



A familiar face in unfamiliar territory

- ♦ In May 2023, a single female *Aedes aegypti* was collected from a CDC light trap in Norfolk.
- ♦ This was the first *Aedes aegypti* collected in Norfolk in at least 20+ years.
- ♦ Further surveillance would yield additional adult and larval specimens.

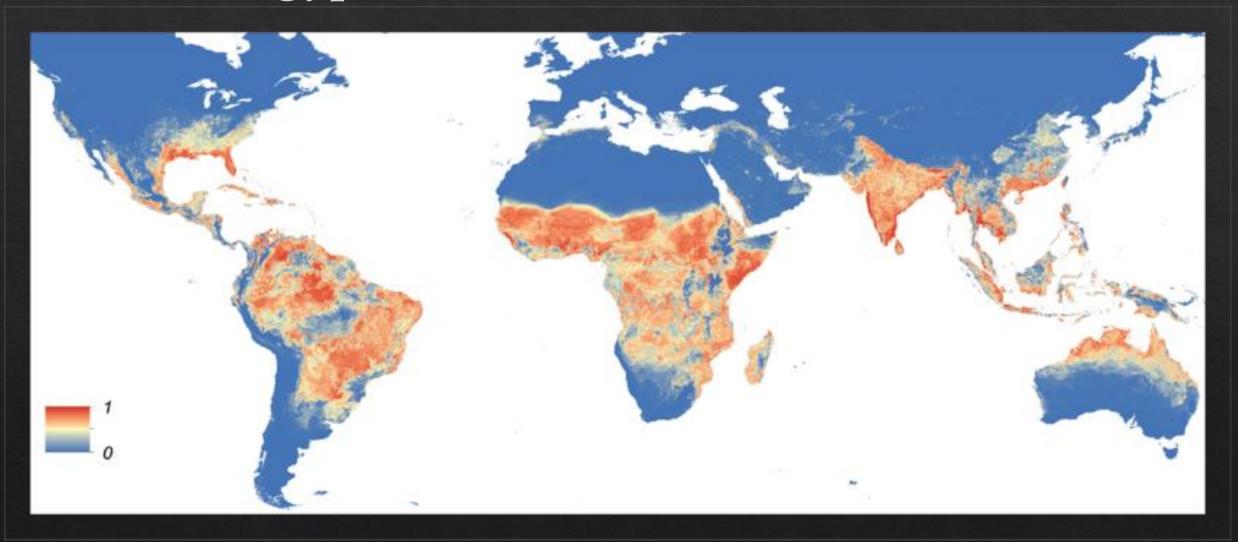


The Main Character

- Aedes aegypti is THE prominent vector for many arboviruses: dengue, zika, chikungunya and yellow fever.
- Found in close proximity to humans, Aedes aegypti is an urban mosquito
- Breeds in artificial containers
- Distribution globally in tropical and sub-tropical regions and in temperate regions during summer months.



Aedes aegypti Global Distribution



Kraemer, MU & Sinka, ME & Duda, KA & Mylne, Adrian & Shearer, FM & Barker, Christopher & Moore, Chester & Carvalho, RG & Coelho, Giovanini & Bortel, W & Hendrickx, Guy & Schaffner, Francis & Elyazar, Iqbal & Teng, Hwa-Jen & Brady, Oliver & Messina, Jane & Pigott, David & Scott, TW & Smith, David & Hay, Simon. (2015). The global distribution of the arbovirus vectors Aedes aegypti and Ae . albopictus. Elife. 4. e08347. 10.7554/eLife.08347.

Magnolia Cemetery

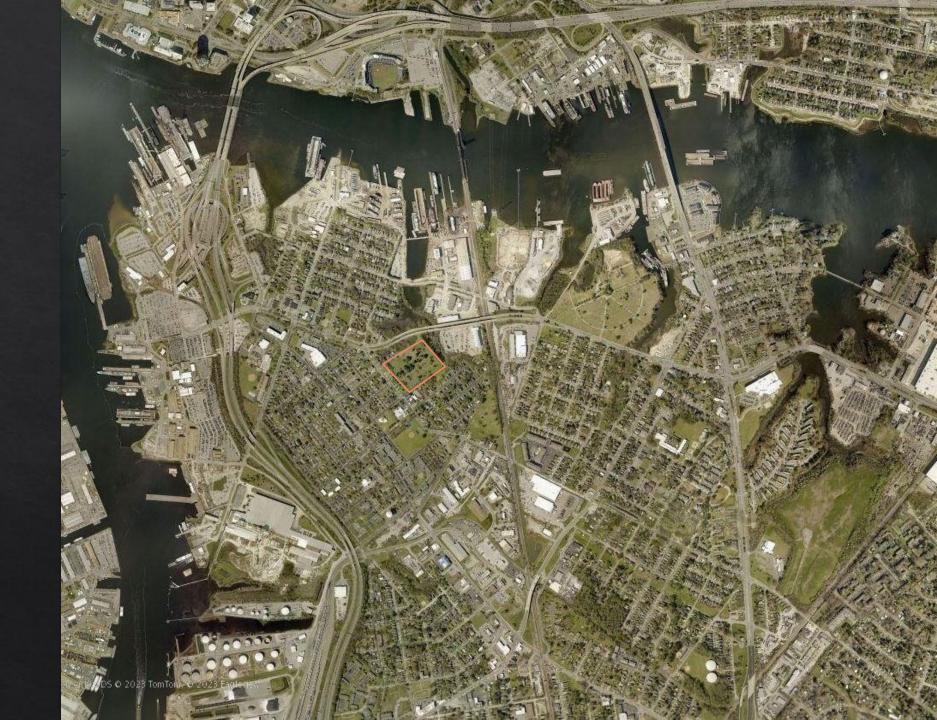
- Small cemetery located in the southern part of the City.
- Established in 1860 and purchased by the City of Norfolk in 1911
- Virtually zero cemetery visitors observed in the past 17 years.
- ♦ Routine trap site since 2006





Berkely Campostella

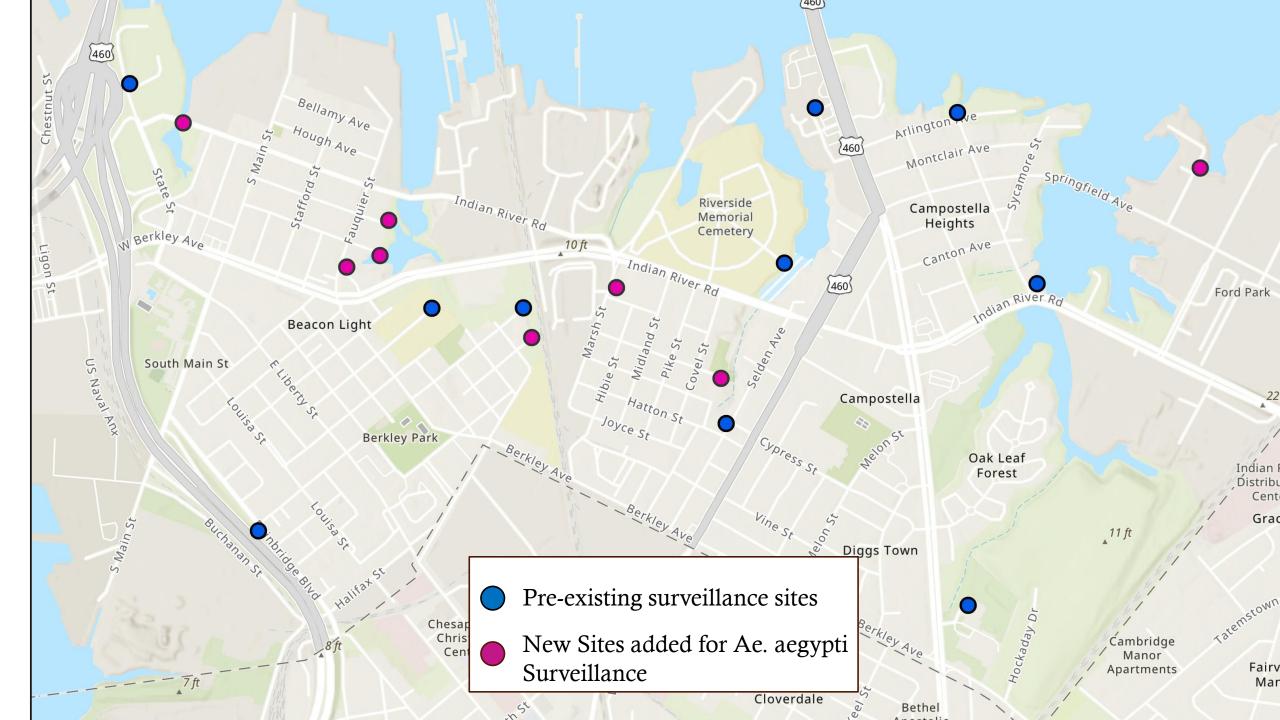
- Annexed by the City of Norfolk in 1906
- Mix of Residential and Commercial Properties
- 4 Shipyards along the Elizabeth River
 - Colonnas
 - BAE
 - Lyon
 - General Dynamics/NASSCO

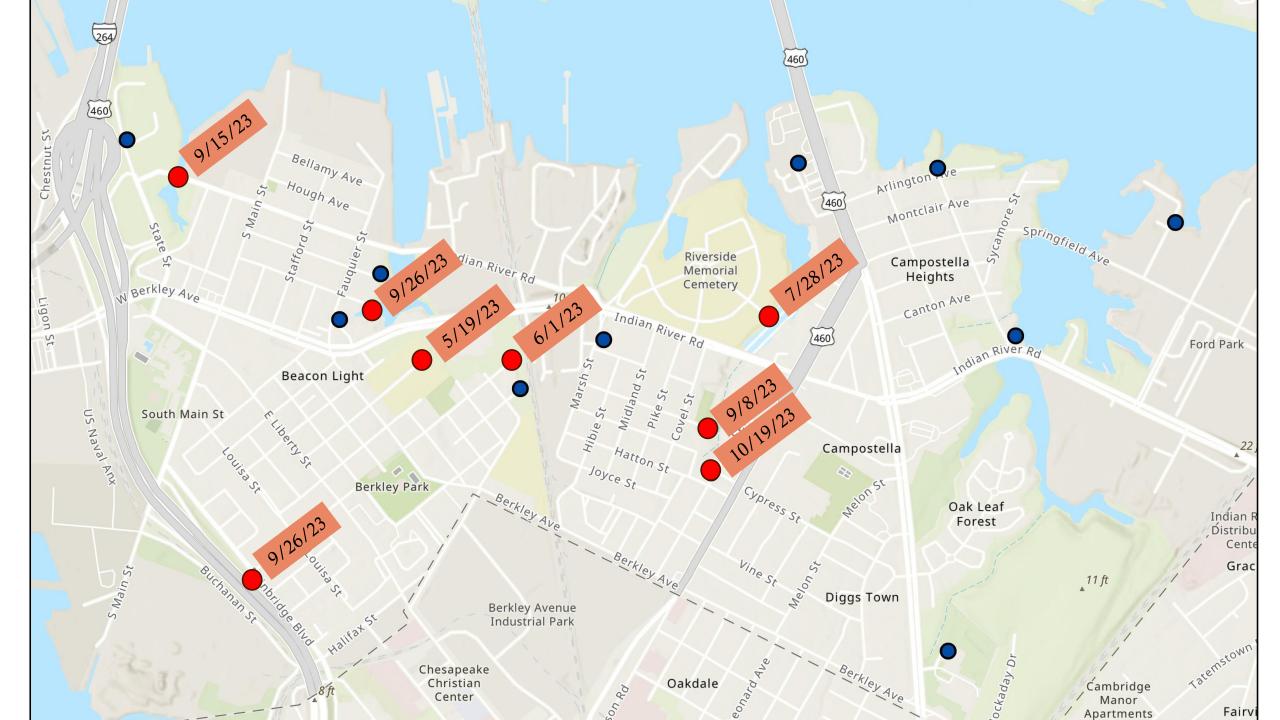




Adult Surveillance

- Weekly Trapping in the Berkely/Campostella Neighborhood with BG Sentinel traps and Gravid Traps
- Added additional sites to preexisting trap sites.









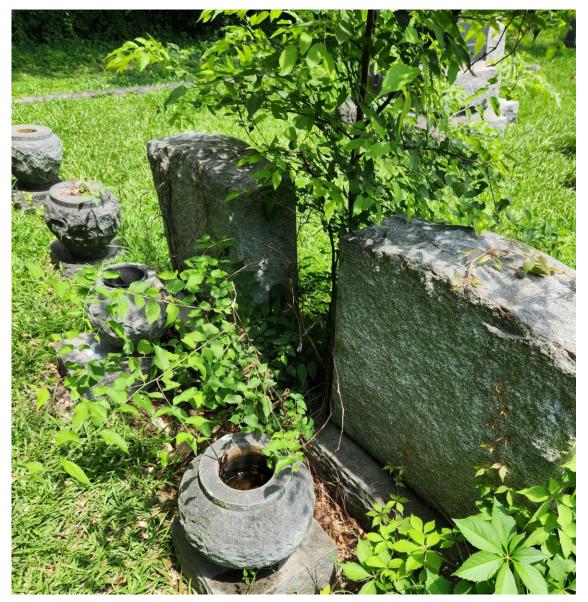
Adult Surveillance Summary

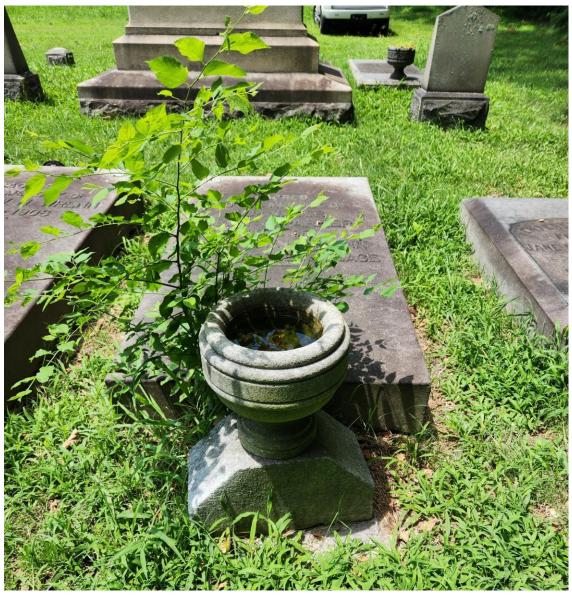
- Traps set in Berkely-Campostella
 Section of Norfolk
 - ♦ 82 BG Sentinel Traps
 - ♦ 67 Gravid Traps
 - ♦ 9 CDC Light Traps
- ♦ Total of 81 Aedes aegypti collected
- ♦ Collected in all 3 trap types
- Specimens collected from 8 sites, all within 1-mile radius of Magnolia Cemetery
- ♦ Last collection was on December5, 2023

Larval Surveillance

- ♦ Larval Samples were collected from Magnolia Cemetery, Riverside Cemetery and surrounding neighborhoods
- Magnolia Cemetery contains many concrete and brass urns
- Ditch located in the western corner of the cemetery contained lots of trash and containers
- Tires, furniture, trash dumped in the woods
- Artificial containers found in nearby yards







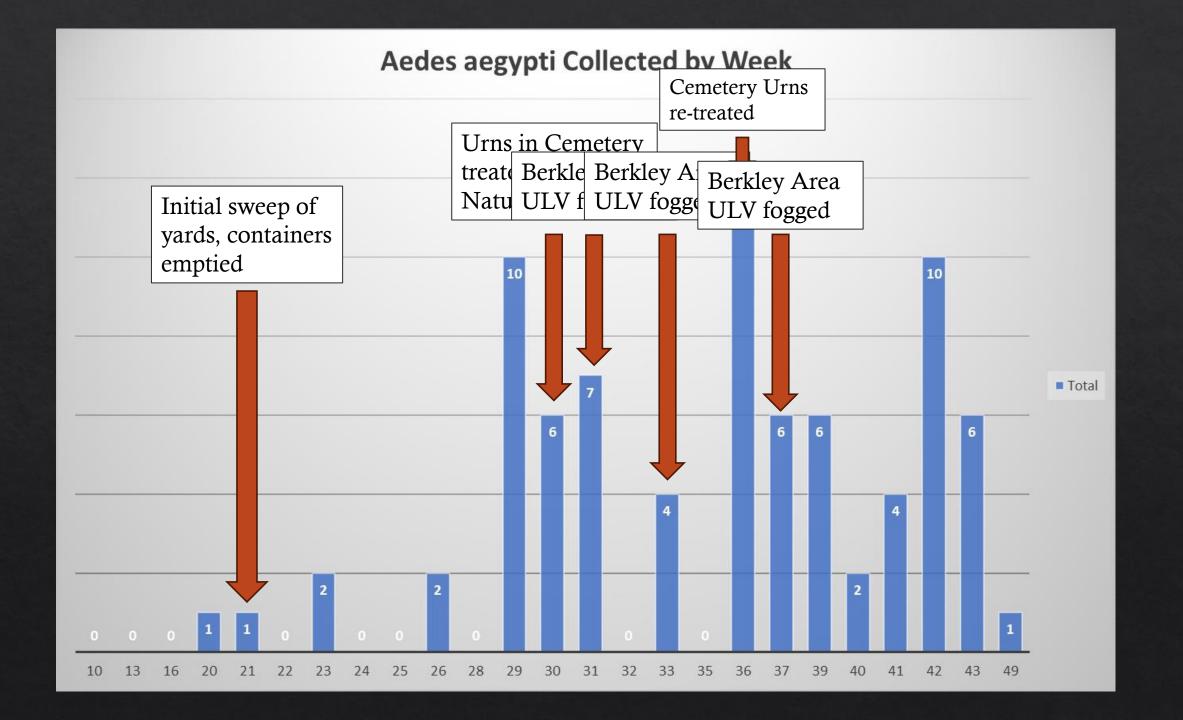
Larval Habitats in Magnolia Cemetery

Larval Surveillance Summary

- ♦ 82 Larval samples collected between May 19 and September 8
 - ♦ 53 samples positive for *Aedes albopictus*
 - ♦ 7 samples positive for *Culex pipiens*
 - ♦ 3 samples positive for *Aedes aegypti*
- All Aedes aegypti larval samples were collected from Magnolia Cemetery
- All samples positive for Aedes aegypti also contained Aedes albopictus

- ♦ Artificial containers were emptied on initial sweep of residences near Magnolia Cemetery in May and early June.
- ♦ Urns in cemetery were treated with Natular DT on July 27 & 28.
- Berkely-Campostella neighborhood was ULVfogged on August 1, August 11, and September 12.
- ♦ Urns in cemetery re-treated with Natular DT when evidence of breeding is observed on September 8.
- Where possible, urns were turned over to prevent future breeding.

Control



Looking Forward

- ♦ In January 2024, 20 specimens were shipped to the Connecticut Agricultural Experiment Station for genotyping
- ♦ Information will be added to the global aegypti reference panel.
- Results should be available in a few months.



Looking Forward: 2024 Season

- Can Aedes aegypti overwinter in Norfolk?
- ♦ *Aedes aegypti* do not enter diapause, restricting them to tropical and sub-tropical environments but...
- Recent studies have challenged this belief
- * Aedes aegypti may overwinter in the egg stage





