#### ClinicalTrials.gov Protocol Registration and Results System (PRS) Receipt

Release Date: July 30, 2023

#### ClinicalTrials.gov ID: NCT01876524

### **Study Identification**

Unique Protocol ID: tRNS01072013

Brief Title: tRNS in Anterior Cingulate Cortex Reduces Craving Over Dual Pathology Patients ( tRND&SUDs )

Official Title: Transcranial Random Noise Stimulation in Anterior Cingulate Cortex Reduces Craving Over Dual Pathology Patients

Secondary IDs:

### **Study Status**

Record Verification: July 2023 Overall Status: Completed Study Start: July 2013 [] Primary Completion: August 2014 [Actual] Study Completion: September 2014 [Actual]

### **Sponsor/Collaborators**

Sponsor: Spanish Foundation for Neurometrics Development

Responsible Party: Sponsor

Collaborators: Fundacion para la Formacion e Investigacion Sanitarias de la Region de Murcia

### **Oversight**

U.S. FDA-regulated Drug:

U.S. FDA-regulated Device:

U.S. FDA IND/IDE: No

Human Subjects Review: Board Status: Approved Approval Number: 07/01/2013 Board Name: Comité Etico Investigación Clínica HUVA Board Affiliation: Hospital Clínico Universitario "Virgen de la Arrixaca" Phone: 968 369035 Email: rosario.garcia7@carm.es Address:

Hospital Clínico Universitario "Virgen de la Arrixaca" Ctra. Madrid-Cartagena 30120 El Palmar (Murcia) Data Monitoring: Yes

FDA Regulated Intervention: No

Study Description	
Brief Summary:	The purpose of this study is to study the efficacy and security of noninvasive brain stimulation as a new approach for patients with Substance Use Disorders (SUDs) plus other psychiatric conditions like ADHD, Schizophrenia, Bipolar disorder, etc.
Detailed Description:	Background: There is an intimate relationship between addictive behaviors and other mental disorders, proven by clinical practice and many epidemiological studies, genetic and neuroscience. This gives risk to the diagnosis of Dual Pathology: an addiction and another mental disorder.
	Functional neuroimaging studies have shown that anterior cingulate cortex is associated with substance's dependence and craving. Transcranial random noise stimulation (tRNS) stimulates parts of the brain and can change it's activity.
	Researchers are interested in reduce cravings for substance dependence on patients with Dual Pathology using tRNS in anterior cingulate cortex.
	Aims: To determine whether tRNS in anterior cingulate cortex can reduce craving over Dual Pathology patients.
Conditions	
Conditions:	Substance Use Disorder Attention Deficit Disorder With Hyperactivity Bipolar Disorder Schizophrenia Personality Disorder
Keywords:	Substance Use Disorder Attention Deficit Disorder With Hyperactivity Schizophrenia Bipolar disorder Personality disorder

# Study Design

Study Type:	Interventional
Primary Purpose:	Treatment
Study Phase:	N/A
Interventional Study Model:	Parallel Assignment
Number of Arms:	3
Masking:	Double (Care Provider, Investigator)
Allocation:	Randomized
Enrollment:	225 [Actual]

# **Arms and Interventions**

Arms	Assigned Interventions
Experimental: tRNS over Anterior Cingulate	Device: Transcranial Random Noise Stimulation
Dual Pathology (Substance Use Disorder plus another	Random Noise Stimulation between 100 and 500 Hz
psychiatric trait) 75 patients with diagnosed SUDs plus	and 400-500 microAmperes are applied over head in
another psychiatric disorder will be receive tRNS in	particular areas
the disease-specific Anterior Cingulate Cortex (ACC), be studied blindly to evaluate the craving reduction	Other Names:
after 35 tRNS sessions.	• tRNS, tES
Experimental: tRNS applied over DLPFC	Device: Transcranial Random Noise Stimulation
Dual Pathology (Substance Use Disorder plus another	Random Noise Stimulation between 100 and 500 Hz
psychiatric trait) 75 patients with diagnosed SUDs	and 400-500 microAmperes are applied over head in
plus another psychiatric disorder will be receive tRNS	particular areas
in the dorso-lateral-prefrontal-cortex (DLPFC), be studied blindly to evaluate the craving reduction after	Other Names:
35 tRNS sessions.	tRNS, tES
Sham Comparator: Sham Group	Device: Transcranial Random Noise Stimulation
75 patients will be receive tRNS sham 35 sessions.	Random Noise Stimulation between 100 and 500 Hz
	and 400-500 microAmperes are applied over head in
	particular areas
	Other Names:
	• tRNS, tES

# **Outcome Measures**

Primary Outcome Measure:

 AMEN Questionnarie
 100 Items Questionnarie subdivided in 5 subscales: basal ganglia, cingulate cortez, temporal cortex, prefrontal cortex and limbic system

[Time Frame: Following patients during 3 months after Brain noninvasive estimulation]

 Emotional Visual Event Related Potentials Emotional Visual Event Related Potentials responses (time courses and topographies) and ICA components related with them, identified by Mitsar 201M EEG Amplifier using EEGLab software [Time Frame: brainwaves patterns following an array of visual stimuli (human faces) during a 22 min. examination ]

[Time Frame: Following patients during 3 months after Brain noninvasive estimulation]

Secondary Outcome Measure:

 CAGE Adapted to Include Drugs (CAGE-AID) The CAGE-AID is a sensitive screen for alcohol and drug problems.

[Time Frame: Following 3 months after tRNS brain stimulation]

# Eligibility

Minimum Age: 18 Years

Maximum Age: 60 Years

Sex: All

Gender Based:

Accepts Healthy Volunteers: No

Criteria: Inclusion Criteria:

	<ul> <li>&gt; 18 years old and less than 60 years</li> <li>Best-practice diagnosed Dual Pathology</li> <li>Diagnosed since at least two years prior to enrollment.</li> <li>Abuse more than 2 Substances</li> </ul>
	ExclusionC riteria:
	<ul> <li>Serious visual and hearing loss</li> <li>Brain injury following cranial trauma</li> <li>Other neurological disorders like Parkinson, ME, headache, etc.</li> <li>Birth trauma</li> <li>Mental retardation</li> <li>Pregnant</li> </ul>
Contacts/Locations	
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References	
Citations:	<b>[Study Results]</b> Soria Aledo V, Aguilar Domingo M, Garcia Cuadrado J, Carrasco Prats M, Gonzalez Martinez P. [Spontaneous rupture of the spleen: a rare form of onset of non-Hodgkin's lymphoma]. Rev Clin Esp. 1999 Aug;199(8):552-3. No abstract available. Spanish. PubMed 10522446
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