<u> 1987, 1988, 1989, 1990)</u>,



# OWNERS MANUAL

Truck Camper

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Welcome to Coachmen's growing family of happy RV owners. Hours of relaxation, adventure and enjoyment await you in your new Coachment unit. Thousands of Coachmen RV owners have been enjoying their units for many years.

This Owner's Manual has been prepared to help you and your family enjoy your new Coachmen RV to its fullest by providing basic instructions for the operation and maintenance of its appliances, accessories and RV systems. Please read it carefully and follow the instructions. Also read and follow the instructions contained in the appliance and accessory manufacturers' instruction booklets provided as part of the "Coachmen Information Packet".

If you have any questions regarding operation, maintenance or service, please contact your Coachmen dealer so he can assist you. Your satisfaction is of the utmost importance to your dealer and to Coachmen.

Operation and maintenance instructions regarding appliances in this manual were obtained from manufacturer's booklets and are used with the permission of those various manufacturers. Coachmen Industries, Inc. reserves the right to present edited portions of these materials.

Coachmen Industries, Inc. works year-round to improve its products. As a result, all specifications, equipment and prices quoted in our literature are subject to change without notice or obligation to the consumer.

Coachmen offers a wide variety of recreational vehicle models and choices of standard and optional equipment; therefore, certain descriptions in this manual may not apply to your unit. Ask your authorized dealer, or see the current brochure for information on the availability of standard or optional equipment.

Thank you for selecting our product. The entire Coachmen Industries family strives to merit your confidence.

CAPERS, a bi-monthly magazine, keeps you up-to-date on upcoming trips and rallies and includes news of various chapters, feature articles and special recipes. CAPERS is published exclusively for Caravan members.

Special offerings and discounts include discounts on the Rand McNally Road Atlas, selected RV

magazines and publications, film processing, car rental, travel accessories, and Campground Guide.

To join the Caravan, complete, clip and mail the application below, with your check or money order to the International Coachmen Caravan, P.O. Box 30, Middlebury, IN 46540.

Control of the contro



Complete information on reverse side, then cut along dotted line. Slip your application into an envelope and mail along with your check or money order to:

THE INTERNATIONAL COACHMEN CARAVAN P.O. BOX 30 MIDDLEBURY, INDIANA 46540

cut along dotted lines

cut along dotted lines

#### Subsequent owner:

Clip and Mail Completed Form in an envelope to the manufacturer, at the address listed on the back of this manual.

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#### JOIN THE INTERNATIONAL COACHMEN CARAVAN

The International Coachmen Caravan is your owners' club. It is designed to help you get the most pleasure from owning a Coachmen recreational vehicle. With your membership you'll receive:

- Caravan Identification Package
- News of Caravan trips and rallies
- Pete's Market catalog
- Personalized trip routing
- Membership roster
- CAPERS magazine
- Local, state and district activities
- Special offerings and discounts

The Caravan Identification Package includes your membership card, Coachmen Caravan decals, and

unit numbers that identify you as a full-fledged Caravanner, eligible for all Caravan benefits. The Caravan Membership Roster, listed by identification numbers, allows you to identify other Caravan members wherever your RV adventures lead you. When you spot a number, look at your roster to find the name, city, state and CB call letters for that Caravanner. It's a great way to break the ice and make a new friend.

Traveling to special places with a Caravan of friends is always a memorable experience. Coachmen's International Caravanners travel to special places annually as well as to the International Rally. The staff works diligently to develop outstanding tours and events. It's a fine way to get the family together.

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cut along dotted lines		cut along o	dotted lines

DATE OF PURCHASE RV SERIAL NUMBER	DATE OF PURCHASE HV SERIAL NUMBER
YOUR NAME	YOUR NAME
CITY STATE ZIP NAME OF FORMER OWNER	CITYSTATEZIP NAME OF FORMER OWNER
DATE OF PURCHASE RV SERIAL NUMBER YOUR NAME ADDRESS CITYSTATE ZIP	DATE OF PURCHASE RV SERIAL NUMBER YOUR NAME ADDRESS CITYSTATEZIP
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# Milliblich der Coachmen

#### NEW RECREATIONAL VEHICLE LIMITED WARRANTY

Recreational Vehicle Company

THE REPORT OF THE PROPERTY OF

#### COVERAGE PROVIDED

Coachmen Recreational Vehicle Company will, for one year from the retail purchase date, or for the first 15,000 miles of use, whichever comes first, make repairs which are necessary because of defects in material or workmanship. We will repair or replace any defective part at no cost to you. Because of design changes and improvements, we may substitute parts or components of substantially equal quality. This warranty covers you, as the first retail purchaser of our new product, from an authorized Coachmen dealer.

#### TO OBTAIN SERVICE

For warranty service, take the product, at your expense, to an authorized Coachmen dealer or service center.

#### WHAT IS NOT COVERED

Automotive chassis, tires, batteries, and optional television sets or generators which are warranted separately by their manufacturers.

Damage such as that caused by misuse, abuse, collision, alterations, lack of proper maintenance, improper repairs.

Normal-deterioration or wear of fabrics and carpeting.

Any product which is not used for its customary purpose.

Normal maintenance — it is the owners responsibility to maintain the product in accordance with the instructions provided in the owner's manuals.

Any product which is not registered and normally used in the United States or Canada.

Any promises made by any person beyond those stated in this warranty.

WE SHALL NOT BE LIABLE FOR INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES, such as expenses for transportation, lodging, loss or damage to personal property, loss of use of your product, inconvenience, or loss of income. Some states do not allow exclusion or limitation of incidental or consequential damages, so the above limitation or exclusion may not apply to you.

IMPLIED WARRANTIES, INCLUDING ANY WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, ARE LIMITED IN DURATION TO THE TERM OF THIS WRITTEN WARRANTY. Some states do not allow limitations on how long an implied warranty lasts, so the above limitation may not apply to you.

This warranty gives you specific legal rights, and you may also have other rights which vary from state to state.

We want you to be satisfied with your new product. For further help or information, contact: COACHMEN RECREATIONAL VEHICLE COMPANY, SERVICE DEPARTMENT, P.O. BOX 1000, MIDDLEBURY, INDIANA 46540.

#### **OUR WARRANTY**

GENERAL Your new recreational vehicle is backed by our position as an industry leader, achieved through decades of experience in producing RV's noted for their quality and dependability. Our one-year warranty demonstrates our confidence in our products and is a commitment to customers' continued satisfaction.

Every effort has been made to provide you with a safe, dependable recreational vehicle. Your RV complies with applicable federal and state regulations and the requirements of ANSI A119.2, the nationally recognized "Standard for Recreational Vehicles Installation of Plumbing, Heating and Electrical Systems". The Recreation Vehicle Industry Association (RVIA) periodically inspects our production and assists in maintaining strict compliance with installation and safety standards for those systems. Similar periodic inspections of the systems are made by representatives of various states. You, the owner, must perform periodic inspections of the systems and provide a program of preventive maintenance as described in the Owner's Manual and instruction booklets.

WARRANTY SERVICE — We recommend that warranty service be performed by the authorized dealer from whom you purchased your RV because of the dealer's continued and personal interest in your satisfaction. But if you are traveling or in the event that you move, service under the warranty will be performed by any of our authorized dealers. Whenever possible, make an appointment to avoid unnecessary delays.

Always carry your Owner Registration Card, which must be presented to obtain warranty service. The card is proof of purchase and provides the date of retail sale, which are necessary to determine warrantability. If you cannot locate an authorized dealer, contact our Service Department at the address on the back of this manual.

WARRANTY PERIOD — The warranty period shall be for 12 months and begin on the date the new recreational vehicle is delivered to the first retail purchaser, or the first in-service date, whichever is first.

WHO IS COVERED — The first retail purchaser, provided terms of the warranty are met.

WHAT IS COVERED — The Manufacturer warrants to owners that an authorized dealer or Service Center will make repairs made necessary by defects in material or workmanship during the warranty period. Such repairs will be made without charge for parts and labor to the owner.

WHAT IS NOT COVERED — Our warranty does not cover the motor home chassis, tires, tubes, batteries or optional TVs and generators, repairs or adjustments required because of neglect, accident, misuse, failure to follow service and use instructions, normal wear and/or exposure, unauthorized repairs or unauthorized modifications to any part of the systems or body that might cause defective performance.

Your new recreational vehicle is designed as a temporary living quarters for recreational camping, travel or seasonal use and not as a permanent dwelling place. Usage as a permanent accommodation is a breach of warranty and we are not liable for any damage that results because of such misuse.

The manufacturer does not assume responsibility for loss of use of the recreational vehicle, loss of time, inconvenience or expenses due to equipment failures (refer to the warranty statement for other exclusions and limitations).

OTHER WARRANTIES — Be certain to complete and submit to the appropriate manufacturers the warranty forms for tires, tubes, batteries, and optional TVs and generators, which are not covered by our one-year warranty. If service or parts are required for these products, refer to the furnished list of factory-authorized service centers. If the list is not available, write or call the manufacturer concerned to obtain the location of the nearest authorized service center.

OWNER RELATIONS — Owner satisfaction and goodwill are of primary concern to us. We recognize that our continued success as a leading manufacturer of recreational vehicles depends upon your complete confidence in our products and service. A pleasant and effective relationship through our dealers is as important as maintaining the technical excellence of our product. Your authorized dealer will assist you in providing service, maintenance, selection of options and instructions concerning the operation of your recreational vehicle.

Occasionally, a warranty or service matter may not be handled to your satisfaction. Often it is the result of a misunderstanding and can be resolved at the dealer level. Discuss the situation with the dealership management. If you cannot find satisfaction at the dealer level, we invite you to contact our Owner Relations Department, where we will make every effort possible to provide an agreeable solution. In most instances, we will eventually refer you back to the local dealer with our recommendations.

Write or telephone Owner Relations at the address or telephone number on the back of this manual.

#### SAFETY REGULATIONS REGARDING LP GAS SYSTEMS AND LP GAS APPLIANCES

The manufacturer of this recreational vehicle is required to furnish the following consumer information as provided by the National Fire Prevention Association and the American National Standards Institute. The information and warnings found here may also be found in other sections of this Owner's Manual. Please see sections titled "Liquid Petroleum Gas System" and "Appliances" for other safety and operating information.

WARNING

LP gas containers shall not be placed or stored inside the vehicle. LP gas containers are equipped with safety devices which relieve excessive pressure by discharging gas to the atmosphere.

WARNING

It is not safe to use cooking appliances for comfort heating. Cooking appliances need fresh air for safe operation. Before Operation:

- 1. Open overhead vent or turn on exhaust fan, and
- 2. Open window.

This Warning Label has been located in the cooking area to remind you to provide an adequate supply of fresh air for combustion. Unlike homes, the amount of oxygen supply is limited due to the size of the recreational vehicle, and proper ventilation when using the cooking appliance(s) will avoid dangers of asphyxiation. It is especially important that cooking appliances not be used for comfort heating as the danger of asphyxiation is greater when the appliance is used for long periods of time.

WARNING

Portable fuel-burning equipment, including wood and charcoal grills and stoves, shall not be used inside this recreational vehicle. The use of this equip-

ment inside the recreational vehicle may cause fires or asphyxiation.

WARNING

Do not bring or store LP gas containers, gasoline, or other flammable liquids inside the vehicle because a fire or explosion may result.

A warning label has been located near the LP gas container. This label reads: DO NOT FILL CONTAINER(S) TO MORE THAN 80 PERCENT OF CAPACITY.

Overfilling the LP gas container can result in uncontrolled gas flow which can cause fire or explosion. A properly filled container will contain approximately 80 percent of its volume as liquid LP gas.

The following label has been placed in the vehicle near the range area:

#### IF YOU SMELL GAS:

- 1. Extinguish any open flames, pilot lights and all smoking materials.
- 2. Do not touch electrical switches.
- 3. Shut off the gas supply at the tank valve(s) or gas supply connection.
- 4. Open doors and other ventilating openings.
- Leave the area until odor clears.
- 6. Have the gas system checked and leakage source corrected before using again.

LP gas regulators must always be installed with the diaphragm vent facing downward. Regulators that are not in compartments have been equipped with a protective cover. Make sure that regulator vent faces downward and the cover is kept in place to minimize vent blockage which could result in excessive gas pressure causing fire or explosion.

#### INTRODUCTION

Congratulations on the purchase of your new RV. We sincerely thank you for choosing our product. To help you enjoy your new RV, you'll find in this owner's manual many useful tips for camping trips as well as basic operation and maintenance information for your RV's systems and appliances.

TRY A SHORT TRIP FIRST. The experience you'll gain from this will help make your future RVing more enjoyable.

To complement the standard and optional equipment you've chosen for your unit, there are many other accessories available. You may wish to use your unit several times before you invest in these accessories. What may be a necessity for one RVer could prove to be of no value to you. Remember, your dealer is always ready to help and advise you.

We go into great detail in this manual and for good reason. If you are a first-timer, we want you to learn to operate your RV correctly, to be able to use its components, appliances and any optional equipment in the most efficient manner.

At first glance, you may be overwhelmed by all the detail. But after you've used your new RV a couple of times, you'll be able to perform all the checks, start-ups and systems in much less time than it takes to read our instructions.

If you're a veteran RVer, you know that things change and a quick review of this manual will bring you up to date on what's new.

So read on. Happy camping!

NOTE: Because of the variety of models we offer, your RV may not have all of the components illustrated or described in this owner's manual. Ask your dealer for details concerning the specifics of your unit.

#### **LICENSES**

Vehicle licensing laws vary from state-to-state. Check with your state license bureau or the nearest licensing branch office for the requirements of your state. Be sure to renew your driver's license if it has expired or will expire during your trip.

In the event that the truck camper you have purchased obscures the license plate on your pickup truck, a bracket has been installed on the rear of your truck camper for its relocation.

#### **INSURANCE**

Personal liability, property damage, collision and theft of contents may be features of your automobile insurance policy that apply to your RV. Talk to your insurance agent about the details of your coverage. Always carry your insurance policy and/or card with you when you travel.

#### PICKUP TRUCK SELECTION

Selection of a proper pickup truck is essential. To estimate the total cargo load that will be placed on a truck, add the weight of all passengers in the camper, the weight of supplies, tools, and all other cargo, the weight of installed additional or optional camper equipment, and the manufacturer's camper weight figure. Select a truck that has a cargo weight rating that is equal to or greater than the total cargo load of the camper and whose manufacturer recommends a cargo center of gravity zone that will contain the camper's center of gravity when it is installed.

#### **ENGINE SIZE**

The engine must have enough horsepower to handle the pickup truck, the camper, passengers and all cargo. Most truck manufacturers offer a camper equipment package which may include: larger alternator and battery, heavier ply tires, sideview mirrors, heavier electrical wires, larger engine and transmission cooling systems. Consult the truck manufacturer's owner's manual for recommendations.

NOTE: The use of heavier suspension components (springs, shocks, axles) or heavier ply tires DOES NOT increase the weight ratings printed on the pickup truck's identification or certification plate. The Gross Axle Weight Rating (GAW,R) of each axle is determined by the components within the axle system with the lowest load-carrying capacity.

#### **ENGINE EXHAUST**

Check the location of the exhaust pipe. It must be long enough to clear the pickup truck body and the camper unit.

# CAUTION

Failure to check the location of the exhaust pipe or perform an occasional inspection of the exhaust system may result in asphyxiation of the occupants of the camper.

#### **DUAL WHEEL PICKUP TRUCK**

If you own or plan to purchase a dual wheel pickup truck, you also must have dual wheel mounting brackets, which are available from your dealer. These brackets compensate for the added width of the rear fenders by positioning the jacks farther from the truck body and allowing the fenders to easily clear the jacks.

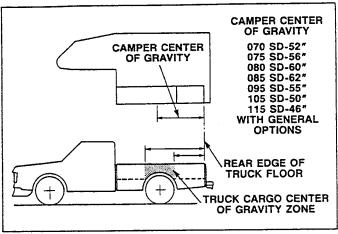
#### TRUCK CARGO CENTER OF GRAVITY

Consult your pickup truck's owner's manual for the forward and rear limits of the cargo center of gravity zone.

#### CAMPER CENTER OF GRAVITY

The camper's center of gravity point must be

within the pickup truck's cargo center of gravity zone. A picture showing the location of the longitudinal center of gravity of the camper may be found in this manual. Accuracy is within 2 inches under the loaded conditions specified on the certification label on the camper.



CAMPER CENTER OF GRAVITY

#### CAMPER LOADING

Inspect the area and note inclines, dips or bumps which may interfere with the loading of the camper. This maneuver may require stationing someone behind the truck to guide the driver.

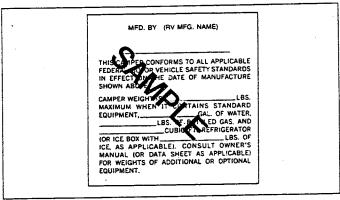
Back the truck up to the camper. The camper floor must be above the pickup truck's bed before it can be loaded. To raise the camper, place the wrench end of the crank handle over the drive lug (Figure 1, page 35) and turn clockwise. To raise hydraulic jacks, close the release valve and pump lever. Follow the same procedure for each jack. Raise each no more than 4" at a time. Once the camper floor clears the truck, slowly back under the camper. If the camper begins to move, stop immediately and locate the problem.

After the truck is under the camper, lower each jack no more than 4" at a time until the camper is securely resting on the truck. Retract the camper legs by turning the crank handle counterclockwise until the leg is out of the tripod (Figure 2, page 34). To retract hydraulic jacks, slowly turn release valve counterclockwise. The quickest way to secure the leg for travel is to loosen both mounting nuts; remove one of the bolts, swing the leg up and extend it through the band. Tighten the loosened nut and replace and tighten the other nut and bolt. However, this method places the leg at an angle which can allow water to enter the leg and eventually cause damage to the jack lift mechanism. To help avoid this, remove both mounting nuts and bolts and shift the jack plate to align with the mounting plate hole nearest the retention band. Insert a bolt through the hole and hand-tighten the nut, then swing the leg up and extend it through the retention band. Replace the other bolt and tighten both nuts. This will secure the leg nearly level and help prevent water from entering the leg. Fold and store the tripods.

The camper must be secured to the truck with fasteners. Different styles of camper fasteners are available from your dealer. When loaded, plug the electrical connector into the camper's pigtail socket (Figure 3, page 35).

#### FEDERAL STICKER-

Found on the road side of your camper, the Federal Sticker lists the serial number and the weight of the camper when it is equipped with standard item, water, LP gas and refrigerator or ice box. The weights of additional or optional equipment are listed on Page 26. This camper conforms to all applicable federal motor vehicle safety standards in effect of the date of manufacture. Your pickup truck will also have a Federal Sticker.



FEDERAL STICKER

#### LOADING

When loading this camper store heavy gear first, keeping it on or close to the camper floor. Place heavy things far enough forward to keep the loaded camper's center of gravity within the zone recommended by the truck manufacturer. Store only light objects on high shelves. Distribute weight to obtain even side-to-side balance of the loaded vehicle. Secure loose items to prevent weight shifts that could affect the balance of your vehicle. A properly loaded vehicle will handle more safely. You also will conserve gasoline and prevent excessive wear on your pickup truck's automotive system if the unit is not overloaded. You may not want to load your camper to its capacity before leaving on your trip so that you may have room for purchases you may make. Store items acquired during a trip forward of the pickup truck's rear axle. We recommend that you weigh your pickup truck and camper again if you add more cargo.

#### WEIGHT DETERMINATIONS

It is extremely important that you weigh your pickup truck prior to leaving on a trip to determine whether your cargo load is within the allowable limits

for the various suspension components. When the truck camper is loaded, drive to a scale and weigh the front and the rear wheels separately to determine axle loads. The load on an axle should not exceed it gross axle weight rating (GAWR). The total of the axle loads should not exceed the gross vehicle weight rating (GVWR). These weight ratings are given on the vehicle certification label that is located on the left side of the vehicle, normally the dash panel, hinge pillar, door latch post, or door edge next to the driver on trucks manufactured on or after January 1, 1972. If weight ratings are exceeded, move or remove items to bring all weights below the ratings.

#### **DEFINITIONS**

GAWR — The allowable weight, including cargo and passengers, which can be safely supported by each axle.

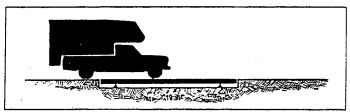
GVWR — The maximum permissible weight of your pickup truck, including cargo, all options and passengers.

GVW and GAW — These are found by weighing the vehicle fully loaded. GVW is the actual weight of the pickup truck and all standard and optional equipment, cargo and passengers. GAW is the portion of the fully loaded vehicle which is transferred to the axle(s).

You can weigh your vehicle at a grain elevator, sand and gravel dealer or government weighing station (they are listed in the yellow pages of your telephone book). The small fee involved is a worthwhile investment.

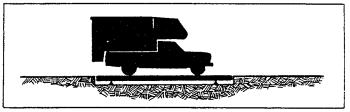
#### WEIGHING

STEP 1 — Drive only the front axle of the pickup truck onto the scale. The load on the axle should not exceed the front GAWR listed on the pickup truck's Federal Sticker.



FRONT GROSS AXLE WEIGHT

STEP 2 — Drive the entire pickup truck onto the scale. This figure should not exceed the GVWR listed on the Federal Sticker.



**GROSS VEHICLE WEIGHT** 

STEP 3 — Pull forward so only the truck's rear axle is on the scale. The load on the axle should not exceed the rear axle GAWR listed on the Federal Sticker.



REAR GROSS AXLE WEIGHT

NOTE: If any of the weight ratings are exceeded, shift or remove a portion of the cargo and reweigh the pickup truck.

#### TRAVEL PREPARATIONS

It's always a good idea to plan your trips. Make arrangements for someone to check your house periodically while you're on your trip. Stop mail and newspaper delivery. If you intend to be away for more than two weeks, request police surveillance for your house. Carry an extra set of vehicle and house keys with you on a separate key ring.

Fill your fresh-water tank before leaving. When traveling in winter, however, don't fill the water tank until the interior of your unit is thoroughly warmed or until you reach your destination.

Decide on the various items of equipment, clothing, food and other supplies you'll need for the length and destination of your trip.

Each moment you spend loading your RV is time you lose from the length of your stay. To reduce loading time, stock your RV with a supply of plastic or paper dinnerware, stainless steel or plastic flatware, pots, pans, towels and bedding. Try to use paper, plastic and aluminum whenever possible. They are lighter and less likely to break when the vehicle is moving. If you are planning an extended trip, pack only enough food for two or three days; you can replenish your supply along the way. Don't try to take enough food for the whole trip. Plan meals so that fresh or refrigerated items are used before they spoil. Keep a basic supply of seasonings (sugar, salt, pepper and spices) in your RV. See APPENDIX B: TRAVEL PREPARATION CHECKLIST for more tips on what to pack for your trip.

#### **GENERAL DRIVING CHECKS**

For your safety, make certain that the following items have been checked and rechecked before you take your RV unit on the road. Be sure to read APPENDIX A: PRE-TRAVEL CHECK for additional driving checks.

JACKS: The jacks must be raised and secured in their proper place.

LIGHTS: The following lights should be tested on both the RV and the pickup truck: brake lights, warning lights, flashers, clearance lights, taillights and vehicle headlights. Clean all lens covers.

PIGTAIL: The pigtail should be connected properly to the tow vehicle's electrical harness.

REARVIEW MIRRORS: Adjust the rearview mirrors so that the driver can see the right and left sides of the unit.

#### IMPORTANT DOCUMENTS

Always carry your vehicle registration, insurance policy card(s) and owner warranty registration card. If you are borrowing a vehicle, it is best to have with you a notorized letter of approval from the owner authorizing you to be in possession of the vehicle.

#### COURTESY

Common courtesy will help make your stay more pleasant. Campsites often are close together and loud noises may disturb neighboring campers. Follow the posted rules of the campsite. Open fires might not be permitted. If you are permitted to build a campfire, clear the area of all flammable materials; never leave a campfire unattended, and always make certain the embers are completely extinguished before leaving the campfire or before going to sleep. Good RVers are proud of the fact that they always leave a campsite cleaner than they found it.

#### TOURIST INFORMATION

Obtain current road maps and tourist information for each state you'll visit or drive through. You also may want to purchase a tourist guide book.

If you will be visiting federally-operated national parks, monuments and recreation facilities, you might find the Golden Age Passport and/or the Golden Eagle Passport useful. These passports can help families cut expenses at areas where fees are involved.

GOLDEN AGE PASSPORT is a free lifetime pass for persons age 62 and over. It covers all admission fees and includes a 50 percent discount on usage fees (except fees charged by privately operated concessions). This passport is available only at park service offices and at parks where entrance fees are charged. It cannot be obtained through the mail or at post offices. To obtain the Golden Age Passport, you will need proof of age, such as a driver's license. (Medicare cards are **not** accepted as proof of age.) If you do not have adequate proof of your age, be prepared to sign an affidavit swearing that you are at least 62 years of age.

GOLDEN EAGLE PASSPORT is designed for persons who plan to visit in a single year several parks or federally-operated facilities. It covers all admission charges, but does not cover usage fees. It is good only during the calendar year in which it is issued. It may be purchased in person or through

the mail from the National Park Service Headquarters, Department of the Interior, Washington, D.C. 20240; at regional National Park Service offices, or at similar facilities where entrance fees are charged.

Both Golden Age and Golden Eagle passports cover admission fees for passengers accompanying the permit holder. Where entry to the recreation facility is not by private vehicle, each passport covers only the permit holder and the permit holder's immediate family.

# VISITING CANADA OR MEXICO

The information in this section is general and is subject to change by the Canadian or Mexican government. For specific information, including rules for re-entering the U.S., as well as points of interest and campsites, contact the consulate nearest the point at which you plan to enter the country.

Passports or visas are not required for entry into CANADA or MEXICO. You must, however, carry your birth certificate, voter's registration card, baptismal certificate or similar proof of identity when entering one of these countries. Naturalized U.S. citizens should carry their naturalization papers or other proof of citizenship. Persons under 18 years of age should carry a notarized letter from their parents or guardians giving them permission to travel in CANADA or MEXICO.

No special driver's license or permit is necessary in either country; but, renew your license if it has expired, or will expire during the trip. Proof of vehicle ownership is required at the border. If you are using someone else's unit, you should have a notarized letter authorizing its use.

#### **MEXICO**

A tourist card is necessary for visiting in MEXICO if you will be staying more than 72 hours or travel more than 40 miles from the border. Cards can be obtained at the port of entry or from a Mexican consulate.

#### Vehicles

MEXICO requires a vehicle permit for every selfpropelled vehicle. The permit can be obtained only from Mexican Auduana (customs) offices upon presentation of tourist card, vehicle registration and title or notarized statement from owner. Your insurance policy is **not** valid in MEXICO. Temporary insurance must be purchased from Mexican companies (usually offices are located near the border).

#### **CB Radio**

MEXICO currently prohibits the use of CB radios.

#### **Hunting and Fishing**

Hunting and fishing laws in MEXICO are ex-

tremely complicated. To request information, contact:
Secretaria de Communicaciones
Estados Unidos Mexicanos
Mexico DF

#### **Dogs and Cats**

MEXICO requires a certificate signed by a licensed veterinarian. The certificate should describe the pet and show that the pet has been vaccinated for rabies within the past six months. A fee is charged for the required verification of the certificate by a Mexican consulate.

#### **CANADA**

#### **Vehicles**

CANADA requires a Canadian Non-Residential Interprovincial Motor Vehicle Liability Insurance card, which is available only from U.S. agents. All provinces in CANADA require evidence of financial responsibility if visitors are involved in an accident. Limits vary from province to province. Contact your insurance agent for details.

#### **CB** Radio

CB radio operation in CANADA requires a temporary license. To obtain such a license, write to:

Regional Director
Telecommunications Regulation Branch
Department of Communications
20th Floor
2085 Union Avenue
Montreal, Quebec H3A 2C3
Canada

#### **Hunting and Fishing**

Revolvers, pistols and fully-automatic firearms are prohibited in CANADA. Each province has its own laws and licensing requirements. You must provide a written description and the serial number of each gun at the border. A license must be obtained from the province in which you intend to hunt or fish. Further information can be obtained by writing to the Department of Lands and Forests, Wildlife Branch, in the province you intend to visit.

#### **Dogs and Cats**

CANADA requires a certificate signed by a licensed veterinarian in the U.S. or CANADA stating that your dog has been vaccinated for rabies within the past 12 months. The certificate must contain a description of the dog and date of vaccination. Puppies under three months old need no certificate. There is no restriction on the entry of healthy cats.

#### **DRIVING**

Get to know how your pickup truck handles with the added weight of your RV. The brakes and steering operation will be different. Before leaving on a trip, practice making right and left turns, braking, backing and accelerating. Your RV is designed to travel at maximum legal highway speeds under ideal conditions. Under less than ideal conditions, your vehicle should be operated at reduced speed and it should never exceed the posted legal speed limits. Before you travel be sure to read APPENDIX A: PRETRAVEL CHECK in this manual. Below are tips to help you.

#### **CLEARANCE**

Be sure to read "Clearance Height" signs on overpasses, drive-through windows, etc. Watch out for overhanging tree branches, awnings or similar obstructions that can damage your vehicle's roof or roof-mounted equipment and accessories. Check with your dealer for clearance measurements of the unit.

#### **PULLING INTO TRAFFIC**

Check for oncoming traffic in all directions. Signal before entering the flow of traffic. Always accelerate slowly and smoothly; the added weight of your RV makes quick acceleration not only difficult but potentially unsafe.

#### **PASSING**

Avoid sudden maneuvers when passing a slower-moving vehicle. Remember that additional time and distance are required to pass safely. Wait until the road is clear of oncoming traffic for at least ½ mile. Check the outside rearview mirrors and signal lane changes before passing other vehicles. When you have safe clearance, signal lane change and return to your original lane.

#### **BRAKING**

Allow a safe distance to stop; follow no closer than one vehicle length for each 10 mph. Pump the brake pedal lightly to stop on wet or icy roads. If you start to slide, turn the steering wheel in the direction of the slide. DO NOT "slam on" the brake pedal — a panic stop will increase the slide. DO NOT rest your foot on the brake pedal while driving. "Riding" the brakes in this manner may cause overheating, excessive lining wear and possible brake failure.

#### **UPGRADES**

To avoid engine overheating when climbing a steep grade, reduce speed and shift the transmission to a lower gear.

# CAUTION

DO NOT exceed the truck manufacturer's recommended speed limit in lower gears — excessive engine speed will overheat the transmission which may cause early transmission failure.

#### **DOWNGRADES**

When you are going downhill, reduce your speed and shift the transmission to a lower gear to assist in braking on long or steep downgrades.

#### PARKING ON A GRADE

Parking vehicles on an upgrade or downgrade is not recommended. If it is necessary in an emergency, apply the brakes and have a passenger place wheel chocks behind the tires of your truck. When in place, slowly release brakes until the unit is stopped by the chocks. Apply parking brake and shift transmission into PARK position (place manual transmission vehicles in gear).

#### FREEING A STUCK VEHICLE

To pull your unit out of the snow, sand or mud, apply slight pressure to the accelerator pedal and move the gear selector rhythmically between first gear and reverse gear. If possible, keep the front wheels pointed straight ahead. Avoid sharp turns. Once the unit starts to move, do not stop until it is on firm ground.

# CAUTION

DO NOT race the engine or spin the wheels; prolonged efforts to free a stuck vehicle may result in overheating, and transmission and axle failure.

#### **TOWING**

Consult the truck manufacturer's owner's manual for recommendations on towing.

#### TIRE CHANGE

Change a tire on as level and firm a surface as possible. If you are on the road side, activate the unit's hazard warning flashers. Apply the parking brake and move transmission selector to the Park (P) position or place in gear. Set up flares and/or warning lights. See your truck manufacturer's owner's manual for proper tire change instructions.

#### **CAMPING**

#### CAMPSITE SELECTION

There are many campground guides that will assist you in making your selection. Many campgrounds accept reservations, and during peak seasons, it is wise to make a reservation. If possible, arrive early so you can inspect and choose your campsite during the daylight hours.

During the winter months it is desirable to take advantage of natural windbreaks like trees, bushes

or any similar type of windbreak. This will cut down the possibility of cold drafts that can affect the comfort level of your unit.

#### SET-UP

It is very important that your unit is level. This allows your refrigerator and drainage systems to operate properly (both function by gravity). To determine levelness, place a level on the bottom of the refrigerator's freezer compartment or in a normally level location inside the vehicle. You may wish to permanently attach levels (available at your dealer) on the front and/or back and sides of the RV. This will allow you to tell at a glance if you've stopped on a level site and will help speed the leveling process.

If your unit needs side-to-side leveling while loaded on the truck, you may make a step leveling ramp (Figure 4, page 34) using 1" x 6" or 2" x 6" boards of-varying lengths. Pull forward or back onto the leveling ramp until the tire(s) on the low side are level.

#### UNLOADING

Select a level and firm site. Unplug the pigtail from the truck camper's electrical connector. Release the truck camper fasteners.

To lower the legs, retract each through the retention band, loosen or remove the mounting nuts and bolts; align jack plate holes with mounting plate holes, reinsert bolts and tighten nuts (Figure 5, page 35). Crank the jacks clockwise until the leg is completely lowered into the tripod socket. If your truck camper is equipped with the optional hydraulic jacks (Figure 6, page 35), pump the lever to lower leg into tripod socket.

Raise each jack no more than 4 inches at a time, until the camper is clear of the truck bed. Slowly drive the truck away until it is out from under the camper. If the camper begins to move, stop and locate the problem. Once clear, lower each jack no more than 4 inches at a time to its lowest position. To lower manual jacks, turn crank handle counterclockwise. To lower hydraulic jacks, turn the release valve counterclockwise. To lock the hydraulic jacks, close the release valve by turning clockwise and raise the pump lever. DO NOT attempt to lower the jacks beyond the built-in stop; you may damage the gears.

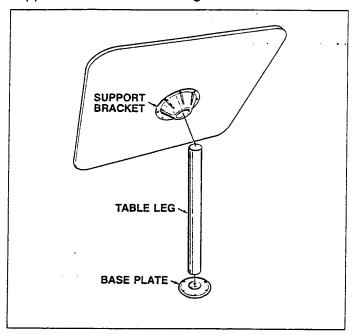
# CAUTION

The loading jacks are designed to permit you to raise or lower the truck camper for placing it onto, or removing it from, the pickup truck bed. DO NOT occupy your truck camper when it is off the pickup truck bed unless you have made sufficient arrangements to ensure the stability of the unit (proper blocking under the body of camper).

#### LIVING AREA

#### **TABLE**

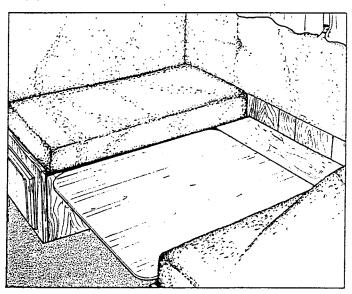
Insert table leg into the base plate. Lower table support bracket onto the leg.



PEDESTAL TABLE

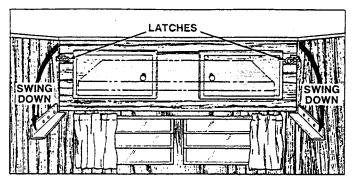
#### BEDS

U-SHAPE DINETTE — Lift pedestal table and remove leg. Remove center cushion. Place table on seat braces and slide inward. Arrange cushions on top. Store center cushion and leg under table or in a closet.



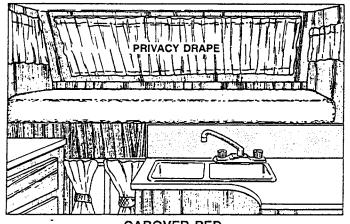
**U-SHAPE BED** 

CABINET HIDE-A-BED — Open both end cabinet doors. Release latches (one is located at each end). Close the cabinet doors securely. Swing cabinet face down so that it rests on its supports. Position reinforcing boards on top of the cabinet face. Arrange mattress pads on top.



HIDE-A-BED

CABOVER — Your cabover bed assembly may include a privacy drape which slides along a track on the ceiling.



CABOVER BED

#### BASIC UTILITY SYSTEMS

This section will describe the four basic utility systems found in your RV. They are: Electrical, Fresh Water, Drainage/Sewer and LP Gas. The following will familiarize you with their function, operation and simple maintenance. If a problem should develop with any of the four systems, notify your dealer or any authorized RV dealer for service.

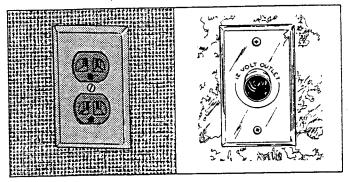
#### **ELECTRICAL SYSTEM**

Your truck camper contains two separate electrical systems: one 12-volt direct current (DC), similar to the one in automobiles, and one 120-volt alternating current (AC), similar to the one in homes. These systems provide you with power while you are camped or are traveling. The 120-volt system requires an external source of 120-volt electricity, usually a campsite or household receptacle or an auxiliary generator. The 12-volt electrical system is supplied by your automotive battery.

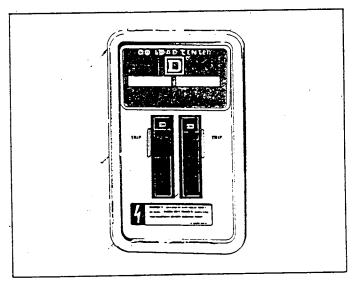
#### 120-Volt System

The 120-volt system supplies power for the following through the power converter: refrigerator, interior receptacles (used to operate regular household appliances), and optional roof air condi-

tioner. The converter provides 12-volt power for all of the unit's 12-volt components. When the external 120-volt power cord is used, the power is connected directly into the main electrical service panel of the power converter and is distributed through circuit breakers.



120-VOLT AND 12-VOLT RECEPTACLES

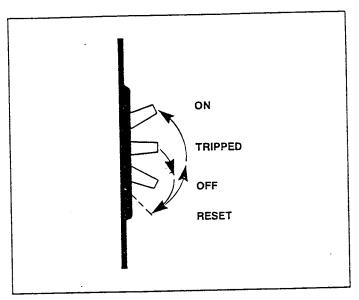


**ELECTRICAL SERVICE PANEL** 

#### **Shoreline Connection**

The Shoreline (Figure 7, Page 35) is a heavy-duty cable with a 3-prong grounding plug on one end, permanently attached at the other end, and connected to the power converter. It can be pulled from its storage compartment through a hatch in the sidewall of your vehicle and connected to an external receptacle. Some campsites and trailer parks still have two-slot outlets. If it is necessary to use a 3-to-2 adapter, be certain its grounding wire is fastened securely to the outlet grounding screw.

The 120-volt system is protected by the circuit breakers. If a circuit breaker opens, unplug the appliance(s) on that circuit, allow a short period for the breaker to cool, and reset the breaker. If the breaker continues to open, notify your dealer.



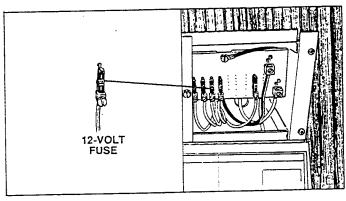
CIRCUIT BREAKER RESET

#### 12-Volt System

The 12-volt system is powered by the automotive battery or 12-volt converter. To use the automotive battery, the electrical pigtail must be attached to your truck. This provides power to all exterior lights in addition to all inside RV 12-volt appliances. The optional 12-volt converter provides power to all inside appliances (lights, range hood, furnace blower, water pump, 12-volt receptacles, porch light and refrigerator). The refrigerator requires 12-volt power to run in the gas mode. The Shoreline (Figure 7, page 35) must be attached to run the converter.

#### Converter

The power converter section of the power center transforms 120-volt AC into 12-volt DC to supply power to all of the 12-volt systems. Each 12-volt circuit is protected by a fuse in the power center. Turn the twist lock to open the door and check the fuses. A listing of the circuits is on the inside of the door. Some fuses protect circuits with more than one function; others may be for specific appliances.



12-VOLT FUSE BLOCK

If a fuse is blown, turn off or unplug all appliances on that circuit. Replace the blown fuse with one of the same ampere rating. If the fuse continues to blow, nofify your dealer. See the power center manufacturer's manual for specifications and operation and testing procedures.

#### FRESH WATER SYSTEM

Fresh water for your unit is supplied either by the vehicle's fresh water tank or by an external pressurized source (city water).

The water heater (either match light or electronic ignition) is an LP gas appliance that heats water to a preset temperature. To fill the water heater when your unit is connected to city water, simply turn on a hot water faucet. When water flows steadily, turn the faucet off.

#### City Water

When using the city water hookup, the water tank and pump are bypassed. You cannot fill the water tank through the city water inlet. Connect a hose to a "city pressurized" water faucet and to the vehicle's fresh water inlet (Figure 8, page 35).

Although a common garden hose can be used to fill the water tank and connect to city water, long-time RVers recommend a hose specifically manufactured for this, available at your RV dealer.

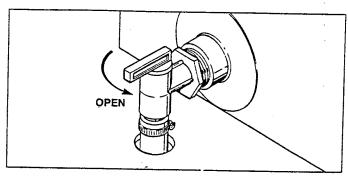
NOTE: In areas where city water pressure exceeds 60 psi, you should use a pressure regulator. Excessive water pressure may damage lines and connections. See your authorized dealer for more details.

#### Water Tank

Because of a variance in weight distribution, the water tank may be beneath a gaucho, dinette, bed or kitchen cabinet or under the floor of the unit. To fill the water tank, open the gravity water fill by pulling out the fill spout (Figure 9, page 35). Use a hose or vessel to fill the water tank. Water will flow out of the water fill when the tank is full.

The water tank should be sanitized before you use it for the first time, after a period of nonuse, and whenever you suspect the tank is contaminated. To sanitize your water tank, first empty the tank and then use the following procedures:

- Mix 2½ cups of liquid household bleach with 10 gallons of water. Pour the solution into your tank through the gravity water fill.
- Turn the water pump ON, open the hot water faucet, wait until the water begins to flow, and then turn the faucet off. Do the same with the cold water faucet. Wait three hours.
- 3. Open faucets and line drains. Drain the entire system. Some solution will remain in the water heater.

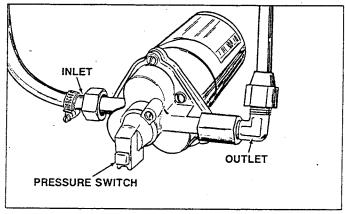


WATER TANK DRAIN

- 4. Insert a hose into the gravity water fill. Begin filling the tank. Open the hot water faucet. Be sure the water pump is on. Let the water run until the system is completely flushed. Do the same with the cold water faucet. The hot water faucet will need to run longer to completely drain the water heater.
- If a chlorine taste lingers, flush the system with a vinegar and water solution (one quart of vinegar to five gallons of water). Wait two to three hours and then flush with fresh water.

#### Water Pump

The water pump is a 12-volt DC appliance that is activated by a switch on the monitor panel or a switch mounted in the kitchen area. The switch can be left on while camping. When you want water, simply open a faucet. The pump, which supplies water from the fresh water tank, will run only as long as is needed. If the pump fails to start when the switch is on, check the fuse located in the converter. If the pump continues to operate whether the faucets are opened or closed, check the water tank. It might be empty, or there might be a leak in the system. If the city water hose is connected, the pump is not required.



WATER PUMP

#### Care Of Sinks, Lavatory And Shower

Clean the kitchen sink, lavatory and shower pan with a non-abrasive cleaner. Stainless steel cleaner may be purchased at most grocery stores. ABS cleaner, such as Aqua K-7, may be purchased from your dealer.

#### Leaks

Traveling over bumpy or rough roads can cause pipe fittings to loosen. Check the pipe fittings in your unit regularly for signs of leakage.

#### DRAINAGE/SEWER SYSTEM

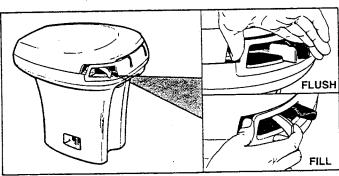
Your RV is equipped with a drainage sewer system that functions much the same as the one in your home. In most units this system includes drain lines from the kitchen sinks, lavatory, tub/shower and marine type toilet to a gray-water holding tank and/or a sewage holding tank.

The drainage system also includes vents that carry odors (caused by drain water and waste) out through the roof. The drainage system vents also equalize the air pressure, which is necessary to maintain a water barrier against odors in the P-traps and to ensure smooth flow and escape for your drainage system.

#### Toilet

Flush the toilet before initial use and after emptying the holding tank. To help control odors, there are a number of toilet and holding tank treatment concentrates on the market. These chemical concentrates are available at your RV dealer.

To operate toilet, pull the black lever, which empties the bowl, forward (the "open" position) and hold until all contents are swept into the holding tank. Always hold the black lever in the "open" position for a minimum of three seconds. The black lever simultaneously activates the white lever. When you release the black lever, the bowl will automatically fill with water for the next use. To add more water to the bowl, pull the white lever forward.

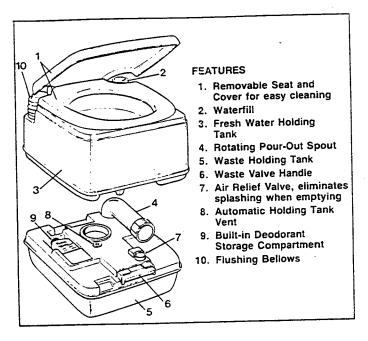


AQUA MAGIC IV TOILET

When you clean your toilet, do not use highly concentrated or highly acidic household cleaners (no scouring powder). If the slide valve does not move freely, apply silicone spray. To ensure proper operation and maintenance, refer to your toilet manufacturer's operating manual.

#### Porta Potti

Before using, stand the unit up vertically on the front end with locking latch facing upward. Slide latch to unlock and separate the units.



With the lower tank sitting flat, open the waste valve by pulling the handle out. Pour in a tank deodorant, and add a small amount of water to cover the tank bottom. Replace deodorant in its storage compartment and close the valve. Place the fresh water holding tank on top of the waste holding tank and slide the latch to lock the units together.

To add water to the bowl, push down flushing bellows. To flush after use, pull waste valve handle straight out, then press flushing bellows one or more times to rinse. Push the valve handle in to close and seal the waste holding tank.

Empty the toilet when the contents in the holding tank approach the level of the valve blade. Separate the units and carry the holding tank to any permanent toilet facility. Rotate the pour-out spout to the desired position and remove cap. Depress air relief valve while emptying. Rinse tank with water, replace cap, and repeat the above procedure to prepare for next use.

#### Holding Tanks

Most unit drainage/sewer systems have two holding tanks, Gray Water and Waste (black) Water. The gray water holding tank collects water from the kitchen sink, lavatory and tub/shower. The waste (black) water holding tank is used to collect waste from the toilet. In some units, one tank collects both gray water and sewage waste.

To prevent unnecessary accumulation of solids in the waste holding tank, do not put facial tissues or similar products into the toilet. It is highly recommended that you use only bio-degradeable toilet tissue available from your RV dealer. Holding tanks should be emptied frequently into a specified dumping station. Most campgrounds have dumping stations, often at each campsite, and many service stations and highway rest areas have waste dumping stations also. Before emptying the holding tanks,

make sure your vehicle is level; emptying the holding tanks depends on gravity.

To empty the holding tank, remove the sewage drain hose from its storage area. Remove the cap from the termination outlet and connect the sewage drain hose.

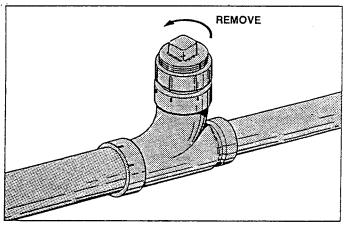
While you are camped you may leave the gray water dump valve open only if the hose is connected and your campsite has a sewage hookup. Do not open the waste water dump valve until you want to empty the holding tank. If the waste water dump valve is left open, the rinse and flush water will run off and solids will be left to collect and harden in the bottom of the tank.

To drain a holding tank, pull out the dump valve slide handle (Figure 10, page 34). On some units it is necessary to unfasten or unlock a holding device before the slide valve handle can be pulled out. After the tank is drained, close the valve (if applicable, lock in place).

After emptying the waste holding tank, flush or pour about two gallons of water through the toilet and drain again. This flushes the tank and helps clean the drain hose. Repeat as necessary.

To empty the gray water holding tank, follow the same procedure used to empty the waste holding tank. A flushing may not be necessary. When the tank is empty push the dump valve handle in until it seats (if applicable, lock in place). Remove the hose, wash it and return it to its storage holder. Replace the termination cap securely.

It is recommended that you always drain the sewage waste holding tank first, and then the gray water tank. This assists in flushing and cleaning the termination valve and drain hose.



**DRAIN CLEANOUT** 

#### **Drain Piping**

If your unit does not have holding tanks it will have a drain pipe and termination outlet and cap (Figure 11, page 35). To drain, remove the termination outlet cap and attach the drain hose. Some campsites will have septic service for the disposal of gray water at each site. If the site is not so

equipped, collect the gray water in a bucket or container and dispose of as required by park rules. To avoid contamination, use different buckets for fresh and drain water; mark or paint them for easy identification.

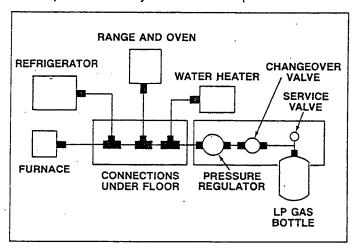
#### **Drain Care**

Use clear water to clean exterior pipe surfaces. DO NOT use harsh drain cleaner chemicals or solvents in drains. Drain cleanouts are installed at intervals to facilitate drain line cleaning or unclogging. Use wrench to remove and replace drain cleanout plug.

If you have a problem with clogged drain lines that you cannot easily solve it is recommended that you consult an authorized dealer.

#### LP GAS SYSTEM

The liquified petroleum (LP) gas system in your unit furnishes fuel for hot water, heat, cooking and refrigeration. LP gas provides a portable, efficient and inexpensive source of energy. It is stored inside a compartment on your truck camper.



LP GAS SYSTEM (TYPICAL)

Under pressure in the bottle, the LP gas turns to vapor; it is the latter that burns. Each bottle has a 20 percent liquid level valve that allows space in the bottle for vapor expansion. **Never** overfill the bottle. The high pressure of the vapor in the bottle is reduced in two stages through a regulator (Figure 12, Page 35).

LP gas is usually propane or a blend of propane and butane. When you fill your tanks, be sure to use propane ONLY. Do not use butane or butane mixtures.

The LP gas system is designed and built to meet rigid standards, and it is tested before it leaves the factory. Your dealer also tests the system before it is delivered to you. Except for simple maintenance and occasional tightening of a connection, always take your vehicle to an authorized dealer for LP

gas problems. Always have an authorized LP gas supplier fill your LP gas bottles.

LP gas burns readily and with intense heat. With proper care and maintenance, it is safe and efficient. There are, however, certain characteristics about LP gas you should know. LP gas is heavier than air and tends to collect in low pockets. As LP gas settles into any closed area, it displaces air and could cause suffocation if not detected. It also could create a fire or explosion hazard. In its natural state, LP gas is odorless. An additive gives it a distinctive mustard odor so that leaks can be readily detected. The following label has been placed in the vehicle near the range area:

WARNING

If you smell or think you smell gas:

- Extinguish any open flames, pilot lights, all smoking materials;
- 2. Do not touch electrical switches;
- Shut off the gas supply at the tank CLOSE valve(s) or gas supply connection;
- Open doors and other non-electrical ventilating openings;
- 5. Leave the area until the odor clears, and
- Immediately call your gas supplier, and have the gas system checked and leakage source corrected before using again.

Before using any LP gas appliance, read the respective manufacturer's operating instruction manual.

NOTE: LP gas containers should not be placed or stored inside the living area of a vehicle. LP gas containers are equipped with safety devices that relieve excess pressure by discharging gas to the atmosphere.

#### **Climate Differences**

The appliance will not function if the LP gas does not vaporize. Propane continues to vaporize down to 44 degrees Fahrenheit below zero. Liquid gas does not vaporize as rapidly in cold weather, so you may place too great a demand on your bottles' capacities in certain conditions. This can cause a refrigeration effect resulting in frosting of the bottle and regulator. Check with your dealer or LP gas supplier about the appliance demands that can be met by your bottle at various temperatures. Always have your LP gas supplier add anhydrous methanol before filling the bottle in cold weather.

Propane recently has become the main type of LP gas used in RVs. It is recommended that you use only propane gas. The names of LP suppliers can be found in the Yellow Pages of your telephone directory under "Gas — Liquefied Petroleum — Bottled

& Bulk". Many campgrounds now have LP gas fill facilities, as do some service stations.

To operate any LP gas appliance, the LP gas SERVICE valve (Figure 12, Page 35) must be open. When first used, or after a refill, there may be some air in the gas lines that will escape when you first open a range burner or similar LP gas valve. The air may extinguish your match or igniter the first time or two before you get ignition. Remember, too, that when you close the bottles' SERVICE valve some of the gas will remain in the lines. To completely bleed the lines of gas, close the bottle's SERVICE valve and light a range burner to use up the excess. When the flame burns out, turn the range burner off.

## Regulator/Changeover

Each pair of LP gas bottles will have a regulator. Double 20-lb. bottles have an automatic changeover.

With the automatic changeover valve, open the Service valves on both bottles. The bottle to which the arrow in the changeover knob points is the one in service. As long as there is fuel in the bottle, the full-empty indicator on top of the regulator will show white. When the bottle is empty, the automatic regulator will begin using fuel from the "reserve" bottle. When this happens, the full-empty indicator will change from white to red.

At this point, the empty bottle should be shut off and the indicator knob turned so that the arrow points to the bottle in service. The FULL-EMPTY indicator again will show white. The empty bottle may now be disconnected for refilling.

Check the indicator flag regularly to avoid running completely out of fuel. You also can check the volume of LP gas by weighing the bottle comparing the known weight of an empty and a filled bottle. The TARE (empty) weight is stamped on the LP gas bottle handle.

## **Regulator Pressure**

Check the LP gas regulator at the beginning of each season or whenever a problem is indicated. Correct line pressure is 11 inches of water column. Your dealer or LP gas supplier can perform this check.

LP gas regulators must always be installed with the diaphragm vent facing down. Regulators that are not in compartments have been equipped with a protective cover. Make sure that the regulator vent faces down and that the cover is kept in place. This will minimize vent blockage that could result in excessive gas pressure and could cause a fire or explosion.

# LP Gas Regulator Freeze Ups

LP gas regulator freeze up is a problem RV owners can prevent if they are aware of its causes. Although every precaution is taken by fuel producers, tank manufacturers, and LP gas dealers to keep moisture out of the fuel, this problem at times does

exist and causes regulator freeze ups. Suggestions that you may want to follow to help to prevent this moisture are:

- Always keep the main tank valve closed during periods that gas is not in use, especially if the tank is empty; and
- Contact your LP gas dealer about the addition of methyl alcohol to your tank. Your dealer may do this for a minimal charge, and it will help to prevent freeze up.

#### Filling LP Gas Bottles

Follow these basic practices to ensure safety.

- 1. Do not fill your tank beyond the legal liquid level capacity.
- Never use a wrench or pliers to close the POL valve or liquid level on your tank. These valves are designed to be closed leak-tight by hand. If wrenches are necessary to stop a leak, the valve should be replaced.
- Use a proper wrench to tighten the left-hand thread POL nut on the SERVICE valve. Do not over tighten it or jam it. This is a machined brass fitting that seats securely against a female seat in the POL valve; it requires no pipe joint compound.
- Open the POL valve all the way and then close it one quarter turn. This should be done when you are ready to use your tank. This will assist you in determining if the valve is opened or closed.
- Make periodic checks for leaks in all tank and line connections. Use a propane gas leak detector solution to make these checks. Vibrations during travel may cause leaks.
- 6. Be sure to fasten your tank(s) securely in place.
- Transport your tank in the same position as it is used normally. Make sure the valve is closed. Do this whether you remove your tank for transport to a dealer or for a refill. Always secure the tank to keep it from falling or rolling.
- 8. Practice safety at all times. LP gas can be dangerous. If you have any questions about the operation of your gas appliances or the LP gas system, contact your local LP gas dealer.

The following warning label can be found near the LP gas container: DO NOT FILL CONTAINERS TO MORE THAN 80 PERCENT OF CAPACITY. Overfilling the LP gas container can result in an uncontrolled gas flow that can cause a fire or explosion. A properly filled container will contain approximately 80 percent of its volume as liquid LP gas. If the container is overfilled, have the LP gas dealer bleed out the excess. Do not smoke, strike a match, or ignite a lighter when the LP gas container is

being filled. A spark or flame could ignite fumes. Be certain all burner and pilot flames are out and the SERVICE valve is closed when filling your vehicle's LP gas or fuel tanks.

#### APPLIANCES AND ACCESSORIES

#### RANGE, RANGE HOOD, OVEN

Your RV may have a three- or four-burner range; it may have an oven beneath the range or at eyelevel, and it may have a gravity range hood with a light, a power range hood with fan and light, or a range hood with fan only. The range burners and oven are LP gas appliances. Read the range manufacturer's manual carefully for complete details on the operation and care of the range, range hood and oven.

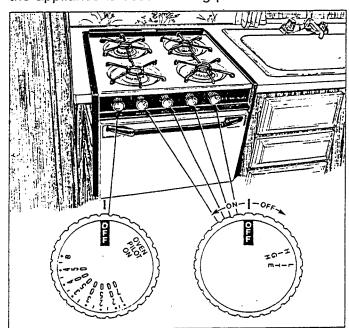


IT IS NOT SAFE TO USE COOKING APPLI-ANCES FOR COMFORT HEATING.

Cooking appliances need fresh air for safe operation. Before operation:

- 1. Open overhead vent or turn on exhaust fan and
- 2. Open window.

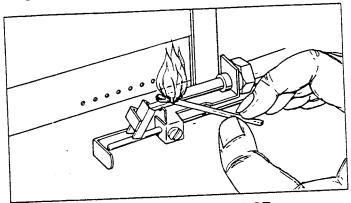
This warning is to remind you to provide an adequate supply of fresh air for combustion. Unlike homes, the amount of oxygen supply is limited due to the size of the recreational vehicle. Proper ventilation when using the cooking appliance(s) will avoid dangers of asphyxiation. It is especially important that cooking appliances not be used for comfort heating as the danger of asphyxiation is greater when the appliance is used for long periods of time.



RANGE AND OVEN CONTROLS

LIGHTING THE PILOTS — There are pilot burners on all LP gas ovens and the eye-level range/oven also has a pilot for the range burners. All pilot lights, including the range burner pilot, are turned on and off by the oven control knob. If you have the eye-level range/oven, you must light BOTH the oven pilot and range top pilot.

NOTE: The oven control knob must be in the PILOTS ON position for the pilot(s) to be lit. Once lighted, the pilot(s) will continue to burn.



LIGHTING THE OVEN PILOT

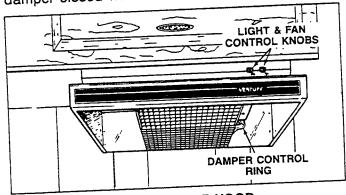
To light the oven pilot, be certain the LP gas container Service valve is OPEN, then depress and turn the oven control knob to PILOTS ON. Open the oven door and hold a lighted match next to the constant pilot area (it is near the rear of the oven compartment, just below the main oven burner). Relight the pilot if air in the line extinguishes the flame. When the pilot remains lit, adjust the oven control knob to the desired temperature.

LIGHTING THE RANGE — Be certain the LP gas Service valve is OPEN. Light a match and hold it close to the range burner, then turn the burner's control knob to full ON. Air in the line may cause a blowing noise and may extinguish the match. When the line is free of air, the burner will light readily. Adjust the burner flame with the control knob.

BROILER — Your oven is equipped with a broiler. To use it, light the oven and set the control knob to BROIL. Place the broiler pan in the area below the oven burner. Do not place meat too close to the flame; grease or fat may ignite. Use foil only as recommended. Never cover the holes in the broiler pan or the air openings in the oven bottom with foil. Always remove the broiler pan as soon as you have finished broiling. If the pan is not removed and the oven is used, the grease may bake onto the surfaces or the grease may ignite.

RANGE HOOD — Your unit will have a gravity or 12-volt range hood. The gravity hood is a vent which allows fumes to escape through a damper. Raise the damper when cooking. The power range hood has a fan and a light, each controlled by a knob on top of the hood. To operate, pull ring on the right side of the filter to release damper. Turn fan ON to draw smoke and cooking fumes out of the unit. To

secure the damper, push the ring in. Keep the damper closed when traveling.



**POWER RANGE HOOD** 

CARE OF RANGE AND OVEN — Allow the range top to cool, then clean it with hot, soapy water. Use a damp cloth to clean chrome surfaces. Grease splatters, which may bake onto the surfaces, should be wiped off before they have time to harden. Use chrome polish to remove stubborn stains.

Clean the oven with commercial cleaner after each trip, or as necessary. DO NOT apply cleaner to aluminum gas tubing, thermostat sensing bulb or electrical components.

CARE OF RANGE HOOD — For metal surfaces, use the same procedure as for the range top. For the power hood, clean the plastic light cover by removing and washing it. If the light burns out, replace with a bulb of the same size. To clean the power hood filter, push slot located in center front of screen and pull down. If not greasy, simply tap the filter to shake out the dirt. If the filter is greasy, run hot, soapy water over it until grease dissolves. Allow the filter to drain and dry, then replace by positioning the flanges and push into place. The gravity hood can be cleaned by gently rubbing a soapy cloth over the screen.

#### WATER HEATER

The water heater is an LP gas appliance capable of heating 6 gallons of water to a preset temperature. The water heater is a match light ignition appliance. When the system is connected to city water, fill the water heater by opening a hot water faucet. When filling the fresh water tank, turn the water pump ON and open a hot water faucet. In either case, when water flows steadily, turn the faucet OFF. Any air still in the tank can be removed by opening the relief valve in the outside access compartment (Figures 13, and 14, Page 34).

Before attempting to ignite any of the water heater models, be certain to OPEN the LP gas bottle Service valve.

LIGHTING PILOT — Turn the gas knob to OFF. Always wait 5 minutes to allow LP gas, which may have collected in the burner compartment, to dissipate. Your water heater will be equipped with

a Robertshaw "UNITROL" thermostat (Figure 13, page 34) or an ITT General Control Thermostat (Figure 14, page 34).

# CAUTION

DO NOT light pilot unless water heater is full of water.

ROBERTSHAW "UNITROL" THERMOSTAT — Turn the gas knob counterclockwise to PILOT. Press and hold the reset button while you apply a lighted match to the pilot burner. Release the reset button after pilot has burned one minute (repeat procedure if pilot goes out). Turn the gas knob to ON.

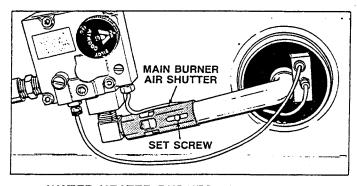
ITT GENERAL CONTROL THERMOSTAT — Turn and hold the gas knob to the PILOT position as you hold a lighted match to the pilot burner. Release the gas knob after one minute (repeat procedure if pilot goes out). Turn the gas knob to ON.

TEMPERATURE CONTROL — Adjust the Temperature Control lever on either Unitrol or ITT thermostat to the desired temperature as marked on the control.

The main burner will light automatically and burn as needed to maintain the temperature you have selected. It is a good idea to light the water heater the night before you leave and turn it off in the morning. The water will remain hot for some time while you are traveling.

PILOT ADJUSTMENT — Remove the pilot adjustment screw protective cap and turn set screw to adjust the flame so it is 1/2" high.

BURNER ADJUSTMENT — Loosen the set screw which holds the air shutter in place. Slide the main burner air shutter to the right until the flame has a yellow tip. Slowly slide the shutter to the left until the yellow tip disappears. Tighten set screw.



WATER HEATER BURNER ADJUSTMENT

EXTINGUISHING BURNER — Turn the gas knob to OFF.

DRAINING — The hot water system has a drain plug or drain cock in the line near the water heater which must be opened or removed to drain the water heater tank. To facilitate drainage, open all hot water faucets. When water ceases to drain, replace plug.

Because of the location of the drain plug, about two quarts of water will remain in the bottom of the tank. This can be flushed as described in CARE OF WATER HEATER.

# CAUTION

Hydrogen gas can be produced in a hot water system served by a heater that has not been used for a long period of time (generally two weeks or more). HYDROGEN GAS IS EXTREME-LY FLAMMABLE. To reduce the risk of injury under these conditions, it is recommended that the hot water faucet be opened for several minutes at the kitchen sink before using any electrical appliance. If hydrogen is present, there should be an unusual sound such as air escaping through the pipe as the water begins to flow. There should be no smoking or open flame near the faucet at the time it is open. Contact your dealer or the Service Department at the address on the manufacturer's warranty if you are not certain of what action you should take.

CARE OF WATER HEATER — Be certain the exterior compartment is clean and does not contain combustible materials. Never obstruct the relief valve or exhaust vent. Periodically drain and flush the water heater tank.

To flush the tank, a water or air hose can be connected to the water inlet or outlet (inside the unit) or to the relief valve port (in exterior compartment). To use the relief valve port, the relief valve must be removed. Use a pipe or crescent wrench to turn the valve counterclockwise. Attach water or air hose and flush (if air is used, until water ceases to drain). Replace the water inlet or outlet hose or the relief valve and replace the plug. The water heater is now ready for refilling or storage.

NOTE: The relief valve must be replaced securely. Use a non-toxic pipe compound to assure a water tight seal.

#### **FURNACE**

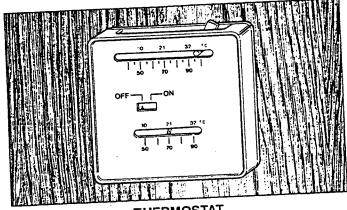
Furnaces are automatic ignition appliances, controlled by a wall thermostat. Heat is delivered through a duct system or directly through the front grille.

NOTE: Although the furnace's fuel source is LP gas, the power operates on 12-volt DC electricity. The furnace requires 9 volts of 12-volt energy to operate.

# CAUTION

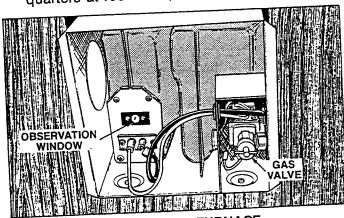
DO NOT use portable fuel-burning heating appliances, including kerosene heaters, wood and charcoal grills and stoves, in your recreational vehicle. Such appliances produce excessive moisture, consume oxygen and may emit dangerous products of combustion.

IGNITION — Before lighting a furnace, be sure the LP gas bottle Service valve is OPEN and the thermostat ON/OFF switch is ON.

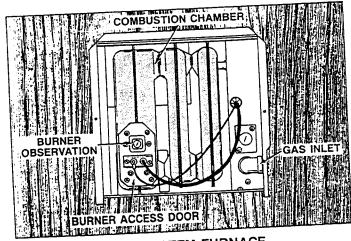


**THERMOSTAT** 

Automatic Models — Turn manual gas valve to ON. Set thermostat to desired temperature and turn ON/OFF switch to ON. An automatic relay in your furnace provides a time delay. Therefore, when you turn up the thermostat there will be a pause prior to startup of the blower. At blower startup, your furnace air will enter your living quarters at room temperature.



DIRECT VENT FURNACE



DUCT SYSTEM FURNACE

Your furnace will start warming quickly and continue getting warmer for the next several minutes. If your RV is cold throughout, it may take from one

to several hours to heat all interior walls, ceilings, floors and fixtures to a comfortable temperature. Once reached, your furnace will automatically maintain steady warmth.

On initial lighting, the burner may not ignite due to air in the gas lines. If this occurs, set the thermostat back to lowest setting and wait 30 seconds; then reset thermostat to the desired temperature.

NOTE: If the furnace does not light after several attempts, while allowing each time for a delay pause, turn the thermostat and the furnace gas control valve OFF and contact your RV dealer or service center. DO NOT attempt to repair or adjust the furnace yourself.

For complete shutdown, turn gas valve to OFF and the thermostat to lowest setting or OFF.

# CAUTION

When changing your unit's electrical source, as from 12-volt to Shoreline or generator, turn the thermostat off. This will preserve the life of your furnace's electronic system. Carefully read the furnace manufacturer's manual for other important Do's and Don'ts of service and operation.

PREVENTATIVE MAINTENANCE - Preventative maintenance should be performed annually by an authorized dealer and should include cleaning of heat exchanger, furnace ducts (Figure 15, Page 35) and blower wheels to remove dust, lint and other foreign materials. The furnace's LP gas system should also be checked.

## REFRIGERATOR

Refrigerators are either two-way (LP gas and 12-volt DC) or three-way (LP gas, 120-volt AC or 12-volt DC). All come with operational instructions and most have instructions posted near the controls. Ask your dealer to demonstrate the operation of the refrigerator in your unit. The instructions given here are for your convenience; in case of a difference, use the instructions furnished with your refrigerator.

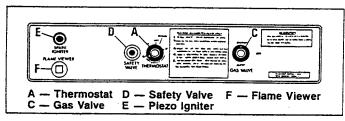
The refrigerator operates on the gravity flow of chemicals, so it must be level. If you must stop on an uneven site for more than 30 minutes, turn the refrigerator OFF. Use a level in the freezer compartment to check levelness.

Before starting on a trip, use the Shoreline connection or LP gas to cool the refrigerator the night before departing. Keep items to be stored in the RV refrigerator in your home refrigerator or freezer until you are ready to leave. This will reduce the cooling load on your RV refrigerator and help keep perishable foods fresh longer. Always store food in sealable containers or suitable wrapping. When traveling, switch to LP gas (or 12-volt DC, if so equipped) operation. Use door lock during travel.

NOTE: Some states and municipalities do not allow operation of LP gas systems while the vehicle is in motion. If you have a question in this regard, check with local law enforcement authorities.

REFRIGERATOR OPERATION (NORCOLD) -This model has the controls near the bottom of the refrigerator to select the type of operation you desire. On either mode, turn the thermostat to max. cold position when starting, then later adjust the thermostat to the desired temperature. When using LP gas, this unit has a piezo ignition system which lights the flame. Turn operational knob to "Gas". Depress and hold in the safety valve button while at the same time pushing the igniter button at rapid intervals until a flame is visible in the flame viewer. On initial start up, the lighting procedure must be repeated until the air in the line has been replaced with gas. Continue holding the safety valve in the depressed position for approximately 15 to 30 seconds after the flame is visible. Upon release, the flame should remain on and the unit is on gas operation. Turn the thermostat knob to the desired temperature setting.

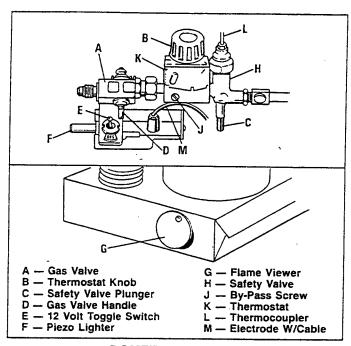
When using electric operation, set the thermostat to the maximum cold position. Turn the operational selector knob so that the knob indicator is pointing directly to the word "Electric". Set thermostat to desired setting.



NORCOLD TWO-WAY

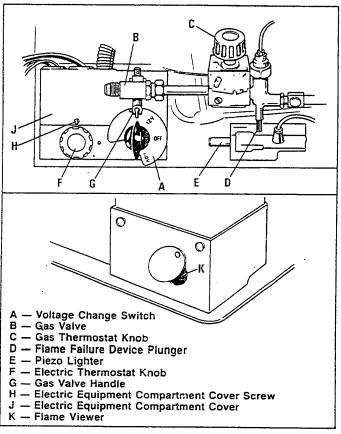
REFRIGERATOR OPERATION (DOMETIC TWO-WAY — This model has the controls at the rear of the refrigerator and are accessible through the lower ventilator in the wall of the vehicle. The gas valve and 12-volt toggle switch are interlocked to prevent simultaneous operation by gas and electricity. For LP gas operation, open the lower vent at the rear of the refrigerator and set the 12-volt toggle switch to "Off". Turn the gas valve so the handle is in line with the valve body. Turn the thermostat to setting 4. Push in the safety valve plunger for about five seconds to clear air from the pipeline (longer when changing LP bottles or initial start up). Still pressing the valve plunger, push in fully the piezo igniter button several times in quick succession. The burner should light, but continue to press in the plunger for 15 seconds, then release it and check that the burner is alight by looking at the flame through the opening in the burner box. If it has not lit, repeat the procedure.

For 12-volt operation, shut off gas supply and set the 12-volt toggle switch to "On".



DOMETIC TWO-WAY

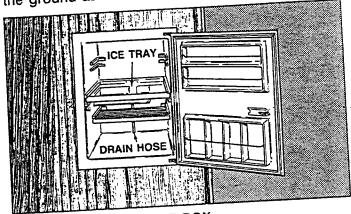
REFRIGERATOR OPERATION (DOMETIC THREE-WAY) — This model is operated in the same manner as the Dometic Two-Way. The toggle switch is replaced with a voltage change switch which can be set at "Off" (for LP gas operation), 12-volt for traveling, or 110-volt for shoreline power.



DOMETIC THREE-WAY

#### ICE BOX

Place ice in the top tray. Make sure the hose, located near the back of the tray, is not bent or clogged. Water drains through this hose and onto the ground as the ice melts.



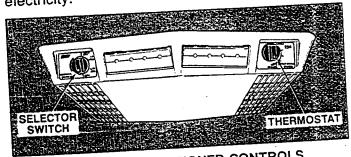
ICE BOX

CARE OF REFRIGERATOR AND ICE BOX -Remove food and ice after each trip. Clean the interior of the refrigerator with a lukewarm, mild soda solution. The evaporator, ice trays and shelves must, however, be cleaned with warm water only. Wipe dry with a soft, dry cloth. Never use strong chemicals or abrasives to clean the refrigerator; they can do harm to the plastic and aluminum surfaces. If the refrigerator is not in use for a period of time, turn all power off, empty and clean the interior and leave the door slightly ajar.

To defrost refrigerator freezer, remove food and ice. Turn the thermostat OFF. To speed up the defrosting process, fill the ice trays with hot water. When all frost is melted, empty the drip tray and dry the interior of the refrigerator with a clean cloth. Replace the drip tray and ice trays, replace all food stuffs and set the thermostat at MAX for a few hours. Later, reset the thermostat knob to its normal position.

# ROOF AIR CONDITIONER

If you did not order the optional roof air conditioner at the time of purchase, your unit may be wired so that one can be installed later; ask your dealer. The roof air conditioner will operate only on 120-volt electricity.



ROOF AIR CONDITIONER CONTROLS

More than one type of roof air conditioner is installed at the factory. Consult your dealer and your

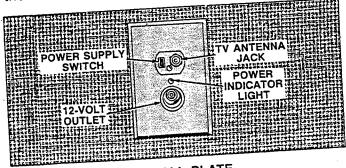
roof air conditioner manufacturer's manual for specific instructions for the one installed in your unit.

Before starting any model of roof air conditioner, close all doors and windows. The controls for the air conditioner are on a panel on the portion of the appliance that is attached to the ceiling inside your unit. You can select cooling or fan only.

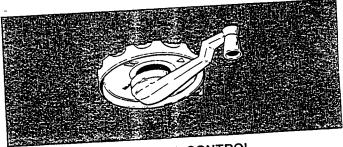
AIR CIRCULATING ONLY/COOLING — Turn the Selector Switch to COOLING, then rotate the thermostat to the position that is most comfortable to you and adjust the directional louvers to the desired direction of air flow. The compressor will cycle on and off, automatically maintaining the temperature you've set.

#### TV ANTENNA

Television reception can be better in many areas with an optional RV antenna. The TV antenna hookup includes an amplifying system, a coaxial connection for the antenna cable to your TV set, and a TV crank for inside control. Some systems also have 12-volt receptacles for TV sets designed to run on 12-volt DC power. The cable connection, amplifying system switch and power ON indicator light are on a wall plate. Several types are used so refer to the manufacturer's instructions for details.



TV WALL PLATE



TV ANTENNA CONTROL

#### INTERCOM

Communication between persons in the truck and in the truck camper is possible with the use of an optional intercom which operates on 12-volt electricity. To use, press the button down to talk. It will automatically return to the monitor position and allow you to hear the response.

#### **STORAGE**

You should follow these procedures if you will not be using your unit for an extended period of time:

The unit should be placed on suitable, sturdy blocking, with jacks down, on a firm, level surface. DO NOT store or use unit supported by jacks only.

#### LP GAS

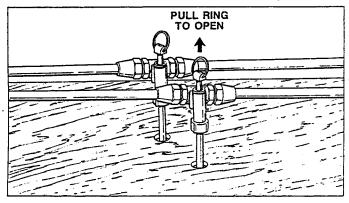
Close the LP gas container's Service valve. Extinguish all pilots and close all appliance LP gas valves (oven/range, water heater, refrigerator, furnace). Light a range burner to consume any gas remaining in the lines. When the flame burns out, turn the range burner off.

#### WATER HEATER

Drain the water heater. To drain, see Water Heater Draining in the APPLIANCE section of this manual.

#### WATER TANK

To drain the water tank, switch the water pump on and open all faucets. Remove the water tank's exterior drain cap, if so equipped, or open the tank's drain valve. Open all hot and cold water line drain valves. When the tank is empty, close all faucets and drain valves, and replace the drain cap.



WATER LINE DRAIN VALVES

#### WATER PUMP

When the water tank and water lines have been drained, remove the outlet hose from the pump. Turn the pump on, allowing it to pump out any remaining water, usually about a cupful. Use a towel or cloth to catch this water. Reattach the outlet hose.

#### **ELECTRICAL SYSTEM**

Turn off all circuit breakers at the Power Center.

#### **GENERAL**

Close and secure all doors and windows. Open a roof vent or window slightly to allow circulation, but not so far that rain or snow can enter.

#### WINTERIZATION

Make special preparations for storing your unit in cold winter climates. All systems and components should be inspected and, if necessary, repaired prior to storage. Winterize the unit before removing the RV battery.

NOTE: If you will be using your vehicle during cold weather, be certain to keep the fresh water system drained or use an approved, non-toxic RV antifreeze to prevent freeze-ups. Have an LP gas supplier add anhydrous methanol to your LP gas containers. Consult your authorized dealer for more information.

REFRIGERATOR: Remove all food from the refrigerator, defrost and wash and dry the inside. Prop the door open so air can circulate.

CABINETS: Check the staple foods in your cupboards and remove any that could freeze and be damaged. Leave cabinet and closet doors open a bit to prevent a musty odor or mildew.

HOLDING TANKS: The dump valve shafts should be inspected and lubricated, if necessary. Be certain the dump valves are closed.

FRESH WATER SYSTEM: Drain as described in the STORAGE section of this manual, then pour six gallons of non-toxic RV antifreeze into the gravity water fill. This will allow you to winterize the remainder of the fresh water system. Winterize the fresh water system by briefly opening all water faucets and switching the water pump on. Close the faucets when antifreeze flows out. Switch the pump off. Pour non-toxic antifreeze into both kitchen sinks and the shower drain, enough to fill P-traps.

# CAUTION

Do not use automotive antifreeze in the water system. It is poisonous.

WATER HEATER: Drain (see Water Heater Draining in APPLIANCE section). Although about two quarts of water will remain after the heater has been drained, there is ample room for expansion if it freezes. Add antifreeze to the water heater tank by opening a hot water faucet. When antifreeze appears at the spout, close the faucet.

WATER TANK: Drain by switching the water pump on and opening all faucets. Remove the water tank's exterior drain cap, if so equipped, or open the tank's drain valve. Open all hot and cold water line drain valves. When the tank is empty, close all faucets and drain valves, and replace the drain cap.

WATER PUMP: The water pump should be drained when the water tank and water lines have been drained. Remove the outlet hose from the pump. Turn pump on, allowing it to pump out any remaining water, usually about a cupful. Use a towel

or other cloth to catch this water. You can reattach the outlet hose now or later.

TOILET: Flush toilet until antifreeze is present in the bowl. Pour one gallon of fresh-water antifreeze down the toilet to winterize the waste water holding tank. The toilet water supply line should be drained completely and the water supply valve should be left open. On models with the black/white levers, block the white lever in the open position with a wad of paper. When using air pressure to drain the water line, toilet valve should be held in the open position. If water is inadvertently frozen in the toilet, do not flush until the ice is thawed.

LP GAS REGULATOR: Cover to keep moisture out of vent. LP gas system should be prepared as described in STORAGE section. Containers should have anhydrous methanol added by an LP gas supplier.

WINDOWS: Cover with newspaper or cardboard to protect fabrics from fading.

EXTERIOR VENTS: Cover range hood, refrigerator and furnace vents with plastic. Inspect all roof vents and replace, if necessary.

NOTE: Never use appliances with vent covers in place.

EXTERIOR: Clean and wax, lubricate locks and hinges. Check under the RV for any openings which would allow varmints to enter; seal if necessary. Lock securely. Inspect throughout the winter months and remove any snow accumulation from the roof with a long-handled broom or similar tool.

#### FIRE SAFETY

Prevention is the best form of fire safety. Observe the same precautions in your RV as you do in your home.

Use care with any open flame inside of your unit. Follow the instructions previously listed for the care and maintenance, and operation of the various appliances in your RV.

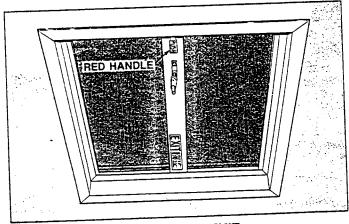
Make certain everyone in your party is familiar with the emergency features of the unit, the location of exits and the location and operation of fire extinguishers. A chemical fire extinguisher has been furnished with your unit. Check it regularly to be sure it is ready for emergency use. Immediately replace a fire extinguisher that is discharged or partially discharged. Fire extinguishers are located directly inside the front entrance door on either a cabinet or on the sidewall.

Do not bring or store LP gas containers, gasoline or other flammable liquids inside your RV.

#### **EMERGENCY EXITS**

Emergency exits are installed in some models.

These will be marked by a label which has one-inch red letters. Handles that must be operated to open emergency exits also will be colored red. Make certain your dealer explains the location and operation of emergency exits to you, and that you inform all members of your party.



**EMERGENCY EXIT** 

# **RV MAINTENANCE**

RV owners are noted for the pride they take in the appearance of their units. Proper maintenance will do more than keep your RV looking nice. It can help ensure trouble-free operation and maximum efficiency of the appliance and accessories. Failure to maintain the vehicle or its components may also constitute a breach of your warranty obligations. Read the various appliance and component manufacturers' manuals for specific maintenance information.

Unless otherwise noted, maintenance functions should be performed at least annually. All maintenance schedules listed are the minimum requirement; heavy use, unusual temperatures or humidity, or other environmental conditions may require more frequent maintenance. At the start of each season, or after a period of storage, thoroughly inspect and test all systems and components to be certain they are functioning properly before you use your RV.

AIRING of the unit is essential before you occupy it. See details under the AIR QUALITY and CONDENSATION sections of this manual. AWNING RAILS and bright metal parts should be cleaned and coated with silicone annually.

BODY should be washed to remove dirt, dust, road tar, bird and tree droppings, insects, and other foreign material from exterior surfaces. Use a mild soap in lukewarm water. Apply an automotive-type wax at least once a year.

COUNTER AND TABLE TOPS should be cleaned periodically with a mild detergent and polished with a product such as Pride or Pledge.

ELECTRICAL SYSTEM should be inspected and tested prior to each trip. Check the Shoreline for damage. Test the 120-volt system for proper polarity and voltage. You may want to purchase a ground monitor and a line voltage tester to perform these checks.

FABRICS need regular and continuing care. To keep them at their best, vacuum and brush away loose dirt before it becomes embedded and more difficult to remove. Clean spills and stains while fresh. VELVET fabrics should be cleaned with extreme care. Spills on velvet generally will bead-up. Blot them up quickly and gently so as not to force the stain deep into the fabric. If a stain remains, spot-clean using one of the methods described below. Wipe the stain in the direction of the pile to prevent distortion. When the fabric is dry, gently brush with a soft brush. Many velvet fabrics cannot be cleaned with water-based cleaning agents.

DRAPERIES, CURTAINS, BEDSPREADS should be dry-cleaned only.

CUSHIONS, CHAIRS may be labeled with the voluntary industry cleanability code. Because dyes or backings on some upholstery fabrics will be affected by water or solvents, the cleanability code will indicate the cleaning method that is safe for your fabric. If the furniture is not coded, test the fabric for discoloration on an inconspicous part of the furniture before spot-cleaning. The code is symbolized by the following letters:

W — Use only water-based cleaning agents or foam. Mix two tablespoons ammonia or detergent, such as Ajax liquid, with a quart of water. Wipe the stain gently with a clean cloth dampened with the solution. Continue wiping, turning the cloth so that you are always using a clean portion, until the stain is removed. Be careful not to wet the fabric too much. Always wipe from the outer edge of the stain toward the center.

S — Use only mild, pure, water-free dry-cleaning solvents, such as Energine or Carbona. Dampen a clean cloth with the solvent and follow the same procedure described under W.

WS — Either of the above methods may be used.

X — Clean fabric only by vacuuming or light brushing to remove soil. Do not use liquid cleaning agents of any kind.

#### TYPES OF STAINS:

WATER-BASED — ketchup, soft drinks, milk, etc. Remove using method W.

OIL-BASED — salad dressing, butter, greasy foods, etc. Use method S or, for flat-woven fabrics, not velvet, apply Texize  $K_2R$  Spot Remover according to directions.

COMBINATION — ice cream, gravy, etc. are both watery and oily. Remove these types of stains

using the S method and follow with the W method.

MUD — lift away what you can easily remove without forcing the mud into the fabric. Allow the remaining mud to dry completely, then vacuum. If the stain remains, clean with method W.

When overall cleaning is necessary, professional cleaners are recommended. However, if you wish to do it yourself, follow these suggestions:

- 1. Vacuum thoroughly.
- 2. Test fabric for discoloration on an inconspicous place using a foam cleaner such as Fibre Fresh Concentrate or Glamorene.
- If no discoloration appears, use cleaner on entire item. NOTE: Many velvet fabrics cannot be cleaned with water-based cleaning agents.
- 4. After cleaning, you may wish to apply Scotchguard fabric protector to such areas as furniture arms, backs and cushions.

NOTE: The above information is provided only as a service and should not be interpreted as a warranty. The list of cleaning agents does not constitute an endorsement of products; other similar products may be equally effective.

FLOOR COVERINGS should be cleaned as necessary. Damp mop vinyl floors and vacuum carpeting. Avoid using heavy moisture; it could enter and damage your floor.

HINGES should be inspected and lubricated with light household oil annually.

JACKS (manually operated) should be inspected prior to each trip and lubricated every 90 days. Hydraulic jacks also should be inspected prior to each trip, but lubrication is required annually. See the instructions provided with the jack installed on your unit for specific details. Periodically apply a small amount of WD-40 or similar lubricant at friction points of stabilizing jacks.

LOCKS AND LATCHES should be inspected and lightly lubricated with graphite at least annually.

LP GAS system should be inspected and adjusted as outlined in LP GAS section of this manual. Be certain mounting supports for tanks and bottles are secure. Before using, be sure all LP gas orifices and vents are clean.

LP GAS LINE CHECK should be performed frequently. Always check the gas line connection after each refill and inspect other connections regularly, at least every 30 days or 5,000 miles of travel. To check, turn off all burners and pilot lights. Open all doors and windows. Open the LP gas bottle Service valve and use an approved LP leak detector solution to test all line connections. Do not use products that contain ammonia or chlorine. Bubbles indicate a leak. Tighten the connection with two open end

wrenches until bubbles stop. If leak persists, contact your dealer.

PIGTAIL CONTACTS should be inspected and coated with WD-40 every 90 days.

ROOF, BODY, UNDERBELLY should be inspected for damage, rust or corrosion every 90 days and repaired as necessary. You may wish to undercoat the underbelly metal.

SEAMS OR JOINTS should be sealed around the roof, entrance doors, windows, roof and wall vents, access doors, storage compartments, roof edges, luggage racks, ladders, air conditioners, TV antenna, rails and moldings at least once each year with a similar high-quality sealant. Inspect all seams and joints at least twice a year and reseal as necessary. Some sealants cannot be applied over other types; when preparing areas to be resealed, scrape off old sealant. Clean metal areas with a vinegar and warm water solution. Clean fiberglass areas with mineral spirits before applying new sealant.

SHADES, BLINDS AND VALANCES should be vacuumed or wiped with a damp cloth.

SINKS in your unit's kitchen and bathroom should be cleaned with a cleaner that is non-abrasive. Stainless steel cleaner may be purchased at most grocery stores. ABS cleaner may be purchased from your authorized dealer.

STEP(S) should be inspected annually. Remove rust, and paint steps, lubricating moving parts.

TV ANTENNA exterior moving parts should be lubricated periodically.

VENTS should be inspected and cleaned annually; lightly oil all moving parts.

VINYL-COATED ceiling and wall panels should be cleaned with a mild soap and damp sponge as needed.

WATER HEATER control compartment should be kept clean and free of combustible material and flammable liquids. The vent and combustion air grille should be clear of any obstructions. Manually operate the pressure temperature relief valve at least once a year. Operate only when storage water in tank is cool. Should overheating occur, or the gas supply fail to shut off, turn off the manual gas control valve to the appliance. Periodically compare main and pilot burner flame with illustrations in the manufacturer's operating instruction manual. Do not tamper with the pilot orifice to increase the pilot flame size; this can cause high water temperature and failure of gas control.

WOOD CABINETRY should be protected and cleaned several times a year using any good non-silicone wood polish. Careful control of temperature and humidity will help reduce expansion and shrinkage of doors and door panels. If shrinkage occurs and unfinished parts of the door panels are exposed, cover the exposed areas with matching touchup stain available from your dealer.

# ADDITIONAL OR OPTIONAL EQUIPMENT WEIGHING OVER 20 LBS. WHEN INSTALLED

ALEGIETA COLUMNIA	82 lbs.
7100 BTU Roof Air Conditioner	18 lbs.
7 100 BT TIL Firence	48 lbs.
16000 BTO Furance	
24000 BTU Furnace	
Water Heater	60 lbs.
Water Heater	38 lbs.
Marine Toilet, Holding Tank, Lavatory	/ 103.
turners Book and Ladder	30 ID3.
Luggage hack and Luddor	18 lhs
Luggage Rack and Ladder	70 150.
3-Burner Range	70 103.
4 D or Dange W//UVPD	
OF LE TOO HOV WINCE	00
75 16 100 Boy M/ICO	JJ 150.
75 LB. ICE BOX Whose	88 lbs.
4 O C., Et Matridgrator	00.20
1.9 CuFt. Refrigerator	TOO IDS.
4 CuFt. Refrigerator	

#### APPENDIX A: PRE-TRAVEL CHECK

#### **GENERAL DRIVING CHECKS**

For your safety, make certain that the following items have been checked and rechecked before you take your RV unit on the road. Make certain that all items inside of your RV unit are secured (e.g., lawn chairs, pots and pans, TV, etc.). As you travel, these items (if not secured) may become damaged or may damage the interior of your unit.

JACKS — The jacks must be raised and secured in their proper place.

LIGHTS — The following lights should be tested on both the RV and the pickup truck: brake lights, warning lights, flashers, clearance lights, taillights and truck headlights. Clean all lens covers.

PIGTAIL — The pigtail should be connected properly to the truck's electrical harness.

REARVIEW MIRRORS — Adjust the rearview mirrors so that the driver can see the right and left sides of the unit.

#### OTHER DRIVING CHECKS

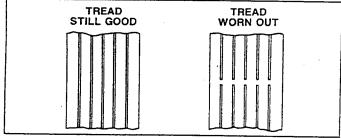
Whether you are departing from your home, rest area or campsite, you should check the following parts of your RV before you take off.

TIRES — Before each trip, check your tires for uneven wear, road damage, foreign objects or excessive peeling or bulging. Each morning, inspect the condition and pressure. Heat generated by surface friction will increase the tire's air pressure approximately six to nine psi; therefore, do not bleed air out of a hot tire. Inflate the tire to the recommended pressure (indicated either on the tire or in the manufacturer's instruction booklet).

NOTE: Proper tire inflation is extremely important.

A tire should be replaced when:

1. It is worn to 1/16-inch depth in two or more adjacent grooves.



TREAD WEAR INDICATOR

- 2. It is worn to the level of the tread indicators that are molded into the bottom of the tread grooves, or
- 3. The indicators appear in two or more adjacent grooves at three locations around the tire.

On new tire purchases, be certain that the new tire is the same size as the old tire and that the new tire has the same ply rating and load range as the old one. DO NOT mix radial-ply tires with bias or bias-belted tires.

POWER CORD — The 120-volt Shoreline power cord must be unplugged from the external source and placed into its compartment. The cord hatch must be secured before you travel.

WATER FILL HOSE(S) — All hoses must be disconnected and all hose caps must be secured before you travel.

SEWAGE TERMINATION VALVES — These valves must be closed and locked before you travel. The sewer hose must be removed from the termination valve outlet and stored in the appropriate compartment. Termination caps must be securely fastened to the termination valve outlet(s).

DOOR STEP — The door step must be returned to its travel position before the unit is safe for traveling. To do this, lift the front edge of the step and push it under the unit.

WINDOWS AND VENTS — All windows and vents should be closed completely or adjusted as desired before you travel.

TV ANTENNA — The TV antenna must be cranked down to its traveling position.

LP GAS BOTTLES — LP gas bottles and connections should be secured.

NOTE: Some states prohibit vehicles equipped with LP gas bottles from using tunnels. A few other states prohibit traveling with the Service Valve open and the pilots lit. Check the regulations of the state through which you intend to travel.

AWNING — Make sure the optional awning is raised and secured for travel, per the manufacturer's suggestions.

AUTOMOTIVE SYSTEM — Be sure to check your pickup truck as outlined in the truck manufacturer's owner's manual.

INTERIOR DOORS AND DRAWERS — Close and secure all interior doors and drawers in your unit. Store or secure all loose items.

EXTERIOR ACCESS DOORS — Exterior access doors for storage and equipment should be closed and locked.

REFRIGERATOR DOOR — Secure the refrigerator door with the travel latch.

STABILIZING JACKS — Remove and store the stabilizing jacks. If the jacks are permanently attached, completely retract and store them in their self-storage area.

#### APPENDIX C: TROUBLE SHOOTING

NOTE: Use the manufacturer's owner's manuals for all appliance trouble shooting.

#### **FURNACE DOES NOT LIGHT**

- ... Check the LP gas supply.
- ... If the furnace does not light after several attempts, do the following:
  - Turn the thermostat and the furnace gas control valve OFF.
  - Contact your RV dealer or service center. DO NOT attempt to repair or adjust the furnace yourself.

#### WATER PUMP FAILURE OR MALFUNCTION

If the pump fails to start when the switch is ON, check the fuse located in the converter. If the pump continues to operate whether the faucets are opened or closed, check the water tank. It might be empty or there might be a leak in the system. If water pump goes on and off, check all fittings for tightness and all lines for leaks.

#### NO POWER TO UNIT

- ... Check Shoreline. Make sure you have power to the Shoreline.
- ... Check the converter; the breaker switches might be off or tripped.

#### **CONVERTER MAKES CLICKING NOISE**

- ... Check circuit for overload.
- ... Check for reversed polarity at battery.
- ... Check for reversed AC polarity.

# UNIT HAS ELECTRICALLY CHARGED (HOT) CHASSIS

- ... Disconnect unit from electrical supply.
- ... Have unit inspected and repaired, if necessary, by a qualified service facility.

NOTE: Determine if Shoreline supply has proper polarity.

#### LIGHTS FLICKERING

Check to see if the following could be causing the problem: loose fuse holders, broken fuse, broken connection or wire, bad ground.

#### LIGHTS DIM OR HALF BRIGHT

Check battery condition. Possible converter malfunction. Possible low voltage from Shoreline.

#### SMELL GAS

- 1. Extinguish any open flames, pilot lights and all smoking materials.
- 2. Do not touch electrical switches.
- 3. Shut off the gas supply at the tank valve(s) or gas supply connection.
- 4. Open doors and other ventilating openings.
- Leave the area until odor clears.
- 6. Have the gas system checked and leakage source corrected before using again.

#### WASTE TANK WILL NOT DRAIN

Check for build up in tank at stool. Make sure stool holds water.

#### REFRIGERATOR WILL NOT COOL

Make sure unit is level. Check that lower and upper refrigerator vents are clear. If on gas, check gas supply.

#### TV ANTENNA HAS POOR RECEPTION

- ... Check connections at TV and wall plate.
- ... Make sure cable is in good condition at TV and antenna (not cut or nicked).
- ... Check antenna to ensure that it is pointed in the direction of the "sending" station.
- ... Check TV on another system known to work.

#### NO RUNNING LIGHTS

- ... Check plug at unit and tow vehicle.
- ... Check fuse in tow vehicle.
- ... Check bulbs.

#### TERMINATION VALVE LEAKS

- ... Check blade inside valve to see that it is clear.
- ... Check gasket at termination cap.

# APPENDIX B: TRAVEL PREPARATION CHECKLIST

#### CLOTHING

Underwear

Socks

Shoes, sandals

**Shirts** 

Blouses

Trousers

Slacks

**Dresses** 

Shorts

**Sweaters** 

**Jackets** 

Coats

Rainwear

Swim wear

Pajamas

#### TOOL CHEST

Screwdrivers

Pliers

Hammers

Tire pressure gauge

Small level

Electrical tape

Masking tape

Wrenches

Furnace duct tape

# CAMPSITE COMFORT

Dishwashing soap

Dish cloths

Dish towels

Garbage/trash bags

Mop

Broom

Vacuum cleaner

Dust pan

Paper towels

Foil or plastic wrap

Throw rug

#### SAFETY

First-aid kit

Flares

Reflectors

Tow rope and/or chain

# ADDITIONAL TOOLS

Hatchet

Shovel

Saw

12-volt portable tire pump

# SLEEPING GEAR

Sheets

Pillow cases

Mattress pads

Blankets

**Pillows** 

Sleeping bags

# PERSONAL COMFORT

**Towels** 

Wash cloths

Toilet paper

Soap

Tooth brush

Tooth paste

Personal toiletries

Scissors

Sewing kit

Ash trays

# MEAL PREPARATION

Bottle opener

Can opener

Matches

Pots, pans, skillets

Plates

Glasses and cups

Silverware

# MEAL PREPARATION Cont.

Knives, spatula, etc.

Baking pans

Coffee maker

Toaster

Plastic containers

## **ENTERTAINMENT**

Books/magazines

Binoculars

Camera, film, flash

Tape player

Toys/games

Playing cards

# MISC. EQUIPMENT

**Bucket** 

Fuses

Fresh water hose

Y-type water hose fitting

Flashlight

20-ft. 3-prong power cord

3-prong adapter with

grounding wire

Wheel chocks, leveling ramp, blocks or jack stands

Coat hangers

Folding yard chairs

# TRAVEL RECORD

TE	L RECORD	ODOMETER BEFORE	R READING ARRIVAL	TOTA	L 5	NOTES	
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# MAINTENANCE RECORD

DATE	MILEAGE	SERVICE SHOP NAME & ADDRESS	DESCRIPTION OF SERVICE
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# MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE\*

	Every Trip	Every 30 days or 1,000 miles	Every 60 days	Every 90 days or 2,500 miles	Every 6 months or 5,000 miles	Annually or 10,000 miles		REFERENCE
ITEM	X		-	-			A	ir Quality, Condensation, Maintenance, this manual
Airing	×	-	-	$\vdash$	1	X	A	appliances, this manual; Appliance Manufacturers' instructions
Appliances	<del> ^</del>	-	-	+-	$\dagger$	X	1	Naintenance, this manual
Awning Rails		├-	+-	╁╌	╁╌	X		Maintenance, this manual
Body	-	┼	┼	+	╁╌	+		Maintenance, this manual
Counter, Table Tops	×	┼	+-	+-	┼-	╁╴	1	Maintenance, this manual
Doors	<u> </u>	_	-	X	+	╀		Maintenance, this manual
Electrical System	X	1_		-	-	+.		Care of Fabrics, this manual
Fabrics	_		1			1		Maintenance, this manual
Floor Coverings	\ ×		4			4-	$\dashv$	Maintenance, this manual
Hinges						4	<u> </u>	this manual: Jack Manufacturer's manual
Jacks	>			_   :	<u> </u>	_	_	Maintenance, this manual; Lock/Latch Manufacturer's manual  Maintenance, this manual; Lock/Latch Manufacturer's manual
Locks & Latches					$\bot$	4	<u> </u>	LP Gas, this manual; Appliance Manufacturers' instructions
LP Gas	7;	x :	×			$\perp$	_	Maintenance, this manual; Pigtail Manufacturer's instructions
Pigtail Contacts	$\top$				×	$\perp$		
Roof, Body, Underbelly	$\top$	$\top$			×			Maintenance, this manual
Seams (Seal)	1	1		_		$\perp$	X	Maintenance, this manual
Shades, Valances	_	x						Maintenance, this manual
	1	$\times$					X	Maintenance, this manual; Step Manufacturer's instructions
Steps	$\dashv$	-	×					TV Antenna Manufacturer's instructions
TV Antenna		$\dashv$					X	Maintenance, this manual; Vent Manufacturer's instructions
Vents				<del>                                     </del>			$\vdash$	Maintenance, this manual
Vinyl Ceiling & Wall Panels		Х					+-	this manual: Water Heater Manufacturer's instruction
Water Heater		×		_			×	Maintenance, this manual; Window Manufacturer's instructions
Windows		×	<u> </u>		↓	_	+	u i monual
Wood Cabinetry		X		X	<u>L</u> _	<u> </u>		Maintenance, this manual manual temperatures or humic m requirements; heavy use, unusual temperatures or humic

<sup>\*</sup>Maintenance schedules listed are minimum requirements; heavy use, unusual temperatures or humidity, or other environmental conditions may require more frequent maintenance.

#### **APPLIANCE IDENTIFICATION FORM**

Should your unit or one of the appliances require warranty service, you will have to identify the manufacturer, model designator and serial number. Fill in this form as soon as possible. It will help you meet our identification requirement. Depending on your unit, certain items listed below may not be offered as either optional and/or standard. Most of this information can be found on the Recreational Vehicle Data Card attached to the inside of one of the kitchen cabinet doors.

EQUIPMENT	MANUFACTURER	MODEL DESIGNATOR	SERIAL NUMBER
Truck Camper			
Furnace			
Range and Oven			•
Converter			
Refrigerator			
Water Pump			
Water Heater			
Roof Air Conditioner			
Intercom			
Antenna			
Toilet			
Door Key			
Exterior Storage Compartment Keys	-		

#### **ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS**

LIGHT BULBS		TRUCK CAMPER PLUG CODE	DESIGNATOR	COLOR
Interior 12 VDC	<b>—</b> #1141	Back Up	S	Blue
Range Hood	— 25 Watt, 12 VDC	Interior	A	Black
Turn, Tail and Stop	<b>—</b> #1157	Right Turn	RT	Brown
Back Up	<del></del>	Left Turn	LT	Red
License Plate	<del></del> #67	Ground	GR	White
Clearance, Grab Handle	<del></del> #67	Running Lights	TM	Green
Patio	#93	<b>5 5</b> • •		<b>.</b>

120 VAC LIGHT BULB — Used in units without 40 Watt converter.

#### **FUSE/CIRCUIT BREAKER SIZES**

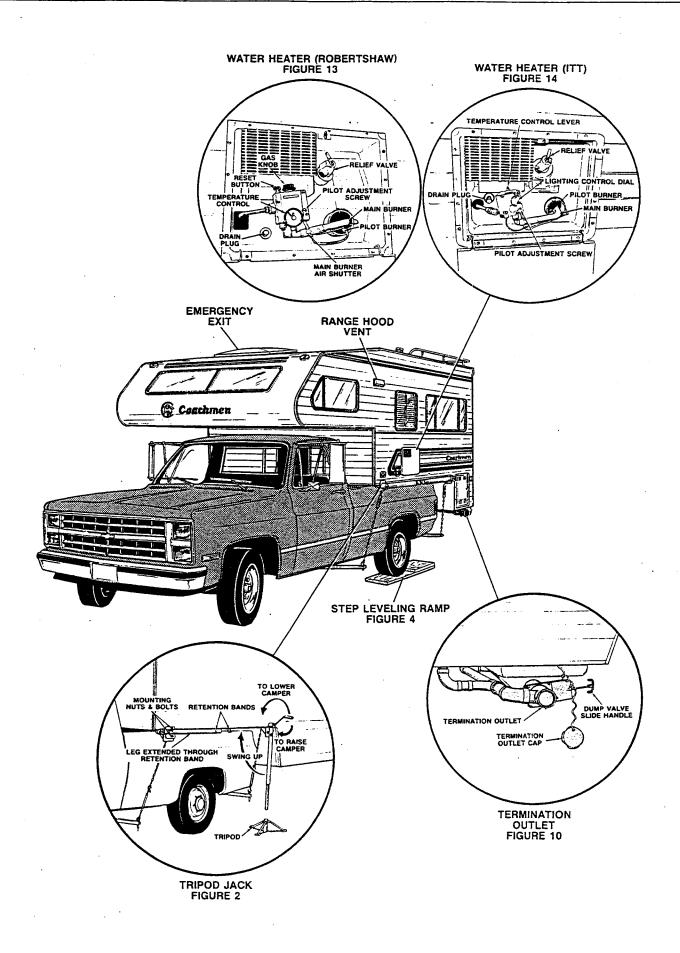
12 VDC Appliances — 15 Amp Fuse 120 VAC Circuits — 15 Amp Fuse 120 VAC Roof Air Conditioner — 20 Amp Breaker (U.S.A. Installation)

120 VAC Roof Air Conditioner (Canadian Installation)

- 15 Amp Breaker

WATER PUMP FUSE - 15 Amp Sio Bio

MISCELLANEOUS — See the advertising brochure for the exterior dimensions and weight ratings which pertain to your unit.

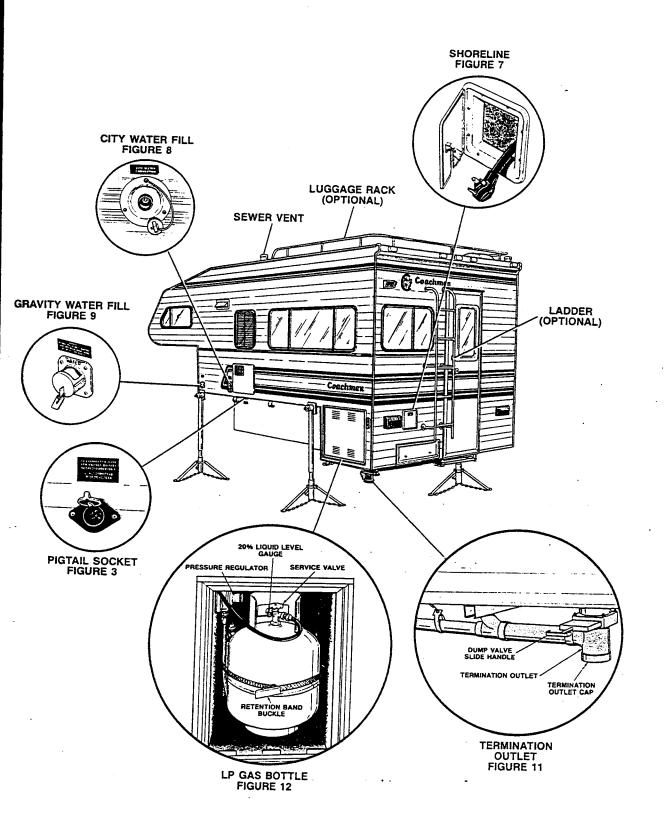


#### YOU'VE CHOSEN COACHMEN ALL-AROUND VALUE!

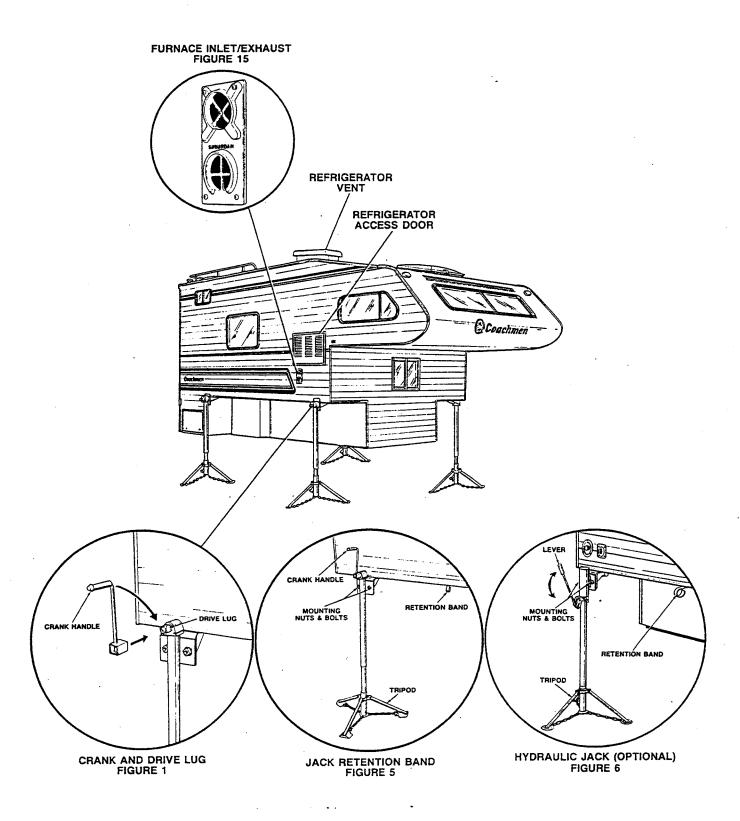
As a new Coachmen owner, you've made a sensible choice among recreational vehicles. Your Coachmen is built with care and craftsmanship, and your choice of Coachmen is backed by...

- Coachmen Industries, Inc., the world's largest full-line manufacturer of recreational vehicles.
- A coast-to-coast network of happy-to-serve-you dealers.
- Coachmen's famous "Buck-Stopper" customer service. Your Owner Registration Card is your ticket to fast, dependable, one-stop service nationwide and in Canada.
- The international Coachmen Caravan Owner's Club, to bring you the most pleasure in owning an RV.
- Traditional high trade-in-value for any recreational vehicle built by Coachmen!

COACHMEN - AMERICA'S #1 SELLING NAME IN RV'S.



# **COACHMEN TRUCK CAMPER**



VEHICLES SHOWN ARE FOR ILLUSTRATION PURPOSES ONLY: SOME ITEMS SHOWN ARE NOT AVAILABLE ON CERTAIN MODELS AND MAY BE OPTIONAL ON OTHERS.

