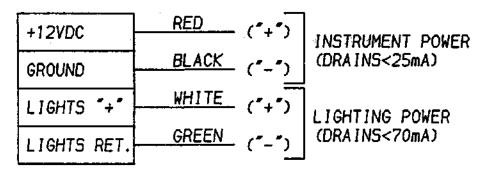
3.3 POWER SOURCE HOOK-UP

THE SL267A IS POWERED BY A STANDARD 12 VOLT BATTERY (CAR OR MARINE TYPE). WHENEVER POSSIBLE, AVOID USING THE STARTING BATTERY FOR THE SL267A POWER. AFTER INSTALLING THE PADDLEWHEEL AND INDICATOR PER THE APPROPRIATE INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS. FOLLOW THE HOOK-UP PROCEDURES OUTLINED:

1. CONNECT THE INSTRUMENT POWER WIRE (RED WIRE) TO YOUR INSTRUMENT CIRCUIT BREAKER OR FUSE BLOCK WITH A CURRENT RATING OF 1 AMP. THE BLACK WIRE CONNECTS TO THE (-) COMMON GROUND, BATTERY NEGATIVE TERMINAL. (THE INSTRUMENT WILL DRAIN LESS THAN 25 mA).

CONNECT THE LIGHTING POWER WIRE (WHITE WIRE) TO YOUR INSTRUMENT LIGHTING SWITCH PANEL (CURRENT RATING OF 1 AMP). THE GREEN WIRE CONNECTS TO THE (-) COMMON GROUND, BATTERY NEGATIVE TERMINAL. (THE LIGHTING WILL DRAIN LESS THAN 70 mA).

NOTE: IF NO SWITCH PANEL, DIMMER CONTROL, OR FUSE BOX IS AVAILABLE THE RED AND WHITE WIRES MAY BE CONNECTED DIRECTLY (THROUGH A 1 AMP FUSE) TO THE "+" TERMINAL OF THE BATTERY. IF NO LIGHTS ARE REQUIRED DO NOT CONNECT THE WHITE AND GREEN WIRES. (REFER TO WIRING DIAGRAM BELOW).



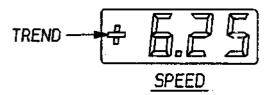
WIRING DIAGRAM INSTRUMENT AND LIGHT CIRCUITS ARE REVERSE POLARITY PROTECTED.

- 2. CHECK THAT ALL CONNECTIONS THAT USE SCREWS OR NUTS HAVE BEEN TIGHTENED AND THAT ALL SOLDER JOINTS ARE ELECTRICALLY AND MECHANICALLY SOUND.
- 3. REFER TO OPERATION INSTRUCTIONS TO VERIFY INSTRUMENT OPERATION.

4.1 SPEED AND LOG OPERATION

TO VIEW SPEED

THE NORMAL OPERATION MODE FOR THE SL267A DISPLAYS SPEED IN KNOTS, WITH TREND INFORMATION. TREND IS REPRESENTED BY A "+" OR "-" ON THE DISPLAY INDICATING A SIGNIFICANT INCREASE OR DECREASE IN SPEED.



TO VIEW LOG

TO DISPLAY LOG IN NAUTICAL MILES, PRESS AND RELEASE THE MODE SWITCH ON THE FRONT PANEL. THE COLON AT THE LEFT OF THE DISPLAY INDICATES LOG IS BEING DISPLAYED. LOG IS DISPLAYED FOR 5 SECONDS AND AUTOMATICALLY REVERTS TO DISPLAYING SPEED. DO NOT PRESS THE MODE SWITCH WHILE VIEWING LOG UNLESS YOU ARE ATTEMPTING TO CALIBRATE SPEED (REFER TO 4.2 SPEED/LOG CALIBRATION).

TO RESET LOG

WHILE THE DISPLAY IS IN THE NORMAL MODE (DISPLAYING SPEED) THE LOG CAN BE RESET TO ZERO BY PRESSING AND HOLDING THE MODE SWITCH UNTIL THE DISPLAY READS :0.00 (MUST HOLD FOR APPROXIMATELY 4 SECONDS).

4.2 SPEED/LOG CALIBRATION

THE SL267A HAS BEEN FACTORY CALIBRATED TO BE COMPATIBLE WITH THE SIGNET PADDLEWHEEL SENSOR. HOWEVER, VARIATIONS CAUSED BY HULL CONFIGURATION AND SENSOR LOCATION MAY CAUSE AN ERROR OF UP TO 30% IN THE INDICATED SPEED AND LOG VALUES, REQUIRING CALIBRATION AFTER THE UNIT IS INSTALLED.

PREFERRED CALIBRATION METHOD

SPEED/LOG MUST BE CALIBRATED IN AN AREA WHERE THERE IS NEGLIGIBLE CURRENT. IN ORDER TO COMPENSATE FOR ANY SLIGHT SURFACE CURRENTS, CALIBRATION SHOULD BE CHECKED ON TWO RECIPROCAL COURSES, SO THAT THE AVERAGE RESULT IS CORRECT. SPEED CALIBRATION IS BEST DONE UNDER POWER ON A CALM DAY, USING A KNOWN DISTANCE RANGE. A CALCULATOR WILL PROVE USEFUL.

PROCEDURE FOR CALCULATING THE CORRECT CALIBRATION CONSTANT

- 1. RUN A COURSE OF KNOWN DISTANCE AND RECORD THE LOG READING FOR THIS DISTANCE.
- 2. CALCULATE THE PERCENTAGE ERROR OF THE LOG READING.
- 3. ADJUST THE CALIBRATION NUMBER BY THE PERCENTAGE ERROR.
- 4. REPEAT THE PROCEDURE TO ASSURE ACCURACY.

EXAMPLE: OVER A 2.00 NAUTICAL MILE COURSE THE LOG RECORDS 1.75 NAUTICAL MILES.

- % ERROR= [(RECORDED VALUE ACTUAL VALUE)/(RECORDED VALUE)] * 100%
- x ERROR= [(1.75 NM 2.00 NM)/(1.75 NM)] * 100%= -14.3%

THEREFORE THE CALIBRATION CONSTANT MUST BE INCREASED 14.3%

THE STANDARD CALIBRATION VALUE IS 100.0 (REPRESENTING 100%)

NEW CALIBRATION NUMBER SHOULD BE 100% + 14.3%=114.3% OR 114.3

ALTERNATE METHOD FOR FOR CALCULATING THE CORRECT CALIBRATION CONSTANT

IF A SUITABLE CALIBRATION RANGE IS NOT AVAILABLE, BUT THE BOAT IS EQUIPPED WITH A LORAN THAT INDICATES SPEED OVER GROUND (SOG):

- 1. MOTOR AT A CONSTANT SPEED ON A STEADY COURSE AND MONITOR THE SPEED OVER GROUND FOR A PERIOD OF AT LEAST 5 MINUTES.
- 2. DETERMINE THE PERCENT ERROR TO THE SPEED READING.
- 3. RUN ALONG A RECIPROCAL BEARING TO THE INITIAL COURSE AND AGAIN DETERMINE THE PERCENT ERROR OF THE SPEED READING.
- 4. AVERAGE THE PERCENT ERROR OF THE TWO RUNS.
- 5. ADJUST THE CALIBRATION NUMBER BY THE AVERAGE PERCENT ERROR.

EXAMPLE:

ON THE FIRST RUN THE SL267A VALUE WAS 5.10 KNOTS AND THE LORAN VALUE WAS 5.75 KNOTS.

ON THE SECOND RUN THE SL267A VALUE WAS 5.05 KNOTS AND THE LORAN VALUE WAS 5.80 KNOTS.

% ERROR (FIRST RUN) = [(5.10 KNOTS - 5.75 KNOTS)/5.10 KNOTS)] * 100% = -12.7%

% ERROR (SECOND RUN) = [(5.05 KNOT5 - 5.80 KNOT5)/(5.05 KNOT5)] * 100% = -14.9% AVERAGE % ERROR (-12.7% + (-14.9%))/2 = -13.8%

NEW CALIBRATION CONSTANT= 100.0% + 13.8% = 113.8% OR 113.8

NOTE: IN THE ABOVE PROCEDURES IT IS ASSUMED THAT THE INITIAL CALIBRATION CONSTANT IS 100.0, IF NOT THE % INCREASE MUST REFLECT THE INITIAL CALIBRATION CONSTANT.

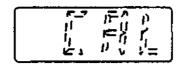
4.2 SPEED/LOG CALIBRATION (CONT)

PROCEDURE FOR CHANGING THE CALIBRATION CONSTANT

1. PRESS AND RELEASE THE MODE SWITCH TO DISPLAY LOG.



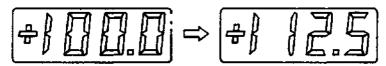
2. WHILE LOG IS BEING DISPLAYED (:XXX DISPLAYED FOR 5 SECONDS ONLY) PRESS AND RELEASE THE MODE SWITCH AND "CAL" WILL FLASH ON THE DISPLAY.



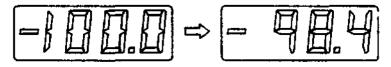
3. WHILE "CAL" IS FLASHING ON THE DISPLAY (FOR 5 SECONDS ONLY) PRESS AND RELEASE THE MODE SWITCH AND THE CALIBRATION CONSTANT (100.0 STANDARD) WILL APPEAR ON THE DISPLAY. A "+" OR "-" INDICATOR WILL APPEAR ON THE DISPLAY (CHANGES BETWEEN "+" AND "-" EVERY 2 SECONDS).



4. TO INCREASE THE CALIBRATION CONSTANT (WHICH WILL INCREASE YOUR DISPLAYED SPEED AND LOG VALUE) PRESS AND HOLD THE MODE SWITCH WHILE THE "+" IS BEING DISPLAYED (AFTER 5 SECONDS OF NO INTERACTION THE DISPLAY REVERTS TO DISPLAYING SPEED). THE SL267A WILL RETAIN THE LAST CALIBRATION CONSTANT DISPLAYED, MAX=199.9.



5. TO DECREASE THE CALIBRATION CONSTANT (WHICH WILL DECREASE YOUR DISPLAYED SPEED AND LOG VALUE) PRESS AND HOLD THE MODE SWITCH WHILE THE "-" IS BEING DISPLAYED (AFTER 5 SECONDS OF NO INTERACTION THE DISPLAY REVERTS TO DISPLAYING SPEED). THE SL267A WILL RETAIN THE LAST CALIBRATION CONSTANT DISPLAYED, MIN=20.0.



- 6. DO NOT TURN THE SL267A POWER OFF WITHIN 10 SECONDS AFTER CHANGING THE CALIBRATION CONSTANT.
- 7. VERIFY THE CALIBRATION CONSTANT IS CORRECT BY REPEATING STEPS 1 THRU 3. RECORD THE NEW CALIBRATION CONSTANT IN THE "CALIBRATION LOG" (PAGE 10) FOR FUTURE REFERENCE.

NOTE: IF AT ANY TIME THE DISPLAY REVERTS TO DISPLAYING SPEED, THE LAST CALIBRATION CONSTANT DISPLAYED WILL BE RETAINED.

4.3 ADJUSTING THE SPEED AVERAGING

(ADVANCED OPERATION)

THE SPEED AVERAGING CONSTANT AS SET AT THE FACTORY SHOULD NOT BE ADJUSTED UNLESS YOUR SPECIFIC APPLICATION REQUIRES. THE SPEED AVERAGING CONSTANT IS FACTORY SET AT A NOMINAL VALUE OF 8 WHICH CORRESPONDS TO A PERIOD (TAU) OF 8 SECONDS (SEE BELOW) WHICH IS THE TIME REQUIRED TO DISPLAY APPROXIMATELY 70% OF THE THE INSTANTANEOUS SPEED (AT CONSTANT SPEED STARTING AT ZERO). THE SPEED AVERAGING CONSTANT CAN BE ADJUSTED FROM 15 TO 1 (TAU= 4 TO 64 SECONDS).

SPEED AVERAGING EQUATIONS

A= AVERAGING CONSTANT= 1 TO 15 (FACTORY SET AT 8)

S1= PREVIOUS AVERAGED SPEED

S2= CURRENT (DISPLAYED) AVERAGED SPEED

I= INSTANTANEOUS SPEED (RAW SPEED)

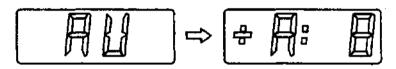
 $\Delta S = S1 - 1$

TAU= 64/A

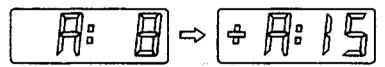
 $52=51-(\triangle 5)*(A/64)$

PROCEDURE FOR ADJUSTING THE SPEED AVERAGING CONSTANT

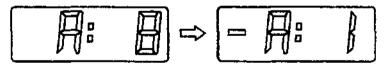
- 1. TURN INSTRUMENT POWER OFF.
- 2. PRESS THE MODE SWITCH AND HOLD WHILE POWER IS SWITCHED ON, THE DISPLAY WILL SHOW "AV", RELEASE THE MODE SWITCH AND THE DISPLAY WILL SHOW "±A:0".



3. TO INCREASE THE AVERAGING CONSTANT (WHICH WILL MAKE THE DAMPING LIGHTER) PRESS AND HOLD THE MODE SWITCH WHILE THE "+" IS BEING DISPLAYED (AFTER 5 SECONDS OF NO INTERACTION THE DISPLAY REVERTS TO DISPLAYING SPEED). THE SL267A WILL RETAIN THE LAST AVERAGING CONSTANT (A) DISPLAYED, MAX=15.



3. TO DECREASE THE AVERAGING CONSTANT (WHICH WILL MAKE THE DAMPING HEAVIER) PRESS AND HOLD THE MODE SWITCH WHILE THE "-" IS BEING DISPLAYED (AFTER 5 SECONDS OF NO INTERACTION THE DISPLAY REVERTS TO DISPLAYING SPEED). THE SL267A WILL RETAIN THE LAST AVERAGING CONSTANT (A) DISPLAYED, MIN=1.



5. DO NOT TURN POWER OFF WITHIN 10 SECONDS AFTER ADJUSTING THE AVERAGING CONSTANT.

NOTE: THE TREND FEATURE WILL BE LESS APPARENT WITH LIGHTER (LARGER AVERAGING CONSTANT) DAMPING THAN WITH HEAVIER (SMALLER AVERAGING CONSTANT) DAMPING.

4.2 SPEED/LOG CALIBRATION (CONT) CALIBRATION JOURNAL

					STANDARD= 100.0	
	OPERATOR/ DATE	DISPLAYED VALUE	ACTUAL VALUE	%ERROR	CORRECTED CONSTANT	NOTES
EXAMPLE	/A. DAVIS/ 4-1-88	1,75 NM	2/00 NM	-14.3%	114/3	NEWPORT IDEAL CONDITIONS
EXAMPLE	L. DAVIS 4-1-89	5.10 KNOTS 5.05 KNOTS		-12.7% AVG. -14.8% -13.8%	113,8	COMPARED WITH LORAN SOG
			:			
=						
			·			

% ERROR= [(DISPLAYED VALUE - ACTUAL VALUE)/(DISPLAYED VALUE)] * 100%

5.0 TROUBLE SHOOTING					
CAUSES	REMEDIES				
NO DC POWER TO THE SL267A	CHECK POWER SOURCE				
CIRCUIT BREAKER BLOWN	RESET CIRCUIT BREAKER CHECK POWER CONNECTIONS				
INCORRECT POWER POLARITY SHORT ON POWER SUPPLY	CHECK SUPPLY CONNECTIONS WITH VOLTMETER REMOVE SHORT CONDITION (WATER/WIRES ETC)				
AVERAGING IS TOO LIGHT (CONSTANT IS TOO HIGH)	REDUCE THE AVERAGING CONSTANT (FACTORY SETTING= 8)				
AVERAGING IS TOO HEAVY (CONSTANT IS TOO LOW)	INCREASE THE AVERAGING CONSTANT (FACTORY SETTING= 8)				
INCORRECT RESET NOT ALLOWING ENOUGH TIME FOR STORAGE OF NEW VALUE 0.00	RESET POWER, AND RESET LOG DO NOT TURN POWER OFF WITHIN 10 SECONDS AFTER RESETTING THE LOG				
IMPROPER CALIBRATION BAD INSTALLATION DAMAGED OR FOULED ROTOR	DISCONNECT POWER SOURCE AND RECALIBRATE CHECK INSTALLATION CLEAN ROTOR ASSEMBLY				
CONDUCTED INTERFERENCE ON THE +12VDC LINE DAMAGED PADDLEWHEEL ROTOR	RELOCATE POWER SOURCE AWAY FROM ENGINE VERIFY PADDLEWHEEL OPERATION CONTACT FACTORY				
	CAUSES NO DC POWER TO THE SL267A CIRCUIT BREAKER BLOWN INCORRECT POWER POLARITY SHORT ON POWER SUPPLY AVERAGING IS TOO LIGHT (CONSTANT IS TOO HIGH) AVERAGING IS TOO HEAVY (CONSTANT IS TOO LOW) INCORRECT RESET NOT ALLOWING ENOUGH TIME FOR STORAGE OF NEW VALUE 0.00 IMPROPER CALIBRATION BAD INSTALLATION DAMAGED OR FOULED ROTOR CONDUCTED INTERFERENCE ON THE +12VDC LINE				