TOWNSHIP OF BARRINGTON BARRINGTON, ILLINOIS ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED FEBRUARY 29, 2016 MOTORINENS OF SHRowing PROSENTATIONS AND STATES OF SHROWING TO SHROW OF SHROWING TO SHROW OF SHROWING TO SHROWING TO SHROW TO SHR

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Rolling Meadows, Illinois 60008

Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Trustees Township of Barrington Barrington, Illinois

We have audited the accompanying modified cash basis financial statements of the Township of Barrington (the "Township"), Barrington, Illinois, as of and for the year ended February 29, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Township's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note 1; this includes determining that the modified cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosure in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position—modified cash basis of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Township of Barrington, Barrington, Illinois, as of February 29, 2016, and the respective changes in modified cash basis financial position, thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting as described in Note 1.

Basis of Accounting

We draw attention to Note 1 of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note 7 to the financial statements, in the year ended February 29, 2016, the Township adopted new accounting guidance: GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27, and GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Township of Barrington, Barrington, Illinois's basic financial statements. The other information, as identified in the table of contents, which is the responsibility of management, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Evans, Marshall & Pease, P.C.

Evans, Marshall & Pease, P.C. Certified Public Accountants

Rolling Meadows, Illinois June 30, 2016 (15) Assessed Amounting to the second control of the con

OTHER INFORMATION – Management's Discussion and Analysis – Unaudited hadronial - proportion from decomment above regions.

This section of the Township of Barrington's annual financial report, the Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") is the discussion and analysis of the Township's financial performance and provides an overall review of the Township's financial activities for the fiscal year ended February 29, 2016.

The management of the Township encourages readers to consider the information presented herein in conjunction with the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the Township's financial performance.

General Background

Barrington Township is a local unit of government established in 1850 to serve its residents. Today Barrington Township serves approximately 16,000 residents. The Township covers 36 square miles. Included in its borders are the Villages of Barrington, South Barrington, Barrington Hills, Village of Inverness and the Village of Hoffman Estates.

The Town Fund supports, but is not limited to:

- The delivery of services to Township residents through contributions to Health and Human Services
- Assessor's assistance which includes multiple services to include taxpayer record information, assistance with appeals, property characteristics and classification, and tax identification numbers to name a few.
- Transportation assistance for senior citizens and the physically challenged.
- Voter registration service.
- Handicap parking tag service.
- Social worker support.
- Maintenance of Township roads.

The General Assistance Fund supports, but is not limited to:

- Financial support for residents who have limited resources or none.
- Financial support for residents who are unemployed or disabled without any other forms of income.
- Emergency aid and assistance.

Financial Highlights

Barrington Township continues to operate under the restrictions of the Property Tax Extension Limitation Law (PTELL). The "tax caps" limit the annual growth of the Township's primary revenue source to the annual CPI index factor. This limitation, combined with the recent low rate of return on investments has required the Township to use its fund balances to compensate any deficits between revenues received and expenditures disbursed in the The Township Board routinely monitors the receipt of revenues and disbursements of expenditures in order to ensure the minimization of a deficit between revenue and expense levels.

Primary effects on fiscal 2016 operating results include the following:

- The Township's total net position was \$612,789 as of February 28, 2015. The net position increased \$46,065 to \$658,854 as of February 29, 2016.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Township's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$611,661, an increase of \$47,892 in comparison with the prior year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This financial report consists of three parts - management's discussion and analysis (this section), basic financial statements and other information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the Township.

The Statement of Net Position - Modified Cash Basis and Statement of Activities - Modified Cash Basis are government-wide financial statements that provide both short-term and long-term information about the Township's overall financial status.

The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the Township.
 Fund statements generally report operation in more detail than the government-wide financial statements.

The financial statements also include many notes. These explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of other information that further explains and supports the financial statements.

The major features of the Township's financial statements, including the portion of the Township's activities they cover and the types of information they contain, are shown in the following table.

Major Features of the Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

	Government- wide Statements	Fund Financial – Governmental Funds	Fund Financial – Proprietary Funds	Fund Financial – Fiduciary Funds
Scope	Entire Township (except fiduciary funds)	The activities of the Township that are not proprietary or fiduciary such as educational and operations and maintenance	Activities the Township operates similar to private business	Assets held by the Township on behalf of someone else such as student activities monies
Required financial statements	Statement of Net Position - Modified Cash Basis and Statement of Activities - Modified Cash Basis	Balance sheet, statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance	Statement of Net Position - Modified Cash Basis, statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position and statement of cash flows	Statement of fiduciary net position
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Modified cash basis accounting and economic resources focus	Cash basis accounting and current financial resources focus	Cash basis accounting and economic resources focus	Cash basis accounting and economic resources focus
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short- term and long- term	Revenues for which cash is received during the year; no capital assets or long-term liabilities included	All assets and liabilities; both financial and capital; short-term and long-term	All assets and liabilities, both short-term and long-term; funds may contain capital assets
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenue received and expenses disbursed during the fiscal year	Revenues for which cash is received during the year. Expenditures when goods and services have been paid for.	All revenues and expenses during the year	All additions or deductions during the year

TOWNSHIP OF BARRINGTON MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED FEBRUARY 29, 2016

The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis highlights the structure and contents of each of the statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements report information about the Township as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The Statement of Net Position - Modified Cash Basis includes all of the Township's assets and liabilities. All the current year's revenues received and expenses disbursed are accounted for in the Statement of Activities - Modified Cash Basis.

Unlike a private sector company, the Township cannot readily convert fixed assets to liquid assets. Townships can, and sometimes do, convert fixed assets to cash through the sale of property; however this is a rare event and not easily accomplished.

The government-wide financial statements report the Township's net positions and how they have changed throughout the year. Net positions – the difference between the Township's assets and liabilities – are one way to measure the Township's financial health or position.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the Township's net position are an indicator of whether its financial
 position is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the Township's overall health, one needs to consider additional non-financial factors, such as changes in the Township's property tax base and the condition of facilities.

In the government-wide financial statements, the Township's activities are presented as follows:

 Governmental activities – Most of the Township's basic services are included here, such as support services, community programs and administration. Property taxes finance most of these activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the Township's funds, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds – not the Township as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the Township uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs and to demonstrate compliance with various regulatory requirements.

- Some funds are required by state law.
- The Township establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is properly using certain revenues.

The Township has one kind of fund type:

Governmental funds – The Township's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash, and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash, flow in and out, and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps one determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Township's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, additional information is included as a separate statement explaining the relationship (or differences) between them.

Financial Analysis of the Township as a Whole

<u>Statement of Net Position - Modified Cash Basis:</u> The following summary data is compared with data from the preceding year. The following provides a summary of the Township's Statement of Net Position - Modified Cash Basis as of February 29, 2016 and February 28, 2015:

	Tell	Governmental Activities					
Assets:		2016		2015			
Current assets		\$	611,661	\$	563,769		
Capital assets (less depreciation)			47,193	_	49,020		
Total assets	<u></u>		658,854		612,789		
Net Position:							
Net investment in capital assets			47,193		49,020		
Restricted			289,607		279,513		
Unrestricted			322,054		284,256		
Total Net Position	\$	5	658,854	\$	612,789		

<u>Statement of Activities - Modified Cash Basis:</u> The following is a summary of the Township's change in net position for the years ending February 29, 2016 and February 28, 2015:

		Governmen	ntal A	ital Activities		
Dougnus Daniel		2016				
Revenues Received:						
General Revenues Received:						
Property taxes	\$	417,187	\$	350,619		
Personal property replacement taxes		3,917		3,619		
Interest		719		813		
Other	es na am <u>ores.</u>	33,005	· ·	33,432		
Total General Revenues Received		454,828		388,483		
Total Revenues Received		454,828		388,483		
Expenses Disbursed:						
Administration		291,370		279,144		
Health and Social Services		64,809		73,954		
Home Relief		8,858		-		
Cemetery		2,700		6,928		
Contractual		41,026		30,979		
Total Expenses Disbursed	ara sena a ago Perophelo <u>s asi</u>	408,763		391,005		
Change in Net Position		46,065		(2,522)		
Net Position - Beginning	Marinday Control	612,789		615,311		
Net Position - Ending	\$	658,854	\$	612,789		

TOWNSHIP OF BARRINGTON MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED FEBRUARY 29, 2016

The Township anticipated a decrease in revenue from the tax-capped tax levy.

The Township's total revenues were \$454,828 from governmental activities. Local taxes (predominantly real estate taxes) were \$421,104 of the total. Interest earned \$719. Miscellaneous income (e.g. TIF proceeds, refunds, rebates and other) made up the balance.

Total costs for all governmental programs totaled \$408,763. Of this total, \$291,370 was for administration, \$64,809 was for health and social services, \$2,700 was for home relief, \$8,858 was for cemetery, and \$41,026 was for contractual services.

As noted earlier net position may serve as a useful indicator of a Township's financial position. The Township's overall financial position and results of operations has improved during the fiscal year ended February 29, 2016 resulting in a net position balance of \$658,854. The balance of net position consists of net investment in capital assets (\$47,193), restricted (\$289,607) and unrestricted (\$322,054). See Note 1, letter H.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets (See Note 4)

As of February 29, 2016 the Township had a \$47,193 net investment in capital assets, including land, buildings and improvements, and furniture, equipment and vehicles. The current year had one addition to buildings and improvements.

Financial Analysis of the Township's Funds

The fiscal year ended February 29, 2016 was a positive year for the Township. The overall Fund balances increased \$47,892 to \$611,661. The Town Fund balance was responsible for an increase of \$37,798 to \$322,054. The balance of the General Assistance Fund, which is restricted to disbursements for general and emergency assistance needs of Township residents, was up \$10,094 to \$289,607. There were no significant changes affecting restrictions, commitments, or other limitations to the availability of fund resources for future use.

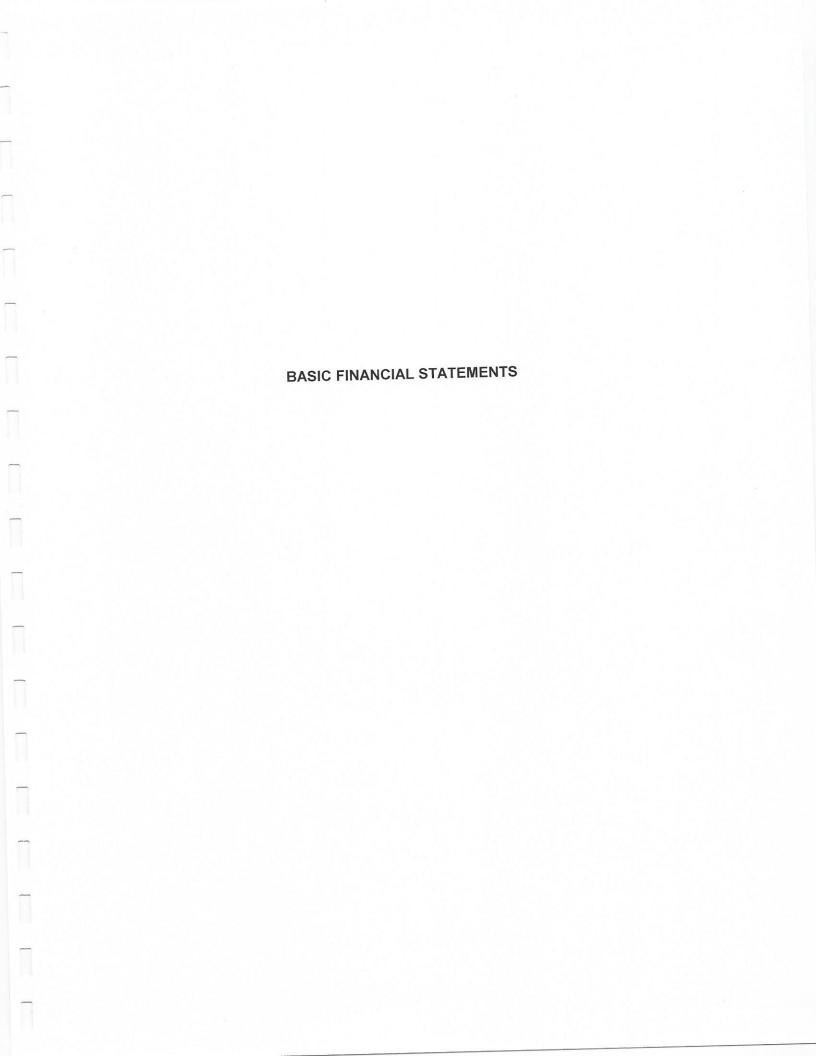
Fund Budgetary Highlights

The Town Fund's total actual expenditures disbursed of \$404,188 were less than the budgeted expenditures disbursed of \$442,775 by a total of \$38,587. The General Assistance Fund's total actual expenditures disbursed of \$2,748 were less than the budgeted expenditures disbursed of \$49,650 by a total of \$46,902.

Contacting the Township's Financial Management Team

This financial report is designed to provide the Township's citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the Township's finances and to demonstrate the Township's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions regarding this report, or need additional financial information, contact the Township's Supervisor at (847) 381-5632.

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TOWNSHIP OF BARRINGTON STATEMENT OF NET POSITION MODIFIED CASH BASIS FEBRUARY 29, 2016

			rernmental activities
ASSETS	1		
Current Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents		\$	611,661
Total Current Assets			611,661
Non-Current Assets: Capital assets, Not Being Depreciated Land		u 10-24	29,000
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation Buildings and Improvements Furniture, Equipment & Vehicles			17,102 1,091
Total Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation			18,193
Total Non-Current Assets			47,193
Total Assets			658,854
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted			47,193 289,607 322,054
Total Net Position		\$	658,854

TOWNSHIP OF BARRINGTON STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES MODIFIED CASH BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED FEBRUARY 29, 2016

				Pro	gram Re	evenues Re	eceived		Re	(Expense) evenue and hanges in et Position
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS		expenses Disbursed		rges for rvices	Gra	erating nts and ributions	Gra	apital nts and ributions		vernmental Activities
Governmental Activities:										
Administration	\$	291,370	\$	_	\$	-	\$		\$	(291,370)
Health and Social Services		64,809		-		_		_		(64,809)
Home Relief		2,700				-		_		(2,700)
Cemetery		8,858		_		-		_		(8,858)
Contractual		41,026	_		439			_		(41,026)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	408,763	\$		\$	<u> </u>	\$		\$	(408,763)
	(4)			ERAL RE xes:	VENUE	S RECEIV	ED:			
				roperty ta	axes					417,187
				Replacem		3				3,917
				erest						719
			Mis	scellaneo	ıs					33,005
			Т	otal Gene	eral Reve	enues Coll	ected			454,828
			СН	ANGE IN	NET PO	OSITION				46,065
			NE	T POSITI	ON, BEG	GINNING				612,789
			NE	T POSITI	ON, ENI	DING			\$	658,854

TOWNSHIP OF BARRINGTON STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FEBRUARY 29, 2016

	Town Fund	General Assistance Fund	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 322,054	\$ 289,607	\$ 611,661
Total Assets	\$ 322,054	\$ 289,607	\$ 611,661
FUND BALANCES			
Restricted Unassigned	\$ - 322,054	\$ 289,607	\$ 289,607 322,054
Total Fund Balances	322,054	289,607	611,661
Total Fund Balances	\$ 322,054	\$ 289,607	\$ 611,661

TOWNSHIP OF BARRINGTON

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS FEBRUARY 29, 2016

Total fund balances-governmental funds (Exhibit C)

\$ 611,661

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of assets, liabilities and fund balances - modified cash basis are different because:

When capital assets that are to be used in governmental activities are purchased or constructed, the cost of those assets are reported as expenditures disbursed in governmental funds. However, the statement of net position includes those capital assets among the assets of the Township as a whole.

Cost of ca	pital a	assets:
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Land	\$	29.000
Buildings and Improvements	•	144,413
Furniture, Equipment & Vehicles		2,182
Total Cost of Capital Assets		175.595

Accumulated Depreciation (128,402)

Net investment in capital assets

Net position of governmental activities (Exhibit A)

\$ 658,854

47,193

TOWNSHIP OF BARRINGTON STATEMENT OF REVENUES RECEIVED, EXPENDITURES DISBURSED AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED FEBRUARY 29, 2016

	Town Fund		General Assistance Fund		Total ernmental Funds
Revenues Received Property Taxes Replacement Taxes Interest Miscellaneous Total Revenues Received	\$ 404,615 3,917 449 33,005	\$	12,572 - 270 - 12,842	\$	417,187 3,917 719 33,005 454,828
Expenditures Disbursed Current: Administration Health and Social Services Home Relief Cemetery Contractual Capital Outlay	285,934 64,809 - 8,858 41,026 3,561	10 20 m	48 - 2,700 - - -		285,982 64,809 2,700 8,858 41,026 3,561
Total Expenditures Disbursed	404,188		2,748		406,936
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	37,798	_	10,094		47,892
Net Change in Fund Balances	37,798		10,094		47,892
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	284,256		279,513		563,769
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 322,054	\$	289,607	\$	611,661

EXHIBIT D (Concluded)

TOWNSHIP OF BARRINGTON

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES
RECEIVED, EXPENDITURES DISBURSED AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - MODIFIED CASH
BASIS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED FEBRUARY 29, 2016

Total net change in fund balances-governmental funds (Exhibit D)

\$ 47,892

Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures disbursed. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. As a result, fund balance decreases by the amount of financial resources expended, whereas net position decreases by the amount of depreciation expense charged for the year. Capital outlays for items below the District's capitalization policy limits and repairs and maintenance are expensed.

Depreciation expense
Capital outlay over capitalization limits

(4,237) 2,410

Capital outlay in excess of depreciation expense

(1,827)

Change in net position of governmental activities (Exhibit B)

\$ 46,065

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Barrington Township's (the "Township") accounting policies conform to the prescribed basis of accounting that demonstrates compliance with the cash basis and budget laws for governments of this type within the State of Illinois. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard – setting body for established governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant accounting policies are described below.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the financial statements of the reporting entity include: (1) the primary government, (2) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and (3) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statement to be misleading or incomplete. The criteria provided by the governmental accounting standards have been considered and there are no agencies or entities which should be presented with the Township. In addition, the Township is not aware of any entity that would exercise such oversight that would result in the Township being considered a component unit of the entity.

B. Basis of Presentation – Fund Accounting

Government-wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position - Modified Cash Basis and Statement of Activities - Modified Cash Basis display information about the Township as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. These statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services. There are no business-type activities within the Township.

The Statement of Activities - Modified Cash Basis demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, segment or program are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Indirect expenses not allocated to functions are reported separately. Interest on general long-term debt is considered such an indirect expense. Depreciation expense is specifically identified by function and is included in the direct expenses of each function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and standard revenues that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. In turn, each category is divided into separate fund types. The fund classifications and a description of each existing fund type follow:

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

Governmental Fund Types

Governmental fund types are used to account for the Township's general government activities, including the collection and disbursement of specific or legally restricted monies, the acquisition or construction of general fixed assets and the servicing of general long-term debt. Governmental fund types include the following:

General Fund – The General Fund consists solely of the legally mandated Town Fund and is the primary operating fund of the Township and is always classified as a major fund. It is used to account for the revenues collected and expenses paid which are used in providing services in the Township. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in other funds.

Special Revenue Funds – The Special Revenue Funds, which consists solely of the General Assistance Fund, is used to account for revenue collected and expenditures disbursed for general and emergency assistance needs of Township residents.

Proprietary Fund Types (not included in government-wide statements)

There are no Proprietary Fund Types.

Fiduciary Fund Types (not included in government-wide statements)

There are no Fiduciary Fund Types.

Major and Nonmajor Funds

An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the Township, is considered major by the Township, or meets the following criteria:

- Total assets, liabilities, revenues collected, or expenditures paid of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least ten percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and
- b. Total assets, liabilities, revenues collected, or expenditures paid of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least five percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

The Township has classified all funds as major:

Major:

Town Fund

See General Fund above for description.

General Assistance

Fund

A Special Revenue Fund to account for the financial assistance for needy citizens.

C. Measurement Focus/Basis of Accounting

Measurement Focus

The government-wide financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus. The objective of which is the determination of operating income, changes in net position (cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activities are reported.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

The fund financial statements focus on the measurement of spending or "financial flow" and the determination of changes in financial position rather than upon net income determination. This means that only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their reported fund balance is considered a measure of "available spendable resources." Governmental fund operating statements present increases (revenue received and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures disbursed and other financing uses) in net current assets. Accordingly, they are said to present a summary of sources and uses of "available spendable resources" during a period.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenue received and expenditures disbursed are recognized in the accounts and how they are reported in the basic financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported on the modified cash basis of accounting. The modified cash basis of accounting is based on the recording of cash and cash equivalents and changes therein, and only recognizes revenues, expenditures, assets, and liabilities resulting from cash transactions, adjusted for modifications that have substantial support in generally accepted accounting principles. Only cash and cash equivalents and items that involve the receipt or disbursement of cash or cash equivalents are recognized during the period, except for the following modiciations:

- Capital assets used in the Township's operations are recognized on the Statement of Net Position – Modified Cash Basis;
- Depreciation expense for capital assets is recognized on the Statement of Activities Modified Cash Basis.

The Township maintains its accounting records for all funds on the modified cash basis of accounting. Accordingly, revenues are recognized and recorded in the accounts when cash is received. In the same manner expenditures are recognized and recorded upon the payment of cash. Assets of a fund are only recorded when a right to receive cash exists which arises from a previous cash transaction. Liabilities of a fund, similarly, result from previous cash transactions. Modified cash basis financial statements omit recognition of receivables and payables and other accrued and deferred items that do not arise from previous cash transactions.

D. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Township maintains cash and deposit accounts for each fund. The Township funds are deposited in checking accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

E. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, buildings and improvements, and furniture and equipment, are reported in the government-wide financial statement. The Township defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$1,000 for furniture, equipment, and buildings and improvements and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation. Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocation in the Statement of Activities - Modified Cash Basis, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position – Modified Cash Basis. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows: buildings and improvements, 39 years; furniture, equipment and vehicles, 5 to 10 years.

In the fund financial statements, capital assets are accounted for as capital outlay expenses upon acquisition. No depreciation is recorded in the fund financial statements.

F. Long-term Debt

The accounting treatment of long-term debt depends on whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements. All long-term debt to be repaid from governmental resources is reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term debt for governmental funds is not reported as a liability in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources and payments of principal and interest are reported as expenditures disbursed. The Township had no debt at February 29, 2016.

G. Legal Debt Margin

At February 29, 2016, the legal debt margin for the Township was limited to 8.625% of the most recent equalized assessed valuation available. At February 29, 2016, the 2014 tax levy was the most recent available. Based on the 2014 tax year equalized assessed valuation of \$1,232,243,022, the legal debt limit was \$106,280,961. The remaining debt margin was \$106,280,961. The Township had no debt at February 29, 2016.

H. Fund Balance Classification Policies

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

Net Investment in Capital Assets – Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets less any unspent debt proceeds.

Restricted Net Position – Consists of net position with constraints placed on their use either by 1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or, 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The General Assistance Fund carries restricted net position of \$289,607.

Unrestricted Net Position – All other net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or net invested in capital assets.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Township's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

Governmental Fund Balance Reporting

In accordance with the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, the Township classifies governmental fund balances as follows:

Non-spendable – includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because it is not in spendable form or because of legal or contractual constraints.

Restricted – includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes which are externally imposed by providers, such as creditors or amounts constrained due to constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The General Assistance Fund is restricted with a fund balance of \$289,607.

Committed – includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the government through resolutions formally enacted by the Board of Trustees, the highest level of decision making authority, and does not lapse at year-end.

Assigned – includes fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are neither considered restricted or committed. Fund balance may be assigned by the Board of Trustees, the highest level of decision making authority.

Unassigned – includes positive fund balance within the General Fund which has not been classified within any of the above categories and negative fund balances in other governmental funds.

Expenditures of fund balances – unless specifically identified, expenditures reduce restricted balances first, then committed balances, then assigned balances, and finally unassigned balances. Expenditures for a specifically identified purpose will act to reduce the specific classification of fund balance that is identified.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

At February 29, 2016, the carrying amount of the Township's deposits totaled \$611,661 and the bank balances totaled \$616,437. Certificates of deposits are considered cash with maturities of one year or less.

Interest Rate Risk. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the Township's investment portfolio is limited to maturities of one year or less.

Credit Risk. Statutes authorized the Township to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agencies' accounts and any other investments constituting direct obligations of any bank as defined by the Illinois Bank Act, certain short-term commercial paper, accounts of federally insured savings and loans, and the state treasurers' investment pool. During fiscal year ended February 29, 2016, the Township invested in money market accounts and certificates of deposits from banks, which are both not rated by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations.

Custodial Credit Risk. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Township will not be able to recover the value of its deposits and investments or collateral securities. As of February 29, 2016 all of the Township's deposits are fully insured or collateralized.

NOTE 3 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied each year on all taxable real property located in the Township on or before the last Tuesday in December. Taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property on January 1 and are payable in two installments on approximately March 1 and August 1. The Township receives significant distributions of tax receipts approximately one month after these due dates. The 2014 tax levy, payable in 2015, was passed December 9, 2014 (the 2015 tax levy, payable in 2016, was passed December 8, 2015). Property tax revenues are recognized on the modified cash basis of accounting.

	Tax Y	'ear 2013	Tax Year 2014				
Assessed Valuation	\$1,226,350,482		\$1,232	2,243,022			
	201	13 Levy	201	2014 Levy			
	Rate	Extension	Rate	Extension			
Town Fund General Assistance	0.0311 0.0001	\$ 392,432 12,264	0.0314 0.0001	\$ 394,318 12,322			
Total	0.0312	\$ 404,696	0.0315	\$ 406,640			

NOTE 4 - CHANGES IN CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of changes in capital assets follows:

with a property of the comment of th		Balance March 1, 2015		Additions		Deletions		Balance February 29, 2016	
Governmental Activities Non-Depreciated Capital Assets: Land	\$	29,000	\$		\$	_	\$	29,000	
Depreciated Capital Assets: Buildings and Improvements Furniture, equipment and vehicles	12h William	142,003 2,182	of Tox	2,410				144,413 2,182	
Subtotal	211	144,185		2,410		_	THE REAL	146,595	
Accumulated Depreciation Buildings and Improvements Furniture, equipment and vehicles Subtotal		123,386 779 124,165		3,925 312 4,237			ay I w Ous ay I <u>kanso</u> o Rose	127,311 1,091 128,402	
Net Depreciable Capital Assets		20,020		(1,827)	10 le	de <u>l</u> omba		18,193	
Net Total Capital Assets	_\$_	49,020	\$	(1,827)	\$	7 	\$	47,193	
Depreciation was charged to function: Governmental Activities: Administration	s as f	ollows:	\$	4,237	THE WAY			Markanist of Markanist of Markanist of	
Total Governmental Activities Deprec	iation	Expense	\$	4,237					

NOTE 5 - RETIREMENT FUND COMMITMENTS

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF)

IMRF Plan Description

The Township's defined benefit pension plan for regular employees provides retirement and disability benefits, post-retirement increases, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The Township's plan is managed by the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), the administrator of a multi-employer public pension fund. A summary of IMRF's pension benefits is provided in the *Benefits Provided* section below. Details of all benefits are available from IMRF. Benefit provisions are established by statute and may only be changed by the General Assembly of the State of Illinois. IMRF issues a publicly available Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements, detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position, and required supplementary information. The report is available for download at www.imrf.org.

Benefits Provided

IMRF has three benefit plans. The vast majority of IMRF members participate in the Regular Plan (RP). The Sheriff's Law Enforcement Personnel (SLEP) plan is for sheriffs, deputy sheriffs, and selected police chiefs. Counties could adopt the Elected County Official (ECO) plan for officials prior to August 8, 2011 (the ECO plan was closed to new participants after that date).

All three IMRF benefit plans have two tiers. Employees hired before January 1, 2011 are eligible for Tier 1 benefits. Tier 1 employees are vested for pension benefits when they have at least eight years of qualifying service credit. Tier 1 employees who retire at age 55 (at reduced benefits) or after age 60 (at full benefits) with eight years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any consecutive 48 months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 48. Under Tier 1, the pension is increased by 3% of the original amount on January 1 every year after retirement.

Employees hired *on or after* January 1, 2011 are eligible for Tier 2 benefits. For Tier 2 employees, pension benefits vest after ten years of service. Participating employees who retire at age 62 (at reduced benefits) or after age 67 (at full benefits) with ten years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any 96 consecutive months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 96. Under Tier 2, the pension is increased on January 1 every year after retirement, upon reaching age 67, by the *lesser* of:

- 3% of the original pension amount, or
- ½ of the increase in the Consumer Price Index of the original pension amount.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of December 31, 2015, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Retirees and beneficiaries	5
Inactive, non-retired members	2
Active members	3
Total	10

NOTE 5 - RETIREMENT FUND COMMITMENTS (CONT'D)

Contributions

As set by statute, the Township's Regular Plan Members are required to contribute 4.50 percent of their annual covered salary. The statute requires employers to contribute the amount necessary, in addition to member contributions, to finance the retirement coverage of its own employees. The Township's annual contribution rate for calendar year 2015 was 3.20 percent. For the fiscal year ended February 29, 2016, the Township contributed \$3,864 to the plan. The Township also contributes for disability benefits, death benefits, and supplemental retirement benefits, all of which are pooled at the IMRF level. Contribution rates for disability and death benefits are set by the IMRF Board of Trustees, while the supplemental retirement benefits rate is set by statute.

Net Pension Liability

The Township's net pension liability/(asset) was measured as of December 31, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability/(asset) was determined by an actuarial evaluation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions

The following are the methods and assumptions used to determine total pension liability at December 31, 2015:

- The Actuarial Cost Method used was Entry Age Normal;
- The Asset Valuation Method used was Market Value of Assets;
- Price Inflation was assumed to be 2.75%;
- Salary Increases were expected to be 3.75% to 14.50%;
- The Investment Rate of Return was assumed to be 7.50%;
- Retirement Age was from an experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition, last updated for the 2014 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2011-2013;
- For non-disabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with the fully generational projection scale MP-2014 (base year 2014); the IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Blue Collar Health Annuitant Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience;
- For disabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2014 (base year 2014); the IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Disabled Retirees Mortality Table applying the same adjustment that were applied for non-disabled lives;
- For active members, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2014 (base year 2014); the IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience;

NOTE 5 - RETIREMENT FUND COMMITMENTS (CONT'D)

• The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return to the target asset allocation percentage and adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

			Projected F	Returns/Risk
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Return 12/31/2015	One Year Arithmetic	Ten Year Geometric
Equities International Equities Fixed Income Real Estate Alternatives Private Equity Hedge Funds Commodities Cash Equivalents	38% 17% 27% 8% 9%	0.02% -1.90% -0.09% 11.99% N/A N/A N/A	8.85% 9.55% 3.05% 7.20% 13.15% 5.55% 4.40% 2.25%	7.39% 7.59% 3.00% 6.00% 8.15% 5.25% 2.75% 2.25%
Total				

Single Discount Rate

A Single Discount Rate of 7.50% was used to measure the total pension liability. The projection of cash flow used to determine this Single Discount Rate assumed that the plan members' contributions will be made at the current contribution rate, and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. The Single Discount Rate reflects:

- The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (during the period in which the fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits), and
- The tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating (which is published by the Federal Reserve) as of the measurement date (to the extent that the contributions for use with the long-term expected rate of return are not met).

For the purpose of the most recent valuation, the expected rate of return on plan investments is 7.50%; the municipal bond rate is 3.57%; and the resulting single discount rate is 7.50%.

NOTE 5 - RETIREMENT FUND COMMITMENTS (CONT'D)

Changes in the Net Pension Liability/(Asset)

	Total Pension Liability	Plan Fiduciary Net Position	Net Pension Liability/ (Asset)
To less than the transition	A	B	(A) - (B)
Balances at December 31, 2014	\$ 476,933	\$ 656,607	\$ (179,674)
Changes for the year:			
Service Cost			
	14,562	a – Kled [†] Indo	14,562
Interest on the Total Pension Liability	35,209	-	35,209
Changes of Benefit Terms	-	-	-
Differences between Expected and Actual			
Experience of the Total Pension Liability	52,889	-	52,889
Changes of Assumptions	-	-	_
Contributions - Employer	-	3,864	(3,864)
Contributions - Employees	_	5,434	(5,434)
Net Investment Income		3,232	(3,232)
Benefits Payments, including Refunds		-,	(0,202)
of Employee Contributions	(29,519)	(29,519)	
Other (Net Transfer)	-	(10,683)	10,683
Net Changes	73,141	(27,672)	100,813
to remove only extent makes on any			
Balances at December 31, 2015	\$ 550,074	\$ 628,935	\$ (78,861)

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability/(Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the plan's net pension liability/(asset), calculated using a Single Discount Rate of 7.50%, as well as what the plan's net pension liability/(asset) would be if it were calculated using a Single Discount Rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher:

	1%	Decrease 6.50%	Single Discount Assumption 7.50%	1%	% Increase 8.50%
Total Pension Liability Plan Fiduciary Net Position	\$	597,216 628,935	\$ 550,074 628,935	\$	508,617 628,935
Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	\$	(31,719)	\$ (78,861)	\$	(120,318)

NOTE 5 - RETIREMENT FUND COMMITMENTS (CONT'D)

Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended February 29, 2016, the Township recognized pension expense of \$3,864. At February 29, 2016, the Township reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	0	eferred utflows esources	Infl	erred ows sources	0	Deferred utflows esources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	25,825 55	\$	34	\$	25,791 55
Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		41,089				41,089
Township pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement date		389		1941 -		389
Total	\$	67,358	\$	34	\$	67,324

Amounts reported as net deferred outflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future periods as follows:

Year ended December 31:

\$ 36,941
10,706
10,706
8,971
_
\$ 67,324

NOTE 6 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The Township is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, or damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. These risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. During the fiscal year ended February 29, 2016 there were no significant reductions in insurance coverage for any category. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past five fiscal years.

NOTE 7 - CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE

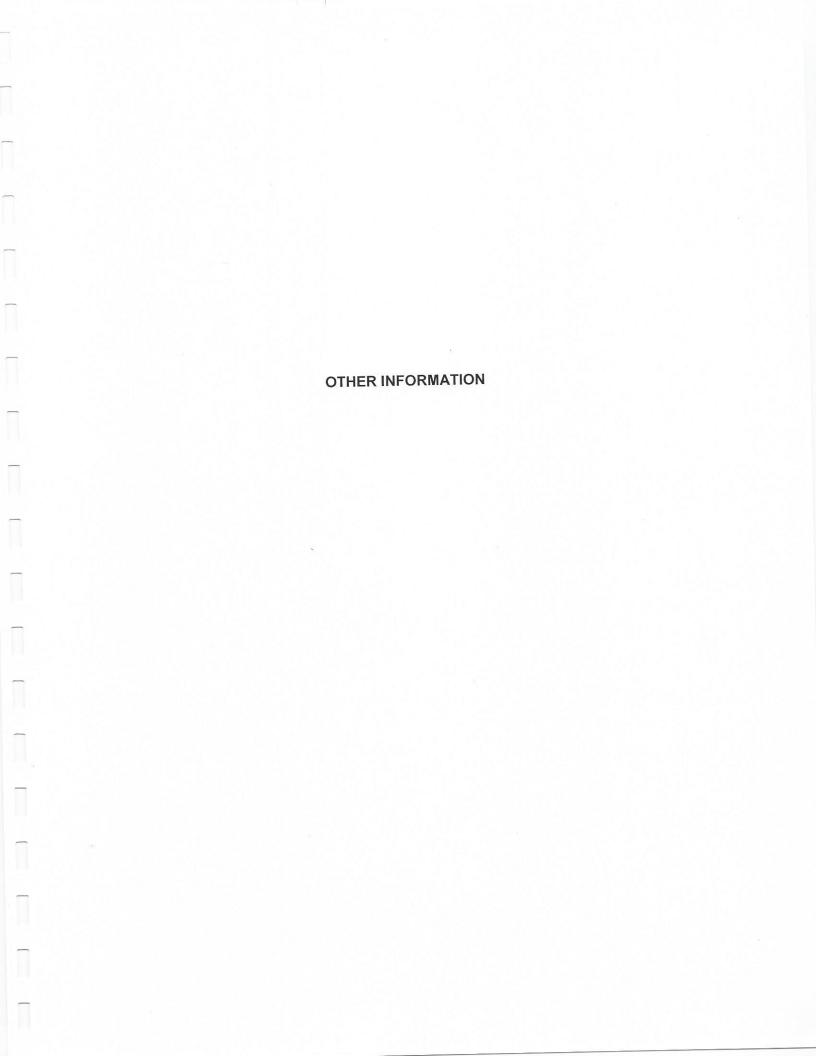
During the year ended February 29, 2016, the Township adopted new accounting guidance:

- GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27
- GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date

NOTE 8 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent events are events or transactions that occur after the balance sheet date but before the financial statements are issued or available to be issued. There are two types of subsequent events: recognized (events that relate to conditions present at the balance sheet date) and non-recognized (events or conditions that did not exist at the balance sheet date but arose after that date).

There have been no recognized or non-recognized subsequent events that have occurred between February 29, 2016, and the date of this audit report requiring disclosure in the financial statements.



TOWNSHIP OF BARRINGTON OTHER INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND MOST RECENT CALENDAR YEAR

Calendar year ending December 31,	2015		2014
Total pension liability Service cost	\$ 14,562	\$	15,800
Interest on the total pension liability	35,209		32,419
Changes to benefit terms			-
Difference between expected and actual experience			
of the total pension liability	52,889		(24,720)
Changes of assumption	-		40,885
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	 (29,519)		(23,602)
Berioni paymone, morang			
Net change in total pension liability	73,141		40,782
Total pension liability - beginning	476,933		436,151
Total pension liability - ending (A)	\$ 550,074	\$	476,933
Plan fiduciary net position	0.004	•	E 102
Contributions - employer	\$ 3,864	\$	5,123 8,357
Contributions - employees	5,434		38,173
Net investment income	3,232		(23,602)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(29,519)		(2,291)
Other (net transfer)	 (10,683)		(2,291)
N. (Leave in plan fiducions not position	(27,672)		25,760
Net change in plan fiduciary net position Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	656,607		630,847
Train industrial instruction in a second in the second in	200 005	Φ.	CEC 607
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (B)	\$ 628,935	\$	656,607
Net pension liability/(asset) - ending (A) - (B)	 (78,861)	\$	(179,674)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total	114.34%		137.67%
pension liability	114.54 /0		101.0170
Covered valuation payroll	\$ 120,755	\$	118,855
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered valuation payroll	-65.31%		-151.17%

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information is presented for those years for which information is available.

TOWNSHIP OF BARRINGTON OTHER INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND MOST RECENT CALENDAR YEAR

Calendar Year Ending December 31	Det	tuarially termined ntribution	Actual htribution	Defi	ribution iciency ccess)	Covered /aluation Payroll	Actual Contribution as a % of Covered Valuation Payroll
2014	\$	5,123	\$ 5,123	\$	_	\$ 118,855	4.31%
2015		3,864	3,864		-	120,755	3.20%

Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions Used in the Calculation of the 2015 Contribution Rate* Valuation Date:

Notes

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31 each year, which are 12 months prior to the beginning of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine 2014 Contribution Rates:

Actuarial Cost Method:

Aggregate entry age normal

Amortization Method:

Level percentage of payroll, closed

Remaining Amortization Period:

29-year closed period until remaining period reaches 15 years

(then 15-year rolling period)

Asset Valuation Method:

5-year smoothed market; 20% corridor

Wage Growth:

4.00%

Price Inflation:

3.0%. Approximate; No explicit price inflation assumption is used in this

valuation.

Salary Increases:

4.40% to 16.00%, including inflation

Investment Rate of Return:

7.50%

Retirement Age:

Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition; last updated for the 2011 valuation pursuant to an experience

study of the period 2008 to 2010.

Mortality:

RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table, adjusted for mortality improvements to 2020 using projection scale AA. For men, 120% of the table rates were used. For women, 92% of the table rates were used. For disabled lives, the mortality rates are the rates applicable to non-disabled lives set

forward 10 years.

Other Information:

Notes

There were no benefit changes during the year.

*Based on Valuation Assumptions used in the December 31, 2013, actuarial valuation

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information is presented for those years for which information is available.

TOWNSHIP OF BARRINGTON TOWN FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES RECEIVED AND EXPENDITURES DISBURSED BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED FEBRUARY 29, 2016

	2016						
	Original & Final		Actual	Variance Over (Under) Budget			
	Budget		Actual		daget		
Revenues Received							
Property Taxes	\$ 375,00		404,615	\$	29,615		
Replacement Taxes	2,80		3,917		1,117 149		
Interest	30		449		13,005		
Miscellaneous	20,00	00	33,005		13,003		
Total Revenues Received	398,10	00	441,986		43,886		
Expenditures Disbursed							
Administration:							
Salaries:	48,0	00	48,000		-		
Supervisor	10,0		10,000		-		
Clerk	28,0		28,000				
Assessor	16,8		16,800		-		
Board of Trustees	75,0		76,651		1,651		
Employees	11,6		11,126		(474		
Social Security	2,7		2,602		(98		
Medicare	7,0		3,623		(3,377		
Municipal Retirement		50	143		(107		
Unemployment Insurance	16,0		16,477		477		
Building Maintenance	5,5		4,647		(853		
Dues and Subscriptions	3,0		2,060		(940		
Equipment Maintenance	3,0		2,142		(858)		
Legal	5,0		3,965		(1,035		
Office Supplies	3,0		2,385		(615		
Telephone	6,0		4,457		(1,543		
Travel and Convention		00	584		(916		
School		000	415		(585		
Meetings	10,0		4,276		(5,724		
Utilities Plan Commission	3,0	000			(3,000		
	11,2		11,350		150		
Auditing and Accounting		000	2,146		146		
Building Improvements Furniture Purchases		500			(500		
Equipment Rental	2,	000	1,268		(732		
General Insurance	8,	000	9,989		1,989		
	8,	500	8,941		441		
Hospitalization Miscellaneous		500	1,377		(1,123		
Official Bonding	1,	200	1,180		(20		
Printing and Newsletter	9,	000	11,330		2,330		
Computer Maintenance	1,	500	-		(1,500		
Homeland Security	5,	000_		-	(5,000		
Total Administration	307,	750	285,934		(21,816		

TOWNSHIP OF BARRINGTON TOWN FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES RECEIVED AND EXPENDITURES DISBURSED BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED FEBRUARY 29, 2016

	•	2016		
	Original & Final Budget	Actual	Variance Over (Under) Budget	
Health and Social Services:		- / totaai	Dauget	
Access to Care	\$ 1,000	\$ 1,000	\$ -	
Taxi	300	154	(146	
Barrington Career Center	2,000	2,000	(
Barrington Area Council on Aging	36,175	34,996	(1,179	
Barrington Giving Day	200	,000	(200	
Barrington Youth Service	7,000	5,250	(1,750	
Catholic Charities	500	500	(1,700	
Children's Advocacy Center	500	500	off communication	
Community Social Service	100	-	(100	
Countryside Association	2,000	2,072	72	
Journey Care	3,000	3,000	esitife.	
Family Service of Lake County	1,500	1,500	hashmaga- <u>1</u>	
Journeys The Road Home	500	500		
Last Chance House	500	500		
Northern Illinois Special Recreation	4,000	4,000		
Smart Farm	250	250	Alacondino -	
Ecker Center	3,000	3,000	deres de la constitución	
Intergovernmental Grant Fund	-	198	198	
PACE Transportation	10,000	5,389	(4,611	
Total Health and Social Services	72,525	64,809	(7,716	
Cemetery:				
Cemetery Trustees	1,500	1,500		
Cemetery Maintenance	12,000	7,358	(4,642	
Total Cemetery	13,500	8,858	(4,642)	
Contractual:				
Contractual	40,000	20.010		
Street Lighting	40,000	39,013	(987	
000.00	3,000	2,013	(987	
Total Contractual	43,000	41,026	(1,974)	
Capital Outlay:				
Furniture, Equipment & Vehicles	3,000	3,561	561	
Total Capital Outlay	3,000	3,561	561	
Provision for Contingencies	3,000		(3,000)	
Total Expenditures Disbursed	442,775	404,188	(38,587)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (44,675)	37,798	\$ 82,473	
und Balance - Beginning		284,256	Control Substi	
und Balance - Ending		\$ 322,054		

TOWNSHIP OF BARRINGTON GENERAL ASSISTANCE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES RECEIVED AND EXPENDITURES DISBURSED BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED FEBRUARY 29, 2016

			2016			
	Original & Final Budget		Actual		Variance Over (Under) Budget	
Revenues Received						
Property Taxes	\$ 1,50			\$	11,072	
Interest	20	00	270_		70	
Total Revenues Received	1,70	00	12,842		11,142	
Expenditures Disbursed						
Administration:	20,0	20			(20,000)	
Social Worker	3,0				(3,000)	
Building Maintenance		00			(300)	
Dues	1,5		_		(1,500)	
Legal		00			(500)	
Office Supplies		00			(500)	
Telephone		00	48		(452)	
Travel and Convention		00	_		(300)	
School Equipment Purchases		00	_		(500)	
Miscellaneous		00			(500)	
Hearing Officer		50			(50)	
Total Administration	27,6	50	48		(27,602)	
Home Relief:		00			(2,000)	
Burial Expense	2,0				(500)	
Personal Incidentals		00			(500)	
Food		000			(5,000	
Medical Care	5,0	000	2,700		(300	
Shelter			2,700		(250	
Telephone		250 250			(250	
Transient		000			(1,000	
Travel		000			(2,000	
Utilities		500			(2,500	
Emergency Assistance						
Total Home Relief	17,0	000	2,700	_	(14,300	

TOWNSHIP OF BARRINGTON GENERAL ASSISTANCE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES RECEIVED AND EXPENDITURES DISBURSED BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED FEBRUARY 29, 2016

		2016					
		Original & Final Budget		Actual		Variance Over (Under) Budget	
Institutional Care:							
Cook County Hospital		\$	1,000	\$	_	\$	(1,000)
Convalescent Home			1,000				(1,000)
Ambulance Service			1,000		-		(1,000)
Total Institutional Care		-	3,000	-	_		(3,000)
<u>Provision for Contingencies</u>			2,000	<u> </u>			(2,000)
Total Expenditures Disbursed			49,650		2,748	-	(46,902)
Net Change in Fund Balance		\$	(47,950)		10,094	\$	58,044
Fund Balance - Beginning					279,513		
Fund Balance - Ending				\$	289,607		

TOWNSHIP OF BARRINGTON, ILLINOIS NOTES TO OTHER INFORMATION FEBRUARY 29, 2016

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The budget for all fund types was prepared on the modified cash basis of accounting which is the same basis that is used in financial reporting. This allows for comparability between budget and actual amounts. The budget was passed on April 14, 2015.

For each fund, total fund expenses paid may not legally exceed the budgeted amounts. The budget lapses at the end of each fiscal year. All encumbrances lapse at the end of the fiscal year.

The Township follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- Prior to February 1, the Supervisor submits to the Board of Trustees a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing on the following March 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenses paid and the means of financing them.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted at a public meeting to obtain taxpayer comments.
- Former budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General and Special Revenue Funds.
- 4. The Board of Trustees may make transfers between the various items in any fund not exceeding in the aggregate 10% of the total of such fund.
- 5. The Board of Trustees may also amend the budget (in other ways) by the same procedures required of its original adoption.

Expenditures in Excess of Budget

The Township operated within its budget during the fiscal year ended February 29, 2016.

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