

Newsletter of the Sons of Confederate Veterans - Walker's Greyhounds Camp #2338, Tyler TX

Next Meeting...

Tuesday, April 16, 2024 6:00 P.M. ~ Eat 7:00 P.M. ~ Meet

Spring Creek BBQ 5810 Broadway Tyler, TX 75703

> Speaker: Zach Sabota

Subject: "Collecting Confederate Memorabilia Part 2" Texas Divison Confederate Heritage Month Celebration and Picnic!





April 20, 2024 Save the Date! Blanco State Park Blanco, TX Lunch at 12 Noon

Come Celebrate Confederate Heritage Month!

•Blanco State Park is located to the South of Blanco, TX at 101 Park Road 23, Blanco, TX 78606

•Location is 1 hr drive from SA, and Austin, 2 hrs from Waco, 3.5 hrs from Houston, and 4 hrs from Dallas.

•The historic CCC built Picnic Pavillon sits on the banks overlooking the beautiful spring fed Blanco River

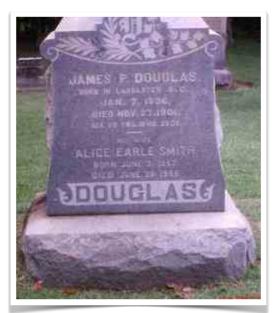
•Enjoy the Texas Hill Country in the Spring time.•Hiking, fishing, and bird watching!

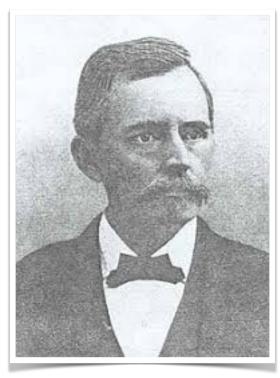
•Camping and RV Hook Ups are available

•Pavillon features a playground, kitchen with stove, refrigerator, and large bbq grill on site.

Bring your favorite Dish for an old fashioned potluck!
Important Note: \$5.00 entrance fee per person is required for entry to the park (children under the age of 12 are free).

Smith County Confederate History Spotlight...





James P. Douglas

Captain James Postell Douglas (1836-1901)

Born on 7 January,1836 near Lancaster, South Carolina. He was the son of Alexander and Margret (Cowsar) Douglas. His family left South Carolina and moved to Alabama in 1838, and then on to Tyler in 1848. He became the family patriarch at age 17 upon the death of his father in 1854. He attended public schools when available but was primarily self educated; he was fluent in Latin, and gifted in Mathmatics. He became the principal of the Tyler Male Academy, and studied law at night. Although he eventually became licensed to practice law, he never focused on his law practice, and in 1859 at age 23 he bought an interest in the Tyler Reporter (which later became the Tyler Courier-Times), serving as it's editor.

Upon the outbreak of the War Between the States, he organized the Smith County Artillery with fifty local recruits. Combined with a similar unit forming in the Dallas area the Good-Douglas Battery was formed. The battery went on to become the only Texas artillery to serve east of the Mississippi River. Following a period of training, the battery was assigned to General Ben McCullough's Army of the West in Arkansas. Folloiwng an engagement at the battle of Pea Ridge, the battery was transferred to the Army of the Tennessee. Following the Battle of Corinith, MS; he was promoted to the rank of Captain and placed in charge of what became known as "Douglas's Battery" for the remainder of the war. The unit fought at Murfreesboro, Chickamauga, Chattanooga and the Atlanta Campaign. While covering the retreat from the seige of Nashville in 1864, the battery became mired in the mud, and was overrun by Union Cavalry, but Captain Douglas and his brother managed to escape capture riding away on horseback. On February 16, 1864, the Confederate Congress offered a formal vote of thanks to the battery. Douglas's battery was paroled at Mobile, Alabama, on 12 May 1865.

Following the war, he returned to his work with the Tyler Reporter and in 1870 (age 34) was elected to the Texas Legislature, where he was well known for his anti-reconstruction politics. Later he entered the agricultural business in and around Tyler. He established a chain of canning factories, the first in Tyler, to market produce from his farms. As a planter, he was interested in agricultural experimentation and owned a large peach orchard, said to be the first in East Texas. This would move him to form the Tyler Tap Railroad where he served as it's first president. The Tyler Tap Railroad would grow to become the Texas Branch of the Cotton Belt railroad.

Married twice, first on 24 March 1864, to Sallie White, who died in 22 August 1872, and then to Alice Smith on 7 July 1874. Four children were born to the first marriage and six to the second. Douglas died on 27 November 1901 and is buried in Oakwood Cemetery in Tyler, TX.



Mollie Moore Davis 217, Tyler, Texas United Daughters of the Confederacy ®



Walker's Greyhounds Camp #2338, Tyler, Texas Sons of Confederate Veterans®

Invites You to Attend Wreath Laying Ceremony Before the Confederate Monument Honoring The Fallen Confederate Soldiers Laid to Rest At Oakwood Cemetery

When: Sunday, April 28, 2024 Where: Oakwood Cemetery- Tyler, TX Located at the corner of Oakwood and N. Palace Streets When: 2:00 pm

Suggested Dress: Business Casual, Confederate Uniforms are welcome, and Heritage/Military decorations are encouraged.

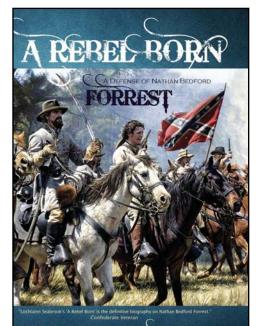
A Rebel Born

"A Defense of Nathan Bedford Forrest" by Lochlann Seabrook

General Nathan Bedford Forrest was a brave and ingenious Confederate officer who won all but one of the battles he led; a philanthropist who gave generously to family, friends, and charities; and a humanitarian who not only spared the lives of numerous Yankees on the battlefield, but who freed his slaves years before Lincoln reluctantly issued his Emancipation Proclamation. No one would know any of this by reading the conventional titles o Forrest, however, nearly all which are written and publishe by enemies of the South. In fact, according to most Northern and New South authors Forrest was a violent redneck, an unregenerate racist, a barbaric slave trader, a philandering husband, an illiterate hillbilly, the founder and grand wizard of the KKK, and "the butcher of Fort Pillow."



None of this is true, but it continues to be presented in our history books as fact.



LOCHLANNE SEABROOK JEFFERSON DATE PHYTORICAL COLD MEDIN WIJNER Forcever (by Dr. Clyde N. Wilson Originant minute and and a stand In A Rebel Born: A Defense of Nathan Bedford Forrest, unreconstructed Southern historian, Tennessee author, andForrest scholar Colonel Lochlainn Seabrook reveals the truth about one of history's most fascinating, charismatic, complex, romantic, and unique individuals. In this refreshingly positive appraisal of Forrest, widely acclaimed as Seabrook's "masterpiece," the author corrects the many falsehoods about him, and, using well researched documentation, shows that the modern negative image of the General Forrest is unfounded myth. The longest book ever written on Forrest and called the "definitive Forrest biography" by the Confederate Veteran Magazine, this book is definetely worth reading.

In Memory of the Confederate Companies from Smith County, Texas

Ist Texas Infantry Hood's Texas Division "The Ragged Old First" - Colonel Louis T. Wigfall
3rd Texas Infantry Walker's Texas Division, Scurry's Brigade - General William R Scurry
3rd Texas Cavalry McCulloch's Divison - Major George W. Chilton
11th Texas Infantry Walker's Texas Division, Randal's Brigade - Major Nathaniel J. Caraway
14th Texas Infantry Walker's Texas Division, Randal's Brigade - Colonel Edward Clark
14th Texas Cavalry "Johnson's Mounted Volunteers", Ector's Brigade - General Matthew Ector
15th Texas Infantry Polignac's Brigade, Speight's Regiment - Lt Colonel James E. Harrison
17th Texas Infantry Walker's Texas Division, Scurry's Brigade - Colonel Robert T. P. Allen
22nd Texas Infantry Walker's Texas Division, Hubbard's Regiment - Colonel Richard B. Hubbard
28th Texas Cavalry (dismount) Walker's Texas Division, Randal's Brigade - Colonel Horace Randal

Douglas Texas Battery of Artillery, Army of the Tennessee - Captain James P. Douglas



15th Texas Infantry



11th Texas Infantry





3rd Texas Infantry.

Tyler Guards - 3rd Texas Cav



Walker's Greyhounds Camp #2338



- April 16, 2024 Next Meeting of the Walker's Greyhounds Camp #2338
- April 20, 2024 Texas Division Wide Confederate Heritage Month Celebration and Picnic at the Blanco State Park, Blanco, TX
- April 28, 2024 CSA Wreath Laying at Oakwood Cemetery in Tyler, TX
- May 4-5, 2024 Battle of Port Jefferson Reenactment.
 Jefferson, Texas
- June 7 9, 2024 Texas Division Annual Reunion in San Antonio, TX
- July 17 21, 2024 SCV National Reunion in Charleston SC

Find Us On the Web...

walkersgreyhounds.net



How Do I Join The Sons of Confederate Veterans?

The SCV is the direct heir of the United Confederate Veterans. Organized at Richmond, Virginia in 1896, the SCV continues to serve as a historical, patriotic, and non-political organization dedicated to ensuring that a true history of the 1861-1865 period is preserved. Membership in the Sons of Confederate Veterans is open to all male descendants of any veteran who served honorably in the Confederate armed forces. Membership can be obtained through either lineal or collateral family lines and kinship to a veteran must be documented genealogically. The minimum age for full membership is 12, but there is no minimum for Cadet membership.

2024 Camp Leadership

Camp Website: walkersgreyhounds.net

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