

# Flood Hazard Area Delineation Cherry Creek Minor Tributaries

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**Project Sponsors:** 

MHFD MILE HIGH FLOOD DISTRICT



Prepared by:



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# in Arapahoe County

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October 29, 2021

Mr. Jon Villines – Watershed Manager Mile High Flood District 2480 West 26th Avenue, Suite 156-B Denver, Colorado 80211

Subject: Cherry Creek Minor Tributaries In Arapahoe County Major Drainageway Plan Flood Hazard Area Delineation MHFD Agreement No. 18-08.13

Dewberry Engineers is pleased to submit the Digital Flood Hazard Area Delineation Report for Cherry Creek Minor Tributaries in Arapahoe County to the Mile High Flood District, the Southeast Metro Stormwater Authority, and the City of Aurora.

This report provides a description of the watersheds, updated hydrologic modeling for eleven major basins upstream of Cherry Creek Reservoir, new detailed hydraulic modeling for five of the eleven major basins, and an assessment of damage that would occur under existing conditions in major flood events.

Included within the study area are more than twenty (20) miles of drainageways, which convey stormwater runoff from approximately 4,320 acres. Drivers for this project include providing additional data for unstudied areas, updating data from previously studied areas, quantifying potential impacts caused by limited regional detention, and providing guidance for development that is anticipated with the King's Point Development near 17 Mile Farm House.

Approximately 8.6 miles of detailed HEC-RAS hydraulic modeling was completed for five major basins: Little Raven Creek, Joplin Tributary, South Arapahoe Tributary, Chenango Tributary, and Kragelund Tributary.

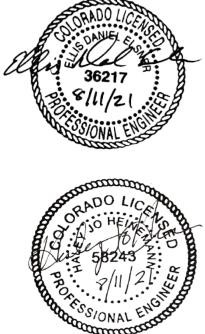
The report format and submittal are intended to follow the requirements of the Mile High Flood District DFHAD Guidelines. This report provides the following information:

- A summary of the hydrologic and hydraulic analyses,
- HEC-RAS water surface profiles for the 10-, 25-, 50-, 100-, and 500-year storm events, and
- Delineation of the 100- and 500-year floodplains, and a 0.5-foot rise floodway.

This floodplain and floodway information provide Arapahoe County, City of Aurora, Southeast Metro Stormwater Authority, and Mile High Flood District updated or new analyses and mapping for better floodplain management, depending on each basin.

The project team at Dewberry acknowledges and thanks the Mile High Flood District, the Southeast Metro Stormwater Authority, the City of Aurora, and Arapahoe County for their assistance and cooperation in the preparation of this study. Thank you for the opportunity to complete this portion of the project.

Sincerely,



Danny Elsner, P.E., CFM Water Resources Department Manager

Haley Heinemann, P.E., CFM Engineer



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## **1.0 INTRODUCTION**

## **1.1 Authorization**

The Mile High Flood District (MHFD) contracted with Dewberry Engineers Inc. (previously Dewberry | J3) for engineering services to complete a Major Drainageway Plan (MDP) and Flood Hazard Area Delineation (FHAD) for the Cherry Creek Minor Tributaries in Arapahoe County. This report was authorized by the following project sponsors: MHFD, the Southeast Metro Stormwater Authority (SEMSWA), and the City of Aurora (COA). Arapahoe County (AC) is also involved in this project as a stakeholder. The specific tasks completed during this project were performed in accordance with the Agreement: Contract No. 18-08.13 executed on August 30, 2018.

## 1.2 Purpose and Scope

The purpose of this project is to create an MDP for 11 major basins and a FHAD for 5 of those major basins that are tributary to Cherry Creek. This project provides new and updated hydrology, flood hazard area mapping, alternatives analysis, and conceptual design for specific improvements that correct any deficiencies that are identified.

Several of the studied tributaries were previously unnamed and are subsequently named herein: Little Raven Creek (previously North Unnamed Tributary), Suhaka Creek (previously Tributary to Cottonwood Creek), and Kragelund Tributary (previously South Unnamed Tributary).

The tributaries included in this study are as follows: Little Raven Creek (LR), Suhaka Creek (S), Joplin Tributary (J), Grove Ranch Tributary (GR), Valley Club Acres Tributary (VCA), North Arapahoe Tributary (NA), South Arapahoe Tributary (SA), Chenango Tributary (C), Tagawa Tributary (T), Kragelund Tributary (K), 17 Mile Tributary (17).

Several of the tributaries in this study are comprised of little to no open channel or were excluded from the FHAD by the project sponsors. The tributaries included in the FHAD are as follows: Little Raven Creek (LR), Joplin Tributary (J), South Arapahoe Tributary (SA), Chenango Tributary (C), Kragelund Tributary (K).

The project stakeholders' primary goals are to confirm watershed hydrology, define the floodplain and flood risks, and evaluate alternatives to reduce or eliminate those risks, as necessary. This Major Drainageway Plan makes it possible to evaluate necessary improvements to reduce peak flows and stabilize tributary reaches by implementing detention (if possible), grade control, and water quality facilities.

A summary of the objectives of the study is as follows:

• Quantify project hydrology,

- Quantify magnitude of runoff and associated flood risks,
- Identify alternatives to address flood hazards and/or conveyance deficiencies, and
- Provide conceptual design for recommended improvements.

## **1.3 Planning Process**

Portions of the project area have been studied in an Outfall Systems Plan that was completed in 1999 (WRC Engineering, Inc., 1999). Seven tributaries and 4 DFAs were previously studied in the 1999 Cherry Creek Corridor Reservoir to County Line Outfall Systems Plan by WRC (WRC Engineering, Inc., 1999). However, a detailed hydraulic analysis to define the distinct floodplains has not been completed. This data was approximately 20 years old at the time of this study and does not reflect all revisions to land use. Four notable areas of interest not captured by the 1999 study are the undeveloped areas within the watershed of Kragelund Tributary; drainage across the 17 Mile Farm property; the Grove Ranch area and active erosion at the Pioneer Hills Development. Additionally, 2 existing detention ponds, 1 on Joplin Tributary and 1 on North Arapahoe Tributary, are included in this analysis.

A kickoff meeting and several progress meetings were held to discuss the project goals, project status, hydrologic analysis, areas of concern, potential alternatives, and comments with MHFD and the project sponsors. The meetings were held on September 10, 2018, October 23, 2018, January 14, 2019, April 10, 2019, August 5, 2019, October 24, 2019 and February 2, 2021. Minutes from the meetings are included in Appendix A.

The baseline hydrology developed for this study represents an updated analysis using CUHP 2016 version 2.0.0 and EPA SWMM version 5.1. Further explanation of the hydrologic modeling process is included in **Section 3.0**.

MHFD and the project sponsors reviewed the draft baseline hydrology and returned comments on January 14, 2019. Comments were received on the flood hazard area delineation at each step of the review process. The comments were incorporated into the final report. Summaries of the review comments and responses are included in Appendix A.

A project website was created to provide updated information on the project and can be found at <u>www.cherrycreektributaries.com</u>.

\*Following completion of the baseline hydrology in January 2018, additional storm sewer infrastructure data was obtained from CDOT As-Builts for the Arapahoe/Parker interchange project (Federal Aid Project No. STU 0831-107 dated May 9, 2012). These plans depict existing storm sewer lines that were not included in the municipal GIS shapefiles used to inform the original baseline hydrology modeling. In an effort to better characterize urban flooding on Arapahoe Road and within Valley Club Acres, the baseline hydrology SWMM model was revised to reflect the 2012 CDOT plans. The outputs documented in the text and appendices of this report have been updated to reflect these revisions. See **Section 3.7** for additional information.

flood risks, and/or conveyance deficiencies, and improvements.

## **1.4 Mapping and Surveys**

One-foot contours from 2014 USGS LiDAR data were provided by MHFD for the Project Area, as well as a structure survey for detailed information at each crossing. Other information such as jurisdictional boundaries, stormwater infrastructure, and roadways were obtained from the COA, SEMSWA, and Arapahoe County. All data is spatially referenced using the *NAD 1983 Colorado State Plane, Central Zone* projected coordinate system and vertical elevations for the contours are referenced using the *NAVD 1988* vertical datum.

## 1.5 Data Collection

Background research and data collection were required to conduct the analysis and to develop this Major Drainageway Plan. This included development plans, drainage reports, topographic data, land use data and miscellaneous items. Stakeholders provided much of the topographic and land use data while Dewberry located the remainder. These sources are identified in **Table 1-1**.

## Table 1-1 Collected Data

Source	Date	Description
MHFD	Sep 25, 2018	1-foot LIDAR contour shapefiles developed by the USGS in 2014.
SEMSWA	Sep 27, 2018	Impervious data for incorporated areas within the City of Centennial. Dewberry created project shape files to describe resultant Land Use.
City of Aurora	Oct 1, 2018	Digital PDF copies of development plans for the Kings Point Development.
MHFD	Nov 5, 2018	Detailed structure surveys by Wilson & Co were provided as AutoCAD electronic files.
National Land Cover Database	Nov 20, 2018	NLCD raster image with land use categories for entire area. Dewberry used this information to backcheck the Land Use layer.
City of Aurora & SEMSWA	Sep 27 & Nov 27, 2018	Detailed mapping of stormwater infrastructure was downloaded from the public domain as shapefiles.
Arapahoe County	Nov 27, 2018	Partial land use data, including the 2018 Comprehensive Plan provided as shapefiles. Dewberry created shapefiles where data was incomplete.
Arapahoe County & City of Aurora	Nov 27, 2018	Zoning data for some areas. Dewberry considered these shape files when developing a Land Use layer.
Arapahoe County	Nov 27, 2018	Natural water elements including streams and lakes.
SEMSWA & Arapahoe County	Dec 5, 2018	Development Plans for King's Point, Basin RB1-Pond 4 (RB1-4) Drainage Improvements, and Filings 7,8 & 9 of the Farm at Arapahoe County.
MHFD	Feb 6, 2019	Detailed structure survey for the North Arapahoe pond on North Arapahoe Tributary.

MHFD	July 8, 2019	Detailed struc Chambers Ro
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#### **1.6 Acknowledgments**

Project sponsors include:

- Mile High Flood District
- Southeast Metro Stormwater Authority
- Arapahoe County
- City of Aurora

Dewberry wishes to acknowledge the various individuals who assisted in the preparation of this Master Plan and who provided valuable contributions. The following individuals and the agencies they represented are:

Shea Thomas, PE	MHFD – Wa
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Stacey Thompson, CFM	MHFD – Flo
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 Arapahoe County – Open Space Planning Administrator
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## 2.0 STUDY AREA DESCRIPTION

## 2.1 Project Area

The project area consists of 11 tributaries upstream of Cherry Creek Reservoir within Arapahoe County (Project Reuse Watershed No. 4600). The watersheds are within the Cities of Aurora, Centennial, Greenwood Village, the Town of Foxfield, and unincorporated Arapahoe County. Figure 2-1 shows the 11 watersheds and the FHAD reaches. **Table 2-1** and **Table 2-2** list the lengths, areas, and jurisdictions of each basin. Tributary lengths were either approximated from the MHFD stream layer or, if included in the FHAD analysis, determined during the hydraulic modeling phase.

Tributary	Tributary	/ Length	Water	shed Area
mbutary	(ft)	(mi)	(ac)	(mi²)
Little Raven Creek (LR)	6,556/2,307	1.2/0.4	349	0.55
Suhaka Creek (S)	6,100	1.2	360	0.56
Joplin Tributary (J)	10,669/8,470	2.0/1.6	774	1.21
Grove Ranch Tributary (GR)	4,450	0.8	81	0.13
Valley Club Acres Tributary (VCA)	5,350	1.0	207	0.32
North Arapahoe Tributary (NA)	9,874	1.9	372	0.58
South Arapahoe Tributary (SA)	7,500/2,959	1.4/0.6	396	0.62
Chenango Tributary (C)	10,875/10,647	2.1/2.0	917	1.43
Tagawa Tributary (T)	5,760	1.1	107	0.17
Kragelund Tributary (K)	10,048/9,285	1.9/1.8	611	0.95
17 Mile Tributary (17)	4,126	0.8	145	0.23
TOTAL		·	4,319	6.75

 Table 2-1
 Watershed Areas and Tributary Lengths

\***Bold** = included in the FHAD study

Tributary Length = Total length/Length modeled in FHAD

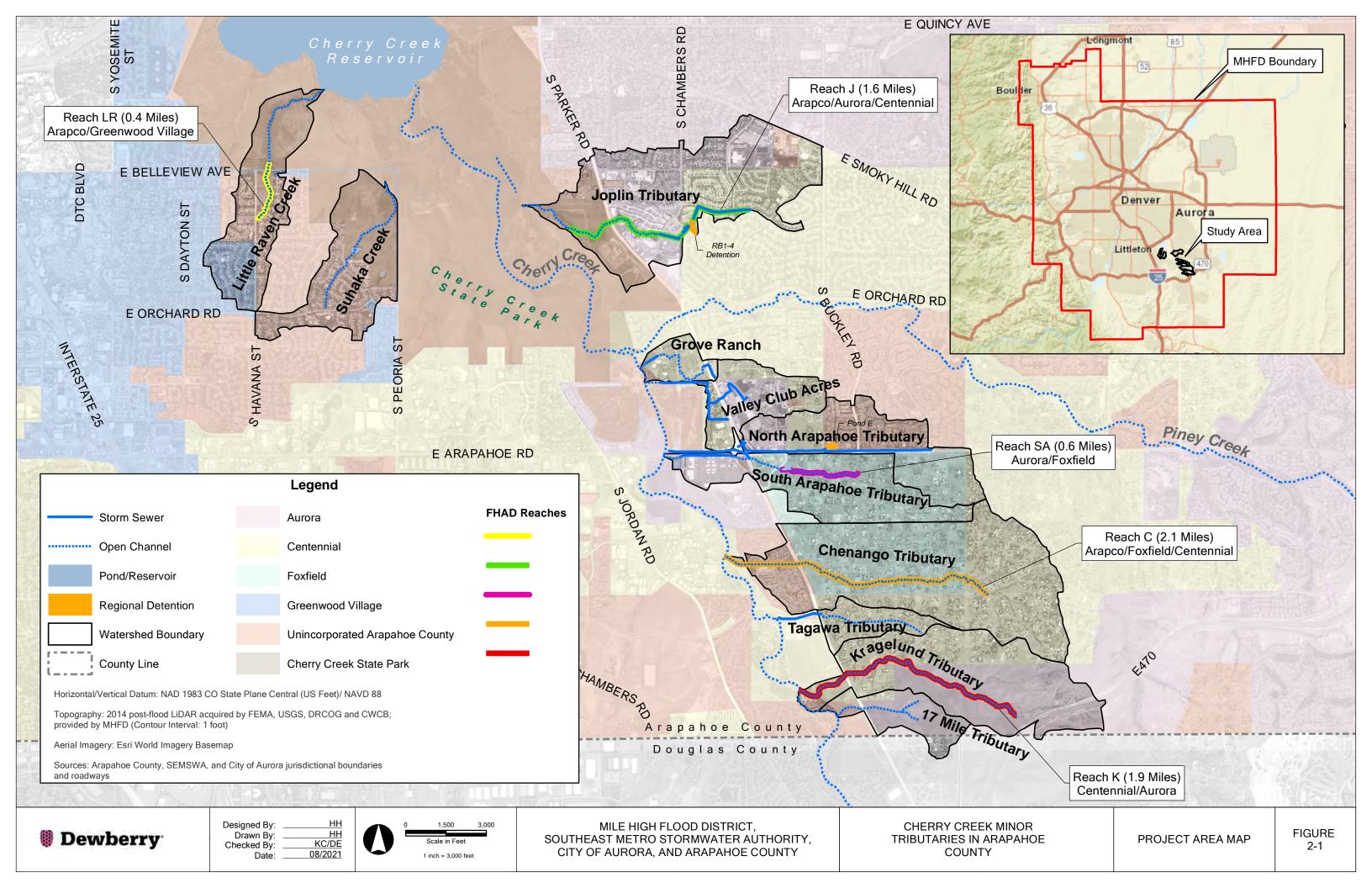
The overall project area is roughly bounded by Cherry Creek Reservoir to the north, S. Dayton St. to the west, S. Himalaya Way to the east, and the county line and E-470 to the south. Eight of the tributaries are bounded by Piney Creek to the north and the county line to the south, and outfall to Cherry Creek. Joplin lies north of Piney Creek, bounded by E. Smoky Hill Rd, and outfalls to Cherry Creek. Two tributaries do not outfall directly to Cherry Creek: Little Raven Creek and Suhaka Creek. Little Raven

Creek outfalls directly to the reservoir and is bounded to the south by E. Orchard Rd. Suhaka Creek outfalls to Cottonwood Creek just upstream of the reservoir, and the basin is bounded to the west by S. Havana St. The total watershed area studied is 6.75 square miles or 4,319 acres.

Several of the tributaries in this study are comprised of little to no open channel or were excluded from the FHAD by the project sponsors. The tributaries included in the FHAD are as follows: Little Raven Creek (LR), Joplin Tributary (J), South Arapahoe Tributary (SA), Chenango Tributary (C), Kragelund Tributary (K). These tributaries are shown in bold in Table 2-1 and Table 2-2.

## Table 2-2 Watershed Outfalls and Jurisdictions

Outfall	Jurisdiction
Cherry Creek Reservoir	SEMSWA, Unincorporated Arapahoe County, City of Greenwood Village, Cherry Creek State Park
Cottonwood Creek	SEMSWA, Unincorporated Arapahoe County, City of Greenwood Village, Cherry Creek State Park
Cherry Creek	SEMSWA, City of Aurora, Unincorporated Arapahoe County
Cherry Creek	SEMSWA (City of Centennial, Unincorporated Arapahoe County)
Cherry Creek	SEMSWA (City of Centennial, Unincorporated Arapahoe County), City of Aurora
Cherry Creek	SEMSWA (City of Centennial, Unincorporated Arapahoe County), City of Aurora, Town of Foxfield
Cherry Creek	SEMSWA, City of Aurora, Unincorporated Arapahoe County, Town of Foxfield
Cherry Creek	SEMSWA, City of Aurora, Unincorporated Arapahoe County, Town of Foxfield
Cherry Creek	SEMSWA (City of Centennial, Unincorporated Arapahoe County)
Cherry Creek	SEMSWA, City of Aurora (City of Centennial, Unincorporated Arapahoe County)
Cherry Creek	SEMSWA, City of Aurora (City of Centennial, Unincorporated Arapahoe County)
	Cherry Creek         Cottonwood         Cottonwood         Cherry Creek         Cherry Creek



#### 2.2 Land Use

Due to the built-out nature of the studied basins, future land use hydrology is considered equal to existing for all basins except two: 17 Mile Tributary and Kragelund Tributary, where large swaths of undeveloped area still exist. As a result, existing conditions land use and hydrology in this study were developed for 17 and K only.

Most of the existing development in the Project Area consists of residential land use. Small pockets of office, commercial, and industrial developments are also present, primarily along the major local thoroughfares such as S. Parker Rd., E. Smoky Hill Rd., and E. Arapahoe Rd. Large portions of Little Raven Creek, Suhaka Creek and Joplin Tributary basins are located within the Cherry Creek State Park. The proposed King's Point Subdivision is anticipated to build out the remaining undeveloped area within the 17 Mile Tributary and Kragelund Tributary basins east of S. Parker Rd. sometime in the near future.

Land use for existing and future conditions was evaluated based on several pieces of data, referenced in Table 1-1. At the start of the project, Arapahoe County and SEMSWA provided future land use GIS data for areas of unincorporated Arapahoe County from the 2018 Comprehensive Plan and PDF maps of the Centennial NEXT Plan. Other data from the County's GIS portal were used to identify land use, including zoning, parks and open space, parcels, and lakes. Additional zoning data from the City of Aurora, the City of Centennial, and Douglas County was used to categorize land use in these areas. The spatial location of the 2 modeled regional detention ponds, Pond RB1-4 in Joplin Watershed and NA Pond (Pond E) in North Arapahoe Watershed, are from SEMSWA's detention pond data. And finally, the extents for S. Parker Rd. and E. Arapahoe Rd. were digitized by hand to include street imperviousness for these major roads. Figure B-2 depicts the sources used to develop land use by location, as well as original Arapahoe County land use designations and original City of Aurora Zoning data.

To determine appropriate percent imperviousness values, the collected land use categories were converted to MHFD land use types and corresponding imperviousness values were assigned using Table 6-3 Recommended Percentage Imperviousness Values in the MHFD Criteria Manual Volume 1, which are included in Table 2-3 for reference (Mile High Flood District, 2016). Composite imperviousness values calculated for each subwatershed are listed in Table B-2 in Appendix B for the existing and future conditions hydrology and maps showing the existing and future land use are shown in Figure B-1 as the Existing Land Use Map and the Future Land Use Map layers.

Planimetric data covering areas such as sidewalks, roofs, and roads was also made available for the City of Aurora and SEMSWA service area as a backcheck of assigned land use imperviousness values. Also, it may be noted that land use data from the National Land Coverage Database (NLCD) was used early in the study to verify the results using MHFD land use and values were similar.

Some specific areas were discussed by stakeholders to agree on some assumptions. First, S. Parker Rd. is planned to be expanded to 6 lanes in the future. This change is not considered as part of this study

since S. Parker Rd., in addition to lakes, detention basins, and E. Arapahoe Rd., has been conservatively assigned as 100% impervious. Second, further development at 17 Mile Farm House was neglected since this area is only 1.8 acres large and the parcel has been assigned a conservative existing land use of single-family 2.5 acres or larger by the municipal data, even though most of the area is undeveloped.

#### Table 2-3 Land Use Categories and Imperviousness

Land Use	Imperviousness (%)
Apartments	75%
Business, Suburban	75%
Industrial, light	80%
Open Water	100%
Parks, cemeteries	10%
SF, 0.25 acres or less	45%
SF, 0.25-0.75 acres	30%
SF, 0.75-2.5 acres	20%
SF, 2.5 acres or larger	12%
Schools	55%
Streets	100%
Undeveloped Areas	2%

#### 2.3 Reach Description

Descriptions of the tributaries are provided in the sections below. Major crossings are listed in Table 2-4.

Little Raven Creek (LR), previously referred to as North Unnamed Tributary, conveys runoff from an approximately 350-acre basin and is 7,700 feet in length. Little Raven Creek was named after the Principal Chief of the Southern Arapahoe Indians and was born on the central Great Plains around 1810 perhaps along the Platte River in present day Nebraska. The tributary is largely controlled by Cherry Creek State Park and is the only tributary in this study with an immediate outfall into Cherry Creek Reservoir. Regional detention and water quality are not present. Upstream of the reservoir, the tributary crosses under W. Lakeview Rd., which is located within the park and utilizes a partially buried, corrugated metal pipe (CMP) to convey the tributary flow. This pipe is a 36" CMP and partially silted in. Upstream to E. Belleview Ave., the tributary is dominated by dense vegetation, several mono-culture cattail areas, and a pedestrian trail crossing named "Pope Trail". The second road crossing is E. Belleview Ave. which utilizes 2 reinforced concrete pipes (RCPs), vertically offset by 5 feet, to convey the tributary flow. Upstream and south of E. Belleview Ave. is a wide storage basin with no outlet controls in place. This area is adjacent to The Hills development and is owned by Cherry Creek State Park. It inadvertently provides detention, however, does not appear to be maintained and thus is not included in evaluation. The tributary continues upstream of Cherry Creek State Park through Bear Park and across S. Havana St. via an elliptical 52" x 32" RCP.

Finally, the tributary continues upstream through a small concrete channel adjacent to the Hills West Swimming Pool and on to an open area that collects overland flow.

This tributary basin includes about 93 acres in the City of Greenwood Village and 256 acres in unincorporated Arapahoe County, 133 acres of which is served by SEMSWA. The area not served by SEMSWA is owned by Cherry Creek State Park. The area is fully built out and there are no vacant properties for future development within this basin. Site visits indicate that small reaches within the State Park may present the most significant challenge where active bank erosion is notable. There is at least 1 exposed utility present, and erosion is occurring in another location along the right bank.

**Suhaka Creek (S)** was added to the project scope of work during the Kickoff Meeting since it has not been previously studied. After the Comment Review meeting the name was changed from Tributary to Cottonwood Creek (TC) to Suhaka Creek, as described in the meeting minutes. Suhaka Tributary was named due to its proximity to the Suhaka Model Airfield named after an avid radio control airplane flyer. The tributary is a left bank tributary to Cottonwood Creek, which discharges to Cherry Creek Reservoir. The drainageway conveys runoff from approximately 360 acres of single-family development with open space at the downstream reaches. The major stormwater conveyance system is comprised of open channel flow that begins upstream near E. Orchard Rd. Further downstream, it crosses Cherry Creek Dr. with 2-48" RCPs. After this point, the tributary flows through a stock pond that is contained on the downstream end by a berm and an elevated broad-crested weir, and is subsequently conveyed as sheet flow to S. Peoria St. Runoff ponds behind a small inlet structure with an orifice plate and overflow grate and upon entering the structure, flows under S. Peoria St. via 2-12" RCP pipes. Flow then continues through a natural earthen channel to Cottonwood Creek.

Most of the watershed lies in unincorporated Arapahoe County with a small 9-acre area located in Greenwood Village near Lake Ct. Approximately 193 acres of this area is served by SEMSWA and the area not served by SEMSWA is owned by Cherry Creek State Park. Challenges include erosion upstream of the stock pond, poorly defined hydraulics from the stock pond to the outfall and lack of ponds that provide water quality or extended detention.

**Joplin Tributary (J)** is a large tributary to Cherry Creek and is approximately 9,700 feet in length. The downstream half of the tributary runs through Cherry Creek State Park where it crosses multiple park trails, and the other half upstream of S. Parker Rd. conveys runoff from dense, mixed-use developments comprised of commercial big box stores and single- and multi-family developments in the Cities of Aurora and Centennial. The drainageway conveys runoff from 775 acres with 600 acres upstream of Parker Rd. Runoff crosses S. Parker Rd. via 2-14' x 4' reinforced concrete box culverts. Construction is underway at Pioneer Hills Development from the crossing at S. Parker Rd. upstream to S. Chambers Rd. This reach is dominated by wetlands and retains a cross-section showing where the floodplain connects to the overbank areas. This section has challenges including severe right bank erosion encroaching on the adjacent multi-family development, a severe channel bend, and a complex outlet structure near S. Chambers Rd. Private

water quality and detention ponds are located along the banks for Pioneer Hills and adjacent shopping centers. Upstream of S. Chambers Rd., runoff is conveyed along connected property lines between S. Granby Way and Home Depot.

Upstream of this, a City of Aurora 72" and a parallel City of Centennial 36" storm sewer is aligned for approximately 550 feet at the rear lot lines of adjoining single-family residences. The storm sewers are contained within a 40' easement with 20' on the City of Aurora side and 20' on the City of Centennial side. Upstream of the piped section at S. Joplin Way, the tributary daylights at Pond RB1-4 which is owned and maintained by SEMSWA. The pond is described in the as-built drawings for The Summit at Piney Creek development and appears to be in good condition, with a boulder-lined trickle channel and other appurtenances. A pre-sedimentation forebay and micro-pool are not present. The as-built drawings indicate a maintenance path was constructed; however, it was not visible during the site visit. Upstream from the pond, the tributary is contained in a 72" RCP.

The Joplin watershed combines a 360-acre area in the City of Aurora, a 218-acre area in the City of Centennial, and a 198-acre area in unincorporated Arapahoe County. SEMSWA serves the City of Centennial area and approximately 59 acres of unincorporated Arapahoe County. Subbasin J1 and parts of Subbasins J2, J3, and J4 near S. Parker Rd. are not served by SEMSWA and are located within Cherry Creek State Park. Challenges along Joplin Tributary include a lack of regional detention or water quality within the lower basin, some streambank erosion, stream maintenance, complex hydraulic conditions with possibly undersized elements, and potentially cumbersome easement issues should the parallel storm system need improvement.

**Grove Ranch Tributary (GR)** was added to the project scope of work during the Kickoff Meeting due to anticipated redevelopment and it is named in reference to the Grove Family properties within the watershed. It is the smallest watershed studied at 80 acres and less than a mile in basin length. The land use is defined by mixed-use and commercial development in the downstream basin and single-family residential development in the upstream basin. Runoff is conveyed across S. Parker Rd. by a 36" CMP and is conveyed from open channel to Cherry Creek via a 36" RCP.

The Grove Ranch watershed is served entirely by SEMSWA, with 77 acres located in the City of Centennial and 4 acres within unincorporated Arapahoe County. Challenges include poorly defined open channel hydraulics in the vicinity of the Fellowship Community Church, pooling wetlands upstream of pipe conveyance to Cherry Creek, and lack of ponds that provide water quality or extended detention.

**Valley Club Acres Tributary (VCA)** drains a tributary area of approximately 210 acres. The tributary is predominantly contained in storm sewer, with only 600 feet of open channel at the downstream confluence with Cherry Creek. The entire open channel reach is encumbered by the regulatory floodplain of Cherry Creek, as are approximately 1,500 feet of the upstream storm sewer. System capacity will need to be evaluated with this constraint in mind. This tributary is the outfall for part of the Arapahoe Crossing

Development and adjoining areas. Lower portions of the storm sewer in and around the Valley Country Club Golf Course transition from 8' x 3' RCBC to 66" RCP and then back to 8' x 3' RCBC.

The VCA area is composed of 110 acres in the City of Centennial, 91 acres in the City of Aurora, and 6 acres in unincorporated Arapahoe County. SEMSWA serves the areas in the City of Centennial and unincorporated Arapahoe County. Challenges include crowns not matching at pipe transitions mentioned in the previous paragraph and potentially undersized piping. If capacity is determined to be insufficient, alternatives will be complicated by multiple utilities including crossing and parallel sanitary lines, water lines, and golf course irrigation.

**North Arapahoe Tributary (NA)** was added to the project scope of work during the Kickoff Meeting to help address flows to Cherry Creek adjacent to E. Arapahoe Rd. Runoff from North Arapahoe watershed east of S. Buckley Rd. is conveyed in storm sewer and through a SEMSWA owned and maintained regional detention pond referred to herein as the North Arapahoe (NA) Pond. This pond is also referred to as Pond E by SEMSWA and is located in Tract A of Filing No. 9 for The Farm in Arapahoe County (P.R. Fletcher & Associates, Inc., 2000). Further downstream, runoff is conveyed under S. Parker Rd. in a 48" concrete pipe before discharging directly to Cherry Creek. The upper-most part of this watershed is located south of E. Arapahoe Rd. in the Town of Foxfield and drains to a downstream manhole that joins outflow from NA pond.

The North Arapahoe watershed combines a 372-acre area, 206 acres of which are served by SEMSWA, 114 acres by the Town of Foxfield, and 51 acres by the City of Aurora. This watershed includes 141 acres in unincorporated Arapahoe County. Challenges include NA Pond hydraulics due to discrepancies between LiDAR contours and as-built records, complex hydraulics at the S. Parker and E. Arapahoe Rd. interchange and upstream, and potentially undersized conveyance in downstream areas.

**South Arapahoe Tributary (SA)** was also added to the project scope of work during the Kickoff Meeting to help address flows to Cherry Creek along E. Arapahoe Rd. Runoff is discharged by a 12' x 6' RCBC that was designed to convey 645 cfs from the previously planned Southeast Regional Detention Basin. Research indicates that the Foxfield Outfall from the E. Arapahoe/S. Parker Interchange Water Quality Pond became MHFD maintenance eligible in January 2014. However, the downstream detention component of this pond is not publicly owned and maintained, or maintenance eligible, and so it is not included in project hydrology.

The SA watershed combines a 317-acre area in the Town of Foxfield, a 70-acre area in the City of Aurora, a 4.5-acre area in unincorporated Arapahoe County, and a 4-acre area in the City of Centennial. SEMSWA provides service to the City of Centennial area and 3 acres of unincorporated Arapahoe County. A small area along the east side of S. Parker Rd. in Subbasin SA2, an area of 1.5 acres, is located in unincorporated Arapahoe County but is not currently served by SEMSWA. Challenges include complex hydraulics at the S. Parker and E. Arapahoe interchange, WQ detention only and no regional detention, and potential bank instability in the downstream channel to the outfall.

**Chenango Tributary (C)** is the largest watershed and conveys runoff from 920 acres to Cherry Creek through the Cherry Creek Valley Ecological Park from the Chenango Development, which is a single-family large lot rural development that is fully built out. There are direct outfalls from the Landing at Cherry Creek development with no apparent water quality or detention. Red Hawk Ridge Elementary School provides some level of stormwater management. Regional detention and water quality do not exist along Chenango Tributary. Both developments discharge along a grouted sloping boulder drop structure and moderate infrastructure is located along portions of this tributary, predominantly in the downstream reaches. A sloped/tapered throat 10' x 5' RCBC crosses Cherokee Trail, and upstream a CDOT 3-barrel 12' x 6' RCBC with baffle chute drop structure crosses S. Parker Rd. The condition of these structures is good.

Upstream from S. Parker Rd., drainage infrastructure is more rural in design. At E. Hinsdale Way, a 54" CMP has incorporated a gated section at the outlet, presumably to function as fencing for the private property through which it passes. Seven additional public road crossings and 6 private drive crossings, some of which are bridges, are located upstream to the basin headwaters.

The Chenango watershed combines a 450-acre area in the City of Centennial, a 376-acre area in the Town of Foxfield, and a 90-acre area in unincorporated Arapahoe County. SEMSWA serves the areas in the City of Centennial and unincorporated Arapahoe County. Noted challenges that are present in this basin include no regional detention or water quality, a poorly defined or potentially undersized conveyance, a multi-split flow at the intersection of S. Richfield St. and E. Hinsdale Ave.; significant head cutting at S. Yampa St. with exposed twin 30" CMP and floating inverts due to erosion; widespread wetlands; at least 1 manmade impoundment with rusted and partially buried CMP; bank instability in the upper reaches; and numerous roadside ditches with timber grade control. The main tributary measures more than 2 miles in length with multiple left and right bank tributaries that measure another 1.5 miles in length.

**Tagawa Tributary (T)** was added to the project scope of work during the Kickoff Meeting as a direct flow area (DFA) to help address flows across S. Parker Rd. near Chenango and Kragelund Tributaries and was added as the 11<sup>th</sup> Tributary after removal of the remaining DFAs. Tagawa was named as a part of this study and has an area of approximately 107 acres. The tributary outfalls directly to Cherry Creek and is located to the south of Chenango Tributary and north of Kragelund Tributary. The crossing at S. Parker Rd. is located on the south side of E. Broncos Pkwy. The SEMSWA GIS data for stormwater mains indicates that the crossing is 2-42" pipes: 1 CMP and 1 RCP and both are noted to be in good condition. These pipes are also shown in the 1999 OSP (WRC Engineering, Inc., 1999). The area modeled is the portion east of S. Parker Rd. as this area will flow through the crossing at S. Parker Rd. and downstream 48" RCP piping to the Cherry Creek outfall.

The Tagawa watershed is entirely contained in the City of Centennial, which is served by SEMSWA. Challenges for Tagawa Tributary include poorly defined hydraulics upstream of S. Parker Rd., potentially undersized piping west of S. Parker Rd., and lack of ponds that provide water quality or extended detention.

Kragelund Tributary (K) conveys runoff from approximately 610 acres of mostly undeveloped land and provides the best opportunity for floodplain preservation. Before the Comment Review meeting Kragelund was referred to as South Unnamed Tributary, as described in the meeting minutes. Future development is anticipated from the headwaters near E-470 and King's Point, through privately owned property currently managed by the Vermillion Creek Metropolitan District, to the confluence with Cherry Creek within the PJCOS. There is currently no drainage easement across this property. Minimal infrastructure is present with the most prominent feature being a CDOT 22' x 8' RCBC crossing of S. Parker Rd. upstream of which, possibilities exist for regional detention and water quality. For approximately 2,800 feet upstream of S. Parker Rd., the floodplain is wide with no defined main channel. At this point, moderate channel definition begins, and it splits into a right stem (2,600 feet long) that drains southern portions of the existing Chenango development, and a left stem that proceeds towards the headwaters where it intersects a second right bank tributary (3,200 feet long). The majority of Kragelund Tributary is devoid of wetlands.

The Kragelund watershed combines a 343-acre area in the City of Aurora, a 259 acre-area in the City of Centennial, and 7-acre area in unincorporated Arapahoe County. SEMSWA serves the areas in the City of Centennial and unincorporated Arapahoe County. Challenges for Kragelund Tributary include upstream erosion near E-470, lack of ponds that provide water quality or extended detention, and undefined conveyance to Cherry Creek.

17 Mile Tributary (17) was added to the project scope of work during the Kickoff Meeting to help address flows across the 17 Mile House Farm Park. It is the most southern tributary of this study and is located just north of the Arapahoe County / Douglas County border. This poorly defined tributary drains approximately 145 acres, and is bisected by S. Parker Rd. through which, 2-48" RCP conveys runoff. This watershed is also largely undeveloped upstream of S. Parker Rd. but is expected to be fully built-out following development of King's Point.

17 Mile watershed combines a 97-acre area in the City of Aurora, a 17 acre-area in the City of Centennial, and 15-acre area in unincorporated Arapahoe County. SEMSWA serves the areas in the City of Centennial and unincorporated Arapahoe County. Challenges include poorly defined hydraulics from S. Parker Rd. to Cherry Creek and lack of ponds that provide water quality or extended detention.

Table 2-4 Major Crossing Structure Inventory

Tributary	Description	Road Crossing / Type	17 Mile Tributary (17)	2- 48" RCP
Little Raven Creek (LR)	54" RCP and 48" x 66" Box	E. Belleview Ave.	<b>,</b> ( )	2- 48" RCP
	Culvert			

Tributary	Description	Road Crossing / Type
	Wooden pedestrian bridge	Cherry Creek State Park
	Culvert Crossings	Lakeview Rd., pedestrian trails and bike paths
Suhaka Creek (S)	2- 60" RCP	Cherry Creek Dr.
	2- 14' x 4' Box Culverts	S. Parker Rd.
	Elevated Pipe Crossing	S. Parker Rd.
Joplin Tributary (J)	RB1 Pond 4 / Powers Pond	S. Joplin Way and S. Chambers Rd.
	Drop Structures	S. Chambers Rd. near Bed Bath and Beyond
	Culvert Crossings	Dirt pedestrian trail
Grove Ranch Tributary (GR)	None	
Valley Club Acres (VCA) Tributary	Inlet Structure	S. Helena St.
North Arapahoe Tributary (NA)	None	
	144" x 72" Box Culvert	Along E. Arapahoe Rd. from outfall to S. Parker Rd.
South Arapahoe Tributary (SA)	WQ Pond and Outlet Structure	S. Lewiston St.
	Culvert Crossings	Across and/or along Richfield St., Pitkin St Buckley Rd., S. Parker Rd., and private roads.
	4' x 2' RC Box	Cherry Creek Trail
	Grouted boulder drop structures	Red Hawk Elementary School
Chenango Tributary (C)	10' x 5' Box Culvert	Cherokee Trail
5	3- 132" x 172" Box Culverts	S. Parker Rd.
	Culvert Crossings	Across and/or along Yampa St., Hinsdale Ave., Telluride Ct., Richfield St., and priva drives
Kragelund Tributary (K)	22' x 8' Box Culvert	Crossing S. Parker Rd. at Kragelund Acre
17 Milo Tributory (17)	2- 48" RCP	S. Parker Rd.
17 Mile Tributary (17)	2- 48" RCP	Driveway at 17 Mile House

S. Helena St.	
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## 2.4 Flood History

This Master Plan lies within the FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps for Arapahoe County, Map Number 08005C, map panels 0476L, 0477L, 0181K, 0481L, and 0484L revised February 17, 2017, and Map Number 08005C, map panel 0483K revised December 17, 2010. None of the project tributaries are mapped on the effective FIRM panels. SEMSWA noted that a number of homeowners in the Valley Club Acres neighborhood (located along the North Arapahoe Tributary) reported that their crawl spaces had been flooded as a result of the heavy rainfall in the area on June 17<sup>th</sup>, 2019. The heavy rainfall guidance indicated up to 2.07 inches of rain were possible that day. There was no other statistical or anecdotal flood history available during the preparation of this Master Plan.

### 2.5 Environmental Assessment

See complimentary Major Drainageway Plan Report for Environmental Assessment.

## 3.0 HYDROLOGIC ANALYSIS

#### 3.1 Overview

The hydrologic analysis presented herein was developed independent of the 1999 OSP and no existing model input files were recreated or available for use. Basins were delineated using 1-foot LiDAR data described in Section 1.4. Shapefiles for notable infrastructure such as road networks and storm conveyance systems were also used to logically subdivide major basins at points of interest. The analysis identifies drainage patterns and runoff characteristics for the following 9 storm events: the 1-, 2-, 5-, 10-, 25-, 50-, 100-, 500-year and water quality (WQ) storm events. Land use was analyzed for existing and future conditions and the resultant hydrology is the foundation for the subsequent evaluation of drainage facilities and the systemwide level of service.

The Colorado Urban Hydrograph Procedure program (CUHP) 2016 version 2.0.0 was used to develop runoff hydrographs which were then routed using the EPA Storm Water Management Model (EPA SWMM) version 5.1 to account for the effects of storm sewer, stream reaches, and detention on lag and time to peak. Input data for CUHP is subwatershed specific and includes rainfall depth, watershed area, distance to centroid, length of flow path, slope, composite imperviousness, and depression storage and soil infiltration rates. This data was obtained through GIS analysis and project research to accurately model individual sub-basin conditions. Values are in accordance with recommendations provided by the MHFD and CUHP manuals.

The baseline project hydrology for the study utilizes the future land use conditions model and the subsequent sections provide a summary of the information utilized to quantify the peak runoff values. The summary includes design rainfall, sub-watershed characteristics, hydrograph routing and the results of the analysis. Hydrologic calculations were approved by MHFD on February 4, 2019.

#### 3.2 Design Rainfall

Design rainfall depths for the for the 1-, 2-, 5-, 10-, 25-, 50-, 100- and 500-year storm events were obtained from the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) Atlas 14 (Volume 8, Version 2) Point Precipitation Frequency Estimates. Specifically, the 1-hour and 6-hour recurrence interval rainfall depths were utilized as direct inputs into the CUHP rain gage data. The WQ event is pre-defined, according to the CUHP manual, to be a 0.6 in. rainfall event for the 1-hour duration recurrence interval. None of the project basins exceed ten square miles and therefore no area adjustments to rainfall were required. This study is analyzing the WQ event and the 1-year storm event as part of a MHFD effort to assess WQ and bankfull conditions in the alternatives phase. Table 3-1 summarizes the 1-hour and 6hour rainfall depths, and the rainfall distributions developed by CUHP are in Table B-1.

	Rainfall Depth (in)			
Recurrence Interval	1-Hour	6-Hour		
1	0.721	1.19		
2	0.868	1.39		
5	1.13	1.77		
10	1.37	2.13		
25	1.73	2.67		
50	2.03	3.13		
100	2.36	3.63		
500	3.21	4.96		

## 3.3 Subwatershed Characteristics

#### Subwatershed Delineation

The 11 tributary basins are comprised of 44 subwatersheds. Each is shown on the subwatershed layer with the Baseline Hydrology Map in Figure B-1. The sub-basin sizes range from 21.8 to 140.0 acres, with the average value being 99.0 acres. The major basin boundary for each tributary was verified by evaluating LiDAR data, stormwater infrastructure, roadways, and field reconnaissance. Additional review of approved Drainage Reports, Construction Drawings, and As-Built Drawings within the Project Area further informed the development of the models. Where there is overlap, the basin delineation is reasonably comparable to the 1999 OSP. However, the sub-basin naming convention is fully independent and conforms to the tributary in which they are located, as follows:

Little Raven Creek: LR1 – LR3 Suhaka Creek: S1 – S3 Joplin Tributary: J1 – J8 Grove Ranch Tributary: GR1 Valley Club Acres Tributary: VCA1 – VCA2 North Arapahoe Tributary: NA1 – NA4 South Arapahoe Tributary: SA1 – SA4 Chenango Tributary: C1 – C9 Kragelund Tributary: K1 – K7 17 Mile Tributary: 17A - 17B

## Table 3-1 Point Rainfall

Reference the *Subwatershed Boundaries Map* layer of the Baseline Hydrology Map in **Figure B-1** for the locations and delineations of the CUHP sub-basins.

Numerous physical characteristics associated with each subwatershed are used to produce a storm runoff hydrograph for each subwatershed in CUHP. The hydrograph outputs from CUHP are saved in a tabular format to a text file that is then used as the Inflow file for SWMM. These hydrographs represent the overland flow for each subwatershed which are represented as nodes in SWMM. The CUHP input parameters that define the hydrograph for each subwatershed include the following and are further detailed in **Table B-2** located in Appendix B.

Drainage area (acres) Length and Distance to Centroid (ft) Watershed Slope (ft/ft) Composite Imperviousness (%) Horton's Soil Infiltration Rates

Depression Losses/Retention Storage Values

#### Watershed Imperviousness

Watershed imperviousness was determined using land use maps, zoning data, and aerial imagery. Most of the tributary watersheds are almost fully developed; therefore, the watershed imperviousness developed for 9 of the basins is considered future conditions (i.e. existing conditions = future conditions). The weighted average future percent imperviousness for all the studied basins is 33%. Existing watershed imperviousness was evaluated for the 17 Mile Tributary and the Kragelund Tributary only, since these basins are largely undeveloped at the time of this study. The weighted average existing percent imperviousness for each basin is 8% and 14%, respectively. King's Point, a planned development in the area, is anticipated to build out these basins east of S. Parker Rd. in the near future; the associated increase in imperviousness to 36% and 35% is reflected in the future conditions hydrology. For further description regarding how land use was used to determine subwatershed imperviousness, refer to **Section 2.2**.

#### 3.3.1 NRCS Soil Information

Soil conditions for each subwatershed were used as CUHP inputs to determine the infiltration rates based on Horton's Equation. Data for soils was collected from the National Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) Web Soil Survey (USDA, 2018) and corresponding hydrology soil groups (HSG) were determined for each soil type. The 4 HSG types are A, B, C and D, with Type A having the highest infiltration rate and thus lowest runoff potential, and Type D have very low infiltration rates and high runoff potential. Soils in the overall Project Area are classified as: 11.8% Type A, 44.9% Type B, 20.6% Type C, and 22.7% Type D. HSG types and corresponding Horton values, including initial and final infiltration rates (in/hr) and decay coefficients (s<sup>-1</sup>), were taken from *Table 6-7 Recommended Horton's equation parameters* in the MHFD Criteria Manual Volume 1. To determine composite Horton's parameters for each subcatchment for CUHP determination of infiltration rates, an area-weighted average was used. Refer to **Table B-2** in Appendix B for a summary of the resultant Horton's parameters and the Soils Map layer in **Figure B-1** for a map of the hydrologic soil groups. For Baseline Hydrographs, refer to **Figure B-4** in Appendix B.

## **3.4 Detention**

Two regional detention facilities are included in the baseline hydrology EPA SWMM model: Pond RB1-4 on Joplin Tributary and North Arapahoe (NA) Pond on the North Arapahoe Tributary. North Arapahoe Pond serves the developments from Farm Filing No. 7, 8 & 9 where it is referred to as "Pond E". Both are publicly-owned and MHFD maintenance-eligible and are herein referred to as Pond RB1-4 and NA Pond. Detention rating curves for both were sourced from engineering reports, record drawings, and survey data that are on file with the project sponsors.

Pond RB1-4, which is owned and maintained by SEMSWA, is an on-line pond located on Joplin Tributary between E. Crestline Ave. and S. Joplin Way. The detention rating curves were developed from a stagestorage-discharge table located in the as-built drawings prepared for East Cherry Creek Valley (ECCV) Water and Sanitation District on April 28, 1994 (Muller Engineering Co., Inc., 1994). The as-built data is assumed to be correct and supersedes data presented in the approved drainage report "Cherry Creek Basin RB1 Drainage Improvements" dated November 1989 (Muller Engineering Co., Inc., 1989). The as-built stage-storage curve was back-checked using 2014 LiDAR 1-foot contours; the final stage-storage curve incorporates additional data points from the 2014 LiDAR and the same total storage volume as the 1994 as-builts. Refer to **Table B-3** in Appendix B for the Pond RB1-4 stage-storage-discharge curves.

NA Pond, also owned and maintained by SEMSWA, is not located on the main stem of the NA Tributary, however, sits on-line a tributary of North Arapahoe and serves Filings No. 7, 8 & 9 of the Farm at Arapahoe County. Detention rating curves were originally obtained from as-built drawings prepared on May 4, 2000 (Aztec Consultants & P.R. Fletcher & Associates, Inc., 2000) and the Phase III Drainage Erosion & Sedimentation Control Report dated 15, 1999 (P.R. Fletcher & Associates, Inc., 1999). However, it was noted that the 2014 LiDAR indicated that the total storage volume quoted in the as-builts was larger than physically feasible. Therefore, new stage-storage-discharge curves were calculated using survey data collected by the MHFD in February 2019. The new storage volume was calculated from the survey using the average-end area method and totaled 4.9 acre-feet as compared to the 2000/1999 volume of 11.1 acre-feet, at an elevation of 5772 feet (approximate top of berm). The UD-Detention spreadsheet (Version 3.07, Released February 2017) was used to estimate a new stage-discharge curve according to the surveyed outlet configuration. See **Table B-3** in Appendix B for the NA Pond stage-storage-discharge curves and calculations.

Neither of the 2 detention facilities was designed to detain the 500-year flow; therefore, additional points were added in the EPA SWMM model to both the stage-storage and stage-discharge curves, which minimally modifies the total storage volume but allows the 500-year maximum flows to pass without flooding model nodes.

## 3.5 Hydrograph Routing

Hydrograph routing for each subwatershed through the Cherry Creek Minor Tributary basins was modeled using EPA SWMM 5.1 and the Kinematic Wave routing method. The routing scheme described in this section applies to both existing and future conditions, as no changes to hydrologic routing is anticipated. Refer to the *Baseline Hydrology SWMM Routing Map* layer in **Figure B-1** and **Figure B-3** in Appendix B for a visual representation of the routing scheme. Summarized input and output files from EPA SWMM are included in **Table B-5** and **Table B-6**.

Each subwatershed is represented in EPA SWMM by a junction node with an invert elevation reflecting the lowest point in the subwatershed. Overland flow within each basin is routed via a conduit link labeled "SUB\_OF" and contains no geometry or physical information additional to that reflected in the hydrograph output produced by CUHP. Design points are represented by junction nodes and contain the invert elevation found at that location, and these elevations dictate the slope of any attached link that represents open channel, stormwater sewer, or overflow conveyance elements. These links are labeled "SUB\_OC", "SUB\_SS", and "SUB\_OVF", respectively.

Channel characteristics and the associated SWMM routing elements were estimated using topographic contours, aerial photography, GIS and plan data, and site visits. Stormwater infrastructure shapefiles from SEMSWA and the City of Aurora were the primary source of information for conduit shape, maximum depth, length, and material. For conduit lengths that included several pipe sizes, an average size was selected for the SWMM link. Lengths were estimated using ArcGIS in the *NAD 83 Colorado State Plane, Central Zone* projected coordinate system. Most stormwater sewer conveyance elements were reinforced concrete, which corresponds to a Manning's roughness coefficient of 0.013 and translates to a value of 0.016 for CUHP-connected models.

To obtain cross-section geometry for open channels, approximate sections were drawn using GeoHECRAS version 2.1.0.17569. Using this program and 2014 LiDAR elevation data, a total of 6 different 4-point channel geometries were established based on open channels studied in subwatersheds LR2, J3, SA2, C4, K4, and 17A. Each open channel conduit modeled corresponds to one of these geometries depending on similar geometry. Manning's roughness coefficients were estimated for each subwatershed using *Equation 6-8* from the MHFD Criteria Manual Volume 1. This equation suggests that Manning's roughness coefficient for open channels is directly proportional to the slope of the channel and inversely proportional to the hydraulic radius. FlowMaster V8i was used iteratively at various flow rates (cfs) to solve for the hydraulic radius and Manning's roughness coefficient for 5 slope cases: 1%, 1.5%, 2%, 2.5%, and 3%. Key tables were developed for each channel geometry and these tables were used for

each conduit link to select a coefficient appropriate for the slope and channel shape. It should be noted that this determination was made using the original 8-point channel geometry determined for the 6 shapes; however, the geometries used for the SWMM conduits were reduced to 4 points to allow for hydrograph convergence. And finally, the open channel lengths and alignments were estimated using ArcGIS and 1-foot LiDAR-sourced contours.

To eliminate nodal flooding during larger storm events, 12 divider nodes were included at the following junctions: Lewiston\_J, Laredo\_J, Shalom\_J, Fair\_Place\_VCA, Parker\_T1, Waco\_NA, Buckley\_NA, Parker\_NA, NA\_M130, Parker\_SA, NA\_SA\_S125, and NA\_SA\_S123. These nodes were assigned cutoff flow values just before surcharging and direct overflow to a secondary dummy link created to convey the entire flow downstream.

Finally, detention ponds were modeled using storage unit nodes with downstream outlet links. Each storage node and outlet link used a tabular stage-storage curve and stage-discharge curve as described in **Section 3.4**.

### **3.6 Previous Studies**

Two sources of previous hydrologic analysis are available for the Cherry Creek Minor Tributaries to-date. The first is the 1999 Cherry Creek Corridor Reservoir to County Line Outfall Systems Plan (WRC Engineering, Inc., 1999). This is a regional study that provides a limited number of common design points for reference and comparison. The second source is individual site drainage reports. Drainage reports were referenced only where necessary for the modeling of regional detention ponds, as discussed in **Section 3.4**.

## 3.7 Results of Analysis

Peak flow rates for the existing and future land use conditions models were established at design points after incorporating the rainfall data, hydrologic characteristics, and drainage conveyance parameters within EPA SWMM. The basin-wide peak flow rate and volume results at each of the design points along the stream corridor for the WQ, 1-, 2-, 5-, 10-, 25-, 50-, 100-, and 500-year storm events are presented in Appendix B with key points shown in **Table 3-2**.

A summarized input and output file from the EPA SWMM version 5.1 model are included in Appendix B. These files provide the detailed information regarding subwatershed hydrologic input and the resulting hydrograph routing and peak flows. As noted earlier, only Kragelund Tributary and 17 Mile Tributary have existing conditions hydrology.

Following completion of the baseline hydrology in January 2018, additional storm sewer infrastructure data was obtained from CDOT As-Builts for the Arapahoe/Parker interchange project (Federal Aid Project No. STU 0831-107 dated May 9, 2012). These plans depict existing storm sewer lines that were not included in the municipal GIS shapefiles used to inform the original baseline hydrology modeling. In an effort to better characterize urban flooding on Arapahoe Road and within Valley Club Acres, the baseline hydrology

SWMM model was revised to reflect the 2012 CDOT plans. The outputs documented in the text and appendices of this report have been updated to reflect these revisions.

As a result of the 2012 CDOT plan modeling revisions, it was determined that the majority of North Arapahoe Tributary is redirected to South Arapahoe just upstream of S. Parker Road via a 48" RCP. The capacity of the 48" RCP is exceeded by the 100-year, resulting in approximately 200 cfs of overflow which would continue as street flow under the interchange on the north side of the road. Assuming this water can re-enter the storm system, all of this overflow fits within the capacity of an existing pipe that begins on the northwest corner of the Parker interchange and continues to Cherry Creek. North Arapahoe flow contained within the 48" RCP is routed to a 54" RCP that runs parallel to a second 54" RCP that serves South Arapahoe Tributary. The 54" RCPs combine on the west side of S. Parker Road into an 8' x 6' box that transitions quickly into a larger 12' x 6' box. The parallel 54" RCP sections overflow in the 100-year by approximately 150 cfs and the 12' x 6' box overflows by approximately 56 cfs.

Desin		Design Point	Existing (cfs)			Future (cfs)		
Basin	Basin Location		<b>Q</b> <sub>5</sub>	<b>Q</b> <sub>25</sub>	<b>Q</b> <sub>100</sub>	<b>Q</b> 5	<b>Q</b> <sub>25</sub>	<b>Q</b> <sub>100</sub>
	Outfall to Reservoir	LR_outfall	-	-	-	72	253	454
Little Raven Creek (LR)	E. Belleview Ave.	Belleview_LR	-	-	-	86	242	404
Suhaka Creek (S)	Cottonwood Creek Confluence	S_outfall	-	-	-	65	238	423
	Outfall to Cherry Creek	J_outfall	-	-	-	173	348	613
Ioplin Tributory (1)	S. Parker Rd.	Parker_J	-	-	-	182	331	535
Joplin Tributary (J)	RB1-4 Pond Outflow	out_RB1- 4_pond	-	-	-	110	205	352
	RB1-4 Pond Inflow	RB1-4_pond	-	-	-	146	345	570
Grove Ranch Tributary (GR)	Outfall to Cherry Creek	GR_outfall	-	-	-	43	96	150
Valley Club Acres Tributary (VCA)	Outfall to Cherry Creek	VCA_outfall	-	-	-	83	211	349
North Arapahoe	Outfall to Cherry Creek			-	-	0	0	191
Tributary (NA)	S. Buckley Rd.	Buckley_NA	-	-	-	45	150	325
South Arapahoe	Outfall to Cherry Creek	SA_outfall	-	-	-	148	455	717
Tributary (SA)	S. Parker Rd.	NA_SA_123	-	-	-	115	389	606
Chenango Tributary (C)	Outfall to Cherry Creek	C_outfall	-	-	-	112	478	942
••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	S. Parker Rd.	Parker_C	-	-	-	96	436	857
Tagawa Tributary (T)	Tagawa Tributary (T) Outfall to Cherry Creek		-	-	-	14	52	105
	Outfall to Cherry Creek	K_outfall	49	308	626	151	478	859
Kragelund Tributary (K)	S. Parker Rd.	Parker_K	50	307	615	149	472	839
	Tributary Confluence	Confluence_K	36	181	334	121	309	505
	Outfall to Cherry Creek	17_outfall	8	84	169	52	155	267
17 Mile Tributary (17)	S. Parker Rd.	Parker_17	6	70	141	47	135	229

## Table 3-2 Peak Flows at Key Design Points

Table 3-4 compares the results of the 1999 OSP with the results of this Master Plan, where applicable, for future conditions hydrology. The tributaries have only a handful of comparable points and not all of the tributaries were studied in the 1999 OSP (WRC Engineering, Inc., 1999). Several variables in this Master Plan differ from the 1999 OSP. Each of these variables affected the hydrology of the tributary basins to a different degree and therefore no overall trend exists of the change in peak flows. However, a unit discharge comparison, as shown in Table 3-4, indicates that both studies resulted in similar volumes of runoff per acre.

Notable items that differ between the 1999 OSP and this Master Plan are summarized below.

- Little Raven Creek, Suhaka Creek, and Joplin Tributary were not studied in the 1999 OSP.
- Compared to the 1999 OSP, the rainfall depths used in the current MDP are lower, except for the 1-year storm event. The 100-year 1-hour rainfall depth used in the 1999 OSP was 2.67 inches, as opposed to 2.36 inches used in this study.

Table 3-3 Rainfall Depths,	, 1999 OSP vs. MDP
----------------------------	--------------------

	1-Hour Point Rainfall Depth (in)				
Recurrence Interval	1999 OSP	2019 MDP			
1	0.4	0.721			
2	0.97	0.868			
5	1.38	1.13			
10	1.65	1.37			
50	2.32	2.03			
100	2.67	2.36			

- Residential land use east of S. Parker Rd. between E. Arapahoe Rd. and the southern boundary of the County was estimated as 5% and 8% vs. 20% in this Master Plan. This impacts most of the Chenango Tributary, Tagawa Tributary and South Arapahoe Tributary basins. Additionally, the 1999 OSP estimated the future King's Point development would increase existing imperviousness to 50% as opposed to the single-family land uses of 30% and 45% used in this study.
- With the benefit of a more refined data set, the variables used in this study's hydrologic analysis • lead to a more detailed and comprehensive basin-wide examination. This study prepared a model with more detailed routing by identifying storm sewer drainage versus overland flow. Additionally, Manning's roughness coefficients were estimated using Equation 6-8 from the MHFD Criteria Manual Volume 1, which resulted in overall higher values than those used in the 1999 OSP, but values that are more appropriate for hydrologic routing. Both of these factors result in differences in the timing of the storm hydrographs and, ultimately, the calculated peak flows.

#### Table 3-4 100-year Peak Flows, 1999 OSP vs. Current MDP

Basin	Design Point		Future Q <sub>100</sub> (cfs)		Basin Area (acres)		Unit Discharge (cfs/acre)		Notes	
	1999 OSP	2020 MDP	1999 OSP	2020 MDP	1999 OSP	2020 MDP	1999 OSP	2020 MDP		
Valley Club Acres Tributary (VCA)	164	Fair_Place_VCA	486	349	262.2	207	1.85	1.69		
North Arapahoe Tributary (NA)	n/a	Buckley_NA1	n/a	325	n/a	272	n/a	1.19	OSP combined North and South Arapahoe basins	
South Arapahoe Tributary (SA)	126	Parker_SA	599	321	603.2	326	0.99	0.98		
Chenango Tributary (C)	112	Bridle_Trail_C	533	412	308.6	321	1.73	1.28		
Kragelund Tributary (K)	102	Confluence_K	453	505*	300.2	257	1.51	1.96*	*Existing is 334 cfs @ 1.30 cfs/acre	
17 Mile Tributary (17)	108	Parker_17	171	229*	125.6	124	1.36	1.85*	*Existing is 141 cfs @ 1.14 cfs/acre	

The following text notes the level of compatibility for comparison between design nodes found in the 1999 OSP versus design nodes used in this study. Unit discharges have been included in Table 3-4 as an alternate form of comparison given the many variables that vary between this Master Plan and the 1999 OSP.

• The stakeholder interests along Grove Ranch Tributary are to address redevelopment within the

lower reaches of the basin, identify the conveyance path, and identify the outfall to Cherry Creek. Therefore, the Grove Ranch Tributary is delineated as a single sub-basin downstream of S. Parker Rd. with its outfall located at Cherry Creek. The 1999 OSP does not provide adequate delineation downstream of S. Parker Rd. Its most useful design point is upstream of S. Parker Rd. at DP109, where the 100-year future conditions flow is reported as 77 cfs. Therefore, no comparison is made.

- Valley Club Acres is compared at design point 164, which is slightly upstream from the confluence with Cherry Creek. The next downstream design point is within the main stem of Cherry Creek and therefore, includes other upstream basins. Due to basin transfers, basin 57 that was previously modeled as part of North Arapahoe (NA) Tributary is modeled with Valley Club Acres Tributary in this study. A comparison is made, but it is not a direct correlation.
- The Chenango Tributary and Kragelund Tributary have common design points at the respective basin outfalls to Cherry Creek, as identified in **Table 3-4**.
- The 17 Mile Tributary is modeled with the 1999 OSP. However, a review of Figure A-6.2 in that report indicates that it was not routed to a design point. OSP basin 8 is upstream of S. Parker Rd. and therefore, it is assumed to be comparable to the design point listed in **Table 3-4**.

## 4.0 HYDRAULIC ANALYSIS

Several of the tributaries in this study are comprised of little to no open channel or were excluded from the FHAD by the project sponsors. The tributaries included in the FHAD are as follows: Little Raven Creek (LR), Joplin Tributary (J), South Arapahoe Tributary (SA), Chenango Tributary (C), Kragelund Tributary (K). These tributaries are shown in bold in **Table 2-1** and **Table 2-2**.

Flood Hazard Area Delineation (FHAD) hydrology is typically based on existing infrastructure and future land use conditions. For the Kragelund and 17 Mile Tributaries, the 100-year peak discharge for future land use conditions is greater than 30 percent (threshold established by FEMA) higher than the 100-year peak discharge for existing land use. Therefore, existing conditions hydrology was prepared for Kragelund and 17 Mile Tributaries and Kragelund Tributary's delineation is required to use existing land use conditions hydrology. 17 Mile Tributary is not included in the FHAD analysis. The other four FHAD tributaries were analyzed using the typical future land use conditions hydrology.

A one-dimensional (1D) hydraulic model was developed for each of the 5 tributaries included in the FHAD using the U.S. Army Corps of Engineer's HEC-RAS, Version 5.0.7. Cross-sectional profiles were populated electronically using a DEM (provided by MHFD) developed from the 2014 post-flood USGS topographic LiDAR. Major crossings were individually surveyed in the field by Wilson & Co. The models were run using a sub-critical regime in accordance with the floodplain mapping criteria. River centerlines were determined by tracing the low flow path for each tributary. All models are included in the Technical Appendix.

Flow data in the model came from the results of the EPA SWMM 5.1 hydrograph routing, as outlined in Section 3.5. A steady flow analysis was used to determine the flood profiles for the 10-, 25-, 50-, 100-, and 500-year storm events. All models reflect existing infrastructure and future flows, except Kragelund which reflects existing infrastructure with existing flows. Stakeholders agreed it should be existing flows because future flows won't be achieved due to detention requirements for future developments. Flow change locations were established at critical design points where there are significant changes in hydrology, as determined by the EPA SWMM model. The downstream boundary conditions for the Little Raven Creek and Joplin Tributary models were normal depth computations with a slope of 0.01. For the Chenango Tributary and Kragelund Tributary models, the downstream hydraulic controls were set to the 10-year flood elevation of Cherry Creek per MHFD guidelines. The South Arapahoe Tributary model was set to a known water surface elevation based on the headwater elevation of each flood profile at the Lewiston Way culvert crossing. Since the models were run in sub-critical, no upstream boundary conditions were specified in any of the models. Roughness values were chosen using USDCM Table 8-5 and Equation 9-1. Manning's n values were estimated for existing conditions using aerial imagery and Google street view and ranged from 0.05-0.16, shown in **Table 4-1**. Photographs of typical channel sections used to determine Manning's n values are included in Appendix C. In lieu of conveyance obstructions, areas with overland flow across residential and commercial areas use a higher Manning's n value to account for reduced flow around buildings. Ineffective flow areas were used to account for flow areas with little or no flow conveyance.

Table 4-1 Rough

Category	Roughness Value
Native Grasses	0.05
Willow Stands	0.16
Herbaceous Wetlands	0.12
Housing/Commercial	0.1-0.2
Turf Grass	0.04
Fences	0.1

The Kragelund Tributary model contains a lateral weir structure from cross-section 1812 to 2101. There is shallow flooding occurring at this location, so the lateral weir structure was used to contain these cross-sections. A two-dimensional (2D) hydraulic model was used to model the shallow flooding beyond the lateral weir. Flows applied to the 2D model were estimated by the lateral weir structure for the 100-year and 500-year events.

A draft model was prepared for the North Arapahoe Tributary, which consists of shallow roadway flooding due to limited storm sewer capacity and no open channel. The initial results showed the floodplain to be contained within the right-of-way and therefore it was determined that a FHAD would not be appropriate. This draft model is included in the Technical Appendix as supplemental information only.

The floodway was defined for each tributary to establish the portion of the channel that must remain free from obstruction for effective conveyance of the 100-year flood. The floodway was defined using a 0.5-foot allowable rise in the Energy Grade Line (EGL) and the Hydraulic Grade Line (HGL). The floodway was delineated so that the encroachments were evenly distributed to the fullest extent possible.

Shallow flooding areas were identified at South Arapahoe Tributary crossing Arapahoe Road and Kragelund Tributary west of Parker Road. The South Arapahoe Tributary only included 500-year shallow flooding and Kragelund Tributary included 100- and 500-year shallow flooding. Two separate 2D HEC-RAS models were created of each tributary to model these areas and determine the shallow overland flow depth. Auto-delineation of the shallow flooding for both tributaries was exported from HEC-RAS and is shown on the flood maps.

Flood maps showing the 100-year, 500-year, and Floodway delineations are shown in Appendix E and identify areas, structures, and properties which have the potential of being inundated by the 100-year flood event. Flood profiles for the 10-, 25-, 50-, 100-, and 500-year events are shown in Appendix F. Locations of cross-sections and all hydraulic structures are shown on both the flood maps and profiles. The Floodplain and Floodway Data Table is shown in **Table D-1**. This table identifies the cross-sections;

hness	Values	
111633	values	

channel thalweg elevations; 10-, 25-, 50-, 100-, and 500-year discharges and water surface elevations; 100-year floodplain top widths and EGL elevations; and the floodway water surface elevation, top width, cross-sectional area and velocity. The Agreement Table is shown in **Table D-2** and serves as quality control to ensure that data from the flood maps, flood profiles, and models agree. Each cross-section is listed in this table and compares the distance between cross-sections, the cumulative distance, floodplain and floodway top widths, and water surface elevations.

#### 4.1 Evaluation of Existing Facilities

At each roadway crossing, a detailed survey of existing conveyance structures within the Project Area was provided by MHFD. Included with the survey were site photos, sketches of the entrance and outlet, detailed characteristics of the culvert's shape, size, length, inverts, overtopping elevations, and headwall/wingwall end treatments (if applicable). Photos of each crossing are included in Appendix C. **Table 4-2** summarizes the inventory of the existing facilities with the general capacity of each structure. Only structures determined large enough to be modeled are listed in **Table 4-2**. All modeled tributaries and structure capacities are based on future conditions hydrology except for Kragelund Tributary which uses existing conditions hydrology. There are 20 existing crossings between the 5 tributaries, 15 of them are included in the HEC-RAS models, all of which are culverts. Culvert capacity was evaluated using peak flows obtained from the study's hydrology.

#### 4.2 Flood Hazards

The Project Area mostly consists of residential land use. There are small pockets of office, commercial, and industrial developments present, primarily along the major local thoroughfares. Large portions of Little Raven Creek, Suhaka Creek and Joplin Tributary basins are located within the Cherry Creek State Park.

If a 100-year flood occurred without any future improvements, a total of 17 structures would experience some level of flood inundation. Only three tributaries included in the FHAD have insurable structures in the 100-year floodplain: Little Raven Creek, Chenango Tributary, and Kragelund Tributary. Little Raven Creek has 3 residential structures and Chenango Tributary has 4 residential structures in the 100-year floodplain; 9 of them are residential and 1 is commercial. The commercial structure is located within the 100-year shallow flooding. The Flood Maps in Appendix E show all insurable structures within the 100-year floodplain. The jurisdictions where the insurable structures are located are listed below:

- Little Raven Creek 3 insurable structures located in unincorporated Arapahoe County
- Chenango Tributary 4 insurable structures located in Town of Foxfield
- Kragelund Tributary 10 insurable structures located in City of Centennial

## Table 4-2 Existing Facilities

Jurisdiction	Location	Survey Number	Crossing Type	Size	General Capacity
Little Raven C	Creek (LR)				
Greenwood Village	E. Belleview Avenue	42	Culvert	54" RCP & 66" x 48" HERCP	100 yr
Arapco	Park Trail	43	Culvert	48" RCP	< 10 yr
Joplin Tributa	ary (J)				
Arapco	S. Parker Road	33	Culvert	2-14.2' x 4.1' RCBC	500 yr
South Arapah	oe Tributary (SA)				
Foxfield	S. Norfolk Court	25	Culvert	42" CMP	10 yr
Foxfield	S. Buckley Road	24	Culvert	2-66" CMP	100 yr
Foxfield	S. Pitkin Street	23	Culvert	60" CMP	50 yr
Chenango Tri	butary (C)				
Arapco	S. Cherokee Trail	20	Culvert	22.5' x 5.7' RCBC	500 yr
Arapco/ CDOT	S. Parker Road	19	Culvert	2-11' x 6' RCBC & 14' x 6' RCBC	500 yr
Foxfield	E. Hinsdale Way	18	Culvert	54" CMP	< 10yr
Foxfield	S. Richfield Street	11	Culvert	2-30" CMP	< 10 yr
Foxfield	S. Telluride Court	9	Culvert	3-30" CMP	< 10 yr
Foxfield	Private Drive	8	Culvert	30" CMP	< 10 yr
Foxfield	S. Yampa Street	4	Culvert	2-30" CMP	< 10 yr
Centennial	E. Hinsdale Avenue	46	Culvert	84" CMP	100 yr
Kragelund Tri	butary (K)				
Centennial	S. Parker Road	3	Culvert	22' x 7.4' RCBC	500 yr*

\*Existing Conditions

#### 4.3 Previous Analyses

This FHAD lies within the FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps for Arapahoe County, Map Number 08005C, map panels 0476L, 0477L, 0181K, 0481L, and 0484L revised February 17, 2017, and Map Number 08005C, map panel 0483K revised December 17, 2010. None of the project tributaries are mapped on the effective FIRM panels nor have been mapped by local studies. Therefore, comparisons between previous floodplain delineations cannot be made.

## 5.0 REFERENCES

- Aztec Consultants & P.R. Fletcher & Associates, Inc. (2000). *The Farm at Arapahoe County Filing No. 7.* The Farm Development Company & Arapahoe 114, LLC.
- Muller Engineering Co., Inc. (1989). Cherry Creek Basin RB1 Drainage Improvements Final Design Report. ECCV Water and Sanitation District.
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- P.R. Fletcher & Associates, Inc. (1999). *Phase III Drainage Report Erosion & Sedimentation Control Report for The Farm at Arapahoe County Filings 7 & 8.* The Farm Development Company & Arapahoe 114, LLC.

P.R. Fletcher & Associates, Inc. (2000). The Farm at Arapahoe County Filing No. 9.

Urban Drainage and Flood Control District. (2016). Urban Storm Drainage Criteria Manual Volume 1.

USDA. (2018). *Custom Soil Resource Report for Arapahoe and Douglas County Area, Colorado*. Retrieved from NRCS Web Soil Survey: https://websoilsurvey.sc.egov.usda.gov

WRC Engineering, Inc. (1999). *Cherry Creek Corridor Reservoir to County Line Outfall Systems*. Urban Drainage and Flood Control District.

## APPENDIX A PROJECT CORRESPONDENCE

## **MEETING MINUTES**



8100 E. Maplewood Ave. #150 Greenwood Village, Colorado 80111 Phone: 303.368.5601 Fax: 303.368.5603

## **KICKOFF MEETING MINUTES**

- DATE/TIME: SEPTEMBER 10, 2018 @ 10:30 A.M.
- LOCATION: **UDFCD OFFICE**

**CHERRY CREEK TRIBUTARIES MDP & FHAD PROJECT:** 

#### **ATTENDEES:**

Shea Thomas - UDFCD

- Richard Borchardt UDFCD
- Stacey Thompson SEMSWA
- Cathleen Valencia Arapahoe County (Engineering)
- Roger Harvey Arapahoe County (Open Space)
- Craig Perl City of Aurora
- Jonathan Villines City of Aurora
- Allie Beikmann J3 Engineering
- Ken Cecil J3 Engineering

#### **PURPOSE:**

- 1. Project stakeholders and design team introductions
- 2. Review stakeholder known issues and project goals
- 3. Review project opportunities
- 4. Review project Scope & Schedule
- 5. Name the Unnamed Tributaries

#### **DISCUSSION ITEMS:**

- 1. Shea provided an overview of the revised Master Planning Process, which separates the project into four distinct phases beginning with Baseline Hydrology, then FHAD for the identification of flood risks, then alternatives analysis and concluding with conceptual design.
- 2. The three named tributaries were previously studied with the prior 1999 OSP. The unnamed tributaries have not been previously studied.

#### Cherry Creek Tributaries MDP & FHAD **Kickoff Meeting Minutes**

- include:
  - a. Tributary just west of northerly unnamed tributary

  - with this study.
  - additional reach length.
- tributaries since it is open channel (the one that is UDFCD Maintenance Eligible).
- provide additional data regarding this specific challenge.
- been analyzed.

3. Additional tributaries that were not identified in the RFP were reviewed and added. These

b. Tributary just south of Arapahoe Road, with apparent Foxfield Drainage Basin.

c. Note: Three tributaries just east of northerly tributary (Part of Cherry Creek Vistas)

were noted as being part of Cottonwood Creek basin and therefore, not to be included

d. If adding additional reaches, UDFCD may amend the contract on a dollar/foot of

4. SEMSWA is supportive of adding the 17-Mile House tributary, the Arapahoe/Parker interchange tributary, and would recommend including the easternmost of the northerly Unnamed Creek 5. UDFCD will review the DRAFT stream layer to verify the above additional tributaries, and any others that may have been missed. The following discussion includes what may result in additional tributaries to be included, or at least problem areas that require further investigation. 6. Stacey identified an area of concern for SEMSWA that is near E. Fair Place, just north of Valley Club Acres Tributary. It needs to be investigated if this area, informally referred to as the area tributary to Grove Ranch, should drain to Valley Club Acres Tributary. The land use case is called "Legends at Centennial" and is a congregate care facility. The Fellowship Community Church sold a portion of their parcel that is now in process with SEMSWA undergoing development review. The development plan is to discharge on-site detention pond flows into the Church retention pond. The viability of the Church retention pond is also in question. SEMSWA will

7. Cathleen identified area south of the southerly unnamed tributary which drains to and across a portion of the 17 Mile House property and requested that it be included with this Master Plan. This area may have been studied in the 1999 OSP but may need to be added to this scope of work to address flooding problems at 17 Mile House. Roger noted that Arapahoe County Open Spaces has developed a 17-Mile House Farm Park Master Plan, but improvements have not

8. Shea requested local sponsor feedback whether or not resultant floodplains are to be mapped by FEMA or remain as CWCB regulated only. Jon indicated it depends on the study findings.

Stacey indicated that SEMSWA will be consistent with other regulated tributaries within their jurisdiction.

- 9. Cathleen asked if the study would identify funding and Shea stated that the study would only provide cost estimates broken down by jurisdiction.
- 10. Rich stated that he has received a call from the Townhomes (Pioneer Hills) adjacent to Joplin Tributary regarding erosion and asked that this study verify this statement. Ken confirmed that the channel is incised with sharp bends and active erosion.
- 11. Ken indicated that J3's cursory review during the proposal phase indicated that few detention or water guality facilities had been observed and that the Cherry Creek Basin Water Quality Authority may be interested in adding additional water quality to these tributaries. Shea will contact Cherry Creek Basin Water Quality Authority during the Alternatives Analysis phase to discuss water quality and their potential participation.
- 12. Jon would like to include an analysis of flow rates and velocities for roadway overtopping conditions. Shea said this would part of the Alternatives Analysis phase.
- 13. Shea requested local sponsor input regarding any known detention ponds. Rich mentioned the Belleview Pond, but only if the project will incorporate this tributary. Ken mentioned RB1-Pond 4 within Joplin Tributary. Rich and Shea confirmed that it is UDFCD maintained and that it should therefore be included with the baseline hydrology. The pond near the Arapahoe/Parker Roads Interchange was also identified as one that receives maintenance. Shea and Rich agreed to look for any information that UDFCD may have for this tributary or will otherwise contact CDOT for additional information.
- 14. A discussion regarding data collection and areas requiring further research followed and covered the following topics:
  - a. Future Land Use Data Aurora has made available all future land use data available for retrieval. J3 familiar with this data. Cathleen referenced the 2018 Comp Plan for the County and Stacey will verify what is available for the City of Centennial.
  - b. Shea will provide 1-foot topography; will also initiate the structure survey once all of the additional reaches are identified that are to be included with this study.
  - c. Aurora will provide site plan for Kings Point
    - i. Shea indicated that Filings No. 1 and 2 show only a temporary pond no permanent detention. This is not currently an acceptable solution.

#### Cherry Creek Tributaries MDP & FHAD **Kickoff Meeting Minutes**

- Point primary arterial would go.
- section for this reach.
- necessary, efforts can be coordinated.
- 16. Follow-up for the website is required.
- 17. Additional observations by J3 and/or discussion items are summarized below:

#### SOUTHERLY UNNAMED TRIBUTARY

- Mostly Undeveloped Land
- o Future Development
- Multiple Smaller Tributaries 0

#### **CHENANGO TRIBUTARY**

- Cherry Creek Valley Ecological Park;
  - general, this reach appears in good shape.
  - facilities on the Eco Park property.
  - floodplain.
- 0 Direct outfalls with no apparent water quality
- Lack of regional detention

d. Cathleen noted a proposed detention pond near Parker Road that is planned with the King's Point Filing No. 1 Development. It outfalls under Parker Rd. and across the 17 Mile House property. (Note: location of this pond requires clarification – J3 to follow up with Cathleen). Roger noted that we would need to know where flows from the King's

e. The southerly unnamed tributary does flow across Parker Road through an apparently adequately sized box culvert but is conveyed overland, and not within a defined channel. The alternatives analysis phase will need to identify a low-maintenance stream

f. The Cherry Creek Basin Water Quality Authority watershed model was referenced. Rich will contact CCSP to get a better understanding of what that scope of work is so that if

15. Shea requested that we meet again in approximately five (5) weeks. Ken to begin scheduling.

i. Stacey made reference to the 17 Mile House Farm Park Master Plan and indicated that Arapahoe County Open Spaces is concerned with conveyance and increased flows from upstream King's Point development across the property. Open Spaces utilizes the property for parking during the Fall Festival.

i. Rich stated that we may need to consider improvements upstream of trail but in

ii. Roger indicated that Arapahoe County Open Spaces would support water quality

iii. Stacey indicated that there is a large, undeveloped parcel on the west side of S Parker Rd in Centennial that is expected to develop. In addition to low-maintenance stream recommendations, this plan should recommend area to reserve for

- 1999 OSP crossings of South Parker Road Routing impacts
- o Rural drainage infrastructure upstream of Parker Road
- o Multiple smaller tributaries

#### **JOPLIN TRIBUTARY**

- Densely developed basin
- Half of basin is aligned through Cherry Creek State Park;
  - i. Rich requested that we show Cherry Creek State Park Property on all affected tributaries.
  - ii. A Cherry Creek Basin Water Quality Authority Watershed Plan is under development.
- o Active construction through Pioneer Hills Development
- Reach is dominated by wetlands
- Severe right bank erosion;
  - i. Jon indicated a narrow area between the left bank water quality ponds and the right bank Pioneer Hills Development where the drainageway necks down; the floodplain is likely not contained through this pinch point.
- Private detention and water quality ponds
- 0 Complex outfall structure downstream of south chambers road
- Aurora and Centennial split easement (72" and 36" RCP)
- RB1-Pond 4 0
- Regional detention and water quality are not present

#### VALLEY CLUB ACRES TRIBUTARY

- Southeast Regional Detention Basin verify;
  - i. Stacey identified the pond at Northwest of Interchange. More research needed in this area as it is not clear which pond or outfall alternative was constructed.
  - ii. Stacey also indicated following the meeting that there is a sub-regional extended detention basin that serves the Centennial Center commercial development (NW corner of Parker/Arapahoe) that appears to tie into the Valley Club Acres outfall system.
- o 12' x 6' RCBC verify as it impacts basin area
- o Drainageway predominantly contained in storm sewer
- Only 600 feet of open channel; all of which are within Cherry Creek Floodplain
- Challenging design will be needed if existing storm is undersized

#### **NORTHERLY UNNAMED TRIBUTARY**

- Largely within Cherry Creek State Park
- o Regional detention and water quality are not present
- Active bank erosion

#### SCHEDULE

## **Kickoff Meeting**

- Progress Meeting (+5 Weeks)
- Submit Draft Baseline Hydrology
- Complete Review of Draft Baseline Hydro
- Comment Review Meeting
- Complete Corrections to Draft Baseline H

**Baseline Hydrology Approved** 

#### **ACTION ITEMS**

- Ranch Drainage.
- 3. UDFCD (Shea) to contact Cherry Creek Basin Water Quality Authority during the Alternatives Analysis phase to discuss water quality and potential participation.
- 4. UDFCD (Shea and Rich) to research additional information that may be available for the pond at the Parker/Arapahoe Road Interchange; this may require contacting CDOT.
- 5. J3 (Ken and Allie) will obtain as much public land use data that is currently available and request assistance from Stakeholders where necessary.
- 6. Arapahoe County (Cathleen) will provide J3 with additional information regarding the 2018 Comp Plan.
- 7. SEMSWA (Stacey) will verify availability of GIS layers for impervious land use areas what land use data from Centennial and provide what is available.
- 8. Aurora (J3 did not note a specific person) will provide site plan for King's Point
- 9. J3 (Ken and Allie) will follow up with Cathleen regarding Item 13.d
- 10. UDFCD (Rich) will contact Cherry Creek Basin Water Quality Authority to better identify the scope of work for their Watershed Master Plan.
- 11. J3 (Ken) will schedule a progress meeting
- 12. UDFCD (Rich) will relay website discussion to Shea for direction regarding web-based master plan.
- 13. J3 (Ken and Allie) will roll out project website in approximately two weeks.

	September 10, 2018
	TBD
	November 16, 2018
ology	December 7, 2018
	December 10, 2018
Hydrology	December 28, 2018
	December 31, 2018

1. UDFCD (Shea) to review DRAFT stream layer to confirm additional tributaries for inclusion. 2. SEMSWA (Stacey) will provide additional drainage information for the area tributary to Grove

13 Dewberry

8100 E. Maplewood Ave. #150 Greenwood Village, Colorado 80111 Phone: 303.368.5601 Fax: 303.368.5603

## **PROGRESS MEETING MINUTES**

DATE/TIME: OCTOBER 23, 2018 @ 3:00 P.M. **UDFCD OFFICE** LOCATION: **CHERRY CREEK TRIBUTARIES MDP & FHAD PROJECT:** 

#### ATTENDEES:

Shea Thomas - UDFCD Richard Borchardt – UDFCD Stacey Thompson – SEMSWA Angela Howard – SEMSWA (phone) Roger Harvey – Arapahoe County Craig Perl – City of Aurora (phone) Jonathan Villines – City of Aurora (phone) Allie Beikmann – J3 Engineering Ken Cecil – J3 Engineering

#### PURPOSE

- 1. Review Action Item status.
- 2. Review project progress. See Discussion Item 1.
- 3. Review stakeholder input for sub-basin delineation. See Discussion Item 3.
- 4. Review schedule First deliverable is Draft Baseline Hydrology. See Discussion Item 4.

#### **DISCUSSION ITEMS**

- Ken provided an update regarding the status of action items identified at the project kickoff meeting, with most being complete. Incomplete items pertain to future phases and are not critical at this time. Dewberry | J3 will continue to track and request from assigned attendees at the appropriate time. The remaining items are:
  - a. UDFCD (Shea) to contact Cherry Creek Basin Water Quality Authority during the Alternatives Analysis phase to discuss water quality and potential participation.

Cherry Creek Tributaries MDP & FHAD Progress Meeting No. 1

- contacting CDOT.
- Pond @ King's Point)
- comparison to benefit both studies is the goal.

- the year. UD approved the revised schedule during the meeting.

b. UDFCD (Shea and Rich) to research additional information that may be available for the pond at the Parker/Arapahoe Road Interchange; this may require

c. J3 (Ken and Allie) will follow up with Cathleen regarding Item 13.d (Detention

d. UDFCD (Rich) will contact Cherry Creek Basin Water Quality Authority to better identify the scope of work for their Watershed Master Plan. Rich noted that he will contact Jim Swanson and Chuck Reid to discuss funding opportunities. It was further clarified that the project scope of work will not change based on potential overlap with the Cherry Creek Water Quality Authority. However, a

2. An update of project progress was provided. The project team has been working with UDFCD behind the scenes to increase the project scope of work to include four additional tributaries as requested at the kickoff meeting. This includes critically evaluating the Grove Ranch basin, the Arapahoe Road basin, Cottonwood Basin, and 17 Mile Basin. It was agreed that each of these additional basins will be included with the project.

3. A discussion of the additional basins and their resultant floodplains followed. The results of the baseline hydrology and first look at hydraulics will help inform whether to map the floodplains with CWCB, FEMA, or neither on a tributary basis. A discussion of how to address each stream will be a portion of the comment review meeting agenda.

4. Analyzing the inclusion of the additional basins effectively ended on October 11. Consequently, the design team is approximately 3 weeks behind schedule and requests that the Draft Baseline Hydrology submittal and subsequent milestones be extended to December 7. A draft revised schedule was presented, but it was requested that the schedule be further modified so that the comment review meeting occur after the first of

5. Shea provided stakeholder feedback regarding additional costs that will need to be funded for the inclusion of the additional tributaries with regard to future phases. This discussion

would be ongoing, but it was requested that that the project team proceed with the study and that funding will be resolved prior to the next phase.

- 6. Major basin delineation is undergoing internal QA/QC. A brief review of this process was discussed:
  - a. Detailed subdivision boundaries are possible by reviewing development plans. It was decided that this level of detail is not warranted and that relying on the onefoot topography is sufficient.
  - b. Several areas not within the major basins require further investigation. These areas will be included with the MDP as Direct Flow Areas but will not be included with alternative analysis or concept design.
  - c. The Valley Club Golf Course major basin should be validated to ensure that portions of the course are outside of the major basin as shown on the draft meeting exhibit. Rich referenced the 2D model developed by Glenn Hamilton at Muller and that we could request this to help answer the question. However, since most of the golf course is within the floodplain of Cherry Creek, the basin presented in the draft meeting exhibit is appropriate.
  - d. E470 Drainage Plans need to be reviewed to clarify whether or not all road drainage is captured within the Southern Unnamed Tributary.
  - e. The outfall for the Cottonwood Basin at Peoria is not observable. It may be a silted in culvert. This should be picked up via structure survey.
- 7. Beginning sub-basin delineation and will rely on comments received at kickoff meeting to help identify logical design points. Additional input regarding known flooding locations or trouble areas was requested but no known areas were identified.
- 8. Future conditions hydrology is required for all basins. Because the southern two basins are undeveloped, the project team will also evaluate existing conditions hydrology.
- 9. Shea referenced the Interactive Hydrology Feature and will provide documentation as an example for Dewberry | J3 to follow for the MDP.
- 10. Open Discussion

Cherry Creek Tributaries MDP & FHAD Progress Meeting No. 1

## **ACTION ITEMS**

- 1. Doodle Poll for Comment Review Meeting (Ken).
- Provide funding detail to stakeholders (Shea).
- Stakeholders to resolve funding prior to next project phase (All).
- Dewberry | J3 to continue with basin refinements (Ken, Allie & Danny).
- Update and distribute schedule (Ken).

## **PROJECT SCHEDULE**

**Kickoff Meeting** Progress Meeting (+5 Weeks) Submit Draft Baseline Hydrology Complete Review of Draft Baseline Hy **Comment Review Meeting** Complete Corrections to Draft Baseline **Baseline Hydrology Approved** 

	September 10, 2018
	October 23, 2018
	December 7, 2018
ydrology	December 28, 2018
	December 31, 2018
ne Hydrology	January 18, 2019
	January 21, 2019



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## COMMENT REVIEW MEETING MINUTES

DATE/TIME: JANUARY 14, 2019 @ 1:00 P.M.

LOCATION: UDFCD OFFICE

**CHERRY CREEK TRIBUTARIES MDP & FHAD PROJECT:** 

#### ATTENDEES:

Shea Thomas - UDFCD Dana Morris – UDFCD Stacey Thompson – SEMSWA Cathleen Valencia – Arapahoe County Roger Harvey – Arapahoe County Jonathan Villines – City of Aurora Allie Beikmann – Dewberry | J3 Ken Cecil – Dewberry | J3 Danny Elsner – Dewberry | J3

#### PURPOSE

- 1. Review select comments and present comment response action plan.
  - a. Reference on screen document for discussion.
- Discuss next steps.

### **DISCUSSION ITEMS**

- 1. Personnel Updates
  - a. Kurt Bauer will be the new UDFCD project manager (PM) on this project and will be joining UDFCD in approximately one month.
  - b. Jon Villines will be leaving the City of Aurora and joining UDFCD. Replacement for Jon is TBD. Jon also noted that he sent comments early that morning following return to work. Dewberry | J3 reviewed them and sent response back to Jon and Shea (UDFCD) on 1/18/2019.
  - c. Dana Morris (UDFCD) will be conducting the FHAD review.

- 2. Project Title Name
  - tributary name "Cherry Creek".
  - MDP". UDFCD will review and get back with us.
- 3. Tributary Names
  - local landmarks, such as streets.
  - b. North Unnamed Tributary (NU)

    - proposed Little Raven Creek instead.
  - c. Tributary to Cottonwood Creek (TC)
    - named after him.
  - d. Valley Club Acres:
    - throughout.
  - e. North Arapahoe and Parker, South Arapahoe and Parker:
    - and South Arapahoe Tributary (NA, SA).
  - f. South Unnamed Tributary (SU):
    - significance.
    - find a good, historically significant name.

a. Current title needs clarification "Cherry Creek Tributaries Upstream of Cherry Creek Reservoir MDP". UDFCD indicated the title needs to start with the main

b. Proposed best option is "Cherry Creek Minor Tributaries in Arapahoe County

a. UDFCD indicated that unique names are important and ideally have reference to

i. Suggested Lake View Tributary and attendees accepted.

ii. 2019-1-15 Update: Lakeview is already taken in Thornton. Dewberry | J3

i. Suggested Suhaka Tributary due to proximity to the model airfield. Suhaka is named after an avid radio-controlled airplane flyer who built and flew his own planes out of the field at Cherry Creek State Park, also

ii. SEMSWA verified this name was acceptable on 1/18/2019. Suhaka is currently the last name of a member on the Centennial City Council.

i. Agree to use Valley Club Acres (VCA) instead of Valley Club (VC)

i. Agreed to remove "and Parker" and modify to North Arapahoe Tributary

i. Suggested Kragland Tributary or Dransfeldt Tributary due to historical

ii. Roger indicated he would discuss with Karen at 17-Mile Farm House to

- 4. Clarified role of Arapahoe County in this project and agreed they are a stakeholder and SEMSWA is the sponsor that operates on their behalf. Wording will be clarified in the text and Arapahoe County logos will still be reflected in documents.
- 5. Dewberry | J3 asked if watershed numbers could be found online and what significance they have. UDFCD indicated they are part of a filing system that is generally not used anymore. Future MDP documents don't need to include it.
- 6. Main Tributary Comments
  - a. TC: Exhibit makes it appear tributary outfalls to Cottonwood Creek prior to crossing Peoria. Please clarify.
    - i. Outfall is downstream of Peoria. Dewberry | J3 will add a street name to clarify.
  - b. J: Let's discuss your travel path for subcatchment J2, since the shape factor is a bit excessive.
    - i. Attendees agreed to the approach of modifying the shape of the basin by removing the narrow "tail" downstream to get a better shape factor in CUHP.
  - c. NAP1: Can we discuss the catchment delineation in this area? It seems odd that NAP1 would really narrow down this much without adjacent area contributing.
    - i. NAP1 (NA1) will be cut off at Parker Rd. and the area downstream of Parker Rd. will be removed from hydrology. Upstream will be routed through piping infrastructure simulated in the model.
  - d. NAP3: Should this be the downstream limit for NAP3? Arapahoe Rd would then be incorporated into NAP2.
    - i. The current configuration is acceptable since this area doesn't go to the pond.
- 7. DFA Catchments
  - a. Attendees agreed to remove all DFAs with the exception of C-DFA2 which will be modeled up to Parker Rd and renamed to Tagawa Tributary. The other DFA areas do not have definitive outfall points along the tributaries and large portions are already in the floodplain.
- 8. Ponds
  - a. RB1-4
    - i. Confirmed that SEMSWA owns and maintains this pond.

- b. NAP/Pond E (North Arapahoe Pond)

  - 9 for the Farm at Arapahoe County.

  - current LiDAR.
  - would take a couple weeks to get this done.
- c. SAP Pond
  - maintenance eligible.
- d. NU Detention Pond

  - detention.

  - working on the project.
- e. TC Detention Pond

ii. Dewberry | J3 indicated that the stage-storage curve in the report needs updating to match the current curve used in the model.

Confirmed that SEMSWA owns and maintains this pond.

ii. SEMSWA indicated that they want to clarify the Filings that are served by this pond. Documents from SEMSWA indicated it serves Filings 7, 8, and

iii. Agreed to call the pond "North Arapahoe Pond" or NA pond for model inputs. However, a section will be included in the text noting that this is also referred to as Pond E by local agencies.

iv. Danny discussed how Dewberry | J3 developed the stage-storagedischarge curves and the discrepancies between as-built records and

v. Attendees agreed that a survey would be beneficial and Shea estimated it

i. Confirmed this pond is not publicly owned and maintained, and not

i. Dewberry | J3 indicated that this pond has a pseudo-outlet works at E Belleview Ave. that consists of two pipes, one five feet above the other.

ii. The parcel appears to be owned by the United States and is part of Cherry Creek State Park. It inadvertently provides detention and thus is not included in the model. It also doesn't appear to be maintained for

iii. Ken noted that the downstream-most pipe in CC State Park appears to be very undersized for current flow conditions. This will be included in the report since it may be of interest for the Park.

iv. Shea noted that Rich Borchardt may be a good contact for future information re: the CC Basin Water Quality Authority model, as he will be

i. Agreed to refer to the identified pond as a "stock pond".

- 9. Imperviousness and Land Use
  - a. J: SEMSWA had a comment regarding the Arapahoe County 2035 Transportation Plan for future widening of Parker Rd. from 4 to 6 lanes, and if any adjustments are necessary to the future conditions impervious values.
    - i. Dewberry J3 indicated that Parker Rd. and the ROW was drawn in as a 100% impervious area and is thus a conservative land use, since typically land use areas include the adjoining streets. Attendees agreed to use the resulting comp %I for both existing and future conditions and no changes need to be reflected for future conditions.
  - b. VC-DFA: SEMSWA had a comment regarding future residential development in part of Valley Club Acres Golf Course. Since this DFA subbasin is going to be removed, this issue no longer needs addressing.
  - c. GR: SEMSWA indicated an area is identified as "Urban Center" on Centennial's 2040 Comprehensive Plan (Centennial NEXT).
    - i. Dewberry | J3 will determine the corresponding imperviousness value for Urban Center land use. The resulting comp %I will be used as the future conditions.
  - d. C1: Much of this area is identified as "Regional Commercial" on the Arapahoe County 2018 Comprehensive Plan. It is currently built-out as residential.
    - i. Attendees agree this future zoning type appears odd given the built-out nature of the area. Cathleen indicated she will check with long-range planners at Arapahoe County to confirm the accuracy of this projected land use.
  - e. SU1: Part of this area is identified as "Urban Center" on Centennial's 2040 Comprehensive Plan (Centennial NEXT).
    - i. Dewberry | J3 Will modify and the resulting comp %I will be used as the future conditions. There will be a separate existing conditions model for this subbasin since development is proposed in a large part of the tributary basin.
      - 1. Note: Dewberry | J3 found following this meeting that the Urban Center area extends to a small part of Subbasin 17A. The same method of existing vs. future for SU1 will be applied to 17A.
  - f. 17A: SEMSWA comments that 17-Mile House Farm park has a master plan and %I values could be adjusted to account for future development.

- compare between that study and this one? (OSP Study).
- be a valid comparison in this case? (pg. 3-5, UD)
- match the Kings Point drainage report.
- discussed as answers and edits are readily known.
- 11. Additional storm events
  - and inclusion of a separate table in the Appendix.
- 12. Project Budgeting
  - to estimate additional project cost.
  - b. UDFCD and SEMSWA to discuss funding.

i. Dewberry | J3 indicated that the current %I value is conservative since a large area is considered single-family residential for the study even though it is a large open property. Since only 1.8 acres of the land is developable and the land use is conservative, attendees agreed to use the current comp %I of 13.7% but request language added to the text.

g. What 100-yr rainfall value was used in the previous study? How does the %I

i. Rainfall for the current MDP is lower than the 1999 OSP. Dewberry | J3 will show the difference for the 100-year rain event and compare to Table A-5 from the 1999 OSP at possible points of comparison.

h. Often it's better to compare unit runoff (cfs/ac) rather than just runoff. Would that

i. New comparison table shown during the meeting will be added.

i. Arapahoe County indicated that existing and future flows from the MDP do not

i. Dewberry | J3 found that flows for subbasin 17B are close to the drainage report but much higher for the SU tributary because the MDP included a larger area and an overall higher comp %I. CUHP/SWMM models confirmed this, although there is still a difference of 120 cfs for the 100-yr.

ii. The MDP does not include the proposed ponds. Shea noted that she will talk to Morgan at UDFCD to see if developers will run their models without the ponds and verify similar flows (higher flows).

10. Jurisdictional questions, appendix comments and grammatical error comments were not

a. UDFCD requested modeling of two additional storm events: the 1-year and water quality (WQ) events. This would entail a short paragraph discussing the events

a. UDFCD requested that Dewberry | J3 send a comparison table of tributary length

### 13. FHAD

- a. The position on whether or not to conduct a FHAD for each tributary was discussed at the end of the meeting and the conclusions are below. SEMSWA noted that alternatives will be studied for tributaries even if a FHAD is not conducted for them. And UDFCD indicated that a FHAD is not required if overflow from storm infrastructure is contained in the street flow.
- b. North Unnamed Tributary limits are from Belleview Avenue to NU3 basin.
- c. Tributary to Cottonwood no FHAD.
- d. Joplin Tributary limits are from Cherry Creek floodplain to at least J6 basin, may go farther along storm sewer if concentrated sheet flow puts properties into the floodplain.
- e. Grove Ranch Tributary no FHAD.
- f. Valley Club Acres Tributary no FHAD.
- g. North Arapahoe & Parker limits could be along storm sewer if a floodplain is found in the overflow of the storm.
- h. South Arapahoe & Parker limits could be along storm sewer in SAP1 basin, but will at least be from Parker to SAP4 basin.
- i. Chenango Tributary limits are from Cherry Creek floodplain to C9 basin.
- South Unnamed Tributary limits are from Cherry Creek floodplain to SU7 basin.
- k. 17 Mile no FHAD.

### **ACTION ITEMS**

- 1. All stakeholders to confirm that "Little Raven Creek" is an acceptable name for North Unnamed Tributary.
- 2. Stacey (SEMSWA) to verify Suhaka is an acceptable name for Tributary to Cottonwood.
- 3. Roger (AC) to discuss name options for South Unnamed with Karen at 17-Mile Farm House.
- 4. Shea (UDFCD) to schedule a survey for North Arapahoe pond to develop accurate stage-storage-discharge curves.
- 5. Cathleen (AC) to check with long-range planners at Arapahoe County to confirm the accuracy of "Regional Commerical" for the area of subbasin C1 (Chenango) under future conditions.
- 6. Dewberry | J3 to pick up comments in final baseline hydrology report as discussed in the meeting and provided in comments by the stakeholders.
- 7. Dewberry | J3 to send tributary length comparison table to UDFCD for review.
- 8. Dewberry | J3 will review Jon Villines comments and follow-up as necessary for inclusion.

## **PROJECT SCHEDULE**

#### **Kickoff Meeting**

- Progress Meeting (+5 Weeks)
- Submit Draft Baseline Hydrology
- **Comment Review Meeting**
- Complete Corrections to Draft Baseline Hydrology
- **Baseline Hydrology Approved**

September 10, 2018

- October 23, 2018
- December 14, 2018
- January 14, 2019
- February 1, 2019 February 4, 2019



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## MEETING MINUTES

DATE/TIME: APRIL10, 2019 @ 11:00 A.M.

LOCATION: UDFCD OFFICE

**CHERRY CREEK TRIBUTARIES FHAD – FHAD MODEL PROJECT:** 

#### **ATTENDEES:**

Terri Fead - UDFCD Dana Morris – UDFCD Shea Thomas - UDFCD Jonathan Villines – UDFCD Allie Beikmann – Dewberry | J3 Danny Elsner – Dewberry | J3 Haley Heinemann – Dewberry | J3

#### **DISCUSSION ITEMS**

- 1. Introduction: Danny and Shea gave an overview of the study area.
- 2. General notes:
- No FHAD Basins: Confirmed no FHAD will be completed for Suhaka, Grove Ranch, Valley Club Acres, Tagawa, and 17-Mile tributaries.
- Reach Centerlines: UDFCD noted that reach centerlines must extend to the centerline of Cherry Creek or edge of CC Reservoir, where applicable. Areas not mapped due to location in Cherry Creek State Park, conveyance in a 100-Year storm culvert, etc. will be noted appropriately.
- 100-Year, 500-Year guidance: Haley requested clarification on the new FHAD review steps. Shea noted that the guidelines direct modelers toward a working 100-Year model prior to evaluating the 500-Year, but that storm events can be analyzed simultaneously if easier. Terri also noted that checking the 500-year event during model construction assists in drawing appropriately sized cross-sections and other model components.
- Fences within floodplain: UDFCD advised using higher Manning's n for areas with fences. UDFCD noted that typical ranges of areas with obstructions, such as buildings, are between 0.1 and 0.2, and higher values correspond to highly urbanized areas. UDFCD recommended using their guidelines to identify values.

#### 3. Little Raven

- 4. Joplin
- sewer at J7/J8 confluence.
- will be the 10-Year known water surface elevation at that location.
- Pond RB1-4
  - total flow rate.
  - pond.
- Street Capacity at J6 and J7
  - not need to be mapped or modeled for the FHAD.

#### 5. North Arapahoe

- sewer at N3/N4 confluence.
- water surface elevation at that location.
- Street Capacity at Arapahoe Rd.
  - not need to be mapped or modeled for the FHAD.

Limits: Confirmed mapping limits are from Belleview Ave. to Havana St. (LR3).

 Boundary Conditions: Determined that the downstream condition will be normal depth downstream of Belleview's culvert crossing and the culvert will be modeled in HEC-RAS.

Limits: Confirmed mapping limits are from 10-year Cherry Creek floodplain to the storm

 Boundary Conditions: Determined the downstream-most cross-section will occur just downsream of the 10-Year Cherry Creek floodplain and the associated boundary condition

o Downstream flow conditions: Confirmed that downstream of the pond, the modeled flow rate will reflect the overflow rate from the pond quantified in SWMM. A crosssection will be added on the downstream side of Chambers Rd., which is located at the confluence of the overflow and storm sewer flow, to adjust the flow to the

o Upstream flow conditions: Stream alignment will be continuous along Joplin Tributary and through the pond. Boundary conditions will be prescribed on either side of the pond to account for the known water surface elevations from SWMM rating curves at the embankment and the full SWMM flow will be used through the

 Confirmed that flowpaths don't need to be shown if spills don't occur during the 100-Year event. Reaches where the storm sewer contains the 100-year event do

Limits: Confirmed mapping limits are from 10-Year Cherry Creek floodplain to the storm

Boundary Conditions: The downstream-most cross-section will be just downstream of the 10-Year Cherry Creek floodplain and the boundary condition will be the 10-Year known

o Confirmed that flowpaths don't need to be shown if spills don't occur during the 100-Year event. Reaches where the storm sewer contains the 100-year event do

- 100-Year Spill
  - o 2D Model: Dewberry | J3 to send the 2D model with the initial FHAD model submittal and a screen shot showing the flow split as soon as available.
  - UDFCD advised to model the split flow @ Lewiston in HEC-RAS and the connection to South Arapahoe will be discussed following the first submittal. Flows downstream of Lewiston will reflect the loss of flow to South Arapahoe at the split.

## 6. South Arapahoe

- Culvert capacity: Dewberry | J3 to verify 100-Year containment along Arapahoe Rd. from Parker Road to Cherry Creek, and the pipe connecting the CDOT pond to the existing WQ pond.
- Limits: Depending on containment of the 100-Year flows, the downstream- most point mapped will be the upstream end of the culvert crossing at Lewiston Way and the upstream-most point will be the open channel at the S3/S4 confluence.
- Boundary Conditions: The downstream boundary condition will be the head water elevation at the culvert crossing of Lewiston Way found w/ CulvertMaster or HY8.

## 7. Chenango

- Limits: Confirmed mapping limits are from the 10-year Cherry Creek floodplain to downstream point of Subbasin C9.
- Boundary Conditions: Determined the downstream-most cross-section will occur just downstream of the 10-Year Cherry Creek floodplain and the associated boundary condition will be the 10-Year known water surface elevation at that location.
- Non-UDFCD pond modeling: Confirmed that the pond will be modeled with no attenuation and the centerline will follow the path of the emergency overflow discharge.

## 8. Kragelund

- Limits: Confirmed mapping limits are from the 10-year Cherry Creek floodplain to downstream point of Subbasin K7.
- Boundary Conditions: Confirmed the downstream-most cross-section will occur just . downstream of the 10-Year Cherry Creek floodplain and the associated boundary condition will be the 10-Year known water surface elevation at that location.
- Undefined Channel: Confirmed that longer cross-sections in the area upstream of Parker Rd. is acceptable to capture flow trending in two directions. The centerline will be drawn along the south based on the 2D model with obstructions added to the cross-sections to prevent cross-flow that would not occur in actuality.
- Future Flows:
  - o Dewberry | J3 noted that future peak flows are greater than 30% larger than existing peak flows and require additional considerations per FHAD requirements.

#### Cherry Creek Tributaries MDP & FHAD **Comment Review Meeting Minutes**

- also need to be modeled.
- this time.

## 9. Other Items

- Requested items:
  - CMP.

  - send/update as available.
- UDFCD to send GIS review tool.

## **ACTION ITEMS**

- and Kragelund to UDFCD for review of split flows.
- re: selected Manning's values.
- 3. UDFCD to send GIS layer package and review tool.
- 4. UDFCD to inquire about survey acronym/abbreviation sheet from surveyor.
- SEMSWA infrastructure data indicates is an 84" CMP.
- 2 vs. blocked obstructions.

### **PROJECT SCHEDULE**

**Dewberry Model Review Submittal** UDFCD Review Wrap-up

 UDFCD advised to use future flow rates for the FHAD to remain consistent with the rest of the project. UDFCD will discuss with SEMSWA whether existing flows

• UDFCD also noted that particular stormwater conveyance measures, specifically regional detention, have potential to change and thus any affects these may have on actual observed flows at points of interest are not certain enough to consider at

o UDFCD will request a survey for the upper-most culvert at Hinsdale on Chenango. SEMSWA's infrastructure shapefiles indicate the crossing is equipped with an 84"

o UDFCD will request a stock list of acronyms and abbreviations from the surveyor. o UDFCD will request the layer package (ie discuss with Morgan Lynch) and

1. Dewberry | J3 to include 2D HEC-RAS models with the first submittal for North Arapahoe

2. Dewberry | J3 to update HEC-RAS models per discussion items and provide information

5. UDFCD to request a survey at Hinsdale upstream of the dam along Chenango, which

6. UDFCD to talk with Stacey at SEWSWA regarding increased Manning's n in Action Item

April 22, 2019 May 3, 2019

## Dewberry

## Dewberry

#### **MEETING MINUTES**

Meeting Date: August 05, 2019	3. The third option was a mo
Time: 3:00 pm	modeling and 2D downstr
Location: MHFD	a. This option gained
Meeting Lead: Danny Elsner	b. Shea noted that th
Project: Cherry Creek Minor Tributaries in Arapahoe County FHAD	will approve for lo
Purpose: Arapahoe Road Modeling and FHAD Submittal 1 Comments Review	regulate these floo become approved
Attendees: Jon Villines/MHFD, Shea Thomas/MHFD, Stacey Thompson/ SEMSWA, Allie	approaches yet. Io
Beikmann/Dewberry, Katie Kerstiens/Dewberry, Danny Elsner/Dewberry	c. Dewberry indicate
	•
Discussion Items 1. Arapahoe Road/ Valley Club Modeling	4. The fourth option included VCA and 2D model inflow
a. Background information (hand out)	a. Not ideal (same re
<ul> <li>Danny discussed the basin hydrology of Valley Club Acres (VCA) and the flooding that occurred on Helena Street in June. Danny introduced the handouts</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>The fifth option included o unsteady).</li> </ol>
which show the magnitude of flows spilling along North Arapahoe to VCA, starting at Lewiston Way. An estimated 378 cfs spills to VCA.	a. Not ideal (same ro
<li>Stacey mentioned that local residents called to inform SEMSWA that flooding occurred, however, the specifics, including what houses and the source of flooding, are unknown.</li>	ii. A modified option three was selec be looked at and if the flooding is designated. Dewberry will look into possibility. Will first model from Le
iii. The group agreed there is a need to further assess the flood risk in this area and	results and items for discussion be
identify something that the state will approve for designating flood hazard areas. Best approach TBD.	iii. MHFD also noted that in cases like basin models should include the fl
b. Options to move forward (hand out)	be modified to remove the transfe
i. Danny introduced five (5) alternatives to address mapping floods in this area at	iv. Shea and Stacey indicated they w

- i. Danny introduced five (5) alternatives to address mapping floods in this area at Arapahoe Road and Valley Club Acres. Discussion was summarized as follows:
  - 1. The first option was no FHAD for NA, conduct a storm sewer analysis and design infrastructure with sufficient 100-year capacity, and assume there are no longer basin transfers to VCA.
    - a. Shea noted that with this option it falls to MHFD to notify owners of flood risk.
  - 2. The second option included option one plus a storm sewer alternatives analysis for VCA.
    - a. Not ideal. Infrastructure in VCA is relatively sufficient and doesn't appear to cause the flooding and a larger pipe at Caley won't alleviate the flooding issues.
    - b. Shea asked if the basin was greater than 130 acres and Danny clarified that it is however, both basins combined are less than 200 acres.

- this assessment. including:

3. Monitoring well data during the time of the storm (Dewberry | J3 will look into data for local wells).

a. Submittal 1 comments

i. Kragelund

## **MEETING MINUTES**

modified FHAD for NA and SA with 1D upstream stream modeling excluding VCA inflows.

ned traction to evaluate the spills.

t they need to produce something that the state local governments to have legal authority to flood hazard areas. Currently, 2D models can't ved FHADs because FEMA doesn't recognize 2D t. Ideally would be a 2D informed 1D model.

ated they would look into this further.

ded option three plus a storm sewer analysis for ow.

e reason as No. 2).

d option four plus hydrology routing (SWMM or

e reason as No. 2).

lected to move forward with. Shallow flooding will is 6 inches or more, then a flow path will be into a 2D informed 1D model to see if that's a Lewiston to outfall with a 2D and send MHFD before proceeding with any next steps.

like the 20 cfs basin transfer on Lewiston, both e flow unless it is known that the infrastructure will sfer.

Shea and Stacey indicated they will look into what can be accepted by the state as, for instance, approximated flood risk assessments can't become regulatory.

v. It was determined that SEMSWA will try to obtain additional information to help

1. As-built or survey information for pipe sizes on the north side of Arapahoe Rd., which are currently indicated by SEMSWA GIS data to be about 42" near the Cherry Creek outfall.

2. Additional information regarding the specific homes that were flooded.

2. FHAD Model Resubmittal: Comments that need more clarification/explanation were addressed.

# Dewberry

### **MEETING MINUTES**

- 1. Comment 3 Future flows are to be used for FHAD and existing will be used for a separate model submittal.
  - a. Jon will talk to Terri to confirm this approach and determine when this review of the existing conditions model will take place.
- 2. Comment 31F Use split flow to confirm shallow flow depth is 6 inches or less, start with 2D model to get a sense of what is happening and send results to MHFD.
- 3. Comment 31G Refer to Comment 31F. It was discussed to send a surveyor out to confirm berm/levee elevations.
- ii. Chenango
  - 1. Comment 25A Jon is good with the LOB but needs clarification on the IEFA for the ROB. Haley to follow up with Jon for discussion.
  - 2. Comment 26A Danny explained that the crossing is extended since there is split flow that travels down the ditch, pools, and eventually overtops the road to make its way back to the main channel. Jon recommended modeling this split flow. Look at risk to adjacent homeowner. Alternatives could include filling in the ditch.
  - 3. Comment 34B Keep culvert as is, do not want to decrease capacity.
  - 4. Comment 34C Keep culvert as is, do not want to decrease capacity.
- iii. North Arapahoe
  - 1. Comment 1A Jon said the flows are okay.
  - 2. Comment 4A Jon said the placement is okay but requested a follow up with Haley to discuss.
- iv. Joplin
  - 1. Comment 6 Okay, Allie explained figure to Jon who is good with the modeling approach since it doesn't impact the floodplain.
  - 2. Comment 7A Jon approved the assumptions for flow through the new development at Joplin Way and Granby Way (overflow at manholes upstream of development). For purposes of documentation, we need to show the main channel following the 72" pipe with overflow along the Granby Way curb and gutter.
- b. Floodway runs: Jon mentioned this is not necessary for submittal, but can be run for more information.
- c. Resubmittal schedule: Schedule was reviewed and everyone agreed on the dates (see following page).
- d. Next steps

# Dewberry

#### Action Items

- to MHFD.
- 2. Shea and Stacey to look into what can be accepted by the state.
- pipe size on the north side of Arapahoe Road.
- 4. Dewberry will look into monitoring well data during the time of the storm.
  - levels in the area.
- 5. Jon will talk to Terri regarding the following:
  - submittal.
  - b. Confirm the shallow flow depth (6" or 12").
- Chenango Comment 26A.
- curb and gutter in regards to Joplin Comment 7A.
- 8. Haley will follow up with Jon regarding:
  - a. Chenango Comment 25A IEFA for the ROB
  - b. North Arapahoe Comment 4A verify placement

### **Current Estimated Schedule**

- 1. Model submittal for approval
  - a. Dewberry piecemeal, all by 8/19/19
    - b. MHFD Review 9/9/19
- 2. 100-year floodplain submittal
  - a. Dewberry 10/7/19 (+1 week for CASFM)
- b. MHFD Review 10/28/19
- 3. Floodway and 500-year floodplain submittal
  - a. Dewberry 12/2/19
- b. MHFD Review 1/6/20 (+2 weeks for Holidays)
- 4. Full Review Submittal
  - a. Dewberry 2/10/20
  - b. MHFD Review 3/2/20
- 5. Final Submittal
  - a. Dewberry 3/30/20

## **MEETING MINUTES**

1. Dewberry will look into a 2D informed 1D model to analyze shallow flooding and will send results

3. Stacey will try to get further information on the homes that were flooded and will back check the

a. Update: Allie looked into this on 8/6/19 and did not see any continuously monitored well

a. Confirm the use of future flows for the FHAD and exiting flows for a separate model

6. Dewberry will model the split flow and look at the risk to adjacent homeowner regarding

7. Dewberry will show the main channel following the 72" pipe with overflow along the Granby Way



### SECOND FLOODPLAIN REVIEW **MEETING MINUTES**

Date: February 2, 2021

Time: 2:00 PM

Location: Teams

Project: Cherry Creek Minor Tributaries in Arapahoe County FHAD

**Purpose:** Comment Review

Attendees: Jon Villines/MHFD, Hung-Teng Ho/MHFD, Melanie Poole/MHFD, Brik Zivkovich/MHFD, Laura Hinds/MHFD, Danny Elsner/Dewberry, Katie Kerstiens/Dewberry, Haley Heinemann/Dewberry

### **Agenda Items**

#### Overview

- Asking only about comments that we need some clarification on.
- Some comments ask to validate approach on certain items. Not going to discuss these and assume that if we provide explanation/validation that they will be accepted.

#### **Comment Review**

1. Modeling Questions

#### 1 - Chenango

XS 1991, the 500-year profile drawdown can be fixed by not modifying the low flow channel geometry to match the culvert opening. - Is it optional to modify the low flow crossing to match survey?

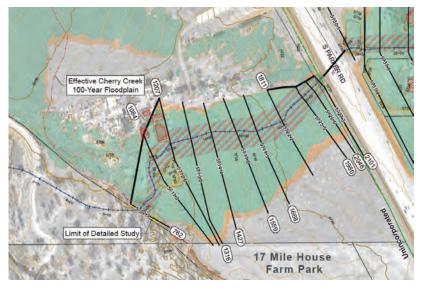
- Bounding XS are cut at location outside of crossing, so want XS to match natural channel outside of structure. HEC-RAS manual expands on this. Update this XS to match natural channel, which may include survey of the channel upstream of the structure.
  - This is new guidance following previous guidance to modify low flow channel to match culvert. (i.e. no obstruction by channel in front of culvert)
- For our current stage of review Will only modify at this location because a drawdown is occurring. Other locations will be left in our current models that aren't causing profile changes, with the acknowledgment that there is a new procedure for future models.

# Dewberry

### XS 1084 - Kragelund

What is the need for the lateral structure? Please extend cross section cutline at right overbank to hit the high ground to contain all flood events. - Confirm modeling approach here. Split flow to the east modeled in 2D.

- conditions.
- those structures.



#### XS 6845 – South Arapahoe

Please set IEFA downstream of crossings to non-permanent. - Received previous direction to use permanent IEFA at all downstream xs. New protocol? • Models currently set upstream and downstream IEFA's to permanent from previous FHAD guidance.

- - below the events that overtop.

### SECOND FLOODPLAIN REVIEW **MEETING MINUTES**

 Review test run model to see if removal of lateral structure is okay and that XS are contained throughout those XS. Should be good for existing and future

Shallow flooding depth of <1ft is based on average depth, but because there are insurable structures near the circular drive it would be advantageous to exclude that area from the shallow flooding modeling and provide a Zone AE depth for

Upstream lateral structure and 2D model is still okay approach.

• New approach is to set XS 3 IEFA's to permanent with standard heights based on road/structure being overtopped to provide more conservative result (usually). (Noted that this approach is still under discussion internally at MHFD and further guidance on this may be coming down the road.) If flow overtops a structure, then it is effective flow and is appropriate to use non-permanent IEFA at XS 1 and 2 and set elevations



# Dewberry

### SECOND FLOODPLAIN REVIEW **MEETING MINUTES**

• For our current stage of review – Will change IEFA of downstream crossings to non-permanent if there is a profile drawdown being caused. Otherwise we will leave as-is at this stage of the modeling. Also, will adjust downstream XS 1 and 2 IEFA to account for overtopping.

#### XS 6919 – South Arapahoe

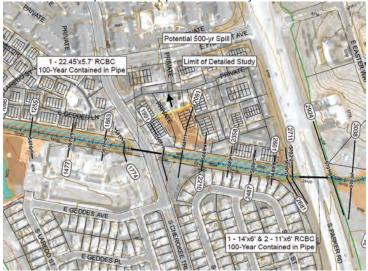
Please set IEFA elevations to ensure consistent overtopping storm events between cross sections (Approach, US Face, DS Face, and Exit) at each crossing. - Would like to discuss further to clarify what is being asked.

- Reviewed this comment prior to meeting and it's okay in this instance because it is not causing a drawdown or other profile issue.
- For our current stage of review Will double check that any drawdowns are corrected by adjusting downstream IEFA's to ensure consistent overtopping.
- 2. Floodplain Questions

#### 12 - Chenango

XS 2091, please complete the 500-year floodplain boundary at right overbank area. -Followed style of other recent FHADs. Possible to keep?

> • Believe flow should be shallow enough toward Fremont Avenue that we can estimate the 500-year will not travel further than the street. Make a logical transition here, follow contours and streets/curb. For future instances where we believe water will flow quite a distance away, the previous approach is okay.



#### 13 - Chenango

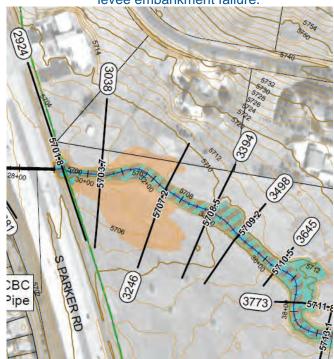
XS 3246 & 3038, the left minor high ground is not regulatory levee embankment. Please include the low lying area with the floodplain. - Can you clarify the levee/embankment consideration?

includes entire width.

### o example of recent table.

5	Flooding S	Source:	1	Second Cree	ek (Upper)	-							
7		1.1	Downstr	eam Reach I	Distance, ft	Cumul	ative Dista	ance, ft	FP W	idth, ft	0.5' FW	Width, ft	
8	Cross	River	Model	Profile	Map	Model	Profile	Map	Model	Map	Model	Map	Mo
9	Section	Station	-	-/- 5% of Mo	odel	+/-	5% of Mo	del	Largest	alue: 25 fee Ma		f Width on	
147	63618	636+18	382.83		382.83	45635.26	****	45635.3	811	350/811*	239	236.2567	517
148	63966	639+66	347.92		347.92	45983.18		45983.2	856	841.3247	326	323.8179	517

levee embankment failure.



### SECOND FLOODPLAIN REVIEW **MEETING MINUTES**

• Noted that the industry doesn't have great guidance on when an embankment (what height/width) should be treated in this manner. Even if 100-year isn't hydraulically connected, suggest we include low lying area in floodplain to be conservative since embankment could fail. Include 2 top widths in table  $(xx/xx^*)$ : one that is just in channel and one that

#### • Possible rule of thumb for now: if cross-section can't be trimmed because of 500-year hydraulic connection, may want to consider 100-year non-

# **Dewberry**

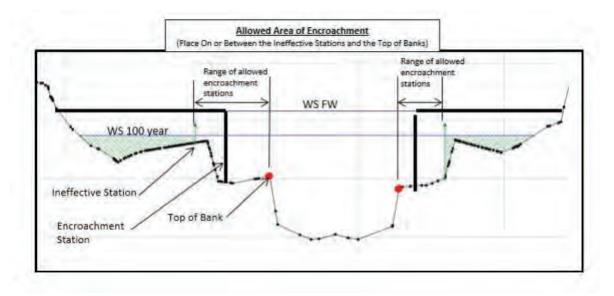
### SECOND FLOODPLAIN REVIEW MEETING MINUTES

3. Floodway Questions

#### 16 - Chenango

Floodway Analysis, please avoid floodway top width include IEFA. – This comment shows up a few times. Is this a rule of thumb?

• Based on definition of a floodway – the water course that is preserved to convey effective flow; therefore, don't want to include area which has been denoted ineffective.



• Helpful reference figure from NC:

Other Items

- 1. To send Jon scope change for Kragelund existing conditions modeling
- 2. Possible change order for other items need to digest based on this meeting
- 3. Schedule?
  - a. Change orders
  - b. Resubmittal submit all together (Kragelund + all comments)
  - c. Public Meeting will revisit this in a month

# **REVIEW COMMENTS AND RESPONSES**



#### **TECHNICAL MEMORANDUM**

#### Date: April 29, 2019

To: Ms. Terri Fead, P.E. From: Ken Cecil, P.E., CFM; Danny Elsner, P.E., CFM Subject: Cherry Creek Minor Tributaries FHAD; Model Review Submittal 1

#### Message:

This technical memorandum documents the hydraulic analysis performed for the Cherry Creek Minor Tributaries in Arapahoe County FHAD, Model Review Submittal 1. Modeling notes that generally apply to all tributaries are listed first, followed by assumptions and items of note that are individual to each tributary. Supporting hydraulic calculations and references are attached to this memorandum. Prior to this submittal, a meeting was held at UDFCD on April 10, 2019 to clarify preliminary questions. Minutes from the meeting are also attached.

#### General Modeling Notes

HEC-RAS (version 5.0.6, subcritical, 1D) models are included for the following drainageways: Little Raven Creek, Joplin Tributary, North Arapahoe Tributary, South Arapahoe Tributary, Chenango Tributary, and Kragelund Tributary.

- All required peak profiles (10-, 25-, 50-, 100-, 500-yr) from the baseline hydrology are included. For all tributaries except Kragelund, existing conditions = future conditions. For reaches defined by storm sewer overflow and no open channel, only the return events and associated flows exceeding the SWMM-defined storm sewer capacity are modeled.
- All modeling was completed in Colorado State Plane Central with a NAD 83 horizontal datum and NAVD88 vertical datum

#### **Channel Alignments**

• Tributary alignments were delineated following the channel thalweg per the smoothed Cherry Creek contours provided by UDFCD. Station 0+00 for each tributary is at the confluence of Cherry Creek (or Cherry Creek reservoir) regardless of the downstream limit of the study area.

#### **Cross Sections**

- Cross section geometry was populated using a 1'x1' raster created from the LAS dataset provided by UDFCD and created by USGS in 2014.
- Low flow channel inverts were modified to reflect UDFCD survey at existing structures. Where necessary, intermediate cross section inverts were interpolated between surveyed structures to remove adverse grade.
- Several instances of adverse grade exist along the modeled profiles. Instances of adverse grade were included where needed to capture areas of overland flow (no defined channel) and obstructions such as private driveways and berms.

#### **Boundary Conditions**

- Downstream boundary conditions vary for each tributary depending on the limits of the study and the availability of regulatory floodplain data for Cherry Creek. Effective Cherry Creek information was obtained from the 08005CV001D-5D FIS for Arapahoe County (revised September 28, 2018).
  - o The North Arapahoe, Chenango, and Kragelund downstream boundary conditions use KWSELs set to the Cherry Creek 10-year water surface elevation interpolated from the FIS profiles. Refer to the attachment for calculations.
  - o Little Raven: Normal depth of channel slope downstream of Belleview Avenue per limits of study.
  - Joplin: Normal depth of channel slope at downstream cross-section. (No regulatory floodplain is 0 published for this area within Cherry Creek State Park.)
  - South Arapahoe: KWSEL's set to the calculated headwater at Lewiston Way. Headwater elevations for each profile were calculated in CulvertMaster. Calculations account for the series of culverts



running from the west side of Parker Road to the upstream side of Lewiston Way via a 54" CDOT pond outlet (Culvert 1) and the Lewiston Way culvert (Culvert 2). Calculations are attached.

section.

#### Manning's N

- attached.
  - around buildings.

Category	Roughness Value
Native Grasses	0.05
Willow stands, woody shrubs	0.16
Herbaceous wetlands	0.12
Asphalt (ex. parallel roadways)	0.02
Cobble Channel Bed	0.07
Gravel (ex. gravel parking lot)	0.025
Housing/Commercial	0.1-0.2
Grouted Boulder Drops/ Large riprap	0.1
Maintained Turf Grass	0.04
Fences (perpendicular to floodplain)	0.1

#### Structures

the UDFCD survey are included in the Bridge Culvert Data description box for each structure.

**Ineffective Flow Areas** 

- IEFA's.

### **TECHNICAL MEMORANDUM**

Additional boundary conditions were added for pond RB1-4 in Joplin Tributary and are discussed in that

• Roughness values were chosen using USDCM Table 8-5 and Equation 9-1. Photographs of typical sections are

o In lieu of conveyance obstructions, areas with overland flow occurring across residential and commercial areas use a higher Manning's roughness value between 0.1 and 0.2 to consider flow

Several of the tributary floodplains are obstructed by perpendicular fencing, mainly associated with private yards. In some cases, along Chenango, the fencing crosses the channel. Anticipated blockages associated with the fencing is modeled with a high roughness value of 0.1.

Culverts and drops were modeled using the structure survey provided by UDFCD. Structure numbers from

IEFA's at crossings were set assuming approximate contraction rates of 1:1 and expansion rates of 2:1 - 4:1. IEFA's immediately upstream and downstream of roadway embankments were set to permanent.

• Conveyance areas within other channels, such as minor tributaries or roadway ditches, were discounted with



### **TECHNICAL MEMORANDUM**

#### Little Raven Creek

The Little Raven Creek model terminates at Belleview Avenue because the reach within Cherry Creek State Park will not be included in the FHAD

#### Joplin Tributary

- Pond RB1-4: Cross section 7571 is set to the water surface elevations which were identified in the baseline hydrology SWMM model for the RB1-4 pond.
- Survey Data requested on 4/18/2019
  - o Structure survey was requested for Chambers Road near station 6,363. SEMSWA infrastructure shapefile data identifies the culvert as a 54" RCP, which has been included in the model until the survey is received.
  - Topographic survey or as-builts were requested for the development located south of the Joplin 0 Way and Chambers Rd. intersection. Until the survey is received, it is assumed that the 500-year overflow of the 72" pipe will be conveyed along S Granby Way and contained by approximate conveyance obstructions. ACTION ITEM – Once survey is received, Dewberry | J3 will map the flow path and flood limits between S. Joplin Way and S. Chambers Road.
- Flow Change Locations:
  - o Overflow occurs upstream along Crestline Ave. and Helena in subbasins J6 and J7 between XS 8050 and 10270 for the 100-year and 500-year storm events. Flow rates for the overflow between Laredo and Lewiston (J7\_SS\_OVF) were taken from SWMM and not modified. The overflow rate for J6 SS OVF was modified to include 80% of the overland flow rate for the subbasin since approximately 80% of subbasin J6 flows to the street before flowing downstream to Pond RB1-4. The totals of J6 SS OVF and J6 OF are used for the total flow in street for mapping (194 cfs during the 100-year and 463 cfs during the 500-year). See table below for reference.

Node/Link	Description	CUHP/SWMM flow ra (cfs)			erland flow street) (cfs)	Total flow in street, Crestline Ave. and Helena St. (cfs)	
		100-YR	500-YR	100-YR	500-YR	100-YR	500-YR
J6_SS	Storm Sewer	347.74	348.55	-	-	-	-
J6_SS_OVF	Overflow	77.14	279.22	-	-	77.14	279.22
J6_OF	Subbasin overland flow	146.38	229.18	117.104	183.344	117.104	183.344
RB1- 4_Pond	Total flow to pond	569.4	854.95	-	-	194.244	462.564

 Overflow of the 72" pipe from Pond RB1-4 to Chambers Road crossing occurs for the 500-year storm event only and the flow rate for the model is 312 cfs, as determine in CUHP and SWMM.



#### North Arapahoe Tributary

- "Combined 1-D and 2-D modeling with HEC-RAS" (August 2013).
- in reality occur.
- for the split flows to optimize.
  - parking lot.
    - that this loss of flow may be resolved in the future.
  - - 0
  - warrant relocating the centerline of North Arapahoe tributary further to the north.
    - flow being lost to the northwest.
- Arapahoe may need to be included in this discussion.

#### South Arapahoe Tributary

- flow loss at this pond and the possible combination discussed in North Arapahoe.

#### **Chenango Tributary**

### **TECHNICAL MEMORANDUM**

• Several split flow locations have been identified along North Arapahoe. The model included with this submittal estimates the amount of flow leaving at each location with a lateral weir using the standard weir equation for a broad crested weir. Tailwater connections at all weirs are set to 'out of the system'. Weir coefficients were selected using the Hydrologic Engineering Center recommended values published in

• A rough 2D model was completed to identify potential locations of split flow for the 1D model. The 2D model uses two plans: 1. Upstream of Parker Road and 2. Downstream of Parker Road. The model is included with this submittal. Because the terrain is very flat and the LiDAR does not capture curb and gutter elevations along North Arapahoe, the model was only used to identify potential problem areas and is not necessarily accurate in many locations. For example, the topo underneath the Parker Road bridge does not represent the existing median; therefore, a split flow to the south is introduced in the model which does not

• The following is a description of the split flows for the 100-year event. These locations are noted on the North Arapahoe hydraulic workmap. Note that the default maximum iterations was increased to 40 to allow

Lewiston Way: Between Olathe Street and Lewiston Way approximately 19 cfs overtops the Arapahoe Road median. Curb and gutter contain this flow until Lewiston Way, where no gutter or cross pan exists, allowing water to escape to the south along Lewiston Way and potentially into the Walgreens

o Lateral weirs 5462 and 4660 were optimized together because both are considered one source of flow loss. Flow lost through these weirs was not subtracted from the main channel flows, assuming

Downstream of Lewiston Way: Just downstream of Lewiston Way, the 100-year WSEL sits very close to the median elevation. Less than 1 cfs overtops the median and will be conveyed by curb and gutter to the next inlet on the south side of Arapahoe Road just west of the Parker Road southbound onramp.

This weir, 4444, was optimized alone. Flow lost through this weir was not subtracted from the main channel flows, assuming that this loss of flow may be resolved in the future.

3. Parker Road to Cherry Creek: Downstream of Parker Road, the majority of North Arapahoe flows leave Arapahoe Road and spill to the north toward Sprint, Smashburger, and a handful of homes. This may

Lateral weirs 3462, 2764, 2339, 1485 were optimized together because of the large percentage of

### ACTION ITEM - Dewberry | J3 would like to coordinate with UDFCD regarding major modeling decisions such as split flow alignments and centerline modifications for North Arapahoe tributary. It appears that the major flow path should leave Arapahoe and head a bit north due to the split flow quantities. Note additional flows along Arapahoe from South

 During hydraulic analysis, it was determined that the CDOT pond located at the southeast corner of the Arapahoe and Parker intersection along South Arapahoe is overtopped during the 100-year and 500-year events. The overtopping elevation is estimated to be 5680' at the northwest corner of the pond. From preliminary CulvertMaster calculations, included in the boundary conditions attachment, it's estimated that about 45 cfs and 226 cfs could escape the pond in the 100-year and 500-year events, respectively.

ACTION ITEM - Dewberry | J3 would like to coordinate with UDFCD regarding modeling the

 ACTION ITEM - Structure survey was requested on 4/18/2019 for East Hinsdale Avenue upstream of the dam near station 10,600. SEMSWA infrastructure shapefile data identifies the culvert as an 84" CMP, which has been included in the model until survey is received.



### **TECHNICAL MEMORANDUM**

- The existing dam located at station 98+41 is not recognized by UDFCD and was not included in the baseline hydrology. The channel alignment is routed around the dam by way of the emergency overflow located on the south side of the dam. Storage behind the dam was discounted with IEFAs.
- Roadway ditches are located on the north and south side of Hinsdale Avenue. Conveyance area associated with the ditches was made ineffective.
- The high Manning's n discussed with UDFCD was implemented within a majority of the area based on aerial view and the impact felt to the flow.

#### Kragelund Tributary

- In the April 10<sup>th</sup> pre-submittal meeting, the UDFCD project team was notified that the future conditions peak flows are more than 30% greater than the existing peak flows along Kragelund. UDFCD advised Dewberry | J3 to continue modeling future flows while it is determined whether existing flows also need to be modeled.
- The following is a description of split flows for the 100-year event. Split flows that were observed for smaller storm events are not noted here but were considered in the model using ineffective flow areas.
  - <u>Cross Section 6545 to 5879 in proposed King's Point Development</u>: Drainage splits on either side of a ~500-foot long natural ridge, with the low-flow channel continuing along the east side of the ridge. This was modeled with longer cross-sections and ineffective flow areas rather than with lateral or weir structures due to the short length of the obstruction and wide floodplain downstream.
  - <u>2.</u> <u>Cross Section 4566 to 4162</u>: Drainage splits on either side of a ~400-foot long natural ridge, with the low-flow channel continuing along the north side of the ridge. This was modeled with longer cross-sections and ineffective flow areas rather than with lateral or weir structures due to the short length of the obstruction and wide floodplain downstream.
- Neighborhood between E. Long Ave. and E Mineral PI.:
  - Low Flow Channel Determination: From Cross Section 4162 to Parker Road, it appears that two possible flow channels exist: one to the north parallel to E Long Ave and one to the south that flows to a ditch along E Mineral PI. Upstream invert elevations are similar and an abbreviated 2D flow analysis was conducted which found that flows split for very small events and slightly more drainage is conveyed in the Mineral PI. channel. This channel was selected for the low-flow channel and IEFAs were used to preclude flow from the upper reaches of the flow area.
  - <u>Flow South of E Mineral PI</u>.: Storm events overtop Mineral PI. and pond the residence located south of the road. Since flow appears to remain there and pond up, IEFAs were added to remove this area from consideration in the model.
- Flow west of Parker Rd.: Flow spills from the main channel located downstream of the Parker Rd. crossing Northwest toward and across the open space. An abbreviated 2D model confirmed this flow preference and Dewberry | J3 will be requesting guidance from UDFCD to confirm the best approach for containing this part of the model.

#### **References:**

- 1. Reference A: HEC-RAS Workmaps
- 2. Reference B: Manning's n Typical Sections
- 3. Reference C: Boundary Conditions
- 4. Reference D: April 10, 2019 Meeting Minutes
- 5. **Reference E:** North Arapahoe 2D Model (screen shots due to size)
- 6. Reference E: Kragelund 2D Models (screen shots due to size)
- 7. Reference F: Baseline Hydrology Report

Plans, Flows, and Profiles

**REVIEW STEP 1 - MODEL REVIEW - Chenango** 

2. Verify there are no crossing profiles



#### October 22, 2019 FHAD Submittal No. 2

- 4. Verify RAS flow change locations match SWMM design points
  - appropriate?



Response: SWMM flow change locations were offset upstream to the next SWMM design point. When the design point was located at a road crossing, the flow change was applied at the structure's downstream XS so that the "correct" flow was applied through the structure. Confirmed this is okay at meeting.



**Response:** Flow change moved to XS 9943.

1600 Main Channel Distance (ft)

Response: Our understanding is that crossing profiles are acceptable when they occur within a structure. We believe there is a hydraulic jump at the downstream end of this structure that these crossing profiles depict. Propose leaving this as-is.

a. Flow changes are occurring at the structures, not at the upstream XS. Is this

b. Should this flow change upstream of the embankment? Currently changing at 9616.

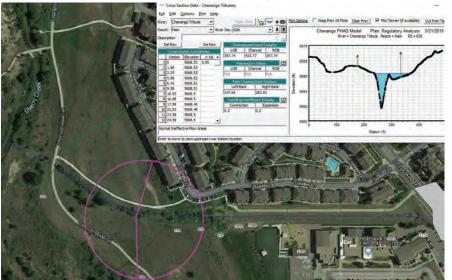
### Reach Lengths/Cross Section Widths

- 8. Verify RAS and GIS reach lengths are in agreement (XS Location Test Tool)
  - a. Downstream-most reach length is off by about 30 feet, 423 in model, looks like it should be closer to 398?



Response: Reach length has been corrected.

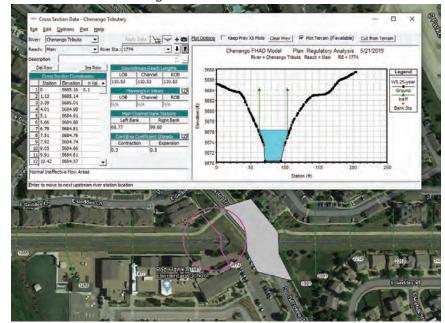
- 10. Verify overbank lengths are reasonable and different from channel lengths (when appropriate)
  - a. LOB reach length here is shorter, should be longer than channel?

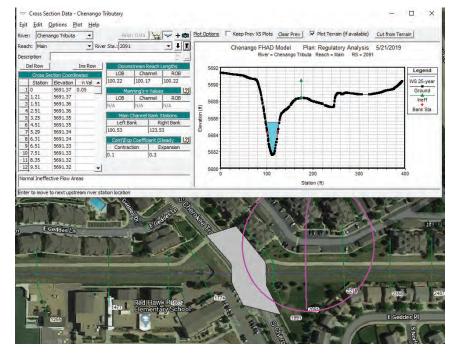


**Response:** Agreed. Reach length has been corrected.

#### October 22, 2019 FHAD Submittal No. 2

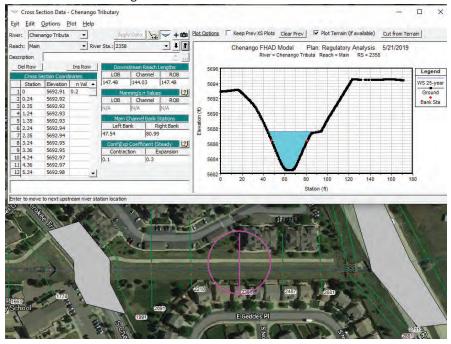
b. These overbank reach lengths should be different?





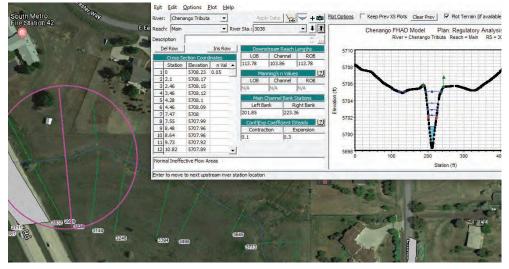
**Response:** Agreed. Reach lengths have been corrected. Note that some values are very similar due to the straight, engineered nature of the channel.

d. Channel should be longer than the overbanks?



Response: The channel CL is delineated to follow the contours for low flow, while the overbanks are following a less-sinuous overbank flow path. While the channel reach length is slightly longer than the overbanks, all three will be averaged out in the calculations.

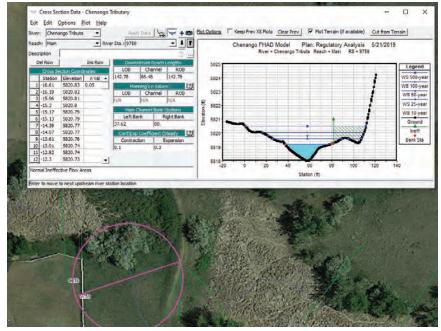
e. LOB and ROB should be different?



**Response:** Agreed. Reach lengths have been corrected.

#### October 22, 2019 FHAD Submittal No. 2

f. LOB should be shorter than Channel and ROB should be longer?



#### Response: Agreed. Reach lengths have been corrected.

reach lengths are varied accurately.

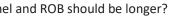
- 11. Verify cross section IDs correspond with cross section stationing (ideally)

### **Response:** XS ID's have been corrected as necessary.

skew)

a. Fix left station

1	Main	1190	500-year	0.00	292.12	5772.60
1	Main	7346	10-year	-12.45	247.33	5771.60
	Main	7346	25-year	-12.45	247.33	5772.88
X	Main	7346	50-year	-12.45	247.33	5773.45
	Main	7346	100-year	-12.45	247.33	5774.01
	Main	7346	500-year	-12.45	247.33	5774.79
	Main	7532	10-year	0.00	240.47	5774.90



g. Not all XSs were commented on: Please go through all XSs and verify that LOB and ROB

**Response:** XS's were reviewed and reach lengths have been corrected as necessary.

a. They vary by the value of the downstream-most reach length (same as Kragelund).

12. Verify GIS cross section width corresponds to cross section width in RAS model (considering

Main	9759	10-year	-16.61	120.72	5819.1
Main	9759	25-year	-16.61	120.72	5819.6
Main	9759	50-year	-16.61	120.72	5819.8
Main	9759	100-year	-16.61	120.72	5820.0
Main	9759	500-year	-16.61	120.72	5820.5
(Picality	5755	200 700	10101	100171	552513
Main	10446	10-year	-29.67	351.04	5823.22
Main Main	10446 10446	10-year 25-year	-29.67 -29.67	351.04 351.04	5823.22 5823.83
Main	10446	10-year	-29.67	351.04	5823.22
Main Main	10446 10446	10-year 25-year	-29.67 -29.67	351.04 351.04	5823.22 5823.83

#### **Response:** XS stationing has been modified to start at 0.

#### Cross Sections

22. Verify bank stations are reasonable at each cross section (Plot RAS Cross Section Extents Tool):

- b. Channel alignment is between bank stations
  - i. Bank stations shifted on XSs with offset left end stations, please check.



**Response:** Bank stations corrected per modification of XS stationing to start at 0.

#### October 22, 2019 FHAD Submittal No. 2

- 23. Verify backwater areas and depressions are represented by IEFA and permanence as appropriate (All Geo Reviews Tool)
  - low area?



Response: IEFA's represent expansion from culvert in this area.

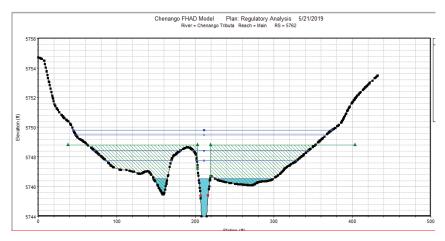
a. Are these IEFAs because of expansion from the culvert, or because of ponding in this

- 24. Verify building conveyance shadows are handled with obstructions/IEFA/high Manning's n (All Geo Reviews Tool)
  - a. Shouldn't this section of the embankment be IEFA?



**Response:** Agreed. Circled sections have been made IEFA.

- 25. Verify canals/ditches are obstructed or IEFA (All Geo Reviews Tool)
  - a. Are the roadside ditches assumed to be full with local flow, and that's why they're not counted for conveyance? But that flow would have been added at the upstream flow change point, so isn't it accurate to convey it here? Because flow on the south side might not ever make it back over the road into the main channel? Ditch small enough not to make a significant impact on floodplain?



#### October 22, 2019 FHAD Submittal No. 2

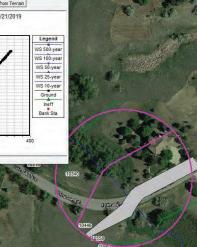
**Response:** I believe on previous FHAD's we have excluded the conveyance area from other tributaries or local ditches from the floodplain models. Flow on the south side was considered ineffective with the assumption that the culverts at Crossing 17 are not part of the main system, but for the ditch. This area was discussed at the comment meeting and confirmed that the ditch on the south side will be disregarded.

#### 26. Verify IEFAs are reasonable and consistent for adjacent cross sections.

a. Why are these IEFA? Also do we need the XS to be this wide? Plot Options 🔽 Keep Prev XS Plots Clear Prev 🔽 Plot Terrain (if available) Cut from Terrain Chenango FHAD Model Plan: Regulatory Analysis 5/21/2019 River = Chenango Tributa Reach = Main RS = 10446

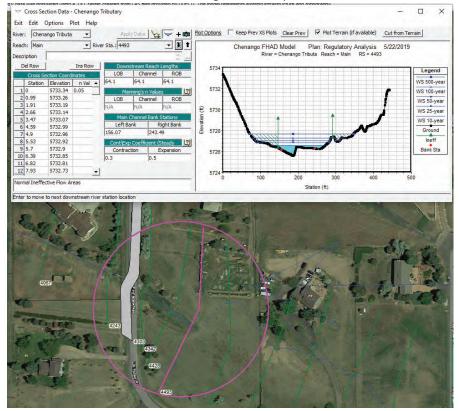
Zone X unregulated. No split flows are to be added as of now.

27. Contraction/expansion coefficients are appropriate



**Response:** IEFA's are represent expansion from the culvert. XS' have been trimmed some. However, there is potential for split flow down the southern side of Hinsdale Avenue, and back over the road. Confirmed with 2D modeling that the 500-year only splits. Jon has reached out to SEMSWA to confirm if it is okay to include the limits of the 2D area in the

a. Do increased coefficients need to begin this far upstream of the culvert?



Response: Expansion/ contraction coefficients were generally applied along the full distance that contraction took place upstream of structures. The coefficients have been limited to the two XS's upstream instead of three.

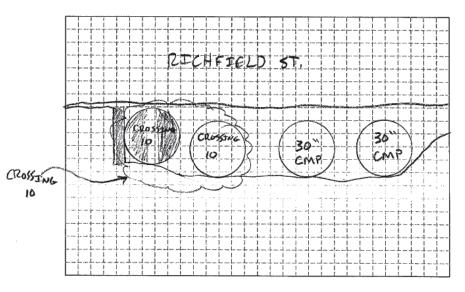
#### Hydraulic Structures

34. Geometry - top of road/low chord/invert elevations/culvert sizes (survey .csv data into ArcMap)

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this as a separate flow path and a split?



a. This survey shows this culvert as half full of sediment, but it doesn't appear to be modeled this way? Crossing 8. Also Chart and Scale selected not applicable to CMP?

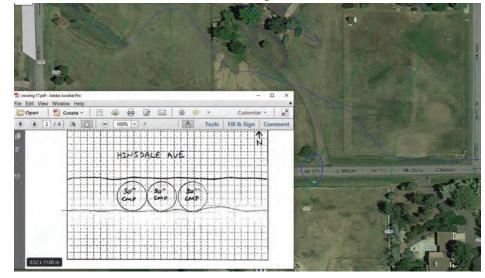
opy Del	lete		Culvert G	roup:	lvert #1		· + 1
ria: Comp	uted Flow	Co 🔻			4	Rename	
Circul	ar	-	5	pan:		Diameter	2.5
Concrete Pi	pe Culvert	£		_			
Square edg	e entrance	e with hea	adwall				
pstrm XS:	7.45	_					
h:	35	-		Dept	h to use B	Bottom n:	0
s Coeff:	0.9	2		Dept	h Blocked	:	0
ff:	1	_		Upst	ream Inve	ert Elev:	5771.3
or Top:	0.015	2		Dow	nstream Ir	nvert Elev:	5769.7
or Bottom:	0.015	_					
el Data		_		Bar	el GIS Da	ta: Barrel #	-1
terline Stat	ions #	Barrels :	1		th: 0	to. Durrer -	1
el Name	US Sta	DS Sta	-		х	Y	×
1	71.8	67.67		1		-	
				2			
				4		-	
				-15			-

Response: As a general rule, FEMA calls for hydraulic structures to be assumed free of blockage and debris loading is not modeled in hydraulic analysis for NFIP studies. The same approach was assumed for the FHAD. Chart and scale modified to reflect CMP.

b. RS 5786 doesn't model the other two culverts that cross Hinsdale – should we model

**Response:** Discussed during meeting. These culverts serve the ditch to the south and are being disregarded.

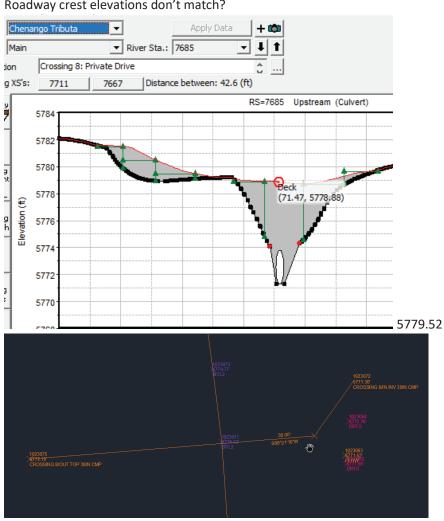
c. Do we know if this crossing is intended to bring the south ditch back into the main channel? Do we need to model this? Crossing 17



**Response:** Discussed during meeting. These culverts serve the ditch to the south and are being disregarded.

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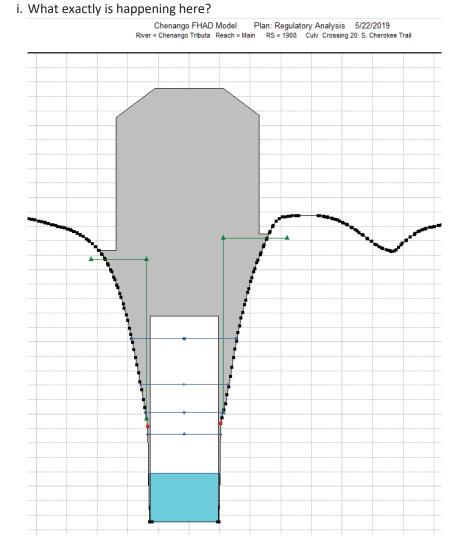
**Response:** Road deck elevations have been modified by hand to correspond with the structure survey.

37. Ineffective flow area assumptions, appropriate permanence

a. IEFAs upstream of bridge and culvert crossings should be permanent and set to the top of road elevation.

#### October 22, 2019 FHAD Submittal No. 2

#### a. XSs crossing road grade



**Response:** The bridge deck has been modified by hand to reflect obstruction of flow that would be caused by the large chain-link fence located along the headwall of the culvert. The road crest is actually lower than the headwall elevation at this location, so embankment blockage is only represented by the headwall and chain-link fencing.

39. Verify cross sections up/downstream of structures do not cross road grade



#### Response: XS's have been trimmed.

b. Is it ok if these XSs cross road grade?



**Response:** XS's have been trimmed and no longer cross the roadway.

- 40. Verify all significant hydraulic structures are modeled
  - a. See earlier comments about modeling of Hinsdale culverts.
  - Response: Discussed during meeting. The referenced culverts serve the ditch to the south and are being disregarded.

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## **REVIEW STEP 1 - MODEL REVIEW - Joplin**

Plans, Flows, and Profiles

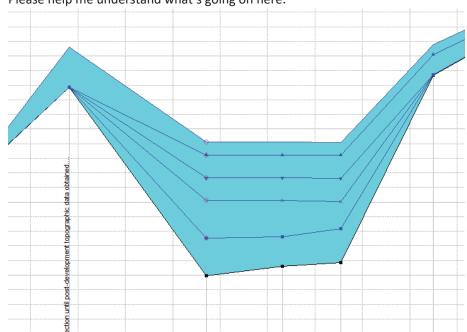
- and/or Discharge Profiles)
  - should start at S Laredo St.

**Response:** Per our phone conversation, the alignment is okay. We have delineated *past* Laredo St. upstream to Lewiston, which is the outflow location of subbasin J8. The baseline hydrology and FHAD both show our understanding of the delineation is up to Lewiston.

- 4. Verify RAS flow change locations match SWMM design points

this in a timely manner.

- condition)
  - a. Please help me understand what's going on here:





#### **Comment Responses** Joplin Tributary

3. Verify HEC-RAS peak flow discharges against hydrology (compare to Hydrology Peak Flow Table

a. According to our stream delineation, the major drainageway (and thus the floodplain)

a. It would greatly simplify the review to be able to view the SWMM schematic in GIS. Please provide a shapefile with the SWMM schematic for all tributaries.

Response: Per our phone conversation, Dewberry | J3 will try to export SWMM GIS files for

6. Verify any set WSELs against rating curve information (as for a detention basin, or complex inlet

Response: Pond RB1-4: Cross section 7571 is set to the water surface elevations which were identified in the baseline hydrology SWMM model for the RB1-4 pond. Overflow of

#### September 3, 2019 FHAD Submittal No. 2

the 72" pipe from Pond RB1-4 to Chambers Road crossing occurs for the 500-year storm event only and the flow rate for the model is 312 cfs, as determine in CUHP and SWMM.

Also, discussed this in the August meeting and clarified the modeling approach with Jon.

#### Reach Lengths/Cross Section Widths

- 7. Verify channel alignment is reasonable and follows low flow channel as indicated by contours
  - a. I understand the delineation will be updated with the new survey in the area around S Granby Way. Is 2D modeling going to be needed here?

Response: No, 2D modeling isn't necessary. We can assume, based on new survey, that overflow occurs at upstream manholes of this development. Both manholes that would potentially overflow would flow to Granby Way to the new flowpath.

Also, discussed this comment with Jon in the August meeting. Jon approved the assumptions for flow through the new development at Joplin Way and Granby Way (overflow at manholes upstream of the development). He noted that for purposes of documentation, we need to show the main channel following the 72" pipe with overflow along the Granby Way curb and gutter.



b. Hard to compare to the GIS because our background aerial is so low res, but according to the latest Google Earth image this looks like the low flow path going into Parker Rd.

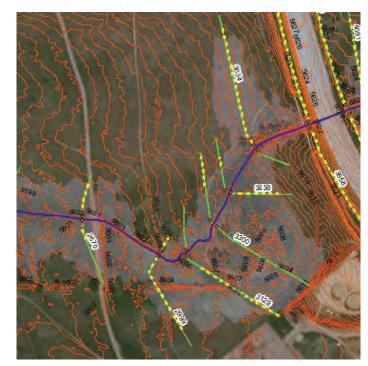
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Response: The low flow channel near Parker Rd. is well defined in the elevation file but agree that it doesn't matchup with the aerial. As we understand it, the elevation data drives the delineation and we feel that the alignment is a good representation.

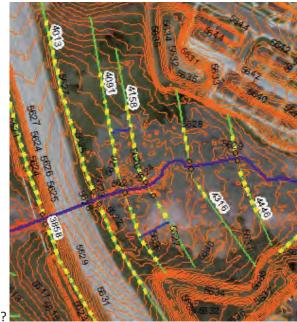
10. Verify overbank lengths are reasonable and different from channel lengths (when appropriate)

Response: Agree, the downstream cross-sections were generally lengthened and reworked to follow contours and capture the flowpaths downstream of Parker Rd. This was done with attention to detail and removed most of the "dog-eared"-type XSs that you see here.



a. The skew of these XSs in the overbank seems as though it doesn't always accurately represent the actual flow direction of water and requires big differences in overbank and channel reach lengths. Please explain the reasoning for these alignments.

a. ROB downstream length is longer than the LOB and the channel on XS 4158 – is this



accurate?

**Response:** No, this was not accurate. We modified the flowline delineations and have better estimates now (for instance, LOB is now 10 feet longer than the ROB here).

b. Please revisit and confirm all XS overbank downstream reach lengths.

**Response:** Re-calculated reach and overbank lengths for all cross-sections.

c. DS LOB reach length for XS 6140 is the same as the channel, looks as though it should be



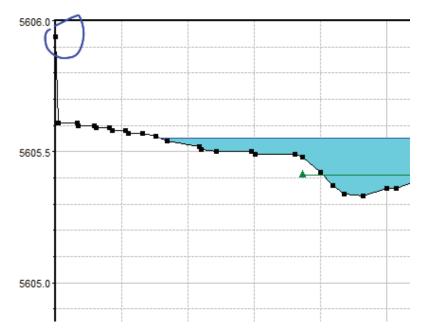
quite a bit shorter? 🥙

**Response:** The LOB reach length is now about 10 feet shorter than the channel length.

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Cross Sections

- 15. Verify cross section geometry is within criteria (not uncontained)
  - being uncontained).



stationed, and fixed manning's.

- 16. Verify cross section alignment represents level water surface
- a. See item 10. a.

**Response:** Also see response for 10a.

- 17. Verify cross sections are perpendicular to flow direction or have appropriate skew
  - per previous comments. Please review overbank XS alignment.

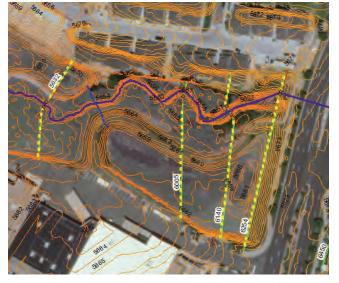
Response: Also see response for 10a. Many cross-sections were modified to better represent the flow paths.

a. Is this high point on LOB of XS 2999 real? Don't see it in topo (and this XS is very close to

#### Response: Agree, extended the LOB several feet, re-extracted geometry and re-

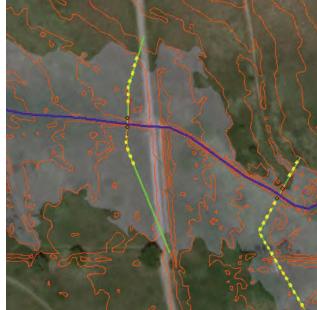
a. Bankfull sections look perpendicular to flow, but not always necessarily the overbanks,

- 19. Verify adequate cross section densities, especially near buildings/homes
  - a. Do we need another XS at the confined area between these ponds?



Response: Agree, added a cross-section 5793 for additional detail.

- 20. Verify road grades, dams, and other areas of high ground are represented by cross sections (check for missed controls and constrictions)
  - a. Do we need to capture this path in a XS? Not so much for the FHAD but for smaller



events.

**Response:** Agree. Removed the cross-section just downstream and added one to follow the footpath. Also added one upstream to capture the pool.

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- - b. Channel alignment is between bank stations

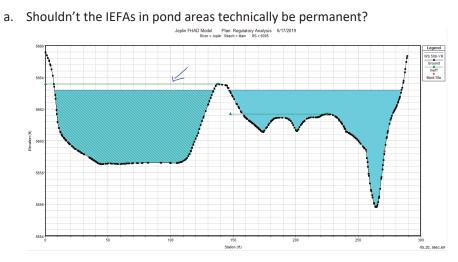
i. I believe your left station doesn't start at 0 on these two XSs.



- appropriate (All Geo Reviews Tool)
  - a. See 26. a.

#### Response: Also see response for 26a.

#### 26. Verify IEFAs are reasonable and consistent for adjacent cross sections.



pond permanent IEFA for 5632.

22. Verify bank stations are reasonable at each cross section (Plot RAS Cross Section Extents Tool):



23. Verify backwater areas and depressions are represented by IEFA and permanence as

#### **Response:** Agree, made LOB pond permanent IEFAs for 5793, 6005, and 6140 and ROB

- 27. Contraction/expansion coefficients are appropriate
  - a. Did you mean to have 0.3 contraction coefficient on XS 6140?

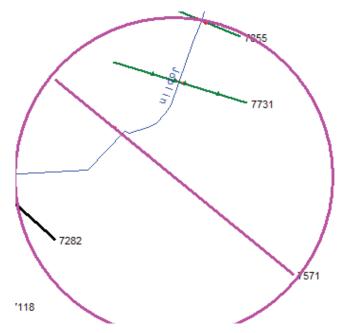
**Response:** Yes, contraction/expansion is 0.3/0.5 for 6140 since it is two downstream from the crossing.

b. 0.5 expansion on XS 6529?

**Response:** Yes, contraction/expansion is 0.3/0.5 for 6529 since it is two downstream from the crossing.

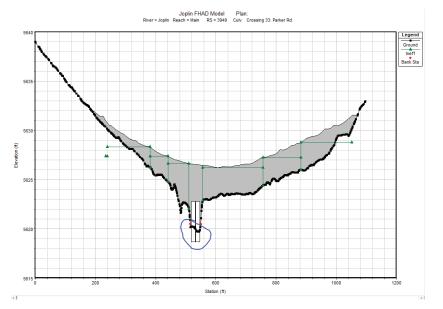
c. Do we need higher expansion coefficient here?

**Response:** Agree, modified expansion coefficient for pond XSs 7571, 7731, and 7855.

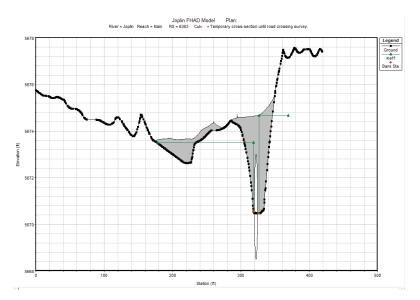


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- but needs to be verified/justified.)
  - through the channel reach.



### **Response:** Modified culvert inverts/ground elevations to match survey.



**Response:** Modified culvert inverts/ground elevations to match survey.

29. Check that channel invert elevations decrease when moving downstream. (Not always incorrect,

### a. Where LiDAR shows channel invert elevations higher than the surveyed inverts of the nearby crossing structures, we recommend connecting surveyed invert elevations

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#### Flow Splits

- 31. Verify other flow split/distribution methods are sound
  - a. We need to be sure that we are apportioning the overland flow in this area appropriately.

#### Response: Agree, refer to response to item 7a.



#### Hydraulic Structures

- 34. Geometry top of road/low chord/invert elevations/culvert sizes (survey .csv data into ArcMap)
  - a. Roadway elevation from survey doesn't match IEFA/XS for Parker Road culvert?

**Response:** Agree, added a 24" railing to the upstream and downstream roadway elevations based on the structure survey dimensions for Parker Road and Chambers.

- 35. Verify adjacent cross section inverts have been modified appropriately and match culverts inlets/outlets
  - a. See 29. a.

#### Response: Also see response to 29.a.

(another item from Little Raven section): XS 7118 on Joplin – change IEFA to not overlap stations with blocked obstructions.

Response: IEFAs in this area no longer intersect any conveyance obstructions.

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# **REVIEW STEP 1 - MODEL REVIEW – Kragelund**

Plans, Flows, and Profiles

- and/or Discharge Profiles)
  - Existing conditions hydrology will be submitted with the FIRM.

5. Verify discharges are identical between all plans

Response: Modified XSs 9644 and 5879 so that profiles don't converge and become critical during minor storm events.

#### Reach Lengths/Cross Section Widths

**Response:** We used the contours and .las files to delineate the channel and the cross-sections as the model would be difficult to run if we used the aerial for reference. The contours just don't line up with the aerial at the upstream section that was pointed out.



#### **Comment Responses Kragelund Tributary**



3. Verify HEC-RAS peak flow discharges against hydrology (compare to Hydrology Peak Flow Table

a. FHAD HEC-RAS flows for Kragelund represent future conditions hydrology, correct?

Response: A new plan for existing conditions flows has been added to the model.

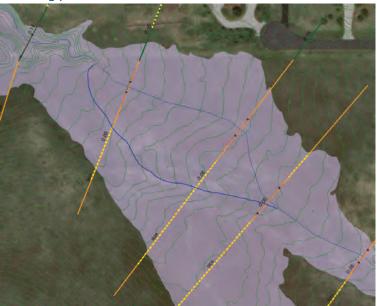
a. Some WSEs converge at RS 9644 and 5879 (and these RSs do not correspond to XSs) what is happening here? At these cross sections we have critical flow, please correct.

7. Verify channel alignment is reasonable and follows low flow channel as indicated by contours a. Aerial seems to indicate a clear low flow channel (sand bed?), not followed in all locations. What is the basis for choice of low flow in areas like this?

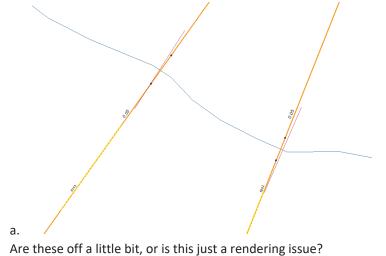
a. 9644: Disagree with the proposed alignment. The alignment suggested follows a ridgeline. The existing centerline looks good but the cross-section was moved/modified to better capture the active channel and centerline was tweaked a bit for precision.



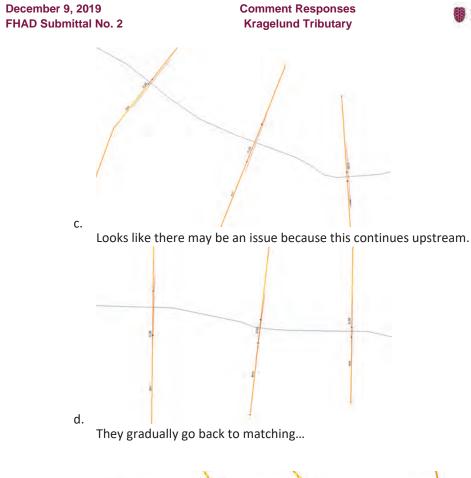
b. 5879: Agree with the proposed alignment. Moved the centerline to following the lowflow channel to the southwest of the original alignment and adjusted cross-sections accordingly.

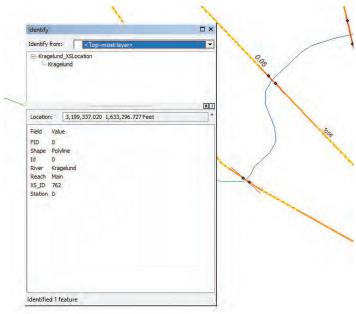


8. Verify RAS and GIS reach lengths are in agreement (XS Location Test Tool)



**Response:** Agree. Fixed flow lengths at the end of editing to ensure channel and flowpath lengths are appropriate.





downstream reach length of 762 to the first cross section?

**Response:** Fixed the flow lengths of the first cross-section.

# Dewberry 3

e. Do these not match because of the downstream confluence reach? Do they need to add



#### Cross Sections

- 15. Verify cross section geometry is within criteria (not uncontained)
  - a. XS 2639 is contained only by IEFA on the LOB is this realistic?

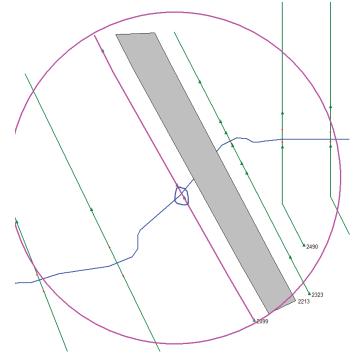
Response: XS's in this area have been extended on the LOB for containment of the 500-year other than at locations of LSs.

- 16. Verify cross section alignment represents level water surface
  - a. It would be helpful to be able to overlay the 2D model results on the GIS to analyze cross-section placement.

Response: Agree. 2D model coincides with most flow following the low flow channel and a small portion spilling to the north for larger storm events. This was used to modify the crosssections downstream of Parker Rd. this go around.

- 17. Verify cross sections are perpendicular to flow direction or have appropriate skew
  - a. Do we need skew at this XS?

**Response:** Not anymore. Modified XS alignment for 2099 to be perp. to centerline. Also, added a few additional cross-sections downstream of 2099 to capture the extent extent of possible split flow. Note: 1787 spills above the 10-year, and 1855 (500-year).



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a.

### **Comment Responses** Kragelund Tributary

- 18. Verify cross sections match contours
  - issues of their not being perpendicular to contours?

19. Verify adequate cross section densities, especially near buildings/homes



#### Response: Agree, added a downstream XS.

	Kragelund FHAD Model	Plan
05	and the second	-



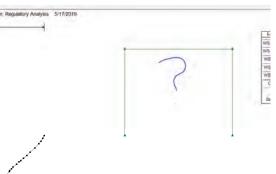


a. XS overbanks not always perpendicular to contours - issue? Usually outside of floodplain. Can some of the XSs be trimmed closer to the 500-year to eliminate the

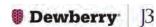
**Response:** Agree, cross-sections were modified in several areas to follow contours.

Do we need

an additional XS downstream of XS 9396 to capture change in topography?

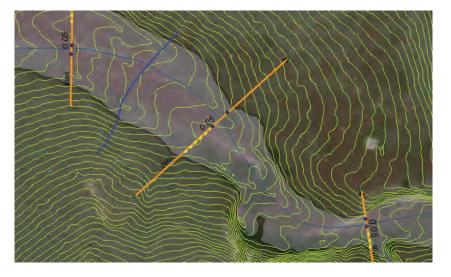


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c. Additional XS needed here to represent expansion in flow? Move XS upstream to capture beginning of expansion and increase coefficient?

**Response:** Agree, added a downstream XS.



21. Verify Manning's n values are reasonable and represent area between cross sections (All Geo **Reviews Tool**)





0.15 seems high for the ditch and grass overland sections of this reach.

Response: Agree, updated to 0.12 to reflect the range (0.1-0.2) for housing/commercial but also be higher than simply perpendicular fences (0.1).

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с.



area looks like higher than 0.05 roughness?

Response: Agree, added a section for the commercial area west of Parker (0.12) and a section for the wetlands/forest (0.12).

Are we sure this is accurate?

channel.

- appropriate (All Geo Reviews Tool)
  - What is the basis for setting this elevation in the IEFA?

Response: Agree, see bullet point 15.

#### **Comment Responses Kragelund Tributary**

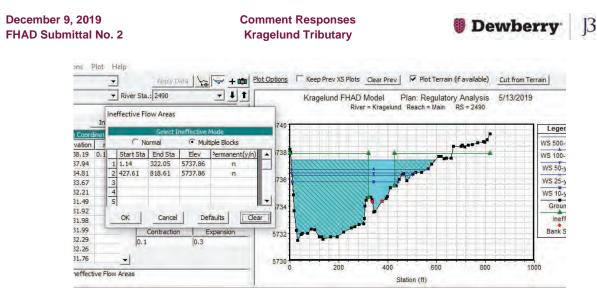


d. For most XSs we are using the same n-value for the main channel and the overbanks.

**Response:** Reviewed and yes there are several areas with the same n (ie in upstream grassy areas) but Manning's n appears appropriate for each XS now for LOBs, ROBs, and

23. Verify backwater areas and depressions are represented by IEFA and permanence as

a. Is this being modeled so that no flow is overtopping the road, even as IEFA/storage?



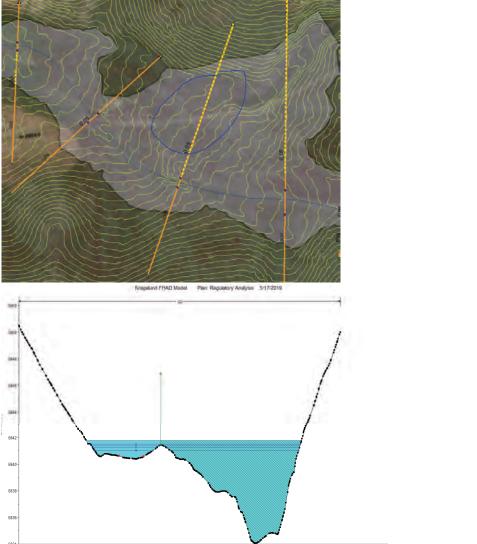
- 24. Verify building conveyance shadows are handled with obstructions/IEFA/high Manning's n (All Geo Reviews Tool)
  - a. See item 21 re: structures downstream of Parker Rd.

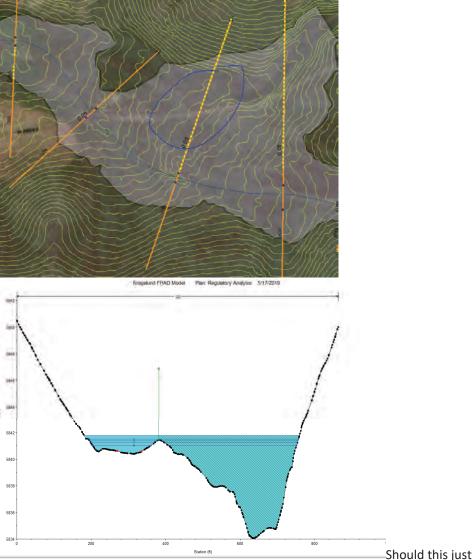
**Response:** Refer to response for item 21.

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26. Verify IEFAs are reasonable and consistent for adjacent cross sections. a. Is it realistic to say that all of this area is ineffective?

> Response: Yes. XS 7924 (7795 prev), and upstream and downstream cross-sections, remove the area of a joining tributary (at the Confluence design point). The area becomes including when the ridgeline separating the tributary becomes insignificant.





normal IEFA from the high point on the ROB?

**Response**: Our opinion is that is shouldn't be for the reason stated previously.



#### **Comment Responses Kragelund Tributary**

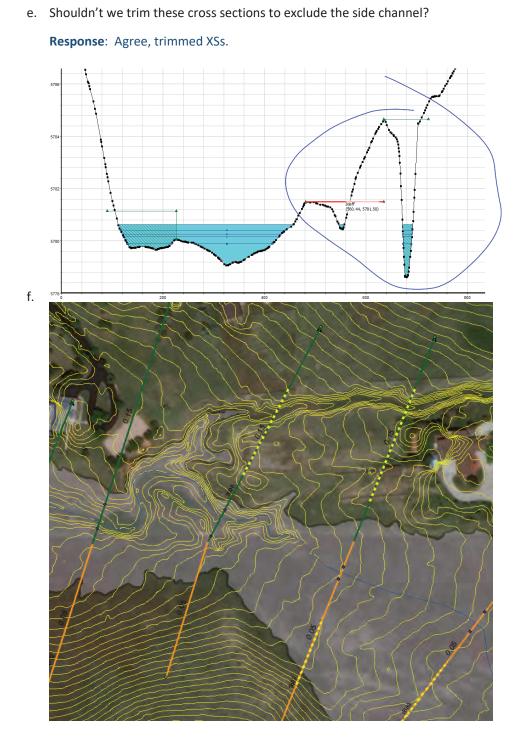
Should this just be a

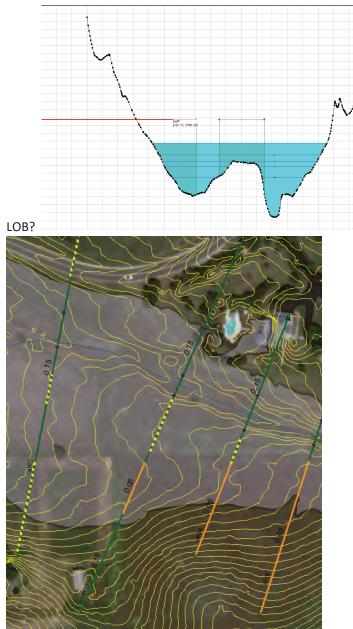


**Comment Responses** Kragelund Tributary



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#### **Comment Responses** Kragelund Tributary



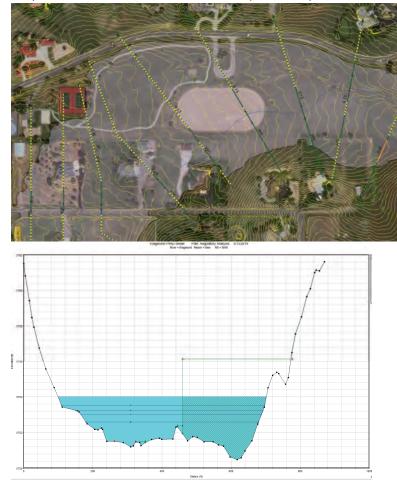
a. IEFA should start at the first XS station (or later) – and why is this not normal IEFA on the

Response: 4658/4505/4245/3954: IEFA on left raised to remove small spill during 500-year event that will spill and pool. 4415 is now XS 4505 and the XS alignment was adjusted to be perpendicular to flow and contours which fixed much of the "two flow-paths" issue.

**Comment Responses** Kragelund Tributary



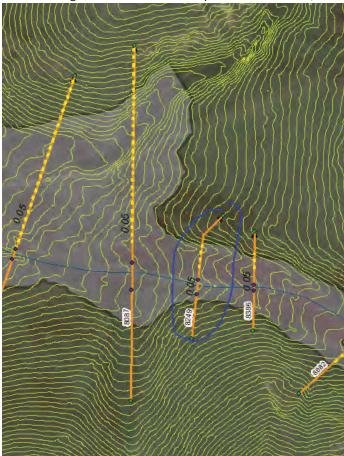
b. Why is flow blocked from this side of the split entirely?



Response: 3955 to 2419: IEFA on right raised to eliminate other possible flow channel and reflet ineffective flow spilling out into park. The other channel has a longer flowpath and when crosssections are cut for our delineated channel, a straight-line runs through the opposing channel at a point when it's lower (for approx. two XSs). It should remain IEFA because downstream near Parker Rd., the flow pools and slinks back to the ditch, which is the main low-flow channel we are following.

December 9, 2019 FHAD Submittal No. 2

- 27. Contraction/expansion coefficients are appropriate



were modified slightly to capture the expansion.



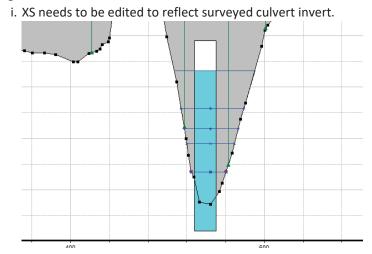


a. 8249 is being modeled with a 0.5 expansion coefficient, but 8087's RB is entirely IEFA

**Response:** Changed expansion and contraction coefficients back to 0.1/0.3 since cross sections



- 29. Check that channel invert elevations decrease when moving downstream. (Not always incorrect, but needs to be verified/justified.)
  - a. Where LiDAR shows channel invert elevations higher than the surveyed inverts of the nearby crossing structures, we recommend connecting surveyed invert elevations through the channel reach.



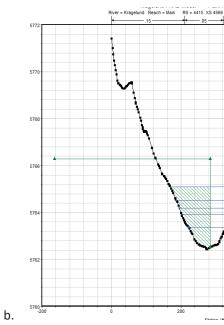
Response: Modified ground inverts for Parker Rd. crossing 2213.

#### Flow Splits

- 31. Verify other flow split/distribution methods are sound
  - a. How do 2D results and preliminary 1D floodplain correlate? Seems as though 2D would provide more accurate delineation in the undeveloped part of Kragelund.

Response: We used a 2D model to backcheck our flowpaths for downstream of Parker Rd. and upstream. It does provide a more accurate delineation. We are confident that we have a good channel alignment for undeveloped area of Kragelund, as well, in the upstream areas. Minor modifications were made this go-around to be sure.

December 9, 2019 FHAD Submittal No. 2



modelled with permanent IEFAs on the ridge? What about the left bank?

# cross-section to match contours and flowpaths.



routed through the developed section?

Response: Refer to response 26.E.

c.

#### **Comment Responses Kragelund Tributary**



RS = 4415 XS 4566 to 4162: Split along 400-foot natural ridge w/ low-flow

Why is this

Response: Refer to response for 26.D. This is no longer the case due to realignment of the

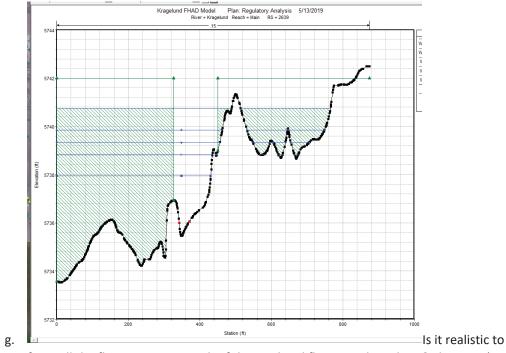
Why is

flow precluded from entering the northern branch with IEFAs? Don't we want to represent the flow in this area? Or is the intent to be conservative by showing all flow

#### December 9, 2019 FHAD Submittal No. 2







force all the flow to remain north of the road and flow into the culvert? The topo (as well as the lack of any defined channel downstream of Parker Rd.) suggest this is not what happens.

**Response:** Refer to response 15.A. and 26.E. The model now reflects ponded flow on the south side of Mineral Place and while peak flow is likely reduced by weir flow over the road, the full peak Q is kept past Parker Road for future conditions which might result in all of the flow making it through the culvert.

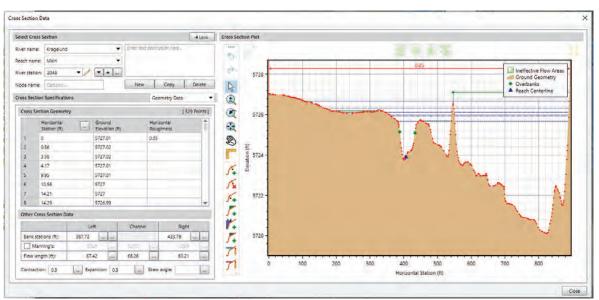
#### December 9, 2019 FHAD Submittal No. 2

#### **Comment Responses Kragelund Tributary**

and model this as two separate reaches in RAS?

**Response**: Flow spills north for some storm events. As discussed with MHFD, the area to the north will be mapped as shallow flooding, and a lateral structure will be added to the model to quantify the flow leaving the site. This spill location widens out and travels overland for a couple hundred feet before reaching the floodplain.





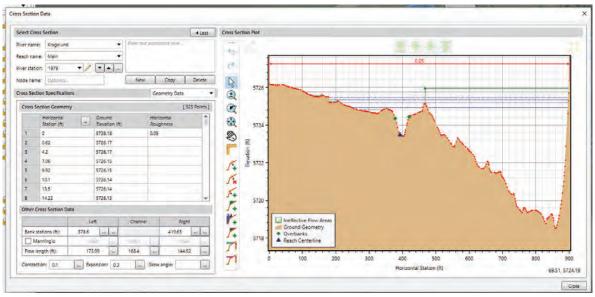


h. Downstream of Parker Rd., can we use the 2D model to determine the ratio of flow split

(added)

(added)





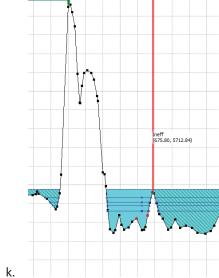
(added)

#### December 9, 2019 FHAD Submittal No. 2

j

i. The flow is not currently modeled as leaving the site, right?





#### **Comment Responses** Kragelund Tributary



**Response**: Flow is now modeled as leaving with a LS, see previous response item.

#### December 9, 2019 FHAD Submittal No. 2

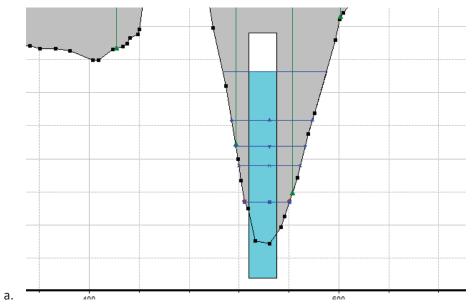
**Comment Responses Kragelund Tributary** 



Hydraulic Structures

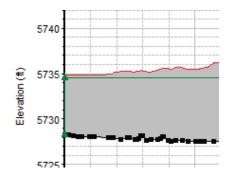
35. Verify adjacent cross section inverts have been modified appropriately and match culverts inlets/outlets

#### Response: Refer to item 29.a.



- 37. Ineffective flow area assumptions, appropriate permanence
  - b. IEFAs downstream of bridge and culvert crossings should be set to an elevation between low chord and top of road corresponding to the elevation when significant weir flow occurs.
    - i. This is close, but not exactly at the same elevation as the low point in the road?

#### Response: Modified to match elevations.



September 3, 2019 FHAD Submittal No. 2

# **REVIEW STEP 1 - MODEL REVIEW – Little Raven**

#### Plans, Flows, and Profiles

by adding the LR outfall flow to XS 4437.

#### Cross Sections

crossing?

apparent floodplain.

the orientation of the LOB at cross sections 6096 and 5561.

- Reviews Tool)

Response: Agree. Modified to 0.12 in "Hills at Cherry Creek Park" which is more similar to a herbaceous wetland, and modified residential area to 0.15, the average value for housing and commercial. Also this ROB bank has several trees and thus 0.15 seems appropriate. Also, trimmed cross-sections 6096, 5967, 5903 for houses and 4248 since extends far past 500-year.

- 9. Verify IEFAs are reasonable and consistent for adjacent cross sections.
  - a. Please add IEFA in the LOB of XS 6096, 6304, 5903
  - portion of new geometry. Added IEFAs for 6304 and 5903 as well.
  - b. Should there be IEFA in the ROB of cross section 4248?

Response: Yes, added IEFA for ROB of 4248.

- IEFA above the 500-yr event?
- **Response:** IEFAs above the 500-year are described below.
- the 500-year does spill over the road.

# Dewberry 3

#### **Comment Responses** Little Raven Creek

1. There are two cross sections on Little Raven downstream of Belleview. Should these cross sections carry the LR outfall flow? (There will not be a floodplain delineated d/s of Belleview)

Response: Yes, agree with this approach. Modified the flow rates for these two cross-sections

5. Should there be an additional cross section d/s of 6304 to model the expansion d/s of the

**Response:** Yes, agree with this approach. Added a cross-section 6175 which improved the

6. Please ensure that cross sections are perpendicular to flow direction. Specifically, please review

Response: Modified 5561 and 6096 to follow contours and re-assign the LOB length.

7. Verify Manning's n values are reasonable and represent area between cross sections (All Geo

a. What is the reasoning for Manning's N = 0.18 in the upper portion of Little Raven? This value seems high. Can we trim the Xs's here so that they do not intersect the houses?

Response: Revised the LOB for 6096 per previous comment, and added an IEFA for small

c. Please review IEFA along all of Little Raven. Why are there multiple cross sections with

a. Roadway crossing at Belleview Ave has IEFA's that follow the road elevations, however

- b. Sta. 5213 5275 5354 5435 5561: This area is a secondary channel that is only approximately 200 feet and thus is omitted. The majority remains in the larger channel and both converge to form a broad channel downstream.
- c. Sta. 5729 5903: This area ponds up and doesn't contribute to continuous flow down the channel and is thus omitted.
- 10. Please review contraction/expansion coefficients at all cross sections. Values of 0.3-0.5 are typically used at crossings.

**Response:** Agreed. Modified to 0.3/0.5 for road crossings and one natural expansion/ contraction near 6096, and 0.1/0.3 all others.

11. Check elevation at XS 4192 (does not decrease in downstream direction)

**Response:** This area is broad, flat, and very vegetated. The ground is undulating and the alignment shown is our best understanding given the data and looking into different options. The elevation difference is less than a tenth of a foot so it's minor, and it appears the area is often wet which confirms this.

#### Hydraulic Structures

12. Culvert #2 at Belleview should be 4.5 feet in diameter.

**Response:** Agree, adjusted from 4' to 4.5'.

13. Should the railing at Belleview be modeled as blocked?

**Response:** Yes, agree, added a 22" railing to the upstream and downstream roadway elevations based on the structure survey dimensions.

#### September 3, 2019 FHAD Submittal No. 2

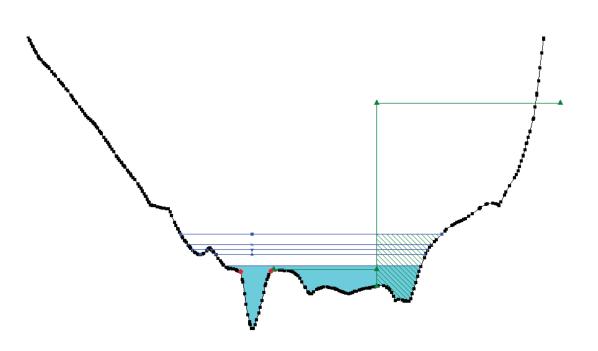
Modify bank stations as follows: Response: Modified XS 5103 so that resemble actual bank edges.



#### September 3, 2019 FHAD Submittal No. 2

#### Revise all IEFA as follows:

**Response:** This modification was not actually identified in these review comments. On phone with Jon, he confirmed there wasn't a specific change here. The overall intent was to point out the areas with IEFAs above the 500-year which are clarified in an earlier comment response bullet.



#### November 22, 2019 FHAD Submittal No. 2

# REVIEW STEP 1 - MODEL REVIEW – North Arapahoe

Note: Following the North Arapahoe comments on Model Review Submittal 1, as-builts at the North Arapahoe and Parker Road interchange were obtained from CDOT. These as-builts show an additional pipe that takes the majority of flow from the northeast corner of Parker and Arapahoe to the southeast corner where it eventually combines into the large South Arapahoe box culvert. The Baseline Hydrology was revised to incorporate this newly identified infrastructure. These modifications resulted in a change to the source of flooding at the Arapahoe Crossings shopping center from North Arapahoe to South Arapahoe. These results were discussed in a meeting with Jon on October 23, 2019 and it was determined that (upon approval of the District and the local stakeholders) the existing North Arapahoe 1D model would be truncated at Parker Road. It is anticipated that this model will be considered informational only, and a finalized FHAD for North Arapahoe will not be necessary. Some of the comments below may no longer apply.

#### Plans, Flows, and Profiles

1. Verify all required profiles are included per agreement (10-, 25-, 50-, 100-, 500-yr) a. The model does not include the 10- and 25-year profiles.

> Response: Flows for these profiles were not included because there is no overflow until the last node. Because HEC-RAS requires a flow through the length of the model, crossing profiles are caused when using 0.1 cfs in the upper limits of the model. Jon confirmed the exclusion of other profiles is appropriate in the comment review meeting on August 05, 2019.

- **Discharge Profiles**)

	-	
Basin	Design Point	Q <sub>wa</sub>
North Arapahoe Tributary	NA outfail	32
North Arapahoe Tributary	Parker NA	33
North Arapahoe Tributary	Buckley NA1	15
North Arapahoe Tributary	Waco NA	3
North Arapahoe Tributary	NA pond	23
North Arapahoe Tributary	NA1	24
North Arapahoe Tributary	NA2	23
North Arapahoe Tributary	NA3	9
North Arapahoe Tributary	NA4	3

3 North Arapahoe T Main

**Response:** The discharges included in the model reflect the storm sewer surcharge Qs associated with the overflow conduits (i.e. water not contained by the storm sewers). The values from the design points shown in the screenshot account for the total flow included in the storm sewers. This was discussed with Jon on a phone call on August 13, 2019.

4. Verify RAS flow change locations match SWMM design points confirm design points.

> Response: Flow change locations are based on the NAO OVF, NA1 OVF, and NA3 OVF. Because these are representative of lengths of storm sewer, instead of design points, the flows are applied 1 of 3

#### **Comment Responses North Arapahoe Tributary**



3. Verify HEC-RAS peak flow discharges against hydrology (compare to Hydrology Peak Flow Table and/or

	Future Conditions Peak Flow (cfs)						-
Q,	Q2	Qs	Q <sub>10</sub>	Q <sub>25</sub>	Q <sub>50</sub>	Q <sub>100</sub>	Q <sub>500</sub>
42	56	82	116	229	326	476	800
42	57	82	116	229	326	476	800
21	29	45	65	150	217	325	542
4	6	10	15	33	-44	59	92
29	39	56	77	138	176	226	336
30	41	56	77	131	166	209	308
29	39	56	77	138	176	226	336
12	16	23	30	60	79	103	158
4	6	10	15	33	44	59	92

a. HEC-RAS discharges do not appear to match SWMM model, please confirm discharges

RS	50-year	100-year	500-year
9817	1	15	48
5891	22	130	346
2765	228	378	702

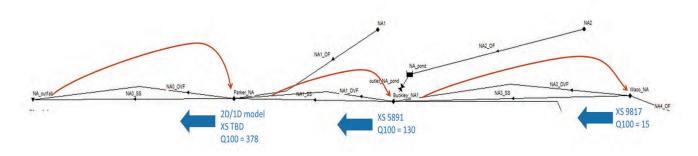
2765=Parker SA, 5891=Buckley NA1, 9817=Waco\_NA

a. Flow change locations and SWMM design points don't appear to match (and flow appears to be routed at the downstream node of the reach rather than the upstream node), please

**Comment Responses** North Arapahoe Tributary



at the starting point of the length of sewer. For example, NA0 OVF is applied at Parker NA. This approach is analogous to standard flow change locations for nodes and is conservative. This approach assumes that local flow will enter and leave the storm main before the major slug of flow from upstream reaches that location. This was discussed with Jon on a phone call on August 13, 2019.

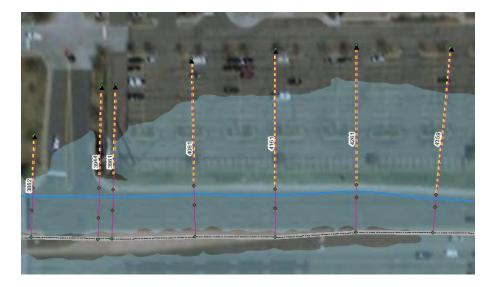


Cross Sections

- 19. Verify adequate cross section densities, especially near buildings/homes
  - a. We're going to have to delineate the floodplain in the spill west of Parker Rd. somehow.

#### **Response:** See Note at the beginning of this document.

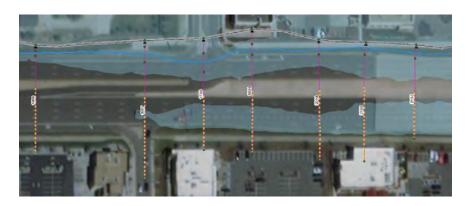
- 23. Verify backwater areas and depressions are represented by IEFA and permanence as appropriate (All Geo Reviews Tool)
  - a. Would this area really be ineffective? Seems as though spill flow is contained and sloped in the direction of main channel flow according to the XSs.



Response: Agreed. Reduced IEFA to XS 3961, which is set just behind the berm captured by XS 3944.

b. Same question as above, is this area really ineffective? I guess it doesn't matter if the 500-year flow never gets over there, we could just trim the XSs?

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**Response:** It is believed that flow does make it over to the south side of Arapahoe via the upstream split. It does not appear to recombine with the "main channel" on the north side of Arapahoe, and therefore was modeled as ineffective flow.

Flow Splits

30. Lateral Structures: d. HW/TW stationing i. Please add descriptions to lateral structures.

> Response: Descriptions will be added to lateral structures as necessary if used in the modeling approach chosen for this area.

submittal (optimized model to support hardwired flows)

Response: See Note at the beginning of this document.

#### **Comment Responses North Arapahoe Tributary**



f. Verify that optimized lateral structure models and hard-wired flow changes are included with

i. We need to figure out how to account for all of the flow that's leaving the system (and the flow that is remaining in the system but shown to be leaving in the 2D models).

Dewberry 3

### REVIEW STEP 1 - MODEL REVIEW – South Arapahoe

Do we need to include these areas with DA > 130 AC? Was this discussed previously?



Response: Modeling extents were discussed previously and identified as the above. Please discuss internally and advise if the extents need to be revised.

Plans, Flows, and Profiles

- 3. Verify HEC-RAS peak flow discharges against hydrology (compare to Hydrology Peak Flow Table and/or Discharge Profiles)
  - a. What is happening with the additional flow routed to the SA outfall in the SWMM model? Is the 500-year contained in a pipe between Lewiston Way and the CDOT pond?

Response: Yes, the 500-year is contained in a box culvert between Lewiston Way and the CDOT pond. However, in the 100-year and 500-year events the CDOT pond loses approximately 50 to 250 cfs onto Arapahoe Road. This split will be part of the modeling approach selected for the Arapahoe Crossings shallow flooding area.

#### November 5, 2019 FHAD Submittal No. 2

4. Verify RAS flow change locations match SWMM design points

**Response:** Agreed. A plan of action has been made regarding the modeling in the western Arapahoe area after incorporating the CDOT As-Built data into the Baseline Hydrology. The South Arapahoe 1D model will be supplemented with 2D modeling for the 500-year shallow flooding in and around Arapahoe Crossings. See Meeting Minutes from October 24, 2019 for further detail.

Reach Lengths/Cross Section Widths 8. Verify RAS and GIS reach lengths are in agreement (XS Location Test Tool)

all downstream reach lengths.



Response: Agreed. Reach lengths have been adjusted as necessary.

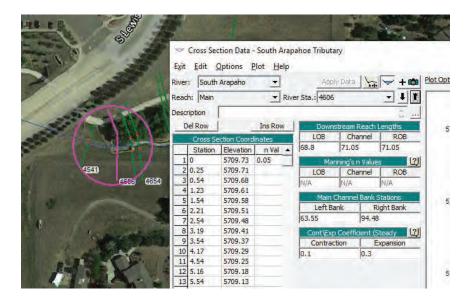
a. OK except for the flow and routing missing between the SA and NA models.

a. There appear to be discrepancies between downstream reach lengths and the XS locations in GIS. For example the first XS has 71 feet in HEC-RAS but only about 65 feet in GIS. Please check

#### November 5, 2019 FHAD Submittal No. 2

10. Verify overbank lengths are reasonable and different from channel lengths (when appropriate)

a. LOB should be longer than ROB for this XS.



**Response:** Agreed. Reach length has been corrected.

b. There appear to be discrepancies in overbank reach lengths throughout the tributary. In many cases ROB and channel lengths are the same when they should be different, and it seems likely that this is the cause of the errors in channel stationing identified by the XSLocation test (commented in 8. a.). Please review all downstream reach lengths for channel and overbanks.

Response: Agreed. Reach lengths have been reviewed and corrected as necessary throughout the model.

#### November 5, 2019 FHAD Submittal No. 2

#### Cross Sections

- Tool)



increased to 0.1.

22. Verify bank stations are reasonable at each cross section (Plot RAS Cross Section Extents Tool): b. Channel alignment is between bank stations i. 5932 has a station off.

#### 21. Verify Manning's n values are reasonable and represent area between cross sections (All Geo Reviews

a. Do we need to use 0.1 for the perpendicular fending at crossings and elsewhere?

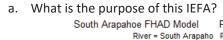
Response: Agreed. Additional locations for perpendicular fencing, including here, have been

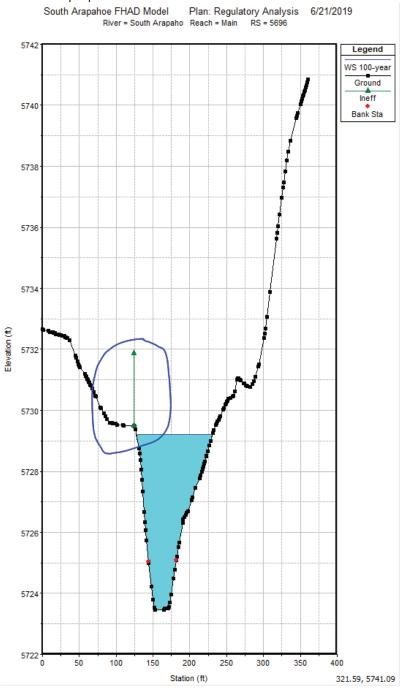


Rive	er:	South A	Arapaho	-	App	ly Data 🖌	i 🖵 🛨 🗰	Plot Options	Γ	Keep Pr	ev XS F	lots	Clear F	Prev		Plot Te	errain	(if av	ailabl	e)
Rea	ch: 🛛	Main		▼ Riv	er Sta.: 5932		- I T		So	outh Arap	ahoe	FHAD	) Mod	el	Plar	n: Re	gula	tory	Anal	ysis
Des	criptio	on [					÷				Riv	er = So	uth Ar	apaho	Rea	ch = N	lain	RS	= 593	2
	Del R	ow		Ins Row	Down	stream Reach	n Lengths	5740	_											
	Cr	oss Sec	tion Coord	inates	LOB	Channel	ROB													
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	2 -46	.68 /	5734.09		LOB	Channel	ROB													
	3 -45	.68	5734.06		N/A	N/A	N/A										-			
-	4 -45	.56	5734.06			1.1														!
1	5 -44	.68	5734.04			Channel Bank														7
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1	2 -41	.23	5733.96														-		1	
1	3 -40	.67	5733.94																ŧ	

November 5, 2019 FHAD Submittal No. 2

Geo Reviews Tool)





**Response:** XS stationing has been modified to start at 0.

#### 23. Verify backwater areas and depressions are represented by IEFA and permanence as appropriate (All

**Response:** Flow associated with the 500-year event is ineffective at this XS.

#### November 5, 2019 FHAD Submittal No. 2

#### 27. Contraction/expansion coefficients are appropriate

a. Is XS 6039 meant to have the higher expansion and contraction coefficients?

**Response:** Expansion/contraction coefficient reduced to default value.

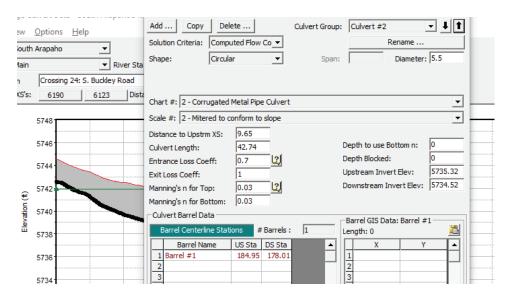
#### Flow Splits

- 31. Verify other flow split/distribution methods are sound
  - a. Does SA flow entirely into NA, or does some portion of SA have its own outfall to Cherry Creek? Need to discuss what happens downstream of Lewiston Way.

**Response:** The majority of SA flow is routed to its own outfall at Cherry Creek as in the SWMM model. The only basin transfer from SA to NA is overtopping at the CDOT pond. Agreed, a modeling approach for the western Arapahoe Road area will be discussed and identified.

#### Hydraulic Structures

34. Geometry - top of road/low chord/invert elevations/culvert sizes (survey .csv data into ArcMap)a. What is the source of the different invert elevation for the second culvert at crossing 24?



#### Response: The source of both invert elevations is from the UDFCD provided survey.

- 37. Ineffective flow area assumptions, appropriate permanence
  - a. IEFAs upstream of bridge and culvert crossings should be permanent and set to the top of road elevation.
  - b. IEFAs downstream of bridge and culvert crossings should be set to an elevation between low chord and top of road corresponding to the elevation when significant weir flow occurs.
    - i. Please confirm that this is the case on your downstream culvert cross sections and that IEFAs are placed at appropriate elevations.

Response: IEFAs at crossings have been confirmed.

# Dewberry

Date: November 22, 2019

**Subject:** Revised Hydraulic Modeling Approach for North and South Arapahoe Tributaries – Submittal 2 (Model Review)

#### Message:

This memorandum documents the revised hydraulic analysis for the North and South Arapahoe Tributaries FHADs for Submittal 2 (Model Review).

#### **Revisions to Baseline Hydrology**

Storm sewer infrastructure data from CDOT As-Builts for the Arapahoe/Parker Interchange project (Federal Aid Project No. STU 0831-107 dated May 9, 2012) were provided by SEMSWA on August 30, 2019. These plans show existing storm sewer lines that were not identified in the municipal GIS shapefile data which was used to inform the original Baseline Hydrology model. In an effort to better characterize flooding on Arapahoe Road and within Valley Club Acres, the Baseline Hydrology SWMM model was revised to reflect the plans. See Figure 1.

As a result of these modifications, it has been identified that the majority of North Arapahoe is redirected to South Arapahoe just upstream of Parker Road via an existing 48" RCP. The capacity of the 48" RCP is exceeded by the 100-year, resulting in approximately 200 cfs of overflow which would continue as street flow under the interchange on the north side of the road. Assuming this water can enter the system, all of this overflow fits within the capacity of an existing pipe that begins on the northwest corner of the Parker interchange and continues to Cherry Creek. North Arapahoe flow contained within the 48" RCP is routed to a 54" RCP that runs parallel to a South Arapahoe 54" RCP under Parker Road before being combined with South Arapahoe flow in an 8'x6' box and then a larger 12'x6' box. The parallel 54" RCP segments overflow in the 100-year by ~150 cfs and the large 12'x6' box overflows by ~56 cfs.



Figure 1 SWMM Revisions

#### **MEMORANDUM**



#### **MEMORANDUM**

#### **Revisions to Hydraulic Modeling**

General Assumptions

- Assuming flows enter the storm system, the 100-year peak flows from both North and South Arapahoe tributaries are either contained within the storm sewer or within the roadway.
  - The SA 100-year of 56 cfs can be contained within the south lanes of Arapahoe. See Attachment B gutter calculations.
- Localized flooding occurs in and around the 4 CDOT ponds at the Arapahoe/Parker interchange but this is considered outside of the scope of the FHAD because the storm sewer not associated with the ponds is adequately sized and no insurable structures are located immediately around the ponds.

#### North Arapahoe Tributary

- Comments from Review Step 1 were addressed.
- Peak flows were updated to reflect the revised hydrology
- The new hydrology was discussed in a meeting with Jon Villines (MHFD) on October 23, 2019 and it was determined that (upon approval of the District and the local stakeholders) the existing North Arapahoe 1D model would be truncated before Parker Road because it is no longer considered a source of flooding outside of the roadway. It is anticipated that this model will be needed for informational use only and that a finalized FHAD for North Arapahoe will not be necessary.
- A lateral weir is located in the model along the Arapahoe Road median roughly between S. Olathe Street and a few hundred feet upstream of Parker Road. This lateral weir quantifies the flow that can cross the median to the southern lanes of Arapahoe Road: ~15 cfs in the 100yr, and ~88 cfs in the 500yr. Similar to the flow being modeled by the model's mainstem on the north side lanes, this flow will for the most part also continue as roadway/ gutter flow on Arapahoe Road. A small amount of flow may escape to the south along S. Lewiston Way because there is no visible cross pan at this location. This flow was not modeled because it does not exceed the capacity of the roadways.

#### South Arapahoe Tributary

- Comments from Review Step 1 were addressed
- The extents of the 1D model were not changed.
- The downstream boundary condition for the 1D model was updated per changes to the hydrology.
  - Different methodologies for defining the tailwater of the South Arapahoe S. Lewiston Way culvert were discussed. It was decided that the Baseline Hydrology (BH) overflow values for the CDOT pond are the most conservative because the pipe flows don't account for the increased capacity that would result from headwater in the pond. So, the BH overflow values were summed and used to back-calculate the water surface elevation (WSEL) for events that exceeded the pipe capacity underneath Parker Road. These elevations were used as tailwater conditions for a CulvertMaster calc to determine the headwater (HW) elevation at Crossing 28: Lewiston Way (the end of the 1D South Arapahoe model). For events lower than overtopping, it was determined that the culvert length and slope



was assumed.

to assign manning's n values.

#### Attachments:

- 1. Attachment A: Revised Baseline Hydrology SWMM model (See SWMM folder included with submittal).
- 2. Attachment B: SA Gutter/Street Capacity FlowMaster Report

#### MEMORANDUM

controlled the flow conditions, rather than tailwater (TW) elevation, thus a specific TW calculation was not needed for the 10-year and 25-year flows and a full pond elevation

 A 2D model was created to estimate 500-year shallow flooding resulting from inadequate pipe capacity between the Arapahoe/Parker interchange and the Cherry Creek outfall. The model was run quasi-steady state to simulate the typical 1D modeling approach. Running the model quasisteady state fills in ponds and approximates the typical 1D steady flow run. NLCD 2011 was used

GUTTER/STREET CAPACITY CALC FOR SOUTH ARAPAHOE ROAD DOWNSTREAM OF ARAPAHOE/PARKER INTERCHANGE

#### Worksheet for Gutter - 1

Project Description	
Solve For	Spread
Input Data	
Channel Slope	0.020
Discharge	56.00
Gutter Width	2.0
Gutter Cross Slope	0.083
Road Cross Slope	0.020
Roughness Coefficient	0.016
Results	
Spread	28.3
Flow Area	8.1
Depth	8.3
Gutter Depression	1.5
Velocity	6.89
Messages	
Notes	11/11/2019 South Arapahoe gutter capacity check downstream of Arapahoe/Parker interchange for 100-year $Q = 56$ cfs.

Calculations Messages						
Solve For: Spread	Ý	9	Friction Method:	Manning Formula		
Channel Slope:	0.020	ft/ft	Flow Area:	8.1	ft2	
Discharge:	56.00	cfs	Depthc	8.3	in	
Gutter Width:	2.0	ft	Gutter Depression:	1.5	in	
Gutter Cross Slope:	0.083	ft/ft	Velocity:	6.89	ft/s	
Road Cross Slope:	0.020	ft/ft				
Spread;	28.3	ft.				
Roughness Coefficient	0.016	**				

arapahoe road section.fm8 11/11/2019 Bentley Systems, Inc. Haestad Methods Solution Center 27 Siemon Company Drive Suite 200 W Watertown, CT 06795 USA +1-203-755-1666 FlowMaster [10.00.00.02] Page 1 of 1





# MILE HIGH FLOOD DISTRICT

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#### **FHAD Review Comment Memo**

#### Title: Cherry Creek Tribs – Little Raven

**Consultant**: Dewberry Date Received: 11/15/2019 Date Returned: 06/25/2020 **Review Phase: 2 - 100-Year Floodplain Delineation UDFCD Reviewer:** David Crooks

#### **Products Received:**

 $\boxtimes$  All required submittal files for this phase were received. □ The following required submittal files for this phase were not received: - N/A □ The following supplemental submittal files for this phase were received: - N/A

#### **Reviewed Model Files and Dates:**

CCT\_Little\_Raven.prj (11/25/2019) (List events) CCT Little Raven.p01 CCT\_Little\_Raven.p01.hdf CCT Little Raven.p02 CCT\_Little\_Raven.p02.hdf CCT Little Raven.g01 CCT\_Little\_Raven.g01.hdf CCT Little Raven.f01 CCT\_Little\_Raven.f02

## **Products Not Reviewed:**

N/A

**Comments Geodatabase:** N/A

**General Comments:** Review Step 2 – 100-Year Floodplain Delineation Agreement Table:

No Comments

#### Floodplain Work Maps (GIS):

XS-4538 – Flow contained within culvert for 100-yr. Note added to map.

### Title: Cherry Creek Tribs – Joplin

**Consultant**: Dewberry Date Received: 12/02/2019 **Date Returned:** 6/25/2020 **Review Phase: 2 - 100-Year Floodplain Delineation UDFCD Reviewer:** Brik Zivkovich

#### **Products Received:**

 $\boxtimes$  All required submittal files for this phase were received. □ The following required submittal files for this phase were not received: - N/A □ The following supplemental submittal files for this phase were received: - N/A

#### **Reviewed Model Files and Dates:**

List all model files review for this submittal. CCT\_Joplin.prj (12/02/2019) (List events) CCT Joplin.p01 CCT\_Joplin.p01.hdf CCT Joplin.p02 CCT\_Joplin.p02.hdf CCT Joplin.g01 CCT\_Joplin.g01.hdf CCT Joplin.f01 CCT\_Joplin.f02

#### **Products Not Reviewed:**

N/A

**Comments Geodatabase:** N/A

#### **General Comments:**

Review Step 2 – 100-Year Floodplain Delineation Agreement Table:

No comments









#### Floodplain Work Map Notes (GIS):

Flow contained in culvert between XS-7746 and XS-7420 for 100-yr. Confirming overtopping during 500-year?

• Reviewed channel alignment and determined that there is likely no hydraulic connectivity between the RB1-4 pond outlet and the local storm sewer under S. Granby Way (where overland flow was being presented in the previous model). Therefore, the CL alignment has been revised to follow the outlet pipe alignment across Joplin, in between the subdivisions, along the north side of Home Depot and finally under Chambers Road and back into the open channel. Per the BH, the 100-year is contained in this pipe. This change also eliminates the need for modeling a culvert under Chambers Road, as that culvert is associated with the Pioneer Hills onsite detention pond, and not the main channel of Joplin, which is contained within the same pipe from the Joplin pond. The cross section ID's upstream of Joplin Way were updated to reflect the new cumulative stationing.

#### Other model revisions:

- The pond design report was reviewed, and it was confirmed that the 500-year will likely overtop RB1-4 at the overflow weir at the southeast corner (not on Joplin Way at the outlet box). This indicates that any concentrated flow associated with the 500-year will escape to the south-east and never reconnect with the tributary. No concentrated flows are anticipated through the Pioneer Hills filing No. 8 subdivision. Therefore, its suggested that no overland flow is mapped for the 500-year here and a note is added re: a potential 500-year of approx. 200 cfs to the southeast.
- It was discovered that the first XS ID was incorrect in the previous submittal. All other reach lengths were okay, but all ID's had to be updated so they matched stream stationing.

XS-6349: Should this be the location of the flow change? Check flow profile at downstream side of roadway crossing. Disconnected floodplain from model between XS-6349 and XS-5885 (left of main flood hazard lane). Discussed with MHFD on 8/11: Flow change location moved to suggested location just downstream of the road crossing. The ponds have been included as IEFA and as part of the FP per guidance on adjacent on-site ponds.

Check area between XS-5724 and XS- 5246 (right of main flood hazard lane) modeled as IEFA? See hydraulic oxbows for modeling methods (Kinney Creek at Parker Rd example). Discussed with MHFD on 8/11: The ponds have been included as IEFA and as part of the FP per guidance on adjacent on-site ponds.

XS-4857 – Cutline based on low flow channel. Directionality could be realigned (south to north) to banks following topography. Discussed with MHFD on 8/11: Cutline realignment would be





MILE HIGH FLOOD DISTRICT

minor and have minimal effect on the WSE. Additionally, there are no insurable structures in the vicinity that would be impacted. Therefore, cutline left as-is.

XS-3950 – Above ground utilities on downstream side of roadway. Note added to map.

XS-4105 – Check extents of FP width. Channelized to shallow concentrated. See upstream cross sections. The floodplain delineation has been modified to show a more gradual transition to wide shallow flooding.

XS-2785 and XS-2802 – Why is there a double XS here? The double XS is here to account for the obstruction of flow caused by the park trail.

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#### Title: Cherry Creek Tribs – Chenango

Consultant: Dewberry Date Received: 12/9/2019 Date Returned: 6/25/2020 Review Phase: 2 - 100-Year Floodplain Delineation UDFCD Reviewer: Laura Hinds

#### **Products Received:**

All required submittal files for this phase were received.
 The following required submittal files for this phase were not received:

 N/A

 The following supplemental submittal files for this phase were received:

 N/A

#### **Reviewed Model Files and Dates:**

CCT\_Chenango.prj (*12/09/2019*) (*List events*) CCT\_Chenango.p01 CCT\_Chenango.p01.hdf CCT\_Chenango.p02 CCT\_Chenango.p02.hdf CCT\_Chenango.g01 CCT\_Chenango.g01.hdf CCT\_Chenango.f01 CCT\_Chenango.f02

Products Not Reviewed: N/A

**Comments Geodatabase:** N/A

#### **General Comments:** *Review Step 2 – 100-Year Floodplain Delineation* <u>Agreement Table:</u>

XS-4992 – Please provide additional explanation to justify this inclusion.

XS-3246 – Please provide brief explanation (i.e. "Water unable to reach LOB IEFA from upstream or downstream XSs. Comment expanded upon - water unable to reach LOB IEFA from upstream or downstream cross-sections.



# MHFD MILE HIGH FLOOD DISTRICT

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XS-1255 – Please provide brief explanation of why this area is excluded at this XS. Comment expanded upon - water unable to reach LOB IEFA from upstream or downstream cross-sections.

XS-1030 – Add note describing the discrepancy between model top width and work map at Cherry Creek tie-in Discussed with MHFD on 8/11: MHFD will discuss internally how we would like to depict the tributary floodplains and cross-sections in relation to the Cherry Creek floodplain. For now, the entire model (based on the CC 10-year WSE as the downstream boundary condition/starting location) has been displayed and the Cherry Creek floodplain limits have been added for reference.

#### Floodplain Work Maps (GIS):

XS-228 – Show Cherry Creek effective floodplain Effective Cherry Creek floodplain has been added to all maps.

XS-228 through XS-1030 – Adjust floodplain to account for the backwater effect from Cherry Creek Discussed with MHFD on 8/11: MHFD will discuss internally how we would like to depict the tributary floodplains and cross-sections in relation to the Cherry Creek floodplain. For now, the entire model (based on the CC 10-year WSE) has been displayed and the Cherry Creek floodplain limits have been added for reference.

XS-4992 through XS-5148 – Fill in floodplain. Floodplain filled in.

XS-9759 – Is water surface transitioning at roughly equal rates on both banks in this area? Hard to tell due to imbalance in overbank lengths, but looks like ROB might hold the 5820 contour for a little too long? Adjusted 100-year floodplain on ROB between XS-9759 and XS-9616 to transition at a rate more equal to the rate on the LOB.









#### Title: Cherry Creek Tribs – Kragelund

Consultant: Dewberry Date Received: 2/20/2020 Date Returned: 6/25/2020 Review Phase: 2 - 100-Year Floodplain Delineation UDFCD Reviewer: Jon Villines

#### **Products Received:**

All required submittal files for this phase were received.
 The following required submittal files for this phase were not received:

 N/A
 The following supplemental submittal files for this phase were received:

 N/A

#### **Reviewed Model Files and Dates:**

CCT\_Kragelund.prj (*12/02/2019*) (*100-yr*) CCT\_Kragelund.p01 CCT\_Kragelund.p01.hdf CCT\_Kragelund.p02 CCT\_Kragelund.p02.hdf CCT\_Kragelund.g01 CCT\_Kragelund.g01.hdf CCT\_Kragelund.f01 CCT\_Kragelund.f02

**Products Not Reviewed:** N/A

Comments Geodatabase: N/A General Comments: Hydraulic Structures: XYZ *Review Step 2 – 100-Year Floodplain Delineation* Agreement Table:

XS-6360 – Why was this area excluded here but nowhere else? The floodplain delineation has been modified to better represent this area.



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XS-5685 – Why would the floodplain be expanded beyond the WSE shown in the model for a confined channel section like this? XS doesn't seem to support the expansion. The floodplain delineation has been modified to better represent this area.

XS-4505 – This appears to maybe be the wrong comment? Map width is less than model width at this XS Floodplain delineation excludes unrealistic flow area that is not hydraulically connected.

XS-1980 – How is the new WSE derived? Provide some additional explanation here. Floodplain top width includes overland flow from upstream.

XS-762, 1084 and 1207 - These comments need to be expanded to specify how and why the delineation is expanded. Is it due to the 2D model in these areas? How are we determining WSE at these XSs? We have adopted Hung Teng's recommended comments.

#### Floodplain Work Maps (GIS):

XS-9754 – Right and left cross-section elevations not symmetrical to stream centerline. The floodplain delineation has been modified so the right and left cross-section elevations are symmetrical.

XS-5685 – Did we include additional area here because we don't have detailed survey on the LOB? Does the XS need to be updated? The floodplain delineation has been modified to better represent this area.

Between XS-3153 and XS-2823 – Please represent the likely spill location over E Mineral Pl as accurately as possible. Discussed with MHFD on 8/11: The likely spill location has been interpolated between cross-sections.

XS-2651 – Is high ground accurately reflected in the delineation here? There are dry parts of the XS in the model. Please confirm that WS is accurately represented according to topo at all locations in each XS. Discussed with MHFD on 8/11: MHFD will reach out to the FPA to see if they would like to certify this home higher than the floodplain elevation. For now, the house is shown inside the floodplain.

XS-2419 – The model XS indicates a significant area in the middle of this water surface that is above the 100-year WSE, doesn't appear to be reflected in the floodplain. Was a decision made to exclude this berm? Discussed with MHFD on 8/11: It is our understanding that the common practice is to show small islands of high ground as inundated within the floodplain rather than as an island of dry ground. The delineation has been left as-is.

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XS-2336 - XS does not appear to represent a level WS. Right and left cross-section elevations not symmetrical to stream centerline. Trimmed XS in model and modified floodplain delineation.

XS-1207 and 1084 – These XSs will need to be extended to include the entire floodplain width. XSs have been extended.

Confluence – How will the 2D floodplain tie-in with the Cherry Creek effective floodplain? Discussed with MHFD on 8/11: MHFD will discuss internally how we would like to depict the tributary floodplains and cross-sections in relation to the Cherry Creek floodplain. For now, the entire model (based on the CC 10-year WSE) has been displayed and the Cherry Creek floodplain limits have been added for reference.

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Title: Cherry Creek Tribs – South Arapahoe

**Consultant**: Dewberry Date Received: 12/19/2019 **Date Returned:** 6/25/2020 **Review Phase: 2 - 100-Year Floodplain Delineation UDFCD Reviewer:** Hung-Teng Ho

#### **Products Received:**

 $\boxtimes$  All required submittal files for this phase were received.

- List files if needed

- List files if needed

#### **Reviewed Model Files and Dates:**

CCT\_S\_Arapahoe.prj (12/19/2019) (List events) CCT\_S\_Arapahoe.p01 CCT S Arapahoe.p01.hdf CCT\_S\_Arapahoe.p02 CCT S Arapahoe.p02.hdf CCT\_S\_Arapahoe.g01 CCT S Arapahoe.g01.hdf CCT\_S\_Arapahoe.f01 CCT S Arapahoe.f02

#### **Products Not Reviewed:**

N/A

**Comments Geodatabase:** N/A

#### **General Comments:**

Review Step 2 – 100-Year Floodplain Delineation Agreement Table:

XS-6880 – Floodplain top width includes overland flow from upstream. (Please refer to the recommended comments in the DFHAD Guideline.) Comment updated in agreement table.





□ The following required submittal files for this phase were not received:

□ The following supplemental submittal files for this phase were received:



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XS-5490 – Floodplain top width includes overland flow from upstream. (Please refer to the recommended comments in the DFHAD Guideline.) Comment updated in agreement table.

XS-5033 – Floodplain delineation excludes unrealistic flow area that is not hydraulically connected. Or, use blocked obstruction in HEC-RAS hydraulic model to remove this area Comment updated in agreement table.

Floodplain Work Maps (GIS):

XS-7500 – Trim floodplain at XS. Limit of study area. Trimmed floodplain at XS-7500.

Between XS-6919 and XS-6845 – Floodplain delineation across roadway follows contours and provides reasonable transition. Extended 100-year floodplain over the roadway.

XS-6190 – Fills in floodplain between the upstream cross-section and roadway embankment. Adjusted 100-year floodplain between XS-6190 and roadway to match the WSEL of XS-6190.

Between XS-6190 and XS-6123 – 100-yr Floodplain contained in culverts. Note added to map.

Between XS-5552 and XS-5460 – Floodplain delineation across roadway follows contours and provides reasonable transition. Extended 100-year floodplain over the roadway.

XS-4541 – Limit of detailed study? Downstream tie-in? Added limits of detailed study to map.

We are available to discuss or review any of these comments. Please feel free to contact me with any questions or concerns.

Sincerely,

**Mile High Flood District** 

Jon Villines, PE, CFM



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#### Chenango Tributary

- 1. Multiple-profile Run
  - XS 1991, the 500-year profile drawdown can be fixed by not modifying the low flow channel geometry to match the culvert opening. Reverted XS 1991 geometry back to unmodified terrain.
  - XS 8866, the drawdowns can be fixed by adjusting the elevations of IEFAs to allowable the overtopping flow continues downstream without obstruction. Adjusted to try to follow this methodology. 500-year drawdown improved.
- 2. Sta. 10563 Hinsdale Avenue (Crossing 46), the following parameters are not the normal parameters used for modeling a culvert. Please include the supporting information in the description tab or revise the parameters as necessary.
  - The culvert Solution Criteria used "Outlet Control" instead of "Computed Flow Control". Changed to "Computed Flow Control"
  - The entrance loss coefficient used 0.2 for pipe projecting from fill. Changed to 0.9 for pipe projecting from fill.
  - The Manning's n-value used 0.016 for CMP. Changed to 0.03 for CMP (max value to be consistent across all models).
- 3. Sta. 8905 Yampa St (Crossing 4), please verify the following parameters. Please include the supporting information in the description tab or revise the parameters as necessary.
  - Please verify the entrance configuration why they are very different. Entrance configuration changed to CMP culvert and pipe projecting from fill.
  - Culvert #1 used Chart # 55 with entrance loss coefficient 0.9 that is not normal. Changed Culvert #1 to match Culvert #2 settings.
  - Please verify the Manning's n-values per pipe material. Kept manning's n of 0.03 for CMP (max value to be consistent across all models).
  - Modified IEFA to reduce profile drawdown at d/s side of culvert
- 4. XS 8673 and 8514, please provide information/reason for the permanent IEFA in the description tab. If this is a permanent pool, should the permanent IEFA be applied consistently across the pond? IEFA removed from XS 8673 for pond. Description added to XS 8514: Permanent IEFA reflects flow blocked by private road.
- 5. XS 8276 & 8496, please provide information/reason for the permanent IEFA in the description tab. Description added to XS 8276: Permanent IEFA reflects flow blocked by private road. Description added to XS 8496: Permanent IEFA is used to delimit main flow path between bank stations (based on contours) instead of secondary flow path.
- 6. XS 8137, please continue the floodplain delineation at south side of E Hinsdale Ave to tie back floodplain at downstream side of XS 7346. Continued the floodplain delineation at south side of E Hinsdale Ave between XS 8137-7346. Extended cross-sections to include.
- 7. Sta. 7686 Private Drive (Crossing 8), the following parameters are not the normal parameters used for modeling a culvert. Please include the supporting information in the description tab or revise the parameters as necessary.

- consistent across all models).
- revise the parameters as necessary.
  - to be consistent across all models).
- revise the parameters as necessary.
  - projecting from fill.
  - to be consistent across all models).
- upstream side. Meant for XS 5300. Moved note to that XS.
- 11. Sta. 4299 E Hinsdale Way (Crossing 18), the following parameters are not the normal description tab or revise the parameters as necessary.
  - pipe mitered to conform to slope.
  - to be consistent across all models).
  - issues with the 500-year profile.
- 500-year floodplain boundary at right overbank area.
- the low lying area with the floodplain. Added the low lying area within the floodplain.
- conservative/no effect on WSEL.

#### The Manning's n-value used 0.015 for CMP. Changed to 0.03 for CMP (max value to be

8. Sta. 7156 Telluride Court (Crossing 9), the following parameters are not the normal parameters used for modeling a culvert. Please include the supporting information in the description tab or

• The Manning's n-value used 0.03 for CMP. Kept manning's n of 0.03 for CMP (max value

9. Sta. 5798 S Richfield St (Crossing 11), the following parameters are not the normal parameters used for modeling a culvert. Please include the supporting information in the description tab or

CMP projecting form fill used entrance loss coefficient 0.2. Changed to 0.9 for pipe

• The Manning's n-value used 0.03 for CMP. Kept manning's n of 0.03 for CMP (max value

10. XS 5148, the description is not clear. There is no adverse grade at either downstream side or

parameters used for modeling a culvert. Please include the supporting information in the

CMP mitered to conform to slope used entrance loss coefficient 0.2. Changed to 0.7 for

• The Manning's n-value used 0.03 for CMP. Kept manning's n of 0.03 for CMP (max value

• An IEFA approximate 2 feet above the roadway crown was used at the right overbank area at the upstream side of culvert, but there is not similar obstruction at the

downstream side. Reduced IEFA in the area to avoid being overly conservative. These IEFA are also representing a bit of conveyance shadow from the upstream high ground (at a 4:1) and are helping reduce the stark change in flow area, which was causing some

12. XS 2091, please complete the 500-year floodplain boundary at right overbank area. Completed

13. XS 3246 & 3038, the left minor high ground is not regulatory levee embankment. Please include

14. XS 697, 778, 950, 976, 998, 1030, 2681, 5300, 5350, 5587, 5607, 8137, 8467, 8496 & 8514, the Cont\Exp coefficients were increased to 0.3/0.5. Please provide information/reason for the increased coefficient values in the description tab. Information has been added to description tabs as necessary. Coefficients were reduced to standard at XS where 0.3/0.5 appeared too

15. XS 4342, 4428, 4992, 5148, 5300, 5350, 5372, 5497, 5587, 5607, 5687, 6013, 6546, 6713, 6877, 9759, 9871, 9943, 10090 & 10216, the IEFAs were not surely necessary or too much without clear obstruction. Please provide information/reason for the IEFAs in the description tab. Note: IEFAs can pre-determine the limits of floodway encroachment that means in favor of the allowable fill in the floodway fringe. Care should be used to avoid arbitrary IEFAs. Thank you for the guidance. IEFAs were reviewed at each cross section. Reductions were made to avoid predetermination of floodway limits or reasoning was added to description tab.

#### 16. Floodway Analysis

There were enough changes in the baseline model that the floodway model was updated throughout entire reach.

Please avoid floodway top width include IEFA.

Avoided floodway top widths including IEFA where possible. There are several crosssections where this is not possible: 432, 5838, 7190, 7667, 7711, and 8949. These crosssections have encroachments in as far as possible while maintaining delta WS and EG below 0.5 ft.

- XS 8820, left floodway encroachment station is outside the 100-year floodplain. Adjusted the encroachments so they are within the floodplain.
- XS 8866, left and right floodway encroachment stations are outside the 100-year floodplain.

Adjusted the encroachments so they are within the floodplain.

• XS 1255, please increase left floodway encroachment to avoid impact at developed parcel if it is feasible.

Increased left floodway encroachment.

- XS 2601 to 2681 & XS 3394 to 3498, please smooth the right floodway boundary by trimming the backwater area. Smoothed out the right floodway boundary between 2601 to 2681 and 3394 to 3498.
- XS 8253 to XS 886, please use equal conveyance reduction as much as possible, or
- please provide explanation why the floodway encroachments are appropriate. Reviewed floodway encroachments and used equal conveyance as much as possible after following guidelines based on IEFAs and high grounds. In areas where the floodplain crosses E. Hinsdale Ave., the floodway has more encroachment on the left bank to keep the floodway off of the road where possible.
- XS 9841 upstream, is there any flood storage at this location? No flood storage was included in the baseline hydrology at this location.

Joplin Tributary

- the Maximum Difference Tolerance instead of using the default value of 0.3. It was an error for it to be set at 0.33, reset value to 0.3.
- HEC-RAS hydraulic model. Fixed the cross section stations in the shapefile to match the HEC-RAS model.
- 3. XS 2959,
  - Added a note in the description tab for this XS.
  - overbank.

upstream.

- width can be measured along the cross section 5640. No action needed.
- 5. XS 7970 to XS 8449, detention facility.
  - the baseline hydrology modeling.
  - floodway within the detention. include this detention.
  - potential 500-year overland flow path. Added additional information like requested.
- 6. In general, the floodplain and floodway delineation should:
  - locations that did.

1. Please include clarification in the plan description field to explain the reason of using 0.33 for

2. The cross section stations in the GIS shapefile are different from the cross section stations in the

a. Please provide explanation for the adverse thalweg slope in the description tab.

b. The 500-year floodplain top width includes overland flow from upstream that is good. Please request using the same approach for the 100-year floodplain top width at left

#### Adjusted 100-year floodplain at left overbank to account for overland flow from

4. XS 5640, the "oxbow-like features" is a W.Q. detention which is hydraulically connected to the main channel at upstream side of the detention. The detention is impacted by backwater and can be designated as Zone AH. The cutline of cross section 5640 ends at the berm of the detention is OK. It is also OK if the cutline was extended pass the detention and the detention area was blocked with IEFA. The benefit of the expanded cross section is the floodplain top

a. Please provide the source of known water surface elevations in the description tab. Added a note in the description tab that the known water surface elevations are from

b. Please expand the upstream limit of floodway analysis to include this detention, if the detention volume was counted in the baseline hydrology. Please assume floodplain =

#### Added encroachments for these XS in model and extended floodway delineation to

c. The downstream pipe does not have the 500-year capacity. The overflow in the 500year event flows in the different path to Piney Creek. Please quantify the 500-year overland flow and label the limit of detailed study. The 500-year overland flow path is obvious and easy to identify. It would be beneficial to include a description for the

a. Please confirm that the floodplain boundary should only cross the same contours once. Ensured the floodplain boundary only crosses the same contour once and fixed any

- b. The left and right floodplain boundary should cross the same contours at the locations where are approximately symmetric to the river centerline. Reviewed and revised to improve approximate symmetry.
- c. Floodway boundary should be coincident to or inside the 100-year floodplain. Ensured the floodway boundary was not outside the 100-year floodplain.

#### 7. In general, floodway top width should not include IEFA and high ground.

- a. XS 3923, floodway top width includes IEFA and high ground. Adjusted the encroachments so they do not include high ground or IEFA
- b. XS 4357, floodway right encroachment is on high ground. Adjusted right encroachment so it is not on the high ground and is within the floodplain.
- c. XS 5898, floodway top width includes IEFA. Adjusted right encroachment to not include IEFA. Kept the left encroachment as is since the WSEL is above the elevation of the IEFA and adjusting this encroachment increases the difference in WSEL above 0.5ft.
- d. XS 6406, right encroachment is outside of floodplain. Adjusted right encroachment inward to be within floodplain.



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#### **FHAD Review Comment Memo**

**Title: Cherry Creek Tribs - Kragelund Consultant**: Dewberry **Date Received:** 8/25/2020 Date Returned: 01/08/2021 **Review Phase: 3 - 500-yr Floodplain** MHFD Reviewer: Melanie Poole

#### **Products Received:**

 $\boxtimes$  All required submittal files for this phase were received:

- Shapefiles
- Agreement Table
- Floodplain Delineation Map (Existing)
- Floodplain Delineation Map (Future)

#### **Reviewed Model Files and Dates:**

Kragelund FHAD Model.prj (08/25/2020) Regulatory Analysis Future Conditions.p01 Regulatory Analysis Existing Conditions.p02 Floodway.p03 Kragelund Tributary.g01 2019 Baseline Hydrology Future.f01 2019 Baseline Hydrology Existing.f02 Floodway.f03

#### **Comments Geodatabase:**

Please review the attached comment geodatabase "CCT Kragelund 2020-12-11\_Step3\_FHADReview". The Date, Status, Type, Comment, and Commenter fields will be completed by the MHFD reviewer. Respond to each comment using the dropdown list in the Response field and provide any additional information in the ComResponse field. Please provide the responder's name in the Responder field.

- "Accepted" indicates the comment was addressed.
- point. Please provide a response in the response letter.

"Rejected" indicates the comment was not addressed; please provide an explanation.

- "General" indicates the comment was addressed for the entire model, not just at that

- "Discuss" indicates that more discussion is required; please provide an explanation.







2480 W. 26th Ave Suite 156-B | Denver, CO 80211 TEL 303 455 6277 | FAX 303 455 7880

#### **General Comments:**

- As discussed in our meeting on 12/01/2020, please provide the existing conditions model including 100-yr and 500-yr floodplain maps with smoothed floodplain and annotated cross-sections, existing conditions 100-yr floodway, and existing conditions agreement table with future submittals. Additionally continue to include the 100-yr future conditions within the model, but no need to include future conditions mapping or floodway. 500-yr future conditions were also kept in the model.
- 2) Please see red-lined agreement table for comments. While these comments are based on the future conditions, these comments should be considered when preparing the existing conditions agreement table. Noted and referred back to.
- 3) Many comments made in the geodatabase are in reference to the future conditions mapping/ model. These comments are labeled as "FUTURE" and are marked with a status of closed. This portion of the review was completed prior to the decision to no longer continue with the future conditions floodway or mapping, but are included as reference as they should be considered when developing the existing conditions modeling and mapping. Noted and referred back to.

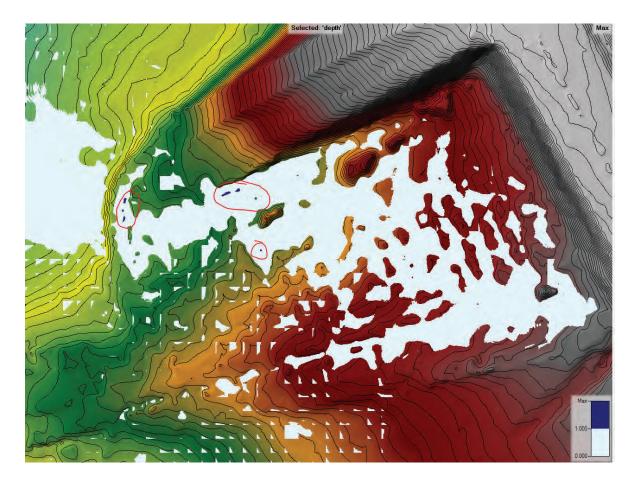
#### **HEC-RAS 2D Comments:**

- Please continue modeling the existing and future conditions 100-yr and 500-yr for the shallow flooding areas. Only the <u>existing</u> 100-year and 500-year limits will be mapped. 100yr and 500yr shallow flooding are mapped and labeled as such. Holes and polygons <150 sf were removed to simplify.</li>
- 2) Please verify the simulation time of the model is long enough to capture the entire flooding extents.

Confirmed simulation time is long enough for each run to reach quasi-steady state.

3) Please verify no water surface elevations mapped in this area exceed 1-ft in the existing 100-year event.

Within the area of interest, there are a few isolated locations with max depth just above 1-ft (max  $\sim$  1.3 ft), shown below, for the existing 100-year. It is assumed these are negligible and should not affect the classification of shallow flooding average 1-ft in the mapped area.



We are available to discuss or review any of these comments. Please feel free to contact me with any questions or concerns.

Sincerely,

Melane Poole

Melanie Poole, PE Mile High Flood District

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Little Raven

- 1. Please include clarification in the plan description field to explain the reason of using 0.33 for the Maximum Difference Tolerance instead of using the default value of 0.3. Tolerance was inadvertently changed and has been reverted back to the default value of 0.3.
- 2. Please provide justification for using higher expansion coefficient at XS 6181 in the description tab or revise the expansion coefficient as necessary. Higher expansion coefficient was inadvertent. Value was reverted back to default. (Negligible impacts to WSEL).
- 3. Culvert 6324;
  - Please provide supporting document for the revised culvert length, e.g. photos, on site structure measurement certified by P.E. etc. Confirmed original survey length appears appropriate. Reverted to the original 19.84' length.
  - Please confirm the culvert entrance configuration per survey information. (The aerial image shows different entrance configuration from the modeled entrance. The aerial maybe not correct. Just want to confirm.) Modified culvert scale # per survey information.
- 4. Floodway analysis:
  - a. XS 4249, please increase floodway encroachment to create a potential maximum rise at the most downstream cross section. It might need a minor adjustment to the bank stations. Adjusted bank stations and encroachments as necessary to create max possible rise at XS.
  - b. XS 4442, 4538, floodway top widths include IEFAs. Please increase the floodway encroachments or explain why the floodway analysis is appropriate. Floodway encroachments increased to exclude IEFAs.
  - c. XS 5972 to XS 6556, please reconfigure (increase) the floodway encroachment and reasonably meet the maximum allowable increases in H.G.L. and E.G.L. It is preferred to not including the private properties inside the floodway. Reconfigured in this area to move away from private properties and gain max increases.



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#### **FHAD Review Comment Memo**

Title: Cherry Creek Tribs – South Arapahoe **Consultant**: Dewberry Date Received: 8/25/2020 Date Returned: 01/08/2020 **Review Phase: 3 - 500-yr Floodplain** MHFD Reviewer: Melanie Poole

#### **Products Received:**

 $\boxtimes$  All required submittal files for this phase were received:

- Shapefiles
- Agreement Table
- Floodplain Delineation Map

#### **Reviewed Model Files and Dates:**

CCT SouthArapahoe.prj (08/25/2020) Floodway.p01 Regulatory Analysis.p04 South Arapahoe Tributary.g01 2019 Baseline Hydrology.f02 Floodway.f01

#### **Comments Geodatabase:**

Please review the attached comment geodatabase "CCT South Arapahoe 20201106 Step3 \_FHADReview". The Date, Status, Type, Comment, and Commenter fields will be completed by the MHFD reviewer. Respond to each comment using the dropdown list in the Response field and provide any additional information in the ComResponse field. Please provide the responder's name in the Responder field.

- "Accepted" indicates the comment was addressed.
- "Rejected" indicates the comment was not addressed; please provide an explanation. - "General" indicates the comment was addressed for the entire model, not just at that point. Please provide a response in the response letter.
- "Discuss" indicates that more discussion is required; please provide an explanation.

#### **General Comments:**

geodatabase.

www.mhfd.or

1) Please provide responses to comments with each submittal. Responses included in







2) Please see red-lined agreement table for comments. Comments addressed.

3) Please see red-lined floodplain map for comments. Comments addressed.

#### **HEC-RAS 2D Comments:**

- 1) Please continue modeling and mapping the future conditions 500-yr for the shallow flooding areas. Completed.
- 2) Please verify the simulation time of the model is long enough to capture the entire flooding extents. Confirmed.

We are available to discuss or review any of these comments. Please feel free to contact me with any questions or concerns.

Sincerely,

Melane Poole

Melanie Poole, PE Mile High Flood District



www.mhfd.org





# MILE HIGH FLOOD DISTRICT

**Consultant**: Dewberry

**Products Received:** 

- Shapefiles

**General Comments:** 

**HEC-RAS 1D Comments:** 

section 3416.

**HEC-RAS 2D Comments:** 

Date Received: 04/16/2021

Date Returned: 07/01/2021

**FHAD Review Comment Memo** 

Title: Cherry Creek Tribs - Kragelund

**Review Phase: 3 - 500-yr Floodplain** 

MHFD Reviewer: Melanie Poole

Agreement Table

- 1D HEC-RAS Model

2D HEC-RAS Model

- Floodplain Delineation Map

- Responses to previous comments

explain the need for their use.

Addressed all comments on workmap.

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#### **FHAD Review Comment Memo**

**Title: Cherry Creek Tribs - Chenango Consultant**: Dewberry Date Received: 04/16/2021 Date Returned: 07/01/2021 Review Phase: 3 - 500-yr Floodplain MHFD Reviewer: Laura Hinds

#### **Products Received:**

 $\boxtimes$  All required submittal files for this phase were received:

- Shapefiles
- Agreement Table
- Floodplain Delineation Map -
- 1D HEC-RAS Model
- Responses to previous comments

#### **HEC-RAS 1D Comments:**

- 1) XS 8905 the IEFA's were removed completely on the downstream side. Please replace the IEFA and adjust the elevation on the left bank to allow flow to overtop the roadway. Added in the IEFA's to the downstream side of XS 8905 and followed guidance from the District on profile consistency.
- 2) XS 8949 Please confirm the ground is reflecting the survey Edited the ground of XS 8949 to reflect the survey.

We are available to discuss or review any of these comments. Please feel free to contact me with any questions or concerns.

Thank you,

Laura Hinds **Mile High Flood District** 



Renamed future plans.

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 $\boxtimes$  All required submittal files for this phase were received:

1) Please see red-lined agreement table for comments. Addressed all comments on agreement table. 2) Please see red-lined workmap for comments.

3) Please include essential information, e.g. horizontal and vertical datum, company info, final date of the model, etc. in the description field in the hydraulic model. Added information in the description field of the model. 4) Please remove ineffective flow areas from cross-sections 3416 and 7947 or please

Cross-section 7947 crosses a secondary channel that has an invert lower than the main tributary. IEFA is being used to make the lowest elevation at the tributary as well as represent the flood shadow in the area of expansion. The IEFA was removed from cross-

5) Please label the future plan files as such.









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#### FHAD Review Comment Memo

Title: Cherry Creek Tribs – South Arapahoe **Consultant**: Dewberry Date Received: 04/16/2021 Date Returned: 07/01/2021 **Review Phase: 3 - 500-yr Floodplain** MHFD Reviewer: Melanie Poole

#### **Products Received:**

 $\boxtimes$  All required submittal files for this phase were received:

- Shapefiles
- Agreement Table
- Floodplain Delineation Map
- 1D HEC-RAS Model
- 2D HEC-RAS Model
- Responses to previous comments

#### **General Comments:**

- 1) Please see red-lined agreement table for comments. Addressed all comments on agreement table.
- 2) Please see red-lined workmap for comments. Addressed all comments on workmap.

#### **HEC-RAS 1D Comments:**

- final date of the model, etc. in the description field in the hydraulic model. Added information in the description field of the model.
- including.

Added in the right IEFA for XS 5568.

#### **HEC-RAS 2D Comments:**

3) Please remove any unused terrain or plan files from the model. Removed unused terrain and plan files from model.

We are available to discuss or review any of these comments. Please feel free to contact me with any questions or concerns.

Sincerely,

Protecting People, Property and Our Environment.

Open Plan File Selected File Title Time Window 100-year 22SEP2008 0000 - 22SEP2008 0600 Default Scenario 22SEP2008 0000 - 22SEP2008 0300 500-year 22SEP2008 0000 - 22SEP2008 0130 100-year, Existing 500-year, Existing 22SEP2008 0000 - 23SEP2008 0315 22SEP2008 0000 - 23SEP2008 0315

6) Please remove any unused terrain or plan files from the model.

Removed unused terrain and plan files from model.

We are available to discuss or review any of these comments. Please feel free to contact me with any questions or concerns.

Sincerely,

Melane Pool

Melanie Poole, PE **Mile High Flood District**  www.mhfd.oi

1) Please include essential information, e.g. horizontal and vertical datum, company info, 2) Please include right ineffective flow area for XS 5568 or explain the reasoning for not







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## Melane Poole

Melanie Poole, PE **Mile High Flood District** 

#### **FHAD Review Comment Memo**

**Title: Cherry Creek Tribs - Little Raven Consultant**: Dewberry Date Received: 04/16/2021 Date Returned: 07/01/2021 Review Phase: 3 - 500-yr Floodplain MHFD Reviewer: David Crooks

#### **Products Received:**

 $\boxtimes$  All required submittal files for this phase were received:

- Shapefiles
- Agreement Table
- Floodplain Delineation Map
- 1D HEC-RAS Model
- 2D HEC-RAS Model -
- Responses to previous comments

**General Comments:** All MHFD comments sufficiently addressed.

#### Title: Cherry Creek Tribs - Joplin

**Consultant**: Dewberry Date Received: 04/16/2021 Date Returned: 07/01/2021 Review Phase: 3 - 500-yr Floodplain MHFD Reviewer: David Crooks

#### **Products Received:**

 $\boxtimes$  All required submittal files for this phase were received:

- Shapefiles
- Agreement Table
- Floodplain Delineation Map -
- 1D HEC-RAS Model -
- 2D HEC-RAS Model
- Responses to previous comments -



#### **General Comments:** All MHFD comments sufficiently addressed.

We are available to discuss or review any of these comments. Please feel free to contact me with any questions or concerns.

Sincerely,

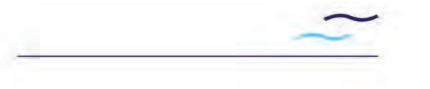
Roch

**David Crooks** Mile High Flood District

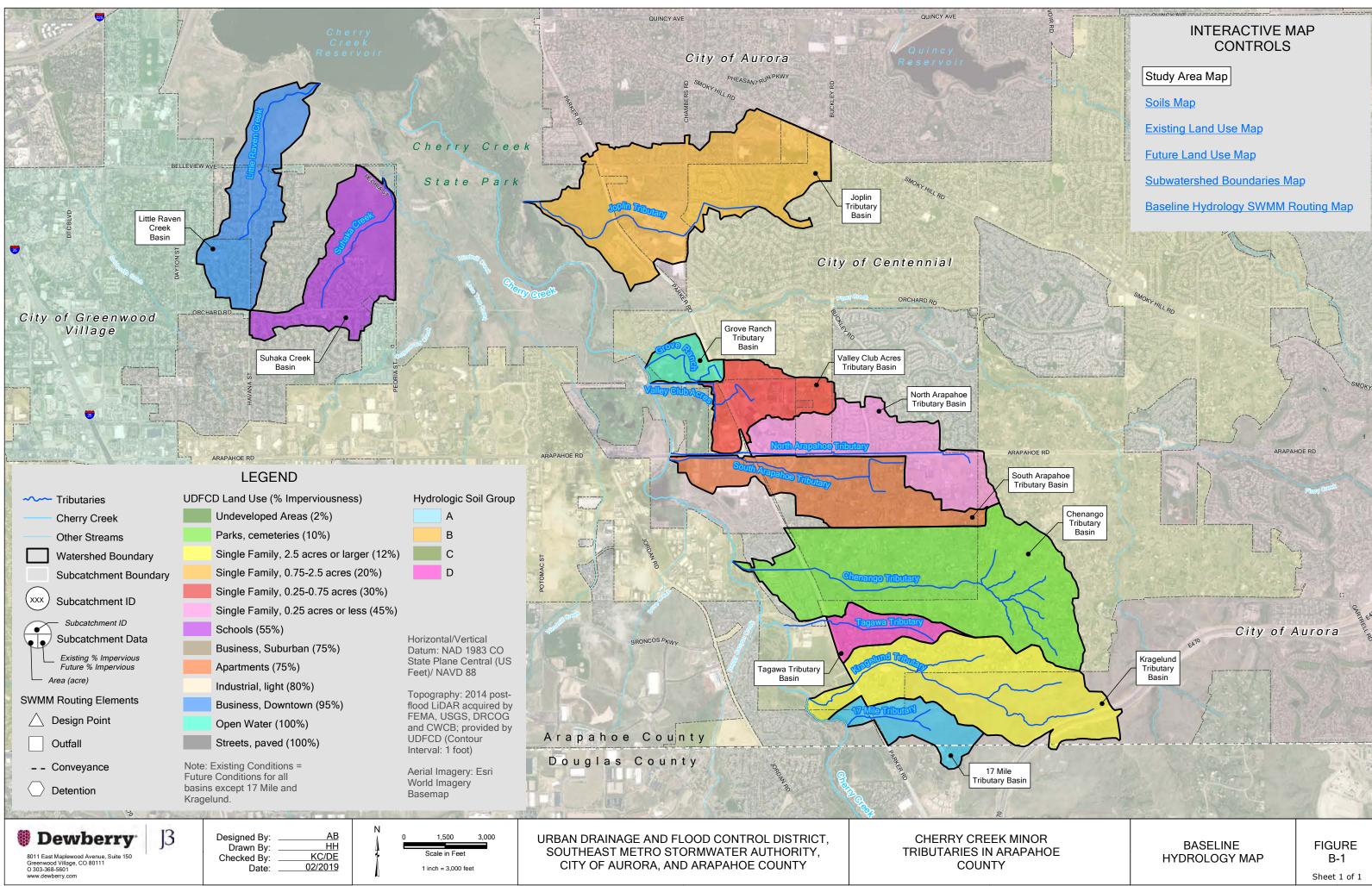
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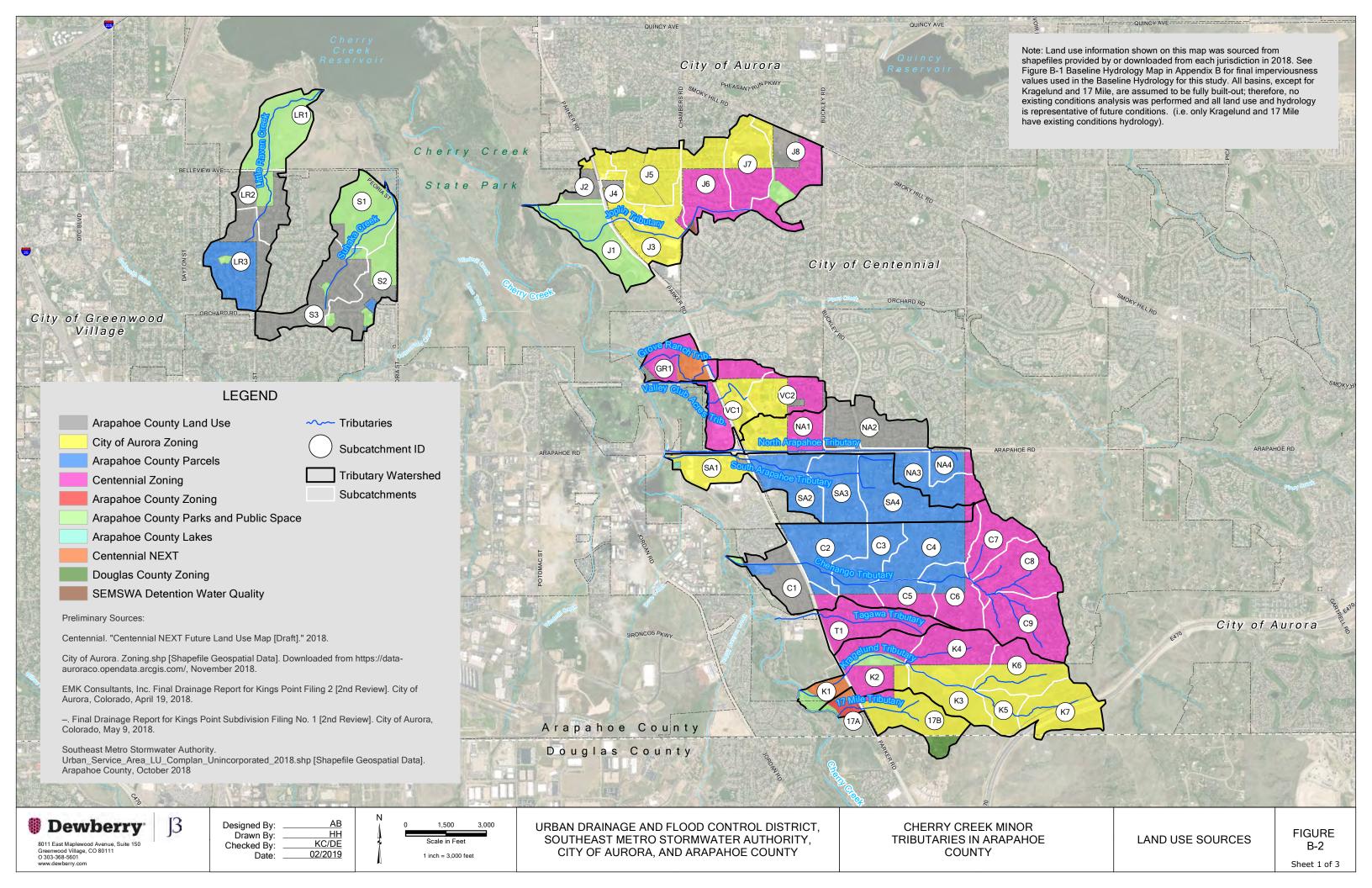


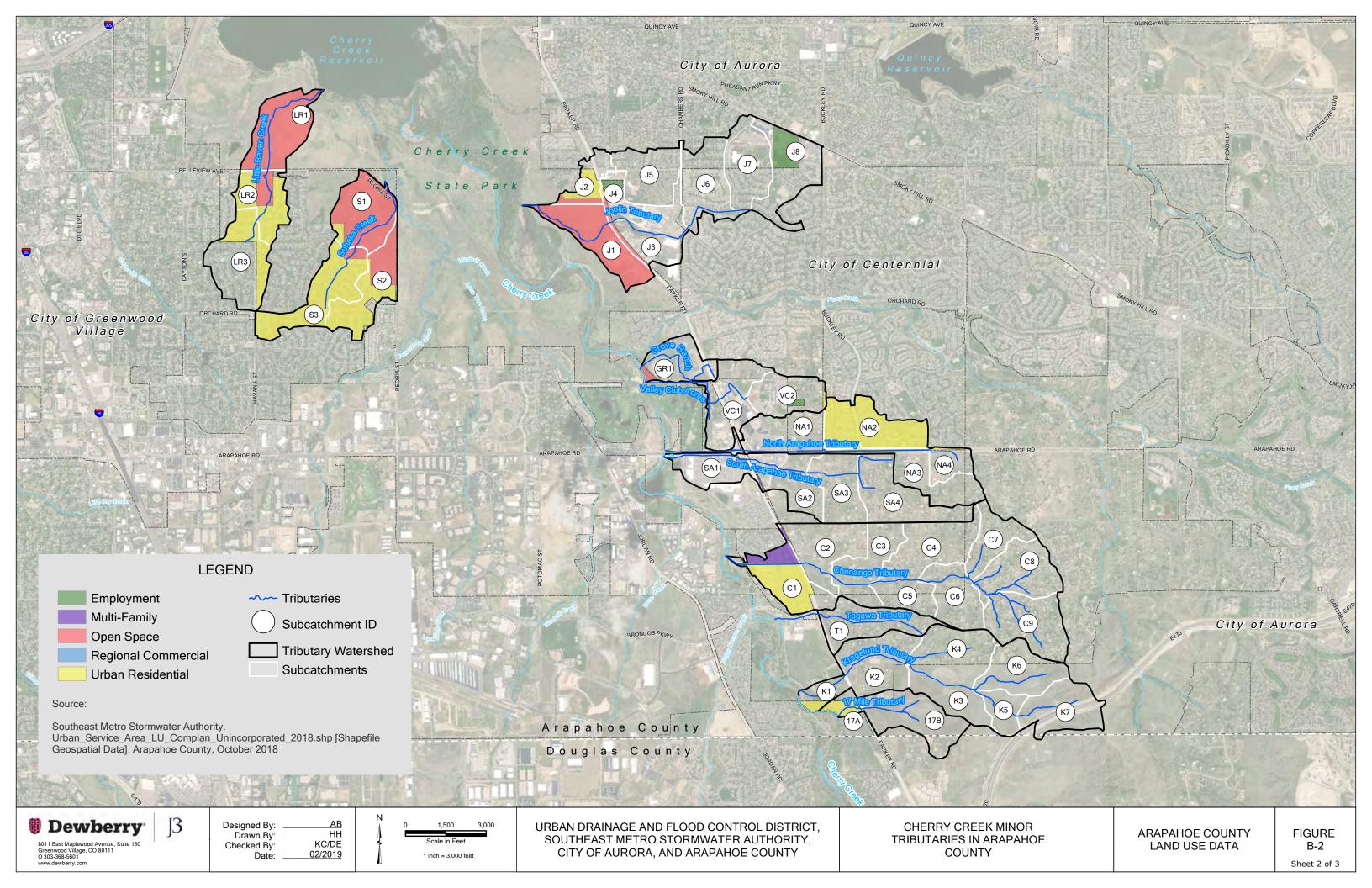


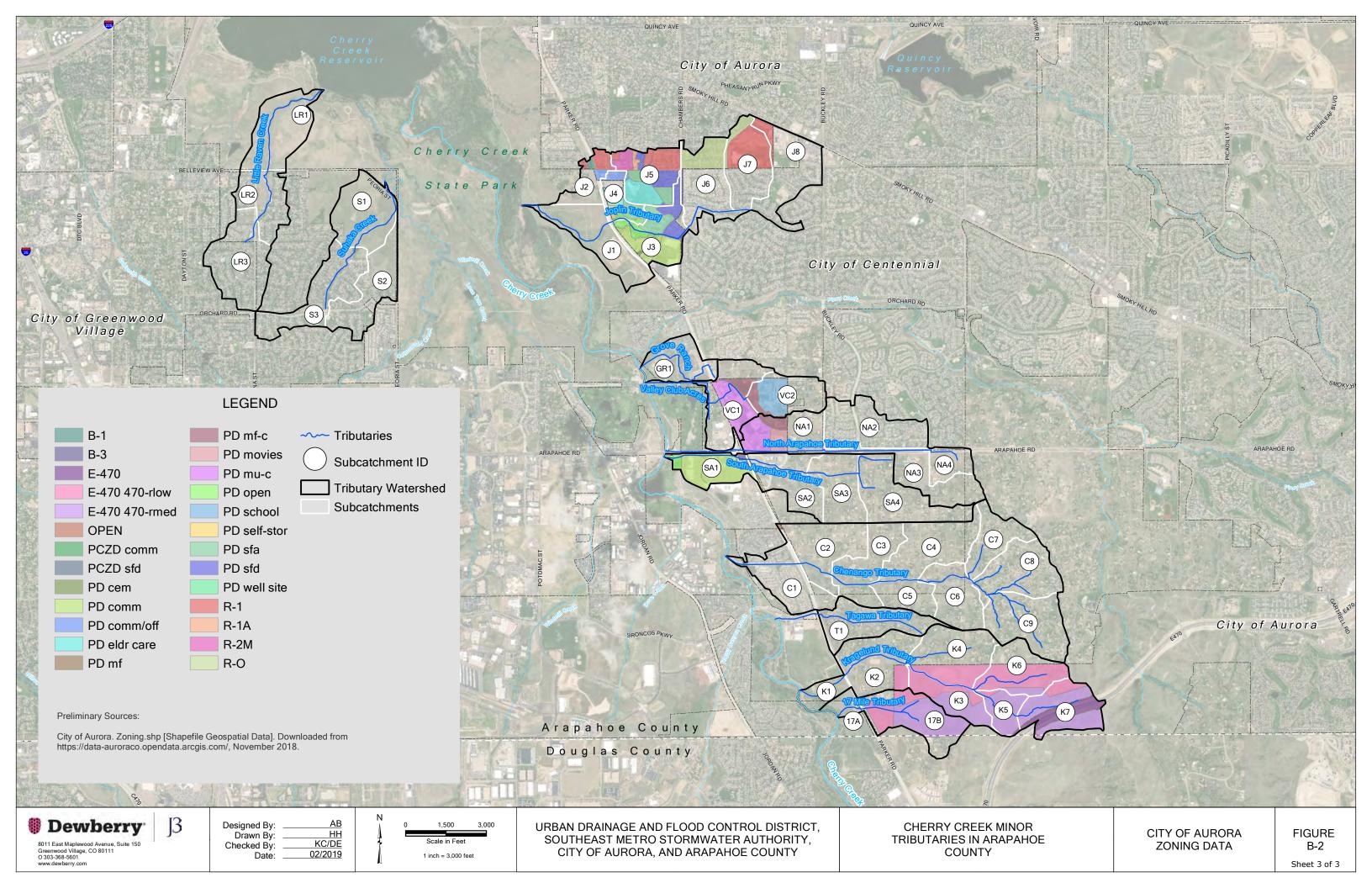
# APPENDIX B HYDROLOGIC ANALYSIS SUPPORT DOCUMENTS



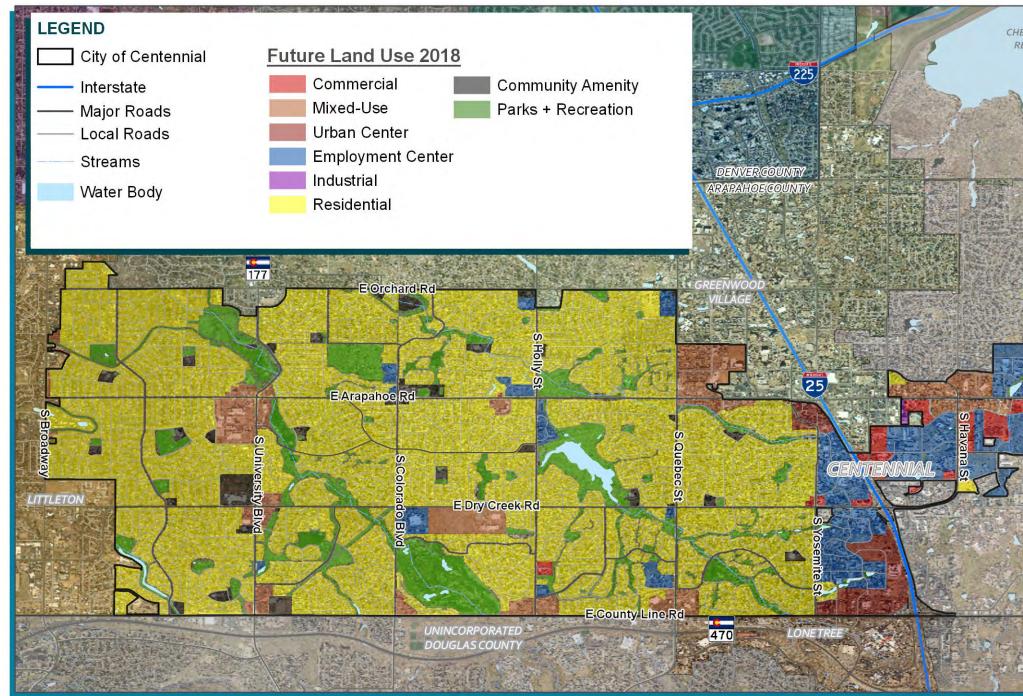


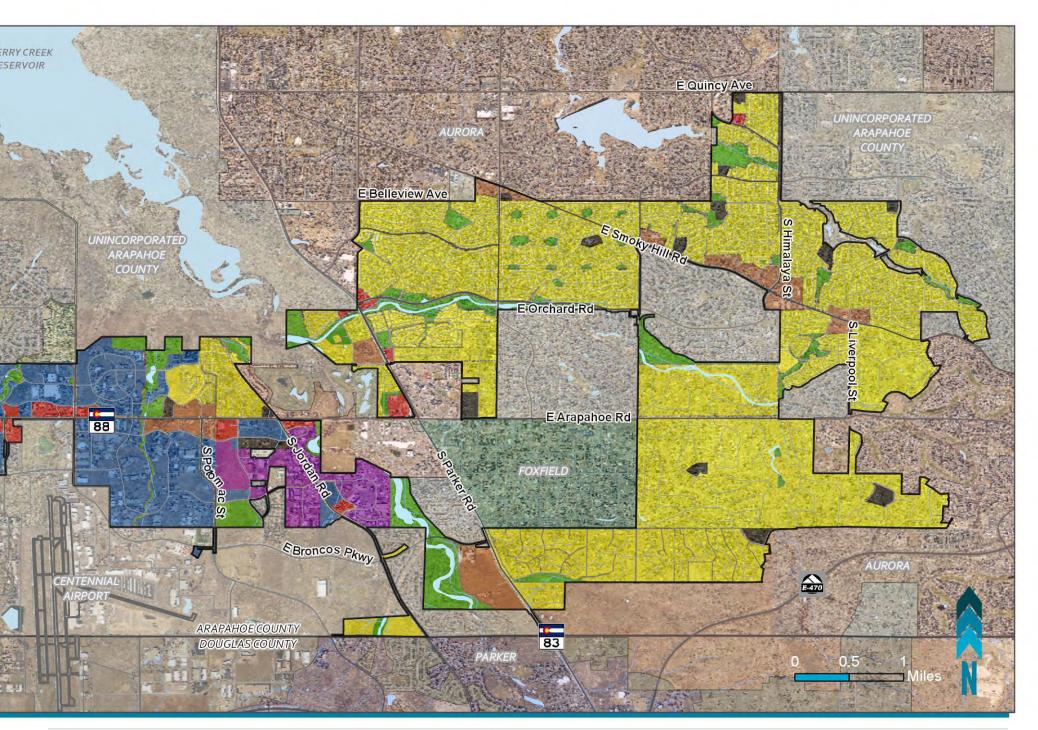


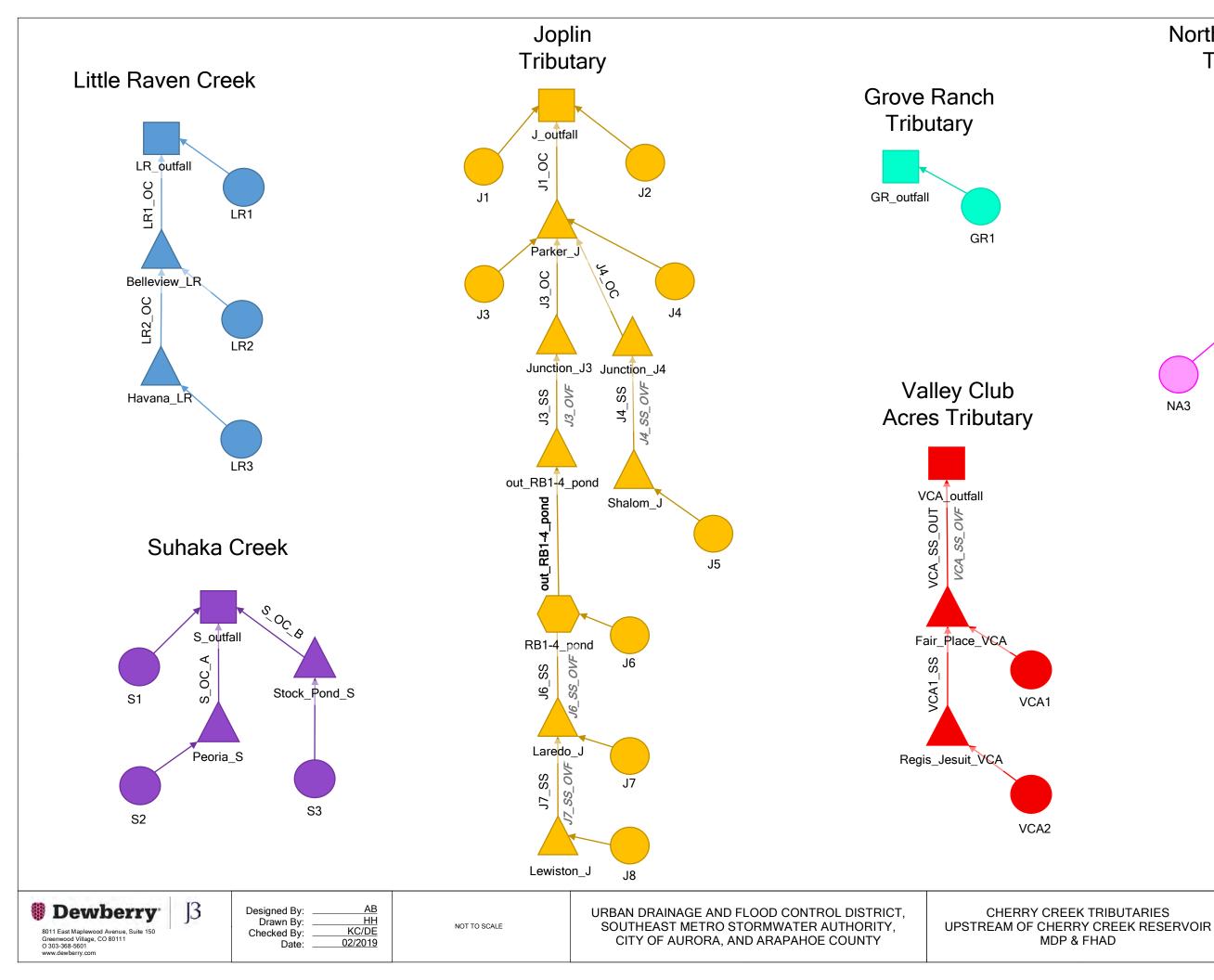


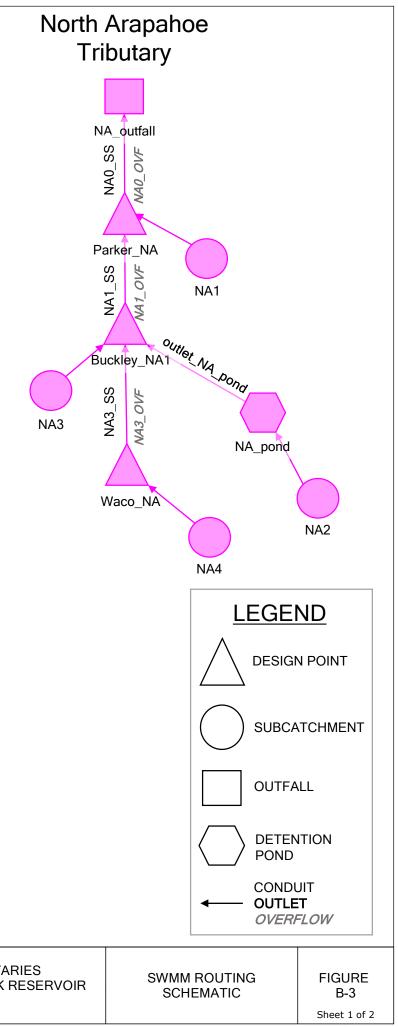


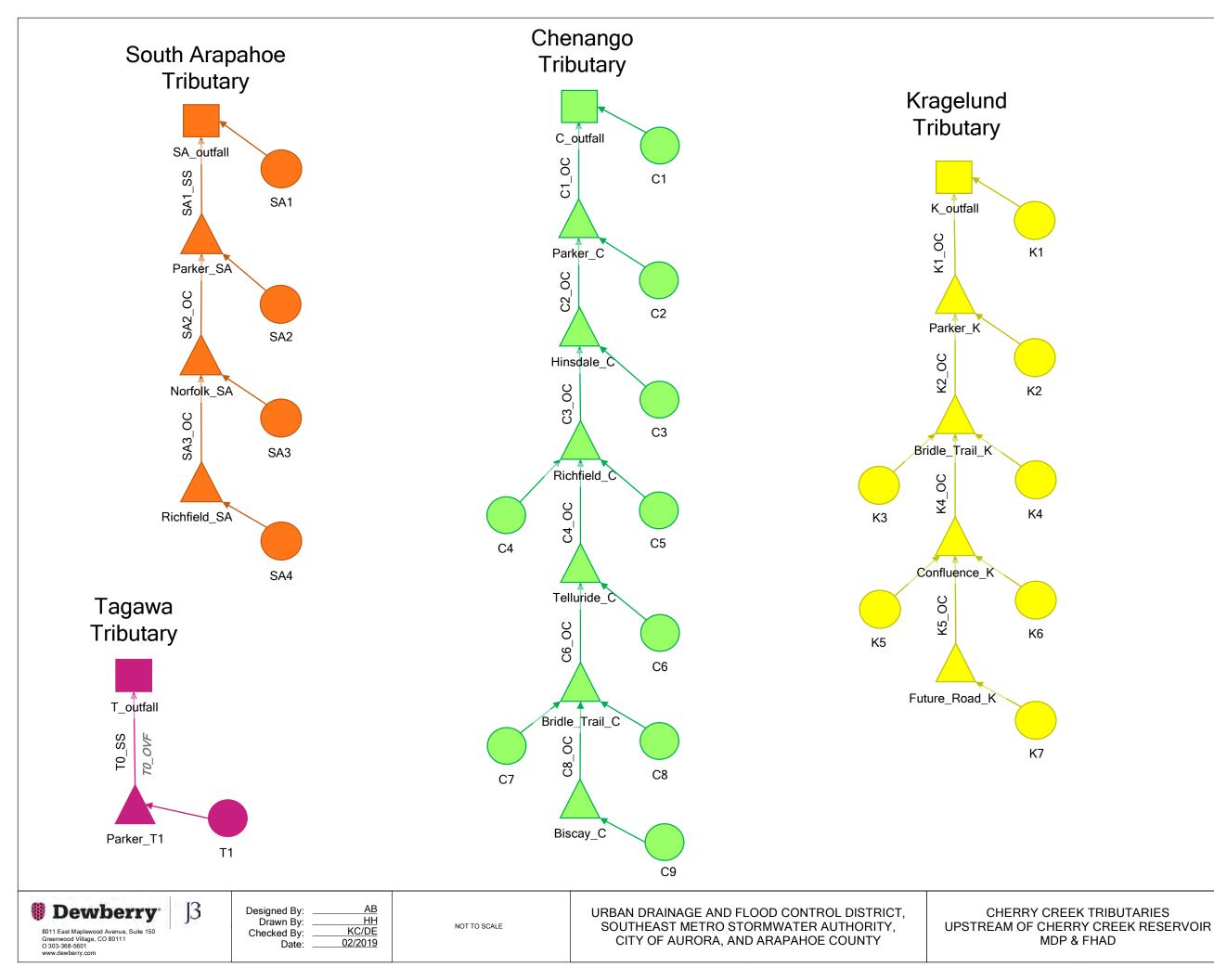
# FUTURE LAND USE MAP

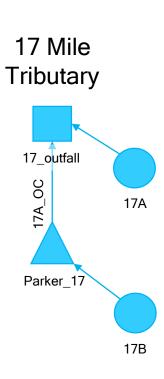


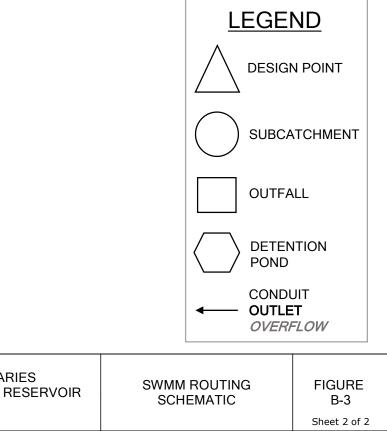


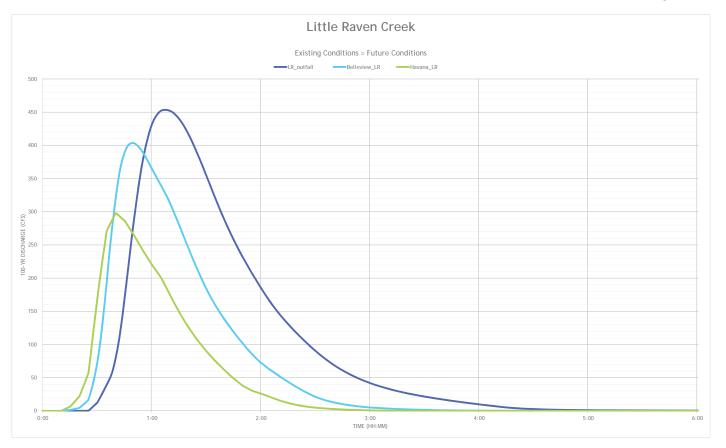




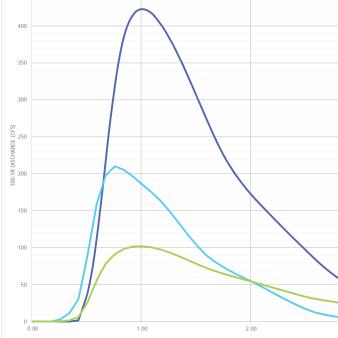




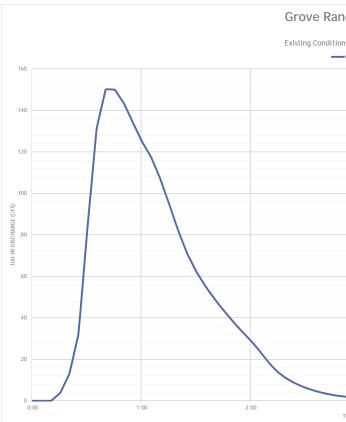












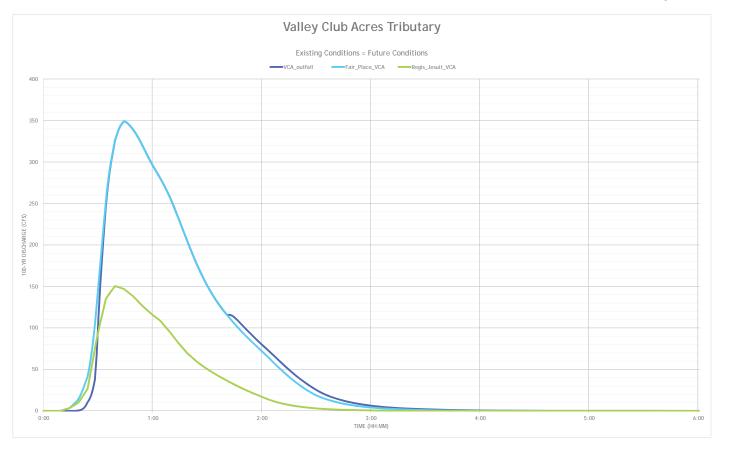
Appendix B. Hydrologic Analysis

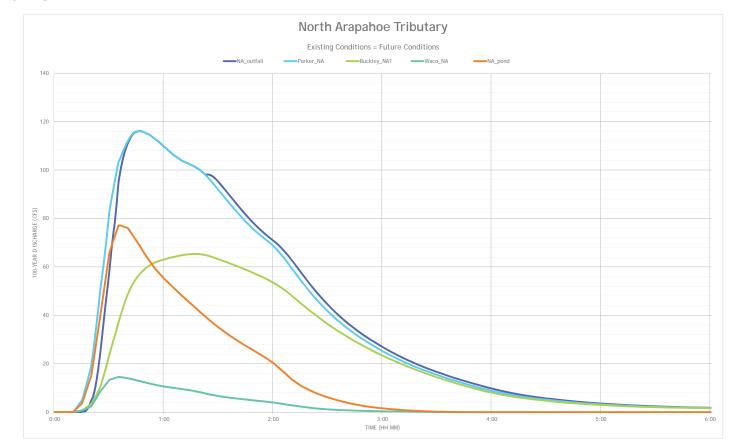
### Figure B-4. Baseline Hydrographs

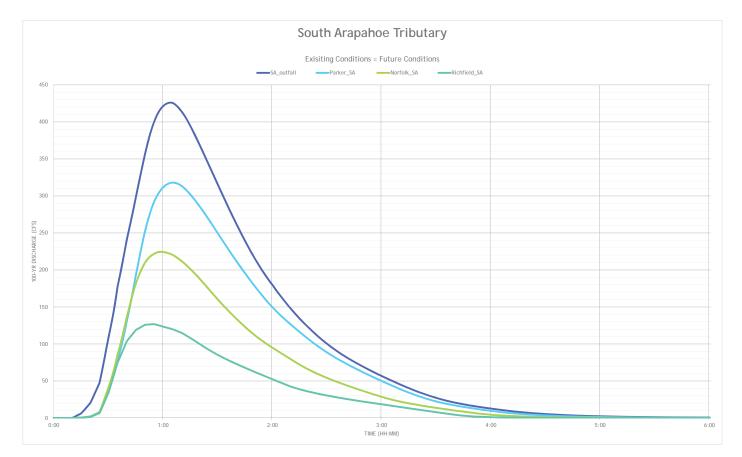
ondition	is = Future Conditions		
-Sto	ck_Pond_S Peoria_S		

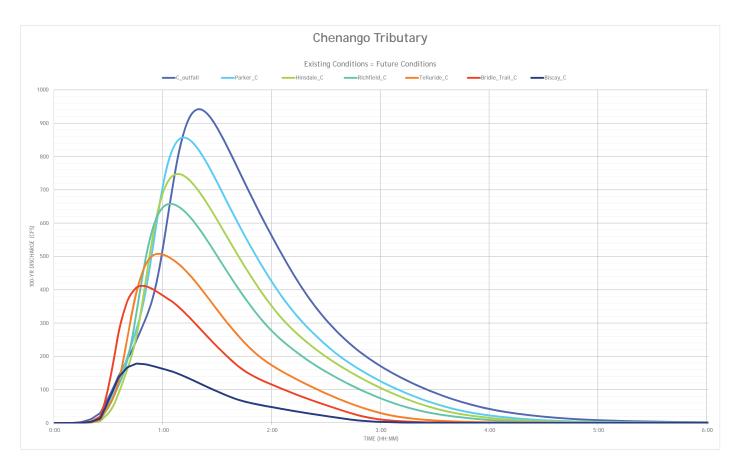
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#### Sheet 1 of 4





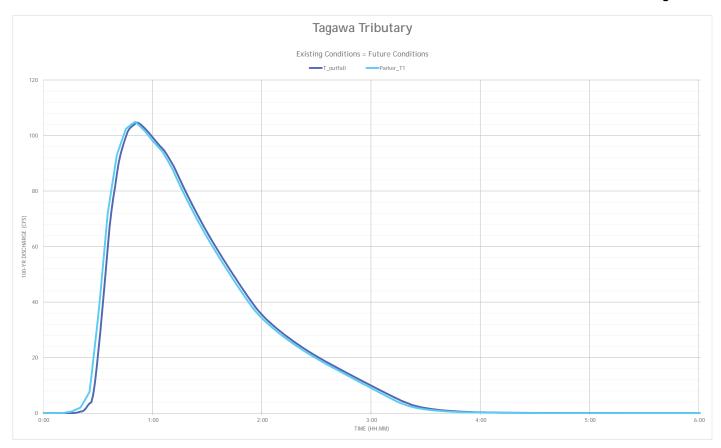


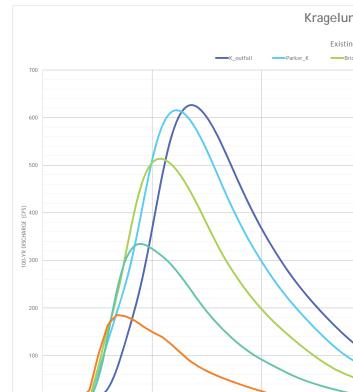


Appendix B. Hydrologic Analysis

### Figure B-4. Baseline Hydrographs

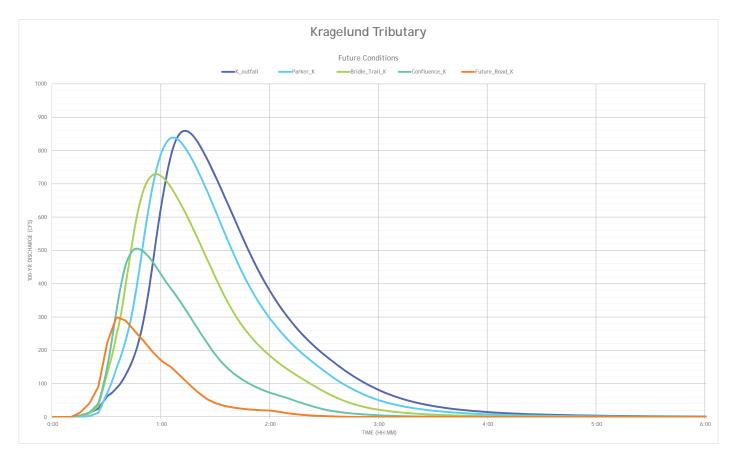
#### Sheet 2 of 4

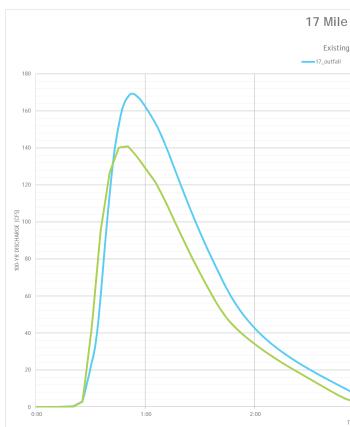




1:00

2:00





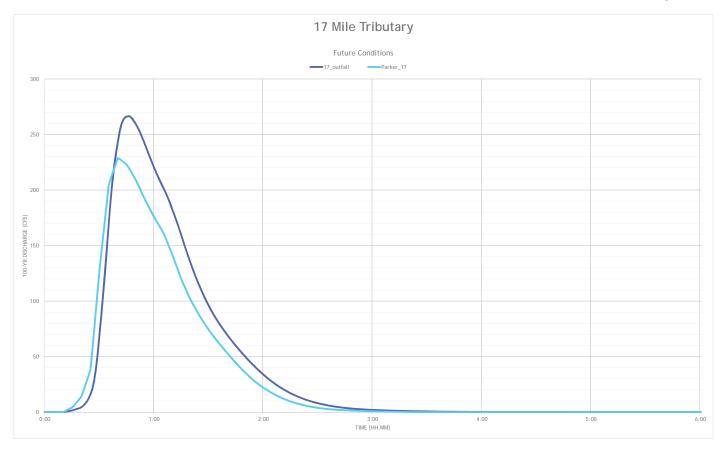
Appendix B. Hydrologic Analysis

## Figure B-4. Baseline Hydrographs

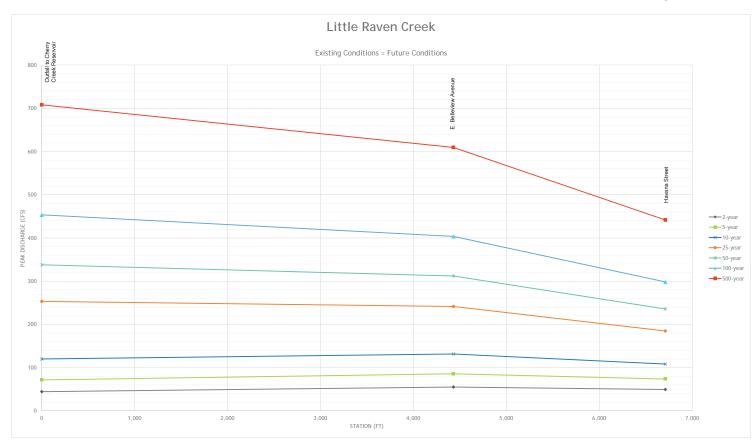
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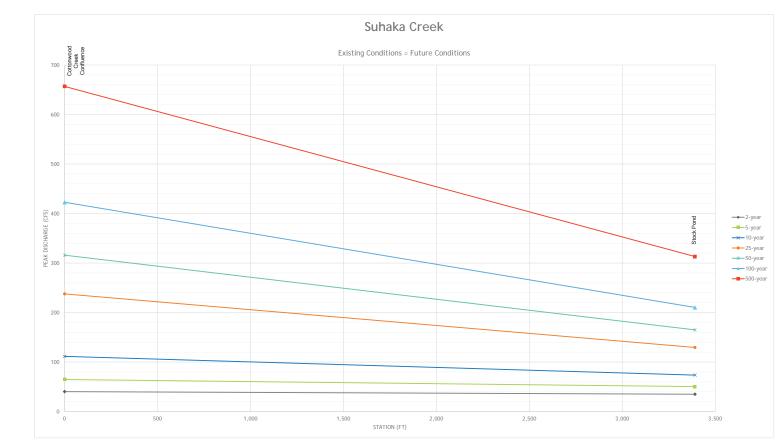
Conditions		
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Conditions		



Sheet 4 of 4





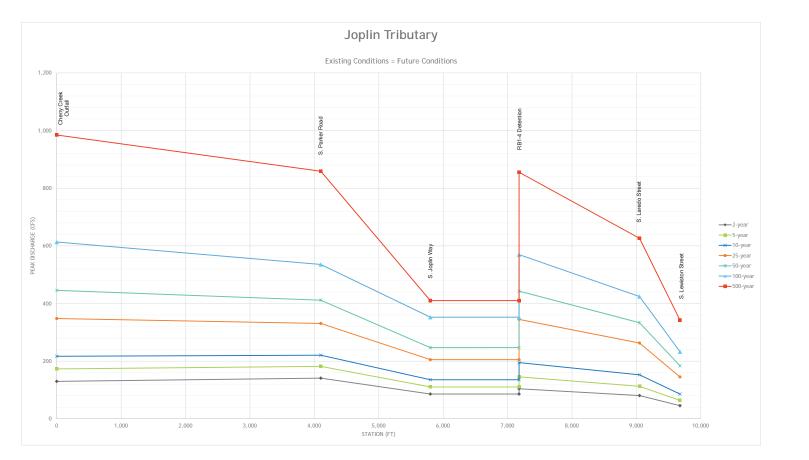
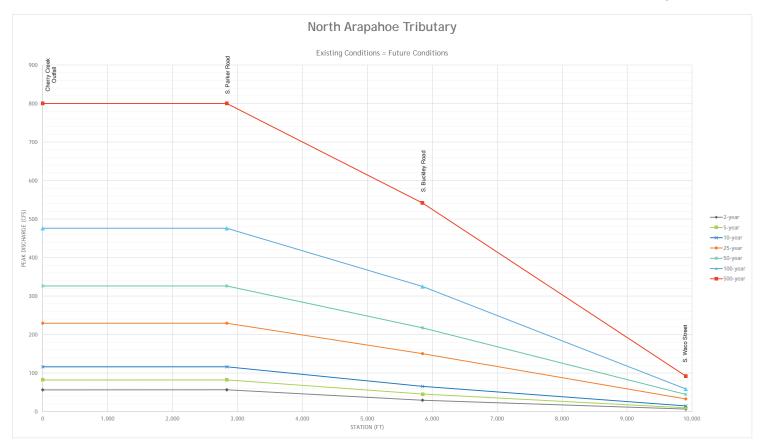


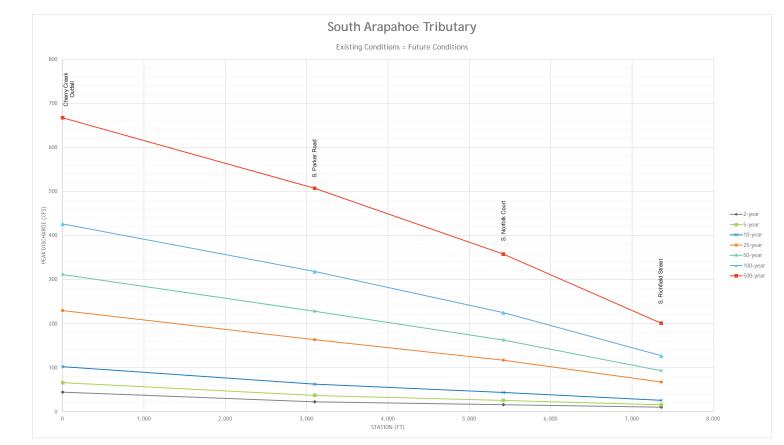


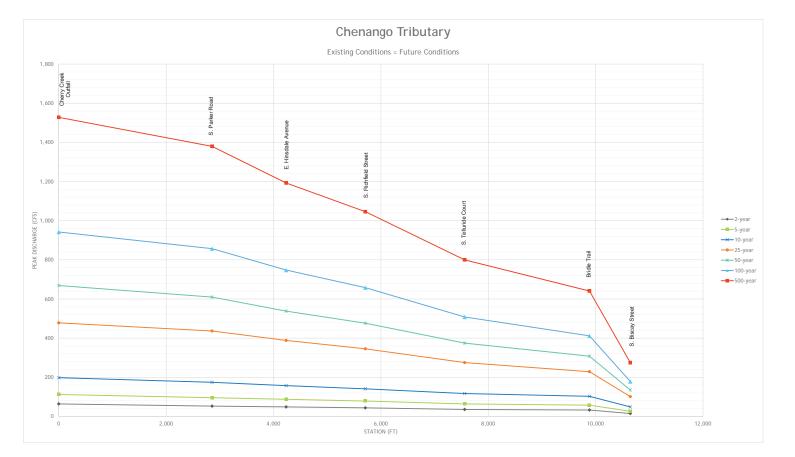
Figure B-5. Baseline Peak Flow Profiles

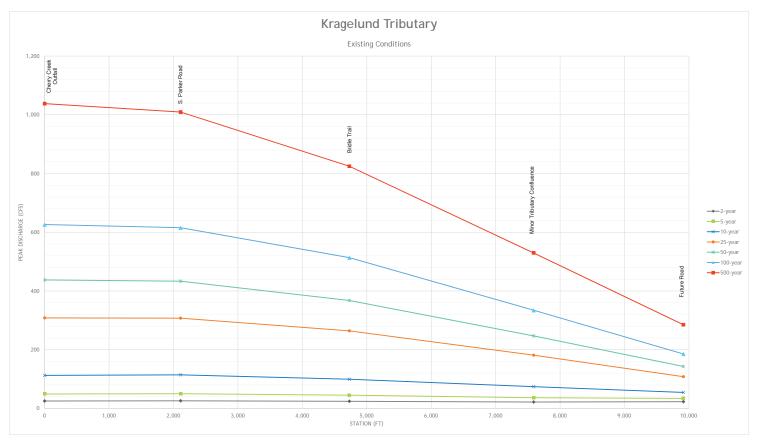
Appendix B. Hydrologic Analysis

Sheet 1 of 3





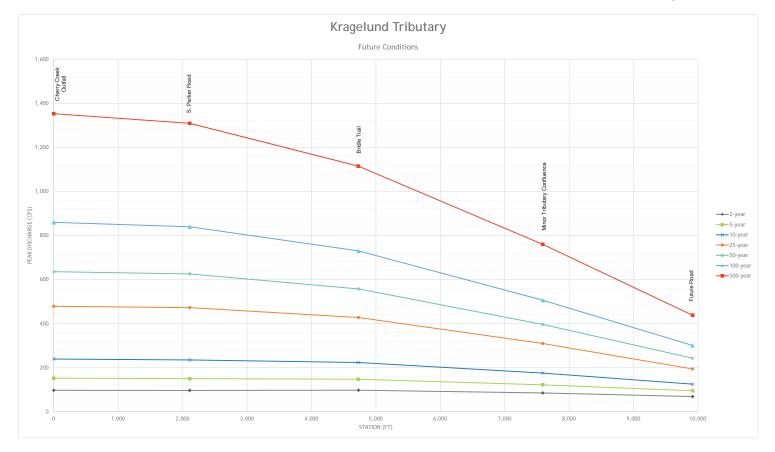




### Figure B-5. Baseline Peak Flow Profiles

Appendix B. Hydrologic Analysis

Sheet 2 of 3



Sheet 3 of 3

Comment	Cherry Creek Trib Water Qual					
1 Hr Depth	0.6					
Return Period	WQ					
Time	Depth	CurveValue				
0:05	0.012	0.020				
0:10	0.024	0.040				
0:15	0.050	0.084				
0:20	0.096	0.160				
0:25	0.150	0.250				
0:30	0.084	0.140				
0:35	0.038	0.063				
0:40	0.030	0.050				
0:45	0.018	0.030				
0:50	0.018	0.030				
0:55	0.018	0.030				
1:00	0.018	0.030				
1:05	0.018	0.030				
1:10	0.012	0.020				
1:15	0.012	0.020				
1:20	0.012	0.020				
1:25	0.012	0.020				
1:30	0.012	0.020				
1:35	0.012	0.020				
1:40	0.012	0.020				
1:45	0.012	0.020				
1:50	0.012	0.020				
1:55	0.006	0.010				
2:00	0.006	0.010				
2:05	0.000	0.000				

Comment	Cherry Creek	Trib 1YR
1 Hr Depth	0.721	
Return Period	1 Year*	
Time	Depth	CurveValue
0:05	0.014	0.020
0:10	0.029	0.040
0:15	0.061	0.084
0:20	0.115	0.160
0:25	0.180	0.250
0:30	0.101	0.140
0:35	0.045	0.063
0:40	0.036	0.050
0:45	0.022	0.030
0:50	0.022	0.030
0:55	0.022	0.030
1:00	0.022	0.030
1:05	0.022	0.030
1:10	0.014	0.020
1:15	0.014	0.020
1:20	0.014	0.020
1:25	0.014	0.020
1:30	0.014	0.020
1:35	0.014	0.020
1:40	0.014	0.020
1:45	0.014	0.020
1:50	0.014	0.020
1:55	0.007	0.010
2:00	0.007	0.010
2:05	0.000	0.000

Comment	Cherry Creek	Trib 2YR				
1 Hr Depth	0.868					
Return Period	2 Years					
Time	Depth CurveValue					
0:05	0.017	0.020				
0:10	0.035	0.040				
0:15	0.073	0.084				
0:20	0.139	0.160				
0:25	0.217	0.250				
0:30	0.122	0.140				
0:35	0.055	0.063				
0:40	0.043	0.050				
0:45	0.026	0.030				
0:50	0.026	0.030				
0:55	0.026	0.030				
1:00	0.026	0.030				
1:05	0.026	0.030				
1:10	0.017	0.020				
1:15	0.017	0.020				
1:20	0.017	0.020				
1:25	0.017	0.020				
1:30	0.017	0.020				
1:35	0.017	0.020				
1:40	0.017	0.020				
1:45	0.017	0.020				
1:50	0.017	0.020				
1:55	0.009	0.010				
2:00	0.009	0.010				
2:05	0.000	0.000				

Comment	Cherry Creek	Trib 5YR
1 Hr Depth	1.13	
Return Period	5 Years	
Time	Depth	CurveValue
0:05	0.023	0.020
0:10	0.042	0.037
0:15	0.098	0.087
0:20	0.173	0.153
0:25	0.283	0.250
0:30	0.147	0.130
0:35	0.066	0.058
0:40	0.050	0.044
0:45	0.041	0.036
0:50	0.041	0.036
0:55	0.034	0.030
1:00	0.034	0.030
1:05	0.034	0.030
1:10	0.034	0.030
1:15	0.028	0.025
1:20	0.025	0.022
1:25	0.025	0.022
1:30	0.025	0.022
1:35	0.025	0.022
1:40	0.017	0.015
1:45	0.017	0.015
1:50	0.017	0.015
1:55	0.017	0.015
2:00	0.015	0.013
2:05	0.000	0.000

\*The temporal distribution for the 1-hour, 1-year design storm was assumed to be the same as that used by the 2-year design storm distribution as prepared by CUHP and defined in UDSCM Volume 1 Table 5-2.

Comment	Cherry Creek	Trib 10YR
1 Hr Depth	1.37	
Return Period	10 Years	
Time	Depth	CurveValue
0:05	0.027	0.020
0:10	0.051	0.037
0:15	0.112	0.082
0:20	0.206	0.150
0:25	0.343	0.250
0:30	0.164	0.120
0:35	0.077	0.056
0:40	0.059	0.043
0:45	0.052	0.038
0:50	0.044	0.032
0:55	0.044	0.032
1:00	0.044	0.032
1:05	0.044	0.032
1:10	0.044	0.032
1:15	0.044	0.032
1:20	0.034	0.025
1:25	0.026	0.019
1:30	0.026	0.019
1:35	0.026	0.019
1:40	0.026	0.019
1:45	0.026	0.019
1:50	0.026	0.019
1:55	0.023	0.017
2:00	0.018	0.013
2:05	0.000	0.000

Comment	Cherry Creek Trib 25YR				
1 Hr Depth	1.73				
Return Period	25 Years				
Time	Depth	CurveValue			
0:05	0.022	0.013			
0:10	0.061	0.035			
0:15	0.087	0.050			
0:20	0.138	0.080			
0:25	0.260	0.150			
0:30	0.433	0.250			
0:35	0.208	0.120			
0:40	0.138	0.080			
0:45	0.087	0.050			
0:50	0.087	0.050			
0:55	0.055	0.032			
1:00	0.055	0.032			
1:05	0.055	0.032			
1:10	0.042	0.024			
1:15	0.042	0.024			
1:20	0.031	0.018			
1:25	0.031	0.018			
1:30	0.024	0.014			
1:35	0.024	0.014			
1:40	0.024	0.014			
1:45	0.024	0.014			
1:50	0.024	0.014			
1:55	0.024	0.014			
2:00	0.024	0.014			
2:05	0.000	0.000			

Comment	Cherry Creek	Trib 50YR
1 Hr Depth	2.03	
Return Period	50 Years	
Time	Depth	CurveValue
0:05	0.026	0.013
0:10	0.071	0.035
0:15	0.102	0.050
0:20	0.162	0.080
0:25	0.305	0.150
0:30	0.508	0.250
0:35	0.244	0.120
0:40	0.162	0.080
0:45	0.102	0.050
0:50	0.102	0.050
0:55	0.065	0.032
1:00	0.065	0.032
1:05	0.065	0.032
1:10	0.049	0.024
1:15	0.049	0.024
1:20	0.037	0.018
1:25	0.037	0.018
1:30	0.028	0.014
1:35	0.028	0.014
1:40	0.028	0.014
1:45	0.028	0.014
1:50	0.028	0.014
1:55	0.028	0.014
2:00	0.028	0.014
2:05	0.000	0.000

Comment	Cherry Creek	Trib 100YR				
1 Hr Depth	2.36					
Return Period	100 Years					
Time	Depth CurveValue					
0:05	0.024	0.010				
0:10	0.071	0.030				
0:15	0.109	0.046				
0:20	0.189	0.080				
0:25	0.330	0.140				
0:30	0.590	0.250				
0:35	0.330	0.140				
0:40	0.189	0.080				
0:45	0.146	0.062				
0:50	0.118	0.050				
0:55	0.094	0.040				
1:00	0.094	0.040				
1:05	0.094	0.040				
1:10	0.047	0.020				
1:15	0.047	0.020				
1:20	0.028	0.012				
1:25	0.028	0.012				
1:30	0.028	0.012				
1:35	0.028	0.012				
1:40	0.028	0.012				
1:45	0.028	0.012				
1:50	0.028	0.012				
1:55	0.028	0.012				
2:00	0.028	0.012				
2:05	0.000	0.000				

Comment	Cherry Creek	Trib 500YR				
1 Hr Depth	3.21					
Return Period	500 Years					
Time	Depth CurveValue					
0:05	0.032	0.010				
0:10	0.096	0.030				
0:15	0.148	0.046				
0:20	0.257	0.080				
0:25	0.449	0.140				
0:30	0.803	0.250				
0:35	0.449	0.140				
0:40	0.257	0.080				
0:45	0.199	0.062				
0:50	0.161	0.050				
0:55	0.128	0.040				
1:00	0.128	0.040				
1:05	0.128	0.040				
1:10	0.064	0.020				
1:15	0.064	0.020				
1:20	0.039	0.012				
1:25	0.039	0.012				
1:30	0.039	0.012				
1:35	0.039	0.012				
1:40	0.039	0.012				
1:45	0.039	0.012				
1:50	0.039	0.012				
1:55	0.039	0.012				
2:00	0.039	0.012				
2:05	0.000	0.000				

#### Table B-1. Rainfall Distributions

# **CUHP SUBCATCHMENTS**

									Storage	n Depression (Watershed ches)	ershed Horton's Infiltration Parameters			
Subcatchment Name	EPA SWMM Target Node	Area (mi <sup>2</sup> )	Area (acres)	Length to Centroid (mi)	Length (mi)	Slope (ft/ft)	% Imprv (Existing)	% Imprv (Future)	Pervious	Impervious	Initial Rate (in/hr)	Decay Coefficient (1/seconds)	Final Rate (in/hr)	Level 0, 1, or 2
17A	17A	0.03	21.8	0.10	0.22	0.034	13.68	36.05	0.40	0.10	3.645	0.0017	0.561	0
17B	17B	0.19	123.7	0.38	0.74	0.046	6.62	36.21	0.40	0.10	4.489	0.0018	0.599	0
NA1	NA1	0.16	99.8	0.38	0.81	0.030		50.61	0.40	0.10	4.385	0.0018	0.592	0
NA2	NA2	0.20	127.8	0.44	0.82	0.017		44.93	0.40	0.10	4.500	0.0018	0.600	0
NA3	NA3	0.16	102.9	0.86	1.39	0.021		40.69	0.40	0.10	4.582	0.0016	0.665	0
NA4	NA4	0.06	41.3	0.18	0.48	0.029		28.24	0.40	0.10	4.545	0.0017	0.636	0
SA1	SA1	0.11	70.1	0.40	0.74	0.022		69.54	0.40	0.10	3.344	0.0018	0.523	0
SA2	SA2	0.15	98.5	0.40	0.94	0.027		24.33	0.40	0.10	4.500	0.0018	0.600	0
SA3	SA3	0.15	94.8	0.33	0.73	0.024		20.01	0.40	0.10	4.500	0.0018	0.600	0
SA4	SA4	0.21	132.2	0.40	1.22	0.024		20.01	0.40	0.10	4.532	0.0017	0.625	0
C1	C1	0.17	106.2	0.55	0.97	0.021		49.45	0.40	0.10	3.737	0.0017	0.589	0
C2	C2	0.18	117.0	0.30	0.71	0.031		18.67	0.40	0.10	4.500	0.0018	0.600	0
C3	C3	0.16	101.5	0.42	0.93	0.024		20.00	0.40	0.10	4.209	0.0018	0.581	0
C4	C4	0.20	125.6	0.59	1.13	0.031		20.00	0.40	0.10	4.614	0.0015	0.700	0
C5	C5	0.09	54.7	0.36	0.64	0.036		20.00	0.40	0.10	3.130	0.0018	0.509	0
C6	C6	0.14	91.7	0.32	0.66	0.039		20.00	0.40	0.10	3.346	0.0017	0.560	0
C7	C7	0.11	72.1	0.38	0.64	0.052		20.00	0.40	0.10	3.780	0.0014	0.695	0
C8	C8	0.18	116.1	0.46	0.70	0.051		20.00	0.40	0.10	3.000	0.0018	0.500	0
C9	C9	0.21	132.2	0.42	0.83	0.048		20.00	0.40	0.10	3.002	0.0018	0.500	0
GR1	GR1	0.13	80.7	0.38	0.84	0.017		53.51	0.40	0.10	3.472	0.0018	0.544	0
J1	J1	0.19	119.8	0.64	1.13	0.015		2.66	0.40	0.10	3.885	0.0015	0.674	0
J2	J2	0.08	50.9	0.44	0.77	0.033		28.20	0.40	0.10	4.825	0.0010	0.880	0
J3	J3	0.17	106.0	0.36	0.89	0.028		54.12	0.40	0.10	4.804	0.0011	0.844	0
J4	J4	0.07	45.2	0.20	0.47	0.030		42.83	0.40	0.10	5.000	0.0007	1.000	0
J5	J5	0.16	100.6	0.37	0.81	0.028		40.67	0.40	0.10	4.994	0.0007	0.995	0
J6	J6	0.18	117.2	0.51	1.07	0.017		42.07	0.40	0.10	4.743	0.0013	0.794	0
J7	J7	0.17	108.5	0.48	0.77	0.017		48.05	0.40	0.10	4.503	0.0018	0.602	0
J8	J8	0.20	125.9	0.49	0.87	0.018		51.70	0.40	0.10	4.500	0.0018	0.600	0
LR3	LR3	0.22	140.0	0.35	0.77	0.028		42.47	0.40	0.10	3.000	0.0018	0.500	0
LR2	LR2	0.13	84.7	0.27	0.64	0.025		28.12	0.40	0.10	3.000	0.0018	0.500	0
LR1	LR1	0.19	123.9	0.50	0.99	0.019		2.08	0.40	0.10	3.238	0.0017	0.541	0
K1	K1	0.05	33.6	0.19	0.40	0.022	5.91	59.45	0.40	0.10	3.833	0.0013	0.707	0
K2	K2	0.19	124.3	0.27	0.75	0.027	15.79	18.49	0.40	0.10	3.659	0.0018	0.544	0
K3	K3	0.11	69.2	0.44	0.93	0.035	2.00	38.48	0.40	0.10	3.692	0.0018	0.546	0
K4	К4	0.20	126.4	0.38	0.69	0.042	14.57	22.98	0.40	0.10	3.029	0.0018	0.502	0

									Storage	n Depression (Watershed ches)	Horton's	Infiltration Pa	rameters	DCIA
Subcatchment Name	EPA SWMM Target Node	Area (mi <sup>2</sup> )	Area (acres)	Length to Centroid (mi)	Length (mi)	Slope (ft/ft)	% Imprv (Existing)	% Imprv (Future)	Pervious	Impervious	Initial Rate (in/hr)	Decay Coefficient (1/seconds)	Final Rate (in/hr)	Level 0, 1, or 2
К5	К5	0.07	45.3	0.30	0.53	0.041	4.22	44.80	0.40	0.10	3.545	0.0018	0.536	0
К6	К6	0.16	104.2	0.39	0.79	0.052	7.43	28.42	0.40	0.10	3.322	0.0018	0.521	0
К7	К7	0.17	107.9	0.36	0.72	0.052	31.70	59.55	0.40	0.10	4.005	0.0018	0.567	0
\$1	S1	0.19	120.5	0.31	0.70	0.022		4.19	0.40	0.10	3.183	0.0018	0.512	0
S2	S2	0.17	108.6	0.63	1.11	0.021		26.75	0.40	0.10	3.129	0.0018	0.514	0
\$3	S3	0.20	130.7	0.49	1.16	0.024		43.13	0.40	0.10	3.114	0.0017	0.529	0
VCA1	VCA1	0.19	120.2	0.42	1.03	0.010		51.33	0.40	0.10	4.275	0.0018	0.585	0
VCA2	VCA2	0.14	86.7	0.35	0.61	0.036		37.29	0.40	0.10	4.581	0.0016	0.665	0
T1	T1	0.17	74.2	0.38	1.02	0.033		21.88	0.40	0.10	4.202	0.0013	0.732	0

#### North Arapahoe Detention Pond <sup>1</sup> (i.e. Pond E) Design Point: NA\_pond

Stage-Storage								
Elevation	Depth (ft)	Area (SF)	Storage (AF)					
5764.6	0.0	2,015	0.00					
5765	0.4	4,029	0.03					
5766	1.4	7,745	0.16					
5767	2.4	13,713	0.41					
5768	3.4	19,405	0.79					
5769	4.4	28,097	1.33					
5770	5.4	47,234	2.20					
5771	6.4	60,011	3.43					
5772	7.4	65,787	4.87					
5773	8.4	65,787	6.38					
5774	9.4	65,787	7.89					

<sup>1.</sup> A detention rating curve was originally developed from as-built drawings prepared on May 4, 2000 by Aztec and P.R. Fletcher & Associates. However, 2014 LiDAR of the pond data varies significantly from the as-built data and new stage-storagedischarge curves were defined using survey data collected by UDFCD in February 2019. See Section 3.4 DETENTION for more detail.

<sup>2.</sup> Cells highlighted in red are above the surveyed pond top of berm but were included in the Baseline Hydrology SWMM model for continuity of the larger flow events.

Sla	age-Discharge								
Depth	Total Discharge								
(ft)	(cfs)								
0.0	0.0								
0.25	0.1								
0.5	0.2								
0.75	0.2								
1.0	0.3								
1.25	0.4								
1.5	0.5								
1.75	0.5								
2.0	0.6								
2.25	0.7								
2.5	0.8								
2.75	0.9								
3.0	0.9								
3.25	1.0								
3.5	1.1								
3.75	1.4								
4.0	2.2								
4.25	3.4								
4.5	5.1								
4.75	7.0								
5.0	9.4								
5.25	12.1								
5.5	15.1								
5.75	18.4								
6.0	22.1								
6.25	26.1								
6.5	30.4								
6.75	34.2								
7.0	36.6								
7.25	45.9								
7.5	61.5								
7.75	81.1								
8.0	100.5								
8.25	122.4								
8.5	173.3								
8.75	239.3								
9.0	317.3								
9.25	405.5								
9.4	464.3								

#### RB1-4 Detention Pond <sup>1</sup> Design Point: RB1-4\_pond

	Stage	e-Storage	
Elevation	Depth (ft)	Area (SF)	Storage (AF)
5687.5	0	0	0.00
5688	0.5	328	0.00
5689	1.5	2,222	0.03
5690	2.5	22,311	0.31
5691	3.5	41,170	1.04
5692	4.5	60,321	2.21
5693	5.5	75,858	3.77
5694	6.5	86,332	5.63
5695	7.5	95,521	7.72
5696	8.5	104,107	10.01
5697	9.5	112,990	12.50
5698	10.5	121,937	15.20
5699	11.5	131,448	18.11

<sup>1.</sup> The detention rating curve was developed from as-built drawings prepared for East Cherry Creek Valley (ECCV) Water and Sanitation District on April 28, 1994 (Muller Engineering Co.). The asbuilt data is assumed to be correct and supersedes data presented in the November 1989 Muller Engineering drainage report.

Stage-Discharge										
Depth (ft)	Total Discharge (cfs)									
0	0									
9.4	253									
11.5	410									
11.6	800									

# RB1-4 REGIONAL DETENTION BASIN INFORMATION

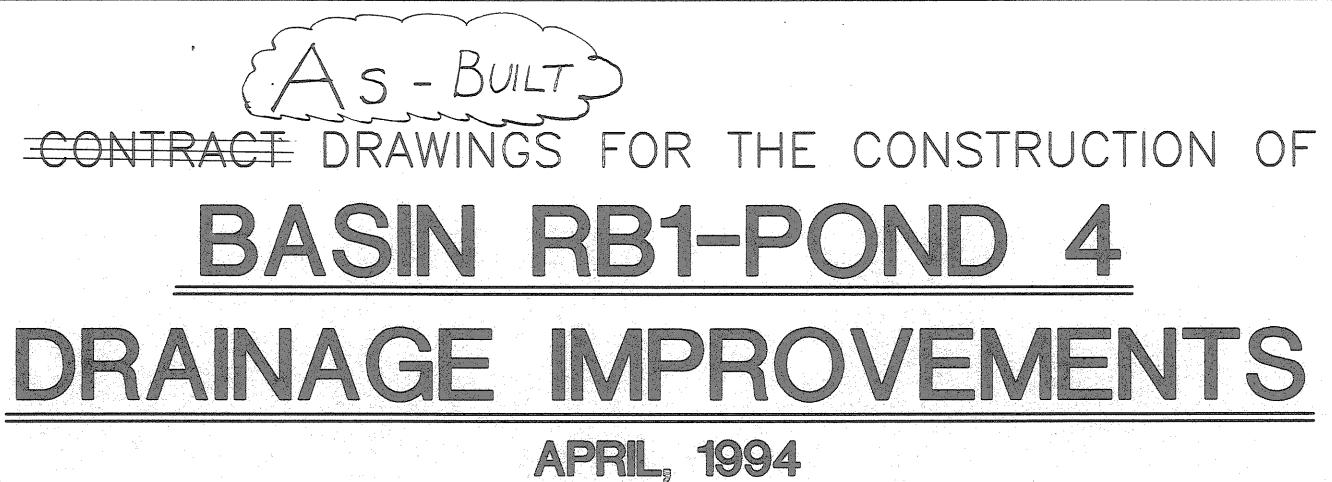


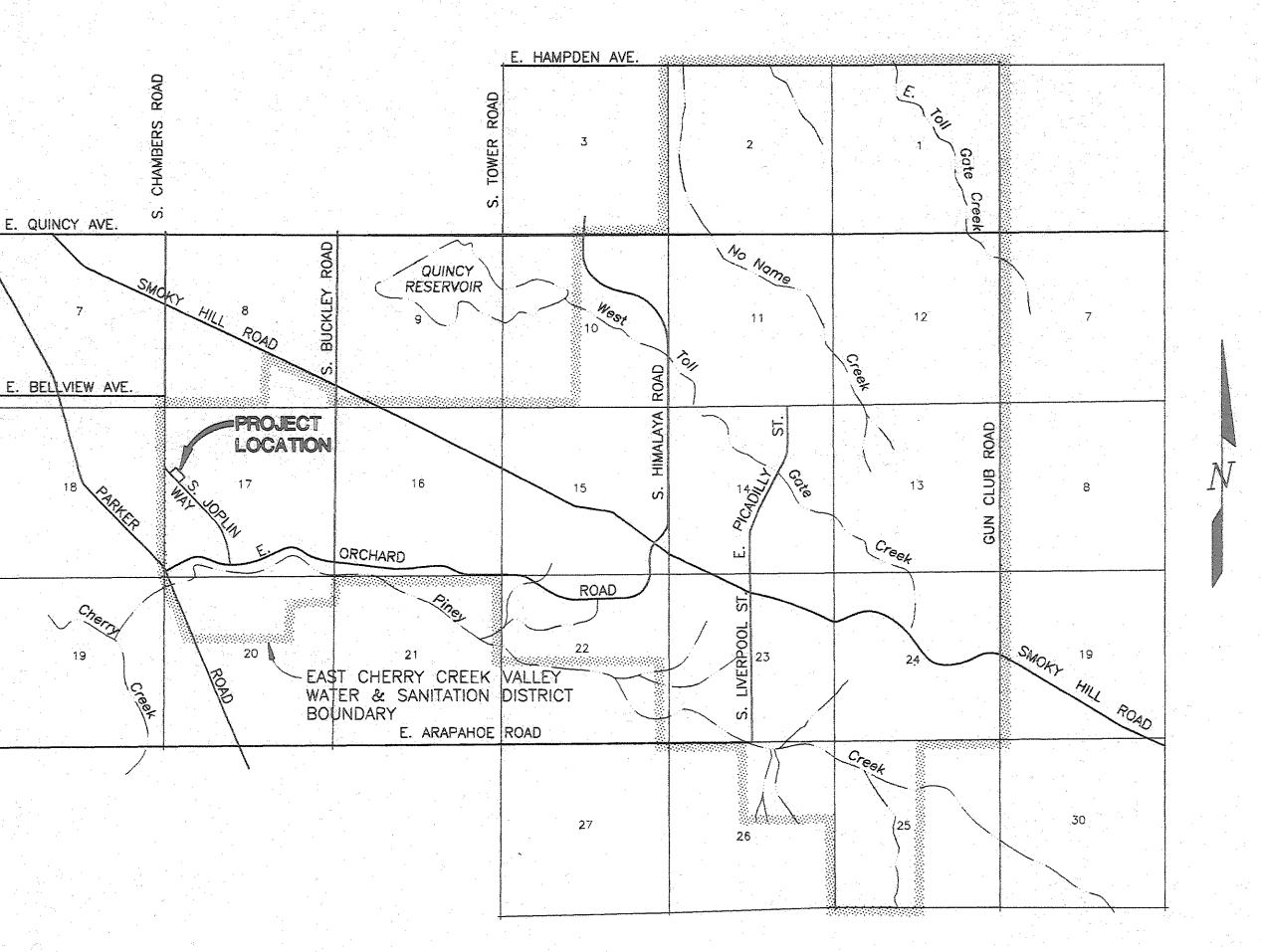
# **GENERAL NOTES:**

- 1. THE DIRECTOR, DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS/ENGINEERING (COUNTY ENGINEER) STAMP AND SIGNATURE AFFIXED TO THIS DOCUMENT INDICATES THE DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS/ENGINEERING HAS REVIEWED THE DOCUMENT AND FOUND IT IN GENERAL CONFORMANCE WITH THE ARAPAHOE COUNTY SUBDIVISION REGULATIONS, OR APPROVED VARIANCES TO THOSE REGULATIONS. THE DIRECTOR, DONE THROUGH APPROVAL OF THIS DOCUMENT, ASSUMES NO RESPONSIBILITY, OTHER THAN STATED ABOVE, FOR THE COMPLETENESS AND/OR ACCURACY OF THESE DOCUMENTS. THE COUNTY DOES NOT ACCEPT THE LIABILITY FOR FACILITIES DESIGNED BY OTHERS.
- 2. ALL MATERIALS AND WORKMANSHIP FOR WORK INDICATED "TO BE MAINTAINED BY ARAPAHOE COUNTY" SHALL BE SUBJECT TO INSPECTION BY THE ARAPAHOE COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS/ENGINEERING. THE COUNTY RESERVES THE RIGHT TO ACCEPT OR REJECT ANY SUCH MATERIALS AND WORKMANSHIP THAT DOES NOT CONFORM TO ITS STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS. CONCRETE SHALL NOT BE PLACED UNTIL A POUR SLIP HAS BEEN ISSUED. POUR SLIPS WILL NOT BE ISSUED UNLESS THE CONTRACTOR HAS, AT THE JOB SITE, A COPY OF THE APPROVED PLANS BEARING THE SIGNATURE OF THE DIRECTOR, DOHE. IF AN ARAPAHOE COUNTY ENGINEERING INSPECTOR IS NOT AVAILABLE AFTER PROPER NOTICE OF CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY HAS BEEN PROVIDED THE PERMITTEE MAY COMMENCE WORK WITHOUT A POUR SLIP. HOWEVER, ARAPAHOE COUNTY RESERVES THE RIGHT NOT TO ACCEPT THE STRUCTURE IF SUBSEQUENT TESTING REVEALS AN IMPROPER INSTALLATION.
- 3. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY THE ARAPAHOE COUNTY DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS/ENGINEERING INSPECTION SECTION, TELEPHONE NUMBER 795-4640 A MINIMUM OF 48 HOURS AND A MAXIMUM OF 96 HOURS PRIOR TO STARTING CONSTRUCTION.
- 4. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL HAVE ONE (1) SIGNED COPY OF THE PLANS (APPROVED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS/ENGINEERING) AT THE JOB SITE AT ALL TIMES.
- 5. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE ACCEPTANCE AND CONTROL OF ALL FLOWS, IN AND ENTERING ALL DRAINAGE FACILITIES AFFECTED BY THIS PROJECT. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR TAKING REASONABLE STEPS THROUGH DIKING, DIVERSION PONDING, CONTROL OF EQUIPMENT OPERATIONS AND CONSTRUCTION OF SILT CAPTURING BASINS AS DETAILED ON THE PLANS TO PREVENT POLLUTION OF CHERRY CREEK.
- 6. LOCATIONS OF UTILITIES REPRESENT THE BEST-KNOWN LOCATIONS AT THE TIME OF PREPARATION OF DRAWINGS. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL FIELD-LOCATE ALL UTILITIES IN ADVANCE OF EXCAVATION. RELOCATION OF UTILITIES MAY OR MAY NOT BE NEEDED AFTER THEY ARE EXPOSED. ACTUAL RELOCATION OF LINES WILL NOT BE THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CONTRACTOR; BUT THE CONTRACTOR SHALL COOPERATE WITH UTILITY COMPANIES TO COORDINATE THE RELOCATION EFFORT. LINES NOT RELOCATED SHALL BE PROTECTED BY THE CONTRACTOR IN PLACE. NO ADDITIONAL PAYMENT WILL BE ALLOWED FOR THE MINOR ADJUSTMENT OF STRUCTURES IN ORDER TO CLEAR A CONFLICTING UTILITY. CONTACT UTILITY COMPANIES 48 HOURS IN ADVANCE WHEN WORKING ADJACENT TO THE UTILITY.

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- 7. ALL EXPOSED CONCRETE SHALL HAVE A CLASS 2 OR CLASS 5 FINISH. ALL EXPOSED CONCRETE CORNERS SHALL HAVE A 3/4" X 3/4" CHAMFER. CONCRETE IN ALL STRUCTURES EXCEPT FOR THE LOW FLOW CHANNEL AND MANHOLE BASES SHALL BE CLASS CONCRETE IN THE LOW FLOW CHANNEL AND MANHOLE BASES MAY BE CLASS A OR B.
- 8. ALL REINFORCING STEEL SHALL BE GRADE 60.
- 9. ALL CONCRETE PIPE SHALL BE ASTM C76, CLASS III, UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN. ALL JOINTS ARE SEALANT JOINTS.
- 10. SOIL COMPACTION REQUIREMENTS BENEATH CONCRETE STRUCTURES ARE 100% OF THE MAXIMUM DRY DENSITY MEASURED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ASTM D698. SOILS WITHIN REMAINDER OF THE PROJECT SHALL BE COMPACTED TO 95% OF THE MAXIMUM DRY DENSITY, MEASURED AS REFERENCED.
- 11. CONCRETE SIDEWALK AND CURB AND GUTTER SHALL BE REMOVED AT A JOINT IF THE JOINT IS LESS THAN FOUR FEET FROM A LENGTH TO BE REMOVED.
- 12. THE CONSTRUCTION WORK AREA IS LIMITED TO THE PUBLIC RIGHT-OF-WAY AND EASEMENTS SHOWN ON THE DRAWINGS. ALL AREAS DISTURBED SHALL BE REVEGETATED WITH NATIVE GRASSES, UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN ON THE DRAWINGS. SEE SPECIFICATIONS REGARDING SOIL PREPARATION AND SEEDING DETAILS.
- 13. CONTRACTOR TO OBTAIN APPROPRIATE COUNTY PERMITS TO ADDRESS TRAFFIC CONTROL, RIGHT OF WAY USE, ETC.





LOCATION MAP

" To the best of my knowledge, belief, and opinion, the drainage facilities were constructed in accordance with the design intent of the approved drainage report and construction drawings."

/ Marsh No Wingun Michael S. Dungan P.E., Project Manager

Muller Engineering Company Inc.

# SHEET INDEX

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TITLE SHEET			
GENERAL PLAN			
MISCELLANEOUS DETAILS	,		
POND 4 PROFILE & HEAD	WALL	DETAIL	S
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## PREPARED BY:

# MULLER ENGINEERING CO., INC.

CONSULTING ENGINEERS **IRONGATE 4, SUITE 100** 777 S. WADSWORTH BLVD. LAKEWOOD, COLORADO 80226 (303) 988-4939

"I HEARBY AFFIRM THAT THESE FINAL CONSTRUCTION PLANS FOR THE CHERRY CREEK IMPROVEMENTS AT BASIN RB1 WERE PREPARED UNDER MY DIRECT SUPERVISION IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE ROADWAY DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION STANDARDS AND THE STORM DRAINAGE DESIGN AND TECHNICAL CRITERIA OF ARAPAHOE COUNTY AS AMENDED AND AGREED TO BY THE INTERGOVERNMENTAL AGREEMENT BETWEEN ECCV W&S DISTRICT AND ARAPAHOE COUNTY."

/ Musians XI. Winguns

MICHAEL S. DUNGAN, P.E. PROJECT MANAGER MULLER ENGINEERING COMPANY, INC. DISTRICT MANAGER

4128/94

DATE

DATE

PREPARED FOR: EAST CHERRY CREEK VALLEY WATER AND SANITATION DISTRICT

REVIEWED FOR EAST CHERRY CREEK VALLEY AND SANITATION DISTRICT

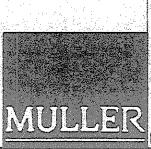
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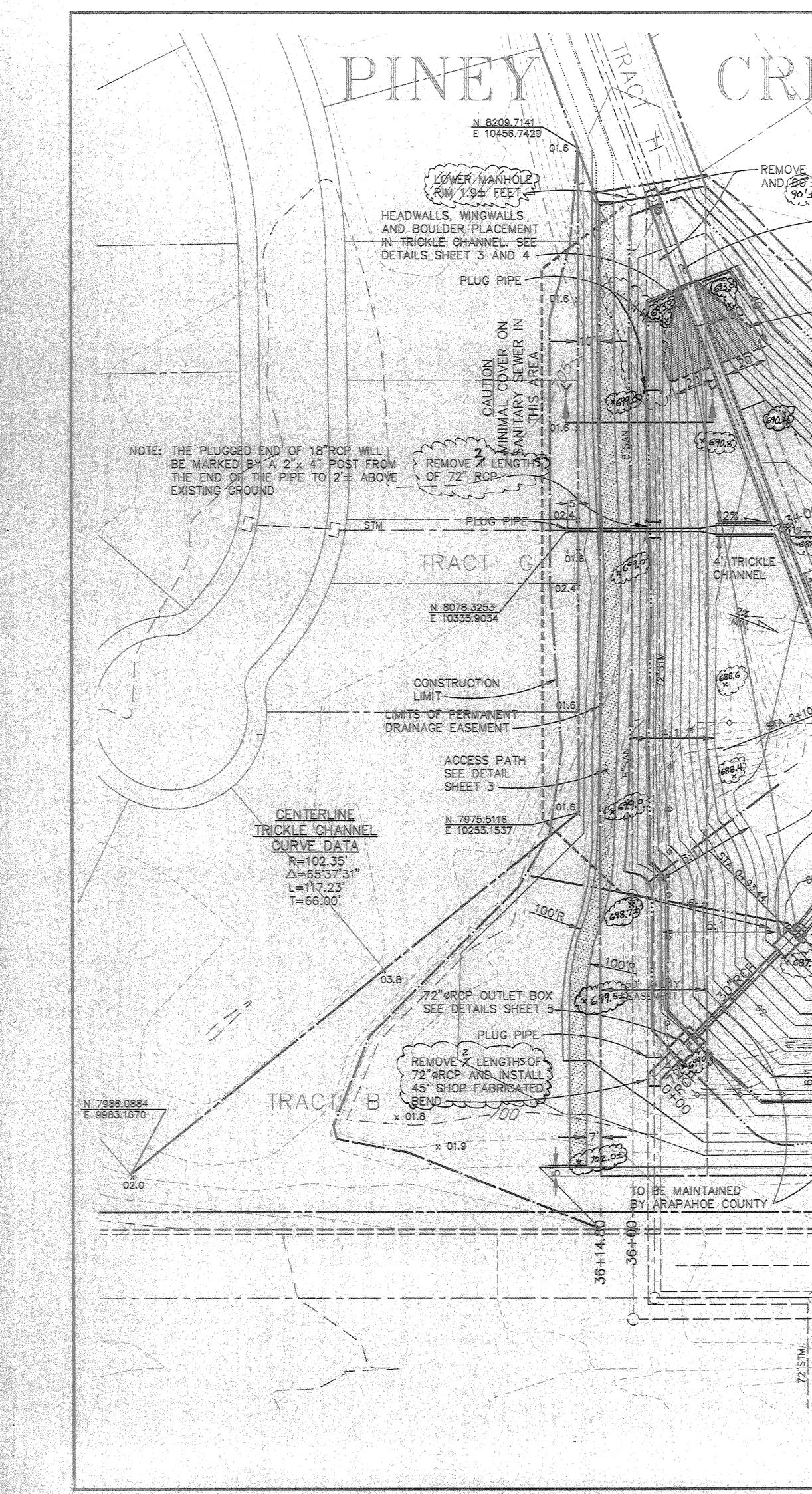
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This record drawing has been prepared, in part, based upon information furnished by others. While this information is believed to De teliable, Muller Engineering Company, Inc. cannot assure its occuracy, and thus is not reaponsible for the accuracy of this record clewing or for any crors or omissions which may have been incorporated into it as a result. Those relying on this record drawing are advised to obtain independent verification of its accuracy before applying it for any purpose,

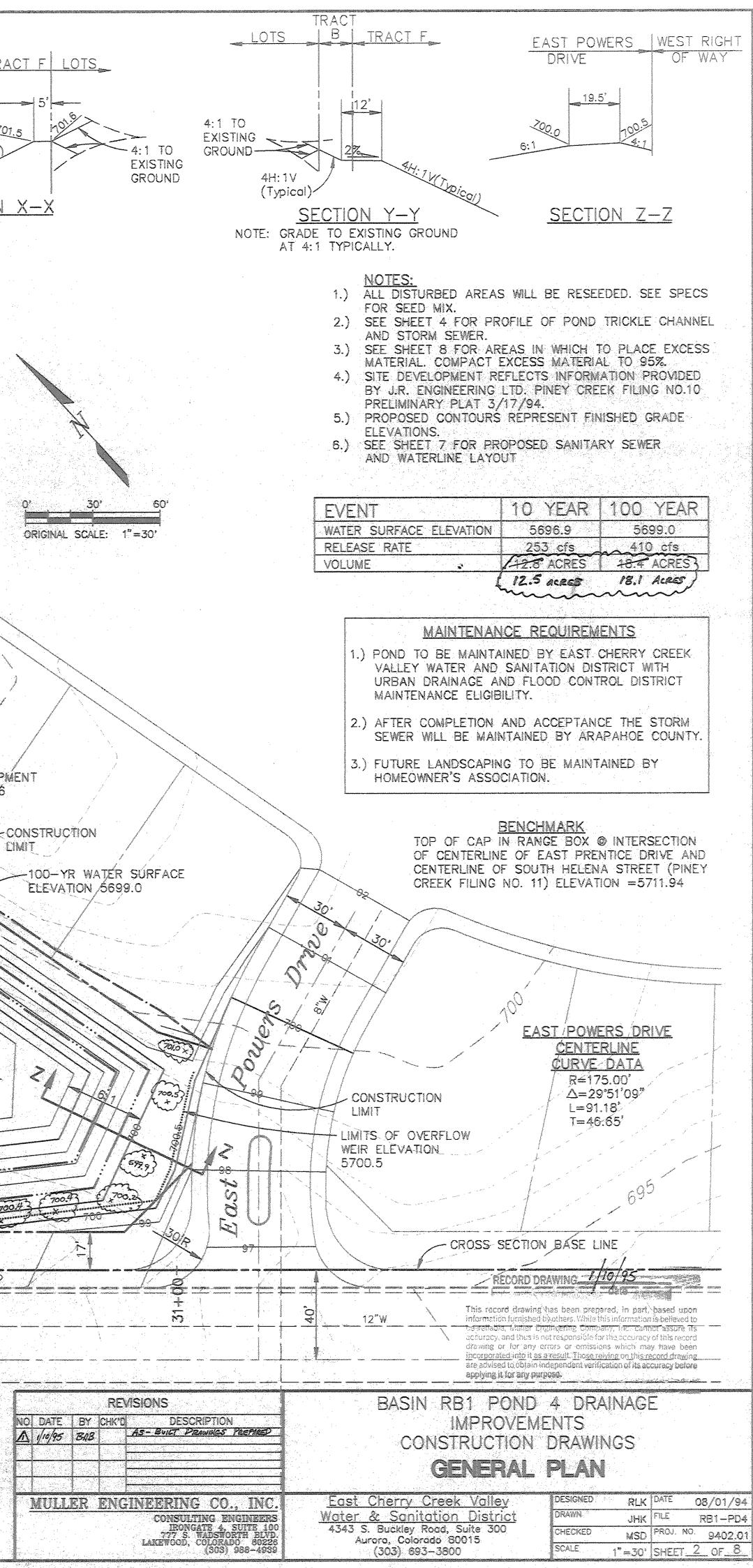
**RB1-POND** 4 DRAINAGE IMPROVEMENTS MEC PROJECT NO. 9402 SHEET 1 OF 8

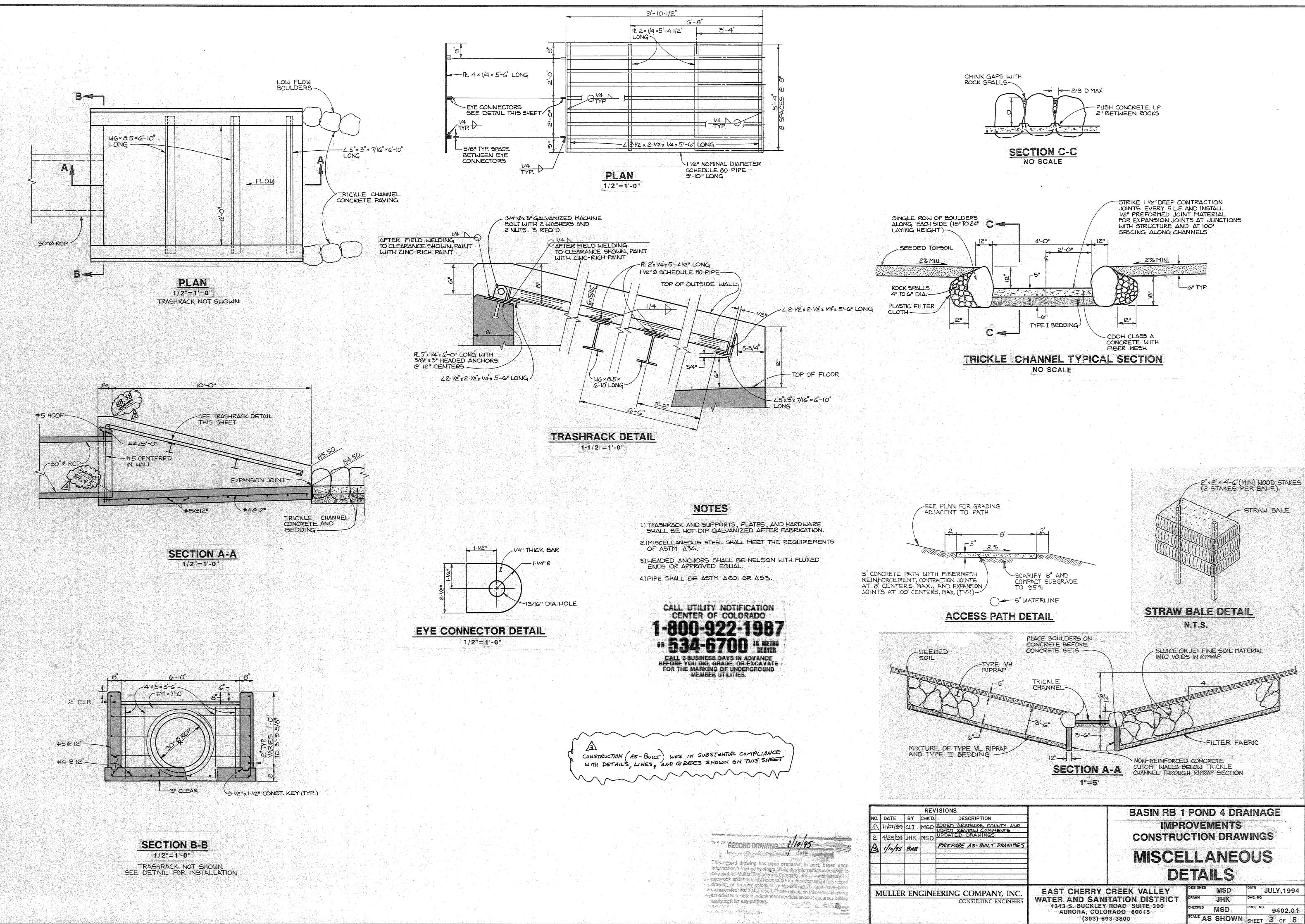


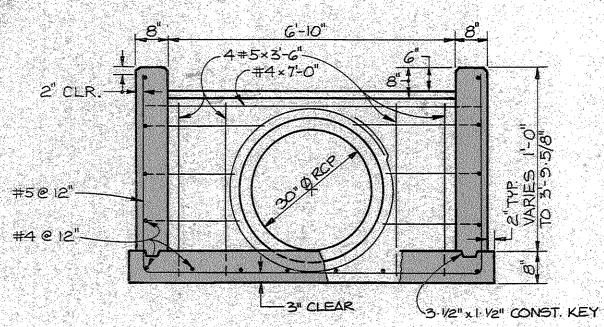
DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAY/ENGINEERING APPROVAL BLOCK

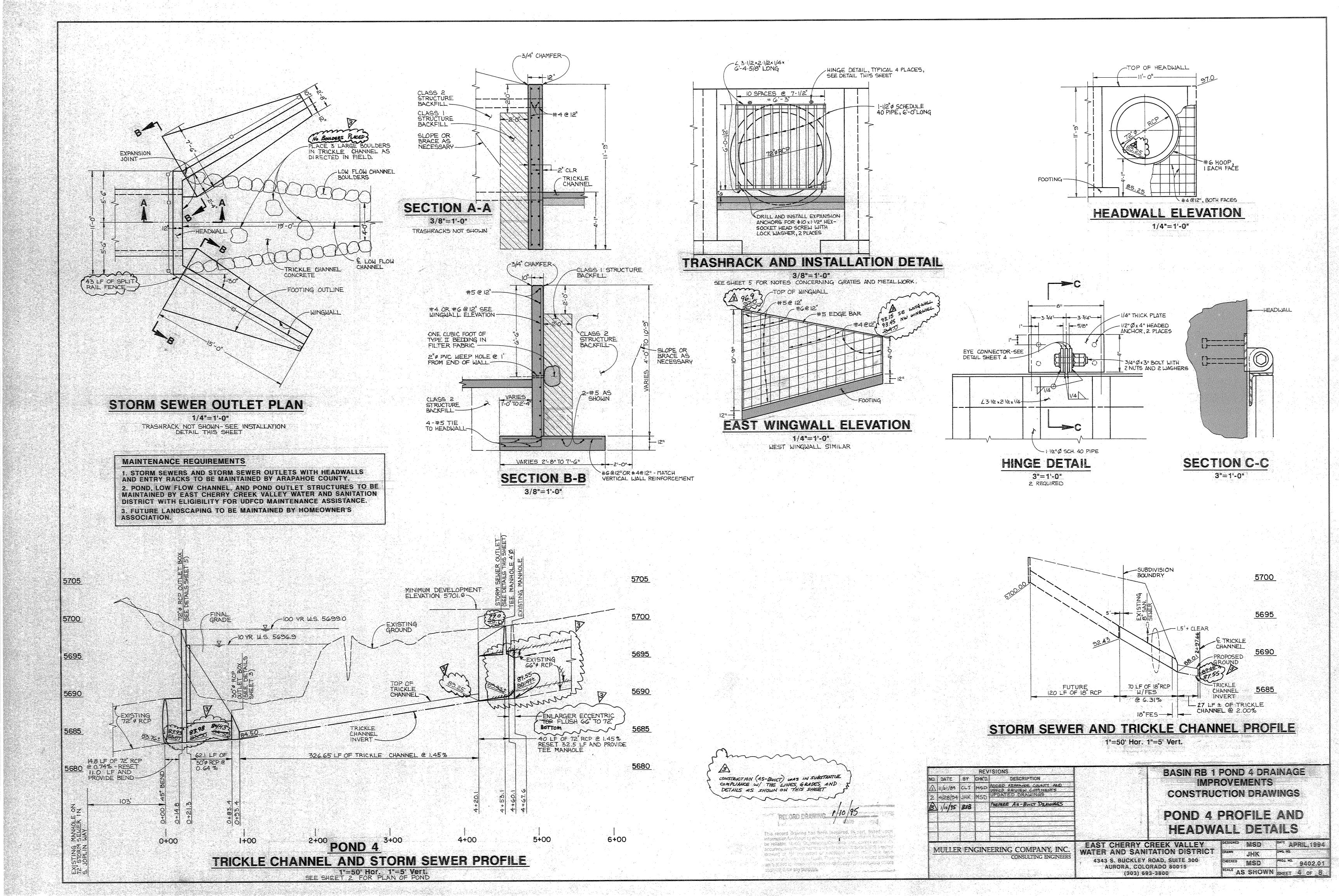


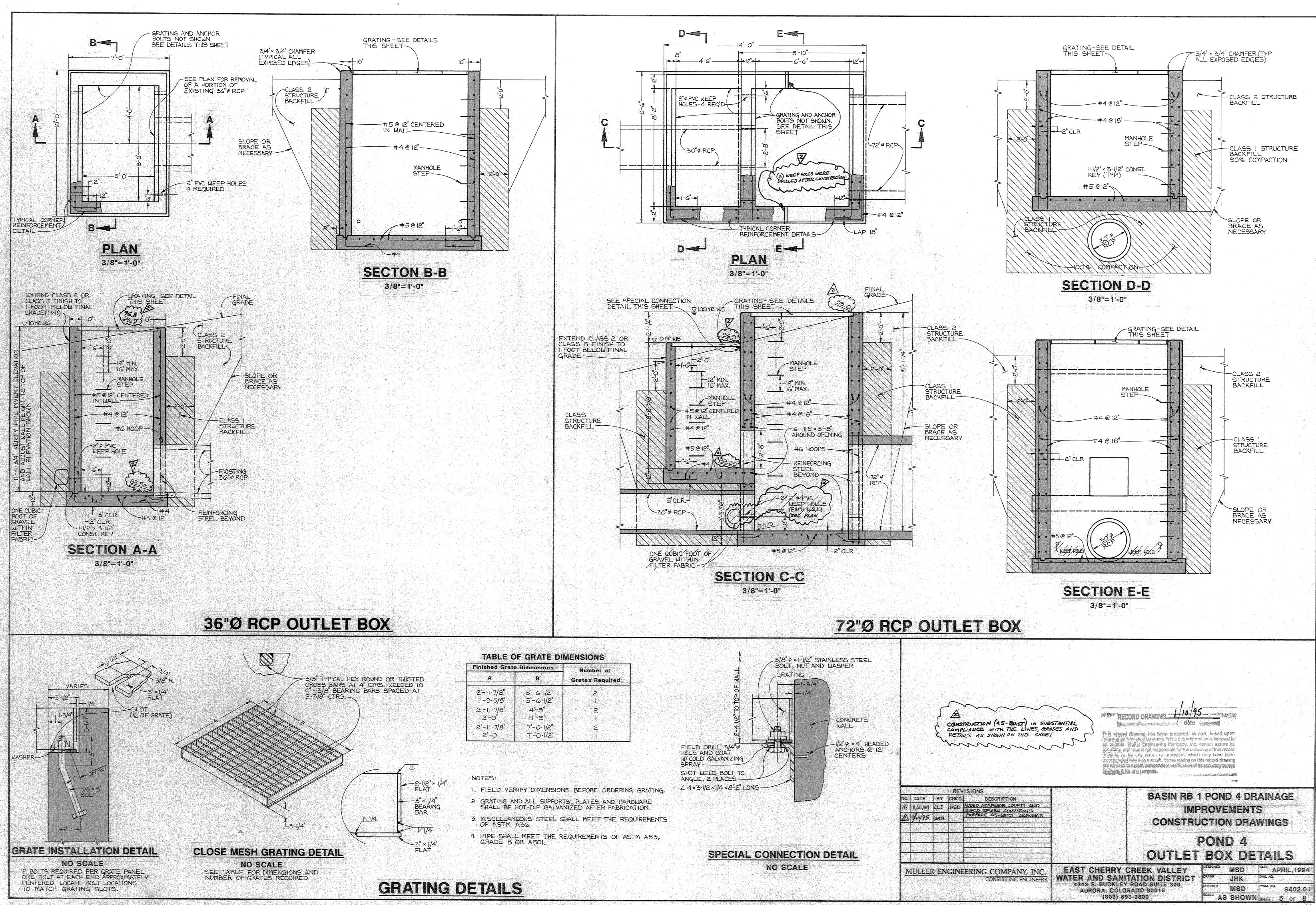
TRACT F LOTS. NO. REMOVE MANHOLE SECTION X-X (90'± TO BE MAINTAINED BY ARAPAHOE COUNTY LIMITS OF BURIED VH RIPRAP LIMITS OF PERMANENT DRAINAGE 690. EASEMENT Worker V AT2+97.66 6885 TRICKLE CHANNE SEE DETAILS es. <u>00466</u> -MINIMUM DEVELOPMENT ELEVATION 5701.6 0.90 LIMIT -30" RCP OUTLET BOX SEE DETAILS SHEET 3 £690.6 TRAC R REMOVE 900 LF OF FENCE -TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL -DOUBLE ROW OF HAY BALES 10-YR WATER SURFACE (689.0) ELEVATION 5696.9 -REMOVE RIALF YOF 36"ØRCP AND ( and 3 228 CONCRETE WAL Martin States (Serias-<u>.</u> <u>0</u>----700.3 7 (\* 699,93, 5700) 102.87 3701.43 -36"ØRCP, OUTLET BOX -CONSTRUCTION SEE DETAILS SHEET 5 LIMIT \$ 703.3 3 3.20.2) O. TOZ.B 12"₩ 12"W -Way South Joplin 8"SAN <u>8"SAN</u> A THE SEAL 45-BUILT INFORMATION SHOWN IN BUBBLES. mann EAST COORDINATE LIST NORTH NW CORNER SECTION 17 10000.13063 10001.55611 7350:62187 9977.84067 W 1/4 CORNER SECTION 17 10527.83137 INTERSECTION OF S. JOPLIN WAY & EAST POWERS DRIVE 7435.92977 EAST POWERS DRIVE P.I. 7530.1017 10609.6938 7570.57784 10726.26913 EAST POWERS DRIVE AND P.I.



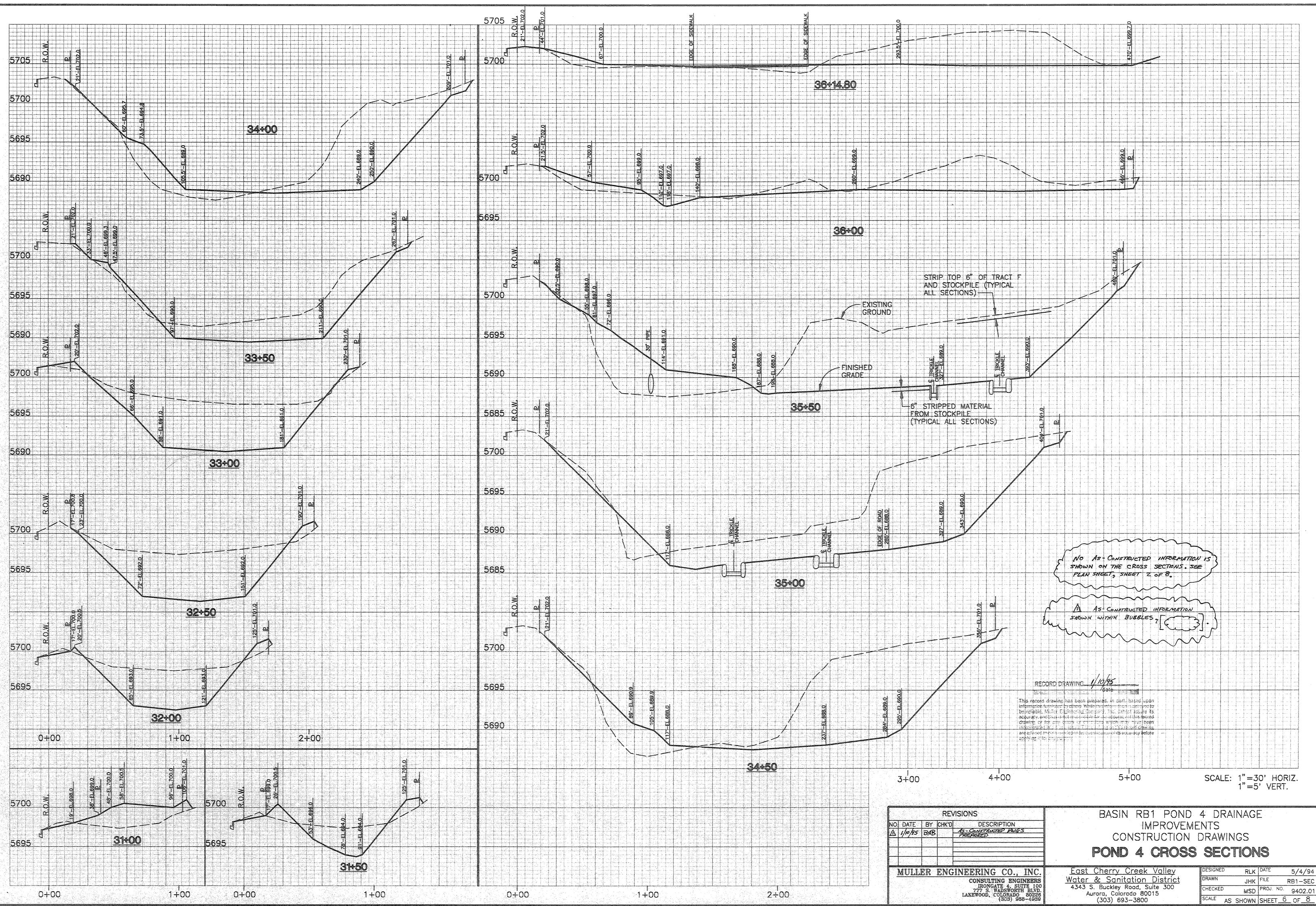






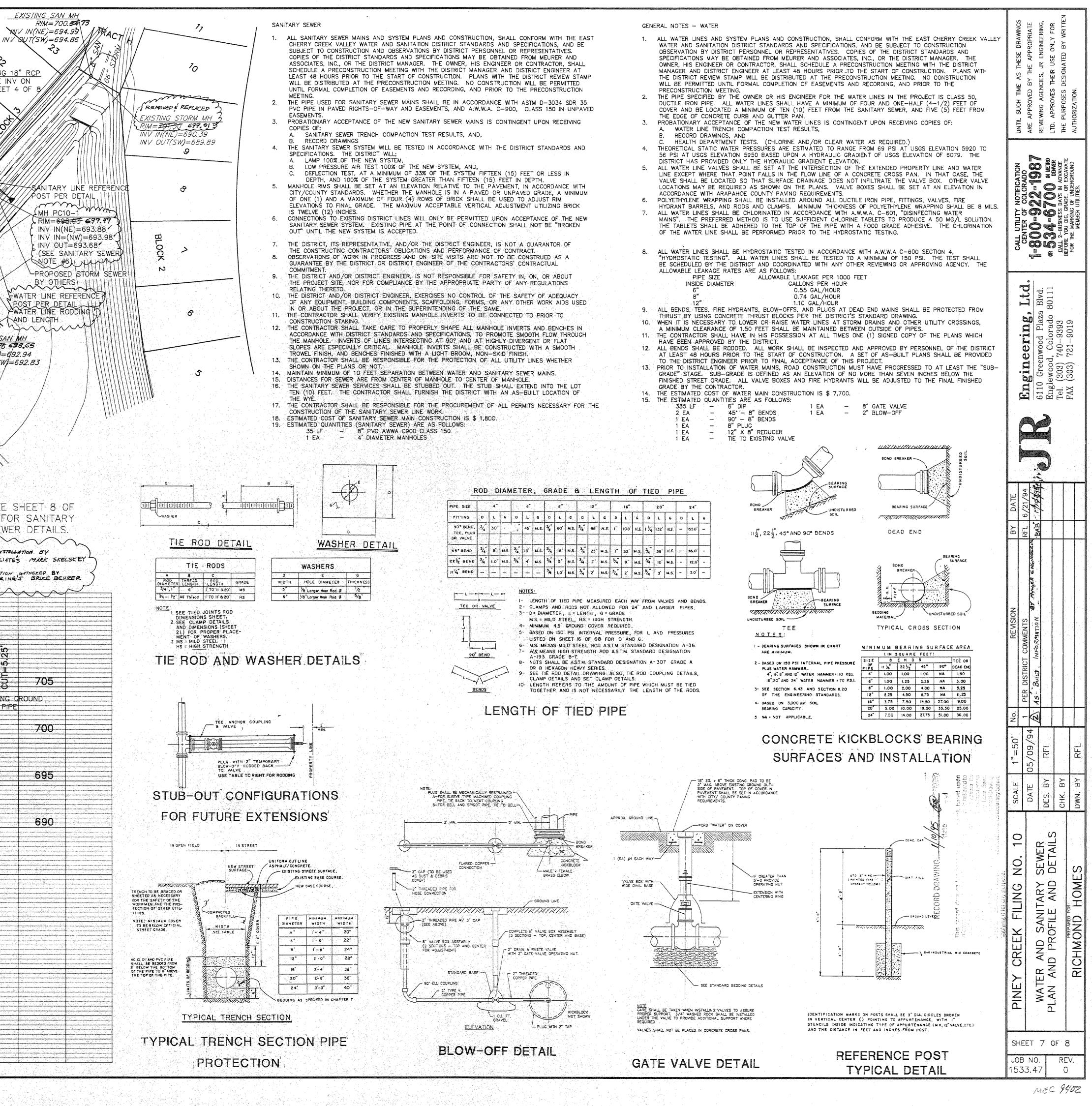


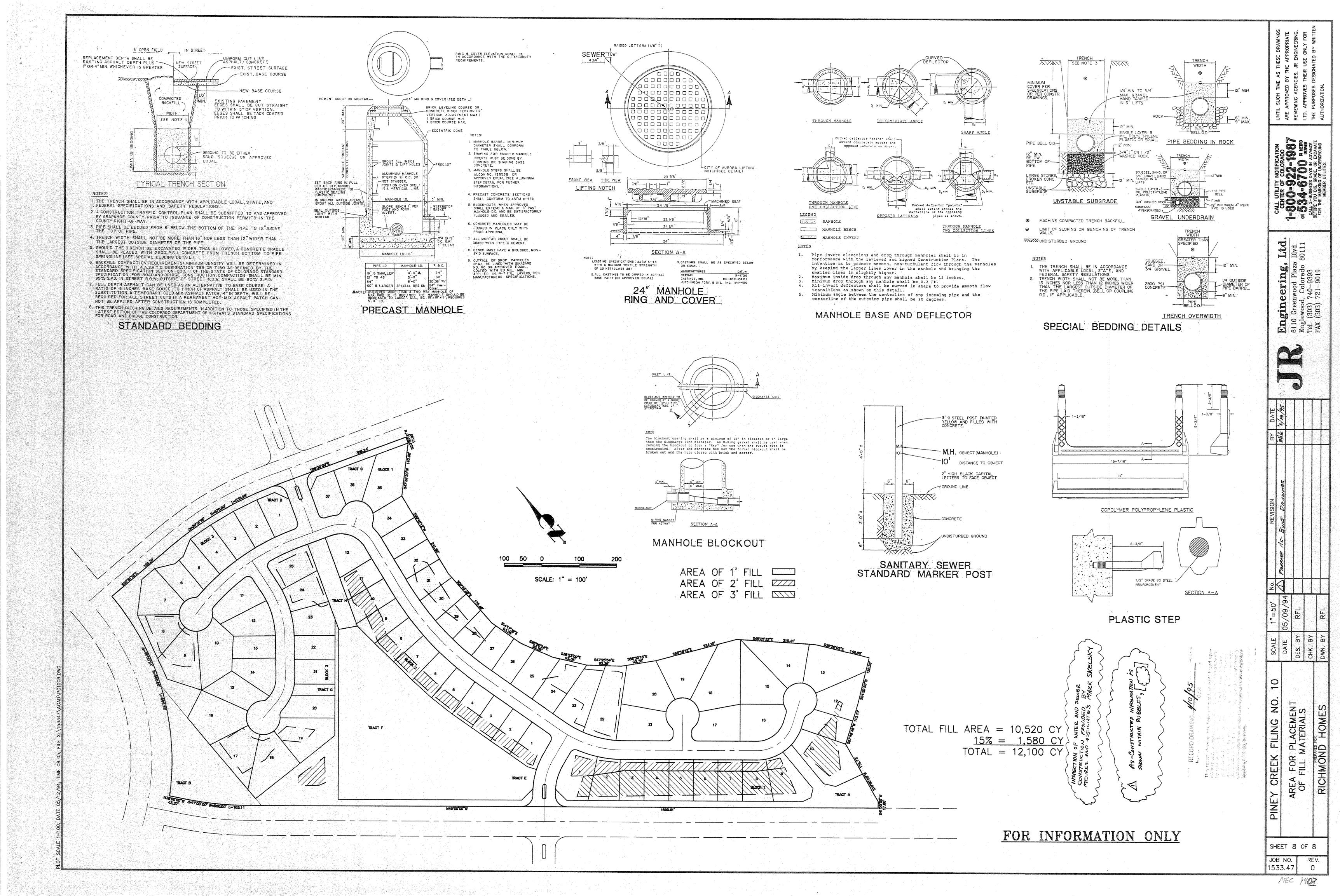
and the second	OF GRATE DI	MENSIONS
Finished Grat	te Dimensions	Number of
the week and the second s		Grates Required
2-11.7/8"	5'-6-1/2"	2
I'-9-5/8"	5'-61/2"	$\mathbf{r}$
2'-11·7/8"	4'-9"	2
2'-0"		
2'-11.7/8"	7'-0:1/2"	2
2'-0"	7-0-1/2	



SCALE AS SHOWN SHEET 6 OF 8

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00.00					¢.w	FUTURE DIP WATI ATER LINE REFE	R-Z S	FUTURE RCI		L.X
	860.00					@ 2" 8.0. VALUE 8'	<u>PLUG</u> W/B.Q. LF 8" DIP			
		5					3" <u>GATE VA</u> (15.00 LF 8"-90	8" DIP		<u>II</u>
	860000			WATER	LINE RODDIN					
			N HAY	WATER LINE ROST	AND LENGT REFERENCE PER DETAIL	$\mathbb{P}_{\mathcal{A}}$				
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		( <u>30.00 î</u>	<u>F 8" DIP</u>	77	$\mathbf{X}$				SALLIN A	
			C STOLE	8" DIP			900. 90./			
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	A	)	$\sim \sim \sim$	REDUCER } <u>TING SAN MH</u> RIM=701.60			N	KU)		
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50 25	0	50	100	R INV IN(N	<u>STORM_MH</u> IM=702.70 F)=682.87	( 5 <sup>8</sup> **//	h / /	5.90 .67		
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	SCALE: 1"	- 50'		WATER LIN	<i>W)=682.67</i> E REFERENCE	12 1/ 50	6.		15-Bi	
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705	SCALE: 1"	- 50'		WATER LIN	<i>W)=682.67</i> E REFERENCE	12 1/ 50				
705	SCALE: 1"	- 50'		WATER LIN	W)=682.67 E. REFERENCE T. PER. DETAIL			ED GRADE		
	SCALE: 1	- 50'		WATER LINI POSED GROU	W)=682.67 E.REFERENCE T.PER.DETAIL	705		ED GRADE=		R
	PROPOSE	T 8" WATER		WATER LINI POSED GROU	W)=682.67 E.REFERENCE T.PER.DETAIL	705		ED GRADE=		
700	PROPOSE LINE (4.5'			WATER LINI POSED GROU	W)=682.67 E. REFERENCE PER. DETAIL 705 JND 700 695	/ 12 50° 30° 705 700 695		SED GRADE CL PIPE	15-B 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	
700	PROPOSE LINE (4.5° TO THE TO	D 8" WATER		WATER LINI POSED GROU	W)=682.67 E. REFERENCE T. PER. DETAIL 705 JND 700	705		SED GRADE CL PIPE		
700	PROPOSE LINE (4.5° TO THE TO	D 8" WATER MIN: COVER DP: OF: PIPE)		WATER LINI POSED CROI	W)=682.67 E. REFERENCE PER. DETAIL 705 JND 700 695	/ 12 50° 30° 705 700 695		SED GRADE CL PIPE	15-B 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	
700 695 685	PROPOSE LINE (4.5° TO THE TO	A WATER MIN COVER DP OF PIPE) S SANITARY INV =692.11		WATER LINI POSED CROI	W)=682.67 E. REFERENCE PER. DETAIL 705 705 00 695 695 695	/ 12 50° 30° 705 700 695		SED GRADE CL PIPE	15-B 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	
700 695 690	PROPOSE LINE (4.5° TO THE TO	A WATER MIN COVER DP OF PIPE) S SANITARY INV =692.11	/ @ C		W)=682.67 E REFERENCE PER DETAIL 705 JND 700 695 695	/ 12 50° 30° 705 700 695		SED GRADE CL PIPE	15-B 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	
700 695 685	PROPOSE LINE (4.5' TO THE IG EXISTING E SEWER	B" WATER MIN. COVER DP. OF. PIPE) S' SANITARY INV. =692.11 INV. =692.11	/ @ C C 22" RCP V=683.57 V=683.57		W)=682.67 E REFERENCE PER DETAIL 705 705 695 695 695 695 695	/ 12 50° 30° 705 700 695		SED GRADE CL PIPE	15-B 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	
700 695 685	PROPOSE LINE (4.5' TO THE IG EXISTING E SEWER	B" WATER MIN. COVER DP. OF. PIPE) S' SANITARY INV. =692.11 INV. =692.11	/ @ C		W)=682.67 E REFERENCE PER DETAIL 705 705 695 695 695 695 695	/ 12 50° 30° 705 700 695		SED GRADE CL PIPE	15-B 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	
700 695 685	PROPOSE LINE (4.5' TO THE IG EXISTING E SEWER	B" WATER MIN. COVER DP. OF. PIPE) S' SANITARY INV. =692.11 INV. =692.11	/ @ C C 22" RCP V=683.57 V=683.57		W)=682.67 E REFERENCE PER DETAIL 705 705 695 695 695 695 695	/ 12 50° 30° 705 700 695		SED GRADE CL PIPE	15-B 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	



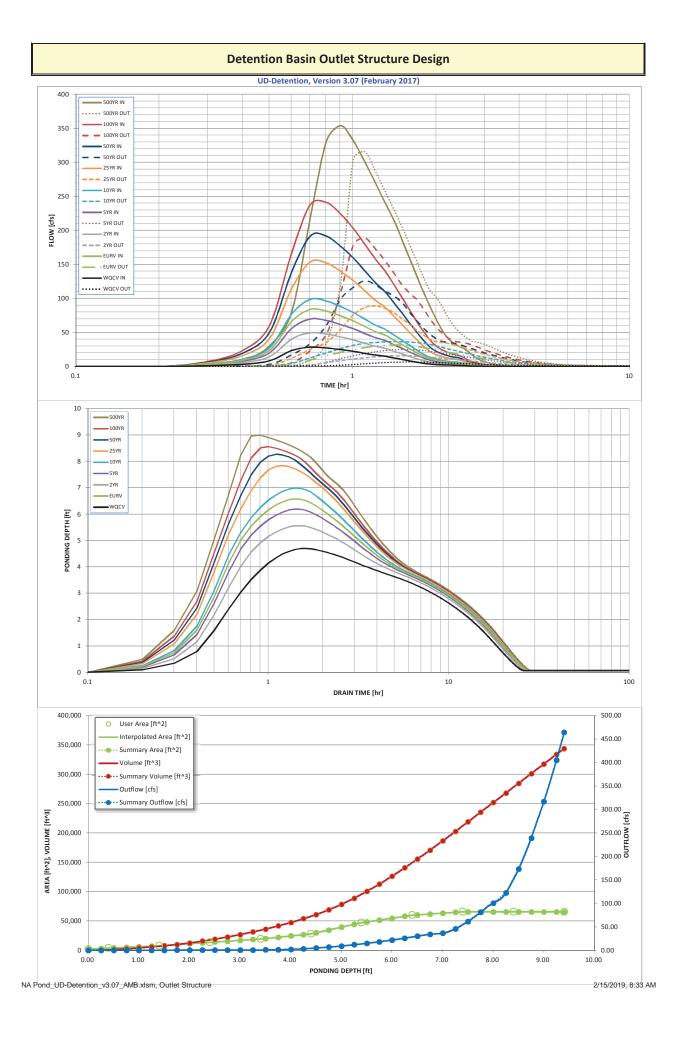


# NORTH ARAPAHOE REGIONAL DETENTION BASIN INFORMATION

			DETEN	ITION B	ASIN STAGE-S	TORAG	E TABLE	BUILDE	R					
				ח-חוו	etention, Version	3.07 (Febr	Jary 2017)							
Project:	Cherry Cree	k Minor Trib	outaries in Ara											
Basin ID:														
(20HE 3 20HE 3														
VOLUME EURY WOCY	ONE 1	T	~											
VOLUME EURY   WOCY	1	5		>										
ZOME	AND 2	100-YE	DE		Depth Increment =	1	ft Optional				Optional			
Example Zone		ion (Retent	tion Pond)		Stage - Storage	Stage	Override	Length	Width	Area	Override	Area	Volume	Volume
Required Volume Calculation					Description Top of Micropool	(ft) 	Stage (ft)	(ft) 	(ft)	(ft^2)	Area (ft^2)	(acre)	(ft^3)	(ac-ft)
Selected BMP Type =	EDB						0.40				4,029	0.092	1,169	0.027
Watershed Area =	127.80	acres					1.40				7,745	0.178	7,018	0.161
Watershed Length =	4,335	ft					2.40				13,713	0.315	17,824	0.409
Watershed Slope =	0.017	ft/ft					3.40				19,405	0.445	34,383	0.789
Watershed Imperviousness =	46.50%	percent					4.40				28,097	0.645	58,135	1.335
Percentage Hydrologic Soil Group A =	0.0%	percent					5.40				47,234	1.084	95,800	2.199
Percentage Hydrologic Soil Group B = Percentage Hydrologic Soil Groups C/D =	100.0%	percent					6.40 7.40				60,011 65,787	1.378 1.510	149,423 212,322	3.430 4.874
Percentage Hydrologic Soil Groups C/D = Desired WQCV Drain Time =	40.0	percent hours					7.40				65,787 65,787	1.510	212,322 278,109	4.874 6.385
Location for 1-hr Rainfall Depths =		1.0010					9.40				65,787	1.510	343,896	7.895
Water Quality Capture Volume (WQCV) =		acre-feet	Optional Use											
Excess Urban Runoff Volume (EURV) =	6.316	acre-feet	1-hr Precipita											
2-yr Runoff Volume (P1 = 0.87 in.) =	3.688	acre-feet	0.87	inches										
5-yr Runoff Volume (P1 = 1.13 in.) =	5.233	acre-feet	1.13	inches										
10-yr Runoff Volume (P1 = 1.37 in.) = 25-yr Runoff Volume (P1 = 1.73 in.) =	7.470	acre-feet acre-feet	1.37	inches inches										
50-yr Runoff Volume (P1 = 1.73 iii.) =	14.816	acre-feet	2.03	inches										
100-yr Runoff Volume (P1 = 2.36 in.) =	18.817	acre-feet	2.36	inches										
500-yr Runoff Volume (P1 = 3.21 in.) =	28.199	acre-feet	3.21	inches										
Approximate 2-yr Detention Volume =	3.450	acre-feet		-										
Approximate 5-yr Detention Volume =	4.914	acre-feet												
Approximate 10-yr Detention Volume =	6.844	acre-feet												
Approximate 25-yr Detention Volume = Approximate 50-yr Detention Volume =	8.329	acre-feet												
Approximate 100-yr Detention Volume =	10.627	acre-feet												
Stage-Storage Calculation		_												
Zone 1 Volume (WQCV) =	2.097	acre-feet												
Zone 2 Volume (100-year - Zone 1) =	8.530	acre-feet												
Select Zone 3 Storage Volume (Optional) = Total Detention Basin Volume =	10.627	acre-feet												
I otal Detention Basin Volume = Initial Surcharge Volume (ISV) =	10.627 user	acre-feet ft^3												
Initial Surcharge Depth (ISD) =	user	ft												
Total Available Detention Depth (H <sub>total</sub> ) =	user	ft												
Depth of Trickle Channel $(H_{TC}) =$	user	ft												
Slope of Trickle Channel $(S_{TC}) =$	user	ft/ft												
Slopes of Main Basin Sides (S <sub>main</sub> ) = Basin Length-to-Width Batin (P) =	user user	H:V												
Basin Length-to-Width Ratio $(R_{L/W}) =$	user													
Initial Surcharge Area (A <sub>ISV</sub> ) =	user	ft^2								-				
Surcharge Volume Length (L <sub>ISV</sub> ) =	user	ft												
Surcharge Volume Width (W <sub>ISV</sub> ) =	user	ft												
Depth of Basin Floor (H <sub>FLOOR</sub> ) =	user	ft												
Length of Basin Floor (L <sub>FLOOR</sub> ) =	user	ft												
Width of Basin Floor (W <sub>FLOOR</sub> ) = Area of Basin Floor (A <sub>FLOOR</sub> ) =	user user	ft												
Area of Basin Floor (A <sub>FLOOR</sub> ) = Volume of Basin Floor (V <sub>FLOOR</sub> ) =	user	ft^2 ft^3												
Depth of Main Basin (H <sub>MAIN</sub> ) =	user	ft												
Length of Main Basin (L <sub>MAIN</sub> ) =	user	ft												
Width of Main Basin ( $W_{MAIN}$ ) =	user	ft												
Area of Main Basin (A <sub>MAIN</sub> ) =	user	ft^2												
Volume of Main Basin (V <sub>MAIN</sub> ) =	user	ft^3												
Calculated Total Basin Volume (V <sub>total</sub> ) =	user	acre-feet												

		Dete	ntion Basin (	Outlet Struct	ure Design				
	: Cherry Creek Mino	r Tributaries in Arap		rsion 3.07 (Februa	ry 2017)				
Basin ID:	: NA Pond								
ZONE 3		-		Stage (ft)	Zone Volume (ac-ft)	Outlet Type			
NOLUME EURY WITH		-	Zone 1 (WQCV)	Stage (ft) 5.31	2.097	Orifice Plate	1		
Turt	TIDO YEA			5.51	8.530	Rectangular Orifice			
ZONE 1 AND 2	ORIFICE		Zone 3		8.330	Weir&Pipe (Circular)			
PERMANENT ORFICES POOL Example Zone	e Configuration (Re	etention Pond)	20118 3		10.627	Total			
ser Input: Orifice at Underdrain Outlet (typically	used to drain WOCV	in a Filtration BMP)			10.027	1	ed Parameters for Ur	nderdrain	
Underdrain Orifice Invert Depth =	N/A		he filtration media s	urface)	Unde	rdrain Orifice Area =	N/A	ft <sup>2</sup>	
Underdrain Orifice Diameter =	N/A	inches			Underdra	in Orifice Centroid =	N/A	feet	
ser Input: Orifice Plate with one or more orifices	or Elliptical Slot Wei	r (tunically used to d	rain WOCV and/or E	IIPV in a codimenta	tion BMP)	Calcu	lated Parameters for	Plate	
Invert of Lowest Orifice =	= 0.00		bottom at Stage = 0			ifice Area per Row =	N/A	fr <sup>2</sup>	
Depth at top of Zone using Orifice Plate =	3.56		bottom at Stage = 0			liptical Half-Width =	N/A	feet	
Orifice Plate: Orifice Vertical Spacing =	N/A	inches				tical Slot Centroid =	N/A	feet	
Orifice Plate: Orifice Area per Row =	= N/A	inches				Elliptical Slot Area =	N/A	ft²	
ser Input: Stage and Total Area of Each Orifice		n lowest to highest Row 2 (optional)		Row 4 (option = 1)	Row E (option -1)	Row 6 (option -1)	Row 7 (option - 1)	Row 8 (option-1)	1
Stage of Orifice Centroid (ft)	Row 1 (required) 0.06	0.40	Row 3 (optional) 0.73	Row 4 (optional) 1.06	Row 5 (optional) 1.40	Row 6 (optional) 1.73	Row 7 (optional) 2.06	Row 8 (optional) 2.40	1
Orifice Area (sq. inches)		1.77	1.77	1.77	1.77	1.77	1.77	1.77	]
	Row 9 (optional)	Row 10 (optional)	Row 11 (optional)	Row 12 (optional)	Row 13 (optional)	Row 14 (optional)	Row 15 (optional)	Row 16 (optional)	1
Stage of Orifice Centroid (ft)		3.06	3.40	(optional)		(optional)	(opaolial)		1
Orifice Area (sq. inches)		1.77	1.77						]
						Coloriated	D ()/	dial Orking	
User Input: Vertical Orifice (Cir	Zone 2 Rectangular	Not Selected	1			Calculated	Parameters for Vert Zone 2 Rectangular	Not Selected	1
Invert of Vertical Orifice =	3.56		ft (relative to basin	bottom at Stage = 0	ft) V	ertical Orifice Area =	5.23	N/A	ft <sup>2</sup>
Depth at top of Zone using Vertical Orifice =	7.01		ft (relative to basin			al Orifice Centroid =	1.55	N/A	feet
Vertical Orifice Height =	37.20		inches						
Vertical Orifice Width =	= 20.25		inches						
User Input: Overflow Weir (Dropbox) and G	Grate (Flat or Sloped)					Calculated	Parameters for Ove	rflow Weir	
	Zone 3 Weir	Not Selected				cancalateo	Zone 3 Weir	Not Selected	1
Overflow Weir Front Edge Height, Ho =	7.01	N/A	ft (relative to basin bo	ttom at Stage = 0 ft)		ate Upper Edge, H <sub>t</sub> =	7.01	N/A	feet
Overflow Weir Front Edge Length =	10.83		feet		Over Flow	Weir Slope Length =	3.04	N/A	
Overflow Weir Slope =	0.00								feet
			H:V (enter zero for f	'lat grate)	Grate Open Area /	100-yr Orifice Area =	2.40	N/A	should be <u>&gt;</u> 4
Horiz. Length of Weir Sides =	3.04	N/A	feet		Grate Open Area / Overflow Grate Ope	100-yr Orifice Area = en Area w/o Debris =	23.05	N/A N/A	should be <u>&gt;</u> 4 ft <sup>2</sup>
	= 3.04 = 70%				Grate Open Area / Overflow Grate Ope	100-yr Orifice Area =		N/A	should be <u>&gt;</u> 4
Horiz. Length of Weir Sides = Overflow Grate Open Area % =	= 3.04 = 70%	N/A N/A	feet		Grate Open Area / Overflow Grate Ope	100-yr Orifice Area = en Area w/o Debris =	23.05	N/A N/A	should be <u>&gt;</u> 4 ft <sup>2</sup>
Horiz. Length of Weir Sides = Overflow Grate Open Area % = Debris Clogging % =	= 3.04 = 70% = 50%	N/A N/A N/A ictor Plate, or Rectar	feet %, grate open area/ %		Grate Open Area / Overflow Grate Ope Overflow Grate Op	100-yr Orifice Area = en Area w/o Debris = ben Area w/ Debris =	23.05 11.53 s for Outlet Pipe w/	N/A N/A N/A	should be $\ge 4$ ft <sup>2</sup> ft <sup>2</sup>
Horiz. Length of Weir Sides = Overflow Grate Open Area % = Debris Clogging % = Iser Input: Outlet Pipe w/ Flow Restriction Plate (	= 3.04 = 70% = 50% [Circular Orifice, Restr Zone 3 Circular	N/A N/A N/A ictor Plate, or Rectar Not Selected	feet %, grate open area/ % ngular Orifice)	total area	Grate Open Area / Overflow Grate Ope Overflow Grate Op	100-yr Orifice Area = en Area w/o Debris = ben Area w/ Debris = alculated Parameter	23.05 11.53 s for Outlet Pipe w/ Zone 3 Circular	N/A N/A N/A Flow Restriction Pla Not Selected	should be ≥ 4 ft <sup>2</sup> ft <sup>2</sup> te
Horiz. Length of Weir Sides = Overflow Grate Open Area % = Debris Clogging % = ser Input: Outlet Pipe w/ Flow Restriction Plate ( Depth to Invert of Outlet Pipe =	= <u>3.04</u> = 70% = 50% (Circular Orifice, Restr Zone 3 Circular = <u>2.21</u>	N/A N/A N/A ictor Plate, or Rectar Not Selected N/A	feet %, grate open area/ % ngular Orifice) ft (distance below basi	total area	Grate Open Area / Overflow Grate Ope Overflow Grate Op Coverflow Grate Op	100-yr Orifice Area = en Area w/o Debris = ben Area w/ Debris = alculated Parameter Dutlet Orifice Area =	23.05 11.53 s for Outlet Pipe w/ Zone 3 Circular 9.62	N/A N/A N/A Flow Restriction Pla Not Selected N/A	should be $\geq$ 4 ft <sup>2</sup> ft <sup>2</sup> te ft <sup>2</sup>
Horiz. Length of Weir Sides = Overflow Grate Open Area % = Debris Clogging % = ser Input: Outlet Pipe w/ Flow Restriction Plate (	= 3.04 = 70% = 50% [Circular Orifice, Restr Zone 3 Circular	N/A N/A N/A ictor Plate, or Rectar Not Selected N/A	feet %, grate open area/ % ngular Orifice)	'total area in bottom at Stage = 0 f	Grate Open Area / Overflow Grate Ope Overflow Grate Op Coverflow Grate Op	100-yr Orifice Area = en Area w/o Debris = een Area w/ Debris = alculated Parameter Outlet Orifice Area = et Orifice Centroid =	23.05 11.53 s for Outlet Pipe w/ Zone 3 Circular	N/A N/A N/A Flow Restriction Pla Not Selected	should be ≥ 4 ft <sup>2</sup> ft <sup>2</sup> te
Horiz. Length of Weir Sides = Overflow Grate Open Area % = Debris Clogging % = Jser Input: Outlet Pipe w/ Flow Restriction Plate ( Depth to Invert of Outlet Pipe = Circular Orifice Diameter =	= 3.04 = 70% = 50% [Circular Orifice, Restr Zone 3 Circular = 2.21 = 42.00	N/A N/A N/A ictor Plate, or Rectar Not Selected N/A	feet %, grate open area/ % ngular Orifice) ft (distance below basi	'total area in bottom at Stage = 0 f	Grate Open Area / Overflow Grate Ope Overflow Grate Op C C t) Outl	100-yr Orifice Area = en Area w/o Debris = en Area w/ Debris = <b>alculated Parameter</b> Outlet Orifice Area = et Orifice Centroid = ictor Plate on Pipe =	23.05 11.53 s for Outlet Pipe w/ Zone 3 Circular 9.62 1.75 N/A	N/A N/A N/A Flow Restriction Pla Not Selected N/A N/A N/A	should be $\geq$ 4 ft <sup>2</sup> ft <sup>2</sup> ft <sup>2</sup> te ft <sup>2</sup> feet
Horiz. Length of Weir Sides = Overflow Grate Open Area % = Debris Clogging % = Ser Input: Outlet Pipe w/ Flow Restriction Plate ( Depth to Invert of Outlet Pipe = Circular Orifice Diameter = User Input: Emergency Spillway (Rectan)	= 3.04 = 70% = 50% (Circular Orifice, Restr Zone 3 Circular = 2.21 = 42.00 gular or Trapezoidal)	N/A N/A N/A ictor Plate, or Rectar Not Selected N/A N/A	feet %, grate open area/ % ngular Orifice) ft (distance below basi inches	total area in bottom at Stage = 0 f Half-C	Grate Open Area / Overflow Grate Ope Overflow Grate Op t) t) Outl entral Angle of Restr	100-yr Orifice Area = en Area w/o Debris = een Area w/ Debris = alculated Parameter Outlet Orifice Area = et Orifice Centroid = ictor Plate on Pipe = Calcula	23.05 11.53 s for Outlet Pipe w/ Zone 3 Circular 9.62 1.75 N/A ted Parameters for S	N/A N/A N/A Flow Restriction Pla Not Selected N/A N/A N/A Spillway	should be $\geq$ 4 ft <sup>2</sup> ft <sup>2</sup> ft <sup>2</sup> te ft <sup>2</sup> feet
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Horiz. Length of Weir Sides = Overflow Grate Open Area % = Debris Clogging % = ser Input: Outlet Pipe w/ Flow Restriction Plate ( Depth to Invert of Outlet Pipe = Circular Orifice Diameter = User Input: Emergency Spillway (Rectan Spillway Invert Stages Spillway Crest Length = Spillway End Slopes	3.04           70%           50%           Circular Orifice, Restr           Zone 3 Circular           =         2.21           =         42.00           gular or Trapezoidal)           =         8.16           =         73.00           =         4.00           2.00	N/A N/A N/A ictor Plate, or Rectar Na Selected N/A N/A N/A t (relative to basin fe tet H/V	feet %, grate open area/ % ngular Orifice) ft (distance below basi inches	total area in bottom at Stage = 0 f Half-C	Grate Open Area / Overflow Grate Ope Overflow Grate Op t) t) utl entral Angle of Restr Spillway Stage al	100-yr Orifice Area = In Area w/o Debris = en Area w/ Debris = alculated Parameter Outlet Orifice Area = et Orifice Centroid = ictor Plate on Pipe = Calcula Design Flow Depth= t Top of Freeboard =	23.05 11.53 s for Outlet Pipe w/ Zone 3 Circular 9.62 1.75 N/A ted Parameters for 5 1.03 11.19	N/A N/A N/A Flow Restriction Pla Not Selected N/A N/A N/A Spillway feet feet	should be $\geq$ 4 ft <sup>2</sup> ft <sup>2</sup> ft <sup>2</sup> te ft <sup>2</sup> feet
Horiz. Length of Weir Sides = Overflow Grate Open Area % = Debris Clogging % = ser Input: Outlet Pipe w/ Flow Restriction Plate ( Depth to Invert of Outlet Pipe = Circular Orffice Diameter = User Input: Emergency Spillway (Rectan Spillway Invert Stage Spillway Crest Length = Spillway Crest Length = Spillway End Slopes = Freeboard above Max Water Surface = Routed Hydrograph Results Design Storm Return Period =	= 3.04 - 70% - 50% Circular orfice, Restr Zone 3 Circular = 2.21 - 42.00 gular or Trapezoidal) = 8.16 - 73.00 - 4.00 - 2.00 S	N/A N/A N/A ictor Plate, or Rectar Not Selected N/A N/A t (relative to basin feet H:V feet EURV	feet %, grate open area/ % <b>ngular Orifice)</b> ft (distance below basi inches bottom at Stage = 0 2 Year	total area in bottom at Stage = 0 f Half-C ft) 5 Year	Grate Open Area / Overflow Grate Ope Overflow Grate Op t) t) t) t) t) t) t) t) t) t) t) t) t)	100-yr Orifice Area = in Area w/o Debris = enen Area w/ Debris = alculated Parameter Outlet Orifice Area = Corifice Centroid = ictor Plate on Pipe = Calcula Design Flow Depth : Top of Freeboard = 25 Year	23.05 11.53 s for Outlet Pipe w/ Zone 3 Circular 9.62 1.75 N/A ted Parameters for 5 1.03 11.19 1.51 50 Year	N/A N/A N/A Flow Restriction Pla Not Selected N/A N/A N/A N/A Spillway feet feet acres	should be ≥ 4 ft <sup>2</sup> ft <sup>2</sup> <b>te</b> ft <sup>2</sup> feet radians
Horiz. Length of Weir Sides = Overflow Grate Open Area % = Debris Clogging % = ser Input: Outlet Pipe w/ Flow Restriction Plate ( Depth to Invert of Outlet Pipe = Circular Orifice Diameter = User Input: Emergency Spillway (Rectan Spillway Crest Length = Spillway Crest Length = Spillway Exet Suges Freeboard above Max Water Surface = Routed Hydrograph Results Design Storm Return Period = One-Hour Rainfall Depth (in) =	3.04           70%           50%           Circular Orifice, Restr.           Zone 3 Circular           -           2.21           -           42.00           gular or Trapezoidal)           - <td>N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/Selected N/A N/A ft (relative to basin feet H-V feet EURV 1.07</td> <td>feet %, grate open area/ % <b>ngular Orifice)</b> ft (distance below basi inches bottom at Stage = 0 <u>2 Year</u> 0.87</td> <td>total area in bottom at Stage = 0 f Half-C ft) <u>5 Year</u> 1.13</td> <td>Grate Open Area / Overflow Grate Ope Overflow Grate Op overflow Grate Op c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c</td> <td>100-yr Orifice Area = In Area w/o Debris = enen Area w/o Debris = alculated Parameter Outlet Orifice Area = et Orifice Centroid = ictor Plate on Pipe = Calcula Design Flow Depth- I: Top of Freeboard = 25 Year 1.73</td> <td>23.05 11.53 s for Outlet Pipe w/ Zone 3 Circular 9.62 1.75 N/A ted Parameters for S 1.03 11.19 1.51 50 Year 2.03</td> <td>N/A N/A N/A Flow Restriction Pla Not Selected N/A N/A N/A Spillway feet feet acres 100 Year 2.36</td> <td>should be <math>\geq 4</math> <math>ft^2</math> <math>ft^2</math> <math>ft^2</math> feet radians 500 Year 3.21</td>	N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/Selected N/A N/A ft (relative to basin feet H-V feet EURV 1.07	feet %, grate open area/ % <b>ngular Orifice)</b> ft (distance below basi inches bottom at Stage = 0 <u>2 Year</u> 0.87	total area in bottom at Stage = 0 f Half-C ft) <u>5 Year</u> 1.13	Grate Open Area / Overflow Grate Ope Overflow Grate Op overflow Grate Op c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c	100-yr Orifice Area = In Area w/o Debris = enen Area w/o Debris = alculated Parameter Outlet Orifice Area = et Orifice Centroid = ictor Plate on Pipe = Calcula Design Flow Depth- I: Top of Freeboard = 25 Year 1.73	23.05 11.53 s for Outlet Pipe w/ Zone 3 Circular 9.62 1.75 N/A ted Parameters for S 1.03 11.19 1.51 50 Year 2.03	N/A N/A N/A Flow Restriction Pla Not Selected N/A N/A N/A Spillway feet feet acres 100 Year 2.36	should be $\geq 4$ $ft^2$ $ft^2$ $ft^2$ feet radians 500 Year 3.21
Horiz. Length of Weir Sides = Overflow Grate Open Area % = Debris Clogging % = ser Input: Outlet Pipe w/ Flow Restriction Plate ( Depth to Invert of Outlet Pipe = Circular Orifice Diameter = User Input: Emergency Spillway (Rectan, Spillway Invert Stages Spillway Crest Length = Spillway Crest Length = Spillway End Slopes = Freeboard above Max Mater Surface Design Storm Return Period = One-Hour Rainfall Depth (in) = Calculated Rund Volume (acreft) =	= 3.04 - 70% - 50% Circular orfice, Restr Zone 3 Circular = 2.21 - 42.00 gular or Trapezoidal) = 8.16 - 73.00 - 4.00 - 2.00 S	N/A N/A N/A ictor Plate, or Rectar Not Selected N/A N/A t (relative to basin feet H:V feet EURV	feet %, grate open area/ % <b>ngular Orifice)</b> ft (distance below basi inches bottom at Stage = 0 2 Year	total area in bottom at Stage = 0 f Half-C ft) 5 Year	Grate Open Area / Overflow Grate Ope Overflow Grate Op t) t) t) t) t) t) t) t) t) t) t) t) t)	100-yr Orifice Area = in Area w/o Debris = enen Area w/ Debris = alculated Parameter Outlet Orifice Area = Corifice Centroid = ictor Plate on Pipe = Calcula Design Flow Depth : Top of Freeboard = 25 Year	23.05 11.53 s for Outlet Pipe w/ Zone 3 Circular 9.62 1.75 N/A ted Parameters for 5 1.03 11.19 1.51 50 Year	N/A N/A N/A Flow Restriction Pla Not Selected N/A N/A N/A N/A Spillway feet feet acres	should be ≥ 4 ft <sup>2</sup> ft <sup>2</sup> te ft <sup>2</sup> feet radians
Horiz. Length of Weir Sides = Overflow Grate Open Area % = Debris Clogging % = ser Input: Outlet Pipe w/ Flow Restriction Plate ( Depth to Invert of Outlet Pipe = Circular Orifice Diameter = User Input: Emergency Spillway (Rectan, Spillway Invert Stage Spillway Crest Length - Spillway Crest Length - Spillway Crest Length - Spills (Storm Return Period = One-Hour Rainal Depth (in) Calculated Runoff Volume (acre-ft) = Calculated Runoff Volume (acre-ft) = Inflow Hydrograph Volume (acre-ft) =	3.04           70%           50%           Circular Orifice, Restr           Zone 3 Circular           2.1           42.00           gular or Trapezoidal)           8.16           73.00           4.00           2.00           S           WQCV           0.53           2.097           2.096	N/A N/A N/A N/A ictor Plate, or Rectar Selected N/A N/A N/A ft (relative to basin feet H:V feet H:V feet LURV 1.07 6.316 6.311	feet %, grate open area/ % <b>sular Orifice)</b> It (distance below basi inches bottom at Stage = 0 2 Year 0.87 3.688	total area in bottom at Stage = 0 f Half-C ft) 5.233 5.230	Grate Open Area / Overflow Grate Ope Overflow Grate Op ( c c t) ( c) c c t) ( c) c c t) ( c) c c t) ( c) c c t) ( c) c c t) c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c	100-yr Orifice Area = In Area w/o Debris = enen Area w/ Debris = alculated Parameter Outlet Orifice Area = Colcula Design Flow Depth- t: Top of Freeboard = Top of Freeboard = 1.73 11.783 11.774	23.05 11.53 s for Outlet Pipe w/ Zone 3 Circular 9.62 1.75 N/A ted Parameters for S 10.3 11.19 1.51 50 Year 2.03 14.816 14.812	N/A           N/A           N/A           N/A           Flow Restriction Pla           Not Selected           N/A           N/A           N/A           N/A           Spillway           feet           feet           acres           100 Year           2.36           18.817           18.807	should be ≥ 4 ft <sup>2</sup> ft ft feet radians 500 Year 3.21 2.8.199 2.8.191
Horiz. Length of Weir Sides = Overflow Grate Open Area % = Debris Clogging % = ser Input: Outlet Pipe w/ Flow Restriction Plate ( Depth to Invert of Outlet Pipe = Circular Orifice Diameter = User Input: Emergency Spillway (Rectan Spillway Invert Stage Spillway Crest Length = Spillway Crest Length = One-Hour Rainfall Depth (in) = Calculated Rundf Volume (acre-ft) = Inflow Hydrograph Volume (acre-ft) = Inflow Hydrograph Volume (acre-ft) =	3.04           70%           50%           Circular Orifice, Restrict           Zone 3 Circular           2.21           42.00           gular or Trapezoidal)           8.16           73.00           4.00           2.00           S           WQCV           0.53           2.097           2.096           0.00	N/A N/A N/A ictor Plate, or Rectar Not Selected N/A N/A N/A t (relative to basin feet H/V feet EURV 1.07 6.316 6.311 0.00	feet %, grate open area/ % gular Orifice) ft (distance below basi inches bottom at Stage = 0 2 Year 0.87 3.688 3.688	total area in bottom at Stage = 0 f Half-C ft) 5 Year 1.13 5.233 5.233 0.01	Grate Open Area / Overflow Grate Ope Overflow Grate Op () () () () () () () () () () () () ()	100-yr Orifice Area = in Area w/o Debris = enen Area w/ Debris = alculated Parameter Outlet Orifice Area = Confice Centroid = ictor Plate on Pipe = Calcula Design Flow Depth= : Top of Freeboard = 25 Year 1.73 11.783 11.774 0.46	23.05 11.53 s for Outlet Pipe w/ Zone 3 Circular 9.62 1.75 N/A ted Parameters for 3 10.3 11.19 1.51 50 Year 2.03 14.816 14.812 0.66	N/A           N/A           N/A           N/A           Flow Restriction Plan           Not Selected           N/A           N/A           N/A           N/A           N/A           N/A           Invary           feet           feet           100 Year           2.36           18.807           0.94	should be ≥ 4 ft <sup>2</sup> ft <sup>2</sup> ft <sup>2</sup> radians 500 Year 3.21 2.8.199 2.8.191 1.52
Horiz. Length of Weir Sides = Overflow Grate Open Area % = Debris Clogging % = ser Input: Outlet Pipe w/ Flow Restriction Plate ( Depth to Invert of Outlet Pipe = Circular Orifice Diameter = User Input: Emergency Spillway (Rectan Spillway Crest Length - Spillway Crest Length - Spillway Crest Length - Spillway Crest Length - Spillway Experiment Stage- Spillway Crest Length - Spillway Cres	3.04           70%           50%           Circular Orifice, Restr.           Zone 3 Circular           =           2.01           =           42.00           gular or Trapezoidal)           =           42.00           2           2           42.00           2           2           4.00           2.00           2           2           0.53           2.097           2.096           0.00           0.0	N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A ft (relative to basin feet H-V feet EURV 1.07 6.316 6.311 0.00 0.0	feet %, grate open area/ % gular Orifice) It (distance below basi inches bottom at Stage = 0 2 Year 0.87 3.688 	total area in bottom at Stage = 0 f Half-C ft) 5 Year 1.13 5.230 5.230 0.01 1.6	Grate Open Area / Overflow Grate Ope Overflow Grate Ope Overflow Grate Op overflow Grate Op overflow Grate Op overflow Grate Ope overflow Grate Note Spillway Stage at Basin Area at 10 Year 1.37 7.470 7.459 0.12 15.4	100-yr Orifice Area = In Area w/o Debris = enen Area w/ Debris = alculated Parameter Outlet Orifice Area = et Orifice Centroid = ictor Plate on Pipe = Calcula Design Flow Depth- Top of Freeboard = Top of Freeboard = 1.73 11.73 11.73 11.74 0.46 58.8	23.05 11.53 s for Outlet Pipe w/ Zone 3 Circular 9.62 1.75 N/A ted Parameters for S 1.03 11.19 1.51 50 Year 2.03 14.816 14.812 0.66 88.0	N/A           N/A           N/A           N/A           Flow Restriction Pla           Not Selected           N/A           N/A           interval           N/A           N/A           N/A           interval           interval	should be ≥ 4 ft <sup>2</sup> ft <sup>2</sup> fee radians 500 Year 3.21 28.199 2.8.191 1.52 194.0
Horiz. Length of Weir Sides = Overflow Grate Open Area % = Debris Clogging % = ser Input: Outlet Pipe w/ Flow Restriction Plate ( Depth to Invert of Outlet Pipe = Circular Orifice Diameter = User Input: Emergency Spillway (Rectan Spillway Invert Stage Spillway Crest Length = Spillway Grate Length = Spillway Grate Length = Spillway Crest = Predevelopment Veak (Crest = Peak Holtow (Crest = Peak Holtow (Crest = Peak Holtow (Crest = Peak Holtow Clost = Peak Holtow Clost =	3.04           70%           2008           2008           2017           2018           2018           2019           2.00           2000           2001           2010           3.04           2010           3.04           2010           2000           2000           2000           2007           2.097           20.097           20.090           0.00           0.00           0.00           20.00	N/A           N/A           N/A           N/A           ictor Plate, or Rectar           Not Selected           N/A           N/A	feet %, grate open area/ % <b>ngular Orifice)</b> ft (distance below basi inches bottom at Stage = 0 2 Year 0.87 3.688 	total area in bottom at Stage = 0 f Half-C ft) 5 Year 1.13 5.233 5.230 0.01 1.6 6.9.9 2.5.1	Grate Open Area / Overflow Grate Ope Overflow Grate Op Overflow Grate Op Out out entral Angle of Restr Spillway Stage at Basin Area at Basin Area at 10 Year 1.37 7.470 - 7.459 0.12 1.5.4 9.8.8 3.6.5	100-yr Orifice Area = in Area w/o Debris = enen Area w/ Debris = alculated Parameter Outlet Orifice Area = et Orifice Centroid = calcula Design Flow Depth- : Top of Freeboard = 25 Year 1.73 11.783 	23.05 11.53 s for Outlet Pipe w/ Zone 3 Circular 9.62 1.75 N/A ted Parameters for 5 10.19 11.19 1.51 50 Year 2.03 14.816 14.812 0.66 85.0 191.8 126.1	N/A           N/A           N/A           N/A           Flow Restriction Plan           Not Selected           N/A           N/A           N/A           N/A           N/A           spillway           feet           feet           feet           18.817	should be ≥ 4 ft <sup>2</sup> ft <sup>2</sup> ft <sup>2</sup> feet radians 500 Year 3.21 28.199 2.8.199 2.8.191 1.52 2.8.193 1.53.9 3.35.9 3.35.9
Horiz. Length of Weir Sides = Overflow Grate Open Area % = Debris Clogging % = ster Input: Outlet Pipe w/ Flow Restriction Plate ( Depth to Invert of Outlet Pipe = Circular Orifice Diameter = User Input: Emergency Spillway (Rectan, Spillway Invert Stages Spillway Crest Length + Spillway End Slopes = Freeboard above Max Warer Surface One-Hour Rainfall Deph (in) = Calculated Runoff Volume (acreft) = Inflow Hydrograph Ware (sc) OPTIONAL Override Runoff Volume (acreft) = Inflow Hydrograph Volume (acreft) = Predevelopment Unit Peak Flow, q (cfs)acre) Predevelopment Peak Q (cfs) = Peak Ntifow Q (cfs) = Peak Ntifow Q (cfs) = Ratio Peak Outflow to Prodevelopment	3.04           70%           50%           Circular Orifice, Restr           Zone 3 Circular           =           2.21           =           42.00           gular or Trapezoidal)           =           4.00           2.00           2           0.53           2.097           2.096           0.00           2.8.5           6.6           N/A	N/A           N/A           N/A           N/A           ictor Plate, or Rectar           Not Selected           N/A           N/A           n/A           N/A           ft (relative to basin feet           EURV           1.07           6.316           0           0.0           84.0           31.7           N/A	feet %, grate open area/ % gular Orifice) ft (distance below basi linches bottom at Stage = 0 2 Year 0.87 3.688 	total area in bottom at Stage = 0 f Half-C ft) 5.230 0.01 1.6 69.9 25.1 1.5.8	Grate Open Area / Overflow Grate Ope Overflow Grate Ope (verflow Grate Ope overflow Grate Ope (verflow Grate	100-yr Orifice Area = In Area w/o Debris = enen Area w/ Debris = alculated Parameter Outlet Orifice Area = Confice Centroid = ictor Plate on Pipe = Calcula Design Flow Depth- ictor Plate on Pipe = Calcula Design Flow Depth- ictor of Freeboard = 759 Year 1.73 11.783 11.774 0.46 55.8.8 15.3.8 89.0 1.5	23.05 11.53 sfor Outlet Pipe w// Zone 3 Circular 9.62 1.75 N/A ted Parameters for S 1.03 11.19 1.51 50 Year 2.03 14.816 0.66 85.0 191.8 126.1 1.5	N/A           N/A           N/A           N/A           Plow Restriction Pla           Not Selected           N/A           N/A           N/A           N/A           Spillway           feet           feet           2.36           18.817           18.807           0.94           119.7           241.3           18.9           1.6	should be ≥ 4 ft <sup>2</sup> ft <sup>2</sup> fee radians
Horiz. Length of Weir Sides = Overflow Grate Open Area % = Debris Clogging % = Ser Input: Outlet Pipe w/ Flow Restriction Plate ( Depth to Invert of Outlet Pipe = Circular Orifice Diameter = User Input: Emergency Spillway (Rectan Spillway Invert Stages Spillway Crest Length = Spillway Crest Length = Calculated Rundf Volume (acre-ft) = Predevelopment Unit Pack Hour, q (cfs/acre) Predevelopment Unit Pack Hour, q (cfs/acre) Predevelopment Unit Pack Hour, q (cfs/acre) Peak Hour Q (cfs) = Pack Outflow Q (cfs) = Ratio Peak Outflow to Prodevelopment Q = Structure Controlling Flow +	3.04           70%           50%           Circular Orifice, Restr           2.08           gular or Trapezoidal)           8.16           73.00           42.00           8.16           73.00           4.00           2.00           8           0.03           2.097           2.097           2.096           0.00           2.8.5           6.6           N/A           Vertical Orifice 1	N/A N/A N/A N/A ictor Plate, or Rectar N/A N/A N/A N/A t (relative to basin feet H/V feet EURV 1.07 6.316 6.311 0.00 0.0 84.0 31.7 N/A Vertical Ordfice 1	feet %, grate open area/ % gular Orifice) ft (distance below basi inches bottom at Stage = 0 2 Year 0.87 3.688 0.01 0.9 4.9.6 15.9 N/A Vertical Orifice 1	total area in bottom at Stage = 0 f Half-C ft) 5 Year 1.13 5.233 5.233 0.01 1.6 69.9 25.1 15.8 Vertical Orifice 1	Grate Open Area / Overflow Grate Ope Overflow Grate Op ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) (	100-yr Orifice Area = in Area w/o Debris = enen Area w/ Debris = alculated Parameter Outlet Orifice Area = Confice Centroid = ictor Plate on Pipe = Calcula Design Flow Depth= Top of Freeboard = 25 Year 1.73 11.773 0.46 58.8 15.3.8 89.0 1.5 Overflow Grate 1	23.05 11.53 s for Outlet Pipe w/ Zone 3 Circular 9.62 1.75 N/A ted Parameters for 5 10.19 11.19 1.51 50 Year 2.03 14.816 14.812 0.66 85.0 191.8 126.1	N/A           N/A           N/A           N/A           Flow Restriction Pla           Not Selected           N/A           N/A           N/A           N/A           N/A           Spillway           feet           feet           100 Year           2.36           18.817           18.807           0.94           119.7           241.3           188.9           1.6           Spillway	should be ≥ 4 ft <sup>2</sup> ft <sup>2</sup> ft <sup>2</sup> feet radians 500 Year 3.21 28.199 2.8.199 2.8.191 1.52 2.8.193 1.53.9 3.35.9 3.35.9
Horiz. Length of Weir Sides = Overflow Grate Open Area % = Debris Clogging % = ster Input: Outlet Pipe w/ Flow Restriction Plate ( Depth to Invert of Outlet Pipe = Circular Orifice Diameter = User Input: Emergency Spillway (Rectan, Spillway Invert Stages Spillway Crest Length + Spillway End Slopes = Freeboard above Max Warer Surface One-Hour Rainfall Deph (in) = Calculated Runoff Volume (acreft) = Inflow Hydrograph Ware (sc) OPTIONAL Override Runoff Volume (acreft) = Inflow Hydrograph Volume (acreft) = Predevelopment Unit Peak Flow, q (cfs)acre) Predevelopment Peak Q (cfs) = Peak Ntifow Q (cfs) = Peak Ntifow Q (cfs) = Ratio Peak Outflow to Prodevelopment	3.04           70%           50%           Circular Orifice, Restr           Zone 3 Circular           =           2.21           =           42.00           gular or Trapezoidal)           =           4.00           2.00           2           0.53           2.097           2.096           0.00           2.8.5           6.6           N/A	N/A           N/A           N/A           N/A           ictor Plate, or Rectar           Not Selected           N/A           N/A           n/A           N/A           ft (relative to basin feet           EURV           1.07           6.316           0           0.0           84.0           31.7           N/A	feet %, grate open area/ % gular Orifice) ft (distance below basi linches bottom at Stage = 0 2 Year 0.87 3.688 	total area in bottom at Stage = 0 f Half-C ft) 5.230 0.01 1.6 69.9 25.1 1.5.8	Grate Open Area / Overflow Grate Ope Overflow Grate Ope (verflow Grate Ope overflow Grate Ope (verflow Grate	100-yr Orifice Area = In Area w/o Debris = enen Area w/ Debris = alculated Parameter Outlet Orifice Area = Confice Centroid = ictor Plate on Pipe = Calcula Design Flow Depth- ictor Plate on Pipe = Calcula Design Flow Depth- ictor of Freeboard = 759 Year 1.73 11.783 11.774 0.46 55.8.8 15.3.8 89.0 1.5	23.05 11.53 s for Outlet Pipe w/ Zone 3 Circular 9.62 1.75 N/A ted Parameters for 3 10.3 11.19 1.51 50 Year 2.03 14.816 14.812 0.66 85.0 191.8 126.1 1.5 Spillway	N/A           N/A           N/A           N/A           Plow Restriction Pla           Not Selected           N/A           N/A           N/A           N/A           Spillway           feet           feet           2.36           18.817           18.807           0.94           119.7           241.3           18.9           1.6	should be ≥ 4 ft <sup>2</sup> ft <sup>2</sup> ft <sup>2</sup> radians 500 Year radians 28.199 1.52 1.94.0 333.9 315.9 1.5.9 5.6 1.6 5.6 1.6 5.6
Horiz. Length of Weir Sides = Overflow Grate Open Area % = Debris Clogging % = Ser Input: Outlet Pipe w/ Flow Restriction Plate ( Depth to Invert of Outlet Pipe = Circular Orifice Diameter = User Input: Emergency Spillway (Rectan Spillway Invert Stage Spillway Crest Length = Spillway Crest Length = Created Hydrograph Results Design Storn Return Period One-Hour Rainfall Depth (in) = Calculated Rundf Volume (acre-ft) = OPTIONL Override Rundf Volume (acre-ft) = Inflow Hydrograph Volume (acre-ft) = Predevelopment Pask Q(cfs) = Peak Outlow Q (cfs) = Peak Outlow Q (cfs) = Ratio Peak Outlow to Predevelopment Q Structure Controlling Flow & Max Velocity through Grate 1 (fgs) = Max Velocity through Grate 1 (fgs) = Time to Drain 97% of Inflow Volume (hourse) =	3.04           70%           50%           Circular Orifice, Restr           20n3 Circular           2.21           42.00           gular or Trapezoidal)           8.16           73.00           42.00           2.21           42.00           gular or Trapezoidal)           2.00           2.00           0.53           2.097           -           2.096           0.00           2.097           -           Vertical Orifice 1           N/A           N/A           N/A           N/A	N/A           N/A           N/A           N/A           Not Selected           N/A           ft (relative to basin feet           H/Y           feet           EURV           1.07           6.316           0.00           0.0           84.0           31.7           N/A           N/A           N/A           N/A	feet %, grate open area/ % <b>gular Ortfice)</b> ft (distance below basi inches bottom at Stage = 0 2 Year 0.87 3.688 	total area in bottom at Stage = 0 f Half-C ft) 5 Year 1.13 5.233 	Grate Open Area / Overflow Grate Ope Overflow Grate Ope Overflow Grate Op I Outlentral Angle of Restr Spillway Stage at Basin Area at I O Year 1.37 7.470 1.37 7.470 1.37 7.459 0.12 1.5.4 98.8 36.5 2.4 Vertical Orifice 1 N/A N/A N/A 17	100-yr Orifice Area = n Area w/o Debris = alculated Parameter Dutlet Orifice Area = et Orifice Cartosi = ictor Plate on Pipe = Calcula Design Flow Deptha to yo of Freeboard = 1.73 11.73 11.773 11.773 11.774 0.466 58.8 15.8 0verflow Grate 1 2.0 N/A 14	23.05 11.53 s for Outlet Pipe w/ Zone 3 Circular 9.62 1.75 N/A ted Parameters for 9 1.03 11.19 1.51 50 Year 2.03 14.816 10.66 85.0 191.8 126.1 1.5 Spillway 3.1 N/A 13	N/A           N/A           N/A           N/A           N/A           Flow Restriction Plas           Not Selected           N/A           N/A           N/A           N/A           N/A           spillway           feet           feet           acres           100 Year           2.36           18.807           0.94           119.7           241.3           1.6           Spillway           3.6           N/A           11	should be ≥ 4 ft <sup>2</sup> ft <sup>2</sup> ft <sup>2</sup> radians
Horiz. Length of Weir Sides = Overflow Grate Open Area % = Debris Clogging % = Ster Input: Outlet Pipe w/ Flow Restriction Plate ( Depth to Invert of Outlet Pipe = Circular Orifice Diameter = User Input: Emergency Spillway (Rectan, Spillway Invert Stage Spillway Crest Length + Spillway Storm Return Period = One-Hour Rainfall Depth (in) = Calculated Rundf Volume (acreft) = Inflow Hydrograph Volume (acreft) = Nord Hydrograph Volume (acreft) = Predevelopment Unit Peak Flow, q (cfs) are Predevelopment Peak Outlow Q (cfs) = Peak httow Q (cfs) = Mato Peak Outlow Of Cartoff Piow Max Velocity through Grate 1 (fp) = Max Velocity through Grate 2 (fps) = Time to Drain 97% of Inflow Volume (hours) = Time to Drain 99% of Inflow Volume (hours) =	3.04           70%           50%           Circular Orfice, Restr           20ne 3 Circular           42.00           42.00           8.16           73.00           2.00           8.16           73.00           2.00           8           0.00           2.096           0.00           28.5           6.6           N/A           Vertical Orfice 1           N/A           2.0	N/A           N/A           N/A           N/A           Not Selected           N/A           N/A           n/A           N/A           ft (relative to basin feet           EURY           1.07           6.316           0.0           84.0           31.7           N/A	feet %, grate open area/ % agular Orifice) ft (distance below basi linches bottom at Stage = 0 2 Year 0.87 3.688 3.687 0.01 0.9 4.9.6 15.9 N/A Vertical Orifice 1 N/A N/A 19 23	total area in bottom at Stage = 0 f Half-C ft) 5 Year 1.13 5.230 0.01 1.6 69.9 25.1 1.5 9.9 25.1 1.6 69.9 25.1 1.8 Vertical Orifice 1 N/A N/A 1.8 22	Grate Open Area / Overflow Grate Ope Overflow Grate Op Overflow Grate Op Overflow Grate Op Overflow Grate Op Overflow Grate Op Overflow Grate Spillway Stage al Basin Area al Basin Area al D Year 1.37 7.470 7.459 0.12 1.54 98.8 3.6.5 2.4 Vertical Orfifee 1 N/A N/A 17 21	100-yr Orifice Area = In Area w/o Debris = enen Area w/o Debris = alculated Parameter Outlet Orifice Area = Confice Centroid = ictor Plate on Pipe = Calcula Design Flow Depth- ictor Plate on Pipe = Calcula Design Flow Depth- it Top of Freeboard = 70 of Freeboard = 10 of Freeboard = 11.783 11.783 11.783 11.774 0.46 55.88 15.3.8 83.0 1.5 Overflow Grate 1 2.0 N/A 14 20	23.05 11.53 s for Outlet Pipe w/ Zone 3 Circular 9.62 1.75 N/A ted Parameters for 5 1.03 11.19 1.51 50 Year 2.03 14.816 14.812 0.66 85.0 191.8 126.1 126.1 13.1 N/A 13 19	N/A           N/A           N/A           N/A           N/A           Plow Restriction Pla           Not Selected           N/A           N/A           N/A           N/A           Spillway           feet           feet           2.36           18.807           0.94           119.7           241.3           18.9           1.6           N/A           11           18	should be ≥ 4 ft <sup>2</sup> ft <sup>2</sup> fee radians
Horiz. Length of Weir Sides = Overflow Grate Open Area % = Debris Clogging % = Ser Input: Outlet Pipe w/ Flow Restriction Plate ( Depth to Invert of Outlet Pipe = Circular Orifice Diameter = User Input: Emergency Spillway (Rectan Spillway Invert Stage Spillway Crest Length = Spillway Crest Length = Created Hydrograph Results Design Storn Return Period One-Hour Rainfall Depth (in) = Calculated Rundf Volume (acre-ft) = OPTIONL Override Rundf Volume (acre-ft) = Inflow Hydrograph Volume (acre-ft) = Predevelopment Pask Q(cfs) = Peak Outlow Q (cfs) = Peak Outlow Q (cfs) = Ratio Peak Outlow to Predevelopment Q Structure Controlling Flow & Max Velocity through Grate 1 (fgs) = Max Velocity through Grate 1 (fgs) = Time to Drain 97% of Inflow Volume (hourse) =	3.04           70%           50%           Circular Orifice, Restr           20n3 Circular           2.21           42.00           gular or Trapezoidal)           8.16           73.00           42.00           2.21           42.00           gular or Trapezoidal)           2.00           2.00           0.53           2.097           0.0           0.0           28.5           6.6           N/A           N/A           N/A           N/A           N/A	N/A           N/A           N/A           N/A           Not Selected           N/A           ft (relative to basin feet           H/Y           feet           EURV           1.07           6.316           0.00           0.0           84.0           31.7           N/A           N/A           N/A           N/A	feet %, grate open area/ % <b>gular Ortfice)</b> ft (distance below basi inches bottom at Stage = 0 2 Year 0.87 3.688 	total area in bottom at Stage = 0 f Half-C ft) 5 Year 1.13 5.233 	Grate Open Area / Overflow Grate Ope Overflow Grate Ope Overflow Grate Op I Outlentral Angle of Restr Spillway Stage at Basin Area at I O Year 1.37 7.470 1.37 7.470 1.37 7.459 0.12 1.5.4 98.8 36.5 2.4 Vertical Orifice 1 N/A N/A N/A 17	100-yr Orifice Area = n Area w/o Debris = alculated Parameter Dutlet Orifice Area = et Orifice Cartosi = ictor Plate on Pipe = Calcula Design Flow Deptha to yo of Freeboard = 1.73 11.73 11.773 11.773 11.774 0.466 58.8 15.8 0verflow Grate 1 2.0 N/A 14	23.05 11.53 s for Outlet Pipe w/ Zone 3 Circular 9.62 1.75 N/A ted Parameters for 9 1.03 11.19 1.51 50 Year 2.03 14.816 10.66 85.0 191.8 126.1 1.5 Spillway 3.1 N/A 13	N/A           N/A           N/A           N/A           N/A           Flow Restriction Plas           Not Selected           N/A           N/A           N/A           N/A           N/A           spillway           feet           feet           acres           100 Year           2.36           18.807           0.94           119.7           241.3           1.6           Spillway           3.6           N/A           11	should be ≥ 4 ft <sup>2</sup> ft <sup>2</sup> ft <sup>2</sup> radians

#### Detention Basin Outlet Structure Design



#### **Detention Basin Outlet Structure Design**

#### Summary Stage-Area-Volume-Discharge Relationships

Stage - Storage Description	Stage	Area	Area	Volume	Volume	Total Outflow	
Description	[ft]	[ft^2]	[acres]	[ft^3]	[ac-ft]	[cfs]	
	0.00	2,015	0.046	0	0.000	0.00	For best results, include th
	0.25	3,223	0.074	629	0.014	0.10	stages of all grade slope
	0.50	4,363	0.100	1,586	0.036	0.17	changes (e.g. ISV and Floor
	0.75	5,292	0.121	2,793	0.064	0.24	from the S-A-V table on Sheet 'Basin'.
	1.00	6,221	0.143	4,232	0.097	0.30	JIEEL BASIII.
	1.25	7,150	0.164	5,904	0.136	0.38	Also include the inverts of
	1.50	8,282	0.190	7,817	0.179	0.45	outlets (e.g. vertical orifice
	1.75	9,774	0.224	10,074	0.231	0.52	overflow grate, and spillwa
	2.00	11,266	0.259	12,703	0.292	0.60	where applicable).
	2.25	12,818	0.294	15,834	0.364	0.69	
	2.50	14,282	0.328	19,224	0.441	0.78	
	2.75	15,705	0.361	22,972	0.527	0.86	
	3.00	17,128	0.393	27,077	0.622	0.95	
	3.25	18,551	0.426	31,537	0.724	1.04	
	3.50	20,275	0.465	36,367	0.835	1.14	
	3.75	22,448	0.515	41,708	0.957	1.43	
	4.00	24,621	0.565	47,591	1.093	2.22	
	4.25	26,794	0.615	54,018	1.240	3.44	
	4.50	30,011	0.689	61,040	1.401	5.05	
	4.75	34,795	0.799	69,141	1.587	7.04	
	5.00	39,580	0.909	78,438	1.801	9.38	
	5.25	44,364	1.018	88,931	2.042	12.07	
	5.50	48,512	1.114	100,588	2.309	15.09	
	5.75	51,706	1.187	113,115	2.597	18.44	
	6.00	54,900	1.260	126,441	2.903	22.10	
	6.25	58,095	1.334	140,565	3.227	26.07	
	6.50	60,589	1.391	155,453	3.569	30.35	
	6.75	62,033	1.424	170,781	3.921	34.17	
	7.00	63,477	1.457	186,470	4.281	36.58	
	7.25	64,921	1.490	202,519	4.649	45.88	
	7.50	65,787	1.510	218,901	5.025	61.50	
	7.75	65,787	1.510	235,348	5.403	81.09	
	8.00	65,787	1.510	251,795	5.780	100.54	
	8.25	65,787	1.510	268,241	6.158	122.40	
	8.50	65,787	1.510	284,688	6.536	173.34	
	8.75	65,787	1.510	301,135	6.913	239.31	
	9.00	65,787	1.510	317,582	7.291	317.29	
	9.25	65,787	1.510	334,028	7.668	405.48	
	9.40	65,787	1.510	343,896	7.895	464.30	

#### UD-Detention, Version 3.07 (February 2017)

The user can create a summary S-A-V-D by entering the desired stage increments and the remainder of the table will populate automatically.







BASELINE PEAK FLOWS				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Existing Conditions Peak Flow (cfs)																		
		Drainage	Existing Percent	Future Percent		1	T	Existing Co	onditions Pea	ak Flow (cfs)		I		Future Conditions Peak Flow (cfs)									
Basin	Design Point	Area (acres)	Imperviousness	Imperviousness	Q <sub>WQ</sub>	Q <sub>1</sub>	Q <sub>2</sub>	Q <sub>5</sub>	Q <sub>10</sub>	Q <sub>25</sub>	Q <sub>50</sub>	Q <sub>100</sub>	Q <sub>500</sub>	Q <sub>WQ</sub>	Q <sub>1</sub>	Q <sub>2</sub>	Q <sub>5</sub>	Q <sub>10</sub>	Q <sub>25</sub>	Q <sub>50</sub>	Q <sub>100</sub>	Q <sub>500</sub>	
Little Raven Creek	LR_outfall	349	-	25	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	23	32	45	72	120	253	338	454	708	
Little Raven Creek	Belleview_LR Havana LR	225 140	-	37 42	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	28 27	40 37	55 50	86	132 108	242 185	312 236	404 298	609 442	
Little Raven Creek	LR1	140	-	42	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.1	0.4	1	2	100	50	72	102	166	
Little Raven Creek	LR2	85	-	28	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	10	14	23	39	75	98	129	196	
Little Raven Creek	LR3	140	-	42	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	27	37	50	74	108	185	236	298	442	
Suhaka Creek	S_outfall	360	-	25	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	21	29	40	65	111	238	316	423	657	
Suhaka Creek Suhaka Creek	Peoria_S Stock Pond S	109 131	-	27 43	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5 19	26	10 35	17 50	28 74	58 129	77 165	102 210	157 313	
Suhaka Creek	SIOCK_FOIId_S	121	-	43	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.5	1	2	7	27	74	103	142	226	
Suhaka Creek	S2	109	-	27	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5	7	10	17	28	58	77	102	157	
Suhaka Creek	S3	131	-	43	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	19	26	35	50	74	129	165	210	313	
Joplin Tributary	J_outfall	774	-	39	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	84	104	130	173	217	348	446	613	985	
Joplin Tributary Joplin Tributary	Parker_J Junction J3	603 352	-	47	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	96 59	116 70	141 86	182 110	221 135	331 205	411 247	535 352	859 410	
Joplin Tributary	out RB1-4 pond	352	-	47	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	59	70	86	110	135	205	247	353	410	
Joplin Tributary	RB1-4_pond	352	-	47	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	63	70	104	146	195	345	443	570	855	
Joplin Tributary	Laredo_J	234	-	50	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	48	60	81	113	153	263	333	424	626	
Joplin Tributary	Lewiston_J	126	-	52	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	27	34	46	64	86	145	184	233	342	
Joplin Tributary	Junction_J4 Shalom J	101	-	41	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16 16	20 20	24 25	32 32	40	63 63	87 87	122 123	208 208	
Joplin Tributary Joplin Tributary	J1	101	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.0	0.2	25 1	32	41	29	46	70	1208	
Joplin Tributary	J2	51	-	28	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	4	6	8	17	26	37	65	
Joplin Tributary	J3	106	-	55	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	30	37	46	62	78	127	164	210	319	
Joplin Tributary	J4	45	-	43	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9	11	14	18	23	35	47	66	111	
Joplin Tributary	J5	101	-	41	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16	20	25	32	41	63	87	123	208	
Joplin Tributary Joplin Tributary		117 109	-	42 48	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15 21	19 26	24 35	34 49	44 67	82 118	110 150	146 191	229 284	
Joplin Tributary		126	-	52	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	27	34	46	64	86	145	184	233	342	
Grove Ranch Tributary	GR_outfall	81	-	54	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	18	23	31	43	59	96	121	150	221	
Grove Ranch Tributary	GR1	81	-	54	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	18	23	31	43	59	96	121	150	221	
Valley Club Acres Tributary	VCA_outfall	207	-	45	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	34	43	59	83	114	211	272	349	524	
Valley Club Acres Tributary Valley Club Acres Tributary	Fair_Place_VCA Regis Jesuit VCA	207 87	-	45 37	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	35 12	44 15	60 22	85 32	115 43	211 87	272 116	349 151	525 232	
Valley Club Acres Tributary	VCA1	120	-	51	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	23	29	39	54	73	126	159	201	297	
Valley Club Acres Tributary	VCA2	87	-	37	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12	15	22	32	43	87	116	151	232	
North Arapahoe Tributary	NA_outfall	372	-	44	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	32	42	56	82	116	229	326	476	800	
North Arapahoe Tributary	Parker_NA	372 272	-	44	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	33	42	57	82	116	229	326	476	800 542	
North Arapahoe Tributary North Arapahoe Tributary	Buckley_NA1 Waco NA	41	-	41 28	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15 3	21 4	29 6	45 10	65 15	150 33	217 44	325 59	92	
North Arapahoe Tributary	NA_pond	128	-	46	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	23	29	39	56	77	138	176	226	336	
North Arapahoe Tributary	NA1	100	-	51	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	24	30	41	56	77	131	166	209	308	
North Arapahoe Tributary	NA2	128	-	46	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	23	29	39	56	77	138	176	226	336	
North Arapahoe Tributary	NA3	103	-	41	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9	12 4	16	23	30	60	79	103	158	
North Arapahoe Tributary South Arapahoe Tributary	NA4 SA outfall	41 396	-	28 30	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3 26	33	6 44	10 66	15 102	33 229	44 311	59 426	92 667	
South Arapahoe Tributary	Parker SA	326	-	21	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	14	22	36	62	163	228	318	507	
South Arapahoe Tributary	Norfolk_SA	227	-	20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	10	15	25	43	117	162	225	357	
South Arapahoe Tributary	Richfield_SA	132	-	20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	7	10	15	25	67	93	127	200	
South Arapahoe Tributary	SA1	70	-	70	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26	32	42	56	73	110	134	164	233	
South Arapahoe Tributary South Arapahoe Tributary	SA2 SA3	98 95	-	24 20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	76	10 9	15 13	25 24	58 59	79 80	105 109	164 170	
South Arapahoe Tributary	SA3	132	-	20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	7	10	15	24	67	93	109	200	
Chenango Tributary	C_outfall	917	-	23	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26	43	64	112	198	478	669	942	1,528	
Chenango Tributary	Parker_C	811	-	20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	21	34	53	96	174	436	610	857	1,379	
Chenango Tributary	Hinsdale_C	694	-	20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	19	32	49	87	157	388	538	748	1,192	
Chenango Tributary Chenango Tributary	Richfield_C Telluride C	593 412	-	20 20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	17 14	29 24	44 36	79 64	141 117	345 275	476 375	658 508	1,046 800	
Chenango Tributary	Bridle Trail C	321	-	20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14	24	36	58	103	275	375	412	641	
Chenango Tributary	Biscay_C	132	-	20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	10	15	26	49	101	135	178	275	
Chenango Tributary	C1	106	-	49	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	19	25	33	46	63	109	139	176	261	
Chenango Tributary	C2	117	-	19	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	8	12	18	33	83	114	155	243	
Chenango Tributary	C3	102	-	20 20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	5	8	12	23	55 52	75	102	160 170	
Chenango Tributary Chenango Tributary	C4 C5	126 55	-	20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	5	8	12 9	17 16	52 34	74 46	105 61	170 94	
Chenango Tributary	65	55	-	20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	5	9	10	34	40	10	94	

BASELINE PEAK FLOWS																						
		<b>_</b> .		<b>.</b>				Existing Co	onditions Pea	ak Flow (cfs)	)						Future Cor	nditions Pea	k Flow (cfs)			
Basin	Design Point	Drainage Area (acres)	Existing Percent Imperviousness	Future Percent Imperviousness	Q <sub>wq</sub>	Q <sub>1</sub>	Q <sub>2</sub>	Q <sub>5</sub>	Q <sub>10</sub>	Q <sub>25</sub>	Q <sub>50</sub>	Q <sub>100</sub>	Q <sub>500</sub>	Q <sub>WQ</sub>	Q <sub>1</sub>	Q <sub>2</sub>	Q <sub>5</sub>	Q <sub>10</sub>	Q <sub>25</sub>	Q <sub>50</sub>	Q <sub>100</sub>	Q <sub>500</sub>
Chenango Tributary	C6	92	-	20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4	7	10	15	29	68	91	122	191
Chenango Tributary	C7	72	-	20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	4	6	10	14	40	57	79	128
Chenango Tributary	C8	116	-	20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	9	13	23	43	90	120	158	243
Chenango Tributary	C9	132	-	20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6	10	15	26	49	101	135	178	275
Tagawa Tributary	T_outfall	107	-	22	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	5	9	14	18	52	74	105	180
Tagawa Tributary	Parker_T1	107	-	22	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	6	9	14	19	52	75	105	171
Tagawa Tributary	T1	107	-	22	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	6	9	14	19	52	75	105	171
Kragelund Tributary	K_outfall	611	14	42	9	16	25	49	113	308	438	626	1,038	50	69	96	151	238	478	635	859	1,352
Kragelund Tributary	Parker_K	577	14	40	9	16	26	50	114	307	433	615	1,009	50	69	96	149	234	472	625	839	1,309
Kragelund Tributary	Bridle_Trail_K	453	14	43	9	16	24	45	99	264	368	514	825	52	70	97	147	223	427	557	729	1,114
Kragelund Tributary	Confluence_K	257	17	49	9	15	22	36	74	181	247	334	529	47	62	84	121	175	309	396	505	759
Kragelund Tributary	Future_Road_K	108	32	60	10	16	23	34	54	108	143	185	285	42	53	68	94	124	193	242	300	437
Kragelund Tributary	K1	34	6	59	0.1	0.2	1	1	2	13	21	30	52	12	15	18	25	32	50	64	80	118
Kragelund Tributary	K2	124	16	18	4	7	11	17	38	91	123	166	260	5	9	13	20	41	95	128	171	266
Kragelund Tributary	K3	69	2	38	0.1	0.2	0.4	1	8	27	39	55	90	8	11	14.7	21	32	59	76	98	148
Kragelund Tributary	K4	126	15	23	4	7	10	21	43	95	129	172	267	8	13	18	30	53	108	143	188	288
Kragelund Tributary	K5	45	4	45	0.1	0.4	1	2	8	24	34	47	75	9	12	16	22	32	56	71	90	133
Kragelund Tributary	K6	104	7	28	1	2	4	8	24	64	89	121	193	8	12	17	27	46	91	120	157	241
Kragelund Tributary	K7	108	32	60	10	16	23	34	54	108	143	185	285	42	53	68	94	124	193	242	300	437
17 Mile Tributary	17_outfall	145	8	36	1	2	4	8	24	84	121	169	275	18	25	36	52	78	155	204	267	408
17 Mile Tributary	Parker_17	124	7	36	0.4	2	3	6	20	70	101	141	228	17	23	32	47	70	135	177	229	349
17 Mile Tributary	17A	22	14	36	1	1	2	3	7	19	26	35	55	4	5	7	11	16	30	39	51	77
17 Mile Tributary	17B	124	7	36	0.4	2	3	6	20	70	101	141	228	17	23	32	47	70	135	177	229	349

(-) Existing Conditions = Future Conditions

BASELINE RUNOFF VOLUN	IES		-																			
		Drainage	Existing Percent	Future Percent		n	Exis	ting Conditio	ons Runoff V	olume (acre	-feet)	1	T		T	Fut	ure Conditio	ns Runoff Vo	olume (acre-	feet)		
Basin	Design Point	Area (acres)	Imperviousness	Imperviousness	$V_{WQ}$	V <sub>1</sub>	V <sub>2</sub>	V <sub>5</sub>	V <sub>10</sub>	V <sub>25</sub>	V <sub>50</sub>	V <sub>100</sub>	V <sub>500</sub>	V <sub>WQ</sub>	V <sub>1</sub>	V <sub>2</sub>	V <sub>5</sub>	V <sub>10</sub>	V <sub>25</sub>	V <sub>50</sub>	V <sub>100</sub>	V <sub>500</sub>
Little Raven Creek	LR_outfall	349	-	25	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.4	4.5	5.9	8.9	14.5	26.7	35.3	47.0	72.7
Little Raven Creek	Belleview_LR Havana LR	225 140	-	37 42	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.1 2.3	4.1 2.9	5.3 3.8	8.2 5.7	12.0 8.2	19.7 12.9	25.3 16.5	32.5 20.9	49.4 31.3
Little Raven Creek	LR1	124	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.2	1.7	6.1	8.9	13.0	21.9
Little Raven Creek	LR2	85	-	28	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.7	1.0	1.4	2.3	3.7	6.6	8.7	11.4	17.7
Little Raven Creek Suhaka Creek	LR3 S outfall	140 360	-	42 25	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.3 3.2	2.9 4.3	3.8 5.7	5.7 8.8	8.2 14.4	12.9 26.9	16.5 35.6	20.9 47.6	31.3 74.0
Suhaka Creek	Peoria S	109	-	23	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.8	1.2	1.7	2.7	4.4	8.2	10.9	14.4	22.4
Suhaka Creek	Stock_Pond_S	131	-	43	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.2	2.8	3.6	5.2	7.4	11.9	15.2	19.3	29.1
Suhaka Creek Suhaka Creek	S1 S2	121 109	-	4 27	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.7	2.2 4.4	6.5 8.2	9.3 10.9	13.3 14.4	22.0 22.4
Suhaka Creek		131	-	43	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.2	2.8	3.6	5.2	7.4	11.9	15.2	14.4	22.4
Joplin Tributary	J_outfall	774	-	39	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12.5	15.3	19.2	26.5	34.7	55.9	72.7	96.7	141.5
Joplin Tributary	Parker_J	603	-	47 47	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11.4	14.0	17.6	24.3	31.6	47.9	61.1	78.9	112.0
Joplin Tributary Joplin Tributary	Junction_J3 out_RB1-4_pond	352 352	-	47	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6.5 6.5	8.1 8.1	10.3 10.3	14.5 14.5	19.2 19.2	30.3 30.3	38.7 38.7	49.7 49.7	65.7 65.7
Joplin Tributary	RB1-4_pond	352	-	47	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6.5	8.1	10.3	14.5	19.2	30.3	38.7	49.7	75.5
Joplin Tributary	Laredo_J	234	-	50	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4.7	5.8	7.5	10.5	14.1	22.0	27.8	35.3	52.5
Joplin Tributary Joplin Tributary	Lewiston_J Junction J4	126 101	-	52 41	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.6 1.5	3.3 1.9	4.2	5.9 3.1	7.8	12.1 5.5	15.2 7.2	19.2 9.8	28.5 16.3
Joplin Tributary	Shalom_J	101	-	41	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.5	1.9	2.3	3.1	4.0	5.6	7.2	9.8	16.3
Joplin Tributary	J1	120	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.5	4.2	6.8	10.8	18.8
Joplin Tributary Joplin Tributary	J2 J3	51 106	-	28 55	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.9 5.0	1.3 6.3	2.3 9.1	3.3 11.6	4.7 14.8	8.2 22.4
Joplin Tributary		45	-	43	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.7	0.9	1.1	1.5	1.9	2.6	3.4	4.5	7.4
Joplin Tributary	J5	101	-	41	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.5	1.9	2.4	3.1	4.0	5.6	7.2	9.8	16.3
Joplin Tributary	J6	117	-	42	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.9	2.3	2.8	4.0	5.2	8.4	11.0	14.6	22.9
Joplin Tributary Joplin Tributary	J7 J8	109 126	-	48 52	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.1 2.6	2.6 3.3	3.3 4.2	4.7 5.9	6.3 7.8	9.9 12.1	12.6 15.2	16.1 19.2	24.1 28.5
Grove Ranch Tributary	GR_outfall	81	-	54	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.8	2.2	2.8	4.0	5.4	8.1	10.2	12.7	18.8
Grove Ranch Tributary	GR1	81	-	54	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.8	2.2	2.8	4.0	5.4	8.1	10.2	12.7	18.8
Valley Club Acres Tributary Valley Club Acres Tributary	VCA_outfall Fair Place VCA	207 207	-	45 45	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.7 3.6	4.5 4.5	5.9 5.9	8.3 8.3	11.2 11.1	18.0 18.0	23.0 23.0	29.6 29.6	44.8 44.8
Valley Club Acres Tributary	Regis_Jesuit_VCA	87	-	37	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.1	1.4	1.9	2.7	3.7	6.5	8.5	11.3	17.5
Valley Club Acres Tributary	VCA1	120	-	51	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.5	3.1	4.0	5.6	7.5	11.5	14.5	18.3	27.3
Valley Club Acres Tributary North Arapahoe Tributary	VCA2 NA outfall	87 372	-	37 44	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.1 6.2	1.4 7.7	1.9 10.0	2.7 14.2	3.7 19.3	6.5 31.6	8.5 40.8	11.3 52.5	17.5 79.5
North Arapahoe Tributary	Parker_NA	372	-	44	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6.2	7.7	10.0	14.2	19.3	31.6	40.8	52.5	79.5
North Arapahoe Tributary	Buckley_NA1	272	-	41	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4.1	5.2	6.8	9.7	13.2	22.2	28.8	37.4	57.1
North Arapahoe Tributary North Arapahoe Tributary	Waco_NA NA_pond	41 128	-	28 46	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.3 2.3	0.4 2.8	0.6	0.9 5.2	1.4 7.1	2.7 11.4	3.7 14.5	5.0 18.6	7.9 28.0
North Arapahoe Tributary	NA_polid NA1	128	-	51	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.3	2.8	3.7	4.5	6.1	9.5	14.5	15.1	28.0
North Arapahoe Tributary	NA2	128	-	46	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.3	2.8	3.7	5.2	7.1	11.4	14.5	18.6	28.0
North Arapahoe Tributary North Arapahoe Tributary	NA3 NA4	103 41	-	41 28	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.6 0.3	2.0 0.4	2.5 0.6	3.6 0.9	4.8	8.1 2.7	10.6 3.7	13.9 5.0	21.3 7.9
South Arapahoe Tributary	SA outfall	396	-	30	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.7	5.1	6.8	10.2	15.1	28.4	38.1	50.6	7.3
South Arapahoe Tributary	Parker_SA	326	-	21	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.6	2.5	3.5	5.6	9.1	20.0	27.8	38.4	61.7
South Arapahoe Tributary	Norfolk_SA Richfield SA	227 132	-	20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.0	1.5	2.2	3.6	5.9	13.5	18.9	26.3	42.4
South Arapahoe Tributary South Arapahoe Tributary	SA1	70	-	20 70	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.5 2.1	0.9 2.6	1.2 3.3	2.0 4.6	3.3 6.0	7.7 8.3	10.8 10.1	15.1 12.3	24.4 17.6
South Arapahoe Tributary	SA2	98	-	24	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.6	0.9	1.2	1.9	3.1	6.4	8.8	11.9	19.0
South Arapahoe Tributary	SA3	95	-	20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.4	0.6	0.9	1.5	2.5	5.7	8.0	11.0	17.8
South Arapahoe Tributary Chenango Tributary	SA4 C outfall	132 917	-	20 23	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.5 5.8	0.9 8.4	1.2 11.7	2.0 18.8	3.3 30.3	7.7 61.4	10.8 83.5	15.1 113.2	24.4 179.5
Chenango Tributary	Parker_C	811	-	20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.7	5.7	8.2	13.9	23.7	51.3	70.3	97.0	155.3
Chenango Tributary	Hinsdale_C	694	-	20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.2	5.0	7.2	12.2	20.7	44.2	60.8	83.5	133.2
Chenango Tributary Chenango Tributary	Richfield_C Telluride C	593 412	-	20 20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.8 2.0	4.2 3.1	6.1 4.4	10.5 7.6	17.8 13.3	37.7 27.4	51.9 37.4	71.2 50.9	113.9 80.7
Chenango Tributary	Bridle_Trail_C	321	-	20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.5	2.3	3.3	6.0	10.3	27.4	28.9	39.3	62.6
Chenango Tributary	Biscay_C	132	-	20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.7	1.0	1.4	2.6	4.7	9.3	12.5	16.8	26.5
Chenango Tributary Chenango Tributary	C1 C2	106 117	-	49 19	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.1 0.4	2.6 0.7	3.4 1.0	4.7	6.4 3.0	10.0 6.9	12.6 9.7	16.0 13.5	23.8 21.8
Chenango Tributary Chenango Tributary	C2 C3	102	-	20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.4	0.7	1.0	1.7	2.9	6.9	9.7	13.5	19.3
Chenango Tributary	C4	126	-	20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.5	0.7	1.1	1.8	2.5	6.4	9.2	13.3	22.0
Chenango Tributary	C5	55	-	20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.3	0.4	0.6	1.0	1.9	3.8	5.1	6.9	10.9

		Dusiasas	Endedin a Democrat				Exist	ing Conditio	ons Runoff V	olume (acre	-feet)					Futu	re Conditior	ns Runoff Vo	olume (acre-	feet)		
Basin	Design Point	Drainage Area (acres)	Existing Percent Imperviousness	Future Percent Imperviousness	V <sub>WQ</sub>	V <sub>1</sub>	V <sub>2</sub>	$V_5$	V <sub>10</sub>	V <sub>25</sub>	V <sub>50</sub>	V <sub>100</sub>	V <sub>500</sub>	V <sub>WQ</sub>	V <sub>1</sub>	$V_2$	$V_5$	V <sub>10</sub>	V <sub>25</sub>	V <sub>50</sub>	V <sub>100</sub>	V <sub>500</sub>
Chenango Tributary	C6	92	-	20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.4	0.6	0.9	1.5	2.7	5.9	8.1	11.0	17.7
Chenango Tributary	C7	72	-	20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.3	0.4	0.6	1.0	1.5	3.7	5.3	7.7	12.7
Chenango Tributary	C8	116	-	20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.6	0.9	1.3	2.3	4.1	8.1	11.0	14.8	23.3
Chenango Tributary	C9	132	-	20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.7	1.0	1.4	2.6	4.7	9.3	12.5	16.8	26.5
Tagawa Tributary	T_outfall	107	-	22	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.5	0.7	1.0	1.6	2.3	5.3	7.6	11.1	18.5
Tagawa Tributary	Parker_T1	107	-	22	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.5	0.7	1.0	1.6	2.3	5.3	7.7	11.1	18.5
Tagawa Tributary	T1	107	-	22	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.5	0.7	1.0	1.6	2.3	5.3	7.7	11.1	18.5
Kragelund Tributary	K_outfall	611	14	42	2.2	3.3	4.8	8.2	16.4	38.1	52.8	73.0	117.2	8.1	10.6	13.8	20.4	30.2	51.6	66.9	86.5	132.0
Kragelund Tributary	Parker_K	577	14	40	2.1	3.3	4.7	8.0	16.1	36.5	50.6	69.7	111.7	7.2	9.5	12.4	18.5	27.8	47.9	62.3	81.0	123.7
Kragelund Tributary	Bridle_Trail_K	453	14	43	1.7	2.5	3.6	6.2	12.5	28.5	39.3	54.3	87.2	6.5	8.5	11.0	16.3	23.8	39.3	50.6	65.4	98.8
Kragelund Tributary	Confluence_K	257	17	49	1.2	1.8	2.5	4.0	7.5	16.6	22.7	31.0	49.7	4.6	5.8	7.5	10.7	15.0	23.8	30.2	38.4	57.4
Kragelund Tributary	Future_Road_K	108	32	60	1.0	1.5	2.0	2.9	4.5	8.2	10.8	14.2	22.1	2.7	3.3	4.3	5.9	7.8	11.4	14.1	17.5	25.6
Kragelund Tributary	K1	34	6	59	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.2	1.2	1.9	3.0	5.2	0.8	1.0	1.3	1.8	2.2	3.3	4.1	5.2	7.6
Kragelund Tributary	K2	124	16	18	0.4	0.6	0.9	1.6	3.3	7.7	10.6	14.6	23.6	0.5	0.8	1.2	1.9	3.7	8.0	11.0	15.0	24.0
Kragelund Tributary	K3	69	2	38	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.9	3.4	4.9	7.2	12.1	1.0	1.3	1.6	2.4	3.5	5.9	7.6	9.8	14.9
Kragelund Tributary	K4	126	15	23	0.4	0.6	0.9	1.9	3.8	8.2	11.2	15.4	24.6	0.8	1.1	1.6	2.8	4.8	9.2	12.3	16.4	25.7
Kragelund Tributary	K5	45	4	45	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.7	2.3	3.4	4.8	8.1	0.8	1.0	1.3	1.9	2.6	4.2	5.3	6.7	10.1
Kragelund Tributary	K6	104	7	28	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.8	2.1	5.8	8.3	11.7	19.2	0.9	1.2	1.7	2.7	4.3	7.9	10.5	13.9	21.5
Kragelund Tributary	K7	108	32	60	1.0	1.5	2.0	2.9	4.5	8.2	10.8	14.2	22.1	2.7	3.3	4.3	5.9	7.8	11.4	14.1	17.5	25.6
17 Mile Tributary	17_outfall	145	8	36	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.8	2.1	7.2	10.4	15.2	25.4	1.8	2.4	3.1	4.6	6.5	11.4	14.9	19.5	30.1
17 Mile Tributary	Parker_17	124	7	36	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.6	1.6	5.8	8.6	12.7	21.3	1.5	2.0	2.6	3.8	5.5	9.7	12.6	16.6	25.6
17 Mile Tributary	17A	22	14	36	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.5	1.2	1.7	2.4	4.0	0.3	0.3	0.5	0.7	1.0	1.7	2.2	2.9	4.5
17 Mile Tributary	17B	124	7	36	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.6	1.6	5.8	8.6	12.7	21.3	1.5	2.0	2.6	3.8	5.5	9.7	12.6	16.6	25.6

(-) Existing Conditions = Future Conditions

[Baseline Hydrolog	y SWMM Input]	;;		
	bs U/S of Cherry Creek Reservoir	-		
-	-	Belleview_LR	5609	0
[OPTIONS]		Havana_LR	5645	0
;;Option	Value	_ Peoria_S	5580	0
FLOW_UNITS	CFS		5621	0
INFILTRATION	HORTON	Parker_J	5619	0
FLOW_ROUTING	KINWAVE	Junction_J3	5663	0
 LINK_OFFSETS	DEPTH	Junction_J4	5629.87	1.13
MIN_SLOPE	0	Regis_Jesuit_VCA		0
ALLOW_PONDING	NO	Parker_SA	5656	0
SKIP_STEADY_STATE	NO	Norfolk_SA	5720	0
		Richfield_SA	5760	0
START_DATE	12/01/2018	Parker_C	5698	0
START_TIME	00:00:00	Hinsdale_C	5718	0
REPORT_START_DATE	12/01/2018	Richfield_C	5745	0
REPORT_START_TIME	00:00:00	Telluride_C	5774	0
END_DATE	12/02/2018	Bridle_Trail_C	5814	0
END_DATE END_TIME	00:00:00	Biscay_C	5828	0
SWEEP_START	01/01	Parker_K	5724	0
				0
SWEEP_END	12/31	Bridle_Trail_K	5765	
DRY_DAYS	0	Confluence_K	5831	0
REPORT_STEP	00:01:00	Future_Road_K	5890	0
WET_STEP	00:05:00	Parker_17	5729	0
DRY_STEP	00:05:00	LR3	5645	0
ROUTING_STEP	0:00:05	LR2	5609	0
		LR1	5552	0
INERTIAL_DAMPING	PARTIAL	S3	5621	0
NORMAL_FLOW_LIMITE		S2	5580	0
FORCE_MAIN_EQUATIO		S1	5565	0
VARIABLE_STEP	0.75	J8	5738	0
LENGTHENING_STEP	0	J7	5729	0
MIN_SURFAREA	12.557	J6	5688	0
MAX_TRIALS	8	J5	5645	0
HEAD_TOLERANCE	0.005	J2	5579	0
SYS_FLOW_TOL	5	J4	5619	0
LAT_FLOW_TOL	5	J3	5619	0
MINIMUM_STEP	0.5	Jl	5579	0
THREADS	1	VCA1	5631	0
		VCA2	5689	0
[FILES]		NA1	5631	0
;;Interfacing File	5	NA2	5765	0
5	6004\WR_DRN\CUHP\OUT\CC_Ex_100yr_Omi^2_BH.txt"	NA4	5833	0
		NA3	5769	0
[EVAPORATION]		SA4	5760	0
	arameters	SA3	5720	0
;;		SA2	5656	0
	.0	SA1	5633	0
DRY_ONLY N		C2	5698	0
		17B	5729	0
[JUNCTIONS]		17B 17A	5729 5695	
	levation MaxDepth InitDepth SurDepth Aponded		5695 5690	0 0
	revación maxnehen intenehen surnehen Abonded	Кl	0000	U

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K2 K3 K4 K6 K7 K5 C9 C8 C7 C4 C3 C6 C5 C1 T1 GR1	5724 5765 5765 5831 5890 5831 5828 5817 5814 5745 5718 5774 5745 5658 5710 5620	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0			
[OUTFALLS] ;;Name	Elevation	Туре	Stage	Data	Gated	Route
To ;;						
S_outfall J_outfall VCA_outfall NA_outfall SA_outfall T_outfall C_outfall K_outfall 17_outfall GR_outfall	5552 5565 5579 5622 5631 5633 5673 5658 5690 5695 5620	FREE FREE FREE FREE FREE FREE FREE FREE			NO NO NO NO NO NO NO	
[DIVIDERS] ;;Name ;;		Diverted L:				
Lewiston_J 0 0						
Laredo_J 0         0	5717.75 0	J6_SS_OVF		CUTOFF	347	10
Shalom_J 15.27 0	5638.73 0	J4_SS_OVF 0		CUTOFF	122	
Fair_Place_VCA 0         0	5626.3 0	VCA_SS_OVF		CUTOFF	115	4.7
Parker_T1 0        0	5705.6	T0_OVF		OVERFLOW	4	0
Waco_NA 0 0	5825.75 0	NA3_OVF		CUTOFF	43.7	6.6
Buckley_NA1 16.5 0	5756.02 0	NA1_OVF 0		CUTOFF	195.2	

out_RB1-4_] 0	pond 0	5687.5 0	J3_0	VF		CU	TOFF	458	.8	13
Parker_NA 16.5	-		NA0_	ovf 0		CU'	TOFF	97.	9	
	s 			Fevar	p Ps		Shape Ksat			
RB1-4_pond 4_storage NA_pond 0 0			1.5		0 0		TABULAR		 RB1- NA_stor	age
Roughness	InOff	From Node set OutOf	fset	Init	Flow	Max	Flow			
 LR1_OC 0	0	Belleview_ 0	_LR	 LR_ 0	_outfal	 Ll	4430		0.07	
LR2_OC		Havana_LR 0		Ũ	Lleviev	v_LR	2280		0.07	б
0 S_OC_A	0	Peoria_S		0	outfall	L	1230		0.06	7
0 S_OC_B	0	0 Stock_Pond	l S	0 S (	outfall	L	3390		0.07	8
0	0	0 Parker_J	_	0	outfall		4100		0.06	2
J1_OC 0	0	0 Parker		0_0	Juliaii	<u>_</u>	4100		0.00	2
J3_OC 0	0	Junction_J	ГЗ	Pai 0	cker_J		1700		0.09	7
J4_OC		Junction_J	J4		rker_J		485		0.09	
0 J3_SS	0	0 out_RB1-4_	pond	0 Jur	nction_	_J3	1378		0.01	6
0 J4_SS	0	0 Shalom_J		0	nction_	тл	807		0.01	6
04_55	0	0		0		_04	807		0.01	0
J6_SS 0	0	Laredo_J 0		RB1 0	L-4_por	nd	1870		0.01	6
J7_SS		Lewiston_3	Г	-	redo_J		628		0.01	6
0 VCA_SS_OUT	0	0 Fair_Place	e_VCA	0 VCA	A_outfa	all	1801		0.01	б
0 VCA1_SS	0	0 Regis_Jesu	it ve	0 7 Fai	ir Dlad		A 3551		0.01	6
0 0	0	0 O	IIC_VC.	0	LI_FIAC	26_00				
NA1_SS 0	0	Buckley_NA 0	41	Pai 0	cker_NA	Ŧ	3014		0.01	6
NA3_SS		Waco_NA			ckley_N	JA1	4055		0.01	б
0 SA1_SS	0	0 Parker_SA		0 SA_	_outfal	1	3099		0.01	б
0	0	0		0						

SA2_OC	2	Norfolk_SA	Parker_SA	2320	0.088	J1_OF	0	Jl	J_outfall	400	0.01
0 SA3_OC	0	0 Richfield_SA	0 Norfolk_SA	1940	0.079	0 J2_OF	0	0 J2	0 J_outfall	400	0.01
0 TO_SS	0	0 Parker_T1	0 T_outfall	1604	0.016	0 VCA1_OF	0	0 VCA1	0 Fair_Place_VCA	400	0.01
0 C1_OC	0	0 Parker_C	0 C_outfall	2855	0.07	0 VCA2_OF	0	0 VCA2	0 Regis_Jesuit_VCA	400	0.01
0 C2_OC	0	0 Hinsdale_C	0 Parker_C	1380	0.07	0 NA1_OF	0	0 NA1	0 Parker_NA	400	0.01
0 C3_OC	0	0 Richfield_C	0 Hinsdale_C	1475	0.077	0 NA2_OF	0	0 NA2	0 NA_pond	400	0.01
0 C4_OC	0	0 Telluride_C	0 Richfield_C 0	1850	0.074	0 NA4_OF	0	0 NA4	0 Waco_NA 0	400	0.01
0 C6_OC 0	0	0 Bridle_Trail_C 0	U Telluride_C	2325	0.076	0 NA3_OF 0	0	0 NA3 0	0 Buckley_NA1 0	400	0.01
0 C8_OC 0	0	Biscay_C 0	Bridle_Trail_C	760	0.077	0 SA4_OF 0	0	SA4	0 Richfield_SA 0	400	0.01
6 К1_ОС 0	0	Parker_K 0	K_outfall	2110	0.077	SA3_OF 0	0	0 SA3 0	Norfolk_SA 0	400	0.01
6 К2_ОС 0	0	Bridle_Trail_K 0	Parker_K	2620	0.077	SA2_OF 0	0	SA2 0	Parker_SA 0	400	0.01
к4_ос 0	0	Confluence_K 0	Bridle_Trail_K	2860	0.088	SA1_OF 0	0	SA1 0	SA_outfall	400	0.01
к5_ОС 0	0	Future_Road_K	Confluence_K	2325	0.091	C2_OF 0	0	C2 0	Parker_C 0	400	0.01
17A_OC 0	0	Parker_17 0	17_outfall	1120	0.099	C3_OF 0	0	C3 0	Hinsdale_C	400	0.01
LR3_OF	0	LR3 0	Havana_LR	400	0.01	C4_OF 0	0	C4 0	Richfield_C	400	0.01
LR2_OF 0	0	LR2 0	Belleview_LR	400	0.01	C5_OF 0	0	C5 0	Richfield_C	400	0.01
LR1_OF 0	0	LR1 0	LR_outfall	400	0.01	C6_OF 0	0	C6 0	Telluride_C	400	0.01
S3_OF 0	0	S3 0	Stock_Pond_S	400	0.01	C7_OF 0	0	C7 0	Bridle_Trail_C	400	0.01
S2_OF 0	0	S2 0	Peoria_S 0	400	0.01	C8_OF 0	0	C8 0	Bridle_Trail_C	400	0.01
S_OF 0	0	S1 0	S_outfall 0	400	0.01	C9_OF 0	0	C9 0	Biscay_C 0	400	0.01
J8_OF 0	0	J8 0	Lewiston_J 0	400	0.01	C1_OF 0	0	C1 0	C_outfall 0	400	0.01
J7_OF 0	0	J7 0	Laredo_J 0	400	0.01	T1_OF 0	0	T1 0	Parker_T1 0	400	0.01
J6_OF 0	0	J6 0	RB1-4_pond 0	400	0.01	K1_OF 0	0	K1 0	K_outfall 0	400	0.01
J5_OF 0	0	J5 0	Shalom_J 0	400	0.01	K2_OF 0	0	K2 0	Parker_K 0	400	0.01
J4_OF 0	0	J4 0	Parker_J 0	400	0.01	17B_OF 0	0	17B 0	Parker_17 0	400	0.01
J3_OF 0	0	J3 0	Parker_J 0	400	0.01	K3_OF 0	0	КЗ 0	Bridle_Trail_K 0	400	0.01

K5_OF	к5	Confluence_K	400	0.01		S_OC_A	IRREGULAR	LR2_OC	0	0	0
0 0 K6_OF	0 K6	0 Confluence_K	400	0.01		I S_OC_B	IRREGULAR	LR2_OC	0	0	0
0 0 K7_OF	0 K7	0 Future_Road_K	400	0.01		1 J1_OC	IRREGULAR	J3_0C	0	0	0
0 0 K4_OF	0 K4	0 Bridle_Trail_K	400	0.01		1 J3_OC	IRREGULAR	J3_OC	0	0	0
0 0	0	0				1					-
17A_OF 0 0	17A 0	17_outfall 0	400	0.01		J4_OC 1	IRREGULAR	J3_OC	0	0	0
J7_SS_OVF 0 0	Lewiston_J 0	Laredo_J 0	400	0.01		J3_SS 1	CIRCULAR	6	0	0	0
J6_SS_OVF 0        0	Laredo_J 0	RB1-4_pond	400	0.01		J4_SS	CIRCULAR	4	0	0	0
J4_SS_OVF	Shalom_J	Junction_J4	400	0.01		J6_SS	CIRCULAR	5.5	0	0	0
0    0 VCA_SS_OVF 0    0	0 Fair_Place_VCA 0	VCA_outfall	400	0.01		J7_SS	CIRCULAR	4	0	0	0
T0_OVF	Parker_T1	T_outfall	400	0.01		I VCA_SS_OUT	RECT_CLOSED	3	8	0	0
0 0 NA3_OVF	0 Waco_NA	Buckley_NA1	400	0.01		1 VCA1_SS	CIRCULAR	5.5	0	0	0
0         0 NA1_OVF	0 Buckley_NA1	0 Parker_NA 0	400	0.01		I NA1_SS	CIRCULAR	4	0	0	0
0 0 J3_OVF	0 out_RB1-4_pond	Junction_J3	400	0.01		I NA3_SS	CIRCULAR	2.5	0	0	0
0 0 GR1_OF	0 GR1	0 GR_outfall	400	0.01		I SA1_SS	RECT_OPEN	6	12	0	0
0	0 Parker_NA	0 NA_outfall	2835	0.016		I SA2_OC	IRREGULAR	SA2_OC	0	0	0
0	0 Parker_NA	0 NA_outfall	400	0.01		1 SA3_OC	IRREGULAR	SA2_OC	0	0	0
0 0	0	0				1 T0_SS	CIRCULAR	4	0	0	0
[OUTLETS]						1			0		0
;;Name QTable/Qcoeff	From Node Qexpon Gate	To Node d	Offset	Туре		C1_OC 1	IRREGULAR	C4_OC	0	0	0
						C2_OC	IRREGULAR	C4_OC	0	0	0
outlet_RB1-4_pc		out_RB1-4_pond	0			1 C3_OC	IRREGULAR	C4_OC	0	0	0
TABULAR/DEPTH outlet_NA_pond		NO Buckley_NA1	0			1 C4_OC	IRREGULAR	C4_OC	0	0	0
TABULAR/DEPTH	NA_rating	NO				1 C6_OC	IRREGULAR	C4_OC	0	0	0
[XSECTIONS]						1					
;;Link Geom4 Barr	Shape Ge cels Culvert	oml Geo	om2 Ge	om3		C8_OC 1	IRREGULAR	C4_OC	0	0	0
;;					-	K1_OC 1	IRREGULAR	K4_OC	0	0	0
LR1_OC	IRREGULAR LR	.2_OC 0	0		0	K2_OC	IRREGULAR	K4_OC	0	0	0
1 LR2_OC	IRREGULAR LR	.2_OC 0	0		0	1 K4_OC	IRREGULAR	K4_OC	0	0	0
1						1					

К5_ОС 1	IRREGULAR	K4_OC	0	0	0	C2_OF 1	DUMMY	0
17A_OC	IRREGULAR	17A	0	0	0	C3_OF 1	DUMMY	0
1 LR3_OF	DUMMY	0	0	0	0	C4_OF	DUMMY	0
1 LR2_OF	DUMMY	0	0	0	0	1 C5_OF	DUMMY	0
1 LR1_OF	DUMMY	0	0	0	0	1 C6_OF	DUMMY	0
1 S3_OF	DUMMY	0	0	0	0	1 C7_OF	DUMMY	0
1 S2_OF	DUMMY	0	0	0	0	1 C8_OF	DUMMY	0
1 S_OF	DUMMY	0	0	0	0	1 C9_OF	DUMMY	0
1 J8_OF	DUMMY	0	0	0	0	1 C1_OF	DUMMY	0
1 J7_OF	DUMMY	0	0	0	0	1 T1_OF	DUMMY	0
1 J6_OF	DUMMY	0	0	0	0	1 K1_OF	DUMMY	0
1 J5_OF	DUMMY	0	0	0	0	1 K2_OF	DUMMY	0
1 J4_OF	DUMMY	0	0	0	0	1 17B_OF	DUMMY	0
1 J3_OF	DUMMY	0	0	0	0	1 K3_OF	DUMMY	0
1 J1_OF	DUMMY	0	0	0	0	1 K5_OF	DUMMY	0
1 J2_OF	DUMMY	0	0	0	0	1 K6_OF	DUMMY	0
1 VCA1_OF	DUMMY	0	0	0	0	1 K7_OF	DUMMY	0
1 VCA2_OF	DUMMY	0	0	0	0	1 K4_OF	DUMMY	0
1 NA1_OF	DUMMY	0	0	0	0	1 17A_OF	DUMMY	0
1 NA2_OF	DUMMY	0	0	0	0	1 J7_SS_OVF	DUMMY	0
1 NA4_OF	DUMMY	0	0	0	0	1 J6_SS_OVF	DUMMY	0
1 NA3_OF	DUMMY	0	0	0	0	1 J4_SS_OVF	DUMMY	0
1 SA4_OF	DUMMY	0	0	0	0	1 VCA_SS_OVF	DUMMY	0
1 SA3_OF	DUMMY	0	0	0	0	1 T0_OVF	DUMMY	0
1 SA2_OF	DUMMY	0	0	0	0	1 NA3_OVF	DUMMY	0
1 SA1_OF	DUMMY	0	0	0	0	1 NA1_OVF	DUMMY	0
1						1		

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T2 01/5		0		0	0	0			0 5
J3_OVF	DUMMY	0		0	0	0	NA_rating		0.5 0.75
1	TTTM MAX Z	0		0	0	0	NA_rating		
GR1_OF	DUMMY	0		0	0	0	NA_rating		1
1		2 5		0	0	0	NA_rating		1.25
NA0_SS	CIRCULAR	3.5		0	0	0	NA_rating		1.5
1				•	0	0	NA_rating		1.75
NA0_OVF	DUMMY	0		0	0	0	NA_rating		2
1							NA_rating		2.25
·							NA_rating		2.5
[TRANSECTS]							NA_rating		2.75
;;Transect Data	in HEC-2 fo:	rmat					NA_rating		3
;							NA_rating		3.25
NC 0.073 0.0			~ F	0.0		0 0	NA_rating		3.5
X1 LR2_OC	4	20	65	0.0	0.0	0.0	NA_rating		3.75
0.0 0.0							NA_rating		4
GR 5615 0	5609	37.5	5609	47.5	5615	85	NA_rating		4.25
;							NA_rating		4.5
NC 0.083 0.08							NA_rating		4.75
X1 J3_OC	4	20	100	0.0	0.0	0.0	NA_rating		5
0.0 0.0							NA_rating		5.25
GR 5614 0	5609	50	5609	70	5614	120	NA_rating		5.5
;							NA_rating		5.75
NC 0.084 0.08							NA_rating		6
X1 SA2_OC	4	28	52	0.0	0.0	0.0	NA_rating		6.25
0.0 0.0							NA_rating		6.5
GR 5711 0	5705.5	35	5705.5	45	5711	80	NA_rating		6.75
i							NA_rating		7
NC 0.074 0.0							NA_rating		7.25
X1 C4_OC	4	50	90	0.0	0.0	0.0	NA_rating		7.5
0.0 0.0							NA_rating		7.75
GR 5761 0	5755.5	65	5755.5	75	5761	140	NA_rating		8
i							NA_rating		8.25
NC 0.083 0.08		~ -					NA_rating		8.5
X1 K4_OC	4	25	101	0.0	0.0	0.0	NA_rating		8.75
0.0 0.0		50				100	NA_rating		9
GR 5780 0	5776	53	5776	73	5779	126	NA_rating		9.25
;							NA_rating		9.4
NC 0.099 0.0		0.0	60	0 0	0 0	0 0	; DD1 4 ml and a		0 0
X1 17A	4	22	60	0.0	0.0	0.0	RB1-4_storage	Storage	0.0
0.0 0.0		2.2		10		0.0	RB1-4_storage		0.5
GR 5712.5 0	5709.5	33	5709.5	49	5712.5	82	RB1-4_storage		1.5
							RB1-4_storage		2.5
[CURVES]		37 37- ]	37 37- ]				RB1-4_storage		3.5
;;Name	Туре	X-Value	Y-Value				RB1-4_storage		4.5
;;	Detirr						RB1-4_storage		5.5
RB1-4_rating	Rating	0	0				RB1-4_storage		6.5
RB1-4_rating		9.4	253				RB1-4_storage		7.5
RB1-4_rating		11.5	410				RB1-4_storage		8.5
RB1-4_rating		11.6	800				RB1-4_storage		9.5
; NA moting	Detirr	0	0				RB1-4_storage		10.5
NA_rating	Rating	0	0	010			RB1-4_storage		11.5
NA_rating		0.25	0.099577	919			i		

0.172682303 0.235463946 0.303475519 0.378053554 0.452743879 0.523860156 0.602156867 0.690636693 0.776927912 0.860797569 0.947930776 1.044520098 1.141315466 1.427128841 2.217337784 3.437682479 5.05247785 7.039439785 9.382521139 12.06927874 15.08960806 18.43503888 22.09830396 26.07305627 30.35367403 34.16548676 36.58187651 45.87887399 61.50071109 81.09168456 100.5413678 122.3952724 173.3363635 239.3125024 317.2942551 405.4828343 464.2985611 0 328 2222 22311 41170 60321 75858 86332 95521 104107 112990 121937

131448

NA_storage NA_storage NA_storage NA_storage NA_storage NA_storage NA_storage NA_storage NA_storage NA_storage NA_storage	Storage	0 0.4 1.4 2.4 3.4 4.4 5.4 6.4 7.4 8.4 9.4	2015 4028.5 7744.803 13712.894 19405.348 28097.354 47234.436 60011.204 65786.986 65786.986
[REPORT] ;;Reporting Option INPUT NO CONTROLS NO SUBCATCHMENTS AL NODES ALL LINKS ALL			
[TAGS] [MAP]			
DIMENSIONS -2727 Units None	.273 0.000	12727.273 10	0000.000
[COORDINATES]			~ 1
;;Node	X-Coord	Y-0	Coord
; ; Node ; ;			
;;Node ;; Belleview_LR	-123.123	82	76.677
;;Node ;; Belleview_LR Havana_LR	 -123.123 -252.770	 82 764	76.677 40.991
;;Node ;; Belleview_LR Havana_LR Peoria_S	 -123.123 -252.770 1527.855	82 764 775	76.677 40.991 54.128
;;Node ;; Belleview_LR Havana_LR Peoria_S Stock_Pond_S	-123.123 -252.770 1527.855 1010.237	82 764 779 730	76.677 40.991 54.128 02.238
;;Node ;; Belleview_LR Havana_LR Peoria_S Stock_Pond_S Parker_J	-123.123 -252.770 1527.855 1010.237 4212.105	82' 764 77! 730 762	76.677 40.991 54.128 02.238 15.032
<pre>;;Node ;; Belleview_LR Havana_LR Peoria_S Stock_Pond_S Parker_J Junction_J3</pre>	 -123.123 -252.770 1527.855 1010.237 4212.105 4882.479	82 764 779 730 762 746	76.677 40.991 54.128 02.238
<pre>;;Node ;; Belleview_LR Havana_LR Peoria_S Stock_Pond_S Parker_J Junction_J3</pre>	-123.123 -252.770 1527.855 1010.237 4212.105 4882.479 4371.553	82 764 779 730 762 740 770	76.677 40.991 54.128 02.238 15.032 52.368
<pre>;;Node ;; Belleview_LR Havana_LR Peoria_S Stock_Pond_S Parker_J Junction_J3 Junction_J4 Regis_Jesuit_VCA</pre>	-123.123 -252.770 1527.855 1010.237 4212.105 4882.479 4371.553 5966.849	82 764 779 730 762 746 776 540	76.677 40.991 54.128 02.238 15.032 62.368 58.648
<pre>;;Node ;; Belleview_LR Havana_LR Peoria_S Stock_Pond_S Parker_J Junction_J3 Junction_J4</pre>	-123.123 -252.770 1527.855 1010.237 4212.105 4882.479 4371.553 5966.849	82 764 775 730 730 746 774 540 463	76.677 40.991 54.128 02.238 15.032 62.368 58.648 01.173
<pre>;;Node ;; Belleview_LR Havana_LR Peoria_S Stock_Pond_S Parker_J Junction_J3 Junction_J4 Regis_Jesuit_VCA Parker_SA</pre>	-123.123 -252.770 1527.855 1010.237 4212.105 4882.479 4371.553 5966.849 5972.160	82 764 775 730 765 746 776 540 465 44	76.677 40.991 54.128 02.238 15.032 52.368 58.648 01.173 15.175
<pre>;;Node ;; Belleview_LR Havana_LR Peoria_S Stock_Pond_S Parker_J Junction_J3 Junction_J4 Regis_Jesuit_VCA Parker_SA Norfolk_SA</pre>	-123.123 -252.770 1527.855 1010.237 4212.105 4882.479 4371.553 5966.849 5972.160 6718.568	82 764 779 730 765 740 776 540 465 444 445	76.677 40.991 54.128 02.238 15.032 52.368 58.648 01.173 15.175 42.553
<pre>;;Node ;; Belleview_LR Havana_LR Peoria_S Stock_Pond_S Parker_J Junction_J3 Junction_J4 Regis_Jesuit_VCA Parker_SA Norfolk_SA Richfield_SA</pre>	-123.123 -252.770 1527.855 1010.237 4212.105 4882.479 4371.553 5966.849 5972.160 6718.568 7370.156	82 764 779 730 762 740 740 740 740 540 462 444 442 329	76.677 40.991 54.128 02.238 15.032 52.368 58.648 01.173 15.175 42.553 37.690
<pre>;;Node ;; Belleview_LR Havana_LR Peoria_S Stock_Pond_S Parker_J Junction_J3 Junction_J4 Regis_Jesuit_VCA Parker_SA Norfolk_SA Richfield_SA Parker_C</pre>	-123.123 -252.770 1527.855 1010.237 4212.105 4882.479 4371.553 5966.849 5972.160 6718.568 7370.156 6631.041	82 764 779 730 76 746 776 540 46 44 44 329 31	76.677 40.991 54.128 02.238 15.032 62.368 58.648 01.173 15.175 42.553 37.690 92.549
<pre>;;Node ;; Belleview_LR Havana_LR Peoria_S Stock_Pond_S Parker_J Junction_J3 Junction_J4 Regis_Jesuit_VCA Parker_SA Norfolk_SA Richfield_SA Parker_C Hinsdale_C</pre>	-123.123 -252.770 1527.855 1010.237 4212.105 4882.479 4371.553 5966.849 5972.160 6718.568 7370.156 6631.041 7034.637	82° 764 779 730 76° 746 776 540 46° 444 329 310 30°	76.677 40.991 54.128 02.238 15.032 62.368 58.648 01.173 15.175 42.553 37.690 92.549 51.534
<pre>;;Node ;; Belleview_LR Havana_LR Peoria_S Stock_Pond_S Parker_J Junction_J3 Junction_J4 Regis_Jesuit_VCA Parker_SA Norfolk_SA Richfield_SA Parker_C Hinsdale_C Richfield_C Telluride_C Bridle_Trail_C</pre>	-123.123 -252.770 1527.855 1010.237 4212.105 4882.479 4371.553 5966.849 5972.160 6718.568 7370.156 6631.041 7034.637 7501.446 8114.133 8790.034	82 764 775 730 765 746 776 540 465 444 325 315 305 305 305 305	76.677 40.991 54.128 02.238 15.032 52.368 58.648 01.173 15.175 42.553 37.690 92.549 51.534 29.969 85.889 90.751
<pre>;;Node ;; Belleview_LR Havana_LR Peoria_S Stock_Pond_S Parker_J Junction_J3 Junction_J4 Regis_Jesuit_VCA Parker_SA Norfolk_SA Richfield_SA Parker_C Hinsdale_C Richfield_C Telluride_C Bridle_Trail_C Biscay_C</pre>	-123.123 -252.770 1527.855 1010.237 4212.105 4882.479 4371.553 5966.849 5972.160 6718.568 7370.156 6631.041 7034.637 7501.446 8114.133 8790.034 9016.145	82 764 775 730 765 746 776 540 465 444 325 315 305 305 305 305 305 305 305	76.677 40.991 54.128 02.238 15.032 52.368 58.648 01.173 15.175 42.553 37.690 92.549 51.534 29.969 85.889 90.751 98.679
<pre>;;Node ;; Belleview_LR Havana_LR Peoria_S Stock_Pond_S Parker_J Junction_J3 Junction_J4 Regis_Jesuit_VCA Parker_SA Norfolk_SA Richfield_SA Parker_C Hinsdale_C Richfield_C Telluride_C Bridle_Trail_C Biscay_C Parker_K</pre>	-123.123 -252.770 1527.855 1010.237 4212.105 4882.479 4371.553 5966.849 5972.160 6718.568 7370.156 6631.041 7034.637 7501.446 8114.133 8790.034 9016.145 7199.965	82 764 779 730 765 746 776 540 465 444 442 329 319 302 308 309 289 186	76.677 40.991 54.128 02.238 15.032 52.368 58.648 01.173 15.175 42.553 37.690 92.549 51.534 29.969 85.889 90.751 98.679 52.945
<pre>;;Node ;; Belleview_LR Havana_LR Peoria_S Stock_Pond_S Parker_J Junction_J3 Junction_J4 Regis_Jesuit_VCA Parker_SA Norfolk_SA Richfield_SA Parker_C Hinsdale_C Richfield_C Telluride_C Bridle_Trail_C Biscay_C Parker_K Bridle_Trail_K</pre>	-123.123 -252.770 1527.855 1010.237 4212.105 4882.479 4371.553 5966.849 5972.160 6718.568 7370.156 6631.041 7034.637 7501.446 8114.133 8790.034 9016.145 7199.965 7968.256	82 764 779 730 765 740 740 740 740 740 740 740 740 740 740	76.677 40.991 54.128 52.238 15.032 52.368 58.648 51.175 42.553 37.690 92.549 51.534 29.969 85.889 90.751 98.679 52.945 28.274
<pre>;;Node ;; Belleview_LR Havana_LR Peoria_S Stock_Pond_S Parker_J Junction_J3 Junction_J4 Regis_Jesuit_VCA Parker_SA Norfolk_SA Richfield_SA Parker_C Hinsdale_C Richfield_C Telluride_C Bridle_Trail_C Biscay_C Parker_K Bridle_Trail_K Confluence_K</pre>	-123.123 -252.770 1527.855 1010.237 4212.105 4882.479 4371.553 5966.849 5972.160 6718.568 7370.156 6631.041 7034.637 7501.446 8114.133 8790.034 9016.145 7199.965 7968.256 8814.347	82 76 77 73 73 76 74 76 74 76 54 46 46 44 44 329 319 302 319 302 308 309 309 309 289 186 202	76.677 40.991 54.128 52.238 15.032 62.368 68.648 51.175 42.553 37.690 92.549 51.534 29.969 85.889 90.751 98.679 62.945 28.274 52.480
<pre>;;Node ;; Belleview_LR Havana_LR Peoria_S Stock_Pond_S Parker_J Junction_J3 Junction_J4 Regis_Jesuit_VCA Parker_SA Norfolk_SA Richfield_SA Parker_C Hinsdale_C Richfield_C Telluride_C Bridle_Trail_C Biscay_C Parker_K Bridle_Trail_K Confluence_K Future_Road_K</pre>	-123.123 -252.770 1527.855 1010.237 4212.105 4882.479 4371.553 5966.849 5972.160 6718.568 7370.156 6631.041 7034.637 7501.446 8114.133 8790.034 9016.145 7199.965 7968.256 8814.347 9385.702	82° 764 779 730 746 746 746 442 444 329 302 302 308 309 289 186 202 170 136	76.677 40.991 54.128 02.238 15.032 52.368 58.648 01.173 15.175 42.553 37.690 92.549 51.534 29.969 85.889 90.751 98.679 52.945 28.274 02.480 56.961
<pre>;;Node ;; Belleview_LR Havana_LR Peoria_S Stock_Pond_S Parker_J Junction_J3 Junction_J4 Regis_Jesuit_VCA Parker_SA Norfolk_SA Richfield_SA Parker_C Hinsdale_C Richfield_C Telluride_C Bridle_Trail_C Biscay_C Parker_K Bridle_Trail_K Confluence_K</pre>	-123.123 -252.770 1527.855 1010.237 4212.105 4882.479 4371.553 5966.849 5972.160 6718.568 7370.156 6631.041 7034.637 7501.446 8114.133 8790.034 9016.145 7199.965 7968.256 8814.347	82° 764 779 730 746 746 746 442 442 329 319 302 308 309 289 186 202 170 136 149	76.677 40.991 54.128 52.238 15.032 62.368 68.648 51.175 42.553 37.690 92.549 51.534 29.969 85.889 90.751 98.679 62.945 28.274 52.480

_	
LR2	39.980
LR1	90.166
S3	624.102
S2	1313.661
S1	838.769
J8	6593.833
J7	5980.369
JG	5406.342
J5	4661.421
J2	4034.812
J4	4337.162
J3	4931.228
J1	4424.799
VCA1	5848.912
VCA2	6650.797
NA1	6855.406
NA2	8013.564
NA4	8740.957
NA3	8459.378
SA4	8109.965
SA3	7325.608
SA2	6799.782
SA1	5752.511
C2	7268.643
17B	8233.267
17A	7202.397
K1	7022.480
K2	7664.343
K3	8692.782
K4	8644.156
Кб	9283.588
K7	10335.963
K5	9222.805
C9	9796.991
C8	9735.645
C7	9152.854
C4	8561.300
C3	7728.741
C6	8736.575
C5	8061.765
C1	6791.018
T1	7991.654
GR1	5274.885
LR outfall	600.387
S_outfall	1366.321
J_outfall	3129.927
VCA_outfall	4662.222
NA_outfall	4920.786
SA_outfall	4899.957
	4899.957 6384.231
T_outfall C_outfall	5685.266
K_outfall	6623.748

7737.180 8615.430 6776.536 6895.122 7732.998 8275.416 8205.306 8262.270 8336.762 8319.235 8060.703 7223.949 7188.708 5554.265 5506.064 5031.735 5032.820 4603.396 4196.992 3968.022 4024.987 4125.770 4480.703 3573.653 1213.789 1595.503 1675.735 1794.869 1437.468 2322.461 2008.823 1338.891 1247.827 2473.799 3152.991 3753.310 3674.436 3547.361 2627.165 2898.842 2885.696 2578.964 5913.579 9309.666 8133.280 7841.141 5584.703 4725.636 4644.351 2499.017 3389.801 1685.461

Lewiston_J Laredo_J Shalom_J Fair_Place_VCA Parker_T1 Waco_NA Buckley_NA1 out_RB1-4_pond Parker_NA RB1-4_pond	6901.788 8270.083 6942.831 5207.572 6049.035	1366.961 5812.849 7829.562 7792.686 7866.084 5592.329 2534.646 4743.724 4717.330 7550.921 4729.177 7583.078 4835.941
[VERTICES] ;;Link ;;	X-Coord	Y-Coord
	-39.481	9016.916
LR1_OC LR2_OC S_OC_B S_OC_B	-89.666	7891.920
S OC B	1181.705	7507.163
S_OC_B	1478.637	7703.723
J3_SS	5076.347	7414.844
J6_SS	5319.937	7778.454
C1_OC	5857.889	3290.118
K1_OC	6808.526	1619.816
LR1_OF	198.901	9004.369
J8_OF	6300.610	7900.577
J2_OF	3785.394	7860.260
NA1_OF	6340.787	4761.594
	8082.527	4313.694
NA3_OF	7861.278	4717.290
C3_OF	7445.526	3270.667
	7754.301	3081.026
	8345.107	3068.869
	9042.889	3005.656
C1_OF	5957.572	3273.098
	5809.263	
K3_OF	8118.996	1824.045
K5_OF J7_SS_OVF	8999.126 5902.881	1607.659 7873.780
J6_SS_OVF	5309.509	7786.517
J4_SS_OVF	4380.048	7844.493
VCA_SS_OVF	5048.151	5604.438
TO_OVF	6637.415	2457.233
NA3_OVF	7598.916	4792.742
NA1_OVF	6568.539	4761.101
J3_OVF	5069.958	7505.387
na0_ovf	5517.588	4782.996

EPA STORM WATER MANAGEMENT MODEL - VERSION 5.1 (Build 5.1.012)

WARNING	04:	minimum	elevation	dr
WARNING	04:	minimum	elevation	dr
WARNING	04:	minimum	elevation	dr
WARNING	04:	minimum	elevation	dr
WARNING	04:	minimum	elevation	dr
WARNING	04:	minimum	elevation	dr
WARNING	04:	minimum	elevation	dr
WARNING	04:	minimum	elevation	dr
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WARNING	04:	minimum	elevation	dr
WARNING	04:	minimum	elevation	dr
WARNING	04:	minimum	elevation	dr
WARNING	04:	minimum	elevation	dr
WARNING	04:	minimum	elevation	dr
WARNING	04:	minimum	elevation	dr
WARNING	04:	minimum	elevation	dr
WARNING	02:	maximum	depth incr	rea
WARNING	02:	maximum	depth incr	rea
* * * * * * * *	* * * * *	* * * * * * * * *	* * * * * * * * * * *	* * *

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NOTE: The summary statistics displayed in this report are based on results found at every computational time step, not just on results from each reporting time step. 

* * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	
Analysis Options	
* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	
Flow Units	CFS
Process Models:	
Rainfall/Runoff	NO
RDII	NO
Snowmelt	NO

```
rop used for Conduit LR3 OF
rop used for Conduit LR2_OF
rop used for Conduit LR1_OF
rop used for Conduit S3_OF
rop used for Conduit S2_OF
rop used for Conduit S_OF
rop used for Conduit J4_OF
rop used for Conduit J3_OF
rop used for Conduit J1_OF
rop used for Conduit J2_OF
rop used for Conduit VCA2_OF
rop used for Conduit SA4_OF
rop used for Conduit SA3_OF
rop used for Conduit SA2_OF
rop used for Conduit SA1_OF
rop used for Conduit C2_OF
rop used for Conduit C3_OF
rop used for Conduit C4_OF
rop used for Conduit C5_OF
rop used for Conduit C6_OF
rop used for Conduit C7_OF
rop used for Conduit C9_OF
rop used for Conduit C1_OF
rop used for Conduit K1_OF
rop used for Conduit K2_OF
rop used for Conduit 17B_OF
rop used for Conduit K3_OF
rop used for Conduit K5_OF
rop used for Conduit K6_OF
rop used for Conduit K7_OF
rop used for Conduit K4_OF
rop used for Conduit 17A_OF
rop used for Conduit GR1_OF
ased for Node Junction_J4
ased for Node Fair Place VCA
```

Groundwater	NO	
Flow Routing	YES	
Ponding Allowed	NO	
Water Quality	NO	
Flow Routing Method	KINWAVE	
Starting Date	12/01/2018	00:00:00
Ending Date	12/02/2018	00:00:00
Antecedent Dry Days	0.0	
Report Time Step	00:01:00	
Routing Time Step	5.00 sec	

**************************************	Volume acre-feet	Volume 10^6 gal
* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *		
Dry Weather Inflow	0.000	0.000
Wet Weather Inflow	0.000	0.000
Groundwater Inflow	0.000	0.000
RDII Inflow	0.000	0.000
External Inflow	541.315	176.396
External Outflow	549.077	178.925
Flooding Loss	0.000	0.000
Evaporation Loss	0.000	0.000
Exfiltration Loss	0.000	0.000
Initial Stored Volume	0.000	0.000
Final Stored Volume	0.076	0.025
Continuity Error (%)	-1.448	

#### 

#### 

Routing Time Step Summary		
Minimum Time Step	:	5.00 sec
Average Time Step	:	5.00 sec
Maximum Time Step	:	5.00 sec
Percent in Steady State	:	0.00
Average Iterations per Step	:	1.00
Percent Not Converging	:	0.00

#### \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \*

## Node Depth Summary

_	P	٩v
ed		
Max Depth Feet	Туре	
R	JUNCTION	
3.46		
	JUNCTION	
2.88		
1 0 6	JUNCTION	
	TINGUT ON	
	JUNCTION	
2.43	TINCTION	
3 4 2	UUNCIION	
5.12	JUNCTION	
3 94	0011011	
	JUNCTION	
3.27		
t_VCA	JUNCTION	
2.47		
	JUNCTION	
2.35		
	JUNCTION	
2.37		
	JUNCTION	
1.94		
	JUNCTION	
3.90	TINICETON	
2 66	JUNCTION	
3.00	TINOTTON	
3 30	JUNCIION	
5.50	TUNCTION	
3 06	0011011011	
	JUNCTION	
	0 01101 2011	
	JUNCTION	
1.89		
	JUNCTION	
2.91		
l_K	JUNCTION	
2.71		
K	JUNCTION	
2.04		
	ed Max Depth Feet 	ed Max Depth Feet Feet R JUNCTION 3.46 JUNCTION 2.88 JUNCTION 1.86 S JUNCTION 2.43 JUNCTION 3.42 JUNCTION 3.94 JUNCTION 3.94 JUNCTION 3.27 t_VCA JUNCTION 3.27 t_VCA JUNCTION 2.35 JUNCTION 2.37 A JUNCTION 3.90 JUNCTION 3.90 JUNCTION 3.66 JUNCTION 3.30 JUNCTION 3.06 1_C JUNCTION 3.06 1_C JUNCTION 1.89 JUNCTION 2.91 1_K JUNCTION 2.71 K JUNCTION

Average	Maximum	Maximum	Time of
Depth	Depth	HGL	
	Feet		_
	3.46		
0.16	2.89	5647.89	0
0.19	1.86	5581.86	0
0.17	2.43	5623.43	0
0.34	3.42	5622.42	0
0.35	3.94	5666.94	0
0.18	3.27	5633.14	0
0.14	2.47	5691.47	0
0.23	2.35	5658.35	0
0.22	2.37	5722.37	0
0.17	1.94	5761.94	0
0.40	3.90	5701.90	0
0.36	3.66	5721.66	0
0.31	3.30	5748.30	0
0.25	3.06	5777.06	0
0.20	2.75	5816.75	0
0.13	1.89	5829.89	0
0.28	2.91	5726.91	0
0.24	2.71	5767.71	0
0.15	2.04	5833.04	0

Future_H	Road K	JUNCTION	0.09	1 52	5891.52	0	C2		JUNCTION
00:40	1.52	UDINCTION	0.05	1.52	JUJ1.JZ	0	00:00	0.00	OUNCIION
Parker_1		JUNCTION	0.10	1.58	5730.58	0	17B		JUNCTION
00:50	1.58						00:00	0.00	
LR3		JUNCTION	0.00	0.00	5645.00	0	17A		JUNCTION
00:00	0.00						00:00	0.00	
LR2		JUNCTION	0.00	0.00	5609.00	0	Kl		JUNCTION
00:00	0.00						00:00	0.00	
LR1		JUNCTION	0.00	0.00	5552.00	0	К2		JUNCTION
00:00	0.00						00:00	0.00	
S3		JUNCTION	0.00	0.00	5621.00	0	КЗ		JUNCTION
00:00	0.00		0 00	0 00		0	00:00	0.00	
S2	0 00	JUNCTION	0.00	0.00	5580.00	0	K4	0 00	JUNCTION
00:00 S1	0.00	TINOUTON	0 00	0 00		0	00:00	0.00	TIMOUTON
00:00	0.00	JUNCTION	0.00	0.00	5565.00	0	Кб 00:00	0.00	JUNCTION
J8	0.00	JUNCTION	0.00	0.00	5738.00	0	K7	0.00	JUNCTION
00:00	0.00	UUNCIION	0.00	0.00	5758.00	0	00:00	0.00	JUNCIION
J7	0.00	JUNCTION	0.00	0.00	5729.00	0	K5	0.00	JUNCTION
00:00	0.00	0011011	0.00	0.00	5725.00	0	00:00	0.00	0010011010
J6		JUNCTION	0.00	0.00	5688.00	0	C9	0.00	JUNCTION
00:00	0.00	0 011012011	0.00			Ũ	00:00	0.00	0011011011
J5		JUNCTION	0.00	0.00	5645.00	0	C8		JUNCTION
00:00	0.00						00:00	0.00	
J2		JUNCTION	0.00	0.00	5579.00	0	C7		JUNCTION
00:00	0.00						00:00	0.00	
J4		JUNCTION	0.00	0.00	5619.00	0	C4		JUNCTION
00:00	0.00						00:00	0.00	
J3		JUNCTION	0.00	0.00	5619.00	0	C3		JUNCTION
00:00	0.00						00:00	0.00	
J1		JUNCTION	0.00	0.00	5579.00	0	C6		JUNCTION
00:00	0.00		0 00	0 0 0	F C 2 1 0 0	0	00:00	0.00	
VCA1	0 00	JUNCTION	0.00	0.00	5631.00	0	C5	0 00	JUNCTION
00:00 VCA2	0.00	TINOTION	0.00	0.00	5689.00	0	00:00 C1	0.00	TIMOUTON
00:00	0.00	JUNCTION	0.00	0.00	5069.00	0	00:00	0.00	JUNCTION
NA1	0.00	JUNCTION	0.00	0 00	5631.00	0	T1	0.00	JUNCTION
00:00	0.00	0011011	0.00	0.00	5051.00	0	00:00	0.00	00101101
NA2	0.00	JUNCTION	0.00	0.00	5765.00	0	GR1	0.00	JUNCTION
00:00	0.00	0.0110112011	0.00	0.00		Ū	00:00	0.00	0011011011
NA4		JUNCTION	0.00	0.00	5833.00	0	LR_outfal		OUTFALL
00:00	0.00						01:08	3.27	
NA3		JUNCTION	0.00	0.00	5769.00	0	S_outfall		OUTFALL
00:00	0.00						01:01	2.33	
SA4		JUNCTION	0.00	0.00	5760.00	0	J_outfall		OUTFALL
00:00	0.00						01:27	3.40	
SA3		JUNCTION	0.00	0.00	5720.00	0	VCA_outfa		OUTFALL
00:00	0.00						01:43	2.43	
SA2		JUNCTION	0.00	0.00	5656.00	0	NA_outfal		OUTFALL
00:00	0.00		0.07	<b>6 5 -</b>		2	02:20	2.89	• • · · · · ·
SA1	0 00	JUNCTION	0.00	0.00	5633.00	0	SA_outfal		OUTFALL
00:00	0.00						01:08	2.34	

0.00	0.00	5698.00	0
0.00	0.00	5729.00	0
0.00	0.00	5695.00	0
0.00	0.00	5690.00	0
0.00	0.00	5724.00	0
0.00	0.00	5765.00	0
0.00	0.00	5765.00	0
0.00	0.00	5831.00	0
0.00	0.00	5890.00	0
0.00	0.00	5831.00	0
0.00	0.00	5828.00	0
0.00	0.00	5817.00	0
0.00	0.00	5814.00	0
0.00	0.00	5745.00	0
0.00	0.00	5718.00	0
0.00	0.00	5774.00	0
0.00	0.00	5745.00	0
0.00	0.00	5658.00	0
0.00	0.00	5710.00	0
0.00	0.00	5620.00	0
0.26	3.27	5555.27	0
0.22	2.33	5567.33	0
0.39	3.40	5582.40	0
0.20	2.43	5624.43	0
0.55	2.90	5633.90	0
0.19	2.34	5635.34	0

Lateral Total Time of M	nce
Node Inflow Summary ************************************	
Node Inflow Summary ************************************	
Node Inflow Summary	
NA_pond 01:04 8.51	STORAGE 2.95 8.51 5773.09
1:19 10.73	
1:37 3.29 RB1-4_pond STORAGE 0.88 10.73 5698.23	
01:19 3.94 Parker_NA DIVIDER 0.56 3.29 5674.98	(
00:45 3.28 out_RB1-4_pond DIVIDER 0.35 3.94 5691.44	
00:32 2.05 Buckley_NA1 DIVIDER 0.47 3.28 5759.30	C
00:50 2.31 Waco_NA DIVIDER 0.13 2.05 5827.80	C
00:45 2.45 Parker_T1 DIVIDER 0.17 2.31 5707.91	C
00:39 3.27 Fair_Place_VCA DIVIDER 0.20 2.45 5628.75	C
00:34 4.51 Shalom J DIVIDER 0.18 3.27 5642.00	
00:33 3.28	
00:00 0.00 Lewiston_J DIVIDER 0.21 3.28 5734.44	
00:53 1.57 GR_outfall OUTFALL 0.00 0.00 5620.00	
01:21 2.89 17_outfall OUTFALL 0.11 1.57 5696.57	
C_OUTFALL     0.41     5.05     5001.05       01:21     3.85	
T_outfallOUTFALL0.172.305675.3000:512.300UTFALL0.413.855661.85	

0	Havana_LR 6.82	JUNCTION 0.000
	Peoria_S	JUNCTION
0	4.69 Stock_Pond_S	0.000 JUNCTION
0	6.29 Parker_J	0.000 JUNCTION
0	25.7 Junction_J3	0.000 JUNCTION
0	16.2 Junction_J4	0.000 JUNCTION
0	3.18	0.000
0	Regis_Jesuit_VCA 3.68	JUNCTION 0.000
0	Parker_SA 12.5	JUNCTION 0.000
0	Norfolk_SA 8.56	JUNCTION 0.000
0	Richfield_SA 4.91	JUNCTION 0.000
0	Parker_C 31.6	JUNCTION 0.000
0	Hinsdale_C 27.2	JUNCTION 0.000
0	Richfield_C 23.2	JUNCTION 0.000
0	Telluride_C 16.6	JUNCTION 0.000
0	Bridle_Trail_C 12.8	JUNCTION 0.000
	Biscay_C	JUNCTION
0	5.49 Parker_K	0.000 JUNCTION
0	22.7 Bridle_Trail_K	0.000 JUNCTION
0	17.7 Confluence_K	0.000 JUNCTION
0	10.1 Future_Road_K	0.000 JUNCTION
0	4.63 Parker_17	0.000 JUNCTION
0	4.13	0.000
6	LR3 .82 6.82	JUNCTION 0.000
3	LR2 .73 3.73	JUNCTION 0.000
4	LR1 .23 4.23	JUNCTION 0.000
6	S3 .29 6.29	JUNCTION 0.000
4	S2 .69 4.69	JUNCTION 0.000
-		

0.00	298.37	0	00:40
0.00	101.97	0	01:00
0.00	210.26	0	00:45
0.00	535.49	0	01:11
0.00	352.47	0	01:20
0.00	121.87	0	00:42
0.00	150.53	0	00:40
0.00	317.99	0	01:05
0.00	224.51	0	00:58
0.00	126.80	0	00:55
0.00	857.09	0	01:11
0.00	747.71	0	01:07
0.00	657.82	0	01:03
0.00	507.99	0	00:57
0.00	411.64	0	00:48
0.00	178.39	0	00:45
0.00	615.45	0	01:12
0.00	513.51	0	01:03
0.00	334.43	0	00:52
0.00	185.44	0	00:40
0.00	140.87	0	00:50
298.37	298.37	0	00:40
129.14	129.14	0	00:45
101.66	101.66	0	01:00
210.26	210.26	0	00:45
101.97	101.97	0	01:00

S1		JUNCTION	141.81	141.81	0	00:50	Кб		JUNCTION
4.34	4.34	0.000					3.81	3.81	0.000
J8		JUNCTION	232.67	232.67	0	00:45	К7		JUNCTION
6.25	6.25	0.000					4.63	4.63	0.000
J7		JUNCTION	191.47	191.47	0	00:45	К5		JUNCTION
5.23	5.23	0.000					1.58	1.58	0.000
J6		JUNCTION	146.38	146.38	0	00:50	C9		JUNCTION
4.77	4.77	0.000					5.49	5.49	0.000
J5		JUNCTION	122.80	122.80	0	00:40	C8		JUNCTION
3.18	3.18	0.000					4.82	4.82	0.000
J2		JUNCTION	37.41	37.41	0	00:50	C7		JUNCTION
1.53	1.53	0.000					2.5	2.5	0.000
J4		JUNCTION	66.39	66.39	0	00:40	C4		JUNCTION
1.47	1.47	0.000	00.35	00.35	0	00110	4.33	4.33	0.000
J3	1.1/	JUNCTION	209.86	209.86	0	00:40	C3	1.55	JUNCTION
4.82	4.82	0.000	209.00	209.00	0	00110	3.92	3.92	0.000
4.82 J1	4.02	JUNCTION	70 04	70.04	0	01:05	C6	5.94	
	2 E1		70.04	70.04	0	01.02		2 6	JUNCTION
3.51	3.51	0.000	0.01 4.0	001 40	0	00.45	3.6	3.6	0.000
VCA1		JUNCTION	201.48	201.48	0	00:45	C5	0.05	JUNCTION
5.97	5.97	0.000					2.25	2.25	0.000
VCA2		JUNCTION	150.53	150.53	0	00:40	C1		JUNCTION
3.68	3.68	0.000					5.2	5.2	0.000
NA1		JUNCTION	208.71	208.71	0	00:40	T1		JUNCTION
4.92	4.92	0.000					3.62	3.62	0.000
NA2		JUNCTION	225.69	225.69	0	00:45	GR1		JUNCTION
6.06	6.06	0.000					4.14	4.14	0.000
NA4		JUNCTION	58.66	58.66	0	00:40	LR_out	fall	OUTFALL
1.64	1.64	0.000					0	15.3	0.000
NA3		JUNCTION	103.46	103.46	0	00:55	S_outf	all	OUTFALL
4.52	4.52	0.000					0	15.5	0.000
SA4		JUNCTION	126.80	126.80	0	00:55	J_outf	all	OUTFALL
4.91	4.91	0.000					0 —	31.5	0.000
SA3		JUNCTION	108.73	108.73	0	00:50	VCA_ou		OUTFALL
3.6	3.6	0.000			-		0	9.65	0.000
SA2	0.00	JUNCTION	105.35	105.35	0	00:50	NA_out		OUTFALL
3.89	3.89	0.000	100.00	100.00	Ũ	00000	0	17.1	0.000
SA1	5.05	JUNCTION	163.67	163.67	0	00:40	SA_out		OUTFALL
4.01	4.01	0.000	103.07	103.07	0	00110	0		0.000
C2	4.01	JUNCTION	154.81	154.81	0	00:45	T_outf		OUTFALL
4.39	4.39	0.000	104.01	TOT.OT	0	00.43	0	3.61	0.000
	4.39		140 07	140 07	0	00:50	-		
17B	4 1 2	JUNCTION	140.87	140.87	0	00:50	C_outf		OUTFALL
4.13	4.13	0.000			0	0.0 - 1.0	0	36.9	0.000
17A	0 500	JUNCTION	34.55	34.55	0	00:40	K_outf		OUTFALL
0.798	0.798	0.000					0	23.8	0.000
Kl		JUNCTION	30.48	30.48	0	00:45	17_out		OUTFALL
0.973	0.973	0.000					0	4.96	0.000
К2		JUNCTION	165.59	165.59	0	00:45	GR_out		OUTFALL
4.77	4.77	0.000					0	4.14	0.000
K3		JUNCTION	55.17	55.17	0	01:00	Lewist		DIVIDER
2.35	2.35	0.000					0	6.25	0.000
К4		JUNCTION	172.15	172.15	0	00:45	Laredo	_J	DIVIDER
5.01	5.01	0.000					0	11.5	0.000

121.37	121.37	0	00:50
185.44	185.44	0	00:40
46.64	46.64	0	00:50
178.39	178.39	0	00:45
158.13	158.13	0	00:45
79.31	79.31	0	00:45
104.80	104.80	0	00:55
101.60	101.60	0	00:50
122.15	122.15	0	00:45
60.80	60.80	0	00:50
176.28	176.28	0	00:45
104.95	104.95	0	00:50
150.25	150.25	0	00:40
0.00	453.53	0	01:07
0.00	422.74	0	01:00
0.00	613.26	0	01:24
0.00	349.18	0	00:45
0.00	476.03	0	00:59
0.00	426.06	0	01:04
0.00	104.71	0	00:51
0.00	942.12	0	01:19
0.00	626.36	0	01:21
0.00	169.37	0	00:52
0.00	150.25	0	00:40
0.00	232.67	0	00:45
0.00	424.14	0	00:45

Shalom_J	DIVIDER	0.00	122.	.80	0 00:40		Flow	Avg	Max	Т
3.18	0.000						Freq	Flow	Flow	Vol
Fair_Place_VCA	DIVIDER	0.00	349.	.24	0 00:45	Outfall Node	Pcnt	CFS	CFS	10^6
9.64	0.000									
Parker_T1	DIVIDER	0.00	104.	.95	0 00:50	LR_outfall	99.13	23.83	453.53	15.
3.62	0.000					S_outfall	79.69	30.02	422.74	15.
Waco_NA	DIVIDER	0.00	58.	.66	0 00:40	J_outfall	99.30	49.02	613.26	31.
1.64	0.000					VCA_outfall	44.97	33.19	349.18	9.
Buckley_NA1	DIVIDER	0.00	324.	.75	0 01:03	NA_outfall	99.08	26.74	476.03	17.
12.2	0.000					SA_outfall	99.30	25.75	426.06	16.
out_RB1-4_pond	DIVIDER	0.00	352.	.51	0 01:19	T_outfall	22.65	24.69	104.71	3.
16.2	0.000					C_outfall	99.30	57.56	942.12	36.
Parker_NA	DIVIDER	0.00	476.	.03	0 00:59	K_outfall	99.28	37.07	626.36	23.
17.1	0.000					17_outfall	44.81	17.12	169.37	4.
RB1-4_pond	STORAGE	0.00	569.	.69	0 00:45	 GR_outfall	14.91	43.00	150.25	4.
16.2	0.011									
NA_pond	STORAGE	0.00	225.	. 69	0 00:45	System	72.95	367.98	4310.13	178.
6.06	0.028	5.50					• / /			_/0.
No nodes were floo	ooded.									
						Max/ Max/		Maximum	Time of Max	: Ma
****	* * * * *							Maximum  Flow	Time of Max Occurrence	
Storage Volume Su	mmary					Full Full				
	mmary						Туре	Flow		e  V
Storage Volume Su	mmary					Full Full	Туре	Flow	Occurrence	e  V
Storage Volume Sun ************************************	ummary *****					Full Full Link Flow Depth		Flow  CFS	Occurrence days hr:min	e  Ve L ft
Storage Volume Sun *******	ummary *****					Full Full Link Flow Depth 		Flow  CFS	Occurrence days hr:min	e  Ve 1 ft
Storage Volume Sun ************************************	ummary *****   Average		Evap B		 Maximu	Full Full Link Flow Depth  LR1_OC		Flow  CFS	Occurrence days hr:min	e  Vo
Storage Volume Sun ************************	ummary *****  Average Maximum	Avg	Evap E	Exfil	Maximu	Full Full Link Flow Depth  LR1_OC 0.24 0.54	CHANNEL	Flow  CFS 355.23	Occurrence days hr:min 0 01:08	2  Ve
Storage Volume Sun ************************************	ummary *****  Average Maximum Volume	Avg		Exfil		Full Full Link Flow Depth  LR1_OC 0.24 0.54 LR2_OC		Flow  CFS	Occurrence days hr:min	e  V 1 f
Storage Volume Sun ************************************	ummary ***** Average Maximum Volume e Outflow	Avg Pcnt	Evap H Pcnt	Exfil Pcnt	Maximu Volum	Full Full Link Flow Depth  LR1_OC 0.24 0.54 LR2_OC 0.17 0.46	CHANNEL CHANNEL	Flow  CFS 355.23 278.12	Occurrence days hr:min 0 01:08 0 00:50	e  V 1 f
Storage Volume Sun ************************************	ammary ***** Average Maximum Volume Outflow 1000 ft3	Avg Pcnt	Evap H Pcnt	Exfil Pcnt	Maximu Volum	Full Full Link Flow Depth  LR1_OC 0.24 0.54 LR2_OC 0.17 0.46 S_OC_A	CHANNEL	Flow  CFS 355.23 278.12	Occurrence days hr:min 0 01:08 0 00:50	e  V 1 f
Storage Volume Sun ************************************	ummary ***** Average Maximum Volume Outflow 1000 ft3 CFS	Avg Pcnt Full	Evap E Pcnt Loss	Exfil Pcnt Loss	Maximu Volum 1000 ft	Full Full Link Flow Depth  LR1_OC 0.24 0.54 LR2_OC 0.17 0.46 S_OC_A 0.07 0.31	CHANNEL CHANNEL CHANNEL	Flow  CFS 355.23 278.12 101.42	Occurrence days hr:min 0 01:08 0 00:50 0 01:05	e  V n f
Storage Volume Sun ************************************	ummary ***** Average Maximum Volume e Outflow 1000 ft3 CFS	Avg Pcnt Full	Evap E Pcnt Loss	Exfil Pcnt Loss	Maximu Volum 1000 ft	Full Full Link Flow Depth  LR1_OC 0.24 0.54 LR2_OC 0.17 0.46 S_OC_A 0.07 0.31 S_OC_B	CHANNEL CHANNEL	Flow  CFS 355.23 278.12	Occurrence days hr:min 0 01:08 0 00:50	e  V 1 f
Storage Volume Sun ************************************	ummary ***** Average Maximum Volume e Outflow 1000 ft3 CFS	Avg Pcnt Full	Evap E Pcnt Loss	Exfil Pcnt Loss	Maximu Volum 1000 ft	Full Full Link Flow Depth 	CHANNEL CHANNEL CHANNEL CHANNEL	Flow  CFS 355.23 278.12 101.42 191.94	Occurrence days hr:min 0 01:08 0 00:50 0 01:05 0 01:01	e  V f
Storage Volume Sun ************************************	Average Maximum Volume Outflow 1000 ft3 CFS ACFS ACFS ACFS	Avg Pcnt Full	Evap E Pcnt Loss	Exfil Pcnt Loss	Maximu Volum 1000 ft	Full Full Link Flow Depth  LR1_OC 0.24 0.54 LR2_OC 0.17 0.46 S_OC_A 0.07 0.31 S_OC_B 0.12 0.39 J1_OC	CHANNEL CHANNEL CHANNEL	Flow  CFS 355.23 278.12 101.42	Occurrence days hr:min 0 01:08 0 00:50 0 01:05	e  V f
Storage Volume Sun ************************************	Average Maximum Volume Maximum Volume Outflow 1000 ft3 CFS 43.139 352.51	Avg Pcnt Full 5	Evap E Pcnt Loss	Exfil Pcnt Loss 0	Maximu Volum 1000 ft 	Full Full Link Flow Depth  LR1_OC 0.24 0.54 LR2_OC 0.17 0.46 S_OC_A 0.07 0.31 S_OC_B 0.12 0.39 J1_OC 0.42 0.68	CHANNEL CHANNEL CHANNEL CHANNEL	Flow  CFS 355.23 278.12 101.42 191.94 526.08	Occurrence days hr:min 0 01:08 0 00:50 0 01:05 0 01:01 0 01:27	e  V n f
Storage Volume Sun ************************************	Average Maximum Volume Outflow 1000 ft3 CFS ACFS ACFS ACFS	Avg Pcnt Full	Evap E Pcnt Loss	Exfil Pcnt Loss	Maximu Volum 1000 ft	Full Full Link Flow Depth  LR1_OC 0.24 0.54 LR2_OC 0.17 0.46 S_OC_A 0.07 0.31 S_OC_B 0.12 0.39 J1_OC	CHANNEL CHANNEL CHANNEL CHANNEL	Flow  CFS 355.23 278.12 101.42 191.94	Occurrence days hr:min 0 01:08 0 00:50 0 01:05 0 01:01	e  V n f
Storage Volume Sun ************************************	Average Maximum Volume Maximum Volume Outflow 1000 ft3 CFS 43.139 352.51	Avg Pcnt Full 5	Evap E Pcnt Loss	Exfil Pcnt Loss 0	Maximu Volum 1000 ft 	Full Full Link Flow Depth  LR1_OC 0.24 0.54 LR2_OC 0.17 0.46 S_OC_A 0.07 0.31 S_OC_B 0.12 0.39 J1_OC 0.42 0.68	CHANNEL CHANNEL CHANNEL CHANNEL CHANNEL	Flow  CFS 355.23 278.12 101.42 191.94 526.08	Occurrence days hr:min 0 01:08 0 00:50 0 01:05 0 01:01 0 01:27	e  V n f
Storage Volume Sun ************************************	Average Maximum Volume Maximum Volume Outflow 1000 ft3 CFS 43.139 352.51 43.569	Avg Pcnt Full 5	Evap E Pcnt Loss	Exfil Pcnt Loss 0	Maximu Volum 1000 ft 	Full Full Link Flow Depth  LR1_OC 0.24 0.54 LR2_OC 0.17 0.46 S_OC_A 0.07 0.31 S_OC_B 0.12 0.39 J1_OC 0.42 0.68 J3_OC	CHANNEL CHANNEL CHANNEL CHANNEL CHANNEL	Flow  CFS 355.23 278.12 101.42 191.94 526.08	Occurrence days hr:min 0 01:08 0 00:50 0 01:05 0 01:01 0 01:27	e  V n f
Storage Volume Sun ************************************	Average Maximum Volume Maximum Volume Outflow 1000 ft3 CFS 43.139 352.51 43.569	Avg Pcnt Full 5	Evap E Pcnt Loss	Exfil Pcnt Loss 0	Maximu Volum 1000 ft 	Full Full Link Flow Depth  LR1_OC 0.24 0.54 LR2_OC 0.17 0.46 S_OC_A 0.07 0.31 S_OC_B 0.12 0.39 J1_OC 0.42 0.68 J3_OC 0.17 0.45	CHANNEL CHANNEL CHANNEL CHANNEL CHANNEL CHANNEL	Flow  CFS 355.23 278.12 101.42 191.94 526.08 351.13	Occurrence days hr:min 0 01:08 0 00:50 0 01:05 0 01:05 0 01:27 0 01:25	e  V 1 f 
Storage Volume Sun ************************************	Average Maximum Volume Maximum Volume Outflow 1000 ft3 CFS 43.139 352.51 43.569 175.99	Avg Pcnt Full 5	Evap E Pcnt Loss	Exfil Pcnt Loss 0	Maximu Volum 1000 ft 	Full Full Link Flow Depth  LR1_OC 0.24 0.54 LR2_OC 0.17 0.46 S_OC_A 0.07 0.31 S_OC_B 0.12 0.39 J1_OC 0.42 0.68 J3_OC 0.17 0.45 J4_OC	CHANNEL CHANNEL CHANNEL CHANNEL CHANNEL CHANNEL	Flow  CFS 355.23 278.12 101.42 191.94 526.08 351.13	Occurrence days hr:min 0 01:08 0 00:50 0 01:05 0 01:05 0 01:27 0 01:25	e  V 1 f 
Storage Volume Sun ************************************	<pre>ummary ***** Average Maximum Volume Outflow 1000 ft3 CFS 43.139 352.51 43.569 175.99</pre>	Avg Pcnt Full 5	Evap E Pcnt Loss	Exfil Pcnt Loss 0	Maximu Volum 1000 ft 	Full Full Link Flow Depth 	CHANNEL CHANNEL CHANNEL CHANNEL CHANNEL CHANNEL CHANNEL	Flow  CFS 355.23 278.12 101.42 191.94 526.08 351.13 121.27	Occurrence days hr:min 0 01:08 0 00:50 0 01:05 0 01:05 0 01:27 0 01:25 0 00:44	7   4 1 1 
Storage Volume Sun ************************************	Average Maximum Volume Maximum Volume Outflow 1000 ft3 CFS 43.139 352.51 43.569 175.99	Avg Pcnt Full 5	Evap E Pcnt Loss	Exfil Pcnt Loss 0	Maximu Volum 1000 ft 	Full Full Link Flow Depth 	CHANNEL CHANNEL CHANNEL CHANNEL CHANNEL CHANNEL CHANNEL	Flow  CFS 355.23 278.12 101.42 191.94 526.08 351.13 121.27	Occurrence days hr:min 0 01:08 0 00:50 0 01:05 0 01:05 0 01:27 0 01:25 0 00:44	7   s

J6_SS	CONDUIT	347.74	0	01:01	16.83		J4_OF	DUMMY
1.00 0.82							J3_OF	DUMMY
J7_SS	CONDUIT	170.68	0	01:08	15.55		J1_OF	DUMMY
1.00 0.82							J2_OF	DUMMY
VCA_SS_OUT	CONDUIT	115.86	0	01:43	6.08		VCA1_OF	DUMMY
1.00 0.80							VCA2 OF	DUMMY
VCA1_SS	CONDUIT	147.93	0	00:45	14.61			DUMMY
0.41 0.44							 NA2_OF	DUMMY
NA1_SS	CONDUIT	196.00	0	01:37	18.03		NA4_OF	DUMMY
1.00 0.82							NA3_OF	DUMMY
NA3_SS	CONDUIT	44.22	0	01:10	10.70		SA4_OF	DUMMY
1.01 0.82	00112011	11.00	0	01 10	10.70		SA3_OF	DUMMY
SA1_SS	CONDUIT	317.45	0	01:08	11.36		SA2_OF	DUMMY
0.26 0.39	CONDULI	JT1.1J	0	01.00	TT.30		SA1_OF	DUMMY
SA2_OC	CHANNEL	221.56	0	01:07	3.84			
	CHANNEL	221.00	0	01.07	5.04		C2_OF	DUMMY
0.14 0.43		100 70	0	01.00			C3_OF	DUMMY
SA3_OC	CHANNEL	123.79	0	01:02	2.96		C4_OF	DUMMY
0.09 0.35	~~~~~	104 51	0	00 51	1.4		C5_OF	DUMMY
T0_SS	CONDUIT	104.71	0	00:51	14.02		C6_OF	DUMMY
0.63 0.58							C7_OF	DUMMY
C1_OC	CHANNEL	834.46	0	01:21	4.01		C8_OF	DUMMY
0.42 0.70							C9_OF	DUMMY
C2_OC	CHANNEL	743.91	0	01:12	3.87		C1_OF	DUMMY
0.36 0.66							T1_OF	DUMMY
C3_OC	CHANNEL	654.25	0	01:08	4.09		K1_OF	DUMMY
0.29 0.60							K2_OF	DUMMY
C4_OC	CHANNEL	500.33	0	01:04	3.63		17B_OF	DUMMY
0.24 0.55							K3_OF	DUMMY
C6_0C	CHANNEL	397.45	0	00:58	3.56		K5_OF	DUMMY
0.18 0.49							K6_OF	DUMMY
C8_OC	CHANNEL	177.03	0	00:50	2.93		K7_OF	DUMMY
0.08 0.34							K4_OF	DUMMY
K1_OC	CHANNEL	606.59	0	01:21	3.32			DUMMY
0.45 0.72							 J7_SS_OVF	DUMMY
K2_OC	CHANNEL	498.06	0	01:16	3.17		J6_SS_OVF	DUMMY
0.38 0.66							J4_SS_OVF	DUMMY
K4_OC	CHANNEL	315.77	0	01:08	3.28		VCA_SS_OVF	DUMMY
0.20 0.50		515.77	0	01 00	5.20		T0_OVF	DUMMY
K5_OC	CHANNEL	170.71	0	00:55	2.87		NA3_OVF	DUMMY
0.10 0.36	CIIMINII	1/0./1	0	00:55	2.07		NAJ_OVF	DUMMY
17A_OC	CHANNEL	139.29	0	00:53	2.69		J3_OVF	DUMMY
0.25 0.52	CHANNEL	139.29	0	00.55	2.09		GR1_OF	
	TTIMMSZ	298.37	0	00:40				DUMMY CONDUIT
LR3_OF	DUMMY	129.14	0	00:40		1	NA0_SS .01 0.82	CONDULI
LR2_OF	DUMMY		0			T		TTT (1) (1) (1) (
LR1_OF	DUMMY	101.66	0	01:00			NA0_OVF	DUMMY
S3_OF	DUMMY	210.26	0	00:45			outlet_RB1-4_pond	DUMMY
S2_OF	DUMMY	101.97	0	01:00			outlet_NA_pond	DUMMY
S_OF	DUMMY	141.81	0	00:50				
J8_OF	DUMMY	232.67	0	00:45				
J7_OF	DUMMY	191.47	0	00:45			* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	
J6_OF	DUMMY	146.38	0	00:50			Conduit Surcharge S	-
J5_OF	DUMMY	122.80	0	00:40			* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	* * * * * *

66.39 209.86 70.04 37.41 201.48 150.53 208.71 225.69 58.66 103.46 126.80 108.73 105.35 163.67 154.81 101.60 104.80 60.80 122.15 79.31 158.13 178.39 176.28 104.95 30.48 165.59 140.87 55.17 46.64 121.37 185.44 172.15 34.55 62.17 77.14 0.80 234.24 0.00 14.96 129.55 0.00 150.25 98.74	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	12.02
378.13 352.51 175.99	0 00:59 0 01:19 0 01:04	

				Hours
Hours				
		Hours Full		Above Full
Capacity				
Conduit	Both Ends	Upstream	Dnstream	Normal Flow
Limited				
	0.01			
J6_SS	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.02
0.01	0 01	0 01	0 01	0 01
J7_SS	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
0.01	0 01	0 01	0 01	0 0 0
VCA_SS_OUT 0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.03
NA1 SS	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.03
0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.05
NA3 SS	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.07
0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.07
NAO SS	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.04
0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	

Analysis begun on: Mon Feb 11 11:07:13 2019 Analysis ended on: Mon Feb 11 11:07:14 2019 Total elapsed time: 00:00:01 Note: Existing Conditions = Future Conditions for all basins except 17 Mile and Kragelund.

[Baseline Hydrolo	WMM Thout ]	::		
	ibs U/S of Cherry Creek Reservoir	_		
, , enerry ereek ir	IDS 075 OF CHEFTY CICCA RESCIVOIT	Belleview_LR	5609	0
[OPTIONS]		Havana_LR	5645	0
;;Option	Value	Peoria_S	5580	0
FLOW_UNITS	CFS	Stock_Pond_S	5621	0
INFILTRATION	HORTON	Parker_J	5619	0
FLOW_ROUTING	KINWAVE	Junction_J3	5663	0
LINK_OFFSETS	DEPTH	Junction_J4	5629.87	1.13
MIN_SLOPE	0	Regis_Jesuit_VCA		0
ALLOW_PONDING	NO	Parker_SA	5656	0
SKIP_STEADY_STATE	NO	Norfolk_SA	5720	0
SKIP_SIERDI_SIAIE		Richfield_SA	5760	0
START_DATE	12/01/2018	Parker_C	5698	0
START_TIME	00:00:00	Hinsdale_C	5718	0
		Richfield_C	5745	0
REPORT_START_DATE	12/01/2018			
REPORT_START_TIME	00:00:00	Telluride_C	5774	0
END_DATE	12/02/2018	Bridle_Trail_C	5814	0
END_TIME	00:00:00	Biscay_C	5828	0
SWEEP_START	01/01	Parker_K	5724	0
SWEEP_END	12/31	Bridle_Trail_K	5765	0
DRY_DAYS	0	Confluence_K	5831	0
REPORT_STEP	00:01:00	Future_Road_K	5890	0
WET_STEP	00:05:00	Parker_17	5729	0
DRY_STEP	00:05:00	LR3	5645	0
ROUTING_STEP	0:00:05	LR2	5609	0
		LR1	5552	0
INERTIAL_DAMPING	PARTIAL	S3	5621	0
NORMAL_FLOW_LIMIT	ED BOTH	S2	5580	0
FORCE_MAIN_EQUATI	DN H-W	S1	5565	0
VARIABLE_STEP	0.75	J8	5738	0
LENGTHENING_STEP	0	J7	5729	0
MIN_SURFAREA	12.557	J6	5688	0
MAX_TRIALS	8	J5	5645	0
HEAD_TOLERANCE	0.005	J2	5579	0
SYS_FLOW_TOL	5	J4	5619	0
LAT_FLOW_TOL	5	J3	5619	0
MINIMUM_STEP	0.5	Jl	5579	0
THREADS	1	VCA1	5631	0
		VCA2	5689	0
[FILES]		NA1	5631	0
;;Interfacing Fil	25	NA2	5765	0
	06004\WR_DRN\CUHP\OUT\CC_Fut_100yr_0mi^2_BH.txt"	NA4	5833	0
		NA3	5769	0
[EVAPORATION]		SA4	5760	0
	Parameters	SA1 SA3	5720	0
;;		SA3 SA2	5656	0
	 0.0	SA2 SA1	5633	0
	NO	C2	5698	0
DRY_ONLY	NU			0
		17B	5729	0
[JUNCTIONS]	Planation MarDonth InitDonth Comparth Amandal	17A	5695	0
;;Name	Elevation MaxDepth InitDepth SurDepth Aponded	Kl	5690	0

0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0

K2 K3 K4 K6 K7 K5 C9 C8 C7 C4 C3 C6 C5 C1 T1 GR1	5724 5765 5831 5890 5831 5828 5817 5814 5745 5718 5774 57745 5658 5710 5620	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	
[OUTFALLS] ;;Name	Elevation	Turne	Stage	Data	Cated	Route
То	LIEVACION	туре	Stage	Data	Galeu	Route
;;						
					NO	
LR_outfall S_outfall	5552 5565	FREE FREE			NO NO	
J_outfall	5579	FREE			NO	
VCA_outfall	5622	FREE			NO	
NA_outfall	5631	FREE			NO	
	5633	FREE			NO	
_ T_outfall	5633 5673	FREE			NO	
C_outfall	5658	FREE			NO	
K_outfall	5690	FREE			NO	
17_outfall	5695	FREE			NO	
GR_outfall	5620	FREE			NO	
[DIVIDERS]						
;;Name	Elevation	Diverted L	ink	Туре	Parameter	g
;;						
Lewiston_J 0         0	5731.16 0	J7_SS_OVF		CUTOFF	170.5	7.7
U Laredo_J	5717.75	J6_SS_OVF		CUTOFF	347	10
0 0	0					
Shalom_J 15.27 0	5638.73 0	J4_SS_OVF 0		CUTOFF	122	
Fair_Place_VCA 0         0	5626.3 0	VCA_SS_OVF		CUTOFF	115	4.7
Parker_T1 0 0	5705.6	T0_OVF		OVERFLOW	4	0
U U Waco_NA	5825.75	NA3_OVF		CUTOFF	43.7	6.6
0 0	0				105 0	
Buckley_NA1	5756.02	NA1_OVF		CUTOFF	195.2	
16.5 0	0	0				

out_RB1-4_] 0	0	0	J3_0	VF		CU	FOFF	458.	8	13
Parker_NA 16.5		5671.69 0	NA0_	ovf 0		CU	FOFF	97.9	)	
[STORAGE] ;;Name Name/Param; ;;	S	Elev. N/	/A	Feva	o Ps	i	Ksat	I	MD	
RB1-4_pond 4_storage NA_pond 0 0		5687.5 5764.58	0	0	0 0		TABULAR TABULAR		B1- IA_stor	age
[CONDUITS] ;;Name Roughness ;;	InOff	From Noc set Out	Offset	Init	Flow	Maxl	Flow	ch		
 LR1_OC 0	0	Bellevie 0		LR_ 0			4430		0.07	
LR2_OC 0	0	Havana_1 0	LR	Bel 0	lleview	_LR	2280		0.07	6
S_OC_A	0	Peoria_S		•	outfall		1230		0.06	7
0 S_OC_B	0	0 Stock_Po		0 S_c	outfall		3390		0.07	8
0	0	0		0			4100		0.00	2
J1_OC 0	0	Parker_0	J	J_C 0	outfall		4100		0.06	3
J3_0C		Junction		Par	rker_J		1700		0.09	7
0 J4_OC	0	0 Junction	n_J4		rker_J		485		0.09	
0 J3_SS	0	0 out_RB1			nction_	J3	1378		0.01	6
0 J4_SS	0	0 Shalom_0	Ţ	0 Jur	nction_	J4	807		0.01	б
0	0	0		•	4	-1	1070		0 01	c
J6_SS 0	0	Laredo_0	J	0 0	L-4_pon	a	1870		0.01	6
J7_SS	0	Lewistor	n_J	Laı	redo_J		628		0.01	б
0 VCA_SS_OUT	0	0 Fair_Pla	ace_VCA		A_outfa	11	1801		0.01	б
0 VCA1_SS	0	0 Regis_Je	esuit VC	0 A Fai	ir Plac	e VCZ	A 3551		0.01	б
0	0	0		0						
NA1_SS 0	0	Buckley_0	_NAl	Par 0	rker_NA		3014		0.01	6
NA3_SS 0	0	Waco_NA 0		•	ckley_N	Al	4055		0.01	б
SA1_SS 0	0	Parker_S	SA		_outfal	1	3099		0.01	б

SA2_OC		Norfolk_SA	Parker_SA	2320	0.088	J1_OF		J1	J_outfall	400	0.01
0 SA3_OC	0	0 Richfield_SA	0 Norfolk_SA	1940	0.079	0 J2_OF	0	J2	0 0 J_outfall	400	0.01
0 TO_SS	0	0 Parker_T1	0 T_outfall	1604	0.016	0 VCA1_OF	0	VCA1	0 0 Fair_Place_VCA	400	0.01
0 C1_OC	0	0 Parker_C	0 C_outfall	2855	0.07	0 VCA2_OF	0	VCA2	0 0 Regis_Jesuit_VCA	400	0.01
0 C2_OC	0	0 Hinsdale_C	0 Parker_C	1380	0.07	0 NA1_OF	0	NA1	0 0 Parker_NA	400	0.01
0 C3_OC	0	0 Richfield_C	0 Hinsdale_C	1475	0.077	0 NA2_OF	0	NA2	0 0 NA_pond	400	0.01
0 C4_OC	0	0 Telluride_C	0 Richfield_C	1850	0.074	0 NA4_OF	0	NA4	0 0 Waco_NA	400	0.01
0 C6_OC	0	0 Bridle_Trail_C	0 Telluride_C	2325	0.076	0 NA3_OF	0	NA3	0 0 Buckley_NA1	400	0.01
0 C8_OC	0	0 Biscay_C	0 Bridle_Trail_C	760	0.077	0 SA4_OF	0	SA4	0 0 Richfield_SA	400	0.01
0 K1_OC	0	0 Parker_K	0 K_outfall	2110	0.077	0 SA3_OF	0	SA3	0 0 Norfolk_SA	400	0.01
0 K2_OC	0	0 Bridle_Trail_K	0 Parker_K	2620	0.077	0 SA2_OF	0	SA2	0 0 Parker_SA	400	0.01
0 K4_OC	0	0 Confluence_K	0 Bridle_Trail_K 0	2860	0.088	0 SA1_OF	0	SA1	0 0 SA_outfall 0 0	400	0.01
0 K5_OC 0	0	0 Future_Road_K 0	Confluence_K	2325	0.091	0 C2_OF	0	C2	0 0 Parker_C 0 0	400	0.01
0 17A_OC 0	0	0 Parker_17 0	0 17_outfall 0	1120	0.099	0 C3_OF 0	0	C3	Hinsdale_C	400	0.01
LR3_OF 0	0	LR3 0	Havana_LR	400	0.01	0 C4_0F 0	0	C4	Richfield_C	400	0.01
LR2_OF 0	0	LR2 0	Belleview_LR	400	0.01	0 C5_OF 0	0	C5	Richfield_C	400	0.01
LR1_OF 0	0	LR1 0	LR_outfall	400	0.01	C6_OF 0	0	C6	Telluride_C	400	0.01
S3_OF 0	0	S3 0	Stock_Pond_S	400	0.01	C7_OF	0	C7	Bridle_Trail_C	400	0.01
S2_OF 0	0	S2 0	Peoria_S 0	400	0.01	C8_OF 0	0	C8	Bridle_Trail_C 0 0	400	0.01
S_OF 0	0	s1 0	S_outfall	400	0.01	C9_OF 0	0	C9	Biscay_C 0 0	400	0.01
J8_OF 0	0	5 8 0	Lewiston_J 0	400	0.01	C1_OF 0	0	Cl	C_outfall 0 0	400	0.01
J7_OF 0	0	J7 0	Laredo_J 0	400	0.01	T1_OF 0	0	Τ1	Parker_T1 0 0	400	0.01
J6_OF 0	0	J6 0	RB1-4_pond 0	400	0.01	K1_OF 0	0	Kl	K_outfall 0 0	400	0.01
J5_OF 0	0	J5 0	Shalom_J 0	400	0.01	K2_OF 0	0	К2	Parker_K 0 0	400	0.01
J4_OF 0	0	J4 0	Parker_J 0	400	0.01	17B_OF 0	0	17B	Parker_17 0 0	400	0.01
J3_OF 0	0	J3 0	Parker_J 0	400	0.01	КЗ_ОF 0	0	К3	Bridle_Trail_K 0 0	400	0.01

K5_OF	К5	Confluence_K	400	0.01		S_OC_A	IRREGULAR	LR2_OC	0	0	0
0 0 K6_OF	0 Кб	0 Confluence_K	400	0.01		1 S_OC_B	IRREGULAR	LR2_OC	0	0	0
0 0 K7_OF	0 K7	0 Future_Road_K	400	0.01		1 J1_OC	IRREGULAR	J3_0C	0	0	0
0 0 K4_OF	0 K4	0 Bridle_Trail_K	400	0.01		1 J3_OC	IRREGULAR	J3_OC	0	0	0
0 0 17A_OF	0 17A	0 17_outfall	400	0.01		1 J4_OC	IRREGULAR	J3_0C	0	0	0
0	0 Lewiston_J	0 Laredo_J	400	0.01		1 J3_SS	CIRCULAR	6	0	0	0
0 0 J6_SS_OVF	0 Laredo_J	0 RB1-4_pond	400	0.01		1 J4_SS	CIRCULAR	4	0	0	0
0    0 J4_SS_OVF	0 Shalom_J	0 Junction_J4	400	0.01		1 J6_SS	CIRCULAR	5.5	0	0	0
0 0	0	0				1					
VCA_SS_OVF 0 0	Fair_Place_VCA 0	VCA_outfall 0	400	0.01		J7_SS 1	CIRCULAR	4	0	0	0
T0_OVF 0 0	Parker_T1 0	T_outfall 0	400	0.01		VCA_SS_OUT 1	RECT_CLOSED		8	0	0
NA3_OVF 0         0	Waco_NA 0	Buckley_NA1 0	400	0.01		VCA1_SS 1	CIRCULAR	5.5	0	0	0
NA1_OVF 0         0	Buckley_NA1 0	Parker_NA 0	400	0.01		NA1_SS 1	CIRCULAR	4	0	0	0
J3_OVF 0 0	out_RB1-4_pond 0	Junction_J3	400	0.01		NA3_SS 1	CIRCULAR	2.5	0	0	0
GR1_OF 0 0	GR1 0	GR_outfall	400	0.01		SA1_SS 1	RECT_OPEN	6	12	0	0
NA0_SS	0 Parker_NA 0	NA_outfall	2835	0.016		SA2_OC	IRREGULAR	SA2_OC	0	0	0
0 0 NA0_OVF	Parker_NA	NA_outfall	400	0.01		1 SA3_OC	IRREGULAR	SA2_OC	0	0	0
0 0	0	0				1 TO_SS	CIRCULAR	4	0	0	0
[OUTLETS] ;;Name	From Node	To Node	Offset	Туре		1 C1_OC	IRREGULAR	C4_OC	0	0	0
QTable/Qcoeff ;;	Qexpon Gate					1 C2_OC	IRREGULAR	C4_OC	0	0	0
 outlet_RB1-4_p	ond RB1-4_pond	out_RB1-4_pond	0			1 C3_OC	IRREGULAR	C4_OC	0	0	0
TABULAR/DEPTH outlet_NA_pond		NO Buckley_NA1	0			1 C4_OC	IRREGULAR	C4_OC	0	0	0
TABULAR/DEPTH	NA_rating	NO				1 C6_OC	IRREGULAR	 C4_OC	0	0	0
[XSECTIONS] ;;Link	Shape Ge	oml Ge	om2	Geom3		1 C8_OC	IRREGULAR	C4_0C	0	0	0
	rels Culvert	Ge Ge	Olitz	Geoliis		1			-		
					-	K1_OC 1	IRREGULAR	K4_OC	0	0	0
LR1_OC 1		.2_OC 0		0	0	K2_OC 1	IRREGULAR	K4_OC	0	0	0
LR2_OC 1	IRREGULAR LR	2_OC 0		0	0	K4_OC 1	IRREGULAR	K4_OC	0	0	0

K5_OC	IRREGULAR	K4_OC	0	0	0	C2_OF	DUMMY	0
1 17A_OC	IRREGULAR	17A	0	0	0	1 C3_OF	DUMMY	0
1 LR3_OF	DUMMY	0	0	0	0	1 C4_OF	DUMMY	0
1 LR2_OF	DUMMY	0	0	0	0	1 C5_OF	DUMMY	0
1 LR1_OF	DUMMY	0	0	0	0	1 C6_OF	DUMMY	0
1 S3_OF	DUMMY	0	0	0	0	1 C7_OF	DUMMY	0
1 S2_OF	DUMMY	0	0	0	0	1 C8_OF	DUMMY	0
1 S_OF	DUMMY	0	0	0	0	1 C9_OF	DUMMY	0
1						1		
J8_OF 1		0	0	0	0	C1_OF 1	DUMMY	0
J7_OF 1	DUMMY	0	0	0	0	T1_OF 1	DUMMY	0
J6_OF 1	DUMMY	0	0	0	0	K1_OF 1	DUMMY	0
J5_OF 1	DUMMY	0	0	0	0	K2_OF 1	DUMMY	0
J4_OF 1	DUMMY	0	0	0	0	17B_OF 1	DUMMY	0
	DUMMY	0	0	0	0		DUMMY	0
J1_OF 1	DUMMY	0	0	0	0	к5_ОF 1	DUMMY	0
J2_OF	DUMMY	0	0	0	0	K6_OF	DUMMY	0
1 VCA1_OF	DUMMY	0	0	0	0	1 K7_OF	DUMMY	0
1 VCA2_OF	DUMMY	0	0	0	0	1 K4_OF	DUMMY	0
1 NA1_OF	DUMMY	0	0	0	0	1 17A_OF	DUMMY	0
1 NA2_OF	DUMMY	0	0	0	0	1 J7_SS_OVF	DUMMY	0
1 NA4_OF	DUMMY	0	0	0	0	1 J6_SS_OVF	DUMMY	0
1 NA3_OF	DUMMY	0	0	0	0	1 J4_SS_OVF	DUMMY	0
1 SA4_OF	DUMMY	0	0	0	0	1 VCA_SS_OVF	DUMMY	0
1 SA3_OF	DUMMY	0	0	0	0	1 T0_OVF	DUMMY	0
1 SA2_OF	DUMMY	0	0	0	0	1 NA3_OVF	DUMMY	0
1						1		
SA1_OF 1	DUMMY	0	0	0	0	NA1_OVF 1	DUMMY	0

0	0	0
0	0	0
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0	0	0
0	0	0
0	0	0
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0	0	0
0	0	0
		00

J3_OVF	DUI	MMY	0		0	0	0	NA_rating		0.5
1								NA_rating		0.75
GR1_OF	DUI	MMY	0		0	0	0	NA_rating		1
1								NA_rating		1.25
NA0_SS	CI	RCULAR	3.5		0	0	0	NA_rating		1.5
1								NA_rating		1.75
NA0_OVF	DUI	MMY	0		0	0	0	NA_rating		2
1								NA_rating		2.25
								NA_rating		2.5
[TRANSECTS]								NA_rating		2.75
;;Transect I	Data in 1	HEC-2 foi	rmat					NA_rating		3
;								NA_rating		3.25
NC 0.073	0.073	0.073						NA_rating		3.5
X1 LR2_OC		4	20	65	0.0	0.0	0.0	NA_rating		3.75
0.0 0.0								NA_rating		4
GR 5615	0	5609	37.5	5609	47.5	5615	85	NA_rating		4.25
;								NA_rating		4.5
NC 0.083	0.083	0.083						NA_rating		4.75
X1 J3_OC		4	20	100	0.0	0.0	0.0	NA_rating		5
0.0 0.0								NA_rating		5.25
GR 5614	0	5609	50	5609	70	5614	120	NA_rating		5.5
;								NA_rating		5.75
NC 0.084	0.084	0.084						NA_rating		6
X1 SA2_OC		4	28	52	0.0	0.0	0.0	NA_rating		6.25
0.0 0.0								NA_rating		6.5
GR 5711	0	5705.5	35	5705.5	45	5711	80	NA_rating		6.75
;								NA_rating		7
NC 0.074	0.074	0.074						NA_rating		7.25
X1 C4_OC		4	50	90	0.0	0.0	0.0	NA_rating		7.5
0.0 0.0								NA_rating		7.75
GR 5761	0	5755.5	65	5755.5	75	5761	140	NA_rating		8
;								NA_rating		8.25
NC 0.083	0.083	0.083						NA_rating		8.5
X1 K4_OC		4	25	101	0.0	0.0	0.0	NA_rating		8.75
0.0 0.0								NA_rating		9
GR 5780	0	5776	53	5776	73	5779	126	NA_rating		9.25
;								NA_rating		9.4
NC 0.099	0.099	0.099						;		
X1 17A		4	22	60	0.0	0.0	0.0	RB1-4_storage	Storage	0.0
0.0 0.0								RB1-4_storage		0.5
GR 5712.5	0	5709.5	33	5709.5	49	5712.5	82	RB1-4_storage		1.5
								RB1-4_storage		2.5
[CURVES]	_							RB1-4_storage		3.5
;;Name	Tyj	pe	X-Value	Y-Value				RB1-4_storage		4.5
;;								RB1-4_storage		5.5
RB1-4_rating		ting	0	0				RB1-4_storage		6.5
RB1-4_rating			9.4	253				RB1-4_storage		7.5
RB1-4_rating	-		11.5	410				RB1-4_storage		8.5
RB1-4_rating	3		11.6	800				RB1-4_storage		9.5
;	-		0	0				RB1-4_storage		10.5
NA_rating	Ra	ting	0	0	7010			RB1-4_storage		11.5
NA_rating			0.25	0.099577	1919			;		

0.172682303 0.235463946 0.303475519 0.378053554 0.452743879 0.523860156 0.602156867 0.690636693 0.776927912 0.860797569 0.947930776 1.044520098 1.141315466 1.427128841 2.217337784 3.437682479 5.05247785 7.039439785 9.382521139 12.06927874 15.08960806 18.43503888 22.09830396 26.07305627 30.35367403 34.16548676 36.58187651 45.87887399 61.50071109 81.09168456 100.5413678 122.3952724 173.3363635 239.3125024 317.2942551 405.4828343 464.2985611 0 328 2222 22311 41170 60321 75858 86332 95521 104107 112990 121937 131448

NA_storage NA_storage NA_storage NA_storage NA_storage NA_storage NA_storage NA_storage NA_storage NA_storage NA_storage	Storage	0 0.4 1.4 2.4 3.4 4.4 5.4 6.4 7.4 8.4 9.4	2015 4028.5 7744.803 13712.894 19405.348 28097.354 47234.436 60011.204 65786.986 65786.986
[REPORT] ;;Reporting Opti INPUT NO CONTROLS NO SUBCATCHMENTS AL NODES ALL LINKS ALL			
[TAGS] [MAP] DIMENSIONS -2727	.273 0.000	12727.273 1	.0000.000
Units None			
[COORDINATES]			
;;Node	X-Coord	Y-	Coord
; ;Node ; ;			
;;Node ;; Belleview_LR	-123.123		276.677
;;Node ;; Belleview_LR Havana_LR	 -123.123 -252.770	 82 76	276.677 540.991
;;Node ;; Belleview_LR Havana_LR Peoria_S	-123.123 -252.770 1527.855	82 82 76 77	276.677 940.991 254.128
;;Node ;; Belleview_LR Havana_LR Peoria_S Stock_Pond_S	-123.123 -252.770 1527.855 1010.237	82 76 77 73	276.677 540.991 254.128 502.238
;;Node ;; Belleview_LR Havana_LR Peoria_S Stock_Pond_S Parker_J	-123.123 -252.770 1527.855 1010.237 4212.105	82 76 77 73 76	276.677 540.991 254.128 502.238 515.032
;;Node ;; Belleview_LR Havana_LR Peoria_S Stock_Pond_S Parker_J Junction_J3	-123.123 -252.770 1527.855 1010.237 4212.105 4882.479	82 76 77 73 76 74	276.677 540.991 254.128 502.238 515.032 62.368
;;Node ;; Belleview_LR Havana_LR Peoria_S Stock_Pond_S Parker_J Junction_J3 Junction_J4	-123.123 -252.770 1527.855 1010.237 4212.105 4882.479 4371.553	82 76 77 73 76 74 77	276.677 540.991 254.128 502.238 515.032 562.368 768.648
<pre>;;Node ;; Belleview_LR Havana_LR Peoria_S Stock_Pond_S Parker_J Junction_J3 Junction_J4 Regis_Jesuit_VCA</pre>	-123.123 -252.770 1527.855 1010.237 4212.105 4882.479 4371.553 5966.849	82 76 77 73 76 74 77 54	276.677 40.991 254.128 302.238 315.032 362.368 268.648 301.173
<pre>;;Node ;; Belleview_LR Havana_LR Peoria_S Stock_Pond_S Parker_J Junction_J3 Junction_J4 Regis_Jesuit_VCA Parker_SA</pre>	-123.123 -252.770 1527.855 1010.237 4212.105 4882.479 4371.553 5966.849 5972.160	82 76 77 73 76 74 74 77 54 46	276.677 40.991 54.128 502.238 515.032 62.368 68.648 501.173 515.175
<pre>;;Node ;; Belleview_LR Havana_LR Peoria_S Stock_Pond_S Parker_J Junction_J3 Junction_J4 Regis_Jesuit_VCA Parker_SA Norfolk_SA</pre>	-123.123 -252.770 1527.855 1010.237 4212.105 4882.479 4371.553 5966.849 5972.160 6718.568	82 76 77 73 76 74 74 77 54 46 44	276.677 40.991 254.128 302.238 315.032 462.368 268.648 301.173 315.175 42.553
<pre>;;Node ;; Belleview_LR Havana_LR Peoria_S Stock_Pond_S Parker_J Junction_J3 Junction_J4 Regis_Jesuit_VCA Parker_SA Norfolk_SA Richfield_SA</pre>	-123.123 -252.770 1527.855 1010.237 4212.105 4882.479 4371.553 5966.849 5972.160	82 76 77 73 76 74 74 77 54 46 44 44	276.677 40.991 54.128 502.238 515.032 62.368 68.648 501.173 515.175
<pre>;;Node ;; Belleview_LR Havana_LR Peoria_S Stock_Pond_S Parker_J Junction_J3 Junction_J4 Regis_Jesuit_VCA Parker_SA Norfolk_SA</pre>	-123.123 -252.770 1527.855 1010.237 4212.105 4882.479 4371.553 5966.849 5972.160 6718.568 7370.156	82 76 77 73 76 74 74 77 54 46 44 44 44 32	276.677 40.991 254.128 302.238 15.032 462.368 768.648 301.173 15.175 42.553 37.690
<pre>;;Node ;; Belleview_LR Havana_LR Peoria_S Stock_Pond_S Parker_J Junction_J3 Junction_J4 Regis_Jesuit_VCA Parker_SA Norfolk_SA Richfield_SA Parker_C</pre>	-123.123 -252.770 1527.855 1010.237 4212.105 4882.479 4371.553 5966.849 5972.160 6718.568 7370.156 6631.041	82 76 77 73 76 74 77 54 46 44 44 32 31	276.677 40.991 254.128 502.238 515.032 62.368 768.648 501.173 515.175 42.553 537.690 292.549
<pre>;;Node ;; Belleview_LR Havana_LR Peoria_S Stock_Pond_S Parker_J Junction_J3 Junction_J4 Regis_Jesuit_VCA Parker_SA Norfolk_SA Richfield_SA Parker_C Hinsdale_C</pre>	-123.123 -252.770 1527.855 1010.237 4212.105 4882.479 4371.553 5966.849 5972.160 6718.568 7370.156 6631.041 7034.637	82 76 77 73 76 74 77 54 46 44 44 32 31 30	276.677 40.991 254.128 502.238 515.032 62.368 68.648 501.173 515.175 542.553 537.690 592.549 51.534
<pre>;;Node ;; Belleview_LR Havana_LR Peoria_S Stock_Pond_S Parker_J Junction_J3 Junction_J4 Regis_Jesuit_VCA Parker_SA Norfolk_SA Richfield_SA Parker_C Hinsdale_C Richfield_C</pre>	-123.123 -252.770 1527.855 1010.237 4212.105 4882.479 4371.553 5966.849 5972.160 6718.568 7370.156 6631.041 7034.637 7501.446	82 76 77 73 76 74 74 77 54 46 44 44 32 31 30 30	276.677 40.991 54.128 502.238 515.032 62.368 68.648 501.173 515.175 42.553 537.690 592.549 51.534 29.969
<pre>;;Node ;; Belleview_LR Havana_LR Peoria_S Stock_Pond_S Parker_J Junction_J3 Junction_J4 Regis_Jesuit_VCA Parker_SA Norfolk_SA Richfield_SA Parker_C Hinsdale_C Richfield_C Telluride_C</pre>	-123.123 -252.770 1527.855 1010.237 4212.105 4882.479 4371.553 5966.849 5972.160 6718.568 7370.156 6631.041 7034.637 7501.446 8114.133	82 76 77 73 76 74 74 77 54 46 44 46 44 32 31 30 30 30 30	276.677 40.991 54.128 502.238 515.032 62.368 68.648 501.173 515.175 542.553 537.690 592.549 51.534 529.969 85.889
<pre>;;Node ;; Belleview_LR Havana_LR Peoria_S Stock_Pond_S Parker_J Junction_J3 Junction_J4 Regis_Jesuit_VCA Parker_SA Norfolk_SA Richfield_SA Parker_C Hinsdale_C Richfield_C Telluride_C Bridle_Trail_C</pre>	-123.123 -252.770 1527.855 1010.237 4212.105 4882.479 4371.553 5966.849 5972.160 6718.568 7370.156 6631.041 7034.637 7501.446 8114.133 8790.034	82 76 77 73 76 74 76 74 77 54 46 44 46 44 44 32 31 30 30 30 30 28	276.677 40.991 54.128 302.238 315.032 62.368 268.648 201.173 315.175 42.553 37.690 292.549 51.534 29.969 85.889 90.751
<pre>;;Node ;; Belleview_LR Havana_LR Peoria_S Stock_Pond_S Parker_J Junction_J3 Junction_J4 Regis_Jesuit_VCA Parker_SA Norfolk_SA Richfield_SA Parker_C Hinsdale_C Richfield_C Telluride_C Bridle_Trail_C Biscay_C Parker_K Bridle_Trail_K</pre>	-123.123 -252.770 1527.855 1010.237 4212.105 4882.479 4371.553 5966.849 5972.160 6718.568 7370.156 6631.041 7034.637 7501.446 8114.133 8790.034 9016.145	82 76 77 73 76 74 76 74 77 54 46 44 46 44 44 32 31 30 30 30 30 8 18	276.677 40.991 254.128 302.238 315.032 462.368 268.648 301.173 315.175 42.553 37.690 392.549 51.534 29.969 85.889 900.751 398.679
<pre>;;Node ;; Belleview_LR Havana_LR Peoria_S Stock_Pond_S Parker_J Junction_J3 Junction_J4 Regis_Jesuit_VCA Parker_SA Norfolk_SA Richfield_SA Parker_C Hinsdale_C Richfield_C Telluride_C Bridle_Trail_C Biscay_C Parker_K Bridle_Trail_K Confluence_K</pre>	-123.123 -252.770 1527.855 1010.237 4212.105 4882.479 4371.553 5966.849 5972.160 6718.568 7370.156 6631.041 7034.637 7501.446 8114.133 8790.034 9016.145 7199.965 7968.256 8814.347	82 76 77 73 76 74 77 54 46 44 44 32 31 30 30 30 30 28 18 20	276.677 40.991 254.128 302.238 315.032 462.368 768.648 301.173 315.175 42.553 37.690 292.549 51.534 29.969 95.889 90.751 398.679 362.945
<pre>;;Node ;; Belleview_LR Havana_LR Peoria_S Stock_Pond_S Parker_J Junction_J3 Junction_J4 Regis_Jesuit_VCA Parker_SA Norfolk_SA Richfield_SA Parker_C Hinsdale_C Richfield_C Telluride_C Bridle_Trail_C Biscay_C Parker_K Bridle_Trail_K Confluence_K Future_Road_K</pre>	-123.123 -252.770 1527.855 1010.237 4212.105 4882.479 4371.553 5966.849 5972.160 6718.568 7370.156 6631.041 7034.637 7501.446 8114.133 8790.034 9016.145 7199.965 7968.256 8814.347 9385.702	82 76 77 73 76 74 74 46 44 44 44 32 31 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30	276.677         40.991         54.128         302.238         315.032         62.368         68.648         01.173         515.175         42.553         37.690         392.549         51.534         29.969         85.889         90.751         398.679         62.945         28.274         02.480         66.961
<pre>;;Node ;; Belleview_LR Havana_LR Peoria_S Stock_Pond_S Parker_J Junction_J3 Junction_J4 Regis_Jesuit_VCA Parker_SA Norfolk_SA Richfield_SA Parker_C Hinsdale_C Richfield_C Telluride_C Bridle_Trail_C Biscay_C Parker_K Bridle_Trail_K Confluence_K</pre>	-123.123 -252.770 1527.855 1010.237 4212.105 4882.479 4371.553 5966.849 5972.160 6718.568 7370.156 6631.041 7034.637 7501.446 8114.133 8790.034 9016.145 7199.965 7968.256 8814.347	82 76 77 73 76 74 74 76 74 76 74 74 77 54 46 44 44 32 31 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30	276.677 40.991 254.128 502.238 515.032 62.368 768.648 501.173 515.175 42.553 537.690 292.549 51.534 29.969 85.889 90.751 98.679 52.945 28.274 702.480

LR2 LR1 S3 S2 S1 J8 J7 J6 J5 J2 J4 J3 J1 VCA1 VCA2 NA1 NA2 NA4 NA3 SA4 SA3 SA4 SA3 SA2 SA1 C2 17B 17A K1 K2 K3 K4 K6 K7 K5 C9 C8 C7 C4 C3 C6 C5 C1 T1 GR1 LR_outfall S outfall	39.980 90.166 624.102 1313.661 838.769 6593.833 5980.369 5406.342 4661.421 4034.812 4337.162 4931.228 4424.799 5848.912 6650.797 6855.406 8013.564 8740.957 8459.378 8109.965 7325.608 6799.782 5752.511 7268.643 8233.267 7202.397 7022.480 7664.343 8692.782 5752.511 7268.643 8233.267 7202.397 7022.480 7664.343 8692.782 8644.156 9283.588 10335.963 9222.805 9796.991 9735.645 9152.854 8561.300 7728.741 8736.575 8061.765 6791.018 7991.654 5274.885 600.387 1366.321
T1 GR1	7991.654 5274.885
K_outfall	6623.748

8	76	1	5	•	4	83	0
б	7 8	9	5	•	1	32	2
8	72	3 7	25	•		9 1	
8	2	0	5	•	3	0	б
8	2 3	6	2	•	2	7 6	0
8	3	1	9	•	2	о З	2 5
8	0	б	0	•	7	0	3
7 7	2	2 8		•	9	4 0	9
5	5	5	4	•	7 2	0 6	8 5
5	5	0	б	•	0	б	4
5	0	3	1	•	7 8	3 2	5
э 4	0 6	3 0	2 3	•		2 9	
4	1	9	6	•	9	9	2
	9 0			•		2	
	1			•	9 7	8 7	
4	4	8	0	•	7	0	3
3	5 2	7	3	•		5 8	
1 1	2 5	1 9	3 5	•		8 0	
1	б	7	5	•	7	3	5
	7			•		6	
	4 3			•		6 6	8 1
2	0	0	8	•	8	2	3
	3			•	8		
1 2	2 4	4 7	7 3	•	8 7	2 9	7 9
3	1	5	, 3 2 3 4 7		9	9	1
3	7	5	3	•	3	1 3	0
3 3	6 5	7 4	4 7	•	4 3	3 6	6 1
2	6	2	7	•		6	
	8			•		4 9	
	85		5 8	•		9 6	
5	9	1	3	•	5	7	9
			9 3	•		6	
8 7	⊥ 8	3 4		•		8 4	
5	5	8	4	•	7	0	3
	7 6			•		3 5	
	ь 4			•		5 1	
3	3	8	9	•	8	0	1
1	6	8	5	•	4	6	1

GR_outfall Lewiston_J Laredo_J Shalom_J Fair_Place_VCA Parker_T1 Waco_NA Buckley_NA1 out_RB1-4_pond Parker_NA RB1-4_pond	6901.788 8270.083 6942.831 5207.572 6049.035	1366.961 5812.849 7829.562 7792.686 7866.084 5592.329 2534.646 4743.724 4717.330 7550.921 4729.177 7583.078 4835.941
	X-Coord	Y-Coord
C1_OF	-39.481 -89.666 1181.705	9016.916 7891.920 7507.163 7703.723 7414.844 7778.454 3290.118 1619.816 9004.369 7900.577 7860.260 4761.594 4313.694 4717.290 3270.667 3081.026 3068.869 3005.656 3273.098 3309.568 1824.045 1607.659 7873.780 7786.517 7844.493 5604.438 2457.233 4792.742 4761.101
J3_OVF NA0_OVF	5069.958 5517.588	7505.387 4782.996

EPA STORM WATER MANAGEMENT MODEL - VERSION 5.1 (Build 5.1.012)

WARNING	04:	minimum	elevation	dr
WARNING	04:	minimum	elevation	dr
WARNING	04:	minimum	elevation	dr
WARNING	04:	minimum	elevation	dr
WARNING	04:	minimum	elevation	dr
WARNING	04:	minimum	elevation	dr
WARNING	04:	minimum	elevation	dr
WARNING	04:	minimum	elevation	dr
WARNING	04:	minimum	elevation	dr
WARNING	04:	minimum	elevation	dr
WARNING	04:	minimum	elevation	dr
WARNING	04:	minimum	elevation	dr
WARNING	04:	minimum	elevation	dr
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WARNING	04:	minimum	elevation	dr
WARNING	04:	minimum	elevation	dr
WARNING	04:	minimum	elevation	dr
WARNING	04:	minimum	elevation	dr
WARNING	04:	minimum	elevation	dr
WARNING	04:	minimum	elevation	dr
WARNING	04:	minimum	elevation	dr
WARNING	04:	minimum	elevation	dr
WARNING	04:	minimum	elevation	dr
WARNING	04:	minimum	elevation	dr
WARNING	04:	minimum	elevation	dr
WARNING	04:	minimum	elevation	dr
WARNING	04:	minimum	elevation	dr
WARNING	04:	minimum	elevation	dr
WARNING	04:	minimum	elevation	dr
WARNING	04:	minimum	elevation	dr
WARNING	04:	minimum	elevation	dr
WARNING	04:	minimum	elevation	dr
WARNING	04:	minimum	elevation	dr
WARNING	02:	maximum	depth inc	rea
WARNING	02:	maximum	depth inc	rea
* * * * * * * *	* * * * *	* * * * * * * * *	* * * * * * * * * * * *	* * *
NOTE				- ·

NOTE: The summary statistics displayed in this report are based on results found at every computational time step, not just on results from each reporting time step. 

\_\_\_\_\_

#### \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \*

Analysis Options	
* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	

Flow Units	CFS
Process Models:	
Rainfall/Runoff	NO
RDII	NO
Snowmelt	NO

```
rop used for Conduit LR3 OF
rop used for Conduit LR2_OF
rop used for Conduit LR1_OF
rop used for Conduit S3_OF
rop used for Conduit S2_OF
rop used for Conduit S_OF
rop used for Conduit J4_OF
rop used for Conduit J3_OF
rop used for Conduit J1_OF
rop used for Conduit J2_OF
rop used for Conduit VCA2_OF
rop used for Conduit SA4_OF
rop used for Conduit SA3_OF
rop used for Conduit SA2_OF
rop used for Conduit SA1_OF
rop used for Conduit C2_OF
rop used for Conduit C3_OF
rop used for Conduit C4_OF
rop used for Conduit C5_OF
rop used for Conduit C6_OF
rop used for Conduit C7_OF
rop used for Conduit C9_OF
rop used for Conduit C1_OF
rop used for Conduit K1_OF
rop used for Conduit K2_OF
rop used for Conduit 17B_OF
rop used for Conduit K3_OF
rop used for Conduit K5_OF
rop used for Conduit K6_OF
rop used for Conduit K7_OF
rop used for Conduit K4_OF
rop used for Conduit 17A_OF
rop used for Conduit GR1_OF
ased for Node Junction_J4
ased for Node Fair Place VCA
```

Groundwater	NO	
Flow Routing	YES	
Ponding Allowed	NO	
Water Quality	NO	
Flow Routing Method	KINWAVE	
Starting Date	12/01/2018	00:00:00
Ending Date	12/02/2018	00:00:00
Antecedent Dry Days	0.0	
Report Time Step	00:01:00	
Routing Time Step	5.00 sec	

**************************************	Volume acre-feet	Volume 10^6 gal
* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *		
Dry Weather Inflow	0.000	0.000
Wet Weather Inflow	0.000	0.000
Groundwater Inflow	0.000	0.000
RDII Inflow	0.000	0.000
External Inflow	559.246	182.239
External Outflow	566.949	184.749
Flooding Loss	0.000	0.000
Evaporation Loss	0.000	0.000
Exfiltration Loss	0.000	0.000
Initial Stored Volume	0.000	0.000
Final Stored Volume	0.076	0.025
Continuity Error (%)	-1.391	

#### 

Highest Flow Instability Indexes Link J3\_SS (5) Link J3\_OC (5) Link outlet\_RB1-4\_pond (4) Link J1\_OC (3)

#### 

Routing Time Step Summary		
Minimum Time Step	:	5.00 sec
Average Time Step	:	5.00 sec
Maximum Time Step	:	5.00 sec
Percent in Steady State	:	0.00
Average Iterations per Step	:	1.00
Percent Not Converging	:	0.00

#### \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \*

#### Node Depth Summary \*\*\*\*\*

Max Donar	-		Average	Maximum	Maximum	Time of
Max Repor	ted		Depth	Depth	HGL	
Occurrence	Max Depth					-
Node hr:min	Feet	Туре	F'eet	Feet	ŀ'eet	days
Belleview_	– LR	TUNCTION	0 22	3 46	5612 46	0
00:49		0.011011	0.22	5.10	5012.10	0
Havana_LR		JUNCTION	0.16	2.89	5647.89	0
00:40						
Peoria_S		JUNCTION	0.19	1.86	5581.86	0
01:00						
Stock_Pond		JUNCTION	0.17	2.43	5623.43	0
00:45						
Parker_J		JUNCTION	0.34	3.42	5622.42	0
01:11						
Junction_J		JUNCTION	0.35	3.94	5666.94	0
01:20	3.94					
Junction_J		JUNCTION	0.18	3.27	5633.14	0
00:42						
Regis_Jesu	it_VCA	JUNCTION	0.14	2.47	5691.47	0
00:40	2.47					
Parker_SA		JUNCTION	0.23	2.35	5658.35	0
01:07	2.35					
Norfolk_SA		JUNCTION	0.22	2.37	5722.37	0
00:58	2.37					
Richfield_	SA	JUNCTION	0.17	1.94	5761.94	0
00:55 Parker_C 01:11	1.94					
Parker_C		JUNCTION	0.40	3.90	5701.90	0
Hinsdale_C		JUNCTION	0.36	3.66	5721.66	0
01:07						
Richfield_		JUNCTION	0.31	3.30	5748.30	0
01:03	3.30					
Telluride_		JUNCTION	0.25	3.06	5777.06	0
00:57	3.06					
Bridle_Tra		JUNCTION	0.20	2.75	5816.75	0
00:48	2.75					
Biscay_C		JUNCTION	0.13	1.89	5829.89	0
00:45	1.89					
Parker_K		JUNCTION	0.28	3.30	5727.30	0
01:06	3.30					
Bridle_Tra		JUNCTION	0.24	3.14	5768.14	0
00:56	3.14					
Confluence		JUNCTION	0.15	2.46	5833.46	0
00:46	2.46					

Average	Maximum	Maximum	Time of
Depth	Depth	HGL	
	Feet		days
	3.46		
0.16	2.89	5647.89	0
0.19	1.86	5581.86	0
0.17	2.43	5623.43	0
0.34	3.42	5622.42	0
0.35	3.94	5666.94	0
0.18	3.27	5633.14	0
0.14	2.47	5691.47	0
0.23	2.35	5658.35	0
0.22	2.37	5722.37	0
0.17	1.94	5761.94	0
0.40	3.90	5701.90	0
0.36	3.66	5721.66	0
0.31	3.30	5748.30	0
0.25	3.06	5777.06	0
0.20	2.75	5816.75	0
0.13	1.89	5829.89	0
0.28	3.30	5727.30	0
0.24	3.14	5768.14	0
0.15	2.46	5833.46	0

Future_Ro	ad K	JUNCTION	0.09	1.90	5891.90	0	C2		JUNCTION
00:35	1.90	OUNCIION	0.05	1.70	5051.50	0	00:00	0.00	OUNCIION
Parker_17		JUNCTION	0.11	1.99	5730.99	0	17B		JUNCTION
00:40	1.99						00:00	0.00	
LR3		JUNCTION	0.00	0.00	5645.00	0	17A		JUNCTION
00:00	0.00						00:00	0.00	
LR2		JUNCTION	0.00	0.00	5609.00	0	Kl		JUNCTION
00:00	0.00						00:00	0.00	
LR1		JUNCTION	0.00	0.00	5552.00	0	К2		JUNCTION
00:00	0.00						00:00	0.00	
S3		JUNCTION	0.00	0.00	5621.00	0	КЗ		JUNCTION
00:00	0.00						00:00	0.00	
S2		JUNCTION	0.00	0.00	5580.00	0	К4		JUNCTION
00:00	0.00		0 0 0			0	00:00	0.00	
S1	0 00	JUNCTION	0.00	0.00	5565.00	0	Кб	0 00	JUNCTION
00:00	0.00	TINGUTON	0 00	0 00		0	00:00	0.00	TINGETON
J8 00:00	0.00	JUNCTION	0.00	0.00	5738.00	0	К7 00:00	0 00	JUNCTION
J7	0.00	JUNCTION	0.00	0.00	5729.00	0	со:00 К5	0.00	JUNCTION
00:00	0.00	UUNCIION	0.00	0.00	5729.00	0	00:00	0.00	UUNCIION
J6	0.00	JUNCTION	0.00	0.00	5688.00	0	C9	0.00	JUNCTION
00:00	0.00	OUNCIION	0.00	0.00	5000.00	0	00:00	0.00	0011011011
J5	0.00	JUNCTION	0.00	0.00	5645.00	0	C8	0.00	JUNCTION
00:00	0.00	0 011011 011	0.00	0.00	5015.00	0	00:00	0.00	0.011011.011
J2	0100	JUNCTION	0.00	0.00	5579.00	0	C7		JUNCTION
00:00	0.00						00:00	0.00	
J4		JUNCTION	0.00	0.00	5619.00	0	C4		JUNCTION
00:00	0.00						00:00	0.00	
J3		JUNCTION	0.00	0.00	5619.00	0	C3		JUNCTION
00:00	0.00						00:00	0.00	
J1		JUNCTION	0.00	0.00	5579.00	0	C6		JUNCTION
00:00	0.00						00:00	0.00	
VCA1		JUNCTION	0.00	0.00	5631.00	0	C5		JUNCTION
00:00	0.00					_	00:00	0.00	
VCA2		JUNCTION	0.00	0.00	5689.00	0	Cl		JUNCTION
00:00	0.00		0 0 0			0	00:00	0.00	
NA1	0 00	JUNCTION	0.00	0.00	5631.00	0	T1	0 00	JUNCTION
00:00	0.00	TINOUTON	0 00	0 00	5765.00	0	00:00	0.00	
NA2 00:00	0.00	JUNCTION	0.00	0.00	5/65.00	0	GR1 00:00	0.00	JUNCTION
NA4	0.00	JUNCTION	0.00	0 00	5833.00	0	LR_outfal		OUTFALL
00:00	0.00	UUNCIION	0.00	0.00	5655.00	0	01:08	3.27	OUTFALL
NA3	0.00	JUNCTION	0.00	0 00	5769.00	0	S_outfall		OUTFALL
00:00	0.00	0.011011	0.00	0.00	5705.00	0	01:01	2.33	OUTFALL
SA4	0.00	JUNCTION	0.00	0.00	5760.00	0	J_outfall		OUTFALL
00:00	0.00	0 011011 011	0.00	0.00	3700.00	0	01:27	3.40	001111111
SA3		JUNCTION	0.00	0.00	5720.00	0	VCA_outfa		OUTFALL
00:00	0.00						01:43	2.43	
SA2		JUNCTION	0.00	0.00	5656.00	0	NA_outfal		OUTFALL
00:00	0.00						02:20	2.89	
SA1		JUNCTION	0.00	0.00	5633.00	0	SA_outfal	Ll	OUTFALL
00:00	0.00						01:08	2.34	

0.00	0.00	5698.00	0
0.00	0.00	5729.00	0
0.00	0.00	5695.00	0
0.00	0.00	5690.00	0
0.00	0.00	5724.00	0
0.00	0.00	5765.00	0
0.00	0.00	5765.00	0
0.00	0.00	5831.00	0
0.00	0.00	5890.00	0
0.00	0.00	5831.00	0
0.00	0.00	5828.00	0
0.00	0.00	5817.00	0
0.00	0.00	5814.00	0
0.00	0.00	5745.00	0
0.00	0.00	5718.00	0
0.00	0.00	5774.00	0
0.00	0.00	5745.00	0
0.00	0.00	5658.00	0
0.00	0.00	5710.00	0
0.00	0.00	5620.00	0
0.26	3.27	5555.27	0
0.22	2.33	5567.33	0
0.39	3.40	5582.40	0
0.20	2.43	5624.43	0
0.55	2.90	5633.90	0
0.19	2.34	5635.34	0

	********** ow Summary					
NA_pond )1:04		STORAGE	2.95	8.51	5773.09	0
RB1-4_pon 01:19	d 10.73	STORAGE	0.88	10.73	5698.23	0
Parker_NA 01:37	3.29	DIVIDER	0.56	3.29	5674.98	0
out_RB1-4	_pond 3.94	DIVIDER	0.35	3.94	5691.44	0
Buckley_N 00:45	A1	DIVIDER	0.47	3.28	5759.30	0
Waco_NA 00:32	2.05	DIVIDER	0.13	2.05	5827.80	0
Parker_T1 00:50		DIVIDER	0.17	2.31	5707.91	0
Fair_Plac 00:45	2.45	DIVIDER	0.20		5628.75	
Shalom_J 00:39	3.27	DIVIDER	0.18		5642.00	
Laredo_J 00:34		DIVIDER				
00:33	3.28					
00:00 Lewiston_	0.00	DIVIDER	0.21		5734.44	
00:46 GR_outfal		OUTFALL	0.00	0.00	5620.00	0
01:13 17_outfal		OUTFALL	0.11	1.97	5696.97	0
01:21 K_outfall		OUTFALL	0.29	3.28	5693.28	0
01.01		OUTFALL	0.41	3.85	5661.85	0
C_outfall	2.30					

	Havana_LR		JUNCTION
0	6.8	2	0.000
	Peoria_S		JUNCTION
0	4.6	9	0.000
	Stock_Pond		JUNCTION
0	6.2	9	0.000
	Parker_J		JUNCTION
0	25.	7	0.000
	Junction_J	3	JUNCTION
0	16.		0.000
	Junction_J	4	JUNCTION
0	3.1		0.000
	Regis_Jesu		JUNCTION
0	3.6		0.000
-	Parker_SA	-	JUNCTION
0	12.	5	0.000
Ŭ	Norfolk_SA		JUNCTION
0	8.5		0.000
0	Richfield_		JUNCTION
0	4.9		0.000
0	Parker_C	1	JUNCTION
0	31.	6	0.000
0			
0	Hinsdale_C		JUNCTION
0	27.		0.000
0	Richfield_		JUNCTION
0	23.		0.000
	Telluride_		JUNCTION
0	16.		0.000
	Bridle_Tra		JUNCTION
0	12.	8	0.000
	Biscay_C		JUNCTION
0	5.4	9	0.000
	Parker_K		JUNCTION
0	26.		0.000
	Bridle_Tra		JUNCTION
0	21.	3	0.000
	Confluence		JUNCTION
0	12.	5	0.000
	Future_Roa	.d_K	JUNCTION
0	5.7	1	0.000
	Parker_17		JUNCTION
0	5.4	1	0.000
	LR3		JUNCTION
6	.82	6.82	0.000
	LR2		JUNCTION
3	.73	3.73	0.000
-	LR1	-	JUNCTION
4	. 23	4.23	0.000
-	S3		JUNCTION
6	. 29	6.29	0.000
0	S2		JUNCTION
Δ	.69	4.69	0.000
Υ.	• • • •	1.07	0.000

0.00	298.37	0	00:40
0.00	101.97	0	01:00
0.00	210.26	0	00:45
0.00	535.49	0	01:11
0.00	352.47	0	01:20
0.00	121.87	0	00:42
0.00	150.53	0	00:40
0.00	317.99	0	01:05
0.00	224.51	0	00:58
0.00	126.80	0	00:55
0.00	857.09	0	01:11
0.00	747.71	0	01:07
0.00	657.82	0	01:03
0.00	507.99	0	00:57
0.00	411.64	0	00:48
0.00	178.39	0	00:45
0.00	838.96	0	01:06
0.00	729.46	0	00:56
0.00	505.48	0	00:46
0.00	300.21	0	00:35
0.00	229.15	0	00:40
298.37	298.37	0	00:40
129.14	129.14	0	00:45
101.66	101.66	0	01:00
210.26	210.26	0	00:45
101.97	101.97	0	01:00

S1		JUNCTION	141.81	141.81	0	00:50	K6		JUNCTION
4.34	4.34	0.000					4.52	4.52	0.000
J8		JUNCTION	232.67	232.67	0	00:45	К7		JUNCTION
6.25	6.25	0.000					5.71	5.71	0.000
J7		JUNCTION	191.47	191.47	0	00:45	К5		JUNCTION
5.23	5.23	0.000					2.19	2.19	0.000
JG		JUNCTION	146.38	146.38	0	00:50	С9		JUNCTION
4.77	4.77	0.000					5.49	5.49	0.000
J5		JUNCTION	122.80	122.80	0	00:40	C8		JUNCTION
3.18	3.18	0.000					4.82	4.82	0.000
J2		JUNCTION	37.41	37.41	0	00:50	C7		JUNCTION
1.53	1.53	0.000					2.5	2.5	0.000
J4		JUNCTION	66.39	66.39	0	00:40	C4		JUNCTION
1.47	1.47	0.000					4.33	4.33	0.000
J3		JUNCTION	209.86	209.86	0	00:40	C3		JUNCTION
4.82	4.82	0.000					3.92	3.92	0.000
J1		JUNCTION	70.04	70.04	0	01:05	C6		JUNCTION
3.51	3.51	0.000					3.6	3.6	0.000
VCA1		JUNCTION	201.48	201.48	0	00:45	C5		JUNCTION
5.97	5.97	0.000					2.25	2.25	0.000
VCA2		JUNCTION	150.53	150.53	0	00:40	C1		JUNCTION
3.68	3.68	0.000					5.2	5.2	0.000
NA1		JUNCTION	208.71	208.71	0	00:40	T1		JUNCTION
4.92	4.92	0.000					3.62	3.62	0.000
NA2		JUNCTION	225.69	225.69	0	00:45	GR1		JUNCTION
6.06	6.06	0.000					4.14	4.14	0.000
NA4		JUNCTION	58.66	58.66	0	00:40	LR_ou	tfall	OUTFALL
1.64	1.64	0.000					0	15.3	0.000
NA3		JUNCTION	103.46	103.46	0	00:55	S_out	fall	OUTFALL
4.52	4.52	0.000					0	15.5	0.000
SA4		JUNCTION	126.80	126.80	0	00:55	J_out	fall	OUTFALL
4.91	4.91	0.000					0	31.5	0.000
SA3		JUNCTION	108.73	108.73	0	00:50	VCA_o	utfall	OUTFALL
3.6	3.6	0.000					0	9.65	0.000
SA2		JUNCTION	105.35	105.35	0	00:50	NA_ou	tfall	OUTFALL
3.89	3.89	0.000					0	17.1	0.000
SA1		JUNCTION	163.67	163.67	0	00:40	SA_ou	tfall	OUTFALL
4.01	4.01	0.000					0	16.5	0.000
C2		JUNCTION	154.81	154.81	0	00:45	T_out	fall	OUTFALL
4.39	4.39	0.000					0	3.61	0.000
17B		JUNCTION	229.15	229.15	0	00:40	C_out	fall	OUTFALL
5.41	5.41	0.000					0	36.9	0.000
17A		JUNCTION	50.58	50.58	0	00:35	K_out	fall	OUTFALL
0.95	0.95	0.000					0	28.2	0.000
Kl		JUNCTION	79.95	79.95	0	00:35	17_ou	tfall	OUTFALL
1.69	1.69	0.000					0	6.37	0.000
K2		JUNCTION	170.56	170.56	0	00:45	GR_ou	tfall	OUTFALL
4.88	4.88	0.000					0	4.14	0.000
KЗ		JUNCTION	98.30	98.30	0	00:45	Lewis	ton_J	DIVIDER
3.19	3.19	0.000					0	6.25	0.000
К4		JUNCTION	188.35	188.35	0	00:45	Lared	o_J	DIVIDER
5.36	5.36	0.000				-	0		0.000

157.48	157.48	0	00:45
300.21	300.21	0	00:35
89.58	89.58	0	00:40
178.39	178.39	0	00:45
158.13	158.13	0	00:45
79.31	79.31	0	00:45
104.80	104.80	0	00:55
101.60	101.60	0	00:50
122.15	122.15	0	00:45
60.80	60.80	0	00:50
176.28	176.28	0	00:45
104.95	104.95	0	00:50
150.25	150.25	0	00:40
0.00	453.53	0	01:07
0.00	422.74	0	01:00
0.00	613.26	0	01:24
0.00	349.18	0	00:45
0.00	476.03	0	00:59
0.00	426.06	0	01:04
0.00	104.71	0	00:51
0.00	942.12	0	01:19
0.00	859.16	0	01:12
0.00	266.65	0	00:45
0.00	150.25	0	00:40
0.00	232.67	0	00:45
0.00	424.14	0	00:45

alom_J									
	DIVIDER	0.00	122.	80	0 00:40		Flow	Avg	Max
3	0.000						Freq	Flow	Flow
e_VCA	DIVIDER	0.00	349.	24	0 00:45	Outfall Node	Pcnt	CFS	CFS
	0.000								
Т1	DIVIDER	0.00	104.	95	0 00:50	LR_outfall	99.13	23.83	453.53
3.62	0.000					S_outfall	79.69	30.02	422.74
D_NA	DIVIDER	0.00	58.	66	0 00:40	J_outfall	99.30	49.02	613.26
1.64	0.000					VCA_outfall	44.97	33.19	349.18
kley_NA1	DIVIDER	0.00	324.	75	0 01:03	NA_outfall	99.08	26.74	476.03
12.2	0.000					SA_outfall	99.30	25.75	426.06
t_RB1-4_pond	DIVIDER	0.00	352.	51	0 01:19	T_outfall	22.65	24.69	104.71
16.2	0.000					C_outfall	99.30	57.56	942.12
ker_NA	DIVIDER	0.00	476.	03	0 00:59	K_outfall	99.30	43.94	859.16
17.1	0.000					17_outfall	43.70	22.56	266.65
-4_pond	STORAGE	0.00	569.	69	0 00:45	GR_outfall	14.91	43.00	150.25
16.2	0.011		•		-				
_pond	STORAGE	0.00	225.	69	0 00:45	System	72.85	380.29	4627.49
6.06	0.028	5.00	223.			Dystem	, 2.00	500.27	1021.12
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e Flooding Sur *****	-					* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	¢.		
nodes were flo	ooded.								
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****								Maximum  Flow	Time of Max Occurrence
orage Volume Su	ummary					Full Full		Flow	Occurrence
rage Volume Su	ummary					Full Full Link	Туре	Flow	
prage Volume Su	ummary *****					Full Full	Туре	Flow	Occurrence
rage Volume Su	ummary ***** 					Full Full Link Flow Depth 		Flow  CFS	Occurrence days hr:min
brage Volume Su	ummary *****  Average		Evap E		 Maximum	Full Full Link Flow Depth  LR1_OC	Type CHANNEL	Flow	Occurrence
orage Volume Su	ummary *****  Average Maximum	Avg	Evap E	Exfil	Maximum	Full Full Link Flow Depth  LR1_OC 0.24 0.54	CHANNEL	Flow  CFS 355.23	Occurrence days hr:min 0 01:08
Time of Max	ummary *****  Average Maximum Volume	Avg		Exfil		Full Full Link Flow Depth  LR1_OC 0.24 0.54 LR2_OC		Flow  CFS	Occurrence days hr:min
Time of Max Occurrence	ummary *****  Average Maximum Volume e Outflow	Avg Pcnt	Evap E Pcnt	Exfil Pcnt	Maximum Volume	Full Full Link Flow Depth  LR1_OC 0.24 0.54 LR2_OC 0.17 0.46	CHANNEL CHANNEL	Flow  CFS 355.23 278.12	Occurrence days hr:min 0 01:08 0 00:50
Time of Max Occurrence	ummary *****  Average Maximum Volume e Outflow 1000 ft3	Avg Pcnt	Evap E Pcnt	Exfil Pcnt	Maximum Volume	Full Full Link Flow Depth  LR1_OC 0.24 0.54 LR2_OC 0.17 0.46 S_OC_A	CHANNEL CHANNEL	Flow  CFS 355.23 278.12	Occurrence days hr:min 0 01:08
rage Volume Su ************* Time of Max Occurrence rage Unit days hr:min	ummary ***** 	Avg Pcnt Full	Evap E Pcnt Loss	Exfil Pcnt Loss	Maximum Volume 1000 ft3	Full Full Link Flow Depth  LR1_OC 0.24 0.54 LR2_OC 0.17 0.46 S_OC_A 0.07 0.31	CHANNEL CHANNEL CHANNEL	Flow  CFS 355.23 278.12 101.42	Occurrence days hr:min 0 01:08 0 00:50 0 01:05
rage Volume Su ************** Time of Max Occurrence rage Unit days hr:min	ummary *****  Average Maximum Volume e Outflow 1000 ft3 n CFS	Avg Pcnt Full	Evap E Pcnt Loss	Exfil Pcnt Loss	Maximum Volume	Full Full Link Flow Depth  LR1_OC 0.24 0.54 LR2_OC 0.17 0.46 S_OC_A 0.07 0.31 S_OC_B	CHANNEL CHANNEL	Flow  CFS 355.23 278.12	Occurrence days hr:min 0 01:08 0 00:50 0 01:05
rage Volume Su ************** Time of Max Occurrence rage Unit days hr:min	ummary ***** Average Maximum Volume e Outflow 1000 ft3 n CFS	Avg Pcnt Full	Evap E Pcnt Loss	Exfil Pcnt Loss	Maximum Volume 1000 ft3	Full Full Link Flow Depth  LR1_OC 0.24 0.54 LR2_OC 0.17 0.46 S_OC_A 0.07 0.31 S_OC_B 0.12 0.39	CHANNEL CHANNEL CHANNEL CHANNEL	Flow  CFS 355.23 278.12 101.42 191.94	Occurrence days hr:min 0 01:08 0 00:50 0 01:05 0 01:01
age Volume Su ************ Time of Max Occurrence age Unit days hr:min 	ummary ***** 	Avg Pcnt Full	Evap E Pcnt Loss	Exfil Pcnt Loss	Maximum Volume 1000 ft3	Full Full Link Flow Depth  LR1_OC 0.24 0.54 LR2_OC 0.17 0.46 S_OC_A 0.07 0.31 S_OC_B 0.12 0.39 J1_OC	CHANNEL CHANNEL CHANNEL	Flow  CFS 355.23 278.12 101.42	Occurrence days hr:min 0 01:08 0 00:50 0 01:05
ge Volume Su ************ Time of Max Occurrence ge Unit days hr:min 	ummary ***** 	Avg Pcnt Full 5	Evap E Pcnt Loss 0	Exfil Pcnt Loss 0	Maximum Volume 1000 ft3 	Full Full Link Flow Depth  LR1_OC 0.24 0.54 LR2_OC 0.17 0.46 S_OC_A 0.07 0.31 S_OC_B 0.12 0.39 J1_OC 0.42 0.68	CHANNEL CHANNEL CHANNEL CHANNEL CHANNEL	Flow  CFS 355.23 278.12 101.42 191.94 526.08	Occurrence days hr:min 0 01:08 0 00:50 0 01:05 0 01:01 0 01:27
age Volume Su ************************************	ummary ***** 	Avg Pcnt Full	Evap E Pcnt Loss	Exfil Pcnt Loss	Maximum Volume 1000 ft3	Full Full Link Flow Depth  LR1_OC 0.24 0.54 LR2_OC 0.17 0.46 S_OC_A 0.07 0.31 S_OC_B 0.12 0.39 J1_OC 0.42 0.68 J3_OC	CHANNEL CHANNEL CHANNEL CHANNEL	Flow  CFS 355.23 278.12 101.42 191.94	Occurrence days hr:min 0 01:08 0 00:50 0 01:05 0 01:01
Time of Max Occurrence age Unit days hr:min days hr:min 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	ummary ***** 	Avg Pcnt Full 5	Evap E Pcnt Loss 0	Exfil Pcnt Loss 0	Maximum Volume 1000 ft3 	Full Full Link Flow Depth  LR1_OC 0.24 0.54 LR2_OC 0.17 0.46 S_OC_A 0.07 0.31 S_OC_B 0.12 0.39 J1_OC 0.42 0.68 J3_OC 0.17 0.45	CHANNEL CHANNEL CHANNEL CHANNEL CHANNEL	Flow  CFS 355.23 278.12 101.42 191.94 526.08 351.13	Occurrence days hr:min 0 01:08 0 00:50 0 01:05 0 01:05 0 01:27 0 01:25
rage Volume Su ***************** Time of Max Occurrence rage Unit days hr:min -4_pond 0 01:18 pond	ummary ***** 	Avg Pcnt Full 5	Evap E Pcnt Loss 0	Exfil Pcnt Loss 0	Maximum Volume 1000 ft3 	Full Full Link Flow Depth  LR1_OC 0.24 0.54 LR2_OC 0.17 0.46 S_OC_A 0.07 0.31 S_OC_B 0.12 0.39 J1_OC 0.42 0.68 J3_OC	CHANNEL CHANNEL CHANNEL CHANNEL CHANNEL	Flow  CFS 355.23 278.12 101.42 191.94 526.08	Occurrence days hr:min 0 01:08 0 00:50 0 01:05 0 01:01 0 01:27
rage Volume Su ***************** Time of Max Occurrence rage Unit days hr:min -4_pond 0 01:18 pond	ummary ***** 	Avg Pcnt Full 5	Evap E Pcnt Loss 0	Exfil Pcnt Loss 0	Maximum Volume 1000 ft3 	Full Full Link Flow Depth  LR1_OC 0.24 0.54 LR2_OC 0.17 0.46 S_OC_A 0.07 0.31 S_OC_B 0.12 0.39 J1_OC 0.42 0.68 J3_OC 0.17 0.45	CHANNEL CHANNEL CHANNEL CHANNEL CHANNEL CHANNEL	Flow  CFS 355.23 278.12 101.42 191.94 526.08 351.13	Occurrence days hr:min 0 01:08 0 00:50 0 01:05 0 01:05 0 01:27 0 01:25
rage Volume Su **************** Time of Max Occurrence rage Unit days hr:min 	ummary ***** Average Maximum Volume e Outflow 1000 ft3 n CFS 	Avg Pcnt Full 5	Evap E Pcnt Loss 0	Exfil Pcnt Loss 0	Maximum Volume 1000 ft3 	Full Full Link Flow Depth  LR1_OC 0.24 0.54 LR2_OC 0.17 0.46 S_OC_A 0.07 0.31 S_OC_B 0.12 0.39 J1_OC 0.42 0.68 J3_OC 0.17 0.45 J4_OC	CHANNEL CHANNEL CHANNEL CHANNEL CHANNEL CHANNEL	Flow  CFS 355.23 278.12 101.42 191.94 526.08 351.13	Occurrence days hr:min 0 01:08 0 00:50 0 01:05 0 01:05 0 01:27 0 01:25
Time of Max Occurrence Tage Unit days hr:min 	ummary ***** Average Maximum Volume e Outflow 1000 ft3 n CFS 	Avg Pcnt Full 5	Evap E Pcnt Loss 0	Exfil Pcnt Loss 0	Maximum Volume 1000 ft3 	Full Full Link Flow Depth  LR1_OC 0.24 0.54 LR2_OC 0.17 0.46 S_OC_A 0.07 0.31 S_OC_B 0.12 0.39 J1_OC 0.42 0.68 J3_OC 0.17 0.45 J4_OC 0.06 0.27	CHANNEL CHANNEL CHANNEL CHANNEL CHANNEL CHANNEL CHANNEL	Flow  CFS 355.23 278.12 101.42 191.94 526.08 351.13 121.27	Occurrence days hr:min 0 01:08 0 00:50 0 01:05 0 01:05 0 01:27 0 01:25 0 00:44
rage Volume Su ************************************	ummary ****** 	Avg Pcnt Full 5	Evap E Pcnt Loss 0	Exfil Pcnt Loss 0	Maximum Volume 1000 ft3 	Full Full Link Flow Depth 	CHANNEL CHANNEL CHANNEL CHANNEL CHANNEL CHANNEL CHANNEL	Flow  CFS 355.23 278.12 101.42 191.94 526.08 351.13 121.27	Occurrence days hr:min 0 01:08 0 00:50 0 01:05 0 01:05 0 01:27 0 01:25 0 00:44

J6_SS	CONDUIT	347.74	0	01:01	16.83	J4_OF	DUMMY
1.00 0.82						J3_OF	DUMMY
J7_SS	CONDUIT	170.68	0	01:08	15.55	J1_OF	DUMMY
1.00 0.82						J2_OF	DUMMY
VCA_SS_OUT	CONDUIT	115.86	0	01:43	6.08	VCA1_OF	DUMMY
1.00 0.80						VCA2_OF	DUMMY
VCA1_SS	CONDUIT	147.93	0	00:45	14.61	NA1_OF	DUMMY
0.41 0.44						NA2_OF	DUMMY
NA1_SS	CONDUIT	196.00	0	01:37	18.03	NA4_OF	DUMMY
1.00 0.82						NA3_OF	DUMMY
NA3_SS	CONDUIT	44.22	0	01:10	10.70	SA4_OF	DUMMY
1.01 0.82						SA3_OF	DUMMY
SA1_SS	CONDUIT	317.45	0	01:08	11.36	SA2_OF	DUMMY
0.26 0.39						SA1_OF	DUMMY
SA2_OC	CHANNEL	221.56	0	01:07	3.84	C2_OF	DUMMY
0.14 0.43						C3_OF	DUMMY
SA3_OC	CHANNEL	123.79	0	01:02	2.96	C4_OF	DUMMY
0.09 0.35						C5_OF	DUMMY
T0_SS	CONDUIT	104.71	0	00:51	14.02	C6_OF	DUMMY
0.63 0.58						C7_OF	DUMMY
C1_OC	CHANNEL	834.46	0	01:21	4.01	C8_OF	DUMMY
0.42 0.70						C9_OF	DUMMY
C2_OC	CHANNEL	743.91	0	01:12	3.87	C1_OF	DUMMY
0.36 0.66						T1_OF	DUMMY
C3_0C	CHANNEL	654.25	0	01:08	4.09	K1_OF	DUMMY
0.29 0.60						K2_OF	DUMMY
C4_OC	CHANNEL	500.33	0	01:04	3.63		DUMMY
0.24 0.55						K3_OF	DUMMY
C6_OC	CHANNEL	397.45	0	00:58	3.56	к5_0f	DUMMY
0.18 0.49						K6_OF	DUMMY
C8_OC	CHANNEL	177.03	0	00:50	2.93	K7_OF	DUMMY
0.08 0.34						K4_OF	DUMMY
K1_OC	CHANNEL	824.85	0	01:13	3.63	17A_OF	DUMMY
0.62 0.82						J7_SS_OVF	DUMMY
K2_OC	CHANNEL	701.19	0	01:07	3.45	J6_SS_OVF	DUMMY
0.53 0.77						J4_SS_OVF	DUMMY
K4_OC	CHANNEL	469.75	0	00:58	3.63	VCA_SS_OVF	DUMMY
0.29 0.59						T0_OVF	DUMMY
K5_OC	CHANNEL	265.26	0	00:47	3.30	NA3_OVF	DUMMY
0.16 0.45						NA1_OVF	DUMMY
17A_0C	CHANNEL	223.42	0	00:46	3.06	J3_OVF	DUMMY
0.40 0.65						GR1_OF	DUMMY
LR3_OF	DUMMY	298.37	0	00:40		NA0_SS	CONDUIT
LR2_OF	DUMMY	129.14	0	00:45		1.01 0.82	
LR1_OF	DUMMY	101.66	0	01:00		NA0_OVF	DUMMY
S3_OF	DUMMY	210.26	0	00:45		outlet_RB1-4_pond	DUMMY
S2_OF	DUMMY	101.97	0	01:00		outlet_NA_pond	DUMMY
S_OF	DUMMY	141.81	0	00:50			2 GIMIT
J8_OF	DUMMY	232.67	0	00:30			
J7_OF	DUMMY	191.47	0	00:45		* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	* * * * * *
J6_OF	DUMMY	146.38	0	00:40		Conduit Surcharge S	ummarv
J5_OF	DUMMY	122.80	0	00:30		*****************	-
00_01	2011111		0	0.0 - 10			

	66.39 209.86 70.04 37.41 201.48 150.53 208.71 225.69 58.66 103.46 126.80 108.73 105.35 163.67 154.81 101.60 104.80 60.80 122.15 79.31 158.13 178.39 176.28 104.95 79.95 170.56 229.15 98.30 89.58 157.48 300.21 188.35 50.58 62.17 77.14 0.80 234.24 0.00 14.96 129.55 0.00 150.25 98.74		00:40 00:40 01:05 00:45 00:45 00:40 00:45 00:40 00:55 00:55 00:50 00:50 00:50 00:40 00:45 00:400	12.02
IY	352.51	0	01:19	
IY	175.99	0	01:04	

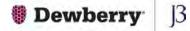
				Hours
Hours				
		Hours Full		Above Full
Capacity				
Conduit	Both Ends	Upstream	Dnstream	Normal Flow
Limited				
J6_SS	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.02
0.01				
J7_SS	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
0.01				
VCA_SS_OUT	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.03
0.01				
NA1_SS	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.03
0.01				
NA3_SS	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.07
0.01				
NA0_SS	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.04
0.01				

Analysis begun on: Mon Feb 11 10:59:27 2019 Analysis ended on: Mon Feb 11 10:59:28 2019 Total elapsed time: 00:00:01

Sheet 15 of 15

# APPENDIX C HYDRAULIC ANALYSIS SUPPORT DOCUMENTS

## **MODELING MEMOS**



#### **TECHNICAL MEMORANDUM**

#### Date: April 29, 2019

To: Ms. Terri Fead, P.E. From: Ken Cecil, P.E., CFM; Danny Elsner, P.E., CFM Subject: Cherry Creek Minor Tributaries FHAD; Model Review Submittal 1

#### Message:

This technical memorandum documents the hydraulic analysis performed for the Cherry Creek Minor Tributaries in Arapahoe County FHAD, Model Review Submittal 1. Modeling notes that generally apply to all tributaries are listed first, followed by assumptions and items of note that are individual to each tributary. Supporting hydraulic calculations and references are attached to this memorandum. Prior to this submittal, a meeting was held at UDFCD on April 10, 2019 to clarify preliminary questions. Minutes from the meeting are also attached.

#### General Modeling Notes

HEC-RAS (version 5.0.6, subcritical, 1D) models are included for the following drainageways: Little Raven Creek, Joplin Tributary, North Arapahoe Tributary, South Arapahoe Tributary, Chenango Tributary, and Kragelund Tributary.

- All required peak profiles (10-, 25-, 50-, 100-, 500-yr) from the baseline hydrology are included. For all tributaries except Kragelund, existing conditions = future conditions. For reaches defined by storm sewer overflow and no open channel, only the return events and associated flows exceeding the SWMM-defined storm sewer capacity are modeled.
- All modeling was completed in Colorado State Plane Central with a NAD 83 horizontal datum and NAVD88 vertical datum.

#### **Channel Alignments**

• Tributary alignments were delineated following the channel thalweg per the smoothed Cherry Creek contours provided by UDFCD. Station 0+00 for each tributary is at the confluence of Cherry Creek (or Cherry Creek reservoir) regardless of the downstream limit of the study area.

#### **Cross Sections**

- Cross section geometry was populated using a 1'x1' raster created from the LAS dataset provided by UDFCD and created by USGS in 2014.
- Low flow channel inverts were modified to reflect UDFCD survey at existing structures. Where necessary, intermediate cross section inverts were interpolated between surveyed structures to remove adverse grade.
- Several instances of adverse grade exist along the modeled profiles. Instances of adverse grade were included where needed to capture areas of overland flow (no defined channel) and obstructions such as private driveways and berms.

#### **Boundary Conditions**

- Downstream boundary conditions vary for each tributary depending on the limits of the study and the availability of regulatory floodplain data for Cherry Creek. Effective Cherry Creek information was obtained from the 08005CV001D-5D FIS for Arapahoe County (revised September 28, 2018).
  - o The North Arapahoe, Chenango, and Kragelund downstream boundary conditions use KWSELs set to the Cherry Creek 10-year water surface elevation interpolated from the FIS profiles. Refer to the attachment for calculations.
  - o Little Raven: Normal depth of channel slope downstream of Belleview Avenue per limits of study.
  - Joplin: Normal depth of channel slope at downstream cross-section. (No regulatory floodplain is 0 published for this area within Cherry Creek State Park.)
  - South Arapahoe: KWSEL's set to the calculated headwater at Lewiston Way. Headwater elevations for each profile were calculated in CulvertMaster. Calculations account for the series of culverts



running from the west side of Parker Road to the upstream side of Lewiston Way via a 54" CDOT pond outlet (Culvert 1) and the Lewiston Way culvert (Culvert 2). Calculations are attached.

section

#### Manning's N

- attached.
  - 0 around buildings.

Category	Roughness Value
Native Grasses	0.05
Willow stands, woody shrubs	0.16
Herbaceous wetlands	0.12
Asphalt (ex. parallel roadways)	0.02
Cobble Channel Bed	0.07
Gravel (ex. gravel parking lot)	0.025
Housing/Commercial	0.1-0.2
Grouted Boulder Drops/ Large riprap	0.1
Maintained Turf Grass	0.04
Fences (perpendicular to floodplain)	0.1

#### Structures

the UDFCD survey are included in the Bridge Culvert Data description box for each structure.

**Ineffective Flow Areas** 

- IEFA's

### **TECHNICAL MEMORANDUM**

Additional boundary conditions were added for pond RB1-4 in Joplin Tributary and are discussed in that

• Roughness values were chosen using USDCM Table 8-5 and Equation 9-1. Photographs of typical sections are

In lieu of conveyance obstructions, areas with overland flow occurring across residential and commercial areas use a higher Manning's roughness value between 0.1 and 0.2 to consider flow

Several of the tributary floodplains are obstructed by perpendicular fencing, mainly associated with private yards. In some cases, along Chenango, the fencing crosses the channel. Anticipated blockages associated with the fencing is modeled with a high roughness value of 0.1.

• Culverts and drops were modeled using the structure survey provided by UDFCD. Structure numbers from

IEFA's at crossings were set assuming approximate contraction rates of 1:1 and expansion rates of 2:1 - 4:1. IEFA's immediately upstream and downstream of roadway embankments were set to permanent.

· Conveyance areas within other channels, such as minor tributaries or roadway ditches, were discounted with



#### **TECHNICAL MEMORANDUM**

#### Little Raven Creek

The Little Raven Creek model terminates at Belleview Avenue because the reach within Cherry Creek State Park will not be included in the FHAD.

#### Joplin Tributary

- Pond RB1-4: Cross section 7571 is set to the water surface elevations which were identified in the baseline hydrology SWMM model for the RB1-4 pond.
- Survey Data requested on 4/18/2019
  - o Structure survey was requested for Chambers Road near station 6,363. SEMSWA infrastructure shapefile data identifies the culvert as a 54" RCP, which has been included in the model until the survey is received.
  - Topographic survey or as-builts were requested for the development located south of the Joplin 0 Way and Chambers Rd. intersection. Until the survey is received, it is assumed that the 500-year overflow of the 72" pipe will be conveyed along S Granby Way and contained by approximate conveyance obstructions. ACTION ITEM – Once survey is received, Dewberry | J3 will map the flow path and flood limits between S. Joplin Way and S. Chambers Road.
- Flow Change Locations:
  - o Overflow occurs upstream along Crestline Ave. and Helena in subbasins J6 and J7 between XS 8050 and 10270 for the 100-year and 500-year storm events. Flow rates for the overflow between Laredo and Lewiston (J7 SS OVF) were taken from SWMM and not modified. The overflow rate for J6 SS OVF was modified to include 80% of the overland flow rate for the subbasin since approximately 80% of subbasin J6 flows to the street before flowing downstream to Pond RB1-4. The totals of J6 SS OVF and J6 OF are used for the total flow in street for mapping (194 cfs during the 100-year and 463 cfs during the 500-year). See table below for reference.

Node/Link	Description	CUHP/SWM (c1	IM flow rate fs)	80% of ove (going to s	erland flow street) (cfs)	Total flow in street, Crestline Ave. and Helena St. (cfs)		
		100-YR	500-YR	100-YR	500-YR	100-YR	500-YR	
J6_SS	Storm Sewer	347.74	348.55	-	-	-	-	
J6_SS_OVF	Overflow	77.14	279.22	-	-	77.14	279.22	
J6_OF	Subbasin overland flow	146.38	229.18	117.104	183.344	117.104	183.344	
RB1- 4_Pond	Total flow to pond	569.4	854.95	-	-	194.244	462.564	

Overflow of the 72" pipe from Pond RB1-4 to Chambers Road crossing occurs for the 500-year 0 storm event only and the flow rate for the model is 312 cfs, as determine in CUHP and SWMM.

### Dewberry

#### North Arapahoe Tributary

- "Combined 1-D and 2-D modeling with HEC-RAS" (August 2013).
- A rough 2D model was completed to identify potential locations of split flow for the 1D model. The 2D in reality occur.
- for the split flows to optimize.
  - parking lot.
    - 0 that this loss of flow may be resolved in the future.
  - - 0
  - warrant relocating the centerline of North Arapahoe tributary further to the north.
    - 0 flow being lost to the northwest.
- Arapahoe may need to be included in this discussion.

#### South Arapahoe Tributary

- flow loss at this pond and the possible combination discussed in North Arapahoe.

#### **Chenango Tributary**

• ACTION ITEM - Structure survey was requested on 4/18/2019 for East Hinsdale Avenue

#### **TECHNICAL MEMORANDUM**

• Several split flow locations have been identified along North Arapahoe. The model included with this submittal estimates the amount of flow leaving at each location with a lateral weir using the standard weir equation for a broad crested weir. Tailwater connections at all weirs are set to 'out of the system'. Weir coefficients were selected using the Hydrologic Engineering Center recommended values published in

model uses two plans: 1. Upstream of Parker Road and 2. Downstream of Parker Road. The model is included with this submittal. Because the terrain is very flat and the LiDAR does not capture curb and gutter elevations along North Arapahoe, the model was only used to identify potential problem areas and is not necessarily accurate in many locations. For example, the topo underneath the Parker Road bridge does not represent the existing median; therefore, a split flow to the south is introduced in the model which does not

The following is a description of the split flows for the 100-year event. These locations are noted on the North Arapahoe hydraulic workmap. Note that the default maximum iterations was increased to 40 to allow

Lewiston Way: Between Olathe Street and Lewiston Way approximately 19 cfs overtops the Arapahoe Road median. Curb and gutter contain this flow until Lewiston Way, where no gutter or cross pan exists, allowing water to escape to the south along Lewiston Way and potentially into the Walgreens

Lateral weirs 5462 and 4660 were optimized together because both are considered one source of flow loss. Flow lost through these weirs was not subtracted from the main channel flows, assuming

Downstream of Lewiston Way: Just downstream of Lewiston Way, the 100-year WSEL sits very close to the median elevation. Less than 1 cfs overtops the median and will be conveyed by curb and gutter to the next inlet on the south side of Arapahoe Road just west of the Parker Road southbound onramp.

This weir, 4444, was optimized alone. Flow lost through this weir was not subtracted from the main channel flows, assuming that this loss of flow may be resolved in the future.

3. Parker Road to Cherry Creek: Downstream of Parker Road, the majority of North Arapahoe flows leave Arapahoe Road and spill to the north toward Sprint, Smashburger, and a handful of homes. This may

Lateral weirs 3462, 2764, 2339, 1485 were optimized together because of the large percentage of

 ACTION ITEM - Dewberry | J3 would like to coordinate with UDFCD regarding major modeling decisions such as split flow alignments and centerline modifications for North Arapahoe tributary. It appears that the major flow path should leave Arapahoe and head a bit north due to the split flow quantities. Note additional flows along Arapahoe from South

• During hydraulic analysis, it was determined that the CDOT pond located at the southeast corner of the Arapahoe and Parker intersection along South Arapahoe is overtopped during the 100-year and 500-year events. The overtopping elevation is estimated to be 5680' at the northwest corner of the pond. From preliminary CulvertMaster calculations, included in the boundary conditions attachment, it's estimated that about 45 cfs and 226 cfs could escape the pond in the 100-year and 500-year events, respectively.

• ACTION ITEM - Dewberry | J3 would like to coordinate with UDFCD regarding modeling the

upstream of the dam near station 10,600. SEMSWA infrastructure shapefile data identifies the culvert as an 84" CMP, which has been included in the model until survey is received.



#### **TECHNICAL MEMORANDUM**

- The existing dam located at station 98+41 is not recognized by UDFCD and was not included in the baseline hydrology. The channel alignment is routed around the dam by way of the emergency overflow located on the south side of the dam. Storage behind the dam was discounted with IEFAs.
- Roadway ditches are located on the north and south side of Hinsdale Avenue. Conveyance area associated with the ditches was made ineffective.
- The high Manning's n discussed with UDFCD was implemented within a majority of the area based on aerial view and the impact felt to the flow.

#### Kragelund Tributary

- In the April 10<sup>th</sup> pre-submittal meeting, the UDFCD project team was notified that the future conditions peak flows are more than 30% greater than the existing peak flows along Kragelund. UDFCD advised Dewberry | J3 to continue modeling future flows while it is determined whether existing flows also need to be modeled.
- The following is a description of split flows for the 100-year event. Split flows that were observed for smaller storm events are not noted here but were considered in the model using ineffective flow areas.
  - 1. <u>Cross Section 6545 to 5879 in proposed King's Point Development:</u> Drainage splits on either side of a ~500-foot long natural ridge, with the low-flow channel continuing along the east side of the ridge. This was modeled with longer cross-sections and ineffective flow areas rather than with lateral or weir structures due to the short length of the obstruction and wide floodplain downstream.
  - 2. <u>Cross Section 4566 to 4162</u>: Drainage splits on either side of a ~400-foot long natural ridge, with the low-flow channel continuing along the north side of the ridge. This was modeled with longer cross-sections and ineffective flow areas rather than with lateral or weir structures due to the short length of the obstruction and wide floodplain downstream.
- Neighborhood between E. Long Ave. and E Mineral Pl.:
  - Low Flow Channel Determination: From Cross Section 4162 to Parker Road, it appears that two possible flow channels exist: one to the north parallel to E Long Ave and one to the south that flows to a ditch along E Mineral Pl. Upstream invert elevations are similar and an abbreviated 2D flow analysis was conducted which found that flows split for very small events and slightly more drainage is conveyed in the Mineral Pl. channel. This channel was selected for the low-flow channel and IEFAs were used to preclude flow from the upper reaches of the flow area.
  - <u>Flow South of E Mineral Pl</u>.: Storm events overtop Mineral Pl. and pond the residence located south of the road. Since flow appears to remain there and pond up, IEFAs were added to remove this area from consideration in the model.
- Flow west of Parker Rd.: Flow spills from the main channel located downstream of the Parker Rd. crossing Northwest toward and across the open space. An abbreviated 2D model confirmed this flow preference and Dewberry | J3 will be requesting guidance from UDFCD to confirm the best approach for containing this part of the model.

#### **References:**

- 1. Reference A: HEC-RAS Workmaps
- 2. Reference B: Manning's n Typical Sections
- 3. Reference C: Boundary Conditions
- 4. **Reference D:** April 10, 2019 Meeting Minutes
- 5. **Reference E:** North Arapahoe 2D Model (screen shots due to size)
- 6. Reference E: Kragelund 2D Models (screen shots due to size)
- 7. Reference F: Baseline Hydrology Report

## **EXISTING HYDRAULIC STRUCTURES**

Flood Hazard Area Delineation - Cherry Creek Minor Tributaries in Arapahoe County



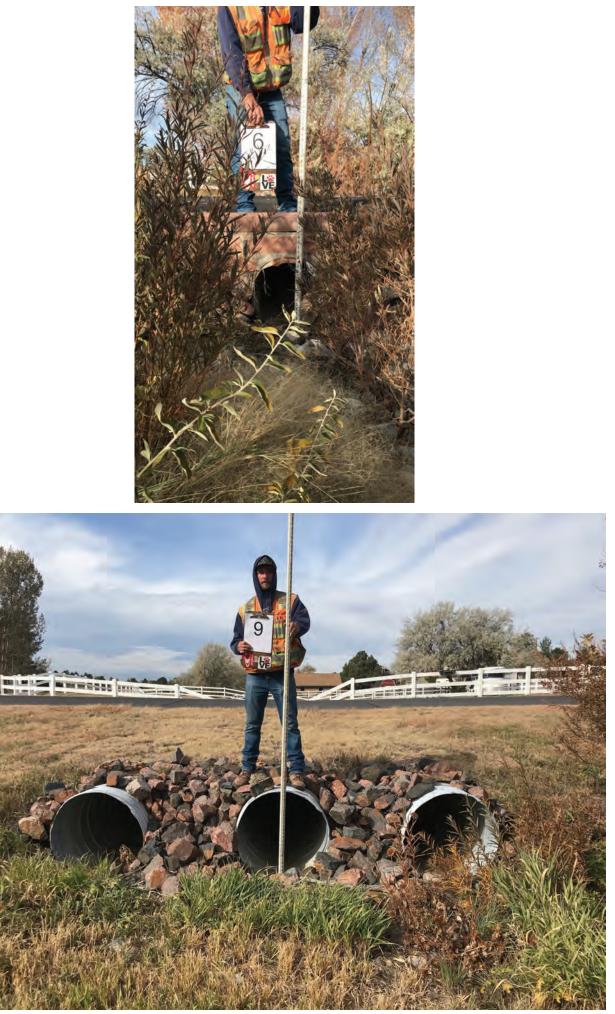




Flood Hazard Area Delineation - Cherry Creek Minor Tributaries in Arapahoe County







Appendix C - Hydraulic Analysis

Flood Hazard Area Delineation - Cherry Creek Minor Tributaries in Arapahoe County





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