

Greetings and goodbyes

Hello! How are you?

Conversations start and end with fixed expressions. Practise this with your tutor, using the two scripts.

For "How are you?" people usually give a simple answer and return the question.

Greetings

Hi!

Hello!

How are you?

I'm good, thanks!
And how are you?

I'm fine too, thanks!

Goodbyes

Well, I'm happy we talked.

Yes, it was nice to see you too!

See you later!

Goodbye.

Bye.

3 Read these scripts. Compare the line in the middle in the three scripts. They are very different. Why? How are you supposed to choose which one to say? (Answer at the end.)

"Doing great!"

How are you?

I'm doing great!

Oh, that's nice!

Thanks! And how are you?

I'm doing well.

"I'm ok."

How is it going?

I'm ok.

Oh?

Oh, I'm just really busy.
And you, how's life?

Not bad!

"Not very good."

How is it going?

Not great.

Oh, I'm sorry.

Oh, I'm just very tired.
And you, how's life?

Good, thanks!

People: Appearance

Julien is a little boy.



a baby



a child



a boy



a girl



a teenager



an adult



a man



a woman



hair



a beard



little



young



old



short



tall



small



big



slim



fat



beautiful

4 Use the vocabulary list to find the right word.

- | | |
|---|--|
| a) an adult human female | k) not big |
| b) an adult human male | l) not old |
| c) attractive, good-looking | m) not tall |
| d) between baby and teenager | n) of great size, muscular |
| e) facial hair around the cheeks and chin | o) a person 13 to 19 years old |
| f) a female child | p) opposite of short |
| g) a fully grown human | q) not heavy |
| h) a human who is too young to walk | r) not young |
| i) it grows on our heads | s) with extra weight, in a bad way |
| j) a male child | t) very young and small in size |

Let's chat! Ask your tutor, "Tell me about one of your friends or family members." They describe a person that they know. They try to use the vocabulary from the *People: Appearance* vocabulary list. They try to use a few negatives ("She is not..."). They can also use the words 'very' and 'really,' 'not very' and 'not really.' Then, it's your turn! Do two or three people each.



To be: Contractions

She's not tall.

In conversations, we often use short forms of the verb 'to be' in the negative:

- I am not → **I'm not**
- You are not → **You're not**
- He is not → **He's not**
- She is not → **She's not**
- It is not → **It's not**
- We are not → **We're not**
- You are not → **You're not**
- They are not → **They're not**

There is a second way of doing short forms of these negatives. There is no difference in meaning.

- I am not → **I'm not**
- You are not → **You aren't**
- He is not → **He isn't**
- She is not → **She isn't**
- It is not → **It isn't**
- We are not → **We aren't**
- You are not → **You aren't**
- They are not → **They aren't**

Interactive practice

Using the vocabulary list, tell your tutor:

- a) Two things that you are, and two things that you aren't. "I am... (x2) I'm not... (x2)"
- b) Two things that your tutor is, and two things that they aren't. "You are... (x2) You aren't... (x2)"

Then, it is your tutor's turn.

Present: To have

Do you have an old car?

- +**
- I **have** a new phone.
 - You **have** an old car.
 - He **has** a good job.
 - She **has** a brother.
 - It **has** four wheels.
 - We **have** homework.
 - You **have** a nice house.
 - They **have** a child.

-
- I **do not have** a new phone.
 - You **do not have** an old car.
 - He **does not have** a good job.
 - She **does not have** a brother.
 - It **does not have** four wheels.
 - We **do not have** homework.
 - You **do not have** a nice house.
 - They **do not have** a child.

- ?**
- Do I have** a new phone?
 - Do you have** an old car?
 - Does he have** a good job?
 - Does she have** a brother?
 - Does it have** four wheels?
 - Do we have** homework?
 - Do you have** a nice house?
 - Do they have** a child?

Secret word: When it's my turn, I secretly choose a word from the vocabulary list. Then, I describe this thing to you without saying the word. You try to guess what word I'm talking about. Then we switch. You can use the vocabulary list while playing. Play for a few minutes.



8 Complete the sentence with a negative (ø) of the verb 'to be' or 'to have.'

- I'm a student, but I (ø | very busy)
'm not busy.
- a) Charlotte is young, but she (ø | a child)

 b) Oliver is a teenager, but he (ø | a beard)

- c) George and Martha are adults, but they (ø | very old)

 d) My brother is a teenager, but he (ø | a car)

 e) It is time to start, but you (ø | late)

Recommended homework

Choose one or more activities



Reading and watching. Use your phone's camera or a "QR Code scanner" to open these pages.



Watch a TV episode on CBC Gem. (It's free!) One good choice is *Schitt's Creek*.
<https://gem.cbc.ca/>



Read "My Name Is John," from Lingua.
<https://lingua.com/english/reading/john/>



Watch "Greetings in English," from EnglishClass101.com
<https://youtu.be/dmOKZLeFKCM>

Writing topic: Describe 2 or 3 people that you know. Use the vocabulary from the *People: Appearance* vocabulary list. Try to use a few negatives ("She is not..."). You can also use the words "very" and "really," "not very" and "not really."



End of Unit A1-01.

Answers. ① A. is B. are C. am D. is E. are ② A. Are you ok? B. Are we a good team? C. Are Noah and Emma really tired? D. Am I on time? E. Are you a student? F. Is the school open? G. Is Olivia a young woman? ③ When we ask "how are you?" and the person answers, we are supposed to react to their answer, by being friendly and showing empathy. ④ A. a woman B. a man C. beautiful D. a child E. a beard F. a girl G. an adult H. a baby I. hair J. a boy K. small L. young M. short N. big O. a teenager P. tall Q. slim R. old S. fat T. little ⑤ A. has B. have C. have D. have E. has ⑥ A. Do I have something stuck in my teeth? B. Does the college have a library? C. Does your little sister have a cellphone? D. Do all cars have four wheels? E. Does your father have a beard? ⑦ Answers will vary. ⑧ A. isn't a child. B. doesn't have a beard. C. aren't very old. D. doesn't have a car. E. aren't late.



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