

ANGEL'S PUBLIC SCHOOL

SAMPLE PAPER

PERIODIC TEST - I SESSION 2024 - 25 CLASS - X CODE - 184

TIME: 2 HRS SUBJECT: ENGLISH LNG & LIT.

General Instruction.

(a) Section A comprises of 1 question carrying 10 marks

(b) Section B comprises of 2 questions carrying 6 and 9 marks

(c) Section C comprises of 4 questions carrying 4,3,4 and 4 marks.

SECTION - A (READING)

1. Read the passage given below and answer the questions that follow.

(10x1=10)

M.M:40

- 1 Mountains have always been held in great awe by mankind. They have been a challenge to humans. Those brave among us have always wanted to conquer them. You see, the more incredible the mountains, the greater the thrill a challenge to the bravery of the human race. Climbing mountains is an experience that is hard to put into words. You are in a beautiful environment and, when you reach the top, you feel incredible. But you also have to climb down, which is when most accidents happen people are tired, it gets dark, it's harder. So, mountain climbing is undoubtedly one of the most popular adventure sports along with being challenging and risky for the climber.
- 2 Without any perceived risk, there can't be a feeling that any significant challenge has been surmounted. Fair, but we have to bear in mind that mountaineering is not a sport that can be embraced without preparation. The enthusiasts must develop in themselves the spirit of adventure, willingness to undertake hardships and risks, extraordinary powers of perseverance, endurance, and keenness of purpose before climbing a mountain. They should also know how to handle the mountaineering equipment. Then comes the penance of the rigorous training. This could very well be the lifeline up there. It helps inculcate and hone survival instincts that allow the climber to negotiate perilous situations. There are numerous institutes in India and abroad that offer such training.
- 3 Mountain climbers are unanimous in agreeing that the unpredictable weather is what they fear the most. There may be sunshine one moment and a snowstorm the other. At higher altitudes, snow is a regular feature and being decisive about setting up camps or proceeding further is crucial. The icy sheets after ice storms make walking treacherous, while the powdery snow makes a mountaineer sink deep into the snow. Up there, where the intention is to embrace Nature's wonder, one realises that it cannot be done without facing its formidable glory. A true mountaineer may challenge the mountain, yet is always respectful to the powerful forces of nature.
- 4 Summiting mountains carries its own health risks such as oxygen and altitude sickness problems, frost bites, swelling of hands and feet, fluid collection in brain or lungs and exhaustion. Yet, the gratification mountaineers feel from mastering something that is so frightening, urges them to undertake these endeavours. We may think that the mountaineers are fearless, experts say, "Not at all. It's fear that keeps

them so intrigued with such arduous journeys." Impulse and brazenness can be deadly foes. In the words of the Indian mountaineer, Bachendri Pal, "The biggest risk ... is to not to take the risk at all. Remember that."

(444 words)

Based on your understanding of the passage, answer the questions given below.

1×10

1

- (i) Why does the writer say that mountains inspire 'awe' in humans? (Paragraph 1)
 - (a) They present us with opportunities for exciting sports.
 - (b) They evoke the wish in us, to master them.
 - (c) They inspire in us, deeds of valour.
 - (d) They represent peace and calm, to us.
- (ii) Select the option that corresponds to the following relation below:

The more incredible the mountains—the greater the thrill (Paragraph 1)

- (a) The higher the stamina—the lower the food intake
- (b) The more you laugh—the lesser your illness
- (c) The smaller the car—the bigger the advantage
- (d) The heavier the luggage—the higher the penalty

(iii)	So, mountain climbing is und	ays what the writer projects, with reference to the following: doubtedly one of the most popular adventure sports (Paragraph 1) (b) caution (c) conviction (d) denial	1	
(iv)	` '	(b) caution (c) conviction (d) denial a phrase from paragraph 1.	1	
	Opinion	Reason		
	*	Best experienced rather than described		
(v)	The writer compares training	ng to penance in the line —		
(.)		he rigorous training. (Paragraph 2)		
	State 1 point of similarity be	etween training and penance.	1	
(vi)	Based on your reading of the text, list 2 reasons why the writer says that "mountaineering is not a sport that can be embraced without preparation". (Paragraph 2) 1			
(vii)	What connect does the writer draw out between unpredictable weather and setting up of camps? (Paragraph 3)			
(viii)	The writer says, "A true mountaineer may challenge the mountain, yet is always respectful to the powerful forces of nature." (Paragraph 3)			
	Select the reason the moun	taineer is respectful to the forces of nature, up in the mountains. 1		
	(a) survival	(b) experience (c) tradition (d) directive		
(ix)	Supply 1 point to justify the			
		impulsive mountaineer is either disaster-prone or as good as dead. 1	ho	
(x)	mountain-climbers experies	IATE reason for the feeling of exhilaration on reaching a summit, that take.	1	
	(a) Achievement of a see			
	(b) Spectacular panorami	그 마음 하는 이 수 있는 사람이 되었다면 있는 것이 되었다. 그는 그 이 전경에 그리는 것이 되었다.		
	(c) Application of the inc	ulcated survival instincts		
	(d) Opportunity to use so	phisticated mountaineering equipment		
		<u>SECTION – B</u> (GRAMMAR AND WRITING)	[15]	
2. Fill	in the blanks by choosing	the correct option.	(6)	
	Ms. Wessels is late. He ma	•	` '	
. ,		iss (iii) have been missing (iv) be missing		
(b)	``	o invented the world wide web to spot train as a child.		
(10)		ved (iii) have loved (d) was loving		
(c)	()	ne of the most popular forms of <u>L</u> iterature.		
(0)		ere (iii) is (iv) has been		
(4)	()	()		
(u)		owing sentences with the correct form of verb given in brackets.		
	•	I going to school these days		
		to my town. (belong)		
	(iii) In Japan, the cars			
		Fimes Newspaper, highlighting increasing technological addiction among	(0)	
tne	youth.	SECTION C (LITEDATURE)	(9)	
4 Atto	mpt the following questions ir	SECTION – C (LITERATURE)	[15]	
		noney to Lencho? Why does he sign the letter as 'God'?	(4)	
(b) \	Why did Mrs.Pumphrey suffer in Explain: "Of a day I had rued".			
	For Robert Frost what do 'fire' ar	nd "ice' stand for ?		
	wer the following questions in		(3)	
(a) \	5 .	nk the narrator, a veterinary surgeon, is? Would you say he is tactful as well as		
(b) ⁷	Γhe following Sunday, at daybre	ak, he began to write a letter which he himself would carry to town and place the)	

mail.

(i) who is the lin this extract? (ii) To whom did the write a letter? (iii) what did the write in the letter?	
(c) In what mood was the poet before falling of snow on him? What do you understand by 'Dust' of Snow'?	
6. Answer the following questions in 100-120 words.	
(a) Read the following extract and answer the questions that follow.	(4)
Some say the world will end in fire	
Some say in ice.	
From what I've tasted of desire	
I hold with those who favour fire.	
(i) The above stanza debates whether the world will end in	
(ii) Both the elements mentioned in the first stanza have one similarity i.e. both can	
(iii) The poet favours those who believe that fire would cause final destruction. (True/False)	
(iv) The word that rhymes with 'fire' is	
(b) Write the brief character sketch of Mrs. Pumphrey.	(4)
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