LITERACY Applied Vocational Booklet

VM 3&4

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- ⇒ Work Related Skills VPC 3&4: Coursebook & Applied Vocational Booklet michael@delivereducation.com.au

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Describe examples from over your break when you demonstrated each of these 8 types of literacy. What were you 'best' at and why? What do you need to improve this year?

	Literacy		Descrip	tions		Need to improve	е
	verbal						
	listening						
	written						
P	reading	VIE	W:	S	ar	npl	e
	visuai	0	nc	t	CO	ру	
	technological						
	cultural						
	financial						

2 Work Words

Part A: Spelling

In the world of work there are a number of common words that get spelled incorrectly. This can make the worker look unprofessional and reflect badly on their employer. So you don't want to make those common mistakes.

1. Choose the correct spelling and then use this word in a sentence related to a vocational situation.

a.	business / buisness
b.	definitly/ definitely
c.	necessary / neccessary
d.	arguement/ argument
e.	environment / enviroment
f.	government / govenment
g.	perfect / prefect
review San Laborat Col	recipe / conte conte conte / conte / conte / conte / conte / conte conte conte / conte conte conte conte conte conte conte / conte con
m. n.	rest y frant tay iff / tariff realtor/ reeltor
0.	accommodation/ accommadation

2. The word pairs below are examples of words that might be used incorrectly because they have different meanings. When might these apply in vocational situations?

calendar/ colander	principal/ principle	canvas/ canvass
council/ counsel	bazaar/ bizarre	weather/ wether

2

Part B: Meaning

In the world of work there are occupational and industry-specific words and terms that you will need to become familiar with. But sometimes, the same word will have a different meaning because of the vocational context in which it is used.

Explain how these words have a different applied meaning for each of these occupations. Add 2 more related to your own vocational interests.

	salesperson	dog walker
a. lead		
b. pitch	advertiser	musician
c. table	data analyst	waiter
d. server	café worker	network engineer
e. charge	police officer	finance officer
rev	IEW S	ambl
g. trade	stockbroker	TAFE teacher
h. file	furniture maker	database manager
i. line	fashion designer	spo isperson
j. feedback	sound technician	teacher
k. case	lawyer	concierge
l. window	glazier	clerk
m. block	carpenter	plumber
n.		

3 Industry Jobs

Part A: Industry jobs

When you work within a particular industry you will find that there are many workers with varied occupational classifications. Some reflect the type of work tasks or specialisations being performed, and some denote the level of seniority.

Industry: Retail trade

Name occupational 'titles' you are aware of in these industries based on work tasks/ specialisations, and based on seniority. Add 1 more industry.

	Industry: Acc	commodation and	food services	
rΩ	/iev	$\Lambda/$	lam	nni
		V	an	
	0 n	A		
		du try: Lor struction		JV
				J
Industry:	<u>'</u>	1	1	'
i iii dasti y i				
madony.				

Part B: Occupational roles

One of the key roles and responsibilities of workers is to understand and communicate information effectively with other work-related stakeholders, including managers, colleagues and customers and clients.

Listed below are the top 15 occupations in Australia.

- 1. What types of information do these workers need to understand so as to do their jobs?
- 2. How do these workers commonly communicate with other stakeholders?

General sales assistants	General clerks	Registered nurses
Aged and disabled carers	Retail managers	Truck drivers
Accountants	Receptionists Not C	Electricians
Storepersons	Advertising, PR & sales managers	Software & app programmers
Primary school teachers	Waiters	Kitchenhands

4 Getting Technical

Industry:

Part A: Technical terms

The world of work has a whole range of 'new' words and terms that are industry, work or commerce-related. So, it is important to develop a professional or technical vocabulary to communicate effectively with other stakeholders in the industry. And your vocabulary would have grown over the last 12 months. So what do you now know?

List specific and technical words and terms for each of the prompts, based on your own applied vocational knowledge and experiences.

Products or services	Tools and implements
Machinery and equipment	Technology and devices
review	Samp
DO NO	Abbreviations and codes CODY
Personal protective equipment	Software and apps
Artificial intelligence	Other relevant terms

Part B: Technical images

Ok. What you did in Part A was 'word-related'. But when working, we often have to use and apply visual literacy for different work tasks. So this time, find or create images that illustrate industry or occupational-specific terminology that you have developed over the last 12 months.

When finished, pair up and see if your partner can identify what is 'going on' from your images.

Product or service	Tool or implement
)	
Machinery or equipment	Technology or device
Machinery of equipment	reciniology of device
_	
	Sampl
review	Januar
Process or work tasks	Abbreviations or code
Do not	CODY
	COPY
Personal protective equipment	Software or app
 	
Artificial intelligence	Another relevant term

5 Down to Specifics

Part A: Financial terms

All enterprises, whether they be public or private sector, for profit or not-for-profit, or large or small, have to operate within financial guidelines. But many people incorrectly apply certain words and phrases that have another meaning in the commercial world.

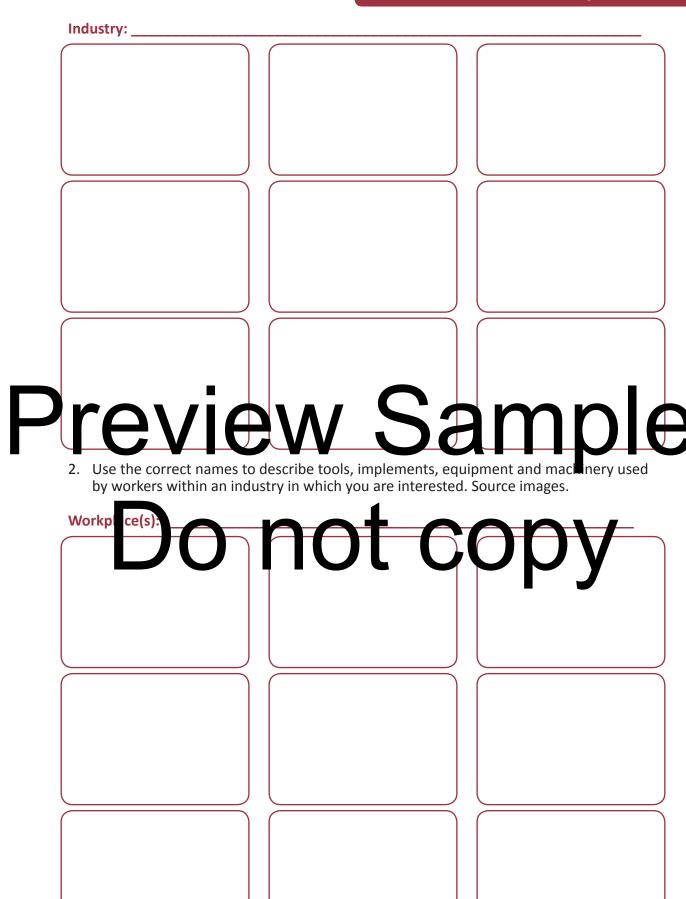
- 1. Explain the meaning of each of these work-related financial terms.
- 2. When might you need to understand and use these terms when working?



Part B: Industry-specific

You will be expected to understand and use different types of industry-specific and occupational-specific words and phrases, depending on the type of occupation in which you are employed.

 Use industry-specific terms to describe work tasks, processes, systems and other actions performed by workers within an industry in which you are interested.
 e.g. In the Hospitality industry baristas will use <u>tampers</u> to...



6 Another Language

Part A: Gung-ho

There are a lot of words and terms used every day that derive from another language. When you hear these, the person communicating might assume that you know the meaning. So do you?

What do these terms mean, and from which languages are they derived?

Gung-ho	Déjà vu	A la carte
Feng Shui	Savoir-faire	Carpe Diem
Joie de vivre	Vis-à-vis	Nom de plume
Carre b r the	Ad ha	ample
Persona non grata	Ren ez ous	Vice ve sa
Fait accompli	Status quo	Mea culpa
Caveat emptor	Bon appétit	Kaizen
Yin and Yang	Ubuntu	Qi

Part B: It means this

In the world of work, especially in relation to workplace safety, certain words mean what they mean. That's why the word exists in the first place - to convey a specific meaning.

- 1. What does each of these words mean? Add 2 more. Source warning images/signs.
- 2. In which work situations is it important for you to know this 'correct' meaning?

	Flammable	Inflammable
	Combustible	Infectious
	Poisonous	Venomous
P	review	Sample
	llerg nic	t copy
	Carcinogenic	Explosive
	Radioactive	Asphyxiating

7 A Job by Any Other Name

Part A: Ye' Olde jobs

In the olden days (i.e. the 1800s) there were specific names used for particular job tasks. What do you think these workers did 'back then? Go online and find out. How did you go?

Birdboy	Toerag	Slubber Doffer
Ale Wife	Tonsor	Tozer
Rag and Bone Man	Turnspit	Spittleman
Ulnager	Nob Thatcher	Punky
revie	Wante	Nght loi man
		_
	not c	Opy
Whacker	Linkerboy	Wonkey-Scoop
Riddler	Snobscat	Perambulator
Trugger	Scrivener	Knocker-Up
Gatherer's Boy	Tackler	Scabbler

Part B: Ye Newee jobs

1. Choose 9 of those olde jobs that are still performed, and what the occupation might now be called.

2. Explain how another 9 of these have been replaced by innovation, technology or changes to infrastructure.

Preview Sample: Do not copy

3. For some reason, the names of contemporary occupations keep evolving, with some people and organisations needing to make their jobs sound more 'impressive'! In reality - what are these occupations or job roles? You interested in any?

Hygiene Specialist	Domestic Engineer	Brand Ambassador
Culinary Artist	Custodial Technician	Beverage Consultant
Talent Acquisition Specialist	Customer Success Manager	Sanitation Engineer
Cloud Solutions Architect	(Apple) Genius	Content Creator

8 Order, Order

Part A: When do you mean?

When you are working you will be expected to follow procedures that are already set in place. But other workers and managers might use specific procedural language that they expect you to know.

So what do each of these terms mean?

At the commencement	At the conclusion	Consecutive
Concurrent	Pre-requisite	Subsequent
Penultimate	Finale	Epilogue
Ontingel Lipo	Vinultan ous	A Prefect of C
Successi e	Antice ent	Proviocal
Preliminary	Interim	Denouement
Overlapping	Precursor	Inception
Aftermath	In tandem with	Synchronisation

Part B: What do they mean?

1. In the world of work there is certain terminology that is often used, commonly by senior managers. As a new worker you would be expected to understand what each of these terms mean. So, what does each term or phrase mean? For each, give an example related to an occupation or industry.

Leverage our expertise	Pivot to a new	Streamline operations
Strengthen our presence	Gain a competitive advantage	Reinforce our brand promise
Expand our read	Mitigate our asi	Meet industry benchmarks
review 1	Willigate out S	amble amble
_		
Align with current lues	Divergout portfoli	Am ve con 's hest tractice

2. And you will also be faced with a world of abbreviations. Do you know what these stand for? Add 4 more.

CEO	CFO	FIFO	LIFO
KPI	000	SOP	HR
B2B	B2C	ROI	QA
RTS	РО	CRM	ETA

9 Instructions

Part A: Following instructions

1. List 4 examples of vocational situations when you had to follow written instructions.





2. List 4 examples of vocational situations when you had to follow verbal instructions.

Preview Sample: Do not copy

3. List 4 examples of vocational situations when you had to follow visual instructions.

4. Which of these methods of instructions did you prefer and why?

Part B: Giving instructions

- 1. Reflect on your vocational and work-related experiences. List situations when you gave instructions to a colleague, or to a customer/client.
- 2. What methods for giving instructions did you use?
- 3. Explain whether these methods seemed effective for them.

Work-related situation	Instructions // methods	Were these effective?
i.		
ii.		
iii.		
iv.		
v		_

P	I che agnal ave, alo developments and lo I 4 For an occupati and develop skills?	eo le areaurna ig to d to datas is. typtoof tideo tuto	line	vide s	a d vertat	ria ko	(5	•

5. Do any of these exist? Find them, list the source and evaluate their effectiveness.

Do	not	СОРУ

Summary: So what do you think are your preferred methods for instructions? Does this indicate anything about your communication preferences?

10 Taking the Lead

Part A: Training others

You've undertaken a lot of training through your VM including on-the-job training and in your VET course. So you have achieved competency in a range of tasks.

- 1. Identify an industry-specific or occupational-specific work procedure that you feel you are very competent at. Create a set of instructions or a procedural description that will enable someone inexperienced to be able to carry out that work task.
- 2. Storyboard this. You choose the communication methods and media.
- 3. Guide someone in your class to learn or to do the task.

Preview Sample: Do not copy

Part B: Taking charge

Morkolacai

You've been working for a few months in your preferred workplace and the boss comes to you and says.

"We've got a work experience kid starting tomorrow. Because you're the youngest we want you to show them around and go through the most important stuff about what to do. Also explain about safety, what to do in emergencies and our firm's expectations on appropriate standards of behaviour. They'll also work with you for the day because their supervisor Barrie, won't be in until the day after."

What will you show them physically?
What will you show them physically?
Sampl
Who will you southern physically?
What will you 'show' them?
What will you show them physically?

11 Workplace Safety Information

Part A: Symbols and signs

Sometimes information is communicated more effectively using visual methods.

- 1. Briefly explain the potential risk or hazard indicated by each of these warning signs.
- 2. Suggest an occupation that has each sign as part of the work environment.

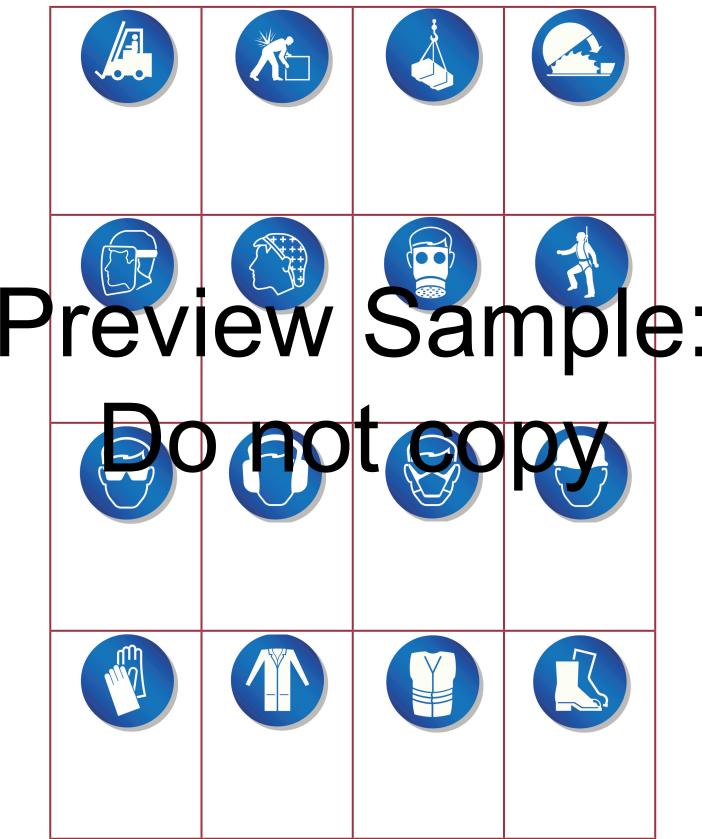


Image: Bytedust/iStock/Thinkstock

Part B: In the workplace

- 1. Choose a workplace to investigate. Find examples in this workplace for each of the 6 blank signs below.
- 2. Draw or describe 3 other types of OH&S/WHS information on display in this workplace.
- 3. Suggest or develop 3 other signs or visuals that might be useful in this workplace.

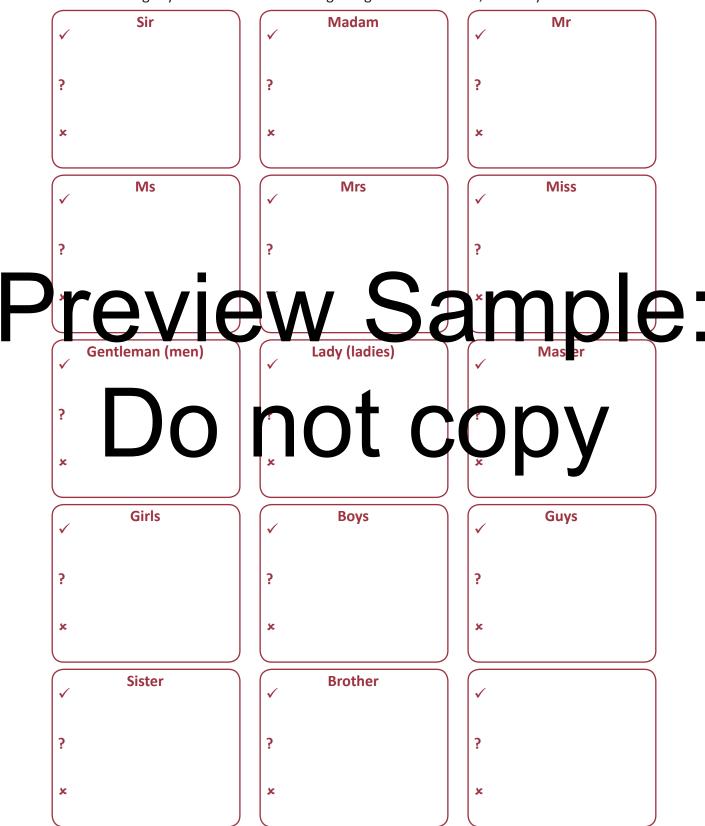
Workplace: ___

12 Hey You!

Part A: Honorifics

Remember honorifics? You are getting close to dealing with 'adults' for most of your time.

- 1. When have you used honorifics when dealing with people in vocational situations?
- 2. What do you do if you don't know which honorific to use?
- 3. When might you be better off avoiding using these honorifics, and why so?



Part B: What about them?

- 1. As you know, in the contemporary world, and at work, you will experience the growing acceptance and expectation of using non-gendered pronouns.
 - But it can be tricky if you are not sure how to address people by their preferred pronoun. You can't just judge a book by its cover!

a. So, how do you know which pronouns to use?

b. How could you ask to find out the suitable pronoun?

c. And then, what would you say when you use these?

When working you would have experienced that there are cross-cultural expectations and conventions related to non-verbal communication physical actions between peopl 3. What advice could you contribute to people in your workplace about appropriate cross-cultural behaviours and expectations?

13 App, App, 'Appy?

Part A: Appy now?

You might not realise it, but not too long ago people went about their daily personal and work lives without the need for apps - and things all worked out just fine.

- 1. Choose a workplace within an industry in which you are interested. Describe examples of how apps could be, or are used, by workers for their work tasks.
- 2. For each example, what would these workers do if they were not able to use or access these apps?

Workplace:)	
revie	ew S	ampl
	not a	2001/
	not (JUPY

Part B: Appy or not?

- 1. Interview different workers in a workplace (could be the same workplace for Part A).
- 2. Ask them how the use of apps has impacted on their job roles. Use the prompts in the table.

Workplace:_____

How have apps	Worker 1	Worker 2
Person and their job role.		
Made their job easier?		
Made their job harder?		
re tori	view S	Sample
Made their job slower?		
Charged communication when colleagues?	o not	copy
Changed communication with customers/clients?		
Changed communication with managers?		
Made their job safer?		
Made their job better?		
Made their job worse?		

14 Come to Your Senses

Part A: Pay attention

When you are working you have been given the responsibility for ensuring that you do work tasks effectively, efficiently and safely.

Choose an occupation and describe how you would need to apply each of your senses to undertake your work tasks effectively, efficiently and safely.

Note: if you are differently-abled, then create your descriptions based on how you interpret and apply these 'sense' terms for your own lived-experiences at work.

Seeing	Seeing	Seeing
Listening	Listening	Listening
Feeling	S Feelige	Feeling -
Do	not c	opy
Smelling	Smelling	Smelling
Tasting	Tasting	Tasting

26

Part B: Common sense

It's an old saying, but 'Common sense is becoming less common'. And never has this been as true than in the digital age with people over-engaging many of their 'senses' and forgetting to apply common sense to the broader work.

If you were working, how would you reply (professionally and politely) to these situations?

Work setting	Issue	Your response
Fish'n'Chip shop	Customer comes into the shop looking at their phone and asks: "Is this the Fish'n'Chip shop because it's not coming up on my map."	
Clothing store	Customer says, I want to get a top for my girlfriend. "What size is she?" "How would I know, we've only been going out 3 weeks."	
Café Conline store	"I'd like a decaffeinated coffee, but can you make sure it's really strong?" "Decaf is caffeine-free, it's not street"	ample
Café	"I' like hot iced coffee, ple se" "Iced coffee is cold by nature. Would you like a regular hot coffee instead?" "No, I want it iced, but I want it hot."	copy
Leisure centre	"Why aren't you open on Christmas Day?" "We always close on Christmas Day like almost every other business." "But I pay an annual fee. Do I get a refund for that day?"	
Butcher shop	"I'd like a kilo of vegan sausages please?" "Sorry this is a butcher shop we only sell meat." "But I'm a vegan, I don't eat meat."	
Retail	"Do you take cash." "Yes we do." "But I only have cards."	

15 How's My Form?

Part A: My forms

Forms are a very important part of your Year 12 journey as you transition from school and into the next stage of your life.

1. What forms are important for you this year? Who does the form 'go to'? Where can you locate these forms either online or in hardcopy?

Form	Location	
review	Sample)
Do no	t copy	

	acher will instruct you st these below and/or	n fill in a range of import able above.	ant forms in
a		 	
b		 	
c		 	
d		 	
e			

2.

Part B: Off I go

Collect/download 3 forms related to further study or gaining work.

- 1. List the types of information that are the same on all forms.
- 2. List the types of information that are specific to each form.

Form 1:
Form 2:
Form 3:
Information that is the same or similar on each of the forms:

Preference Worman Secific and Figure 1. Do not copy

Describe which forms are set out better or worse. Explain why.
Suggest improvements.

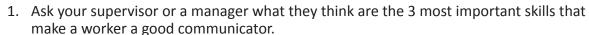
16 Work Communication

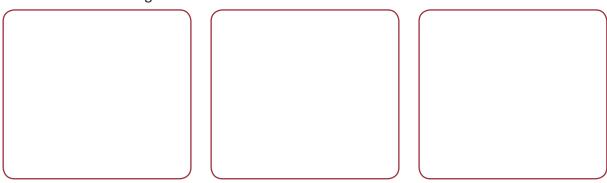
Part A: What you did

Describe examples of how you used these communication methods in work situations over the last 12 months. Add 2 more. Comment on your effectiveness using each method.

Example Description	
Using a manual	
Giving instructions	
Following instructions	
Handwriting instructions	
Completing forms	
Leaving and	
terpletics non-verbal Cues	np
YObey lig visual signs On Ot CO	nv
Sending a formal email	Py
Writing a note or a letter	
Analysing numerical information	
Analysing visual information	
'Reading' a diagram or map	

Part B: Good communication





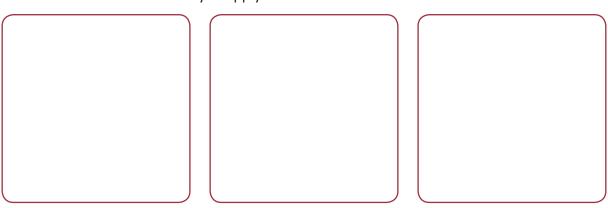
2. Ask a customer/client what they think are the 3 most important skills that make a worker a good communicator.

Preview Sam

3. Ask your VET teacher or trainer what they think are the 3 most important skills that



4. So, what do you think are the 3 most important skills that make a person a good communicator? How can you apply these to work-related situations?



17 What I Did

Part A: What I did

Consider a normal day at work in your preferred entry-level job. What work-related information did you use? Who did you communicate with? In what form was this? How important was this information/communication? How did you learn how to do this?

You might base this on your own employment or work placement experiences.

Workplace:			Occupation:			
Work task & times.	Work-related information.	Communication was with	Form of info & communication.	Importance?	How I learnt this.	
KO			C	\ M		
16	VIC		Sa	1 I I I	DIE	J
			+ ^	<u> </u>		
			tc	UD	V	
						or.

Part B: See what I did

You know what - sometimes we can communicate actions better by using visuals.

- 1. Create images of you at work using work-related information and communication. No text!
- 2. Work with 2 other students and try to describe what you were doing just through your images.

Preview Sample: Do not copy

18 Battle of the Brands

Part A: Brand 'power'

As you know, organisations say a lot about themselves as part of their corporate, brand or product image. But as you also know, they create all of this copy themselves as PR, promotion, advertising and other methods of content creation. So really, they can say what they want to.

Research the information created by the organisation, product or brand itself to make comparisons for each of these battles. Highlight the strengths. Note: This is not your opinion but what 'they' say about themselves. Add 1 more 'battle'.

Coke	Pepsi
Coles	Woolworths
Ford	GM CO IO
review Adidas	Sample
De not	COPY
Cadbury	Nestlé
Apple	Samsung

34

How successful do you think this

Part B: Brand 'logic'

Brand &

Now you are going to look at some of the language that these brands use to 'win' their battle against other brands.

- 1. Choose 5 of the brands you have investigated and scan their promotional material for words or phrases that are used multiple times. This may be repeated exactly, or said in a number of different ways.
- 2. List the words below and explain the effect that this language has, or is intended to have, on its audience. Explain how successful you think the language is for the brand and for its intended audience.

Effect

words/phrases	Effect	is? Explain your reasons.	
		omol	
rev	iew 5	ample	
Do	not	copy	
		ı J	
			1

19 Advocacy and Promotion

Part A: Advocacy

- 1. What is the meaning of each of these words/terms related to advocacy? Add 2 more.
- 2. Describe examples of how each action might be used in a vocational situation. e.g. The used-car salesperson tried to <u>convince</u> the 18 year-old that the car was a bargain buy for that money. (You can alter the part of speech. e.g. to an adjective.)

Word/term	Meaning	Example of vocational use
(to) advocate		
promote		
educate		
defend		
justify		
uphold		
su bort	view	Sampl
speak up		
lob		toony
campian		t copy
advance		
inform		
attract		
expose		
persuade		
convince		

Part B: Promotion

The language of promotion is a bit different from advocacy, and the intentions might also be very different.

- 1. What is the meaning of each of these words/terms related to promotion? Add 2 more.
- 2. Describe examples of how each action might be used in a vocational situation. e.g. The pharmacy assistant was entirely willing to promote to the customer that the new miracle diet shake product worked 'as seen in the ads'.

	Word/term	Meaning	Example of vocational use	
	brand			
	promote			
	persuade			
	advertise			
	target			
Р	ex ose	VIEW	Sample	2
	convince	V 1 O V V		
	арраі	la nat		
	spil		COPY	
	influence		ı J	
	cajole			
	bamboozle			

3. Be honest now. When have you been taken in by a slick promotional claim and later

regretted your actions (i.e. buying something)? Share with the class.

20 What? About Me?

Part A: Ask yourself...

2 If ou were not	o juserview ituation	, what would ve a most v	rant to say about
yourself from a	personal point of view		
			_
		+ ~	\
		ot cc	
3. What would you	leave out about your	personal self, and why?	

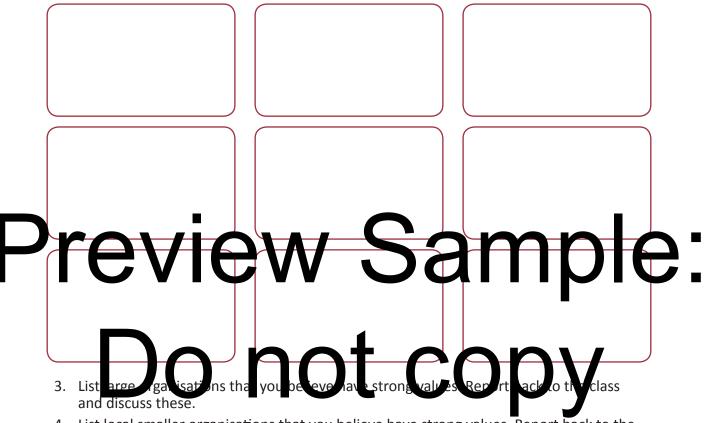
Part B: Asking Others...

1. Pair up with someone in the class that you don't know that well. Ask them to describe their personal image to you. 3. If they were in a job interview situation what would you advise them to leave out about themselves and why?

Part A: What I will do

Our values drive the decisions we make in life and can influence our choice of career pathways. For example, a vegan might want to work in a vegan-friendly hairdresser, someone else might want to work in organisations that actively welcome diversity and others want to work in social and community services that do good for society.

- 1. Identify organisations, occupations or work roles involving job tasks that support and reflect your values, and in which you would want to pursue employment.
- 2. Explain the reasons for your choices.



- 4. List local smaller organisations that you believe have strong values. Report back to the class and discuss these.
- class and disease.

Part B: What I won't do

Our values drive the decisions we make in life and can influence our choice of career pathways. For example a vegan might refuse to work in a steakhouse, someone else might not want to work with alcohol, and some people might not work in organisations that don't welcome diversity.

- 1. Identify organisations, occupations or work roles involving job tasks that go against your values and for which you would not want to pursue employment.
- 2. Explain the reasons for your choices.



It's good to have values and to try and live by those values. But there is a strong r gument that our values are our own personal choice and that we shouldn't impose our values on others; as they have the right and freedom to make choices that are different from what we would do.

3. In what type of vocational circumstances would you be comfortable to set aside your own personal values so as to work effectively? e.g. A vegan on the checkout cannot refuse to scan someone's sausages out of principle.

22 What's the Story?

Part A: Show me

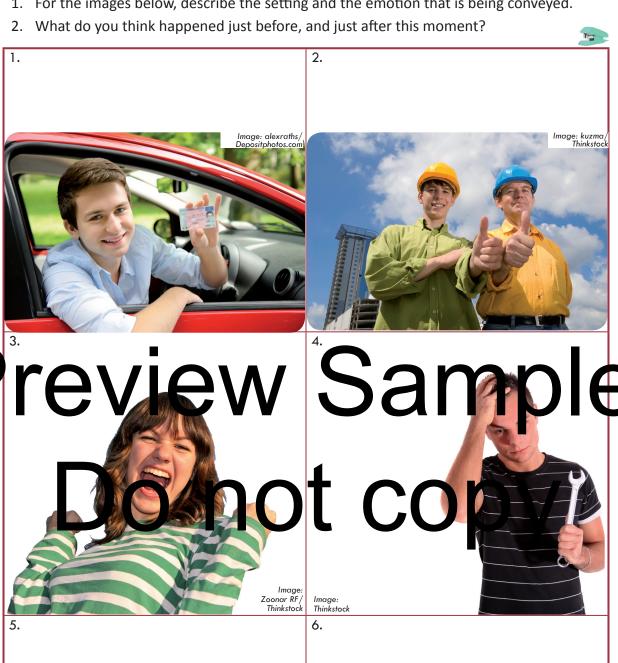
Create or capture an image of you, or someone you know, using each of these non-verbal methods of communication to show advocacy. Add 1 more.

Yes

	gestures	eye contact	
P		Sample t copy)
	posture		

Part B: What's going on?

1. For the images below, describe the setting and the emotion that is being conveyed.









23 Because I Said So

Part A: Discussion brainstorm

- 1. Brainstorm 20 different terms related to the following issue. (You choose how to set this out.)
 - "Most social media influencers are really just advertising hidden behind a persona."

Preview Sample:

- 2. Choose 6 of the most appropriate terms. For each one, write a 1-sentence action statement of elpy or deal with the growing incidence of finschip flous interprets'. e.g., will great out the Tik oke is needed to a before I trust what they are saying.
- 2. What would you have the expertise and the credibility to be an influencer for 2.
- 3. What would you have the expertise and the credibility to be an influencer for?

Part B: Say what?

- 1. Look at these examples of influencer pitches, products and taglines and explain why you might take them with a grain of salt.
- 2. What is wrong with each product proposition, and who is the target audience?
- 3. What real or imagined need are these trying to appeal to?

Beaux gives health and beauty advice on TikTok. It's very convenient because Beaux has their own health & wellbeing supplement range. (Beaux Glows) Dr Rong has a popular podcast giving free DIY dental advice. Phew, dentists are so expensive!

(R Rong, Corrective Dentistry)

"Let what you are on the inside shine on the outside". Make-overs and styling are for any stage of life! (Style Gen Rater R'Us)

are for any stage of life!
(Style Gen Rater R'Us)

"You'd want a qualified doctor to perform surgery on you, so why put your car in danger? Trust the experts." (The Car Surgeons)

Sample:

You get what you pay for, so you deserve to she id that little lift more (Freshrow: Your high-end quarty glock)

Wealth Gury has a YouTube channel, "he oing or linals A istra last become ex raor in rily sch" (Wealth Gura Fir heal Services)

4. Find some examples of real influencers, products and taglines that seem 'not quite right' and explain why.

24 Finding Out

Part A: Ask an expert

- 1. Each member of the class will nominate their 2 strongest areas of expertise. Your teacher will write these areas of expertise on the board without disclosing who the 'expert' is.
- 2. Choose 2 topic areas that you are interested in, or that might help you to improve your knowledge for the future. Find the 'expert' and ask questions and make notes about the topics based on their expertise. Will you need to cross-check this information?

Topic.	
Expert:	
Questions	Responses
ravia	W Camp
revie	w Samp
	4
\rightarrow	not copy
	HUL GUDY
Topic:	1 7
Expert:	
Questions	Responses

Part B: AI, AI, AI, Oh!

Did you know that AI knows everything, can do everything, and will replace your job? (Well this might be a bit of an overstatement, but some people seem to have bought into this!)

- 1. Run your questions from 'Part A' through one of the most popular text-generating AI interfaces.
- 2. How did it do? How do you know?

pic:		
Questions	Responses	How did it do? How do you know?
evi	ew S	amp
Do	not	сору
		1 7
Questions	Responses	How did it do? How do you know?

25 The Hard Sell

Part A: Advertising

- 1. Source 3 different advertisements for products aimed at your age group. Describe the persuasive language and other techniques used by the advertisers to try to persuade you to buy their products.
- 2. Discuss whether their techniques are effective.

	Product/ advertisement 1	Persuasive language and techniques. // Effectiveness?	
)	Product/ advertisement 2	Persuasive language and techniques. // Effectiveness? VIEW Sample	,
	Proceedy adverti ement	Persuasive language and techniques. // Effectiveness?	

3. Compile a list of 10 persuasive words or terms that act as a 'red flag', and for which you should always be on the lookout. e.g. "According to experts..."

i	vi
ii	
iii	
iv	
V	

Part B: Talking it up

Focus on a business or organisation that you are interested in working for.

- 1. Source 3 different advertisements or public relations communications from this organisation. Try to find examples from varied media sources, e.g. Website, social media, print, video, e-catalogue, etc..
- 2. Describe the use of persuasive language, and other techniques, used by the organisation to try to persuade the reader or viewer.
- 3. Discuss whether the techniques of the organisation are effective.

Advertisement/ PR comm. 1	Persuasive language and techniques. // Effectiveness?
Advertisement/ PR comm. 2	Persuasive language and techniques. // Effectiveness?
rev	iew Samp
	4
Advertigement PR comm. 3	Persuas re anguage and teconic le /// ife tive less
	describe the tone of the advertising and PR communications of your siness? How does this make you feel? Focus on key words.

26 Word Up

Part A: Presentations

If you think about it, you actually make a lot of presentations as part of your everyday life. Some of these are formal and planned. Others are impromptu - made in the spur of the moment. They may be part of school, recreation or work.

Think about the situations below. What skills and knowledge would you need? How long would it take you to 'prepare' and to 'present'? Add 2 other examples (to the 1 given).

Situation	Skills/knowledge needed?	Prep & presentation time needed?	Your examples
Explaining a product or service to a customer (e.g. product aftercare or insurance).			
Pitching an idea in a workplace (e.g. a new flavour of doughnut for a bakery).			
Suggesting another activity (e.g. a service or perk aimed at people waiting for their cars or cleaner). Explaining to a racher or boss why you did something (e.g. how you handled a task or dealt with a person).	ew	Sar	nple
Making a present tion to your peers 2.g as ar oral presentation.	no	t co	ру
Showcasing your skills and accomplishments (e.g. as part of a performance appraisal).			
Passing on knowledge (e.g. inducting a new member into a recreational club or group).			
Providing an answer to a query (e.g. customer service, or answering a question in class).			
Explaining to a friend or relative about a process (e.g. how to apply for Centrelink payments).			

Part B: Advocate for/against

ii:

iii:

1. If you had to stand up right now and give 3 reasons why you should be considered for your preferred course and/or job, what would these be?

i:
ii:
iii:

2. Now you are required to argue against and refute (professionally) each of your own reasons outlined above!

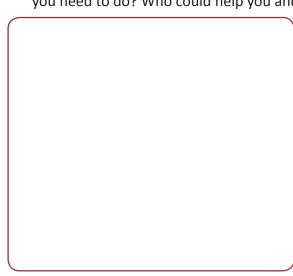
EQUESTICATION Samoles

1. Now you are required to argue against and refute (professionally) each of your own reasons outlined above!

1. Compared to argue against and refute (professionally) each of your own reasons outlined above!

Do not copy

3. So which 'side' of you won? Are you ready for that course or job, or is there still more you need to do? Who could help you and give you advice?



27 Look at Me Now

Part A: I know better now

Explain 5 things or issues that you previously believed or thought were true, but for which you've changed your mind, primarily as a result of your VM: Literacy studies. For each one, explain why you changed your mind/opinion. At least 2 must be vocational related.

Preview Sampl Do not copy

Part B: A better me

Now that you have completed your VM: Literacy 3&4 units, create an 'after' representation of yourself to illustrate you and your literacy skills. You might create an artwork, a graphic, an image, a song, a profile, a CV or some other representation.



Preview Sample: Do not copy

28 Review and Reflection

Complete this journal to reflect on your study of the Literacy units.

Journal of: Date: ⇒ What did I most enjoy during this year as part of my Literacy studies? ⇒ What major Literacy skills and strategies did I develop and apply? How did I use and apply what I learned for my person ⇒ What might be the most important things for me to focus on next, and why? ⇒ What other information can I share and/or how would I summarise my experiences?

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