

Over 1200 actual plants added to the

North Davis Channel since 2013.

118 New Species

- 1. Palmer's Indian Mallow
- 2. Western Redbud
- 3. Madia
- 4. California Wild Grapes
- 5. Sticky Monkey Flower
- 6. California Western Goldentop
- 7. Scarlett Bugler Penstemon
- 8. Hooker's Evening Primrose
- 9. Clarkia
- 10. California Brittlebush
- 11. Yellow Bush Lupine
- 12. Arroyo Lupine
- 13. Lacy Phacelia
- 14. California Buckeye
- 15. Showy Milkweed
- 16. St. Catherine's Lace
- 17. California Buckwheat
- 18. Pacific Aster
- 19. California Aster
- 20. Snowberry
- 21. Coyote Bush
- 22. California Sage Brush
- 23. Red Buckwheat
- 24. California Coffeeberry
- 25-27. 3 other Coffeeberry species
- 28. Toyon
- 29. California Tree Poppy,
- 30. Holly Leaf Cherry Tree
- 31. Incense Cedar (Cypress)
- 32. Oregon Ash Tree
- 33. Box Elder Maple
- CO. BOX Elder Maple
- 35. California Vallev Oak Tree
- 36. Palo Verde Tree
- 37. Mahonia/Oregon Grape
- 38. Desert/Globe/Apricot Mallow
- 39. California Poppies

- 40. Chapparal Mallow
- 41. Arroyo Willows
- 42. Black Willows
- 43. Red Willows
- 44. Fremont Cottonwood
- 45. Mugwort
- 46. Chaparral Current
 - 47. Gooseberry
 - 48. Hazelnut
- 49. Corn Flower,
- 50. Red Flowering Currant
- 51. Golden Currant
- 52. Elegant Clarkia
- 60. California Flannel Bush
- 61. Mule fat
- 62. Deer Grass
- 63. Purple Needle Grass
- 64. Purple Nightshade
- 65. Mountain Pride
- 66. Interior Live Oak
- 67. Coast Live Oak
- 68. Canyon Live Oak
- 69. Blue Oak
- 70. Button Bush
- 71. California Fescue
- 72. Salt Heliotrope
- 73. Silver Bush Lupine
- 74. Fragrant Sumac
- 75. Bladder pod
- 76. Sticky Cinquefoil
- 77. Naked Buckwheat
- 77. I takea Backwileat
- 34. Northern California Black Walnut 78. Wooly Sunflower
 - 79. Menzies Golden Bush
 - 80. California Wild Rose
 - 81. Quail Bush
 - 82. Coyote Mint
 - 83. Fiddleneck

- 84. Black Sage
- 85. Purple Sage
- 86. White Sage
- 87. Hummingbird Sage
- 88. California Bay Leaf Tree
- 89. Monterey Pine Tree
- 90. Chinese Houses
 - 91. Western Sycamore Tree
 - 92. Northern Sierra Daisy
 - 93. Sticky Gum Weed
- 94. Bird's Foot Trefoil
- 95. California Pipevine
- 96. Lippia
- 97. California Fuchsia
- 98. Arizona Ash
- 99. Narrow-leaf Milkweed
- 100. Northern Spice Bush
- 101. Bird's Eye Gilla
- 102. Broadleaf Filaree
- 103. Tree Anemone
- 104. Matilija Poppies
- 105. Rubber Rabbit Bush
- 106. California Brickell Bush
- 107. Mountain Mahogany
- 108. Bitter Brush
- 109. Big Leaf Maple
- 110. Alder
- 111. Yarrow
- 112. Buck Brush
- 113. Western Virgins Bower
- 114. Dogwood
- 115. Ash Tree
- 116. California Blackberry
- 117. Mexican Elder
- 118.California Lilac

"Look for the new, beautiful and colorful native plants in and around Bird Entry Park, the nearby bike path and the Ditch, from the Park to the Kestrel Place footbridge, especially this coming spring and summer."



Once a mere stormwater drainage channel bordering North
Davis for 1.25 miles from Sycamore Lane to F Street, the North
Davis Channel, affectionately known as "the Ditch" by locals,
has, in the last decade, become a verdant open-space sanctuary.
It is now enjoyed by hikers, dog walkers, bikers, bird watchers,
runners, school children and wildlife enthusiasts.

rom 2012 to 2015, with support from a state grant, the city of Davis, the Putah Creek Council, the Yolo County Resource Conservation District and a raft of volunteers, planted California native trees and shrubs throughout the channel. These native plants provide cover and homes for local wildlife. Invasive plant species were removed as possible and the channel was improved with a foot path, footbridge and interpretive panels. Also in 2013 UC Davis Entomology Professor Louie Yang assembled a crew to plant hundreds of milkweeds, which were adopted for ongoing care in 2018 by a local volunteer. Milkweed provides food and breeding grounds for endangered monarch butterflies and their larvae.



The Friends of the North Davis Channel was formed in 2019 to provide ongoing volunteer support to assist in protection and continued improvement of this wonderful community resource. The Friends initial work is now just about complete, thanks to a colossal effort by community volunteers, significant community financial donations and consistent City encouragement and guidance.

Work on this latest community native-plant restoration project in the Ditch, began in 2019, after the Friends of NDC was established. We began by locating plants from the initial grant project requiring additional care to reach their full potential, attending to various ongoing plant care and maintenance needs in the Ditch, and providing dog-waste pickup and garbage control.





Early on, the Friends worked with the Yolo Audubon Society to help them replace old and dilapidated bluebird nesting boxes, with several new and carefully constructed boxes designed to attract the bluebirds for spring nesting. Audubon maintains the boxes and they and UC Davis bluebird expert, Dr Melanie Truan, monitor annual bluebird nesting activities.

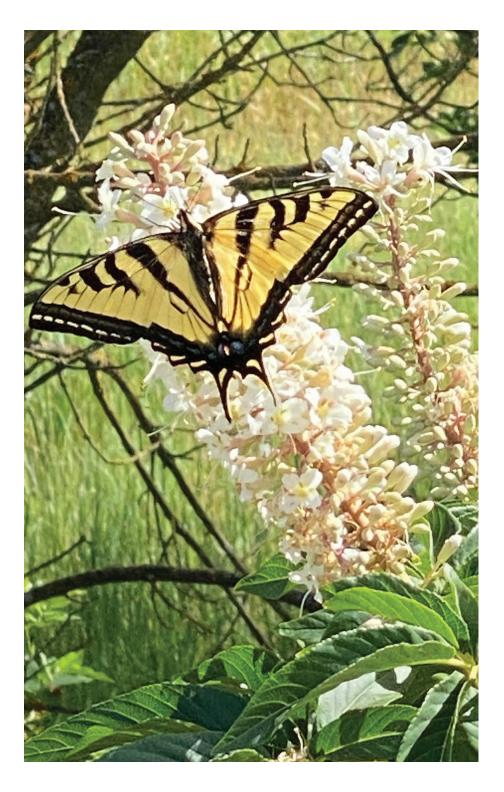
In 2021, with city permission, the Friends also completely refurbished a once-beautiful, but overgrown and rusty 30-year-old gazebo at a primary access point to the channel, now named Bird Entry Park (Anderson Road at Flicker Avenue). "Bird Entry" is in reference to the once-visible and wonderful white metal doves flying above the gazebo, to the bird named neighborhood streets there, and to a primary access point to the Ditch.

The formerly shining-white metal doves were completely overwhelmed by the Cecile Brunner climbing roses planted around the gazebo in 1990, but not since shaped or pruned. The roses were pruned back and the doves were re-painted a very bright white, the beams forming the gazebo framework, a lovely natural green, and the poles supporting the doves, a wonderful sky blue. And the

rotten wood ceiling was replaced with beautiful new stained redwood planks.

From 2019 to 2022, the Friends spent most of their volunteer time enhancing the hundreds of native plants from the initial restoration work, with several hundred additional native plants. Most of the latest native plants come from the Putah Creek and Cache Creek watersheds. and have been planted in an approximately 2-3 acre portion of the Ditch assigned to the Friends to manage by the city openspace program, pursuant to an MOU between the Friends and the city.

As a bonus, the Friends also adopted the gardens along the bike path, that runs from Bird Entry Park to Kestrel Place, from City Parks, where we have planted many more native plants. We have also, with the blessing, expert assistance and financial help of City Parks and its irrigation specialists, substantially upgraded the sprinkler system there to ensure adequate coverage of the new native plants. And we have adopted, for longterm care, from City Parks, the two native-plant demonstration gardens and the refurbished gazebo, in Bird Entry Park.











600+ plants over 40 months



More then 20 volunteers

We owe a debt of gratitude to all community members who have volunteered and provided the financial support required for this undertaking. And special thanks to the City Open Space Program, the City Parks and Community Services Department, and the City Public Works Department, for working with us and helping this volunteer effort, on City-owned and -managed property, succeed.

The California native plants now in place in the Ditch and adjacent areas are drought tolerant and should do well with minimal supplemental water once they are established. Look for the new, beautiful and colorful native plants in and around Bird Entry Park, the nearby bike path and the Ditch at their finest every spring and summer.

Follow our page "Friends of the North Davis Channel"

On Facebook to stay informed on current and future projects.

