THE JEWISH PEOPLE'S PLANNER

A 16-Month Calendar for 5784/2023-2024

Including:

Corresponding Jewish and Civil Dates Arranged by Calendar week, Space for Recording Daily Tasks, Appointments, and Reminders Jewish, Civil, Federal, and National-Israeli Holidays, Weekly Torah and Haftarah Readings, Fast Days and Rosh Hodesh, Space for Notes, To-Dos, and Event Planning, An Area to List Contact Information, A Description and Explanation of the Jewish Holidays, Jewish Calendar Facts for Each Month, Important Monthly Astronomical Occurrences, A Jewish and Civil-Year's View of 2025, and Candle-Lighting Times for Selected North-American Cities

Fred Reiss

Author of The Comprehensive Jewish and Civil Calendars, 2001 to 2240

The Jewish People's Planner, A 16-Month Calendar for $5784/2023\text{-}2024 \times 2023$ by Fred Reiss

All rights reserved. No part of this book may be reproduced or transmitted in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including, but not limited to: photocopying, recording, or by any information storage or retrieval system, without permission, in writing, from its author, except in the case of brief quotations embedded in critical articles or reviews.

All URLs cited herein were active and displaying the content in the citation as of the publication date. The author is neither responsible for the content of any noted website, nor for maintaining its continued active status. In addition, the author should not be deemed to endorse, or recommend, any website other than his own (www.fredreissbooks.com), or any content available on the Internet, including, without limitations, any website, blog page, or information page not created by the author.

This Planner Belongs to:

ARRANGEMENT AND DISPLAY OF THE CALENDAR PAGES

The planner's calendar pages are arranged by civil-calendar week within the 16 months from late-August, 2023 through December, 2024, corresponding to mid-Elul 5783 through Kislev 5785, with space for recording such things as daily tasks, appointments and reminders. All calendar listings follow the same pattern: Civil date, civil month, day of the week, Jewish date, and Jewish month, followed by any religious and/or secular holidays, events, and candle-lighting times associated with the date.

As an example, the first date in the planner reads, "27 AUG SUN 10 ELUL" This line says August 27 falls on Sunday corresponding to 10 Elul and there are no Jewish or civil holidays, events, or candle-lightings associated with this date.

The top of each calendar page displays the civil and Jewish months and dates associated with that page; the bottom is left blank for recording notes, things-todo, etc. At the very end of the weekly-calendar pages are blank pages for event planning.

An information section offers Jewish holiday and calendar facts about each month, along with interesting astronomical events within the month, concluding with a full-year view of the Jewish and civil calendars for 2025.

RULES FOR USING JEWISH CALENDARS

- Jewish holidays and birthday celebrations falling in Adar in common years, occur on the same date in Adar II in leap years.
 <u>Example:</u> If a child is born on 19 Adar 5761 (March 14, 2001), then that birthday is celebrated on 19 Adar II in Jewish leap years.
- Yahrzeits in Adar occurring in common years are commemorated on the same date in Adar I in leap years.

<u>Example:</u> if a death occurs on 6 Adar 5773 (February 16, 2013), then the yahrzeit is observed on 6 Adar I in Jewish leap years.

• All events occurring in Adar I or Adar II in leap years, fall on the same date in Adar in common years.

<u>Example:</u> If a birth or death happens on 24 Adar I 5771, then in Jewish common years, the event is observed on 24 Adar. The same applies to Adar II.

• The month of Adar in common years has twenty-nine days and the month of Adar I, falling in leap years, has thirty days. If a yahrzeit or

birthday occurs on 30 Adar I, then in common years, yahrzeits are observed on 30 Shevat, but birthdays on 1 Nisan.

<u>Example</u>: A death occurring on 30 Adar I 5771 (March 6, 2011) is observed on 30 Shevat 5772 (February 23, 2012), and all other common years, whereas a birth happening on that day is celebrated 1 Nisan 5772 (March 24, 2012), and in all other common years.

• The months of Heshvan and Kislev have variable lengths of either twenty-nine or thirty days. If an event occurs on the thirtieth of either month and in a subsequent year the month has only twenty-nine days, then the event is commemorated on the twenty-ninth of the month.

Example: A death occurs on November 3, 2013, corresponding to 30 Heshvan 5774. Four years later, in 5778, Heshvan has only twentynine days. The yahrzeit will be remembered on the twenty-ninth, which is the same as November 18, 2017. This rule equally applies to the month of Kislev.

ACTIONS REQUIRED BY THE CALENDARS' PARENTHETICAL NUMBERS

(1) SHABBATOT PRECEDING PASSOVER:

- Shabbat Shekalim: Additional Torah Reading Exodus 30:11-16. Read Haftarah II Kings 12:1-17 (Sephardim Read II Kings 12:1-17).
- Shabbat Zakhor: Additional Torah Reading Deuteronomy 25:17-19. Read Haftarah: I Samuel 15:2-34 (Sephardim begin the haftarah with Verse 1).
- Shabbat Parah: Additional Torah Reading Numbers 19:1-22. Read Haftarah: Ezekiel 36:16-38 (Sephardim read haftarah Ezekiel 36:16-36).
- Shabbat Hahodesh: Additional Torah Reading Exodus 12:1-20. Read Haftarah: Ezekiel 45:16-46:18 (Sephardim read Ezekiel 45:18-46:16).

Shabbat Hagadol: No Additional Torah Reading. Read Haftarah: Malachi 3:4-24.

(2) HAFTAROT ON DOUBLE-TORAH PORTIONS:

Aharei/Kedoshim:	Read Haftarah Kedoshim
Behar/Behukkotai:	Read Haftarah Behukkotai
Hukkat/Balak:	Read Haftarah Balak
Mattot/Masei:	Read Haftarah Masei
Tazria/Metzora:	Read Haftarah Metzora
Nitzavim/Vayelekh:	Read Haftarah Nitzavim

(3) **SHABBAT SHUVAH:** Read Haftarah Hosea 14:2-10 and Micah 7:18-20 (Ashkenazim Add: Joel 2:15-27).

- (4) **SHABBAT ROSH HODESH:** Additional Torah Reading Numbers 28:9-15. Read Haftarah Isaiah 66:1-24.
- (5) **SHABBAT FALLING ON THE DAY BEFORE ROSH HODESH:** Read Haftarah I Samuel 20:18-42.
- (6) SHABBAT(OT) OF HANUKKAH:
 1st Shabbat Read Haftarah Zechariah 2:14-17; 3:1-10; 4:1-7.
 2nd Shabbat Read Haftarah I Kings 7:40-50 (Sephardim Read I Kings 7:13-26).
- (7) **PARASHAT PEKUDEI FOR SEPHARDIM:** Read Haftarah 1 Kings 7:40-50
- (8) **PARASHAT PINCHAS FALLING AFTER 17 TAMMUZ:** Read Haftarah Mattot (Jeremiah 1:1-19; 2:1-3).
- (9) **SHABBAT PRECEDING ROSH HODESH:** The New Month is Announced and Blessed .
- (10) **MACHZOR HAGADOL:** Birkat Hachamah is recited as the Sun rises. (Recurs every twenty-eight Years).

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE PLANNER'S CONTENTS

- The three public fast days known as Bet-Hey-Bet, observed in Iyyar and Heshvan, and Yom Kippur Katan, the fast days occurring the day before every Rosh Hodesh, except for the months of Tishri, Kislev, Nisan, and Elul, are not shown.
- The 17th of Tammuz and the 9th of Av are cited, but not bein hametzarim, the three weeks between them.
- The three preparatory days before Shavuot, the 3rd, 4th, and 5th of Sivan, are not labeled.
- The omer is counted from the second day of Pesah to Shavuot, but only Omer 1 and Lag Ba-Omer (33rd day) are listed.
- Selihot is displayed, but not the succeeding Selihot days, which continue until the day before Yom Kippur.
- The state holiday of Kurdish Jewry, Seharane, originally celebrated in Kurdistan on 22 - 24 Nisan, is now generally celebrated sometime during Hol HaMoed Sukkot or just after, so as not to interfere with Mimouna (see Jewish Holidays Falling 22 Adar II – 22 Nisan, below). The celebration is not listed because it has no fixed date and is not recognized as a national-Israeli holiday.
- When a Jewish holiday is celebrated for more than one day, all days are listed, but only the evening before and the first day of the holiday are highlighted.

Facts and Statistics About Jewish Year 5784

Jewish New Year 5784 begins on Saturday, September 16, 2023 with a molad (lunation time) of 7d 11h 882p (5:49:50 AM).

Jewish New Year 5784 comes 2,112,206 days after 1 Tishri of Jewish year 1.

Jewish Year 5784 is a deficient leap year, having 383 days. The months of Heshvan and Kislev have 29 days each and the month of Adar I, a 30-day month inserted after the month of Shevat, ensures that Passover falls in "the month of spring" (Exodus 13:4).

Jewish Year 5784 is year 8 of the 19-year Metonic Cycle within cycle 304 since creation.

Aug. 27 – Sep. 2, 2023 10 – 16 Elul 5783

27 AUG SUN 10 ELUL

28 AUG MON 11 ELUL

29 AUG TUE 12 ELUL

30 AUG WED 13 ELUL

31 AUG THU 14 ELUL

1 SEP FRI 15 ELUL 6:10PM

2 SEP SAT 16 ELUL KI TAVO

3 SEP SUN 17 ELUL

4 SEP MON 18 ELUL LABOR DAY(f)

5 SEP TUE 19 ELUL

6 SEP WED 20 ELUL

7 SEP THU 21 ELUL

8 SEP FRI 22 ELUL 5:59PM

9 SEP SAT 23 ELUL NITZAVIM/VAYELEKH(2)(9)

Sep. 10 – 16, 2023 24 Elul 5783 – 1 Tishri 5784

10 SEP SUN 24 ELUL SELIHOT GRANDPARENTS' DAY

11 SEP MON 25 ELUL

12 SEP TUE 26 ELUL

13 SEP WED 27 ELUL

14 SEP THU 28 ELUL

15 SEP FRI 29 ELUL **EREV ROSH HASHANAH** 5:47PM

16 SEP SAT 1 TISHRI ROSH HASHANAH 1ST DAY 6:45PM

April 21 – 27, 2024 13 – 19 Nisan 5784

21 APR SUN 13 NISAN

22 APR MON 14 NISAN **FAST OF 1ST BORN EREV PESAH**/1ST SEDER 7:25PM **EARTH DAY**

23 APR TUE 15 NISAN **PESAH 1ST DAY**/2ND SEDER 7:26PM

24 APR WED 16 NISAN PESAH 2ND DAY/OMER 1

25 APR THU 17 NISAN HOL HAMOED PESAH

26 APR FRI 18 NISAN HOL HAMOED PESAH 6:29PM

27 APR SAT 19 NISAN HOL HAMOED PESAH

April 28 – May 4, 2024 20 – 26 Nisan 5784

28 APR SUN 20 NISAN HOL HAMOED PESAH

29 APR MON 21 NISAN PESAH 7TH DAY

30 APR TUE 22 NISAN PESAH 8TH DAY MIMOUNA

1 MAY WED 23 NISAN

2 MAY THU 24 NISAN

3 MAY FRI 25 NISAN 6:37PM

4 MAY SAT 26 NISAN AHAREI(9)

Jewish Holidays Falling 23 Nisan – 23 Iyyar 5784 May 1 - 31, 2024

YOM HASHOAH – Israel's national commemoration of the Holocaust.

YOM HAZIKARON – Literally, "Day of Remembrance." An Israeli national holiday memorializing those Israelis who died in service to their country and by acts of terrorism.

YOM HAATSMAUT – Israeli Independence Day, falling on 5 Iyyar, corresponds to May 14, 1948.

VICTORY OVER NAZI GERMANY DAY- This national Israeli holiday, observed every May 9, commemorates Germany's signing the Instrument of Surrender to the allies, ending World War II. This holiday is the only Israeli holiday linked to a civil calendar date.

HERZL DAY – A national Israeli holiday commemorating the life of Theodore Herzl and his work. Herzl died before Israel's establishment, yet, he is singled out for mention in Israel's Declaration of Independence and is officially referred to as "the spiritual father of the Jewish State." In 1898, he predicted a Jewish state in 50 years; a prophecy come true.

PESACH SHENI – Hebrew for "Second Passover," occurring exactly one month after Passover. In Temple times, impure men at Passover were not permitted to offer a Passover sacrifice; they were given a second chance one month later.

LAG BA-OMER – "The 33rd day of the counting of the Omer," a joyous day in the Jewish calendar. Some celebrate because this is the traditionally recognized birth and/or death date of the first century Jewish mystic Simeon bar Yochai, believed to be buried in Meron, in northern Israel. Consequently, several well-known customs and practices developed for Lag Ba-Omer, including the lighting of bonfires and pilgrimages to Meron. Others celebrate Lag Ba-Omer because a plague killing thousands of students of first/second century Rabbi Akiba miraculously ceased on this day.

Some Jewish Calendar Facts for Iyyar

• The months of Iyyar, Tammuz, Av, Tishri, and Heshvan are not named anywhere in the Bible.

- From the second day of Passover to Shavuot, a total of 49 days, the Jewish people count the Omer. Each day reciting another blessing, as the counting of each day is its own mitzvah.
- The name of this month has two spellings, Iyar and Iyyar. The accepted custom is Iyyar with two "yuds," serving as an acrostic for Abraham (aleph), Isaac (yud), Jacob (yud) and Rachel (resh).
- On 7 Iyyar(498 BCE), Jerusalem's rebuilt walls were dedicated, nearly 88 years after their destruction by Nebuchadnezzar II.
- On 11 Iyyar (1948 CE), the Israeli Army defeated the advancing Syrian Armed Forces at the Battle at Degania. The battle, lasting nine hours. is considered the first Israeli victory of its war for independence.

Astronomical Events in May, 2024

May 6, 7 - Eta Aquarids Meteor Shower May 8 - New Moon May 9 - Mercury at Greatest Western Elongation May 21 – Sun enters Gemini May 23 - Full Moon

Jewish Holidays Falling 24 Iyyar – 24 Sivan 5784 June 1 - 30, 2024

YOM YERUSHALAYIM - "Jerusalem Day" celebrates the recapturing of the old city of Jerusalem, Israel's historic capital, during the Six-Day War in 1967.

SHAVUOT – Fifty days after Passover comes the biblical holiday of Shavuot, the day when God gave the Israelites the Ten Commandments and Torah at Mt. Sinai. It is traditionally celebrated for two days because of the time lag in ancient days between knowing the date in Jerusalem and communicating it to the Diaspora. Biblically, the holiday is a celebration of the first fruits of the spring harvest (Deuteronomy 16:9).

Some Jewish Calendar Facts for Sivan

• The month of Sivan, mentioned only once in the Bible, in the Book of Esther, gets its name through Babylonia from the Akkadian month Simānu.

September – December, 2025

1 SEP MON 8 ELUL	LABOR DAY(f)						LEKH LEKHA
2 SEP TUE 9 ELUL						HESHVAN	
3 SEP WED 10 ELUL							RABIN REMEMBRANCE DAY
4 SEP THU 11 ELUL							FEDERAL ELECTION DAY
5 SEP FRI 12 ELUL						HESHVAN	
	KI TETZE					HESHVAN	
7 SEP SUN 14 ELUL	GRANDPARENTS' DAY					HESHVAN	
8 SEP MON 15 ELUL		8	NOV	SAT	17	HESHVAN	VAYERA
9 SEP TUE 16 ELUL						HESHVAN	
10 SEP WED 17 ELUL		10	NOV	MON	19	HESHVAN	
11 SEP THU 18 ELUL		11	NOV	TUE	20	HESHVAN	VETERANS DAY(f)
12 SEP FRI 19 ELUL		12	NOV	WED	21	HESHVAN	
13 SEP SAT 20 ELUL	KI TAVO	13	NOV	THU	22	HESHVAN	
14 SEP SUN 21 ELUL	SELIHOT	14	NOV	FRI	23	HESHVAN	
15 SEP MON 22 ELUL		15	NOV	SAT	24	HESHVAN	HAYYEI SARAH(9)
16 SEP TUE 23 ELUL		16	NOV	SUN	25	HESHVAN	
17 SEP WED 24 ELUL		17	NOV	MON	26	HESHVAN	
18 SEP THU 25 ELUL		18	NOV	TUE	27	HESHVAN	
19 SEP FRI 26 ELUL		19	NOV	WED	28	HESHVAN	
20 SEP SAT 27 ELUL	NITZAVIM(9)	26	NOV	THU	29	HESHVAN	SIGD
21 SEP SUN 28 ELUL		21	NOV	FRI	1	KISLEV	ROSH HODESH KISLEV
22 SEP MON 29 ELUL	EREV ROSH HASHANAH	22	NOV	SAT	2	KISLEV	TOLEDOT
	ROSH HASHANAH 1ST DAY	23	NOV	SUN	3	KISLEV	
	ROSH HASHANAH 2ND DAY	24	NOV	MON	4	KISLEV	
25 SEP THU 3 TISHRI	FAST OF GEDALIAH	25	NOV	TUE	5	KISLEV	ROSH HODESH KISLEV TOLEDOT BEN-GURION DAY THANKSGIVING DAY(f)
26 SEP FRI 4 TISHRI		26	NOV	WED	6	KISLEV	BEN-GURION DAY
27 SEP SAT 5 TISHRI	VAYELEKH SHUVAH(3)	27	NOV	THU	7	KISLEV	THANKSGIVING DAY(f)
28 SEP SUN 6 TISHRI		28	NOV	FRT	8	KTSLEV	
29 SEP MON 7 TISHRI		29	NOV	SAT	9	KISLEV	VAYETZE
30 SEP TUE 8 TISHRI		30	NOV	SUN	10	KISLEV	
1 OCT WED 9 TISHRI	EREV YOM KIPPUR	1	DEC	MON	11	KISLEV	
2 OCT THU 10 TISHRI	YOM KIPPUR	2	DEC	TUE	12	KISLEV	
3 OCT ERT 11 TISHRT		-	DEC	WED	13	KTSLEV	
4 OCT SAT 12 TISHRI	HAAZTNU	4	DEC	THU	14	KISLEV	
5 OCT SUN 13 TISHRI		5	DEC	FRT	15	KISLEV	
6 OCT MON 14 TISHRT	EREV SUKKOT	F	DEC	SAT	16	KTSLEV	ναντςμί αμ
7 OCT THE 15 TISHRT	SUKKOT 1ST DAY	7	DEC	SUN	17	KTSLEV	
8 OCT WED 16 TISHRI	SUKKOT 2ND DAY	8	DEC	MON	18	KISLEV	
9 OCT THU 17 TISHRT	HOL HAMOED SUKKOT	c	DEC	THE	19	KTSLEV	
10 OCT ERT 18 TISHRT	HOL HAMOED SUKKOT	10	DEC	WED	20	KTSLEV	
11 OCT SAT 19 TISHRT	HOL HAMOED SUKKOT	11	DEC	THU	21	KTSLEV	
12 OCT SUN 20 TISHRT	HOL HAMOED SUKKOT	12	DEC	FRT	22	KTSLEV	
13 OCT MON 21 TISHRT	HOSHANA RABBA COLUMBUS/INDIGENOUS	13	DEC	SAT	23	KTSLEV	VAYESHEV(9)
is der non zi rising	PEOPLES' DAV(f)	1/	DEC	SUN	24	KTSLEV	FREV HANUKKAH 1ST CANDLE
14 OCT THE 22 TISHRT	SHEMINI ATZERET	15	DEC	MON	25	KISLEV	HANUKKAH 1ST DAV
15 OCT WED 23 TTSHRT	STMCHAT TORAH	16	DEC	TUF	26	KTSLEV	HANUKKAH 2ND DAY
16 OCT THU 24 TTSHRT		17	DEC	WED	27	KTSLEV	HANUKKAH 3RD DAY
17 OCT ERT 25 TTSHRT		19	DEC	THU	28	KTSLEV	HANUKKAH ATH DAY
18 OCT SAT 26 TTSHRT	BERESHIT(9)	10	DFC	FRT	29	KISLEV	HANUKKAH 5TH DAY
19 OCT SIN 27 TTCUPT	55.15.12.(5)	13	DEC	SAT	30	KTSLEV	MTKETZ(A)(6) ROSH HODESH
20 OCT MON 28 TTCUPT		20	DLC	JAI	50	NIJLLV	HANUKKAH ATH DAV
21 OCT THE 29 TTCHPT		21	DEC	SUM	1	TEVET	HANUKKAH 7TH DAY
22 OCT WED 30 TTCHPT	EREV YOM KIPPUR YOM KIPPUR HAAZINU EREV SUKKOT SUKKOT 1ST DAY SUKKOT 2ND DAY HOL HAMOED SUKKOT HOL HAMOED SUKKOT HOL HAMOED SUKKOT HOL HAMOED SUKKOT HOL HAMOED SUKKOT HOL HAMOED SUKKOT HOL HAMOED SUKKOT HOSHNAN RABBA COLUMBUS/INDIGENOUS PEOPLES' DAY(f) SHEMINI ATZERET SIMCHAT TORAH BERESHIT(9) ROSH HODESH ROSH HODESH HESHVAN	21	DLC	JUN	1		ROSH HODESH TEVET
23 OCT THU 1 HESHVAN	ROSH HODESH HESHVAN			MON	2	TEVET	HANUKKAH 8TH DAY
24 OCT FRI 2 HESHVAN		22	DEC	THE	2	TEVET	HANUKKAR OTR DAT
25 OCT SAT 3 HESHVAN		23	DLC	TOL	5	TEVET	
26 OCT SUN 4 HESHVAN						TEVET	CURTETMAS DAV(f)
27 OCT MON 5 HESHVAN						TEVET	CHRISTMAS DAY(f)
							VAVICCASH
28 OCT TUE 6 HESHVAN						TEVET	VAYIGGASH
29 OCT WED 7 HESHVAN 30 OCT THU 8 HESHVAN						TEVET TEVET	
31 OCT FRI 9 HESHVAN	I RALLUWEEN						FAST OF 10TH OF TEVET
		31	DEC	WED	11	IEVEI	NEW YEAR'S EVE

Other Works by Fred Reiss

The Standard Guide to the Jewish and Civil Calendars: 1899 to 2050

The Jewish Calendar: History and Inner Workings

The Comprehensive Jewish and Civil Calendars: 2001 to 2240

A Deep Dive into the Jewish Calendar for the Mathematically Challenged

Sepher Yetzirah: The Book That Started Kabbalah, Revised Edition

102 Jewish-Themed Word Searches

Public Education in Camden, NJ: From Inception to Integration

Reclaiming the Messiah

Visit www.fredreissbooks.com to read the author's posts on the Jewish calendar.