## The Elimination Diet

www.georgesteelemd.net
I have been suggesting to patients to avoid dairy, grains and the Night Shade vegetables (tomatoes, eggplant, peppers, and potatoes) as well as Navy and Pinto beans due to their impact on the immune system. But I have suggested that most nuts and many other beans including peanut butter were not going to be a problem in most of us.

But recently a very close friend of mine developed intestinal inflammation so I went back to research the elimination diet. The current recommendations are, in addition to avoiding the foods mentioned above, there was a strong suggestion to also avoid most nuts and beans (including almonds, cashews and peanuts) as well as to limit many other foods due to their higher lectin content.

One way to think about this is that plants have developed these lectins as a method to discourage animals (including humans) from eating them. This is like our genetic modification of plants to discourage insects and fungus from consuming our corn, soybeans, wheat and papaya, to mention a few GMO products. The fungus and insects do avoid the GMO plants, but many people still eat the GMO plants.

In a similar fashion, we consume plants containing large concentrations of lectins that stimulate our immune system in an unfavorable way leading to gut inflammation, arthritis with pain and subsequent joint destruction, and a variety of other autoimmune disorders.

My suggestion is that if you have an inflammatory disorder (allergies, asthma, joint pains, irritable bowel syndrome, vascular disease, diabetes, inflammatory bowel disease, fatigue, fibromyalgia, etc), it may be worthwhile to follow the elimination diet for a minimum of $4-6$ weeks to see if you feel better. Then begin to slowly add individual foods back, one food every 3-5 days. When your symptoms recur, again eliminate the recently added foods to see if you can sort out which foods are linked to your symptoms.

The elimination diet is not actually this straightforward, but this is a reasonable start. Certain foods (like eggs and yeast) can cause sensitivity but have no lectins, so it makes sense to eliminate them initially, adding them back early during the reintroduction phase. The foods containing histamine (fermented foods like sauerkraut and pickles) can also be a challenge for some individuals. I have noted some of these exceptions in the listing on pages 2-3.

The following two pages is a listing of foods in groups of the various levels of restriction, derived and confirmed from multiple sources. Start with focusing on eating from the first three groups, avoiding most of the foods in groups 4-7. This includes avoiding dairy, most of the grains (except quinoa), most of the beans (except green bean varieties) including eliminating peanut butter and most of the nuts and nut butters (except perhaps macadamia nuts and sunflower seed butter).

All the cruciferous vegetables (broccoli, cauliflower, Brussel's sprouts, etc.) are good, and given the limitations of choices, there are many more fruits mentioned and acceptable, although the citrus may still be a problem for those with allergic rhinitis and asthma. Goat cheese may be ok for some and not others.

But I also continue to follow and recommend a low glycemic diet, avoiding simple sugars and excess fruit consumption because sugars promote the growth of pathogenic bacteria in our intestines (our microbiome) while the green leafy vegetables with fiber promote the protective and productive bacteria.

The most difficult part of this for me is the elimination of most nuts and peanut butter. Fortunately, the Carlson's fish oil is still good for you!
Best wishes, George Steele MD

## \#1=Least Inflammatory from Lectin Perspective (Eat These)

All oils are good, with olive oil, caprylic acid, ghee and hemp oil being the best choices.

Beef-grass fed
Chicken-free range
Salmon-wild
Sardines
Beef or chicken liver
Pea protein
Rice Protein
Hemp protein
Collagen
Animal fat
Safflower Oil
Extra virgin olive oil
Hemp oil
Grapeseed oil
Avocado oil
Ghee
Coconut oil (from a lectin point of view)
Black Cumin Seed Oil
Romaine lettuce
Cucumbers
Celery
Broccoli Sprouts/ Brussel Sprouts
Brewer's Yeast (avoid initially)

Nutritional Yeast (avoid initially)
Italian Seasoning
Curry
Caffeine-free kombucha* (*Histamine tolerant)
Apple cider vinegar
Leafy Greens
Steamed kale
Steamed okra
Sauer kraut*
Pickles*
Mushrooms
Steamed broccoli
Steamed collard greens
Steamed green beans
Decaf tea
Carob
Mustard
Sriracha
Vanilla
Cinnamon
Most spices
Spirulina

## \#2= Not Perfect, But Good Enough

Anchovies
Pork
Eggs (avoid initially)
Purple sweet potatoes
Cantaloupe
Mango
Avocados
Papaya
Pineapple
Blueberries
Pomegranate
Watermelon (seedless)
Honeydew
Golden berries
Cooked tempeh
Beef gelatin
Garlic
Onions
Sugar snap peas
Snow peas
Green beans

## \#3=OK

Fully sprouted lentils
Summer Squash
Japanese sweet potatoes
Arrowroot
Sunflower seeds
Coconut shreds
Chia seeds
Coconut Milk
Sesame seeds
Soaked/sprouted quinoa
Hemp seeds
Dates (maybe a \#3)
Tangerines
Grapefruit
Oranges
Kiwi
Guava
Pears
Blackberries
Raspberries
Cherries
Cranberries
Apples
Strawberries
Plums
Yams

## \#4 = Avoid If Lectin Sensitive <br> Tomato <br> Eggplant <br> Bell peppers and hot peppers <br> Potatoes <br> Brown rice <br> Chickpeas (garbanzos, humus) <br> Lentils (un-soaked, unsprouted) <br> Corn on the cob <br> Semi-green bananas <br> Basmati White rice <br> Parboiled rice <br> Soaked lentils <br> Cassava <br> Plantains <br> Winter Squash

## \#5 Avoid if you have any form of food sensitivities

Herring (amines)
Sourdough bread
Mouldy cheeses (eat goat cheese instead)
Ripe bananas
Figs
Raisins
Sprouted buckwheat/Go Raw Granola
Grapes
Whey (different types can be more or less)
Hummus without additives
Chocolate/Cocoa (including raw cacao)

## \#6 Never Consume These

Yeast (found in gluten free bread) Gluten-containing grains and all grains not listed elsewhere.
Carrageenan

## \#7 Most Inflammatory=NO

## Gluten

Gluten containing foods also have wheat germ agglutinin (WGA), which is also quite inflammatory

FYI: Just be aware that the sulfites in wine, wine vinegar and balsamic vinegar can make allergies and asthma worse. And chocolate appears to worsen "dry eye" and blepharitis. But I still eat occasional very-dark-chocolate and just scrub my eyes in the morning for 3 days after I eat chocolate. And it was worth it!

## Especially with Osteoarthritis

(Avoid the Nightshades- in Bold)
Beets
Kale chips
Jasmine Tea (small amount of caffeine)
Carrots
Pumpkin
Pistachio nuts
Skinned almonds
Olives
Walnuts
Almonds (add these tree nuts back early)
Brazil nuts
Wild blueberries
Peaches
Nectarines

Caffeine (add this back early if desired)
White potatoes
Most legumes
Beta-lactoglobulin
Oats
Unmodified Potato starch
Orange sweet potatoes
Canned Tuna
Buckwheat (unsoaked)
Kefir

## (Avoid \#6 and \#7 forever?)

Cashews
Peanuts (Who knew??? But I avoid now)
Pinto beans
Kidney beans
Various legumes

Casein-1 (a protein in all cow's milk) Whey protein may be a problem for a few of us

But perhaps a little heavy cream and butter are ok (the cream floats to the top leaving most of the casein in the skim milk). Ghee is clear of casein.

Goat and sheep cheese contain casein-2, which is less allergenic and tolerated by many of us. The goat Brie cheese is wonderful and there are many other options as well.

