

| Document No. | Title | Issue Date |
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| 500-100-057 | PYL – General Instructions for Operations Personnel | 10/05/2016 |

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GS BATTERY (USA) CONFIDENTIAL & PROPRIETARY INFORMATION

REVISION LEVEL 01.01

1. PURPOSE

This document is issued to provide general information relating to this specific product line for installation and maintenance personnel. Detailed installation procedures for specific applications are shipped with the installation kit and are also available from your customer service representative. Refer to **GSB 500-100-001 Telecom Application and Ordering Guide** for information and installation documentation pertaining to specific applications. For the purposes of this document a 12V bloc or battery will be referred to as a module.

2. PYL PRODUCT LINE

The PYL product line is specially designed for telecommunications applications. The PYL family is part of an extensive line of maintenance free, gas recombinant VRLA batteries offered by GS BATTERY (U.S.A.) Inc. The 10 year design life PYL is the most cost effective battery solution over the total life cycle for installation in your network.



3. **REVISIONS**

1.01 is issued to improve readability.

4. AUDIENCE

GSB customers, operations, installation or maintenance personnel.

5. COMPANY INFORMATION

GS BATTERY (U.S.A.) Inc. is a US subsidiary of GS Yuasa Corporation of Japan. The parent company, GS Yuasa Corporation is a global supplier of high quality, long life Valve Regulated Lead Acid batteries (VRLA) batteries as well as many other types of lead acid batteries and other battery chemistries. GS Yuasa is the world leader in motorcycle and standby storage batteries providing solutions for power sports, telecommunications, UPS, renewable energy, and emergency lighting. Offices are in Roswell, Georgia, located 25 miles North of Atlanta, Georgia.

Office hours are 8:00AM ET – 5:00PM Eastern Time Monday through Friday. The mailing address and contact information are below. For technical support, customer service or assistance with this or any other GSB product:

- Call: 866-472-2879
- Email: <u>customerservice@gsbattery.com</u>



GS Battery (USA) Inc 1150 Northmeadow Parkway Suite 110 Roswell, GA 30076 Phone: 678-762-4818 Fax: 678-739-2133 www.gsbattery.com

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6. CERTIFICATIONS

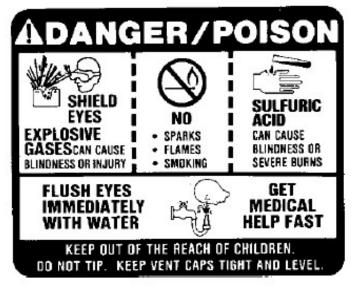
Batteries are UL1989 listed, GR4228 compliant, Verizon TPR-9802 compliant, and NEBS certified. Specific technical questions regarding certifications may be referred to our Engineering Department. Call 866-472-2879 or email <u>customerservice@gsbattery.com</u>.

- NEBS Certified
- GR-4228-CORE
- GR-1089
- GR-63
- Verizon TPR-9802
- UL 1989 Listed
- UL94 V-0 Case

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7. SAFETY AND HANDLING

The following precautions should be observed when handling and working with batteries. It is recommended you follow your Company's Safety Procedures and Practices.



- 1. Protect terminals from shorting during transportation.
- 2. Never charge a visibly damaged module (individual 12V battery or bloc).
- 3. Never charge a frozen module.
- 4. Keep sparks or other sources of ignition away from module.
- 5. Use insulated tools to reduce the risk of shorting while installing or removing module.
- 6. Do not lay tools or metals objects on the top of module.
- 7. Remove watches, rings and other jewelry when working around modules.
- 8. Eye protection and protective footware are recommended and may be required by your employer.
- 9. Verify circuit polarity and string connections before connecting to the power system.
- 10. Use proper lifting technique, mechanical lifting equipment or assistance as required when removing or installing modules.
- 11. Disconnect the module or string of modules from the DC power system or common DC bus prior to removal.
- 12. The operating area should be ventilated.
- 13. Modules contain diluted sulfuric acid.

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CAUTION: While the module case is in tact, it is unlikely the user will come in contact with the acid contained inside. Should acid come in contact with eyes, flush the eye with water or eye wash solution and seek medical attention. Should acid come in contact with skin, wash with affected area with water and neutralize immediately to avoid chemical burns.

8. EQUIPMENT FOR INSTALLATION AND REMOVAL

The following are recommended for personal protection and safe installation or removal of modules.

- 1. Insulated hand tools.
- 2. Fire extinguisher.
- 3. Acid spill kit.
- 4. Eye protection.
- 5. Eye wash.
- 6. Mechanical lifting equipment may be required in certain applications such as controlled environmental vaults.

9. TRANSPORTATION

Module terminals should be protected from shorting during transportation. New modules should remain in the original packaging material to protect the case and terminals until they are to be installed. Shock or 'bruising' caused by dropping or rough handling of a module can cause internal damage to plates, inter-cell straps, or compromise the integrity of the case. Modules being removed from service should likewise be protected when being transported from the job site or to the recycler. The PYL product line is rated 'NON-SPILLABLE' and should be so labeled during shipping. The **Safety Data Sheet** is available for download at the following link: http://www.gsbattery.com/PDFs/msds/VRLANon-SpillableBatteryEnglish.pdf

10. DELIVERY INSPECTION

Upon receipt inspect the pallet and packaging for visible damage. Inspect the module terminals and terminal hardware for damage or missing parts. Many shipments include installation kits; application specific installation manual, terminal bolt kits, cable assemblies, lugs, module trays or module stands. The entire shipment should be verified to ensure all components associated with the shipment are present. If missing components or damage is discovered, contact your freight carrier or GSB for instructions.

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11. STORAGE

Modules should be stored in a cool, clean and dry place not to exceed the range from -20° to 40°C. Modules shipped directly to the customer do not require refresh charging upon receipt. Modules stored for extended periods may require a refresh charge prior to installation or further storage (**Table 11.0-A**). The Open Circuit Voltage (OCV) should be measured before installation and periodically during storage. Modules with an OCV of **12.5V** or above at 25°C (77°F) do not require refresh charging. Should the OCV be less than **12.5V**, refer to bulletin **B-2003-0317**, "Refresh Charging Procedure". Customers wishing to measure conductance to evalute incoming stock may also use **Table 11.0-B**.

NOTE: The values found in **Table 11.0-B** are based on characterization of current stock by GSB using the Midtronics Essential (CTE-1000) and Ultra (CTU-6000).

| Average Storage Temperature (Centigrade) | Typical Storage Period before Refresh Charging |
|--|--|
| = 25°</td <td>6 Months</td> | 6 Months |
| 26°-30° | 4 Months |
| 31°-35 | 3 Months |
| 36°-40° | 2 Months |

Table 11.0-A. Storage Period Based on Temperature

Table 11.0-B. Typical Out-of-Box Conductance Values

| Model | Siemens/MHOS |
|-------------|--------------|
| | Out-of-box |
| PYL12V45FS | 890 |
| PYL12V80TT | 1131 |
| PYL12V90TT | 1502 |
| PYL12V90FS | 1294 |
| PYL12V100FA | 1237 |
| PYL12V100FS | 1208 |
| PYL12V100FT | 1593 |
| PYL12V140TT | 1988 |
| PYL12V155FT | 1776 |
| PYL12V160FT | 1887 |
| PYL12V185FT | 2207 |
| PYL12V200FT | 2136 |

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12. CHARGING

Performance and life are in part influenced by the power system and the operating temperature. This is especially true for batteries used in telecommunications standby float applications. Float voltage and properly functioning temperature compensation are the keys to long battery life. The recommended float voltage range at 25°C is found on the product label for each model of the PYL product line. High temperature compensation begins at 26°C and low temperature compensation begins at 24°C. The exact points at which temperature compensation begins at 24°C. The exact points at which temperature compensation begins at 24°C.

The rate of increase for **low temperature compensation** is +0.003V per degree centigrade per cell ($+3mV/^{\circ}C/cell$) and the rate of decrease for **high temperature compensation** is $-3mV/^{\circ}C/cell$. As example a typical 48V power system would be adjusted to begin **high temperature compensation** at 26°C at the rate of -0.072V (72mV) per degree centigrade. If the temperature probe at the battery string measured 30°C and the float was adjusted to 54.6V at 25°C, the power system should decrease or 'temperature compensate' the float voltage from 54.60V to 54.24V. Likewise if the battery temperature falls to 15°C the power system would increase the float from 54.60V to 55.32V. This is based on an example float of 54.60V at 25°C.

NOTE: Your Company may have specific guidelines for float voltage and temperature compensation calculated to keep the module or string within the recommended range adjusted for temperature.

Excessive current while recharging the module or string after a discharge event may cause internal heating. The maximum **recommended** recharge current for the PYL product line is found in **Table 12.0-A**.

| Model | Amperes |
|-------------|---------|
| PYL12V45FS | 5 |
| PYL12V80TT | 8 |
| PYL12V90TT | 9 |
| PYL12V90FS | 9 |
| PYL12V100FA | 25 |
| PYL12V100FS | 10 |
| PYL12V100FT | 23 |
| PYL12V140TT | 35 |
| PYL12V155FT | 15 |
| PYL12V160FT | 16 |
| PYL12V185FT | 19 |
| PYL12V200FT | 20 |

Table 12.0-A. Maximum Recommended Recharge Current

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13. INSTALLATION CONSIDERATIONS

In this section are general considerations for battery installation. This section is not intended to replace the GSB Installation Methods and Practices. Contact your GSB representative for installation publications for your specific application or engineering and installation assistance. Detailed procedures are shipped with kits designed for specific applications. Refer to **GSB 500-100-001 Telecom Application and Ordering Guide** for information and installation pertaining to specific applications.

- 1. Review your Company's Safety Practices and Section 7 "SAFETY AND HANDLING".
- 2. Acceptance prior to installation should include a visual inspection for damage or abnormalities in addition to verifying the OCV is **12.5V or above (Section 11** "STORAGE").

NOTE: No other pre-installation acceptance testing is required. Customers who wish to perform conductance testing may establish a reference baseline value or use the values in **Table 13.0-A**. These values are based on characterization of randomly sampled stock by GSB using the Midtronics Essential (CTE-1000) and Ultra (CTU-6000). However, these values are not necessarily the same for every production run.

| Model | Siemens/MHOS |
|-------------|------------------|
| | 30 Days on float |
| PYL12V45FS | 854 |
| PYL12V80TT | 1163 |
| PYL12V90TT | 1566 |
| PYL12V90FS | 1395 |
| PYL12V100FA | 1252 |
| PYL12V100FS | 1180 |
| PYL12V100FT | 1659 |
| PYL12V140TT | 2015 |
| PYL12V155FT | 1976 |
| PYL12V160FT | 1903 |
| PYL12V185FT | 2255 |
| PYL12V200FT | 2023 |

Table 13.0-A. Typical Conductance Reference Values

- 3. Do not install modules in an airtight enclosure.
- 4. Modules may be installed in an electronics equipment cabinet where required.
- 5. Lift and move modules carefully to avoid personal injury or damage to the module.

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NOTE: In some cases this may require two technicians or mechanical lifting equipment. Never lift a module by the terminal or an attached battery cable or battery supply harness.

6. Do not install modules that have been dropped, damaged or show any indication of leakage or corrosion at the terminals.

NOTE: Damage to the case or terminals may result in premature failure or shorten the life of the module.

7. Do not install modules near sources of ignition.

NOTE: Under abnormal operating conditions, VRLA modules may generate flammable hydrogen gas. Gassing due to overcharging may occur due to a power system malfunction, improperly adjusted float voltage or temperature compensation or a shorted cell.

- 8. Verify the polarity is correct before connecting the load or power system to a module or string of modules.
- 9. Do not mix new and old modules together in the same series string.

NOTE: GSB recommends modules greater than 1.5 years in service not be mixed in the same series string due the risk of string imbalance. As modules age, charge acceptance will also change.

- 10. Modules being connected in series to form a string should be at or near the same state of charge.
- 11. Modules installed as a string should be numbered starting with module #1 at the main positive then sequentially number each module to the last module at the main negative terminal of the string.
- 12. Allow at minimum 2mm spacing between modules where the additional space is available on the module tray or inside the module compartment. Additional separation is desirable when available.
- Clean terminals and cable connections with a brass wire brush before assembly.
 NOTE: The application of electrical grade grease such as Sanchem No-Ox-ID A-Special is permitted.
- 14. Damaged or corroded lugs or cabling should be repaired or replaced before installing a new module or string of modules.
- 15. Connections to module terminals should be made using the recommended torque specified on the product label (**Table 13.0-B**).

CAUTION: Excessive torque may lead to post seal failure.

NOTE: Some modules may be equipped with a pre-installed battery cable assembly for certain applications. These terminal bolts or nuts were tightened at our facility using calibrated wrenches

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and do not require re-torque. Re-torque is not required for any GSB terminal hardware. However, if required by your Company the values in **Table 13.0-B** may be used.

| Model | Тор | Тор | Тор | Front | Front | Front |
|-------------|--------|-------|--------|--------|-------|--------|
| | Bolt | Bolt | Bolt | Bolt | Bolt | Bolt |
| | in-lbs | Nm | Socket | in-lbs | Nm | Socket |
| PYL12V45FS | 43.4 | 4.9 | 10mm | 26.55 | 3.0 | 8mm |
| PYL12V80TT | 43.4 | 4.9 | 10mm | NA | NA | NA |
| PYL12V90TT | 43.4 | 4.9 | 10mm | NA | NA | NA |
| PYL12V90FS | 90 | 10.17 | 13mm | 43.4 | 4.9 | 10mm |
| PYL12V100FA | NA | NA | NA | 43.4 | 4.9 | 10mm |
| PYL12V100FS | NA | NA | NA | 43.4 | 4.9 | 10mm |
| PYL12V100FT | 43.4 | 4.9 | 10mm | 43.4 | 4.9 | 10mm |
| PYL12V140TT | 43.4 | 4.9 | 13mm | NA | NA | NA |
| PYL12V155FT | 90 | 10.17 | 13mm | 43.4 | 4.9 | 10mm |
| PYL12V160FT | 90 | 10.17 | 13mm | 43.4 | 4.9 | 10mm |
| PYL12V185FT | 90 | 10.17 | 13mm | 43.4 | 4.9 | 10mm |
| PYL12V200FT | 90 | 10.17 | 13mm | 43.4 | 4.9 | 10mm |

Table 13.0-B. Torque Specifications

16. Verify the power system float voltage and temperature compensation are set correctly (See Table 13.0-C below and Section 12 "CHARGING").

NOTE: As example, a typical 48V string of PYL modules may be floated at 54.0V to 55.2V at

25°C (77°F).

NOTE: Your Company may have specific guidelines for float voltage and temperature compensation calculated to keep the module or string within the recommended range adjusted for temperature.

| VpC @ | High Temp | Low Temp | Slope |
|----------|-----------|----------|-------------|
| 25°C | Start | Start | |
| 2.25-2.3 | 26°C | 24°C | 3mV/°C/Cell |

 Table 13.0-C. Float and Temperature Compensation

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14. MAINTENANCE AND REPLACEMENT

14.1 Routine Maintenance

Routine maintenance is not required by GSB. Visual inspection of the module casing and terminals may be included as part of your Company's site or power system routine practices. This visual inspection should be used to identify physical abnormalities such as corrosion, swelling, cracking, or leaking which indicate a need for further testing or evaluation of the modules and power system. Re-tightening module terminal hardware is not required. However, if your Company requires re-torque as part of a routine maintenance, the terminals should be carefully tightened with a torque wrench to the specification found on the product label.

The life of the module is greatly influenced by the power system. In all cases float voltage should be set and adjusted for temperature (See Section 12 "CHARGING"). In non-environmentally controlled applications, temperature compensation is required. It is imperative the power system be adjusted correctly for float and temperature compensation and a thermal or temperature probe installed on the string.

The ability of the power system to correctly adjust the float for temperature is dependant on the power system's temperature or thermal probe. Module temperature is best read by a thermal probe placed on the side of the battery for 'paddle type' probes or on the negative terminal for 'ring-type' probes. Periodic or routine maintenance of the power system is essential to maximizing life.

Battery recharge current limit should be adjusted where required to limit the current during a recharge event. See **Section 12** "CHARGING" for maximum recharge current recommendation.

14.2 End of Life

Modules or a module string should be replaced when they have reached End of Life. The EOL is defined as 80% of rated capacity as determined by a constant current discharge test.

15. DISPOSAL

Lead acid battery recycling is an environmental success story. More than 95% of all battery lead is recycled. Cooperation between suppliers and customers make this closed loop life cycle possible. Batteries should be recycled in accordance with applicable government regulations. For more information about recycling, contact GSB or see <u>www.americasbatteryrecyclers.org</u> or <u>www.batterycouncil.org</u>.

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