

This statement details our school's use of pupil premium (and recovery premium for the 2021 to 2022 academic year) funding to help improve the attainment of our disadvantaged pupils.

It outlines our pupil premium strategy, how we intend to spend the funding in this academic year and the effect that last year's spending of pupil premium had within our school.

School overview

Detail	Data
School name	Hujjat Primary School
Number of pupils in school	120
Proportion (%) of pupil premium eligible pupils	14%
Academic year/years that our current pupil premium strategy plan covers (3 year plans are recommended)	2020-22
Date this statement was published	November 2021
Date on which it will be reviewed	July 2022
Statement authorised by	Trust Board
Pupil premium lead	D Poole
Governor / Trustee lead	

Funding overview

Detail	Amount
Pupil premium funding allocation this academic year	£19000
Recovery premium funding allocation this academic year	£3000
Pupil premium funding carried forward from previous years (enter £0 if not applicable)	£0
Total budget for this academic year If your school is an academy in a trust that pools this funding, state the amount available to your school this academic year	£22000

Part A: Pupil premium strategy plan

Statement of intent

The Pupil Premium is additional funding to help schools close the attainment gap between children from low-income and other 'disadvantaged families' and their peers. If a child has been eligible for free school meals (FSM) at any point over the past 6 years (Ever6) or has been continuously looked after for at least 6 months (LAC) they are considered 'disadvantaged' and the school receives an amount per head within their budget.

The aim of the funding is to target the attainment gap between pupils from deprived backgrounds and their more affluent peers. This gap persists through all stages of education, including entry into higher education.

Research shows that:

- The highest early achievers from deprived backgrounds are overtaken by lower achieving children from advantaged backgrounds by age seven.
- The gap widens further during secondary education and persists into higher education.
- The likelihood of a pupil eligible for Free School Meals achieving five or more GCSEs at A*-C (4-9) including English and mathematics is less than one third of a non-Free School Meals pupil.
- A pupil from a non-deprived background is more than twice as likely to go on to study at university as their deprived peer.

This funding is spent strategically by the school to meet its aim of ensuring maximum progress and access to provision for all groups of children and to close any gaps.

Hujjat Primary School has adopted a policy explaining our approach to spending and managing pupil premium funds. We have a clear, strategic approach to the use of specific Pupil Premium funding and plans are integrated into wider school support and improvement systems. These are monitored and evaluated regularly and data analysis ensures that the correct support and strategies are identified to maximise progress.

- To promote high levels of wellbeing and involvement for disadvantaged children throughout their school life at Hujjat Primary.
- To ensure our most vulnerable children and their families have access to therapeutic services to secure their basic needs of safety, love/belonging and esteem are met where needed.
- to ensure that our disadvantaged children have good levels of attendance (95%+)
- To ensure that all children who require catchup from lost learning during national lockdown achieve their individualised and personalised targets in Reading, writing and Maths.
- To ensure staff are using whole class evidence based teaching strategies to ensure they are supported in providing good or better provision consistently.
- To provide additional 1:1 and small group support with a focus on diminishing literacy and numeracy gaps for identified pupils.
- To widen their life experiences; encouraging memorable and applied learning experiences and broadening language experience therefore giving motivation to communicate.

Challenges

This details the key challenges to achievement that we have identified among our disadvantaged pupils.

Challenge number	Detail of challenge
1	Pressure on families due to working hours and younger siblings in the family.
2	Difficulties experienced with other siblings in the family.
3	Not having access to equipment to allow home learning during the Pandemic.
4	Difficulties with assessing the literacy level without face to face contact.
5	A number of pupil premium students come from households where English is not spoken or used infrequently/ in an adapted form so that the only experience the students have of English as a means of communication and study is in school. Whilst this could be a strength long term as they will be bilingual adults, it is currently a barrier to their learning the primary curriculum at the same pace as their peers.
6	Impact of Pandemic on readiness to learn and delays in progression
7	Students are not always 'ready to learn' in school because of factors beyond the school. This can mean that pupils are not in a secure place mentally/emotionally or that they demonstrate poor learning skills such as difficulties with organisation, commitment and resilience. Some students have

	experienced traumatic events in their prior life history which they need support to process and are having an impact on their relationships and engagement in school.
8	The impact of school closures in the last two academic years has been significant for this group of students. The youngest students have delayed development of skills due to loss of experience and the oldest have gaps in their learning due to the variations in the ways in which they studied aspects of the curriculum over time. Brought students into school based provision during the period of school closures, they have bigger gaps in their learning than the average for their peer group.
9	There are also a group of pupils within this cohort with multiple challenges upon whom the impact of school closures has been more significant.

Intended outcomes

This explains the outcomes we are aiming for **by the end of our current strategy plan**, and how we will measure whether they have been achieved.

Intended outcome	Success criteria
1 Outcomes of disadvantaged children is no lower than the children with the same baseline.	GLD and Phonics screening results are equal between the whole cohort and the PPG groups in school.
2 Pupil premium students have the language skills to access the academic and social aspects of school life.	The attainment gap between pupil premium students with an EAL profile and their peers narrows over time in both teacher assessment and testing outcomes Pupil premium students with an EAL profile are able to meet the Key Performance Indicators for English in their year group.
3 Pupil premium students are able to recover from the impact of school closures in 2020 and 2021 to attain outcomes in line with that of their peer group locally and nationally as well as reach expected outcomes.	All pupil premium students attain at least the levels expected based on their prior attainment in teacher assessment and testing. Increasing numbers of pupil premium students attain greater depth in end of Key Stage assessments.
4 Attendance and engagement for this group of students improves over time.	Attendance for students in this group on average meets the school target of 95% or better. Students in this group with complex needs are supported to access support beyond school where appropriate e.g., CAMHS.

Activity in this academic year

This details how we intend to spend our pupil premium (and recovery premium funding) **this academic year** to address the challenges listed above.

Teaching (for example, CPD, recruitment and retention)

Budgeted cost: £ 8000

Activity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s) addressed
Have in place an LSA to support the Year 1 team with behaviour of pupil	https://educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk/education-evidence/teaching-learning-toolkit/oral-language-interventions	7
Provide training for the EYFS lead on SEND support	As a school we have seen that having an off site SENCO is not effective as they cannot support teachers or directly support pupils	7
Loan of digital equipment	http://educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk/toolkit/approaches/digital-technology	3

Targeted academic support (for example, tutoring, one-to-one support structured interventions)

Budgeted cost: £ 4000

Activity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s) addressed
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Phonics intervention groups organised by SENCO with the HLTA	http://educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk/toolkit/approaches/phonics http://educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk/toolkit/approaches/small-group-tuition	6
Purchased Little Wandle synthetic phonics programme	http://educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk/toolkit/approaches/phonics	5
Early Literacy assessment	Schools in the area use Accelerated Reading scheme which this is part of and the results are an increased reading age of 2 months	4
Support for children to access after school provision	https://educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk/education-evidence/teaching-learning-toolkit/physical-activity	1/9
Employed an extra TA to free the HLTA to run Phonics intervention	http://educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk/toolkit/approaches/phonics http://educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk/toolkit/approaches/small-group-tuition	8/6

Wider strategies (for example, related to attendance, behaviour, wellbeing)

Budgeted cost: £ 10000

Activity	Evidence that supports this approach	Challenge number(s) addressed
Support families in terms of wrap around care for the coming year	https://educationendowmentfoundation.org.uk/education-evidence/teaching-learning-toolkit/parental-engagement Other evidence: Need identified nationally and internally after analysing impact of school closures	1

	In response to school pupil premium information being sent out, increased numbers of families are registering to seek support for their students to access provision	
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Total budgeted cost: £ 22000

Part B: Review of outcomes in the previous academic year

Pupil premium strategy outcomes

This details the impact that our pupil premium activity had on pupils in the 2020 to 2021 academic year.

The year ended with a GLD of 86.2% which was above the 75% target for the school which was set before the Pandemic. The PPG group achieved in line with this through targeted interventions in Phonics

The provision of iPads to some PPG pupils allowed their access to online lessons in the Pandemic.

Externally provided programmes

Please include the names of any non-DfE programmes that you purchased in the previous academic year. This will help the Department for Education identify which ones are popular in England

Programme	Provider
Assessment of Early Literacy	Renaissance learning

Further information (optional)

As this has been the first year of operation and the school is growing by one year group every year it is difficult to predict the number of recipients for the coming years therefore, we have only produced a two-year plan based on present numbers.