



EICC is committed to ensuring that all activities under taken, in its premises, or by staff working on other sites, are carried out to the highest possible standards of health and safety. I take my responsibility for all Health and Safety, Welfare and Environmental matters extremely seriously and we want to cascade that importance to everybody employed on EICC business.

We want everyone to remain safe and healthy, regardless of whether they are an employee, a sub-contractor or a visitor.

As stated in the Health & Safety Act 1974 everybody has a responsibility to protect the health and safety of themselves and others when carrying out any activity.

Please take a few minutes to read this booklet and to familiarize yourself with the EICC rules and emergency procedures. You will have read all the required policy documents during your EICC induction, this document does not supersede them. It is designed as an aide-memoir for you to retain and refer to. If you have any questions, or are unsure of anything contained in this booklet, please speak to your Line Manager.

Kamal Taneja

Partner, EICC

CONTENTS

	Page
General statement of health & safety policy	4
Safety training-what the company will do	5
Employee safety responsibilities	6
Risk assessments	7-8
Fire precautions/emergency procedures	9
Accident prevention/reporting	10-11
Work equipment/electrical safety	12
Asbestos	13
СОЅНН	14-15
PPE-using the right equipment and looking after it	16
Workingat height –ladders and stepladders	17
Dust, vibration, noise	18-20
Alcohol and drug misuse	21
Mobile phones and smoking	22
Violence and harassment	23
Emergency contact details	24

3



Health, Safety & Environmental Policy

Our company is committed to ensuring a safe and healthful workplace and protecting the environment. We believe that safety and protecting the environment is good business and that all work-related injuries, illnesses, property losses and adverse environmental impacts are preventable. To fulfill this commitment, our Company will:

- Ensure that management accepts full responsibility for protecting workers and the environment.
- Give health, safety and environmental considerations equal status with the Company's other business objectives and integrate them into all aspects of our work.
- Work actively to continuously improve health, safety and environmental performance.
- Only start work after confirming that essential health, safety and environmental protection systems are in place, and willingly suspend activities if safety, health or the protection of the environment would be compromised.
- Encourage supervisors and workers (employees and contractors) to be individually responsible for identifying and eliminating hazards, preventing injury to themselves and others, and preventing adverse environmental impacts.
- Provide personnel with sufficient training, resources and systems.
- Provide and maintain properly engineered facilities, plants and equipment.
- Minimize waste generation, air emissions and other discharges from our activities to the environment.
- Actively monitor, audit and review to improve systems, processes, health, safety and environmental performance.
- As a minimum, ensure regulatory compliance at all times.
- Hold contractors and third parties accountable for adhering to the Company's health, safety and environmental policy and audit contractor systems and procedures to ensure satisfactory health, safety and environmental performance.
- Hold supervisors accountable for ensuring and promoting a safe and healthful workplace and the protection of the environment within their areas of responsibility by ensuring that workers are knowledgeable and have access to: o publications of the latest applicable laws and regulations o health, safety and environment rules and safe work standards o operating and critical task procedures o emergency response procedures o environmental protection requirements

• Hold workers at all levels accountable for being fit for work at the beginning and throughout their shifts and when on call.

• Develop, implement and manage a system of accountability for health, safety and environment roles and responsibilities at all levels of the company. Inform employees and contractors of this policy, and make it available at all Company worksites. We firmly believe responsibility for application of this policy rests with management, employees and contractors associated with our Company.

SAFETY TRAINING

WHAT THE COMPANY WILL DO

EICC recognizes that all employees play a crucial role in ensuring the success of the business and is therefore committed to providing training and development toimprove he skills and competence of all employees.

EICC will provide you with appropriate training to develop the knowledge and skills necessary for you to perform your duties effectively. Wherever possible, the Companywillensure you have every opportunity for career development.

Yourentitlements

The types of training that EICC provides falls into four broad categories: induction, occupational, internal and external.

Induction training

As a new employee, you will be given a comprehensive introduction to the workplace, your colleagues, catering facilities, duties, health and safety and other procedures. Your manager or supervisor will assess your training requirements and arrange for that training to be provided. As far as possible, EICC will meet your training needs by a combination of occupational, internal and external training.

Occupational training

ThroughoutyouremploymentwithEICC, theremay bean eed to acquire newskills. These can be gained through occupational training delivered by colleagues.

Internal training

Occasionally, the Company may arrange for external training providers to deliver training courses in the workplace. This form of training might be triggered by the introduction ofnew equipment or working methods and will be arranged when the Company feels thetrainingcannot adequately be provided in-house.

External training

External training may be provided in a variety of forms, ranging from short courses of a few hours through to lengthy courses leading to the award of qualifications.

Where necessary, EICC will arrange for you to undertake external training if this cannot be provided internally.



EMPLOYEE SAFETY RESPONSIBILITIES

The attention of all employees is drawn to their responsibilities under the Health and Safety at Work etc. Act1974, including in particularthe following:

- It shall be the duty of every employee, while at work, to take reasonable care of thehealthandsafetyofhimselfandofotherpersonswhomaybeaffectedbyhisactsoro missions at work
- Withregardtoanydutyorrequirementimposedonhisemployeroranyotherpersonby orunderanyoftherelevantstatutoryprovisions,toco-operatewithhimsofarasitisnecessarytoenablethatdutyorrequirementtobeperfor medorcompliedwith
- Nopersonshallintentionallyorrecklesslyinterferewithormisuseanythingprovidedi n the interests of health and safety and welfare in pursuance of any of the relevantstatutoryprovisions

Employeesareremindedherethatabreachofsafetyprocedurescouldpossiblyresultindisc iplinaryactionbeingtakenbythecompany,andthatprovisionismadeintheHealthand Safety at Work etc Act 1974 for certain breaches to be actioned by the Health andSafetyExecutive. In simple termsthis means employees shall:

- ReadandunderstandthecompanyHealthandSafetyPolicyandcarryoutyourworkina ccordance with its requirements
- Usethecorrecttoolsandequipmentforthejob
- Keeptoolsandequipmentingoodcondition
- Wear safety footwear at all times and use, where necessary, all protective clothingandsafetyequipment provided,eg safety helmets, respirators, etc.
- Work in a safe manner at all times. Do not take unnecessary risks which couldendangeryourselforothers. If possible removes ite hazard syourself, e.g. remove or flattennails sticking out of timber, tie unsecured access ladders, etc.
- Warn other employees, particularly new employees and young people, of knownhazards
- Do not use plant or equipment on work for which it was not intended, or if you arenottrained or experienced in using it
- Reportto your supervisor any damage to plant or equipment
- Donotplaydangerouspracticaljokesor"horseplay"onsite
- Reporttoyoursupervisoranypersonseenabusing welfarefacilitiesprovided
- Reportanyinjurytoyourselfwhichresultsfromanaccidentatwork,eveniftheinjury doesnot stop you working
- Suggestsafermethodsofworking

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RISK ASSESSMENTS

DEFINITIONS

- **Hazard:** Something with the potential to cause harm
- **Risk:** A measure of the likelihood /probability and severity/consequence of an adverse event
- **Risk Assessment:** The process of evaluating the impact of risk
- **Mitigation:** The measures taken to control risk
- **Residual Risk:** The risk remaining after the design phase which have to bemanagedby others

The process which you consciously or unconsciously undertake is:



The process of risk management starts with an effective means of identifying hazards.Experienceandrelevantknowledgeareimportantelementsintheidentification of hazardsandcompetentresources willneedtobe allocated to this activity.

It may not always be possible to identify every hazard for every activity on every project,however,astructuredandsystematicapproachwillhelpyoutoidentifyasmanyhaz ardsas possible.



RISK ASSESSMENTS

FIVE STEPS TO RISK ASSESSMENT

1. Identifythepotentialhazards.

2. Determinethelikelihoodandconsequenceoftherisk.

 $\label{eq:constraint} \begin{array}{l} \textbf{3. Decide on the necessary action, though where very ossible the hazard should be eliminate d. \end{array}$

Canthehazardberemovedcompletely? /couldthejobbedoneinadifferentwayorwithanalternativematerial? Ifitcan, changethejob/process toeliminate therisk.

If the risk cannot be eliminated, can it be controlled or the effects reduced? Follow the principles of prevention and protection.

 $\label{eq:constraint} \textbf{4. Implementy our decisions and record the finding sond esign risk as sessments and drawing s.$

5. Regularlyreviewyourassessmentandreviseitifnecessary, and ensure sufficient inform ation is provided to the contractor and others.

FIRE PRECAUTIONS

Fire precautions will be provided and maintained to the requirements of the Regulatory Reform(Fire Safety) Order 2005,the Health and Safety at Work etc Act 1974, the Workplace (Health, Safety and Welfare) Regulations 1992 and the Management of Health and Safety At Work Regulations 1999.

A fire risk assessment will be completed for each of the companies premises, includingany temporary site offices, the fire risk assessment will be regularly reviewed to ensure that it remains valid and that the specified control measures are effective and are being implemented.

Fire extinguishers will be provided and located at strategic points throughout the work place. Staff will be instructed in the use of office extinguishers in order that they may use them safely and effectively.

The company will where applicable, enter in to a contract service and inspection arrangement to ensure that all portable extinguishers are inspected and maintained. The names, locations and actions to take in the event of an emergency will be posted atstrategic positions throughout the workplace.



EMERGENCY PROCEDURES

Onallsitesameansofwarningofafiremustbeestablished.Handbells,whistles,klaxonsorm anuallyoperatedsoundersmaybepracticalsolongastheyareclearlyaudibleabovebackgro undnoises in all areas and can be readily identifiedas being a fire alarm.

WrittenEmergencyProceduresmustbedisplayedinprominentlocationsandbroughttoth eattentionofallpersonsonsite.Thenames,locationsandactionstotakeintheeventofan emergency will be displayed at appropriate areas on the site.

Clearaccessto thesiteand buildingsmust bemaintainedat alltimes.

Clearsignsmustbeinstalledandmaintainedinprominentpositions indicating the locations of fire access routes, escape routes and positions of dry riser inlets and fire extinguishers.

Identified personnel, must be briefed to unlock gates, doors, etc. in the event of an alarm.

9

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ACCIDENT REPORTING

In recognition of our duties under the Reporting of Injuries, Diseases and DangerousOccurrencesRegulations2013(RIDDOR),thecompanyhasinstitutedasystemf orrecordingandinvestigatingaccidents,diseasesanddangerousoccurrencestotheHealth andSafetyExecutive.Inthefirstinstance,EICCwill,sofarasisreasonablypracticable, provide and maintain a safe place of work, a safe system of work, safeappliancesfor work and a safe and healthy working environment.

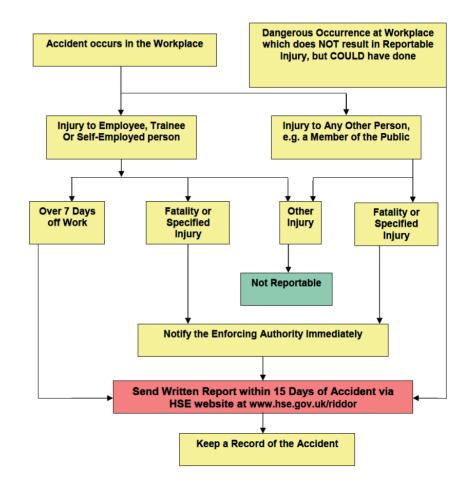
Allinjuriesresultingfromaccidentsonsiteorinotherworkplaceshoweverminorwillberep orted by the Contracts Manager, on the Accident Report Form and sent to the office. This applies to injuries received by members of the public, visitors, etc. as well as company employees.

An accident book will be available and maintained at each site office to ensure anyinjuredemployeecanrecorddetailsofhis/heraccident.Itisimportantthatallaccidents, nomatter how minorare reported and recorded within the accident book.

All accidents and incidents including near-misses and incidents that result in damage topremisesorplantandmachineryonsitewillbethoroughlyinvestigatedbytheContracts Manager. The purpose of the investigation will be to establish the root cause of theincidentwithaviewtoamendingordevelopingprocedurestohelppreventarecurrencei nthe future.



ACCIDENT REPORTING





11



WORK EQUIPMENT

The following regulation specifically covers the use of work equipment, the Provision of Work Equipment Regulations 1998. These regulations cover the use of all kinds of workequipmentfromahandtool, such as a screwdriver or pliers, to a complete manufacturi ngplant. The use will include starting, stopping, repairing, modifying, installing, dismantlin g, programming, setting, transporting, maintaining, servicing and cleaning.

Thespecific requirements:

- Theguarding of dangerous partsof machinery
- Workequipmentparts
- Equipmentissuitableforitsintendeduse
- Equipmentconforms with the EC products a fety directive
- Equipmentinefficientworkingorderandinagoodstateofrepair

Equipment selection:

- Sourcedfromareputablesupplier
- Supplied with clear and understandable operating instructions
- Provided with physical evidence of conformity to ECD irectives
- Significantrisksassociated with its use must be assessed and adequately controlled.
- Allequipmentshouldbevisuallycheckedbeforeuse.

HiredEquipment

Hired equipment should always be acquired from hire companies who supply properlymaintained equipment that is safe to use and suitable for the job. The company shouldprovide information on the safe use and operation of the equipment. Upon receipt theequipmentmust be checked to see that it hasnot been damaged in transit.

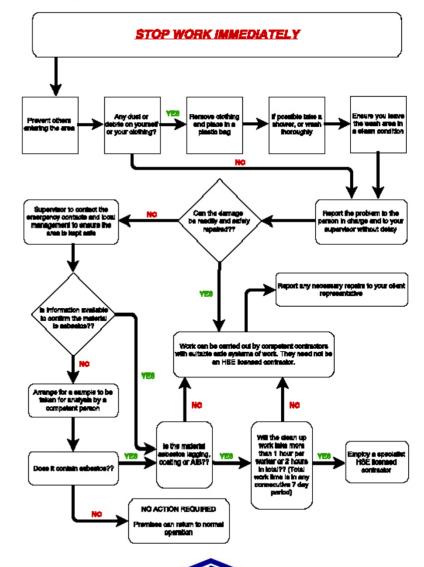
PrivatelyOwned Equipment

Privately owned equipment used for work is legally regarded as work equipment andmust conform to the same rules. You must get your manager's permission before usingprivate equipment for work - it may not be suitable and EICCdoes not favor theuseof privately owned equipment.



In accordance with the Control of Asbestos Regulations 2012, EICC will ensure that an Asbestos Management Plan is developed and maintained for its premises, theplanwillbeupdatedonaregularbasis the contents provided to any person who may be quired to undertake intrusive works on the premises.

Theactionstobetakenintheeventofencounteringordisturbingpreviouslyunidentifiedas bestoscontaining materials are outlined below:





CONTROLOFSUBSTANCES HAZARDOUS TO HEALTH (COSHH)

Regulations which cover the control and the safe use of all materials, chemicals and substances are covered by the Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations2002.

Staffwillbemadeawareofthehazardsofanvmaterialsthevwillbeaskedtouse.Materialsafetydatasheetswillbeissuedforeachproductandcontrolmethodswillbedevised.



CONTROL OF SUBSTANCES HAZARDOUS TO

HEALTH

(COSHH)

HAZARD WARNING SYMBOLS

Toxic/VervToxic-

Handlingachemicalthatisacutelytoxicincontactwithskin, if inhaled oringested, which may even befatal.



HarmfultotheEnvironment-Hazardoustotheenvironment&causesaguatictoxicity.

Highly Flammable - Gases, aerosols, liquids and solids: Selfheatingsubstances & mixtures that may catch fire when in contact with air orheated, or emit flammable gases.

Explosive - Self-reactive substances & organic peroxides that maycauseexplosion when heated.

Oxidizing – Gases, solids & liquids, which can cause or intensify fireand explosion.

Corrosive - Corrosive & can cause severe skin burns and eve damage.Itis also corrosive to metals.

Harmful/Irritant-

Acutelytoxic.Causesskinsensitisation,skin&eyeirritation.Respirator virritant.Narcotic,causesdrowsinessordizziness.Hazardous to theozone layer.

Gas Under Pressure - Means gas under pressure, may explode whenheated.Refrigeratedgas,maycausecryogenicburnsorinjuries.Di ssolvedgases.

LongerTermHealthHazards-

Carcinogenic.Affectsfertility&unbornchild. Causes mutations. A respiratory sensitizer. may cause allergy, as thma or breathing difficulties when inhaled. Toxic to specifico rgans.Maybefatal orharmfulif swallowedorif itentersairways





PERSONALPROTECTIVE CLOTHING AND EQUIPMENT

The following regulations have specific requirements for the provision, maintenance and us eof protective clothing and equipment:

- ThePersonalProtectiveEquipmentatWork(PPE)Regulations1992
- TheProvisionandUseof WorkEquipmentRegulations1998
- TheConstruction (Designand Management) Regulations2015
- TheControlofAsbestosRegulations2012
- Noiseat Work Regulations2005
- ControlofLeadatWorkRegulations2002

Standard

 $\label{eq:unlessinformedotherwise, the minimum standard of PPE to be worn on EICC sites is as follows:$

- SafetyBootsincludingmidsoleprotection,anklesupport(noriggerboots)conformingto BS EN 345
- Full-lengthtrousers(notshorts)
- Longsleeves
- Hi-visvest
- Safetygloves
- Safetyglasses
- SafetyHelmet

Furtherjob-specificPPEmayberequired.Refertothetask-specificrisk-



assessment.

16

WorkatHeightRegulations2005and3pointsofcontact(ie:2feetand1hand)mustbe maintained with the ladder at all times. Step ladders should only be used for shortduration,non-repetitive works.

WORKING AT HEIGHT

The preferred means of access should be a set of podium steps for low level works and amobile tower scaffold or Mobile Elevated Working Platform (MEWP) for works at higherlevels.

Allequipmentwillbecheckedbyacompetentpersonbeforeusetoensurethattherearenode fects and will thenbe checked, at leastweekly, while on site.

The main hazards associated with step-ladders, trestlesand staging's are:

- Unsuitablebase,e.g.unlevelled,packingpieces,loosematerialetc.
- Unsafeuseofequipment(i.e.:placedontoonscaffoldplatforms,roofsetc.,wherespecia lprecautions are not taken)
- Overloading
- Useofequipmentwheresafermethodshouldbeprovided
- Overhangingofboardsorstagingatsupport("TrapEnds")
- Usingdefectiveequipment
- Excessivespanofscaffoldboardswhenusedwithtrestles(mustnotexceed1.5mwhere 38mm board used)
- Theminimum width of all working platforms should be 600mm

The mainhazardsassociated with laddersare:

- Notsecuring the ladder properly
- Unsafeuseofladder(over-reaching,slidingdown,etc)
- Usinga ladderwhere alternative workingmethod shouldhave been adopted
- Usinga ladder with defects
- Unsuitablebasetoladder
- Insufficienthandholdattopofladder,oratsteppingoffposition
- Insufficientfootholdateachrung
- Usingladdernearoverheadelectricalcables,cranecontactsetc
- Ladder at unsuitable angle, swaying, springing etc (recommended angle one in fouror 70°)
- Insufficientoverlapofextensionladders







CONTROL OF NOISE

Noise is covered by the Noise at Work Regulations 2005 and also the Health and Safety at Work etc. Act.

 $\label{eq:linear} All tasks and work activities will be planned and arranged to take the above regulations into a ccount.$

Thesafesystem of work to be adopted whenever noise is a potential problem is:

- 1. Carryoutawrittennoiseassessmenttoestablishlevelsandfrequenciesofnoiseforindi vidual items of plant and machinery
- 2. Considerifworkscanbereprogrammedwhenthenoiseproblemwillnolongerbepresent
- 3. Consideralternativemethodsofworking
- 4. Providesuitablenoisecontrolmechanismssuchassounddampeningandnoiseattenu ationdevices
- 5. Reduce the time that operatives are exposed to the noise
- 6. Providesuitablepersonalprotectiveequipment
- 7. Ensuresuitablewarningnoticesareclearlydisplayedaroundtheaffectedarea
- 8. Regularlymonitornoiselevelsandfrequencies
- 9. Giveadviceonnoisecontrolmeasures



EICCwillcomplywithitsdutiesundertheControlofVibrationatWorkRegulations2005, as part of its risk assessment procedures. All activities which may place operativesat risk of exposure to vibration will be thoroughly assessed by a competent person and alternativemethods of work will always be considered.

CONTROL OF VIBRATION AT WORK

Thereare2mainformsofvibrationhazardwhichcanaffectthoseworkingintheconstructio nindustry, they are:

Hand-arm Vibration (HAV) – Hand transmitted vibration from tools, equipment andcertainprocesses that produce vibration.

WholeBodyVibration(WBV)-

Vibrationthatistransmittedtothebodythroughtheseatofthe plant or the feet of the operative.

CONTROLLINGTHERISK

The risk of permanent damage depends on a number of factors including:ForHAV:

- Howhighthevibrationlevelsare
- Howlongthe equipmentisused for
- Howawkwardtheequipmentis touse
- Howtightly theequipment isgripped
- HowcoldorwettheoperativegetsusingtheequipmentFo

rWBV considerationshould alsobe givento:

- Operative'sposture
- Thedesignofthecontrols
- Thedriver visibility
- Handlingandliftingoperationsassociatedwithmachine'soperation
- Personalfactorsi.e.leveloffitness,etc.











DUST

Construction dust is not just a nuisance; it can seriously damage your health and sometypes can eventually even kill. Regularly breathing these dusts over a long time canthereforecause life-changing lung diseases.

Assess (therisks)

Assess the risks linked to the work and materials. High dust levels are caused by one ormoreof the following:

- Task the more energy the work involves, the bigger the risk. High-energy tools likecut-offsaws, grindersand grit blastersproduce alot of dustin avery short time;
- Work area the more enclosed a space, the more the dust will build up. However,do not assume that dust levels will be low when working outside with high-energytools;
- Time-thelongertheworktakesthemoredusttherewillbe;
- Frequency-regularlydoingthesameworkdayafterdayincreasestherisks.

Stoporreducethedust

Before work starts, look at ways of stopping or reducing the amount of dust you mightmake. Use different materials, less powerful tools or other work methods. For example, you could use:

- therightsize ofbuilding materialsso lesscutting orpreparationis needed;
- silica-freeabrasivestoreducetheriskswhenblasting;
- alesspowerfultool-e.g.ablocksplitterinsteadofacut-offsaw;
- adifferentmethodofworkaltogether-e.g.adirectfasteningsystem.

Control the dust Even if you stop some dust this way, you may do other work that couldstillproduce high dust levels.



EICC

isaresponsibleemployerandtakesitsobligationstoemployeesveryseriously.Thisiswhyt hispolicyhasbeensetouttohelpusensurethehealth,safetyandwelfare of employees and to help comply with legal duties. The use of non-prescribeddrugsis not only dangerous butalso illegal under criminal law.

Any reference in this Policy to a non-prescription drug refers only to controlled or illegalsubstanceanddoesnotrefertomedicines, supplements and similar substances that a relegally and commercially available in the United Kingdom.

Controlled substances often possess side effects that could not only adversely affectemployees' health but that of their colleagues at work as well as their performance.Employeesshouldbeawarethatanyoneundertheinfluenceofcontrolleddru gsisarisk to everyone around them and should be alert to possible signs of drugs abuse. Suchindicatorscommonly include:

- Suddenchanges in behavior
- Confusion
- Irritability
- Fluctuationsinmood and energy
- Impairmentofperformance
- Increaseinshorttermsicknessabsence.

Employeesshouldreportanyconcernstheymayhaveaboutacolleaguedisplayinganyorall ofthesesymptomstotheManagingDirectorbutshouldnotunderanycircumstancesapproa ch the person displaying the symptoms or discuss their concerns with any othercolleagues.

Withregardtoalcohol, EICC

donotpermittheconsumptionofalcoholduringtheworkingdayandemployeesarerequire dtoensurethattheyareneitherintoxicated,norunder the influence of alcohol at any time whilst at work. Employees are reminded thatheavy drinking the night before attending work may result in excessive levels of alcoholwithin the blood which can affect your abilities to carry out your work safely withoutendangering yourself or others. Such situations will not be tolerated and the instigationofdisciplinary proceedings may be considered.



21

COMPANY VEHICLES AND MOBILE PHONES

All company vehicles will be maintained in a good, roadworthy condition and regularlyinspected and serviced in accordance with manufacturers recommendations. All employeesaretodrivevehiclesinfullaccordancewithcurrentroadsafetylegislation.

Employeesareremindedthatatnotimewhilstdrivingshouldthevattempttoanswerormak e any phone calls using their mobile phones. If any employee needs to make a callwhilst on company business, they are to pull off the road and park the vehicle in a safeandsecurelocationwhereitdoesnotcauseanobstructionorhazardforotherroadusers and pedestrians. The same procedure should be followed when answering a call orcheckingvour messages.

SMOKING

ALL EICC sites and vehicles are smoke-free zones



By the nature of the business, employees are required to work in a range of differentenvironments, some of which may pose a risk of verbal abuse and in extreme cases, physical assault. The company is a ware of its obligation sunder the HSWA1974 to ensu reboth the mental and physical health of employees as affected by systems of work.

VIOLENCE AND HARASSMENT

Theriskofsuchinstancesaretobecontrolledbyarrangementsincluding:

- Constantsupervisionbysiterepresentativesinhighriskareasofsitessuchasprisons.remandcentersorsitesoccupiedbypersonssuffering frommentalillhealth
- Employees being instructed to diffuse potential hostile attacks by remaining ٠ calm,summoningassistance and/or leavingthe area whensafe to doso
- Incentives to violent attacks should be reduced by avoiding exposure of . valuableitems(mobile phones, equipment etc.)in public areas as faras possible
- Anyhostileacttowardsemployees,whetherverbalorphysical,shallbetakenseriously ٠ and immediately reported to the Directors and recorded as an incident in the accident/incident book
- Anvemploveesufferingemotionaldistressduetoactsofviolenceshouldreportthistot he managementwho shalloffer counselling and assistance as is necessary



23





EMERGENCY CONTACTD ETAILS

In case of emergency, your contacts are as follows:

Kamal Taneja – Partner 09771419136 09431127344

Ashok Taneja–Partner 09931198116 06202317071

Pankaj Kumar–Sr. Engineer 08240924375

EICC Headquarters

06542359939

EICC operates an open-door policy on Health and Safety issues and provides the opportunity for feedback to be made confidentially in the interest of providing asafeand constructive working environment.

The feedback form can be found on our website at www.eicc.co.in

Alternatively, feedback can be emailed confidentially to: kamal@eicc.co.in

For full details of other EICC policies, please ask your supervisor or contact Human Resources.

EICC Health & Safety Handbook