COUNTRY FAIR WITH LOCAL FARE & PLOWING DAY



Presented by the Interlaken Historical Society

Brook Farm 8228 Route 96, Interlaken

> Saturday, September 22, 2012 10:00 a.m — 4:00 p.m.

Welcome

On behalf of the Interlaken Historical Society and the Plowing Day Committee, welcome to the 2012 Country Fair with Local Fare and Plowing Day.

It is the hope of all involved that you will enjoy your day and gain a better understanding of the many ways foods and fibers are locally grown and produced.

Please visit the exhibits, and ask questions. After the event we would invite you to share your thoughts and photographs through our Facebook page, (https://www.facebook.com/pages/Interlaken-Historical-Society)

Schedule

10:00	Open
11:00	Presentation in the Barn:
	With the Grain
12:00	Parade of Animals and Tractors
1:00	Plowing Demonstrations
All Day	Exhibits and Vendors
	Kids Games
	Grape Stomping
	Food
	Gift Basket Drawings
4:00	Closed
Free Adr	nission — Donations Welcome

Dedication

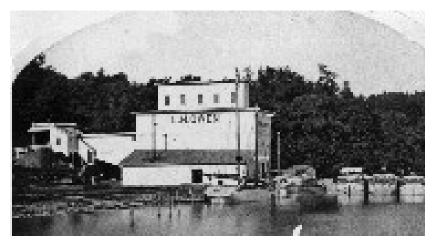
The Interlaken Historical Society wishes to dedicate this year's Country Fair with Local Fare and Plowing Day to:

Wayne Morrison

1932—2012 Printer Historian Friend to all

Wayne was a printer and published for 65 years and was the owner and operator of W. E. Morrison & Co. in Ovid. Wayne has left an unparalleled record of local history.

As one person stated:
Wayne didn't live in the past,
the past lived in him.



L H Owen Elevator Frontenac Point

Exhibitors and Vendors in the Barn

Harry McCue, Wheelwright

Lodi Historical Society

Eber Hubman, Old Time Fiddler

Duane Waid, Bees, Honey and Candles

Pins & Needles Sewing Group,

Contemporary Quilts

Barbara Stewart & Mary Jean Welser,

Antique & Contemporary Quilts

Schaefer Hand Dyed Yarns

Cornell Agricultural Museum Antique Models – Plows, Threshers, etc. Gerry Rehkugler, Professor Emeritus

Black Sheep Spinners

Mary Jean Welser & Marty Schlabach,

Heirloom Apples and Vegetables

Backbone Ridge History Group,

1920s Kitchen on the Backbone

Rich Hoven, Early Post & Beam Construction

Christine Houseworth, Alpaca Products

Geneva Historical Society, Agricultural Tile

Exhibit & Sale of Old Fashioned Games

Schrader Farm Meat Market

Interlaken Public Library

Interlaken Historical Society, Hands-on Antique Grain Processing (on first level of the barn)

Cornell Small Farm Program

Exhibitors and Vendors Outdoors

Daring Drake, Local Produce

Randy Williams, Simply Maple Syrup

Connie Pell, Homemade Pies

Owl Ridge Alpacas, Petting Animals & Products

Lucas Vineyards, Grape Stomping

A& S Poultry Farm, Poultry Equipment,

Organic Eggs, Produce

Greg Zoller, Blacksmith & Author

Dave & Rita's Farm Market & Bakers, Breads, Fruits, Vegetables, Specialty Desserts

Matt Frey, Barnyard Animals

Geneva Historical Society, Old Fashioned Children's Games

Interlaken Volunteer Fire Department

Searsburg Church, Quilt Raffle and Homemade Products

Vanillen Dairy, Brown Swiss Cow, Calf and Cheese

Wide Awake Bakery, Stefan Senders and Liz Brown

Food Vendors

Interlaken Community Action Group Route 96 Diner Cayuga Lake Creamery Copper Oven at Cayuga Ridge

With the Grain

The ongoing story of two centuries of grain farming and milling between the lakes - from the earliest European settlers, hand-sowing wheat between the stumps in their clearings, to the recent resurgence of interest in producing and using local flours. We'll look at farms and mills both old and new, historic varieties of grain, and changes and innovations in methods and equipment.

Join Liz Brown who, with her husband, owns the Wide Awake Bakery in Mecklenburg, NY. Working in partnership with Oechsner Farms and Farmer Ground Flour, they make bread, pasta, and pastries with locally grown and milled grains.



A picture of an 18th century reaper called the Cayuga Chief published in 1870 by S. Edwards Todd in a book called The American Wheat Culturist.

Seneca County Wheat Farming During the Civil War

Miss Ethel Buckley, my high school history teacher, would often share tidbits of local history. One of these tidbits that has remained with me all these years is that many of the fine houses on Route 414 between Seneca Falls and Fayette were built by the profits that farmers made selling wheat during the years of the Civil War. I would tell students in my United States history courses this same story when we were studying the Civil War period. It is only recently, however, that I have been able to find some real documentation to support what Miss Buckley said. I found this information in reading a 1967 article written by David C. Smith. He based his article on the diaries of Henry K. Dey.

Henry K. Dey operated a 150-acre farm on the eastern shore of Seneca Lake where present-day Sampson State Park is located. Like most area farmers, Dey raised wheat as his basic cash crop. The wheat that was grown was both white (White Flint) and red (Old Red Chief) as well as some Mediterranean strains. All was winter wheat planted in September, with timothy or clover seed sown on the wheat field in April, and the crop harvested in late July.

Although Seneca County wheat farmers were having increasing difficulty competing with the prairie farms of the Great Plains, the Civil War created a great demand for whatever amount of wheat could be produced for market. The Geneva *Courier* carried this editorial:

Farmers—At this crisis in our country's history let not the farmer forget to make ample provisions for food for the thousands now rallying to hold up untarnished and cause forever to float that Star Spangled Banner—the pride of the world....The farmers should double the amount of ground heretofore used for the various seeds and permit not a foot of soil to become accountless....We entreat every farmer in the town(s) of Seneca and old Ontario to feel that they have an individual responsibility resting upon them.

So, this editorial is an example of how many newspaper editors were pushing the idea that it was farmers' patriotic duty to plant all the wheat acreage that they could.

The increased demand for wheat during the Civil War years is reflected in the selling price of wheat. In 1862, Mr. Dey received about \$1.00 for his wheat. In 1863, he sold his white wheat for \$1.30 and his red wheat for \$1.18. In 1864 the selling price was \$2.00 a bushel, and it was \$2.50 in 1866. His total crop on his 32 acres planted that year was 564 bushels, for an average yield per acre just less than 18 bushels. That average yield was somewhat over the New York State average.

This means there was the wonderful situation in which wheat prices were increasing greatly and farmers were fulfilling a patriotic "duty" to produce as much wheat as they possibly could! It is not surprising at all that farmers would plant wheat on every possible acre of land that could be tilled. This situation—expanded number of acres planted at a time when wheat prices were more than doubling—clearly would lead to great profits being made. This was true for Henry K. Dey, so we can begin to assume it was true for other farmers in mid-Seneca County.

These great profits would logically make it possible for these farmers to then want to have a grander house to reflect their new relative "wealth."

The information contained in Henry K. Dey's diaries regarding total wheat production and selling prices for that wheat in the years of the Civil War strongly suggests that the houses along Route 414 were linked to wheat profits during the Civil War years. The most elegant of these houses was the one built by Henry Hoster just east of Route 414 on County Road 121. I remember Miss Buckley said that it cost about \$40,000 to build and furnish this house and the surrounding barns, but I haven't been able to verify that part of the story yet. The elegance of this house is suggested in these words, quoted from the book Landmarks of Seneca County: "...The 1876 History of Seneca County has a picture of this elegant house in its original state with grounds that included statues placed at intervals about the lawn. The south façade shows beautiful workmanship in the paired, arched windows and their decorative brick trim...."

I have ascertained that prior to the Civil War the Henry Hoster family was living in a wooden house and that this wooden structure was moved north of his new brick house built after the war.

I hope that this article generates some interest in the work of historians—trying to find the "facts" to prove or disprove an oral tradition. Should anyone have specific information about these houses along Route 414, please contact me.

> Walter Gable Seneca County Historian

Donors to the Made in Covert & Interlaken Baskets

Americana Vineyards & Winery
Bellwether Hard Cider
Cayuga Lake Creamery
Lively Run Goat Dairy
Lucas Vineyards
Pine Tree Farms
Schaefer Yarn Company
Sweet Land Farm
Waid's Honey & Candles

A special thank you to these local businesses who have donated items for the gift baskets. Winners will be drawn randomly throughout the day, and the names announced. All visitors will be invited to register upon arrival. Arrangements will be made to deliver any unclaimed winning baskets within a 25 mile radius of Interlaken.

Bakery on Main Street, Interlaken

Plowing Day Committee

Donald Betzler Allan Buddle
Ann Buddle Sally Hubbard
John Hunt Doris Jennings
Roger Quennell Youngiee Quennell

Bruce Radloff Dick Ross

Barbara Stewart Harold Stewart
Marty Schlabach Mary Jean Welser



Threshing Machine with Steam Engine

Interlaken Historical Society Trustees

Diane Bassette Nelson Ann Buddle
John Hunt Karen King
Nancy Radloff Bill Schaffner
Barbara Stewart Harold Stewart

Mary Jean Welser

The Historical Society has two museums, the Farmers' Museum dedicated to things rural and our Community Museum, both with rotating displays. The Museums are open Saturdays in July and August and year-round by appointment. To schedule a visit, please call 607-280-2099 or email: museum@interlakenhistory.org

A Special Thank You to the following groups and individuals who have provided assistance for today's event

Delavan Foundation
John Hunt Family
Persoon Family
Hip Shot
Interlaken Volunteer Fire Department
Lucas Vineyards
Two Cylinder Club
Interlaken Community Action Group
Brewer's Port-A-Johns
Seneca Sledders Snowmobile Group
Seneca County Area Shopper
Willie's Water



Mill on Mill Creek Lodi NY

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