

General Welfare Requirement: Safeguarding and Promoting Children's Welfare

The provider must take necessary steps to safeguard and promote the welfare of children.



Safeguarding children

Information Sharing

'Sharing information is an intrinsic part of any frontline practitioners' job when working with children and young people. The decisions about how much information to share, with whom and when, can have a profound impact on individuals' lives. It could ensure that an individual receives the right services at the right time and prevent a need from becoming more acute and difficult to meet. At the other end of the spectrum it could be the difference between life and death.'

Information Sharing: Advice for practitioners providing safeguarding services to children, young people, parents and carers (HM Government 2015)

Policy statement

We recognise that parents have a right to know that information they share will be regarded as confidential as well as be informed about the circumstances, and reasons, when we are obliged to share information.

We record and share information about children and their families (data subjects) in line with the six principles of the General Data Protection Regulations (GDPR) (2018) which are further explained in our Privacy Notice – Pupils and Parents that is given to parents at the point of registration. The six principles state that personal data must be:

1. Processed fairly, lawfully and in a transparent manner in relation to the data subject.
2. Collected for specified, explicit and legitimate purposes and not further processed for other purposes incompatible with those purposes.
3. Adequate, relevant, and limited to what is necessary in relation to the purposes for which data is processed.
4. Accurate and where necessary, kept up to date.
5. Kept in a form that permits identification of data subjects no longer than is necessary for the purposes for which the data is processed.
6. Processed in a way that ensures appropriate security of the persona data including protection against accidental loss, destruction, or damage, using appropriate technical or organisational measures

We are obliged to share confidential information without authorisation from the person who provided it, or to whom it relates, if it is in the public interest. That is:

- to prevent a crime from being committed or to intervene where one may have been, or to prevent harm to a child or adult; or
- not sharing it could be worse than the outcome of having shared it.

The responsibility for decision-making should not rely solely on an individual but should have the back-up of the management team. The management team provide clear guidance, policies, and procedures to ensure all staff and volunteers understand their information sharing

responsibilities and are able to respond in a timely, appropriate way to any safeguarding concerns.

7 Key features of effective practice

The best for every child	High quality care	The Curriculum	Pedagogy	Assessment	Self-regulation and executive function	Partnership with Parents
https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/1007446/6.7534_DfE_Development_Matters_Report_and_illustrations_web_2_.pdf						

Procedures

Our procedure is based on the GDPR principles as listed above and the seven golden rules for sharing information in the Information sharing Advice for practitioners providing safeguarding services to children, young people, parents, and carers. We also follow the guidance on information sharing from the Local Safeguarding Children Board.

1. Remember that the General Data Protection Regulations 2018 and human rights law are not barriers to justified information sharing as per the Children Act 1989 but provide a framework to ensure that personal information about living individuals is shared appropriately.
 - Our policy and procedures on information sharing provide guidance to appropriate sharing of information both within the setting as well as with external agencies.
2. Be open and honest. Explain to families how, when, and why information will be shared about them and with whom. Seek consent to share information, unless it puts the child at risk or undermines a criminal investigation, or if we have a legal obligation to do so. A Privacy Notice – Pupils and Parents is given to parents at the point of registration to explain this further
3. In our setting we ensure parents:
 - receive a copy of our Privacy Notice – Pupils and Parents and information about our Information Sharing Policy when starting their child in the setting and that they sign our Registration Form to say that they understand the circumstances in which information may be shared without their consent. This will only be when it is a matter of safeguarding a child or vulnerable adult.
 - have information about our Safeguarding Children and Child Protection policy
 - have information about the circumstances when information will be shared with external agencies, for example, with regard to any special needs the child may have or transition to school.
4. Seek advice from other practitioners if we are in any doubt about sharing the information concerned, without disclosing the identity of the individual where possible.
 - Our staff discuss concerns about a child routinely in supervision and any actions are recorded in the child’s file, or in serious cases, a safeguarding record that is kept securely and only accessed via a Designated Safeguarding Lead.

- Our Safeguarding Children and Child Protection Policy sets out the duty of all members of our staff to refer concerns to our Designated Safeguarding Leads (Shereen Milledge, Laura Adams), who will contact children's social care for advice where they have doubts or are unsure.
 - Our Designated Safeguarding Leads seek advice if they need to share information without consent to disclose.
5. We share with informed consent where appropriate and, where possible, respect the wishes of those who do not consent to share confidential information. We may still share information without consent if, in our judgement, there is good reason to do so, such as where safety may be at risk. We will need to base our judgement on the facts of the case. When we are sharing or requesting personal information from someone, we need to be certain of the basis upon which we are doing so. Where we have consent, we are mindful that an individual might not expect information to be shared.
- We base decisions to share information without consent on judgements about the facts of the case and whether there is a legal obligation.
 - Our guidelines for consent are part of this procedure.
 - Our Designated Safeguarding Leads are conversant with this and are able to advise staff accordingly.
6. Consider safety and well-being: We base our information sharing decisions on considerations of the safety and well-being of the individual and others who may be affected by their actions.

In our setting we:

- record concerns and discuss these with our Designated Safeguarding Leads for child protection matters;
 - record decisions made and the reasons why information will be shared and to whom; and
 - follow the procedures for reporting concerns and record keeping as set out in our Safeguarding Children and Child Protection Policy.
7. Necessary, proportionate, relevant, adequate, accurate, timely and secure: We ensure that the information we share is necessary for the purpose for which we are sharing it, that it is shared only with those individuals who need to have it, is accurate and up-to-date, is shared in a timely fashion, and is shared securely.
- Our Safeguarding Children and Child Protection Policy and Children's Records Policy sets out how and where information should be recorded and what information should be shared with another agency when making a referral.
8. We keep a record of our decisions and the reasons for them – whether it is to share information or not. If we decide to share, then we record what we have shared, with whom and for what purpose.
- Where information is shared, we record the reasons for doing so in the child's file; where it is decided that information is not to be shared that is recorded too.

Consent

When parents choose our setting for their child, they will share information about themselves and their families. This information is regarded as confidential. Parents have a right to be

informed that we will see their consent to share information in most cases, as well as the kinds of circumstances when we may not seek their consent or may override their refusal to give consent. We inform them as follows:

- Our policies and procedures set out our responsibility regarding gaining consent to share information and when it may not be sought or overridden.
- We cover this with a written letter from East Sussex County Council when the child registers with us.
- Parents sign our Registration Form at registration to confirm that they understand this.
- We ask parents to give written consent to share information about any additional needs their child may have, or to pass on child development summaries to the next provider/ school.
- We consider the following questions when we assess the need to share:
 - Is there a legitimate purpose to us sharing the information?
 - Does the information enable the person to be identified?
 - Is the information confidential?
 - If the information is confidential, do we have consent to share?
 - Is there a statutory duty or court order requiring us to share the information?
 - If consent is refused, or there are good reasons for us not to seek consent, is there sufficient public interest for us to share information?
 - If the decision is to share, are we sharing the right information in the right way?
 - Have we properly recorded our decision?
- Consent must be freely given and *informed* - that is the person giving consent needs to understand why information will be shared, what will be shared, who will see information, the purpose of sharing it and the implications for them of sharing that information as detailed in the Privacy Notice – Pupils and Parents.
- Consent may be *explicit*, verbally but preferably in writing, or *implicit*, implied if the context is such that sharing information is an intrinsic part of our service or it has been explained and agreed at the outset.
- Consent can be withdrawn at any time.
- We publish our Information Sharing Policy to parents on our website.

Separated parents

- Consent to share need only be sought from one parent. Where parents are separated, this would normally be the parent with whom the child resides. Where there is a dispute, we will consider this carefully.
- Where the child is looked after, we may also need to consult the Local Authority, as ‘corporate parent’ before information is shared.

All the undertakings above are subject to our paramount commitment, which is to the safety and well-being of the child. Please also see our Safeguarding Children and Child Protection Policy.

Legal framework

- General Data Protection Regulations (GDPR) (2018)
- Human Rights Act (1998)

Further guidance

- Information Sharing: Advice for practitioners providing safeguarding services to children, young people, parents and carers (HM Government 2015)
- What to do if you’re worried a child is being abused: Advice for practitioners (HM Government 2015)
- Working together to safeguard children: A guide to inter-agency working to safeguard and promote the welfare of children (HM Government 2015)

This Policy was reviewed by	Shereen Milledge - Manager
Adopted by	Rotherfield Pre-School Directors and Staff
Date	November 2022
Review Date	November 2023

Review Log

Review Date	Brief Details of Amendments	Amended By	Agreed By
December 2020	Updated Privacy Notice – pupils and parents	Sandra Cawsey	Rotherfield Pre-School Staff & Directors
November 2021	Changed names of DSL'S	Shereen Milledge	Rotherfield Pre-School Staff & Directors
November 2022	Changed names of DSL'S	Shereen Milledge	Rotherfield Pre-School Staff & Directors