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INSTRUCTION MANUAL SURFACE RESISTIVITY METER SRM-110



IMPORTANT!! READ THIS MANUAL BEFORE OPERATING THIS UNIT.

THEORY OF OPERATION

The Pinion/Voyager model SRM-110 Combination Surface Resistivity meter is a simple to use, highly repeatable measuring device for determining the surface resistivity of materials, as well as resistance to ground. The SRM-110 incorporates a revolutionary three-point probe measuring technique, enabling accurate, consistent, and repeatable surface measurements. The principle of operation is as follows:

A voltage, V(30 Volts), is applied to each of the three outer probe contacts (Figure 1).

The center probe contact (spring loaded) provides a ground return of the current supplied by the three outer probe contacts. The surface resistivity of the material being measured is expressed as ten to some power, written as Ohms/Square = 10^x ; where "x" is rounded to the nearest integer by the SRM-110 with the following exceptions:

The 10^5 range covers 10^4 to $10^{5.5}$. This allows the first display segment to indicate surface resistivities less than 10^4 Ohms/Square.

By studying the relationship between the outer probe contacts and the center probe contact, the following is evident:

The diameter of the probe contact is 1/8 inch, and the distance from the outer contact to the center probe is 1-1/2 inches. The approximate number of squares for a 1/8-inch strip of material between the center probe and one of the outer probes is 12 (Figure 2). Three 12 square areas configured in parallel yield a 4 square resultant area (Figure 3). The configuration in Figure e however still does not accurately include the entire area measured by the SRM-110 probe arrangement. A more representative depiction of current flow includes the entire circular area (Figure 4). There are more paths in parallel further reducing the number of squares. The resulting number of squares was experimentally determined to be 0.78. Experimental data was taken to determine the effect of fringe current that exists outside the circular area encompassed by the probe arrangement. These fringe effects were measured to be less than 1% (Figure 5). The conductive elastomer probe contacts provide excellent contact to the surface under test. For this reason, great pressure is not needed to perform a measurement. Each probe contact of the SRM-110 applies a pressure of 40 lbs/in², due to the 2 pound weight of the SRM-110, which is sufficient. The three-point probe design enables the unit to be balanced on irregular and curved surfaces.

SPECIFICATIONS:

Display Segment Resistance Range (Ohms/Square)

10 ⁴	<10 ⁴
10 ⁵	10 ^{4.4} – 10 ^{5.5}
10 ⁶	10 ^{5.5} – 10 ^{6.5}
10 ⁷	10 ^{6.5} – 10 ^{7.5}
10 ⁸	10 ^{7.5} – 10 ^{8.5}
10 ⁹	10 ^{8.5} – 10 ^{9.5}
10 ¹⁰	10 ^{9.5} – 10 ^{10.5}
10 ¹¹	10 ^{10.5} – 10 ^{11.5}
10 ¹²	10 ^{11.5} – 10 ^{12.5}
10 ^{12.5}	>10 ^{12.5}

Accuracy: Indicated exponent +/- .3

Power supply: Rechargeable NiCad or nickel metal hydride batteries (4 "C" size).

Test Voltage: 30 Volts +/- 2 Volts current limited to 2 mA.

Contact Area: 0.0123 sq in/probe

Contact Pressure: 40-lbs/sq in/probe.

Contact material: Conductive rubber.

Dimensions: 3"H x 4"D x 5" W

Weight: 2 pounds

Calibration Procedure:

The SRM-110 should be calibrated annually. If any step fails as per the following instructions, the unit should be returned to Pinion Products Corporation Inc. for repair and calibration. Pinion Products Corporation Inc. can provide both a standard NIST Calibration with certification traceable to NIST and after calibration data, or a MIL calibration with certification traceable to NIST and both before and after calibration data.

- 1.) The batteries should be charged before beginning the calibration procedure.
- 2.) Remove the 4 screws, two each side, from the unit, and set the cover to the side. Leave the wires attached so that there is

access to the printed circuit board. Turn the unit “ON”.

- 3.) All voltage measurements are made relative to the unit ground. The test point for ground is adjacent to the –15 and +15 volt test points.
- 4.) Use a 4-½ digit digital voltmeter such as a Keithley Model 175 Multimeter to measure the voltage on the 30VTP. Record this voltage as V30.
- 5.) Measure and record the voltage at the +15V test point as V15.
- 6.) Calculate and record I(ref) using the formula: $I(\text{ref}) = V30 \times .04054$
- 7.) Calculate and record R(tp1) using the formula $R(\text{tp1}) = (V15 - .236) / (I(\text{ref}))$.
- 8.) Calculate and record I(O) using the formula $I(O) = I(\text{ref}) \times 1.016$, (exponent –3)
- 9.) Calculate and record I(6) using the formula $I(6) = I(\text{ref}) \times .992$, (exponent –9)
- 10.) Turn the unit off and remove the shorting jumper connected to TP1 and its adjacent pin. Measure the resistance between the +15V test point and TP1 lead closest to R7. Adjust P1 until the measured resistance is equal to the calculated value RTP1 +/- 1%.
- 11.) Replace the jumper on TP1 and the adjacent pin. Turn the unit on. Connect a current source (e.g. Keithley Model 220) to the side of R6 connected to the large round pad in the center of the board. Apply a current equal to the calculated I(O). Measure the voltage on the test pin marked “OUT” and adjust P2 until the measured voltage is 0.000 VDC +/- .050 VDC.
- 12.) Apply a current equal to calculated value I(6) to the same point as in step 11. Measure the voltage on the test pin marked “OUT”, and adjust P3 until the measured voltage is 6.000 VDC +/- .050 VDC.
- 13.) Apply a current equal to .003⁻⁹ amperes. Measure the voltage on the test pin marked “OUT”, and adjust P6 for a reading of 8.5 VDC +/- .05VDC. The 10^{12.5} led should be illuminated.
- 14.) Apply a current equal to .03⁻⁹ amperes. Measure the voltage on the test pin marked “OUT”, and verify a reading of approximately 7.5 VDC. The 10¹² led should be illuminated.
- 15.) Measure the voltage on the pin marked +8.000 VDC and adjust P4 for a reading of 8.000 VDC +/- .050 VDC.
- 16.) Measure the voltage on the pin marked –2.000 VDC and adjust P5 for a reading of –2.000 VDC +/- .050 VDC.
- 17.) The calibration procedure is now complete. Place the cover back on the base and replace the screws.

Operating Instructions:

- 1.) The SRM-110 is extremely simple to operate. Simply turn the unit on, and place it on the surface to be measured. The illuminated display segment indicates the resistivity on the surface being measured. To insure accurate readings, place small or thin samples on non-conductive surfaces (> 10¹⁴ ohms/sq). Ideally, a clean glass surface.
- 2.) Measurements in the 10¹¹ to 10^{12.5} may require a few seconds for the illuminated display to stabilize.
- 3.) DO NOT operate the SRM-110 with the battery charger connected. The charger will introduce electrical noise which will render readings inaccurate.
- 4.) Turn off the SRM-110 when it is not being used, and charge ONLY with the supplied charger when the Low Battery indicator is illuminated, or at the end of the day’s use. Charge for a minimum of 12 hours. Do NOT let the charger connected continuously

Calibration Check:

- 1.) This is a “Quick” calibration check to verify the SRM-110 is performing within tolerance.
- 2.) Connect a voltmeter between each of the three outer probe contacts relative to ground (one at a time). The voltage should equal 30V +/- 2 V at each probe.
- 3.) Connect a programmable current source to the center probe contact and ground of the SRM-110
- 4.) Apply the currents in the following table and check that the appropriate display segment is illuminated.

Current (Amperes) Display Segment Tolerance

1.45 * 10 ⁻³	<10 ⁴	1%
4.95 * 10 ⁻⁴	10 ⁵	1%
3.77 * 10 ⁻⁵	10 ⁶	1%
3.84 * 10 ⁻⁶	10 ⁷	1%
3.85 * 10 ⁻⁷	10 ⁸	1%
3.85 * 10 ⁻⁸	10 ⁹	1%
3.85 * 10 ⁻⁹	10 ¹⁰	1%
3.85 * 10 ⁻¹⁰	10 ¹¹	1%
3.85 * 10 ⁻¹¹	10 ¹²	1%

6.00 * 10^-12 10^12.5 35%

5.) The calibration check is now complete. If any step failed, the SRM-110 requires calibration. Please notify Pinion Products Corporation Inc. that the SRM-110 failed its calibration check, and information will be supplied on the procedure for having the SRM-110 calibrated.

Accessories:

The following options and accessories are available for your SRM-110 Surface Resistivity Meter:

SFS-100 Conductive Rubber probes (set of 4)

BFS-100 1" Diameter Conductive Rubber Probes (set of 4)

ETTP-2 External Two Point probe*

CEP-1 External Concentric probe*

6550-0011 Replacement Battery Pack (each SRM contains two battery packs)

6120-0035 Replacement Battery Charger for SRM

6120-0045 Universal Battery Charger 100 – 240 VAC – 2 hour charge time

Please visit our website for details at www.pinionproducts.net

* These items must be ordered with the SRM-110 at original time of purchase because the SRM-110 requires modifications to adapt the probes to it. Probes can be ordered separately however the user must send their SRM-110 in to the factory for modification. There is no extra charge for this, the modification costs are included in the price of the probe.

PINION LIMITED WARRANTY POLICY

The Pinion SRM-110 Surface Resistivity Meter is warranted to the original purchaser to be free of defects in materials and workmanship for one year from date of purchase. If the SRM-110 proves to be defective in materials or workmanship within the warranty period, it will be repaired or replaced (at Pinions option) free of charge or expense, provided that it is returned to Pinion transportation charges prepaid.

This warranty does not extend to products which have been used with any battery charger other than the Pinion Products part number 6120-0036 standard charger, or the Pinion Products part number 6120-0045 universal charger. The use of any other charger will void the warranty of your SRM-110.

This warranty does not extend to products which have been subjected to misuse, abuse, neglect, accident, alteration, improper installation, or use in violation of the printed instructions furnished by Pinion Products Corp. **This warranty neither applies to batteries, nor damage to the product caused by the use of faulty batteries.**

Final determination as to whether any product is actually defective rests solely with Pinion Products Corp. This warranty is expressly in lieu of all other agreements and warranties, expressed implied, or statutory, and Pinion has no other obligations or liabilities in connection with this product in no even shall Pinions obligation or liability hereunder exceed the purchase price of this product. PINION SHALL NOT IN ANY EVEN BE LIABLE FOR ANY INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES. This warranty gives you specific legal rights, and you may also have other rights which vary from state to state. Some states do not allow the exclusion or limitation of incidental or consequential damages or implied warranties, so the above limitation or exclusion may not apply to you.

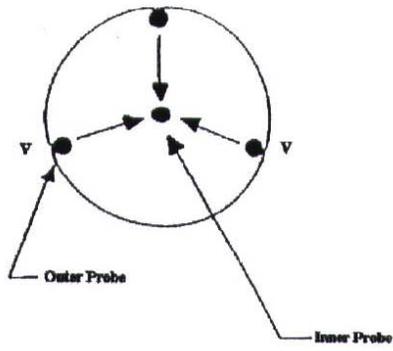


FIGURE 1

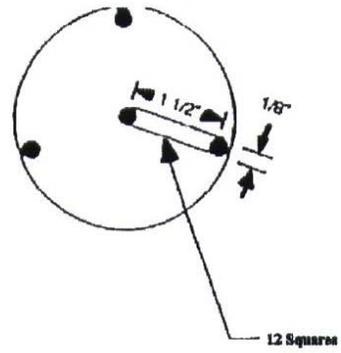


FIGURE 2

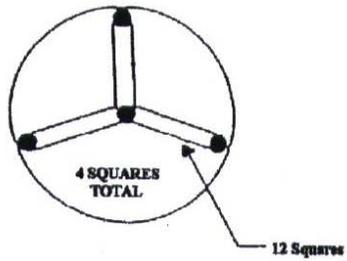


FIGURE 3

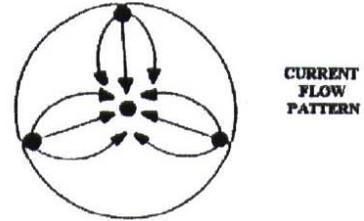


FIGURE 4

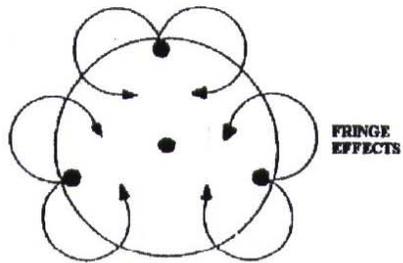


FIGURE 5