

The Perfin Society Bulletin

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Contents

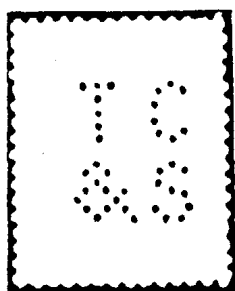
Society Officers		1
Editorial		2
Thos. Cook & Sons (continued)		2
A Perfin Identified	by Peter Day	3
Missing Pin Varieties	by Michael Ruckledge	4
Another Perfin Identified	by Roy Gault	5
Mire Modified Perfins	by A. E. Smith	6
A New Catalogue Numbering System	by Tony Edwards	8
Perfin Catalogues of UK	by Catalogue Editor	10
Society News		12
London Municipal Perfins (part 3)	by Tony Edwards	14
New Identities	by Tony Edwards	15
Tomkins Catalogue		5 pages
Railway Catalogue		2 pages

EDITORIAL

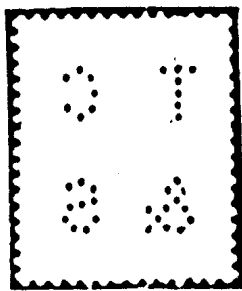
This has been another pleasing edition to edit as again members have provided me with plenty of interesting copy. Keep sending it in and we can maintain the high standard of our Bulletin.

There are two important articles this issue to which we wish to draw your attention. One related to a proposed new numbering system and the other to a proposed new GB Perfin Catalogue. Do read these articles and write to us with your comments as they will both affect you and are presented as discussion documents, not us the Society's policy. This is your chance to make that policy.

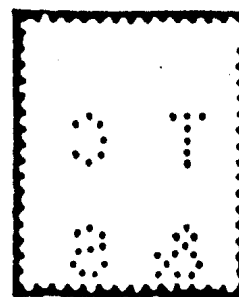
THOMAS COOK & SONS (continued)



Burma



Cape of Good Hope



Transvaal

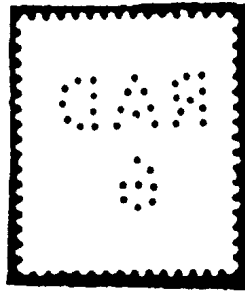
Following Boris Pritt's article in Bulletin No. 215, we have received a report of further countries of usage, as illustrated above.

"CURRIE" Perfins

Since the last issue we have received further dates for these. FNC 23 (diagonal type) on KE VII 2½ ultramarine, while the other two are on Victorian issues postmarked No. 221 (FNC 236). Another member reports FNC 23a (Fancy "C") on 1d plates Nos. 177, 205 and 208.

STAMPS NOT KNOWN PERFINNED

The 1958 Empire Games 6d purple has been reported perfinned.



The following new identity may be of interest to members. For many years I have puzzled over RAD/6, which I discovered many examples of in a bag of Kiloware whilst in the stamp trade. I guessed it must relate somehow to the Health Authorities in Norfolk and confirmation has recently been received from the Secretary of the Norwich Health Authority, who state :-

"This perfin was used by the Treasurer's Department at Windsor House, Norwich, for a relatively short period after the 1974 reorganisation of the National Health Service. The initials stood for REGIONAL, AREA & DISTRICT. They were supplied by Slopers, who also supplied the earlier HMC/6 and N/AHA perfins to the same authority. It has not proved possible to say when they went out of use, but all mail is either meter franked now, or where stamps are occasionally employed, they are not identified in any way".

This neatly proved my long felt theory and I hope fills another small gap in the perfin story.

CANADIAN PERFIN HANDBOOK

Would anyone interested in purchasing a "Canadian Perfin Handbook" contact the publication office, (address on page 1) as our Publications Officer is trying to arrange for a bulk discount.

MISSING PIN VARIETIES

by Michael Rucklidge

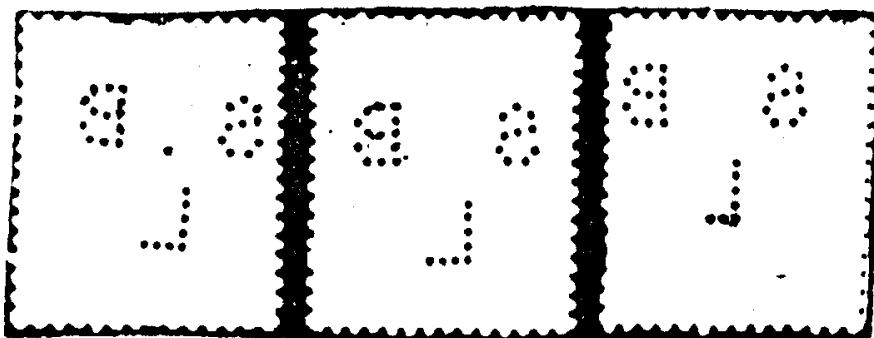
It is not uncommon for a perfin to have one or more missing holes. Usually this is due to a pin being bent so that when perforating it is forced against the bed-plate instead of into the hole. This will cause the pin to break if sufficient pressure is applied. There are a few cases where pins are removed intentionally because of a change in the designation of the user (see my note in the August 1984 Bulletin and Ted Smiths in this issue).

When a hole is obviously missing, it is regarded as being present and the perfin is so recorded. There is no problem here, except when so many holes are missing that the perfin is unreadable.

Problems do arise when the missing holes are those which lead to a readable, but different, perfin. For example, if the hole forming the cross-stroke of the A in the perfin AC is missing it can be read as VC when inverted and reversed. When the perfin is on piece or cover with the user's identity, this is usually obvious, but such is by no means always the case.

Perhaps an even trickier situation is when the missing holes do not change the lettering but only the recorded details. Missing full-stops are obvious examples, but others do occur. It is a matter of opinion whether these "varieties" should be included in the catalogue as different dies. My personal view is that they should not be included unless, of course, they can be shown to be used by different concerns (and hence to have come from a different perforator).

As an example, we have the following perfins, all believed to have been used by the School Board of London:-



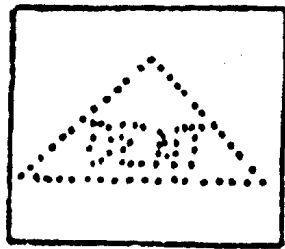
The first is the "parent" die and is recorded in Tilles catalogue as S.811A. The second has lost the full-stop and is not recorded. The third has lost both the full-stop and a hole from the foot of the L, and is recorded as S.80.2A. By super-position all three dies are identical in both letter shape and spacing. Therefore, in my view, only the first should be recorded and the other two should be regarded as variants. The views of other members are invited.

It is a matter of conjecture how many other such examples exist in the catalogue. If it is decided only to record the "parent" die, the existence of variants could be denoted by the letter "v" after, say, the serial number.

XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX

ANOTHER PERFIN IDENTIFIED

by Roy Gault

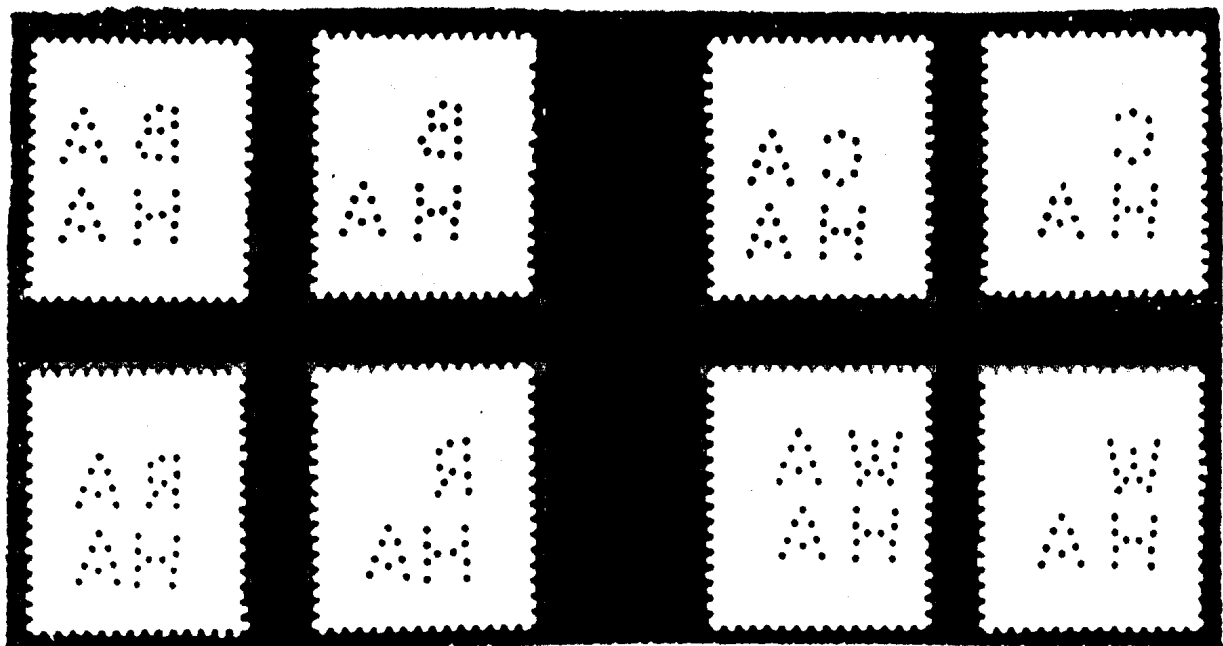


The perfin containing the full name DENT enclosed in a triangle is well known, but until now has not been identified. However, Kelly's Trade Directory for 1892 for Warwickshire shows the perfin is in fact the trade mark of E Dent & Co., Watchmakers of London, who operated from 1863 to at least 1895.

As well as my interest in perfins, I have an interest in historical research into Clock and Watchmakers, so it is particularly appropriate to collect examples tying these two interests. I would be most interested to hear of examples of this perfin and to know details of stamp and postmarks and would be pleased to purchase any unwanted copies members may hold.

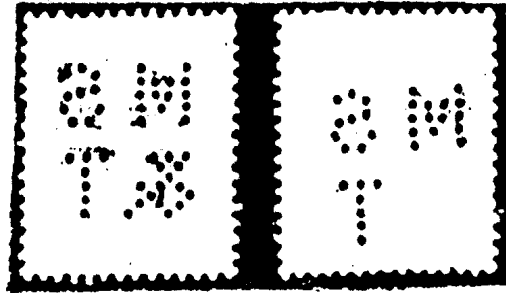
Reading again the article on modified perfins by Michael Rucklidge in the Perfin Society Bulletin No. 212 (Aug 1984), I was sure much more information on the subject is available for the interest of fellow members.

Sorting through my sheets of missing letter specimens, I find that a number of Health Authority dies have the first 'A' missing, as in the case of SA/HA in that article. The following pattern dies are found to also have the 'A' missing:-

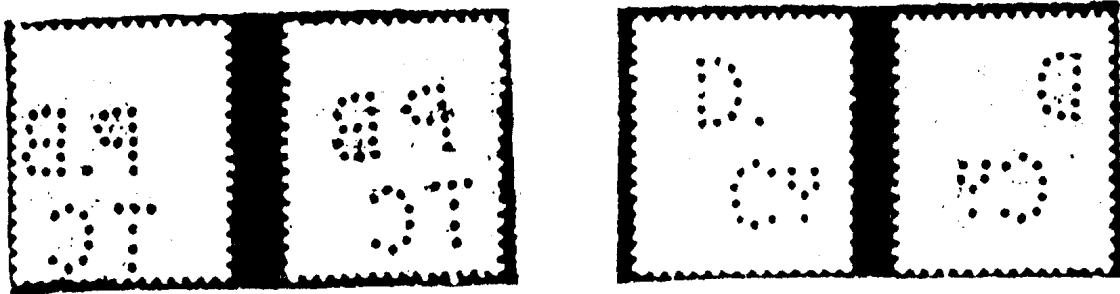


This would suggest that either the 'A' had been removed as a matter of policy to delete reference to "Area" or that the first 'A' has in some way suffered metal fatigue. (It's happened in aircraft!) Perhaps a member with a friend in one of the Health Authorities could find the answer for us.

Another die that has a complete letter missing is MS/T. No sign of the ampersand on the stamp can be seen so it is another case of either deliberate removal, or failure. I offer no other suggestion at this stage.



In the case of a single missing hole, numerous examples can be found which at first sight suggests a new die. Measurements usually indicate that a single pin must have broken off the die stamp. Examples follow:-



A NEW PROJECT

The existence of these Health Authority Dies in different states seems to be quite widespread. A number of sets can be made up consisting of the four letter perfin, the perfin with the A removed and the new three letter perfin with the top letter centrally placed. This forms the basis of a good project as these perfins occur on easily obtainable modern stamps so are not expensive.

Anyone who is interested in collecting and/or recording these items is invited to write to the editor who will try to form a study group. Any other member who has copies is invited to loan them for photographing. Identified covers would be of great interest as similar lettering has been used by different Authorities. Does anyone know the date when "Area Health Authorities dropped the "Area" from their names?

The editor is intending to make up some exhibition pages of these items to show the interest of collecting modern perfins and would be pleased to purchase or swap for members duplicates

I can understand the gloom and despondency spreading throughout the Society as members read this title, but notice that it does have a question mark after it! As Catalogue Editor, it is, however, my job to draw members' attention to the difficulties building up in the existing system.

Like Topsy the existing system "just grew". Its history is given in my Article "Perfin Catalogue Numbering Systems" in issue 214 of this Bulletin (December 1984). It is based on the numbering system used in the original "Simplified Catalogue of Perfins of GB" which is now long out of print. Some modifications have been made over the years but the basic system remains. Each different known combination of letters was given a number and where the same combinations of letters had different numbers of holes, or a different height, they were separated by the use of numbers after the decimal point. Similar combinations, not different in this way, but by letter shape or spacing, were suffixed with letters in lower case. New discoveries were inserted between existing numbers using upper case letters following the number.

This system has stood the test of time, but is now suffering from the strain of newly discovered designs. For instance, we have runs like B19, B19A, B19AA and B19B and then find we need to place a new design between B19 and B19A. What should we number it? One solution would be number it B19C and to ignore the alphabetical sequence and another would be to re-number the whole series, leaving plenty of space for new discoveries which are still being made.

The difficulty with renumbering is that it could make catalogues, books and information sheets obsolete overnight, not to mention the confusion of collectors using two different systems to correspond and also to write up their collections. What is required is a new system which is instantly identified as being different from the old, but one so arranged as to be easily converted back to the old system so that existing catalogues and collections remain valid. This is a tall order, but it can be done.

My suggestion is that we leave the part of the number after the point as it is and multiply the basic number by ten. Thus A193.1a becomes A1930.1a. The space now existing between the

numbers can be used to insert new discoveries so A193A becomes A1935 and if a new discovery is found between A193 and A193A in the old system it can be inserted correctly as A1932 in the new system. There is a difficulty in separating the old and new systems in that the number A190 could belong to either system. This is resolved by making all new system numbers four digits long by placing zeros in front of them. Thus A19 becomes A0190 in the new system and we know that A190 is a three figure old system number (its new number would be A 1900).

This all seems most complicated when written out, but a few examples should demonstrate just how simple it is to convert from one system to the other enabling collectors to use either or both.

Old Number	Perfin	New Number
160.6	C & C ^o /L ^d	1600.6
160A	C & C ^o ./L ^d	1605
160B	C & C ^o ./L ^d .	1607
161	C & C ^o ./L ^k .	1610
162. 1	C & C ^o /L ^{td}	1620.1
162.2	C & C ^o /L ^{td}	1620.2
162B	C & C ^o ./L ^{td} ..	1627
162D	C & C ^o /M	1629
163	C .C../N	1630

(data from Tilles page C.29)

The new discovery C & C^o./L^d. would be given the new series number 1606 avoiding the old system number 160AA. The perfin C & C^o/L^d. would be 1602 in the new system but in the old system how could it be placed between 160 and 160A? In a book or catalogue the number P41.1 must be an "old" number identified with the Petroleum Board because it does not have four digits. Its new number would be P0410.1 which has four digits and is easily identified with your catalogue or collection using the old system by deleting the two zeros.

This article is not an announcement of the new system, nor even a suggestion that we use it. Rather it is intended to start a discussion of what must be a controversial and contentious subject. Let me know your views, or alternative methods. If you wish the existing system to be retained, also let me know how you would wish to have new discoveries placed in the numbering series where no place exists for them.

There is a great demand for a new and updated catalogue of GB perfins, and for one that is not out of print. Three major catalogues have been produced, the "Simplified Catalogue", the "van Lint Catalogue", and the "Tilles Catalogue". All of these are out of date and all are out of print. Work is proceeding on a new version of Tilles. This is being undertaken by the Perfins Club of America, with the assistance of the Perfin Society, but the actual publication day seems far away.

The Perfin Society has decided, therefore, to issue its own catalogue of GB perfins in parts, starting at the end of this year. It will be collated by Tony Edwards and Betty Lucas who will by then have completed "Y Catalog Perfinnau Cymraeg" (The Catalogue of Welsh Perfins). The purpose of this early announcement is to give members the opportunity to have a say in the design of the new catalogue, so your comments are invited.

The first decision is whether the new catalogue should be illustrated or not. The Simplified Catalogue was not illustrated, but simply listed all known letter combinations and numbered them. A catalogue such as this has limited application as it is not possible to identify variations of designs when the same letters are involved. On the other hand, it has the advantage that it could be produced quickly and would be relatively inexpensive. We could even issue it free over a longer period as part of the Bulletin. If members wish the catalogue to take this form, we would envisage producing it in reduced A5 format, uniform with the Tomkins Catalogue.

A more ambitious alternative would be the production of a full-scale illustrated catalogue. This would be a more useful undertaking, as all the different varieties would be illustrated, but would be more expensive. If this option is favoured by members, we would produce an A4 size catalogue (twice this page size) with illustrations full size. We would follow the layout of the old van Lint Catalogue, placing about fifty illustrations per page. The catalogue would contain only illustrations identified by number and would not include hole counts and heights as these are of limited usefulness when full size illustrations are present. Neither would it contain details of identities but designs which have been identified would have a star placed after their number and users would need to consult Tomkins for the identity. By making these reductions

the size would be quartered, so would the cost. It is estimated that 20,000 designs are known and this would indicate some 350 single sided pages or 175 double sided. Do members require single or double sided catalogue pages? Once the basic text is produced, we could produce both single and double sided versions, but the single sided version would cost almost twice as much as the double sided one.

Once the catalogue was produced the Society would issue regular updates in the same format as the original, so a completely up to date version would always be available. One of the problems now encountered in the identification and recording of new designs is that very few members own a copy of "Tillies" so they do not know if a particular design is new or not. However, if most members own the new catalogue we can expect a continuous stream of new designs to be reported and this could only help our hobby.

At this stage cost is a difficult item to estimate as it does depend upon the number of copies produced. However, a very rough estimate is that the "Simplified Catalogue" could be produced for about £5 a copy whilst the double-sided version of the "Illustrated Catalogue" could be produced for a total cost of about £20. In the case of the latter, however, the cost would be spread over two or three years as we would issue the catalogue letter by letter, in separate packages.

This is a very important project which will affect you all so do, please, take the time to write in with your views on the above and/or alternative suggestions. Even if you have no strong views or suggestions but would like to buy a catalogue, let us know as we must try to estimate the demand to see if the project would be viable. Letters to the editor at the address on page 1, please.

MEMBERS REQUESTS

Mr. S. J. Bence is seeking information and/or examples of the perfin "HORSELL LEEDS" which he believes has connections with his wife's family.

Nora Wright requires information about the perfins BS/Y and WM/&Co. She has the former on a Japanese stamp from Yokohama and the latter on a Straits Settlements stamp. The unusual thing tying these two is that they are both on postcards to the same Dublin address, written in the same hand.

SOCIETY NEWS

New Members

COLCHESTER P.S.

AMIET J.L.

DAVENPORT, J.J.

MARTIN J.G.

STEVENSON, J.W.

HARPER-SCOTT. N.

Resignation

NEGUS J.

Change of address

NAGLE D.H.

HANKIN M.

RESTALL, R.

Lapsed

BOARDMAN, DAVIES, FROST, GEACH, GREAVES, HEWSON, HIGHTON, JOHANSSON, MALLETT, MASON, MAYO, NANSON, REID, REYNOLDS, STERCKX, TOMASSON, WHITFIELD.

The following members owe the amounts shown and will be lapsed after this bulletin:

BUCKNER (£1.25), BURKIN (£2.50), FIELD (£2.25), HOOVER (£0.72), POWELL (£0.91), PUTMAN (£0.50), SANSON (£1.00). May, 1985

Bulletin Production

Most of you know that the mechanical (as distinct from the editorial) production of the bulletin has for some time been most ably carried out by Mr. K.B. Moore. He will no longer be able to do this personally but has arranged to have it done by a printer. The quality will not suffer at all, nor will the arrangements for transfer of copy etc. be changed. However, the new arrangement will be substantially more expensive. We are, therefore, reluctantly forced to increase our subscription from September 1st next. It will be £4 for home and overseas members who require the bulletin sent by surface mail. Air mail sending (only applicable outside Europe) will be £7.

PLEASE do not forget that our financial year starts on September 1st and NOT on January 1st.

LONDON MEETING

The London meeting will be held in the Library at Baden-Powell House, Queens Gate, LONDON SW7 5JS on Saturday, 30th November, 1985 from 2 p.m. to 5 p.m. Cafeteria available. Plenty of metered parking. Nearest underground stations Gloucester Road and South Kensington.

PERFINS AND COMPUTERS

Tony Edwards is transferring details of his collection to a computer disc file and intends using a computer, at least to some extent, in the production of the Tomkins and the proposed Illustrated GB Catalogue. Has any member an interest or any experience in this area? There are some minor problems as a computer has difficulty in "thinking" of Cat No. 131.10 coming after No. 131.9 and has great difficulty with our "alphabetic" ordering system (Try ordering the perfins A.B., AB, A/B and A./B. by the normal computer sort algorithms? All these problems can be solved, but it would be nice if we could all solve them the same way.

Any comments and ideas to the editorial address, please.

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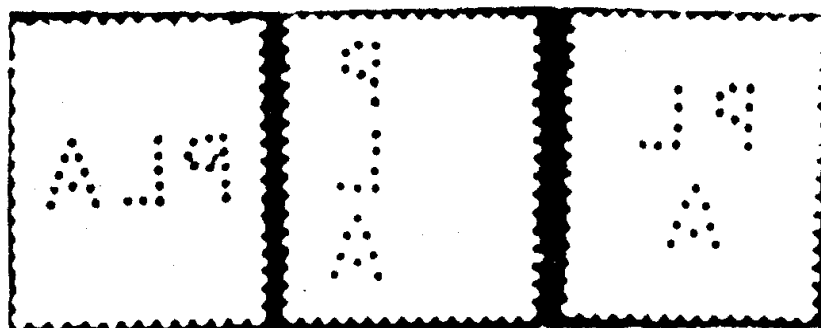
MUNICIPAL OFFICIAL PERFINs OF LONDON (Part 3)

by Tony Edwards

There are a number of other public bodies in London who are perfin users and these could also be included in a London Municipal Collection. One such group is involved with water, The Metropolitan Water Board was set up in 1902 and has used two types of the perfin "MWB" the first (smaller) one on King George V issues and the second on King George VI issues. Two other water authorities are the Thames Water Authority with "TWA" which still uses perfins and the Port of London Authority with various designs incorporating the initials "PLA".

Two London school bodies used perfins. The London School Board used the perfin "L/SB". This is unusual as it appears to be a multiple head perforator and the individual dies differ slightly. From blocks I have seen on King Edward VII issues, the head was at least two stamps wide and four deep, so it is perhaps a half sheet or full sheet perforating machine. The second school body is the Inner London Education Authority, which used the perfin "IL/EA" which, alongside "GLC", is amongst the most common of perfins. It is known on decimal Machin issues, including high values.

These three articles on London Municipal Perfins were written from information in my own collection and I would welcome further information regarding both periods of usage and other London Municipals.



Correction to Part 2

The dies under the illustrations should read I, II and Ia.

NEW IDENTITIES by Tony Edwards

from Mrs. M. R. Smith

C524	C.N./B.	8,13/14	6	Newbury's Ltd., Birmingham.	M
B369A	BIRD/C ^o	14,5,11.11/8,6	4	Wm. Bird & Co., London	A
C259.16	CFO /L ^d	7,7,8/6,6	4½	County Fire Office	Q
-	C/S.H	10/11,11	7	G.W. Collins, St. Helens	I

Corrections to No. 215

- E198 address is in EC3
- H399 identity Hamel & Horley
- M - identity Moseley
- B130.1 identity Borries Craig & Co.
- C580.3 C..P. (not C.P.)
- F - identity Fedden
- G 466.1 should be G446.1 GC
- H122 identity Glyn Mills & Co.
- J493.7 identity Lyon
- K14.1 should be K141 and Court not St.
- I21.1 identity Beer, not Bear.

from Dr. R.W. Powell

-	J.S.D.	7,10,11	4½	J. S. Darwen & Co., London	I
-	B & S./M	13.13,9/15	5½(III)	Baerlein & Sons, Manchester	I
J693	JS/CHM/O	7,11/10,11,15/10	5	James & Stott, Coldhurst Hall Mill, Oldham	I
S382.3	SI/L ^d	10,9/7,7	5½/5	Spillers & Bakers, Phoenix Mill, Newcastle-upon-Tyne	M
W596.2	WP/C ^o L ^d	15,10/8,6,7,6	4½	Walkers Parker & Co.Ltd., Newcastle-upon-Tyne	E
W625A	W & R/B	14,12,12/13	4½ IIIa	Wilkins & Riddell Ltd. Bristol	I
K161.2	K&S/L	10,13.11/7	5½III	Kelway & Son, Langport	I

C130.1	CC/C ^o L ^d	8,8/8,6,7,7	4½	Copestake, Crampton & Co. Ltd. London EC4	M
S136.3	SC/C ^o	10,8/8,4	5	Stedman Crowther & Co. Ltd. London E.C.2.	M
<u>from Philip Ariss</u>					
234	FKC ^o	8,10,8,4	5	Fisher King & Co. Bermondsey SE1	M
<u>from Graham Perfett</u>					
845	SY/M	11,7/17	7	Samuel Yales Manchester	I
8.2	S.A.	12/10	6	Salvation Army London E C	I
106.2	ED/C ^o	10,11/8,4	5/4½	Elder, Dempster & Co. Bristol	B
481.3	LR/O	7,12/10	5	Lloyds Register of Shipping	B
161.2	K&S/L	10,13.11/7	5½	Kelway & Son Langport	
76.2	TC	7,8	5	Taylor Bros & Cox Ltd. London E.C.4.	M
317.1	DM/CL	9,11/7,6	11	Dental Manufacturing Co. Ltd. London W.1.	S
6A	M.A	17,10	7	M. Abbot & Co., Limehouse London E	I
<u>from Colin Fountain</u>					
B45	BB (monogram)	46 (total)	14½	(hole count and height corrected)	
C366	CIC ^o L ^d	8,5,8,4,7,6		(hole count corrected)	
M496	MS	11,9	4½	Robin Hood Lane Health Centre, Camden Road, Sutton. Surrey	
R221	RHA	10,10,8	4½	Regional Health Authority, NW District, Birmingham	
S426	SK/F	correct name of user is Skefko			

CORRECTIONS AND USAGE DATES REQUIRED FOR B & C PERFINs

Tomkins Catalogue pages.

X. THERE ARE NO RECORDED IDENTIFIED X PERFINs.

Y IDENTITIES

0160.02	YC	6,7	4,4½	Yeovil corporation.
0200.01	Y&Co	6,12,7,4	4½(Ia)	Yarrow & Co Ltd, Glasgow.
0200.02	Y&Co	8,14,8,4	4½(III)	Charles L. Young & Co Ltd.
0210.01	Y/&Co	6/12,7,4	4½(Ia)	Yarrow & Co Ltd, Glasgow.
0220.01	<u>Y</u> /Co.Ld	9/8,6,7,7	4½	Yarrow & Co Ltd, Glasgow.
0230.01	Y/C/W	8/8/14	4½	Yorkshire Copper Works, Leeds.
0230.02_	Y/C/W	6/7/12	4½	Yorkshire Copper Works, Leeds.
0360.01	Y/EB	6/9,11	4½	Yorkshire Electricity Board.
0610.01	YK/C	8,10/8	4	City of York.
0710.01	YMCA	6,11,7,8	4½	Young Mens Christian Association.
0710.01a	YMCA	6,11,7,8	4½	Young Mens Christian Association.
0720.01	YM/CA	6,11/7,8	4½	Young Mens Christian Association.
0720.02	YM/CA	7,15/8,10 _	5½	Young Mens Christian Association.
0730.01	Y&M/S	8,14,15/10	4½(III)	Young & Martin Ltd, London.
0730.02	Y&M/S	8,14,1,5/10	5½(III)	Young & Martin Ltd, London.
0860.01	YOST	7,8,10,6	4½	Yost Typewriter Co Ltd, Liverpool & Newcastle-on-Tyne.
0860.02	YOST	8,10,10,7	4	Yost Typewriter Co Ltd, ditto.
0860.03	YOST	8,10,10,7	4½	Yost Typewriter Co Ltd, ditto.
0860.04	YOST	8,10,10,7	5½	Yost Typewriter Co Ltd, ditto.
0920.01	YP/B	7,10/15	5½	Yorkshire Penny Bank.
1110.01	Y&T	7,13,7	6½(III)	Yales & Thom Ltd, Blackburn.
1140.01	YWA	6,12,8	4½	Yorkshire Water Authority.
1270.02	YY	7,7	5½	Yardley's Ltd, Birmingham.

Tomkins Catalogue Pages.

Z IDENTITIES

0010.01	Z	8	4	Church of England Zenana Missionary Society.
0010.02	Z	-	-	Church of England Zenana Missionary Society.
0010.03	Z	-	-	Church of England Zenana Missionary Society.
0320.01	Z/LH	9/7,12	5	Zorn & Leigh Hunt, London EC2.
0330.01	Z/L/H	8/6/10	4½	Zorn & Leigh Hunt, London EC2.

Tomkins Catalogue Pages.

DESIGN IDENTITIES

0020.01	Bell	38	15½	George Bell & Sons. (Veterinary Chemists).	
0080.01	Shamrock	99	14½	William Marples & Sons, Hibernia Works, Sheffield.	E-M
0110.01	Arms	36	14	City of Cambridge.	
0110.02	Arms	36	14	City of Cambridge.	
0120.01	Arms	68	19	City of Cardiff.	E-M
0130.01	Arms	90	16½	City of Carlisle.	E-F
0140.01	Arms	48	13½	City of Leicester.	B-Q
0140.02	Arms	48	13½	City of Leicester.	Q
0150.01	Arms	157	19	City of Dublin.	
0170.01	Arms	62	13½	City of London.	B-O
0170.02	Arms _	62	15	City of London.	O-I
0170.03	Arms	62	14½	City of London.	I-W
0180.01	Crest	64	16	Borough of Morley.	
0210.01	Castles	105	12	City of Dublin.	
0230.01	Cross	17	11	W.H.Gollings & Associates Ltd, London.	
0240.01	Cross	21	10½	C.W.Bovis & Co, Marylebone.	
0260.01	Cross	5	3½	Bovis Ltd.	
0300.01	Cross	48	12	Ridgeways Ltd, London.	O
0410.01	Crown	63	12	James Russell & Sons, Crown Tube Works, Wednesbury.	B-F
0560.01	Diamond	13	8½	Manifoldia Ltd & Debecey Manufacturing Co Ltd, Birmingham.	R-U
0570.01	Diamond	26	13½	Manifoldia Ltd, West Bromwich.	I-Q
0630.01	Line	3	-	Feltoe & Sons, London W.	A
0930.01	Trade mark	62	16	Salisbury & Son Ltd, London.	

Tomkins Catalogue Pages.

NUMERICAL IDENTITIES

0080.01	106	8,10,10	5	Southend-on-Sea Borough Council.
0110.01	129	8,10,10	5	Uskside Engineering Co Ltd.
0180.01	169	8,10,10	5	Wallesey Corporation.
0130.02	18	8,12	5	1. London Borough of Sutton. 2. Sutton & Cheam Borough Council.
0170.01	22/CSC	10,10/8,10,8	5/4½	Cook Son & Co, London EC4.
0170.02	22/CSC	10,10/8,10,8	5/4½	Cook Son & Co, London EC4.
0260.01	3H/MC	10,10/11,7	4½	Sheffield Hospital Management Committee.
0270.01	34	11,10	7½	Sheppy Glue & Chemical Works Ltd, London.
0360.01	4H/MC	7,10/11,7	4½	Chelsea Hospital Management Committee.
0360.02	4H/MC	8,10/11,7	4½	Chelsea Hospital Management Committee.
0430.01	57	10,7	7	Heinz.
0470.01	6/HMC	8/10,11,7	4½	Norwich, Lowestoft & Gt. Yarmouth Hospital Management Committee.
0470.02	6/HMC	10/10,11,7	5½	Norwich, Lowestoft & Gt. Yarmouth Hospital Management Committee.
0710.01	9/ RvG	11/13,7,10	4½	Robert von Glen, London.

THE PERFIN SOCIETY RAILWAY PROJECT

Please note, members who possess the Society Railway Handbook need only provide relevant details of material additional to that thus far published. Those members who do not have the above publication, please give details of all appropriate material they have for the particular railway company indicated on the worksheets.

Your co-operation on the basis outlined above will be much appreciated whilst at the same time avoiding the need to repeat all the information published so far, on the enclosed and future worksheets.

ADDITIONS TO THE RAILWAY PERFIN HANDBOOK

The following information was received from members in response to railway worksheets nos. 1, 2 and 3, 1985

KEY:- D = Date
E = Earliest
L = Latest

Canadian Northern Ry.

Postmarks

PS Cat. No. 540 KG.5. 1911-12 1d, London SW June 29th 1911
Wk. Imp. Crown.

)E Only date reported
D) 29th June 1911.
)L

Canadian Pacific Ry.

	Stamps/covers, etc.	Postmarks
PS Cat. No. 610.2. Die 1	Auction Cat. Illustration:- 1. Cover - The Deputy Secretary, Canadian Pacific Ry. Co., 62-65 Charing Cross, London SW	Date only - December 31st 1903
	2. Company Post Card:- Canadian Pacific Ry. Co., 62-65 Charing Cross, London SW. Tied with KE 7 ½d.	London NWC October 10th 1908
	Registered Cover addressed to Smethwick - from - Registrars Office, Canadian Pacific Ry. Co., 8, Waterloo Place, London S.W.1. Tied with 191-22 KG 5 5d.	January 19th 1922

Canadian Pacific Ry Contd.

Die 1 Cont'd

	<u>Stamps/covers etc</u>	<u>Postmarks</u>
	QV 6d Jub.	-
	KE 7 ½d	-
	1d	London 36. Jan 12th 1904
	1d	London EC. Jan - 1905
	1d	Charing Cross. Jly 9th 1909.
	2½d	-
	3d	-
	3d (Harrison perf 15x14)	-
	4d Green and Brown	-
	6d	London WC Jly 10th 1905.
	1/-	Charing Cross April 8th, 1908
	KG 5 1911-12 1d Die B.	-
	1912-22 1d	-
(E May 6th 1899	1½d	-
D (3d	-
(L Feb. 3rd 1922	4d	-
	1924-26 3d	-
	6d (chalk)	-

PS Cat. No. 610.3.

Die 2

	Cover from:-	
	Canadian Pacific Ry. Co.,	London SW1 - 56
	8, Waterloo Place, Pall Mall,	March 30th 1925.
	London S.W.1.	
	Addressed to - H. Oyens & Zonan,	
	Amsterdam	
	Tied with KG 5 1924-26 1½d x 3.	
	KE 7 1½d	
	Entire - KG 5 1924-26 1½d x 3.	Date - March 30th 1925.
	KG 5 1912-22 3d.	London Oct. 4th 1922
(E Oct. 4th 1922	KG 5 1924-26 ½d, 1½d, 2d, 2½d,	
D (3d & 5d	-
(L Sept. 7th 1937	1929 "UPU" 1½d.	-
	1934-36 ½d, 1½d, 2d, 2½d & 3d.	-
	KE 8 1936 ½d, 1½d.	-
	KG 6 1937 ½d, 1½d & 5d. (1d - Sept. 7th 1937).	
