

JOURNEY TO INDIA
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Discover India from North to West from West to South.

An enriching voyage to India: 31 days a relieve journey, starts from North India, traversing through central part of India down to South and East and West costal parts of India. **Journey date is 11th February – 13th March '2018.**

INDIA: - Dear friends here I present a big portrayal of India, a perfect way to witness charisma of India.



If you have a vision or a dream to recognize and distinguish India in its parameter of enriching diversity, India is Land which is full of amazing religious mixture. Societies in Vast Indian sub-continent have unmatched and exceptional cultures, languages and food habits.

It is worth to witness, 5000 years of History of the Land which cultivated the expansion of Indian civilization. India has been strengthening through cross cultural contact and set apart by unity in diversity of cultural, race, caste, religion and languages. India is home to six major religions, that is Hinduism, Islam, Buddhism, Jainism, Christianity, Zoroastrianism and Sikhism. Aryan and Dravidian language, with 18 official languages with countless tribal languages and dialects. Make INDIA worth to visit.

This journey is a blend of a majestic travel through. Combined tour of five major Indian states like (Delhi, Uttar Pradesh, Madhya Pradesh, Karnataka and Tamil Naidu, each state provides its own ambiance). In terms of impressive Moghul monuments, striking Islamic mosques, dazzling Hindu and Jain temples, gigantic golden marine beaches, people and cultural, visit to Ghana national park Travel by modern railway network, metros, comfortable cars and man pulled Rickshaws ,which is an extreme from western view. Your stay is designed in luxury hotels, exotic meals, In short all that what can add to travelers vision.

Tour begins from: - Delhi

Image of jamia Mosque
Delhi.



located in old part of

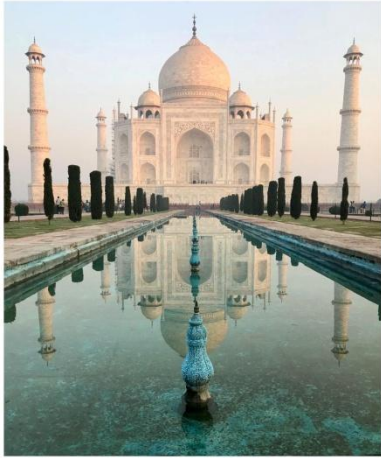
Delhi itself is a splendid
and diverse histories
plain words in few
Because of its calculated

city so is, their vast
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location, Delhi

always counted as a significant city. It is believed the city was first formed by Pandavas (5 brothers who are main champions of famous Indian epic know as Mahabharata) around 1500 BC, have their administrative office at the site where we have now old fort (Locally called Purana Qilla) which is close to Delhi Zoo. The history takes further back to 1320 the city was build near (present Monument – Qutab Minar). Delhi is hub for Moghul monuments like, Humayun's tomb, Lodi tomb and many more highlights are referred in my pre-prepared Itinerary. Which I can mail on demand,

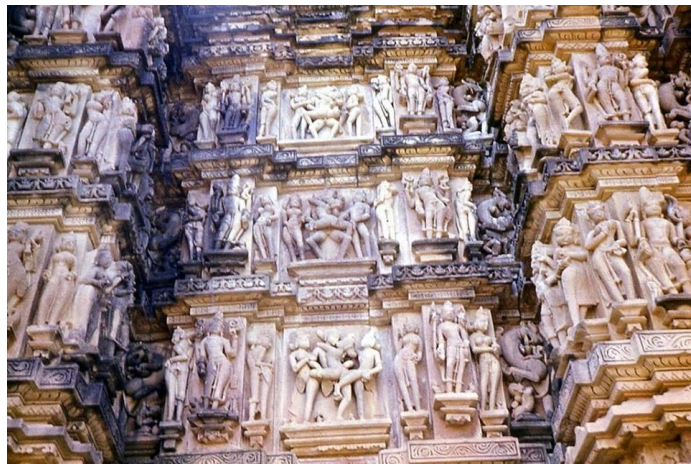
AGRA: -

Taj Mahal –



This monument symbolizes love.

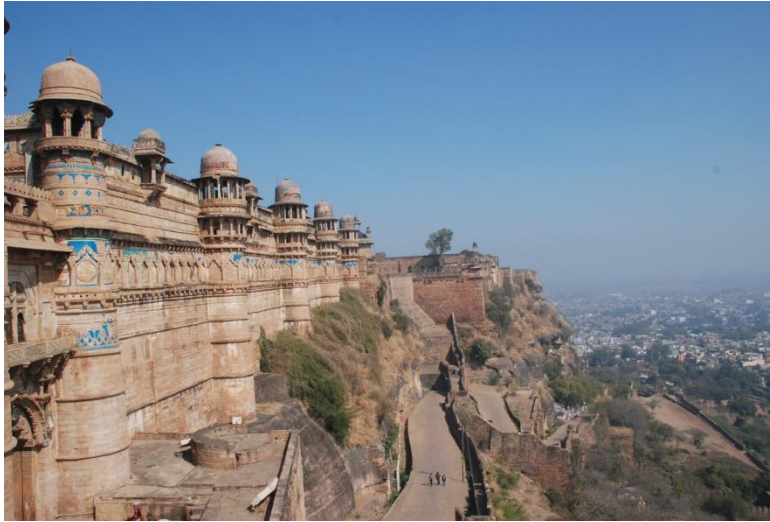
The history of Agra is closely knotted with Moghul Kings. It is believed that original name of the city was Agarban, in 1475 Delhi Sultanate, made Agra their Capital. Foundation of Present Agra was laid by Moghul king Akbar, the city was then centre of art, and learning during Akbar's period. Agra can boast being birth place to a new religion (Know as din'a' illhai) means all religions can co-exist in peace. Moghul influence is very much visible in Agra even now. Agra is famous for Romantic Taj Mahal, Red fort (details are referred in my itinerary).



MADHYA PRADESH: -

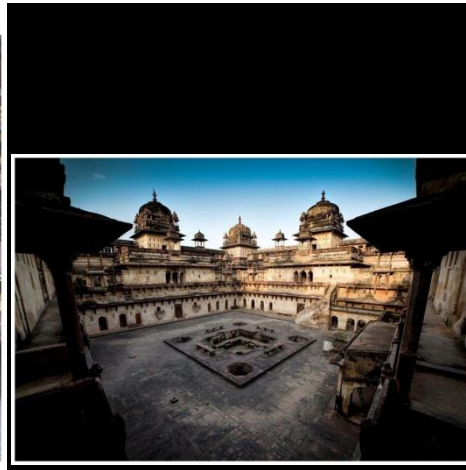
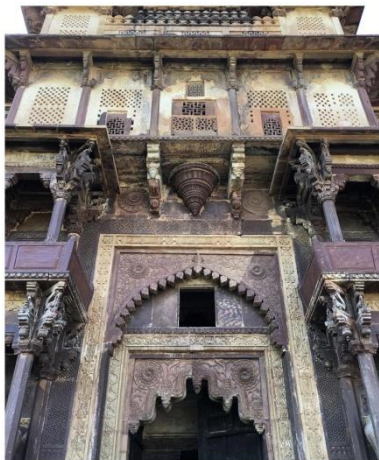
City is famous for erotic temple Khajuraho.

M.P. is a huge state with an area of 308 kilometers, housing 75 million inhabitants; our journey goes across 3 famous cities of MP, which are Gwalior, Orchha and Khajuraho.



Gwalior: -

Is known for its rich cultural heritage. From ancient times city has played a vital role during medieval era, later under Moghul and British colonial raj. City is famous for Gwalior Fort which is placed on sandstone hilltop. Top of the fort offers 360 degree view. Beside is Tomb of Ghaus Mohamed. More details are in my itinerary.



ORCHHA: -

Orchha is a historical town located on the banks of River Betwa, here River Betwa splits up in 7 channels (in Sanskrit: -Sathdara). Orchha is famous for Chattirs they are (monuments constructed in honor of former Royal families).



KHAJUHARO: -

Graceful Khajuraho is famous for ancient Nagara style architectural symbolism and erotic statues (temples) that depict some of the finest art in the world. Built between 950-1050 AD by Chandela kings. Temples are UNISCO heritage. Local traditional list shows 85 original temples were erected but only 25 survived after invasion most of statues were either destroyed or disfigured.



HASSAN: -

Hassan is spiritual and theological town, Hassan is a base for visiting nearby place like Belur and Halebid famous for ancient temples dating back to 12 and 13th Centaury. (Please do not mix up with one more Town of Hassan which is located on Multan Road in Pakistan)

MYSORE: - Mysore is located in Karnataka, the Land with rich historical past. It has many historical site most of them are in River Valleys. Pre historical cultural of Karnataka is quite distinct from pre historical cultural of North India, which can be compared with that in South Africa. Mysore is popular for its 8 stunning places and temples, gardens Church from 3rd Century.



COONNOOR: -

Coonoor is a famous hill station at an elevation of about 2000M located in Nilgiri Hills in Tamil Nadu. From Mysore we will travel by toy train to Coonoor (Details are in itinerary document)

COCHIN: - We traverse from south east coast to west south coast (Tamil Nadu to Kerala) Cochin has a strong influence of Portuguese, Dutch and British. This former princely state came under numerous empires in 1653 Dutch became victorious defeating Portuguese. Later Dutch were defeated by local rulers and lastly British were victorious. What Dutch left behind is "Fort Williams"



ALLEPY: -

In Allepy major high light is overnight in House boat (Kerala backwaters)

KOVALAM: - Located by Arabian Sea in Kerala famous for its golden sand beaches.



MADURAI: - Meenakshi temple.

Madurai is 2500 years age old heritage city located on the banks of River Vaigai. Main attraction is Meenakshi Temple; temple is a most fine example of Dravidian architecture. Madurai offers some more fine artistic temples and palaces.



Chennai: -

(Earlier name of the city was Madras): - Flying to bustling city of Chennai and drive straight to another beach resort in Mahabalipuram (also known as Mamallapuram), place is famous for beaches, ancient temples and monuments. For more information, just drop me a mail virender@journeytoindia.co.in