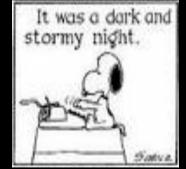
# It was a dark and stormy night ...

## Plagiarism and fabrication in the

newsroom



## Raison d'être: my interest

- 1. Apparent increase/cluster
- 2. Confusion/anger over failure to attribute
- 3. Ownership concentration: copy sharing
- 4. Agency changes
- 5. Ease of copy and pasting from Internet
- 6. Sense that not just the journalists to blame
- 7. Fascinating stories



Janet Cooke – Washington Post (1980)
Invented an 8-yr-old heroin addict
Stephen Glass – New Republic (1995-1998)
Fictions with fake websites & phone numbers
Jayson Blair – New York Times (2003)
Habitual fabrication and plagiarism



- National Radio's Nina Totenberg when young New York Times' Fox Butterfield – about plagiarism New Republic's Ruth Shalit – in five stories And looking beyond journalism:
  - Alex Hayley in *Roots* (settled out of court)
  - Jacob Epstein stole from Martin Amis novel
  - Martin Luther King much of his dissertation



- Renee Kiriona, NZ Herald (2004) Tawera Nikau story
- Bruce Logan, Maxim Institute (2005) column thefts
- John Manukia (2005) faked police iv and plagiarised
- Southland Times, Queenstown, reporter (2004) from competitor - okay from interviewee, but no attribution
  - Warwick Roger, *Metro* (1977) notes from a film-maker

Also, among numerous anecdotal accounts:

- A Southland Times sports reporter
- A senior NZ Herald business staffer
- A then Waikato Times staffer
- A Bay of Plenty Times reporter

## Fabrication – & plagiarism of pics: Greg Hyam reports Afghani conflict from Wellington (NZ Times1985)



#### Questions:

- Does all this make a cluster?
- Have most journos in this audience been plagiarised?
- Is plagiarism on the increase with the new technologies?
- Should a news room culture of "news at any costs" take part of the responsibility?

## How does the industry view plagiarism?

- No mention in the EPMU Code of Ethics
- Fairfax code briefly says: 'take every reasonable precaution to avoid"
- No mention in the BSA Principles
- No mention in NZPC Statement of Principles
- NY Times: only that it "will not tolerate"
- Common view: an individual-level issue and an obvious wrong: open and shut, not worth studying
- Are the papers responsible to any degree?

## Nuances

- News is about getting the news, from wherever: how much/what sort of copying is acceptable?
- What's okay between papers of the same stable?
- What obligation does agency cover require?
- Is intent an issue?
- Is a degree of background filling acceptable?
- Journalists differ in deciding when "appropriation" is wrongful

## Literature

- Johannesen (2002): ethical offence came with shift from oral to print – words become commodities
- Snapper (1999): web lessens importance of piracy, but heightens need for protections against plagiarism
- Young (2001): Internet's "utopian rhetoric of freedom"
- Spender (2005): By continuing to apply "old rules", fail to recognise the move from print to digital
- Hirst & Patching (2007): It's the pressure of competition, deadlines, individual egos, that lead a small minority into ...cutting corners

## Lewis (2007): a "first ever" study of newspaper plagiarism behaviour

- Analysed all known plagiarism cases (76) over 10 yrs
- In-depth interviews with eight of those
- Vast majority, "garden-variety plagiarism that afflicts exemplary journalists – inc. two Pulitzer winners
- Plagiarism not merely an individual-level violation, but results from a professional ideology justifying copying
- Finds:
  - Two individual causes: rationalising dishonesty; and problematic reporter techniques
  - Two are situational: definitional ambiguity; and attribution aversion

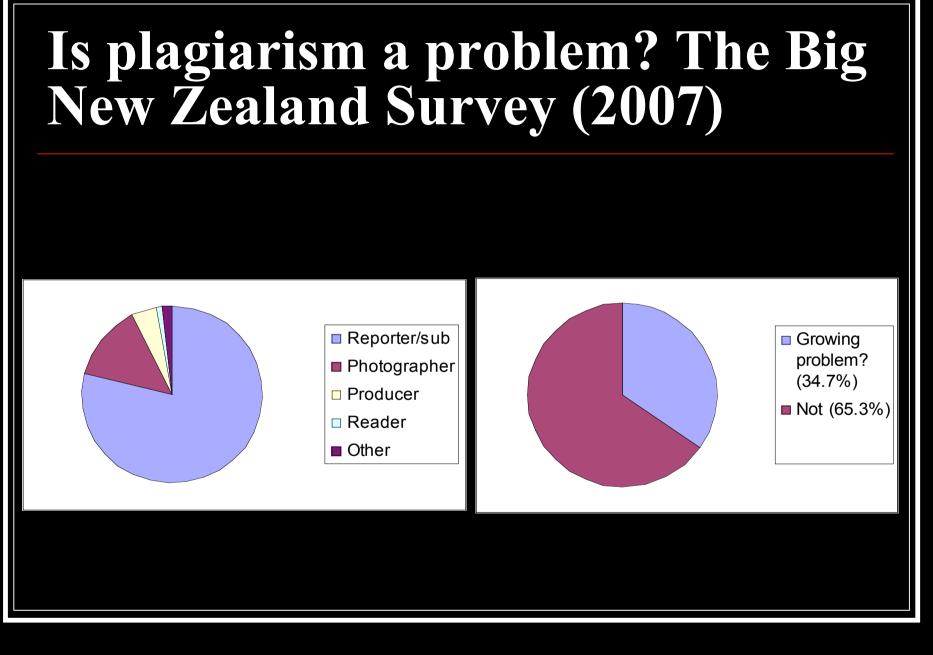
- Papers prefer paraphrasing to attribution
- Underlying: refusal to admit Journalism built on copying
- The greatest influence shaping ethical conduct, not codes, upbringing, or teaching, but newsroom culture

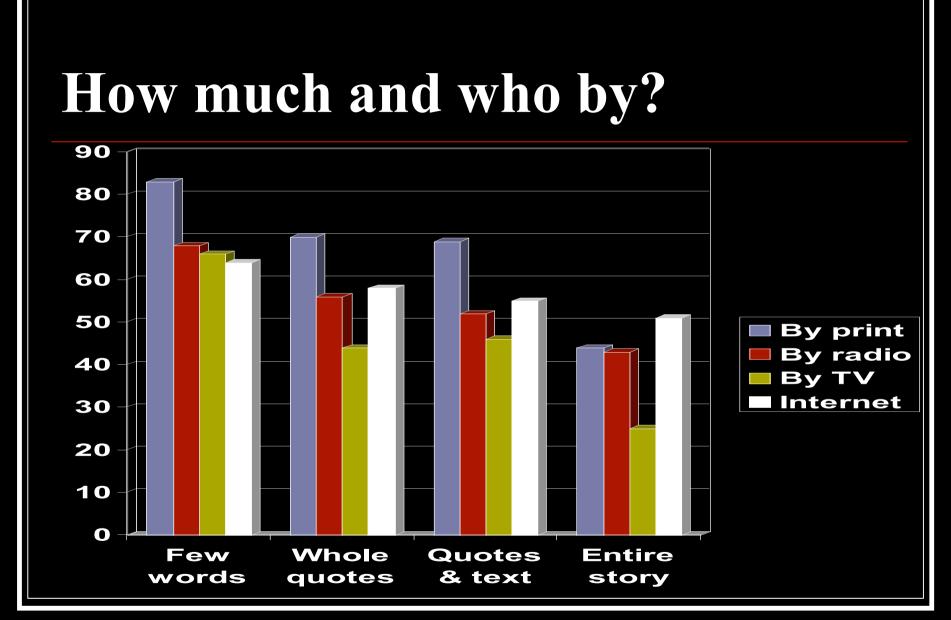
#### American Journalism Review (2005):

Ongoing cases of plagiarism and fabrication may result not just from a few bad apples, but also from a newsroom culture that rewards beating the competition more than it does accuracy

## Methodology of NZ study

- 1. Surveyed NZ journalists on their own experiences of being plagiarised – to establish themes
- 2. Five qualitative interviews:
  - a metropolitan chief reporter/now assistant editor
  - a metropolitan business editor
  - a news website operator
  - an agency news editor
  - a small community reporter
- 3. Analysed every plagiarism case before the Press Council since its inception in 1972
  - 4. Literature review, including prominent case studies





## **Reasons growth: survey themes**

- Laziness which seemed to be a gut reaction
- Ease of the internet "stealing"
- Poor resourcing notably small-town radio
- Inadequate regulation apparently misinformed

## And significantly...

- Demands of the news cycle news now!
- Growing pool of younger journos under pressure to succeed quickly
- Declining value placed on intellectual property of written word
- Credit for the work seems to be increasingly blurred
- Newsroom aversion to attributions

## Qualitative interview responses

- Agency man: only plagiarism where vast bulk taken, rather than just dropped attribution (tho gotta have it!)
- Community reporter: taking credit without acknowledging. Happened three times a week.
- Website editor: Imitation is the sincerest form of flattery. Pressure definitively a cause.
- Business editor: It's insidious. There's a real risk of blurring the boundaries
- Assistant editor: Not a problem. [Within the group] I suppose we're flattered by it really.

## Some suggested solutions?

- More regulatory clout most not
- Naming and shaming
- Better training
- Resources, job satisfaction most not
- Fact checkers/internet tool
- Internet: A real worry
- Financial sanctions against organisation

## **Culture of copying**

But *no-one* suggests news organisations need to acknowledge the "matching" ethos of their newsrooms

## It continues ... *Missouri J. School's* John Merrill

- Jnsts can make mistakes, sometimes unconsciously. Taking quotes from an AP story without credit was common 20 years ago.
- The AP is a cooperative of papers...it wasn't stealing if you already own it.
- That standard has been discredited.
  - November 2007
- Global Journalism pinged
  - December 2007

