Oxford Cambridge and RSA

## GCSE

## Mathematics (9-1)

Unit J560/01: Paper 1(Foundation Tier)
General Certificate of Secondary Education

Mark Scheme for June 2017

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This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which marks were awarded by examiners. It does not indicate the details of the discussions which took place at an examiners' meeting before marking commenced.

All examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the published question papers and the report on the examination.

OCR will not enter into any discussion or correspondence in connection with this mark scheme.

Annotations used in the detailed Mark Scheme.

| Annotation | Meaning |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\checkmark$ | Correct |
| $\boldsymbol{x}$ | Incorrect |
| BOD | Benefit of doubt |
| FT | Follow through |
| ISW | Ignore subsequent working (after correct answer obtained), provided method has been completed |
| M0 | Method mark awarded 0 |
| M1 | Method mark awarded 1 |
| M2 | Method mark awarded 2 |
| A1 | Accuracy mark awarded 1 |
| B1 | Independent mark awarded 1 |
| B2 | Independent mark awarded 2 |
| MR | Misread |
| SC | Special case |
| $\wedge$ | Omission sign |

## Subject-Specific Marking Instructions

1. M marks are for using a correct method and are not lost for purely numerical errors.

A marks are for an accurate answer and depend on preceding M (method) marks. Therefore M0 A1 cannot be awarded.
B marks are independent of $\mathbf{M}$ (method) marks and are for a correct final answer, a partially correct answer, or a correct intermediate stage. SC marks are for special cases that are worthy of some credit.
2. Unless the answer and marks columns of the mark scheme specify $\mathbf{M}$ and $\mathbf{A}$ marks etc, or the mark scheme is 'banded', then if the correct answer is clearly given and is not from wrong working full marks should be awarded.

Do not award the marks if the answer was obtained from an incorrect method, ie incorrect working is seen and the correct answer clearly follows from it.
3. Where follow through (FT) is indicated in the mark scheme, marks can be awarded where the candidate's work follows correctly from a previous answer whether or not it was correct.

Figures or expressions that are being followed through are sometimes encompassed by single quotation marks after the word their for clarity, eg FT $180 \times$ (their ' 37 ' +16 ), or FT $300-\sqrt{ }\left(\right.$ their $\left.5^{2}+7^{2}\right)$. Answers to part questions which are being followed through are indicated by eg FT $3 \times$ their (a).

For questions with FT available you must ensure that you refer back to the relevant previous answer. You may find it easier to mark these questions candidate by candidate rather than question by question.
4. Where dependent (dep) marks are indicated in the mark scheme, you must check that the candidate has met all the criteria specified for the mark to be awarded.
5. The following abbreviations are commonly found in GCSE Mathematics mark schemes.

- cao means correct answer only.
- figs 237 , for example, means any answer with only these digits. You should ignore leading or trailing zeros and any decimal point eg
- 237000, 2.37, 2.370, 0.00237 would be acceptable but 23070 or 2374 would not
- isw means ignore subsequent working (after correct answer obtained).
- nfww means not from wrong working.
- oe means or equivalent.
- rot means rounded or truncated.
- seen means that you should award the mark if that number/expression is seen anywhere in the answer space, including the answer line, even if it is not in the method leading to the final answer.
- soi means seen or implied.

6. Make no deductions for wrong work after an acceptable answer unless the mark scheme says otherwise, indicated for example by the instruction 'mark final answer'.
7. As a general principle, if two or more methods are offered, mark only the method that leads to the answer on the answer line. If two (or more) answers are offered, mark the poorer (poorest).
8. When the data of a question is consistently misread in such a way as not to alter the nature or difficulty of the question, please follow the candidate's work and allow follow through for $\mathbf{A}$ and $\mathbf{B}$ marks. Deduct 1 mark from any $\mathbf{A}$ or $\mathbf{B}$ marks earned and record this by using the MR annotation. $\mathbf{M}$ marks are not deducted for misreads.
9. Unless the question asks for an answer to a specific degree of accuracy, always mark at the greatest number of significant figures even if this is rounded or truncated on the answer line. For example, an answer in the mark scheme is 15.75 , which is seen in the working. The candidate then rounds or truncates this to $15.8,15$ or 16 on the answer line. Allow full marks for the 15.75 .
10. If the correct answer is seen in the body and the answer given in the answer space is a clear transcription error allow full marks unless the mark scheme says 'mark final answer' or 'cao'. Place the annotation $\checkmark$ next to the correct answer.

If the answer space is blank but the correct answer is seen in the body allow full marks. Place the annotation $\checkmark$ next to the correct answer.
If the correct answer is seen in the working but a completely different answer is seen in the answer space, then accuracy marks for the answer are lost. Method marks would still be awarded. Use the M0, M1, M2 annotations as appropriate and place the annotation $\times$ next to the wrong answer.
11. Ranges of answers given in the mark scheme are always inclusive.
12. For methods not provided for in the mark scheme give as far as possible equivalent marks for equivalent work. If in doubt, consult your Team Leader.
13. Anything in the mark scheme which is in square brackets [...] is not required for the mark to be earned, but if present it must be correct.

| Question |  |  | Answer | Marks | Part marks and guidance |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | (a) | (i) | 44 | 1 |  | $\pm 2^{\circ}$ |
|  |  | (i) | Acute | 1 |  | Condone incorrect spelling |
|  | (b) |  | Parallel | 1 |  | Condone incorrect spelling |
| 2 | (a) | (i) | > | 1 |  |  |
|  |  | (i) | = | 1 |  |  |
|  | (b) |  | 184300 | 1 |  |  |
|  | (c) |  | [0]. 625 | 1 |  |  |
| 3 | (a) |  | 42 | 1 |  |  |
|  | (b) |  | 81 | 1 |  |  |
|  | (c) |  | 11, 23 and 41 | 2 | B1 for 2 or 3 correct with no more than 1 incorrect |  |
| 4 |  |  | $\frac{28}{40} \text { oe }$ | 3 | B2 for 0.7 or $70 \%$ <br> OR <br> B1 for 8 or 4 or $30 / 100$ oe and M1 for 40 - their $(8+4)$ soi by 28 | Answer must be a fraction ignore cancelling of fraction after $\frac{28}{40}$ but not conversion to decimal or percentage <br> Allow 8/40 or $4 / 40$ or 12 nfww |
| 5 | (a) | (i) | $(4,3)$ | 1 |  |  |


| Question |  |  | Answer | Marks | Part marks and guidance |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | (ii) | $(-2,-1)$ | 1 |  |  |
|  | (b) |  | Point plotted at (3,- 2) | 1 |  | Condone use of a letter (R) if clearly in correct position |
|  | (c) |  | line $y=3$ drawn | 1 | minimum length 1 square |  |
| 6 |  |  | 9.2 | 3 | M1 for $0.17 \times 54$ oe <br> A1 for 9.18 If 0 scored SC1 for their answer rounded to 1dp, if two dp or more seen. | Allow fully correct non calculator method for 1 mark allow 1 error in addition |
| 7 | (a) |  | $12 t-10 u$ or $2(6 t-5 u)$ cao | 2 | B1 for $12 t$ or - 10u in final answer | 12t + - 10u scores B1 |
|  | (b) |  | $5(v+4 w)$ | 1 |  | Condone omission of final bracket |
|  | (c) |  | -3 and -7 | 3 | M2 for $(x+3)$ and $(x+7)$ <br> M1 for $(x+a)$ and $(x+b)$ where $a b=$ 21 or $a+b=10$ <br> B1 ft their quadratic factors If 0 scored SC1 for answer $\pm 7$ and $\pm 3$ | ft their quadratic factors condone omission of final bracket |
| 8 | (a) |  | 240 | 1 |  |  |


| Question |  |  | 10 Answer | Marks <br> 1 | Part marks and guidance |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | (b) |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | (c) |  | No, with correct supporting values and justification | 4 | B3 for 1.374 to 1.38 [kg] or 1374 to 1380 [g] or 74 to $80[g]$ or 0.074 to 0.08 [kg] or 14[..people] <br> OR <br> B1 for $1.3 \times 1000$ soi by 1300 or their $1375 \div 1000$ and <br> M1 for $15 \div 6$ soi by 2.5 or $550 \div 6$ soi by $91.6[6]$ or 91.7 and <br> M1 for $550 \times 2.5=1375$ or $1300 \div$ their $91.6[6]$ or their $91.6[6] \times 15$ | Accept equivalent method |
| 9 | (a) |  | 30 | 1 |  |  |
|  | (b) | (i) | $\begin{array}{ll}  & 15 \\ 24 & \\ 13 & 39 \end{array}$ | $1$ |  |  |
|  |  | (ii) | fully labelled pie chart with at least 3 sectors correctly drawn | 2 | B1 for 1 correct sector correctly labelled or pie chart with at least 3 sectors correctly drawn with incorrect or no labels | Wayne 144 Harry 15 Obi 72 Antony 39 <br> Allow $\pm 2^{\circ}$ |


| Question |  | Answer | Marks | Part marks and guidance |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10 |  | No he has scored 85[.2\%] or no he needs at least 52.46 (52.5/53) to pass oe | 2 | ```M1 for 52 % 61 or 52 % 0.61 soi by 0.85[2...] or 85[.2%] .. or 0.86 \times 61 soi by 52.46 or 52.5 or 53``` |  |
| 11 |  | Identifying there are not enough coaches or too many people with correct justification | 2 | M1 for $320 \div 53$ soi by $6.03[$ [.] or $53 \times 6$ soi by 318 or 2 or $320 \div 6$ soi by 53.3 | No, he needs 7 coaches alone scores 0 See appendix |
| 12 |  | 8 | 2 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { M1 for } 2 \times 16[\div 4] \\ & \text { or } 16 \div 2 \text { (speed) } \end{aligned}$ | 32 alone scores 0 |
| 13 | (a) | 3 cao | 1 |  |  |
|  | (b) | 1.5 | 3 | M1 for $6 \times 25000$ soi by 150000 or <br> B1 for figs 15 or $1 \mathrm{~cm}: 0.25 \mathrm{~km}$ and <br> M1 for their $150000 \div 100000$ or for their $0.25 \times 6$ |  |
|  | (c) | $\frac{6}{13}$ | 1 |  |  |
| 14 | (a) | $5.43 \times 10^{5}$ | 1 |  |  |
|  | (b) | [0]. 063 | 1 |  |  |
|  | (c) | No, it isn't in standard form, e.g it should be $2.4[4] \times 10^{8}$ | 1 |  | See appendix |




| Question |  | Answer | Marks | Part marks and guidance |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 17 |  | 277830 | 3 | M2 for $240000 \times 1.05^{3}$ or <br> M1 for $240000 \times 1.05^{2}$ soi by or 264600 <br> If 0 scored SC1 for 291721[.5] or 291722 |  |
| 18 | (a) | $2 \times 5 \times 7^{2} \mathrm{oe}$ | 2 | B1 for only 2, 5 and 7 identified or <br> M1 for any correct factor pair of 490 | Condone inclusion of 1 for $\mathbf{B 1}$ <br> Not 1 and 490 |
|  | (b) | 1220 [pm] | 4 | SC3 for 1220 am OR <br> B2 for LCM as 200 <br> and <br> M1 for 9:00 plus their LCM <br> OR <br> M1 for $25=5 \times 5$ and $40=2 \times 2 \times 2 \times$ <br> 5 <br> and <br> M1 for 9:00 plus their LCM <br> OR <br> B1 for listing [0]925, [0]950, 1015 and <br> B1 for listing [0]940, 1020, 1100 |  |


| Question |  | Answer | Marks | Part marks and guidance |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{1 9}$ | (a) | $\begin{array}{l}0.7 \\ 0.8,0.2,0.8,0.2\end{array}$ | $\mathbf{1}$ |  |  |
| $\mathbf{1}$ |  |  |  |  |  |$)$



| Question |  | Answer | Marks | Part marks and guidance |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 22 | (a) | 135 | 2 | B1 for angle 45 | e.g 45 marked at ACB or ABC or 180 45 or $90+45$ |
|  | (b) | 209 to 209.1 | 4 | M2 for $\tan ^{-1}(45 \div 25)$ or $\tan ^{-1}(25 \div 45)$ soi by $61,60.94$ to 60.95 or 29[.1] , 29.05... <br> or <br> M1 for $\tan [=] 45 \div 25$ or $\tan [=] 25 \div 45$ <br> AND <br> M1 for 270 - their angleABD or $180+$ their angleADB | Accept longer methods but they must get to the equivalent point to gain credit e.g. if they find the hypotenuse, they score M0 until they start to use sin or cos. <br> Can be implied by their answer |
| 23 | (a) | 4 points accurately plotted | 2 | B1 for 2 or 3 points accurately plotted | Condone missing or incorrect lines |



| Question |  |  | Answer | Marks | Part marks and guidance |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 24 | (a) |  | $\begin{aligned} & 24 \\ & 31 \end{aligned}$ | 5 | M1 for $3 X+2 Y=134$ oe <br> M1 for $2 X+5 Y=203$ oe <br> M1 for multiplying both equations by scalars to equate coefficients of one variable (allow one arithmetic error) <br> M1 for correct method to eliminate one variable (allow one arithmetic error) <br> if M4 not scored award B3 for one correct answer | allow any correct method e.g. substitution <br> M1 for rearranging one equation to make X or Y the subject, $X=\frac{134-2 Y}{3}$ <br> M1 for substitution of their expression in the other equation |
|  | (b) |  | Any correct comment relating to distance | 1 |  | See appendix |

## APPENDIX

Exemplar responses for Q11

| Response | Mark |
| :--- | :---: |
| No -6 coaches only hold 318 people which is 2 short | $\mathbf{2}$ |
| Gary needs an extra coach for the other 2 people | $\mathbf{2}$ |
| $320 \div 6=53.3333$. no you can't split a person up into 3 parts, you will need 7 coaches | $\mathbf{2}$ |
| $320 / 53=6.03$ No because it's a decimal you need to round up not down | $\mathbf{2}$ |
| $53 \times 6=318$ Gary is not correct as 6 coaches will mean 2 people will not be aloud on the coaches | $\mathbf{2}$ |
| Gary is incorrect 6 coaches only hold 318 people so he needs 7 | $\mathbf{2}$ |
| 6 coaches hold 318 so there will be 2 people left | $\mathbf{2}$ bod |
| $320 / 53=6.03 . .$. No he is wrong he will need more | $\mathbf{2}$ |
| Gary is correct $320 / 53=6.0$ | $\mathbf{1}$ |
| $320 / 6=53.3$ Not enough room one person will be left behind (in fact two people are left behind!) | $\mathbf{1}$ |

Exemplar responses for Q14c

| Response | Mark |
| :--- | :---: |
| He is not correct because the decimal point was moved to make a number bigger than 10 | $\mathbf{1}$ bod |
| No because the number has to be between 1 and 10 | $\mathbf{1}$ bod |
| No because the number has to be between 1 and 9, it should be $2.44 \times 10^{8}$ | $\mathbf{1}$ bod |
| No because the decimal has to be lower than 10 | $\mathbf{1}$ bod |
| No only 1 number should be before decimal point and he wrote 2 | $\mathbf{1}$ |
| It should be $2.44 \times 10^{8}$ | $\mathbf{1}$ |
| Standard form is $2.44 \times 10^{8}$ | $\mathbf{1}$ |
| No because the number has to be between 1 and 9 | $\mathbf{0}$ |
| Pierre is not correct as it is $2.44 \times 10^{7}$ and he got $24.4 \times 10^{7}$ | $\mathbf{0}$ |
| No the power should be 8 | $\mathbf{0}$ |

Exemplar responses for Q24b

| Response | Mark |
| :--- | :---: |
| He does no other driving other than routes $X$ and $Y$ in the week | $\mathbf{1}$ |
| There are no diversions or detours | $\mathbf{1}$ |
| He sets off from the same place each time | $\mathbf{1}$ |
| That he only drives these two routes | $\mathbf{1}$ |
| They are the same 2 routes and never change | $\mathbf{1}$ |
| He could of gone to other routes as well as $X$ \& Y routes. He didn't drive anywhere else. | $\mathbf{1}$ |
| That Dan isn't driving anywhere else during the week | $\mathbf{1}$ |
| The routes are correctly measured | $\mathbf{1}$ |
| He takes exactly the same route each time | $\mathbf{1}$ |
| He hasn't taken any breaks | $\mathbf{0}$ |
| There are no stops | $\mathbf{0}$ |
| There is no traffic jams | $\mathbf{0}$ |
| He does not cancel his drive | $\mathbf{0}$ |
| That no stops in petrol stations were made | $\mathbf{0}$ |
| Y has a longer route than X | $\mathbf{0}$ |
| Dan prefers to drive route Y as he has driven it more than route $X$ | $\mathbf{0}$ |
| He didn't drive route $X$ or Y there and back | $\mathbf{0}$ |
| That there is no traffic or road works | $\mathbf{0}$ |

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