

Testing Backflow Prevention Assemblies

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The background of the slide is a solid blue color. In the lower right quadrant, there are several decorative elements consisting of concentric circles, resembling ripples in water. These circles are light blue and vary in size and opacity, creating a subtle pattern.

Testing Backflow Prevention Assemblies

- Who
- What
- Why
- When
- Where

Testing Backflow Prevention Assemblies

- OAC 3745-95 (C) (2)
 - water supplier to ensure tests are performed
- OAC 3745-95 (C) (3)
 - at intervals & manner specified by water supplier
- OAC 3745-95 (C) (4)
 - performed by a person approved by the water supplier
- OAC 3745-95 (C) (5)
 - at the expense of the consumer

Testing Backflow Prevention Assemblies

- Who Can Test:
 - the water supplier employees
 - OTCO trained testers
 - Ohio DOC “Certified Assembly Testers”
 - anyone approved by the water supplier

Testing Backflow Prevention Assemblies



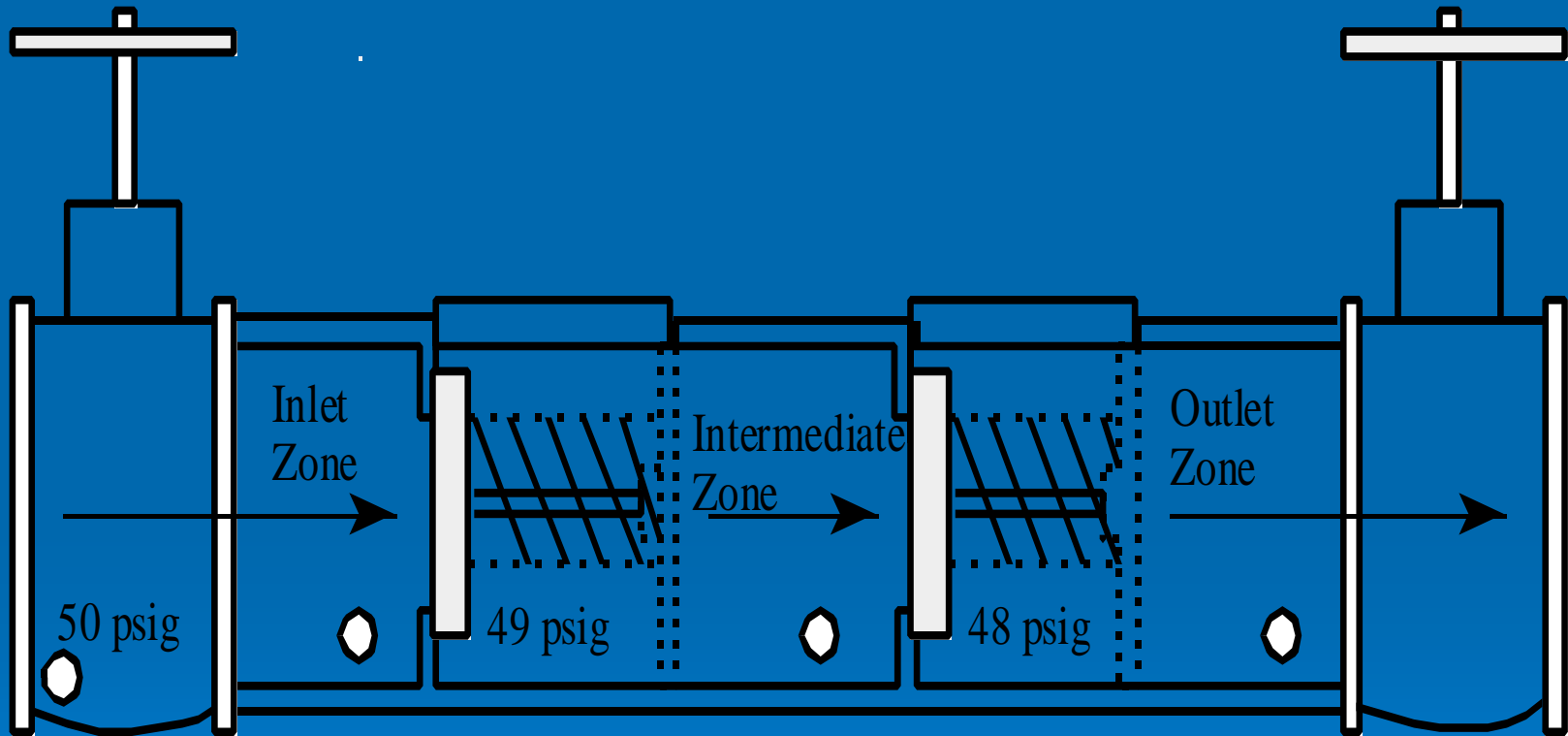
Water supplier (OEPA) has authority over containment assembly

Plumbing Inspection (ODOC) has authority over isolation assembly

Testing Backflow Prevention Assemblies

- Approved air-gap separation
- Reduced pressure assembly
- Double check valve assembly
- Pressure vacuum breaker
- Reduced pressure detector assembly
- Double check detector assembly

Testing Backflow Prevention Assemblies



Outlet Valve drip tight

1st Check = 1 psid minimum

2nd Check = 1 psid minimum

 = test cocks

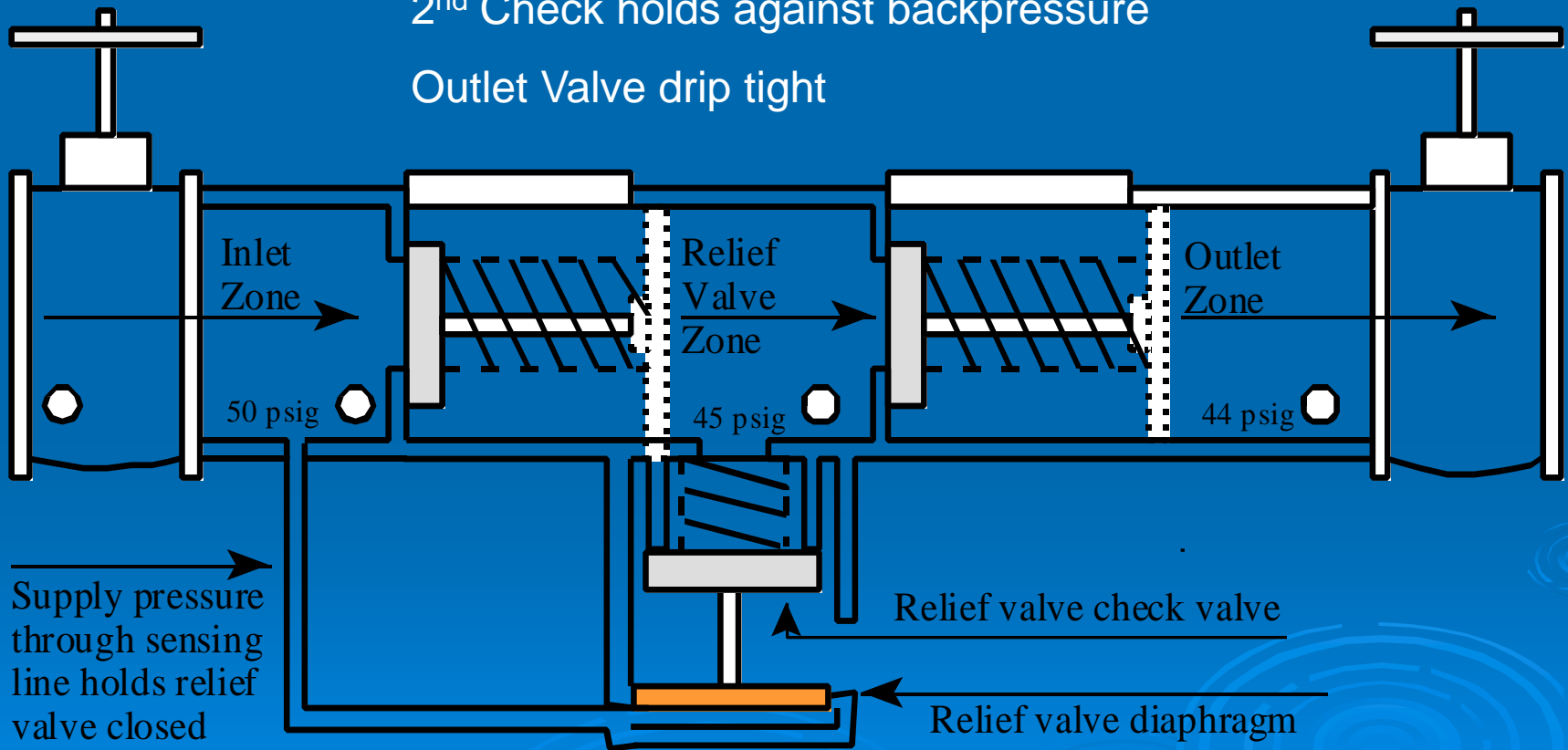
Testing Backflow Prevention Assemblies

1st Check = 5 psid minimum

Relief Valve opens at 2 psid minimum

2nd Check holds against backpressure

Outlet Valve drip tight



⊙ = test cocks

Testing Backflow Prevention Assemblies

- Water supplier has liability for the water quality in the public water system (there is no governmental immunity)
- Harvard Furniture v Cambridge
- Keever v Mankato
- Passaic Valley Water Commission
- Gall v Allegheny Health Department
- Aronson v Everett

Testing Backflow Prevention Assemblies

- Ohio EPA specifies that:
 - an approved air-gap separation shall be inspected at least every 12 months
 - a backflow prevention assembly shall be tested at least every 12 months
 - a pressure vacuum breaker shall be tested at least every 12 months
 - a low-suction pressure cut-off controller shall be tested at least every 12 months

Testing Backflow Prevention Assemblies

- OAC 3745-95 (B) Assembly installed at a location & in a manner approved by the water supplier
- minimum 12" & maximum 48" off floor
- adequate space for testing, repair, maintenance
- accessible & free of hazards in area
- horizontal orientation
- no reduced pressure assembly installed in a pit
- no direct piped connection to the relief valve port
- need thermal expansion protection if containment

Testing Backflow Prevention Assemblies

- Who – anyone approved by the water supplier
- What – RPA, DCA, PVB, DCDA & RPDC, Air-Gap
- Why – protect the integrity of the public water system
- When – at least every 12 months
- Where – according to water supplier standards