

Agent Orange Expansion



News Release from the U.S. Department of Veterans' Affairs

USDVA proposes rule to extend presumed areas of exposure to Agent Orange and other herbicides, making it easier for exposed Veterans to receive their earned benefits

VA continues to expand access to health care and benefits for toxic-exposed Veterans as a part of President Biden's Unity Agenda for the nation

WASHINGTON, D.C. (USDVA) — The U.S. Department of Veterans' Affairs issued a proposed rule outlining plans to expand the locations and time frames for which VA presumes exposure to Agent Orange and other herbicides. If this proposed rule becomes final, VA will implement a new presumption of exposure to locations where herbicides were tested, used, or stored outside of Vietnam. Specifically, this proposed rule would add locations in the United States (full list of US locations where Agent Orange was tested or stored), Canada, and India to the existing presumptives for Agent Orange in Vietnam, Cambodia, Johnson Atoll, Guam, American Samoa, Korea, Laos, and Thailand.

A presumption of exposure means that VA automatically assumes that Veterans who served in certain locations were exposed to certain toxins. Presumptives lower the burden of proof required to receive disability benefits, helping Veterans get the benefits they deserve as quickly as possible. This expansion of presumptives will help Veterans who served in the specified locations receive health care and benefits for certain cancers and

<u>chronic conditions</u>. To be eligible, a Veteran must have served in the identified location(s) during a specific time period and currently have a condition(s) presumptively associated with herbicide exposure.

Delivering world-class health care and benefits to toxic-exposed Veterans is a top priority for VA and the Biden-Harris Administration. As a part of President Biden's pledge to serve Veterans with military toxic exposures, over the past few years, VA has expanded presumptive service connection for more than <u>hundreds of health conditions</u> related to toxic exposures under the <u>PACT Act</u> – the <u>largest expansion of Veteran care and benefits in generations</u>. Thanks to this historic action, VA is delivering <u>more care and more benefits to more Veterans</u> than ever before in U.S. history.

"This proposed change would make it easier for Veterans exposed to herbicides who served outside Vietnam to access the benefits they so rightly deserve," said VA Secretary Denis McDonough. "Our goal is to provide every Veteran – of every era – with the VA health care and benefits they deserve, and this is another step in the right direction."

Veterans who want to file an initial claim for a herbicide-related disability can visit <u>VA's</u> website, use <u>VA Form 21-526EZ</u>, <u>Application for Disability Compensation and Related Compensation Benefits</u>, or work with a VA-recognized <u>Veterans Service Organization</u> to assist with the application process. Veterans may also contact their <u>state Veterans Affairs Office</u>. <u>Survivors</u> can file claims for benefits based on the Veteran's service if the Veteran died from at least one of the recognized presumptive herbicide diseases.

This proposed rule also codifies provisions in the <u>PACT Act</u>, the <u>Blue Water Navy Act of 2019</u>, and the <u>National Defense Authorization Act for 2021</u>.

For more information about the changes, CLICK HERE. (SEE ATTACH)



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