

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

1. Identification		
Product identifier	Security Polymer Grout	
Other means of identification	None.	
Recommended use	Tile grout.	
Recommended restrictions	None known.	
Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/	Distributor information	
Suppliier		
Company name	Southern Grouts and Mortars, Inc.	
Address	1502 SW 2nd Place	
	Pompano Beach, Florida 33069	
Telephone number	(954) 943-2288	
Fax	(954) 943-2402	
Contact name	Technical Manager	
Website	WWW.SGM.CC	
Emergency telephone number	(954) 943-2288	
2. Hazard(s) identification		
Physical hazards	Not classified.	
Health hazards	Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 2
	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 1
	Sensitization, skin	Category 1
	Carcinogenicity	Category 1A
	Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure	Category 3 respiratory tract irritation
	Specific target organ toxicity, repeated exposure	Category 2 (Lung)
OSHA defined hazards	Not classified.	
Label elements		
Signal word	Danger	
Hazard statement	Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye dar cause cancer. May cause respiratory irritation.	nage. May cause an allergic skin reaction May cause damage to organs (Lung) t

tion. Mav through prolonged or repeated exposure. **Precautionary statement** Prevention Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not breathe dust. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace. If on skin: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Response Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a poison center/doctor. Storage Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up. Disposal Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Product becomes alkaline when exposed to moisture.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name		CAS number	%
Quartz		14808-60-7	25-80
Portland Cement		65997-15-1	15-60
Iron oxide		1309-37-1	0.01-6
Limestone		1317-65-3	0.01-6
Other components below rep	ortable levels		7.32
Composition comments	All concentrations are in percent by weig percent by volume.	ht unless ingredient is a gas. Gas	s concentrations are in
4. First-aid measures			
Inhalation	Inhalation of wet product not foreseeable remove the affected person immediately if you feel unwell.		
Skin contact	Remove contaminated clothing immediat eczema or other skin disorders: Seek me contaminated clothing before reuse.		
Eye contact	Do not rub eyes. Immediately flush eyes contact lenses, if present and easy to do		
ngestion	Never give anything by mouth to a victim INDUCE VOMITING. Rinse mouth thoroutis conscious. Get medical attention.		
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may inclusion. Permanent eye damage including tract, skin and eyes. Coughing. Discomfor cause redness and pain. May cause an a exposure may cause chronic effects.	blindness could result. Dusts ma ort in the chest. Shortness of brea	y irritate the respirator th. Skin irritation. May
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Provide general supportive measures an Symptoms may be delayed.	d treat symptomatically. Keep vic	tim under observation.
General information	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical ac of the material(s) involved, and take prec clothing before reuse.		
5. Fire-fighting measures			
Suitable extinguishing media	Water fog. Foam. Dry chemical powder. appropriate for surrounding fire.	Carbon dioxide (CO2). Use fire-e	xtinguishing media
Unsuitable extinguishing media	None known.		
Specific hazards arising from he chemical	During fire, hazardous combustion produ	icts are released that may include	e: Carbon oxides (CO)

Special protective equipment Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire. and precautions for firefighters

Fire fighting

equipment/instructions Specific methods

General fire hazards

Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.

Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions,
protective equipment and
emergency proceduresKeep unnecessary personnel away. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during
clean-up. Avoid inhalation of dust from the spilled material. Use a NIOSH/MSHA approved
respirator if there is a risk of exposure to dust/fume at levels exceeding the exposure limits. Do not
touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. If sweeping of a contaminated area is necessary use a dust suppressant agent which does not react with the product. Prevent entry into waterways, sewer, basements or confined areas. For a dry material spill, use a HEPA (high efficiency particle air) vacuum to collect material and place in a sealable container for disposal. Avoid dust formation. For a wet spill, absorb or cover with dry earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for disposal. Neutralize the spill area. Use materials that can withstand the potentially corrosive nature of this product. Do not get water inside containers. Following product recovery, flush area with water.
Environmental precautions	Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
7. Handling and storage	
Precautions for safe handling	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Minimize dust generation and accumulation. Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at places where dust is formed. Static electricity and formation of sparks must be prevented. Do not breathe dust. Do not get this material in contact with eyes. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store locked up. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Туре	Value	Form
Iron oxide (CAS 1309-37-1)	PEL	10 mg/m3	Fume.
Limestone (CAS 1317-65-3)	PEL	5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
		15 mg/m3	Total dust.
Portland Cement (CAS 65997-15-1)	PEL	5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
		15 mg/m3	Total dust.
US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFF	R 1910.1000)		
Components	Туре	Value	Form
Portland Cement (CAS 65997-15-1)	TWA	50 mppcf	
Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0.3 mg/m3	Total dust.
		0.1 mg/m3	Respirable.
		2.4 mppcf	Respirable.
US. ACGIH Threshold Limit	Values		
Components	Туре	Value	Form
Iron oxide (CAS 1309-37-1)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
Portland Cement (CAS 65997-15-1)	TWA	1 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0.025 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to	Chemical Hazards		
Components	Туре	Value	Form
Iron oxide (CAS 1309-37-1)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Dust and fume.
Limestone (CAS 1317-65-3)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Respirable.
		10 mg/m3	Total
Portland Cement (CAS 65997-15-1)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Respirable.
,		10 mg/m3	Total
Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0.05 mg/m3	Respirable dust.
ogical limit values	No biological exposure limits noted f	for the ingredient(s).	
osure guidelines	Occupational exposure to nuisance	•	spirable crystalline silica
	should be monitored and controlled.		

Appropriate engineering controls	Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. Ventilation should be sufficient to effectively remove and prevent buildup of any dusts or fumes that may be generated during handling or thermal processing. If engineering measures are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of dust particulates below the Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL), suitable respiratory protection must be worn. If material is ground, cut, or used in any operation which may generate dusts, use appropriate local exhaust ventilation to keep exposures below the recommended exposure limits.
Individual protection measures	, such as personal protective equipment
Eye/face protection	In situations where there is potential splash or puff exposure of cement products, wear safety glasses with side shields or goggles. In extremely dusty or unpredictable environments wear unvented or indirectly vented goggles. Contact lenses should not be worn when working with cement or cement products.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	Wear protective gloves.
Skin protection	
Other	Prevention is essential to avoiding potentially severe skin injury. Avoid contact with unhardened wet Portland cement products. If contact occurs, promptly wash affected area with soap and water. Where prolonged exposure to unhardened Portland cement products might occur, wear impervious clothing and gloves to prevent skin contact. Wear sturdy boots that are impervious to water and eliminate foot and ankle exposure. Do not rely on barrier crèmes; barrier crèmes should not be used in place of gloves.
Respiratory protection	Avoid tasks which cause dust to become airborne. Use local or general ventilation to control exposure below applicable exposure limits. Use NIOSH/MSHA approved (30 CFR 11) or NIOSH approved (42 CFR 84) respirators in poorly ventilated areas, or if an applicable exposure limit is exceeded, or when dust causes discomfort or irritation. Not available.
General hygiene considerations	Periodically wash affected areas contacted by dry or wet cement products with a pH neutral soap. When using, do not eat, drink, or smoke. Wash again at the end of work. If clothing becomes saturated with wet cement products, it should be removed and replace with clean dry clothing.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
Physical state	Solid.
Form	Powder. Coarse Textured Powder.
Color	Gray/white.
Odor	Odorless.
Odor threshold	Not available.
рН	Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	Not available.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	Not available.
Flash point	Not available.
Evaporation rate	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available.
Upper/lower flammability or expl	osive limits
Flammability limit - lower (%)	Not available.
Flammability limit - upper (%)	Not available.
Explosive limit - lower (%)	Not available.
Explosive limit - upper (%)	Not available.
Vapor pressure	Not available.
Vapor density	Not available.
Relative density	2.5
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility (water)	Miscible.

Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	Not available.
Other information	
Explosive properties	Not explosive.
Oxidizing properties	Not oxidizing.

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity Chemical	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
stability Possibility of	Material is stable under normal conditions.
hazardous reactions	No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.
Conditions to avoid	Contact with incompatible materials. Moisture.
Incompatible materials	Powerful oxidizers. Chlorine. Mineral acid.
Hazardous decomposition products	No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation	Dust may irritate respiratory system. Contact with moist mucous membranes of the respiratory system can cause a caustic condition resulting in burns. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation.
Skin contact	Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Prolonged contact with wet cement/mixture may cause burns.
Eye contact	Causes serious eye damage. Prolonged contact with wet cement/mixture may cause burns.
Ingestion	Irritating. May cause nausea, stomach pain and vomiting. Expected to be a low ingestion hazard.
Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics	Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Permanent eye damage including blindness could result. Dusts may irritate the respiratory tract, skin and eyes. Coughing. Discomfort in the chest. Shortness of breath. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Dermatitis. Rash.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity	May cause respiratory irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
Components	Species	Test Results
Iron oxide (CAS 1309-37-1)		
Acute		
Oral		
LD50	Rat	> 10000 mg/kg
Skin corrosion/irritation	Causes skin irritation.	
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Causes serious eye dama	ge.
Respiratory or skin sensitizatio	n	
Respiratory sensitization	Not a respiratory sensitize	х Т
Skin sensitization	May cause an allergic skin	reaction.
Germ cell mutagenicity	No data available to indica mutagenic or genotoxic.	te product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are
Carcinogenicity	May cause cancer by inhalation. This product has the potential for generation of respirable dust during handling and use. Dust may contain respirable crystalline silica. Crystalline silica (inhaled in the form of cristobalite or quartz) has been classified by IARC, NTP and ACGIH as a known human carcinogen and suspected human carcinogen respectively. Overexposure to dust may result in pneumocononiosis, a respiratory disease caused by inhalation of mineral dust, which can lead to fibrotic changes to the lung tissue, or silicosis, a respiratory disease caused by inhalation of silica dust, which can lead to inflammation and fibrosis of the lung tissue. Occupational exposure to respirable dust and respirable crystalline silica should be monitored and controlled. May cause delayed lung injury.	

IARC Monographs. Overall Ev	valuation of Carcinogenicity
Iron oxide (CAS 1309-37-1 Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7) NTP Report on Carcinogens) 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans. 1 Carcinogenic to humans.
Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7)	Known To Be Human Carcinogen. Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)
Not regulated.	
Reproductive toxicity	This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	May cause respiratory irritation.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	May cause damage to organs (Lung) through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Aspiration hazard	Not an aspiration hazard.
	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.
12. Ecological information	
Ecotoxicity	The product is not classified as environmentally bazardous. However, this does not exclude the

Ecotoxicity	The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.
Persistence and degradability	No data is available on the degradability of this product.
Bioaccumulative potential	No data available.
Mobility in soil	No data available.
Other adverse effects	None known.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions	Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.	
Local disposal regulations	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.	
Hazardous waste code	The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.	
Waste from residues / unused products	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).	
Contaminated packaging	Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.	

14. Transport information

DOT

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

ΙΑΤΑ

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

IMDG

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

Transport in bulk according to Not applicable. Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not regulated.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Not listed.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA) Immediate Llas

Hazard categories	Immediate Hazard - Yes Delayed Hazard - Yes Fire Hazard - No Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No	
SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance		
Not listed.		
SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical	Yes	

SARA 313 (TRI reporting) Not regulated.

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Not regulated.

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act Not regulated. (SDWA)

US state regulations

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

Iron oxide (CAS 1309-37-1) Limestone (CAS 1317-65-3) Portland Cement (CAS 65997-15-1) Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Iron oxide (CAS 1309-37-1) Limestone (CAS 1317-65-3) Portland Cement (CAS 65997-15-1) Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

Iron oxide (CAS 1309-37-1) Limestone (CAS 1317-65-3) Portland Cement (CAS 65997-15-1) Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7)

US. Rhode Island RTK

Not regulated.

US. California Proposition 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

US - California Proposition 65 - Carcinogens & Reproductive Toxicity (CRT): Listed substance

Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7)

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	No
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	Yes
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	No

Country(s) or region

Inventory name

United States & Puerto Rico Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory

*A "Yes" indicates this product complies with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s).

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date	23-May-2016
Revision date	-
Version #	01
HMIS® ratings	Health: 3* Flammability: 0 Physical hazard: 0
NFPA ratings	30

Disclaimer

Southern Grouts and Mortars cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use. The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available.