

SAFETY DATA SHEET

POOL LOGIC® THINK CLEAR STABILIZED CHLORINATING CONCENTRATE IN LARGE 3" TABLETS

1. Identification	
Product identifier	
Product name	POOL LOGIC® THINK CLEAR STABILIZED CHLORINATING CONCENTRATE IN LARGE 3" TABLETS
Internal identification	EPA Reg No. 42177-18
Recommended use of the che	emical and restrictions on use
Application	Swimming pool sanitizer
Uses advised against	No specific uses advised against are identified.
Details of the supplier of the s	afety data sheet
Supplier	Aliance Trading Inc. 109 NorthPark Boulevard 4th Floor Covington LA 70433 (985) 892-5521
Manufacturer	HEZE HUAYI CHEMICAL CO., LTD. 13 East Qungnian Road, Juancheng, Shandong, China +86-5302411246
Emergency telephone number	<u>r</u>
Emergency telephone	(ChemTel) +1-800 255-3924; INTL +1- 813 248-0585
2. Hazard(s) identification	
Classification of the substance	e or mixture
OSHA Regulatory Status	This Product is Hazardous under the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard.
Physical hazards	Ox. Sol. 3 - H272
Health hazards	Acute Tox. 4 - H302 Eye Irrit. 2A - H319 STOT SE 3 - H335
Environmental hazards	Aquatic Acute 1 - H400 Aquatic Chronic 1 - H410
Label elements	
Hazard symbols	

Signal word

Warning

Hazard statements	 H272 May intensify fire; oxidizer. H302 Harmful if swallowed. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	 P210 Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and hot surfaces. No smoking. P220 Keep away from combustible materials. P221 Take any precaution to avoid mixing with combustibles. P261 Avoid breathing dust. P264 Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling. P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. P273 Avoid release to the environment. P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection. P301+P312 If swallowed: Call a poison center/ doctor if you feel unwell. P304+P340 If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P305+P351+P338 If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P330 Rinse mouth. P370+P378 In case of fire: Use foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog to extinguish. P391 Collect spillage. P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. P405 Store locked up. P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.
Contains	Trichloroisocyanuric acid
Biocide Labeling	This product contains substances with biocidal properties.

Other hazards

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Trichloroisocyanuric acid		>99
CAS number: 87-90-1		
M factor (Acute) = 1	M factor (Chronic) = 1	
Classification		
Ox. Sol. 2 - H272		
Acute Tox. 4 - H302		
Eye Irrit. 2A - H319		
STOT SE 3 - H335		
Aquatic Acute 1 - H400		
Aquatic Chronic 1 - H410		

The full text for all hazard statements is displayed in Section 16.

4. First-aid measures

Description of first aid measures

General information

Get medical attention immediately. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical personnel.

Inhalation	Remove affected person from source of contamination. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt. When breathing is difficult, properly trained personnel may assist affected person by administering oxygen. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place.
Ingestion	Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Give a few small glasses of water or milk to drink. Stop if the affected person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless under the direction of medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt.
Skin Contact	Rinse with water.
Eye contact	Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes.
Protection of first aiders	First aid personnel should wear appropriate protective equipment during any rescue. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it from the affected person, or wear gloves. It may be dangerous for first aid personnel to carry out mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.
Most important symptoms and	effects, both acute and delayed
General information	See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.
Inhalation	A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Irritation of nose, throat and airway. Difficulty in breathing. Coughing.
Ingestion	May cause discomfort if swallowed. Stomach pain. Nausea, vomiting.
Skin contact	Prolonged contact may cause dryness of the skin.
Eye contact	Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Pain. Profuse watering of the eyes. Redness.
Indication of immediate medic	al attention and special treatment needed
Notes for the doctor	Treat symptomatically.
5. Fire-fighting measures	
Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	The product is not flammable. Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog. Use fire-extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
Special hazards arising from t	he substance or mixture
Specific hazards	May cause or intensify fire; oxidizer. This product is toxic.
Hazardous combustion products	Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Toxic gases or vapors.
Advice for firefighters	

Protective actions during firefighting	Avoid breathing fire gases or vapors. Evacuate area. Keep upwind to avoid inhalation of gases, vapors, fumes and smoke. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. May cause or intensify fire; oxidizer. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove them from the fire area if it can be done without risk. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment. Control run-off water by containing and keeping it out of sewers and watercourses. If risk of water pollution occurs, notify appropriate authorities.
Special protective equipment for firefighters	Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing. Standard Firefighter's clothing including helmets, protective boots and gloves will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.
6. Accidental release measure	IS
Personal precautions, protecti	ve equipment and emergency procedures
Personal precautions	No action shall be taken without appropriate training or involving any personal risk. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel away from the spillage. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Follow precautions for safe handling described in this safety data sheet. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Ensure procedures and training for emergency decontamination and disposal are in place. Do not touch or walk into spilled material. Avoid inhalation of dust. Use suitable respiratory protection if ventilation is inadequate.
Environmental precautions	
Environmental precautions	Avoid discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment.
Methods and material for cont	ainment and cleaning up
Methods for cleaning up	Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Clear up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Do not use sawdust or other combustible material. Provide adequate ventilation. Collect spillage with a shovel and broom, or similar and reuse, if possible. Collect and place in suitable waste disposal containers and seal securely. Flush contaminated area with plenty of water. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Neutralize with alkali. Caution. May generate heat. Dangerous for the environment. Do not empty into drains. For waste disposal, see Section 13.
Reference to other sections	For personal protection, see Section 8. See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. See Section 12 for additional information on ecological hazards. For waste disposal,
	see Section 13.
7. Handling and storage	
7. Handling and storage Precautions for safe handling	

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage classOxidizer storage.Specific end uses(s)The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.	Storage precautions	Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Store locked up. Keep away from flammable and combustible materials. Store away from the following materials: Alkalis. Keep only in the original container. Keep container tightly closed, in a cool, well ventilated place. Keep containers upright. Protect containers from damage. Utilize retaining walls to prevent soil and water pollution in the event of spillage. The storage area floor should be leak-tight, jointless and not absorbent.
	Storage class	Oxidizer storage.
Specific end use(s) The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.	Specific end uses(s)	
	Specific end use(s)	The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.

8. Exposure controls/Personal protection

Exposure controls

Protective equipment



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Appropriate engineering controls	Provide adequate ventilation. Personal, workplace environment or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls as the primary means to minimize worker exposure. Personal protective equipment should only be used if worker exposure cannot be controlled adequately by the engineering control measures. Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained. Ensure operatives are trained to minimize exposure.
Eye/face protection	Eyewear complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates eye contact is possible. Personal protective equipment for eye and face protection should comply with OSHA 1910.133. Wear tight-fitting, chemical splash goggles or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.
Hand protection	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. To protect hands from chemicals, gloves should comply with OSHA 1910.138 and be demonstrated to be impervious to the chemical and resist degradation. Considering the data specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are retaining their protective properties and change them as soon as any deterioration is detected. Frequent changes are recommended.
Other skin and body protection	Appropriate footwear and additional protective clothing complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contamination is possible.
Hygiene measures	Provide eyewash station and safety shower. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Clean equipment and the work area every day. Good personal hygiene procedures should be implemented. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Preventive industrial medical examinations should be carried out. Warn cleaning personnel of any hazardous properties of the product.

Respiratory protection	Respiratory protection complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates inhalation of contaminants is possible. Ensure all respiratory protective equipment is suitable for its intended use and is NIOSH approved. Check that the respirator fits tightly and the filter is changed regularly. Gas and combination filter cartridges should comply with OSHA 1910.134. Full face mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with OSHA 1910.134. Half mask and quarter mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with OSHA 1910.134. Half mask and quarter mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with OSHA 1910.134.
Environmental exposure controls	Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties	
Appearance	Solid. Tablet.
Color	White.
Odor	Characteristic.
Odor threshold	No information available.
рН	pH (diluted solution): 2.7-3.3 1% 25°C Water.
Melting point	No information available.
Initial boiling point and range	Not applicable.
Flash point	Not applicable.
Evaporation rate	No information available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	No information available.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	No information available.
Vapor pressure	No information available.
Vapor density	No information available.
Relative density	No information available.
Bulk density	2.07 g/cm3 25°C
Solubility(ies)	12 g/l water @ 25°C
Partition coefficient	log Kow: ~ 0.94
Auto-ignition temperature	No information available.
Decomposition Temperature	225°C
Viscosity	Not applicable.
Other information	None.
10. Stability and reactivity	

Reactivity

May intensify fire; oxidizer.

Stability	Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Stable under the prescribed storage conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	May cause or intensify fire; oxidizer. Reactions with the following materials may cause explosions: Organic compounds. Oxides of nitrogen. Ammonia. Oxidizing substance Reducing agents. Water
Conditions to avoid	Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition. Protect from moisture.
Materials to avoid	Alkalis. Amines. Reducing agents. Flammable/combustible materials. Hydrocarbons. Organic cyanides (nitriles). Esters. Some metals. Ammonia.
Hazardous decomposition products	Does not decompose when used and stored as recommended. Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Toxic gases or vapors. Chlorine. Oxides of nitrogen. Phosgene (COCI2).

11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects		
Acute toxicity - oral		
Summary	Harmful if swallowed.	
ATE oral (mg/kg)	505.05	
Acute toxicity - dermal		
Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Acute toxicity - inhalation		
Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Skin corrosion/irritation		
Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Extreme pH	Moderate pH (> 2 and < 11.5).	
Serious eye damage/irritation		
Summary	Causes serious eye damage.	
Respiratory sensitization		
Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Skin sensitization		
Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Germ cell mutagenicity		
Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Carcinogenicity		
Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
IARC carcinogenicity	None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.	
Reproductive toxicity		
Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Specific target organ toxicity -	single exposure	
Summary	May cause respiratory irritation.	

Target organs	Respiratory system, lungs	
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure		
Summary	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.	
Aspiration hazard		
Summary	Not relevant. Solid.	
General information	The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.	
Inhalation	A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Irritation of nose, throat and airway. Difficulty in breathing. Coughing.	
Ingestion	May cause discomfort if swallowed. Stomach pain. Nausea, vomiting.	
Skin Contact	Prolonged contact may cause dryness of the skin.	
Eye contact	Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms following overexposure may include the following: Pain. Profuse watering of the eyes. Redness.	
Route of exposure	Ingestion Inhalation Skin and/or eye contact	
Target Organs	Respiratory system, lungs	
12. Ecological information		
Acute aquatic toxicity		
Summary	Very toxic to aquatic life.	
Chronic aquatic toxicity		
Summary	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	
Persistence and degradability		
Persistence and degradability	The degradability of the product is not known.	
Bioaccumulative potential		
Bio-Accumulative Potential	No data available on bioaccumulation.	
Partition coefficient	log Kow: ~ 0.94	
Mobility in soil		
Mobility	The product is water-soluble and may spread in water systems.	
Other adverse effects		
Other adverse effects	None known.	
13. Disposal considerations		

Waste treatment methods

General information	The generation of waste should be minimized or avoided wherever possible. Reuse or recycle products wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Disposal of this product, process solutions, residues and by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any local authority requirements. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been thoroughly cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues and hence be potentially hazardous.
Disposal methods	Do not empty into drains. Dispose of surplus products and those that cannot be recycled via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste, residues, empty containers, discarded work clothes and contaminated cleaning materials should be collected in designated containers, labeled with their contents. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
14. Transport information	

UN Number	
UN No. (TDG)	2468
UN No. (IMDG)	2468
UN No. (ICAO)	2468
UN No. (DOT)	UN2468
UN proper shipping name	
Proper shipping name (TDG)	TRICHLOROISOCYANURIC ACID, DRY
Proper shipping name (IMDG)	TRICHLOROISOCYANURIC ACID, DRY
Proper shipping name (ICAO)	TRICHLOROISOCYANURIC ACID, DRY
Proper shipping name (DOT)	TRICHLOROISOCYANURIC ACID, DRY
Transport hazard class(es)	
DOT hazard class	5.1
DOT hazard label	5.1
TDG class	5.1
TDG label(s)	5.1
IMDG Class	5.1
ICAO class/division	5.1

Transport labels



DOT transport labels



Packing group

TDG Packing Group	II
IMDG packing group	II
ICAO packing group	II
DOT packing group	II
Environmental hazards	
Environmentally Hazardous S	Substance
Special precautions for user	
EmS	F-G, S-Q
15. Regulatory information	
Regulatory References	OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR §1910.1200
US Federal Regulations	
SARA Section 302 Extremel	ly Hazardous Substances Tier II Threshold Planning Quantities
None of the ingredients are	listed.
CERCLA/Superfund, Hazard	dous Substances/Reportable Quantities (EPA) listed.
SARA Extremely Hazardous None of the ingredients are	s Substances EPCRA Reportable Quantities listed.
SARA 313 Emission Reporti	ing
None of the ingredients are	-
CAA Accidental Release Pre	evention
None of the ingredients are	listed.
FDA - Essential Chemical	
None of the ingredients are	listed or exempt.
FDA - Precursor Chemical	
None of the ingredients are	listed or exempt.
SARA (311/312) Hazard Cat	tegories
Acute toxicity (any route of e	exposure)
Oxidizer (liquid, solid or gas) Serious eye damage or eye	irritation
Specific target organ toxicity	(single or repeated exposure)
OSHA Highly Hazardous Cl	
None of the ingredients are	listed.
US State Regulations	
California Proposition 65 Ca	rcinogens and Reproductive Toxins
None of the ingredients are	listed or exempt.
California Air Toxics "Hot Sp	pots" (A-I)
None of the ingredients are	

California Air Toxics "Hot Spots" (A-II) None of the ingredients are listed.

California Directors List of Hazardous Substances The following ingredients are listed:

Massachusetts "Right To Know" List The following ingredients are listed:

Rhode Island "Right To Know" List The following ingredients are listed:

Minnesota "Right To Know" List None of the ingredients are listed.

New Jersey "Right To Know" List All ingredients are listed.

Pennsylvania "Right To Know" List All ingredients are listed.

Inventories

EU - EINECS/ELINCS EINECS

Canada - DSL/NDSL DSL

US - TSCA Present.

Australia - AICS Present.

Japan - ENCS Present.

Korea - KECI Present.

China - IECSC Present.

Philippines - PICCS Present.

New Zealand - NZIOC Present.

16. Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet	TDG: The transport of dangerous goods act
	 IATA: International air transport association. ICAO: Technical instructions for the safe transport of dangerous goods by air. IMDG: International maritime dangerous goods. CAS: Chemical abstracts service. ATE: Acute toxicity estimate. LC₅₀: Lethal concentration to 50 % of a test population. LD₅₀: Lethal dose to 50% of a test population (median lethal dose). EC₅₀: 50% of maximal effective concentration. PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic substance. vPvB: Very persistent and very bioaccumulative.
Classification abbreviations and acronyms	Ox. Sol. = Oxidising solid Acute Tox. = Acute toxicity Eye Dam. = Serious eye damage STOT SE = Specific target organ toxicity-single exposure Aquatic Acute = Hazardous to the aquatic environment (acute) Aquatic Chronic = Hazardous to the aquatic environment (chronic)
Training advice	Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Only trained personnel should use this material.
Revision date	9/23/2020
SDS No.	425
Hazard statements in full	 H272 May intensify fire; oxidizer. H302 Harmful if swallowed. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H400 Very toxic to aquatic life. H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
End of Sofety Date Sheet	

End of Safety Data Sheet

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.