rev. 441 , 459</p> <p>Thomas Youk used to drive race cars, but by September of 1998 his driving days were over and the only race that remained on the horizon was time. Mr. Youk, a Michigan resident,...</p>	2007	Law Review	—	—
—	<p>362. A TEASING ILLUSION? HOMELESSNESS AND THE RIGHT TO INTERSTATE TRAVEL 28 U. Fla. J.L. & Pub. Pol'y 401 , 430+</p> <p>I. Origins and Development of the Right to Travel. 402 II. Pottinger and Tobe. 416 III. Re-Evaluation of Pottinger Under Saenz. 419 IV. Conclusion. 428</p>	2017	Law Review	—	<p>1 S.Ct.</p>
—	<p>363. TOWARD A MORE PERFECT UNION: A FEDERAL CAUSE OF ACTION FOR PHYSICIAN AID-IN-DYING 27 U. Mich. J.L. Reform 521 , 564</p> <p>"Liberty finds no refuge in a jurisprudence of doubt." With these words, the Supreme Court introduced Planned Parenthood v. Casey, its most significant opinion on abortion since...</p>	1994	Law Review	—	<p>1 S.Ct.</p>

Treatment	Title	Date	Type	Depth	Headnote(s)
—	<p>364. DIAZ V. BREWER AND THE EQUAL PROTECTION CLAUSE: A ROADMAP FOR THE RETENTION OF SAME-SEX PUBLIC EMPLOYEE BENEFITS</p> <p>14 U. Pa. J. Const. L. 1351 , 1387</p> <p>At the time of this writing, forty-one states have statutes or constitutional provisions that prevent same-sex couples from marrying under state law by defining marriage as between...</p>	2012	Law Review	—	—
—	<p>365. TERRITORIAL DISCRIMINATION, EQUAL PROTECTION, AND SELF-DETERMINATION</p> <p>135 U. Pa. L. Rev. 261 , 365+</p> <p>C1-3TABLE OF CONTENTS INTRODUCTION. 262 I. A FRAMEWORK FOR EVALUATING GEOGRAPHICAL DISCRIMINATIONS. 267 A. A Page of History. 267 B. A Volume of Logic. 276 1. Fundamental Rights...</p>	1987	Law Review	—	<p>6</p> <p>S.Ct.</p>
—	<p>366. LOVING THE ROMER OUT FOR BAEHR : ON ACTS IN DEFENSE OF MARRIAGE AND THE CONSTITUTION</p> <p>58 U. Pitt. L. Rev. 279 , 323</p> <p>The Defense of Marriage Act (DOMA), signed into law on September 21, 1996, is designed to do two things: (1) prevent states from being forced by the Full Faith and Credit Clause to...</p>	1997	Law Review	—	<p>1</p> <p>S.Ct.</p>
—	<p>367. THE SUPREME COURT, THE NATIONAL LAW, AND THE SELECTION OF CASES FOR THE PLENARY DOCKET</p> <p>44 U. Pitt. L. Rev. 521 , 634</p> <p>C1-3TABLE OF CONTENTS Introduction. 522 I. Civil Rights. 527 A. Criminal procedure. 533 B. Other specific constitutional protections. 551 C. Equal protection. 556 D. Due process....</p>	1983	Law Review	—	—
—	<p>368. CLASSIFICATIONS THAT DISADVANTAGE NEWCOMERS AND THE PROBLEM OF EQUALITY</p> <p>28 U. Rich. L. Rev. 547 , 617</p> <p>For those concerned with the substantial fiscal problems of government, we have a solution. The solution is - Newcomers. Newcomers are those who will become part of our community...</p>	1994	Law Review	—	—
—	<p>369. THE CONSTITUTIONAL DIMENSION OF A NATIONAL PRODUCTS LIABILITY STATUTE OF REPOSE</p> <p>40 Vill. L. Rev. 985 , 1056</p> <p>Subsequent to the date that this article was finalized, both Houses of Congress approved a Conference Committee version of H.R. 956 including a fifteen year statute of repose for...</p>	1995	Law Review	—	—
—	<p>370. LAMBERT REVISITED</p> <p>100 Va. L. Rev. 1603 , 1681</p> <p>Introduction. 1604 I. The Decision. 1606 II. Omissions vs. Positive Acts. 1617 III. Socialization in Everyday Criminal Law. 1619 A. 20,000 Feet. 1621 1. Mistakes of Fact...</p>	2014	Law Review	—	—

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—	<p>371. A LINE IN THE SAND: IMPLEMENTING SCENE OF THE CRIME STAY-AWAY ORDERS AS A CONDITION OF PRETRIAL RELEASE IN COMMUNITY PROSECUTION 92 Va. L. Rev. 1899 , 1956</p> <p>Introduction. 1900 I. Policy Considerations. 1905 A. Benefits of Pretrial Scene of the Crime Stay-Away Orders. 1905 1. Market Disruption. 1906 2. Neighborhood...</p>	2006	Law Review	—	<p>3 S.Ct.</p>
—	<p>372. THE FIRST AMENDMENT AND CONTENT DISCRIMINATION 68 Va. L. Rev. 203 , 251+</p> <p>As an admirer, friend, and former employee of Justice Powell, I can bring more sincerity than elegance to my expression of tribute to him. For me, as for all of his clerks, he has...</p>	1982	Law Review	—	<p>7 8 S.Ct.</p>
—	<p>373. CONSTITUTIONAL INTERPRETATION: ILLUSION AND REALITY 41 Wayne L. Rev. 135 , 160+</p> <p>I. Introduction. 136 II. The Nature of Categorization. 138 III. The Categorical Illusion. 144 IV. The Nature of Balancing. 152 V. Some Comparative Observations About Categorization...</p>	1994	Law Review	—	<p>5 7 8 S.Ct.</p>
—	<p>374. KIDNAPPING RECONSIDERED: COURTS MERGER TESTS INADEQUATELY REMEDY THE INEQUITIES WHICH DEVELOPED FROM KIDNAPPING'S SENSATIONALIZED AND RACIALIZED HISTORY 28 Wm. & Mary Bill Rts. J. 635 , 688</p> <p>After a late-night party, Percy Wilder, a black man, tried to convince Danielle Peterson, a white woman, to come outside to his car. After some back-and-forth, Peterson somewhat...</p>	2020	Law Review	—	—
—	<p>375. COMMUNICABLE DISEASES AND THE RIGHT TO RE-ENTER THE UNITED STATES 24 Wm. & Mary Bill Rts. J. 913 , 942+</p> <p>American citizens generally enjoy the ability to move freely from place to place. Whether someone wishes to travel across either a state or the globe, there are relatively few...</p>	2016	Law Review	—	<p>1 S.Ct.</p>
—	<p>376. MINNESOTA'S CUSTODY RELOCATION DOCTRINE: IS THERE A NEED FOR CHANGE? 28 Wm. Mitchell L. Rev. 723 , 762</p> <p>I. Introduction. 723 II. Gender Politics and a Changing Society. 726 III. Minnesota's Relocation Standard. 730 IV. Comparing Minnesota's Relocation Standard with Other...</p>	2001	Law Review	—	—
—	<p>377. INTERSTATE MARRIAGE RECOGNITION AND THE RIGHT TO TRAVEL 25 Wis. J.L. Gender & Soc'y 1 , 34</p> <p>Introduction. 1 I. Interstate Recognition Practices. 3 A. Interstate Recognition Where Burdens Had Been Imposed on the Right to Marry. 4 B. Interstate Recognition of...</p>	2010	Law Review	—	<p>1 S.Ct.</p>

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—	<p>378. WITHIN THE STATES' JURISDICTION: METROPOLITAN, NORTHEAST BANCORP, AND THE EQUAL PROTECTION CLAUSE 96 Yale L.J. 2110 , 2131+</p> <p>The equal protection clause of the Fourteenth Amendment provides that "[n]o State shall . deny to any person within its jurisdiction the equal protection of the laws." Although...</p>	1987	Law Review	—	<p>8</p> <p>S.Ct.</p>
—	<p>379. YUSSUF AWADIR ABDI, PLAINTIFF-APPELLANT, V. CHRISTOPHER A. WRAY, DIRECTOR OF THE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION, IN HIS OFFICIAL CAPACITY; CHRISTOPHER M. PIEHOTA, DIRECTOR OF THE TERRORISM SCREENING CENTER, IN HIS OFFIC Aviation Law Reporter</p> <p>Yussuf Awadir ABDI, Plaintiff-Appellant, v. Christopher A. WRAY, Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, in his official capacity; Christopher M. Piehota, Director of the...</p>	2019	Other Secondary Source	—	<p>1</p> <p>2</p> <p>S.Ct.</p>
—	<p>380. OH, THE PLACES YOU'LL (POSSIBLY) GO! RECENT CASE LAW ON RELOCATION OF THE CUSTODIAL PARENT Divorce Litigation</p> <p>Of all the potential issues that can arise in child custody cases, one of the most difficult and complicated to resolve is whether to permit the proposed relocation of the...</p>	2004	Other Secondary Source	—	<p>1</p> <p>S.Ct.</p>
—	<p>381. INTERSTATE ENFORCEMENT OF SUPPORT: A SHORT PRIMER ON FEDERAL AND UNIFORM LAW Divorce Litigation</p> <p>Last month in Divorce Litigation, we discussed the Full Faith and Credit for Child Support Orders Act (FFCCSOA), 28 U.S.C. § 1738B (Supp.1997), and the Uniform Enforcement of...</p>	1997	Other Secondary Source	—	—
—	<p>382. EMPLOYMENT-PRACTICES 40 EPD P 36,158, ATTORNEY GENERAL OF NEW YORK, APPELLANT V. EDUARDO SOTO-LOPEZ ET AL., APPELLEES., (JUNE 17, 1986) Employment Practices Guide</p> <p>Attorney General of New York, Appellant v. Eduardo Soto-Lopez et al., Appellees. United States Supreme Court.No. 84-1803, June 17, 1986 On Appeal from United States Court of...</p>	1986	Other Secondary Source	—	—
—	<p>383. P 297,429 BANG D. NGUYEN, PETITIONER V. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH MEDICAL QUALITY ASSURANCE COMMISSION, RESPONDENT. Health Care Compliance Reporter</p> <p>29 P.3d 689 BANG D. NGUYEN, Petitioner v. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH MEDICAL QUALITY ASSURANCE COMMISSION, Respondent. BANG NGUYEN v. DEP'T OF HEALTH, 144 Wn.2d 516 (2001), No....</p>	2000	Other Secondary Source	—	—

Treatment	Title	Date	Type	Depth	Headnote(s)
—	384. P 193,737 BRUCE C. MURCHISON, PLAINTIFF, VS. TUCSON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT, ET AL., DEFENDANTS. Labor & Employment Law Bruce C. Murchison, Plaintiff, vs. Tucson Unified School District, et al., Defendants. No. CV 11—281—TUC—DTFU.S. District Court, D. ArizonaOctober 5, 2012. ORDER D. Thomas Ferraro,...	2012	Other Secondary Source	—	—
—	385. P 193,575 TOLEDO R. KELLEY, ET AL., PLAINTIFFS, V. THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, ET AL., DEFENDANTS. Labor & Employment Law TOLEDO R. KELLEY, et al., Plaintiffs, v. THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, et al., Defendants. Civil Action No. 10—2014 (PLF)U.S. District Court, D. District of ColumbiaSeptember 28, 2012....	2012	Other Secondary Source	—	—
—	386. GREGORY WILLIAMS, PLAINTIFF-APPELLANT V. STATE OF WISCONSIN, ET AL., DEFENDANTS-APPELLEES. Labor & Employment Law 336 F.3d 576 GREGORY WILLIAMS, Plaintiff —Appellant v. STATE OF WISCONSIN, et al., Defendants—Appellees. WILLIAMS v. STATE OF WISCONSIN, 336 F.3d 576 (7th Cir. 2003) No....	2003	Other Secondary Source	—	—
—	387. STATE OF TENNESSEE, APPELLEE, V. WILLIAM JOSEPH SLIGER, APPELLANT. Labor & Employment Law 846 S.W.2d 262 STATE of Tennessee, Appellee, v. William Joseph SLIGER, Appellant. STATE v. SLIGER, 846 S.W.2d 262 (Tenn. 1993) Supreme Court of Tennessee, at Nashville. January 19,...	1993	Other Secondary Source	—	—
—	388. STATE V. SLIGER Labor & Employment Law 846 S.W.2d 262 (1993) STATE v. SLIGER STATE of Tennessee, Appellee, v. William Joseph SLIGER, Appellant. Supreme Court of Tennessee. at Nashville. 846 S.W.2d 262. January 19, 1993....	1993	Other Secondary Source	—	—
—	389. P 300,515 STATE OF MINNESOTA V. SHALALA. Medicare and Medicaid Guide State of Minnesota v. Shalala. ¶ 300,515. U.S. District Court, D. MinnesotaNo. 99-1831July 6, 2000, 2000 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 10083, 102 F. Supp. 2d 1115 State of Minnesota, by its...	2000	Other Secondary Source	—	3 S.Ct.
—	390. P 80,482 MISGANAW ALEMU, ET AL., PLAINTIFFS V. DEPARTMENT OF FOR-HIRE VEHICLES, ET AL., DEFENDANTS. Trade Regulation Reporter Misganaw Alemu, et al., Plaintiffs v. Department of For-Hire Vehicles, et al., Defendants. 2018-2 Trade Cases ¶ 80,482. U.S. District Court, District of Columbia. Civil Action No....	2018	Other Secondary Source	—	—