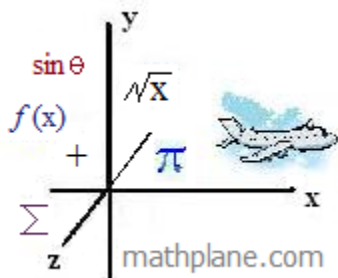


# Algebra I

## Review Test 002

(And, Solutions)

25 questions include radicals, graphing, linear equations, functions, absolute value, quadratics, word problems, and more!



Math 002 Review Practice

1) a) Evaluate  $x^3 + 4xy - 3y^2$  if  $x = 2$  and  $y = -3$

b) Simplify  $5t - [3t - 2(6 + 4t) + 12]$

2) Simplify. Do not include negative exponents in your answers.

a)  $\frac{6a^4b^7}{-(2a^2b)^2}$

b)  $(3x^3y^5)(4x^{-5}y)$

c)  $(4x^6)^{\frac{3}{2}}$

d)  $\frac{-8m^{-4}n^3}{4m^{-3}n^4}$

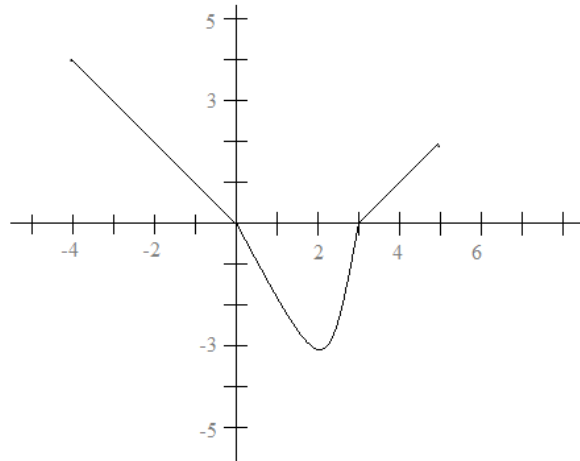
3) For the given graph, find each of the following:

a)  $f(-3)$

b) the domain of  $f$

c) all  $x$  where  $f(x) = 0$

d) the (approximate) range of  $f$



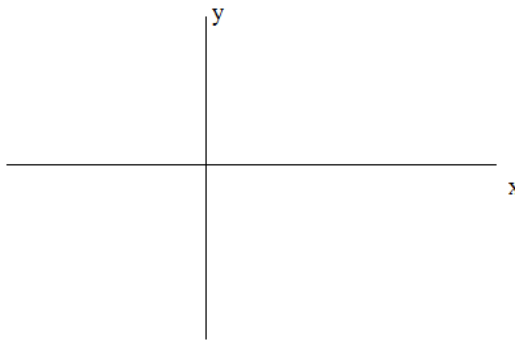
4) 10 calculators at the math store, including sales tax, cost \$1268.30. If sales tax is 10%, what is the price of each calculator?

5) Write the equation of a line containing the points  $(3, 5)$  and  $(1, -3)$ . What is the y-intercept? What is the x-intercept?

Math 002 Review Practice

6) Solve the following system:  $3x + 10y = 14$   
 $-5x + y = 12$

7) Sketch the following system:  $x - 3y < 15$   
 $y \geq x - 7$



8) Tom sold 545 t-shirts at the weekend market. The prices were \$8.50 for each large and \$5 for each small. If total revenue was \$3873, how many of each size did he sell?

9) Solve for each:

a)  $|x - 5| = 13$

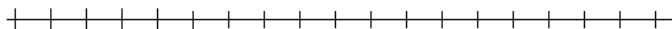
b)  $|y + 5| + 3 = 10$

c)  $|3x| + 9 = 6$

d)  $2|z + 2| = 16$

10) Solve the following:  $(x + 3) + 4 < 2(x - 5)$

Write answer in *interval notation*; Graph the solution.



Math 002 Review Practice

11) Expand:

a)  $(2x - 4)^2$

b)  $(x + 3)(x^2 + 4x - 5)$

12) Given the polynomial  $4x^3 - 3x^5 + 2x - 1$

a) What is the degree of the polynomial?

b) Arrange the terms in descending order.

c) What is the leading coefficient?

d) Evaluate the polynomial at  $x = 1$

13) Factor:

a)  $4 - 9x^2$

b)  $2y^2 + 5y - 7$

c)  $3x^2 + 15x + 12$

14) Solve:

a)  $x^2 + 5x = -4$

b)  $x^3 - 4x = 0$

c)  $x^2 + 3x - 7 = 0$

15) Solve for m:

a)  $y = \frac{Lm}{r}$

b)  $5s - (2m + 3) = Q$

Math 002 Review Practice

16) What are the zeros of the function  $f(x) = 3x^2 + 19x + 20$  ?

17) A water balloon is launched off a balcony with an initial velocity of 64 ft/second. It's height in feet,  $h(t)$ , at  $t$  seconds is given by the function:

$$h(t) = -16t^2 + 64t + 96$$

- a) What is the height of the balcony?
- b) How high is the balloon at 2 seconds?
- c) When does the balloon hit the ground?

18) Simplify

a)  $\frac{m^2 + 4m + 3}{3m + 12} \cdot \frac{m + 4}{m^2 - 9}$

b)  $\frac{x^2 - 4}{2x} \div \frac{x^2 - x - 6}{4x + 10}$

19) Solve  $\frac{s}{s + 5} + \frac{4}{s - 1} = \frac{2s + 26}{s^2 + 4s - 5}$

20) Answer (leaving answers in  $a + bi$  form)

a)  $3 + 5i - (2 - 3i)$

b)  $(5 + 3i)(2 + i)$

Math 002 Review Practice

21) Rationalize the denominator:

a)  $\frac{2}{\sqrt{3}}$

b)  $\frac{3}{5 + \sqrt{6}}$

22) The diagonal of a square is 8 feet. What is the length of each side?

23)  $g(x) = 3x^2 - 30x + 63$

a) Find  $g(0)$

b) Find  $g(n + 1)$

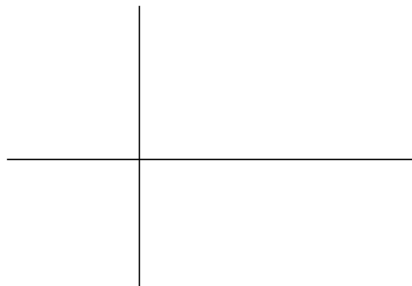
c) What is the vertex of the graph  $y = g(x)$  ?

d) What are the zeros of the function?

24) Solve:  $\sqrt{5x + 54} = x + 8$  (Identify extraneous solutions)

25) Sketch a graph of the following:  $f(x) = -2(x - 1)^2 + 4$

Label the vertex and 2 other points.



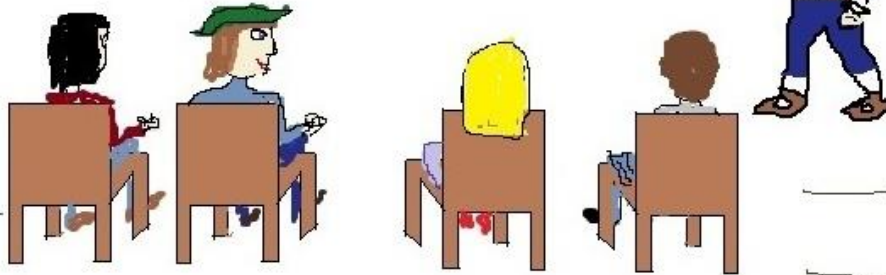
*Math  
Poet*

19 January  
MDLXXXIV

$$\sqrt{4b^2}$$

"2b or not 2b?  
That is the question."

"Romeo, pay attention!  
stop staring at Juliet."



To earn a little extra coin, Bill Shakespeare  
works as a substitute math teacher.

# SOLUTIONS

1) a) Evaluate  $x^3 + 4xy - 3y^2$  if  $x = 2$  and  $y = -3$        $(2)^3 + 4(2)(-3) - 3(-3)^2 = 8 - 24 - 27 = -43$

b) Simplify  $5t - [3t - 2(6 + 4t) + 12]$        $5t - [3t - 12 - 8t + 12] = 5t - [-5t] = 10t$

2) Simplify. Do not include negative exponents in your answers.

a)  $\frac{6a^4b^7}{-(2a^2b)^2}$       b)  $(3x^3y^5)(4x^{-5}y)$       c)  $(4x^6)^{\frac{3}{2}}$       d)  $\frac{-8m^{-4}n^3}{4m^{-3}n^4}$

$\frac{6a^4b^7}{-(4a^4b^2)} = \frac{-3b^5}{2}$        $12x^{-2}y^6 = \frac{12y^6}{x^2}$        $8x^9$        $-2m^{-1}n^{-1} = \frac{-2}{mn}$

3) For the given graph, find each of the following:

a)  $f(-3) = 3$

b) the domain of  $f$   
(domain is all  $x$  values):

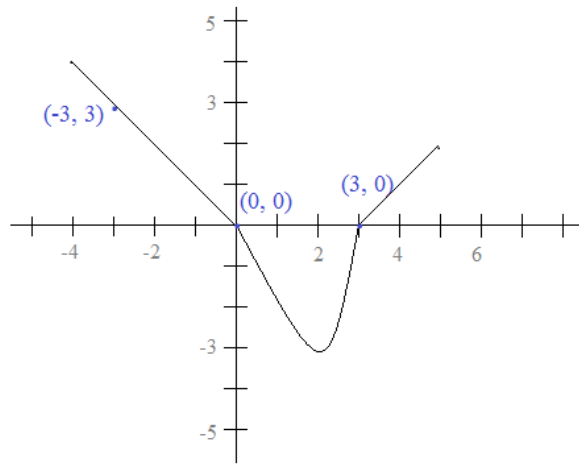
$[-4, 5]$  or  $-4 \leq x \leq 5$

c) all  $x$  where  $f(x) = 0$

$f(0) = 0$  and  $f(3) = 0$   
 $0$  and  $3$

d) the (approximate) range of  $f$   
(range is all  $f(x)$  values)

$[-3, 4]$  or  $-3 \leq y \leq 4$



4) 10 calculators at the math store, including sales tax, cost \$1268.30. If sales tax is 10%, what is the price of each calculator?

Let  $C$  = calculator cost  
 $10C$  = cost of 10 calculators  
.1 = sales tax rate

$$10C + .1(10C) = 1268.30$$

$$11C = 1268.30$$

$C = \$115.20$

5) Write the equation of a line containing the points  $(3, 5)$  and  $(1, -3)$ . What is the  $y$ -intercept? What is the  $x$ -intercept?

$$\text{slope} = \frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x} = \frac{5 - (-3)}{3 - 1} = 4$$

pt. slope form:  $y - 5 = 4(x - 3)$

$$y - 5 = 4x - 12$$

slope intercept form:  $y = 4x - 7$

$y$ -intercept:  $(0, -7)$

$x$ -intercept:  $(7/4, 0)$

$$0 = 4x - 7$$

$$x = 7/4$$



6) Solve the following system:

$$\begin{aligned} 3x + 10y &= 14 \\ -5x + y &= 12 \\ y &= 5x + 12 \end{aligned}$$

using substitution:  $3x + 10(5x + 12) = 14$   
 $53x + 120 = 14$   
 $x = -2$   
 $3x + 10y = 14$   
 $3(-2) + 10y = 14$   
 $y = 2$

$(-2, 2)$

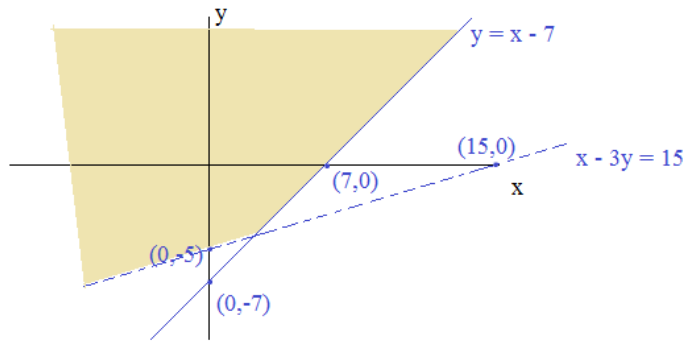
$$\begin{aligned} -5(-2) + (2) &= 12 \\ 10 + 2 &= 12 \\ 12 &= 12 \checkmark \end{aligned}$$

7) Sketch the following system:

$$\begin{aligned} x - 3y &< 15 \\ y &\geq x - 7 \end{aligned}$$

test (0, 0):  $(0) - 3(0) < 15$   
 $0 < 15 \checkmark$

test (0, 0):  $(0) \geq (0) - 7$   
 $0 \geq -7 \checkmark$



8) Tom sold 545 t-shirts at the weekend market. The prices were \$8.50 for each large and \$5 for each small. If total revenue was \$3873, how many of each size did he sell?

Let L = # of large shirts  
 S = # of small shirts

(using substitution)

$$\begin{aligned} L + S &= 545 \\ 8.5(L) + 5(S) &= 3873 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} S &= 545 - L \\ 8.5(L) + 5(545 - L) &= 3873 \\ 8.5L + 2725 - 5L &= 3873 \\ 3.5L + 2725 &= 3873 \\ 3.5L &= 1148 \\ L &= 328 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} L + S &= 545 \\ (328) + S &= 545 \\ S &= 217 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \$8.5 \times 328 &= \$2788 \\ \$5 \times 217 &= \$1085 \\ \text{total} &= \$3873 \checkmark \end{aligned}$$

9) Solve for each:

a)  $|x - 5| = 13$

$$\begin{aligned} x - 5 &= 13 \\ x &= 18 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} x - 5 &= -13 \\ x &= -8 \end{aligned}$$

b)  $|y + 5| + 3 = 10$

(isolate the absolute value term first!)

$$|y + 5| = 7$$

$$y + 5 = 7$$

$$y = 2$$

$$y + 5 = -7$$

$$y = -12$$

c)  $|3x| + 9 = 6$

$$|3x| = -3$$

no solution!

absolute value cannot be negative.

d)  $2|z + 2| = 16$

$$|z + 2| = 8$$

$$z + 2 = 8$$

$$z = 6$$

$$z + 2 = -8$$

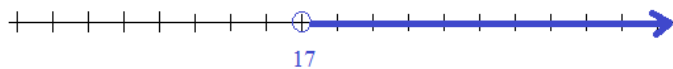
$$z = -10$$

10) Solve the following:  $(x + 3) + 4 < 2(x - 5)$

Write answer in interval notation; Graph the solution.

$$\begin{aligned} x + 7 &< 2x - 10 \\ 17 &< x \end{aligned}$$

$(17, \infty)$



Math 002 Review Practice

SOLUTIONS

11) Expand:

a)  $(2x - 4)^2$   
 $(2x - 4)(2x - 4) =$   
 $4x^2 - 8x - 8x + 16$   
 $4x^2 - 16x + 16$

b)  $(x + 3)(x^2 + 4x - 5)$

(x distributed)  $x^3 + 4x^2 - 5x$   
 (3 distributed)  $3x^2 + 12x - 15$   
 $x^3 + 7x^2 + 7x - 15$

12) Given the polynomial  $4x^3 - 3x^5 + 2x - 1$

a) What is the degree of the polynomial? the (largest) degree is  $5$

b) Arrange the terms in descending order.  $-3x^5 + 4x^3 + 2x - 1$

c) What is the leading coefficient?  $-3$

d) Evaluate the polynomial at  $x = 1$   $4(1)^3 - 3(1)^5 + 2(1) - 1 = 2$

13) Factor:

a)  $4 - 9x^2$   
 (difference of squares)  
 $(2 + 3x)(2 - 3x)$

b)  $2y^2 + 5y - 7$   
 factors of  $2y^2$ :  $y$  and  $2y$   
 factors of  $7$ :  $1$  and  $7$   
 $(2y \quad)(y \quad)$   
 $(2y + 7)(y - 1)$

c)  $3x^2 + 15x + 12$   
 greatest common factor is 3:  
 $3(x^2 + 5x + 4)$   
 then, factor the trinomial:  
 $3(x + 1)(x + 4)$

14) Solve:

a)  $x^2 + 5x = -4$   
 $x^2 + 5x + 4 = 0$   
 $(x + 1)(x + 4) = 0$   
 $x = -1, -4$

b)  $x^3 - 4x = 0$   
 $x(x^2 - 4) = 0$   
 $x(x + 2)(x - 2) = 0$   
 $x = 0, 2, -2$

c)  $x^2 + 3x - 7 = 0$   
 use quadratic formula:  
 $a = 1$   
 $b = 3$   
 $c = -7$   
 $x = \frac{-3 \pm \sqrt{9 - 4(1)(-7)}}{2(1)}$   
 $x = \frac{-3 \pm \sqrt{37}}{2}$

15) Solve for m:

a)  $y = \frac{Lm}{r}$   
 $yr = Lm$   
 $\frac{yr}{L} = m$

b)  $5s - (2m + 3) = Q$   
 $-(2m + 3) = Q - 5s$   
 $2m + 3 = 5s - Q$   
 $2m = 5s - Q - 3$   
 $m = \frac{5s - Q - 3}{2}$

16) What are the zeros of the function  $f(x) = 3x^2 + 19x + 20$  ?

set function equal to zero (and factor):  $(3x + \quad)(x + \quad) = 0$

$$(3x + 4)(x + 5) = 0$$

factors of 20:  $\frac{4}{5}$   $\frac{1}{20}$   $\frac{2}{10}$

$$x = -4/3, -5$$

17) A water balloon is launched off a balcony with an initial velocity of 64 ft/second. It's height in feet,  $h(t)$ , at  $t$  seconds is given by the function:

$$h(t) = -16t^2 + 64t + 96$$

a) What is the height of the balcony?  $h(0) = -16(0)^2 + 64(0) + 96 = 96$  feet (balloon at  $t = 0$ )

b) How high is the balloon at 2 seconds?  $h(2) = -16(2)^2 + 64(2) + 96 = 160$  feet

c) When does the balloon hit the ground?

set height  $h(t) = 0$

$$-16t^2 + 64t + 96 = 0$$

$$t^2 - 4t - 6 = 0$$

$$t = \frac{4 \pm \sqrt{16 + 24}}{2} = 2 + \sqrt{10}$$

approx. 5.16  
seconds

(time)  $t$  cannot be less than 0

18) Simplify

$$\begin{aligned} \text{a) } \frac{m^2 + 4m + 3}{3m + 12} \cdot \frac{m + 4}{m^2 - 9} \\ \frac{(m + 1)(m + 3)}{3(m + 4)} \cdot \frac{m + 4}{(m + 3)(m - 3)} \\ \frac{m + 1}{3(m - 3)} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{b) } \frac{x^2 - 4}{2x} \cdot \frac{x^2 - x - 6}{4x + 10} \\ \frac{(x - 2)(x + 2)}{2x} \cdot \frac{(x - 3)(x + 2)}{2(2x + 5)} \\ \text{(invert and multiply)} \\ \frac{(x - 2)(x + 2)}{2x} \cdot \frac{2(2x + 5)}{(x - 3)(x + 2)} = \frac{(x - 2)(2x + 5)}{x(x - 3)} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{19) Solve } \frac{s}{s + 5} + \frac{4}{s - 1} &= \frac{2s + 26}{s^2 + 4s - 5} \\ \frac{s(s - 1)}{(s + 5)(s - 1)} + \frac{4(s + 5)}{(s - 1)(s + 5)} &= \frac{2s + 26}{(s + 5)(s - 1)} \\ s^2 - s + 4s + 20 &= 2s + 26 \\ s^2 + s - 6 &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$(s + 3)(s - 2) = 0$$

$$s = -3, 2$$

$$\frac{-3}{2} + \frac{4}{-4} = \frac{20}{-8}$$

$$\frac{10}{-4} = \frac{20}{-8} \quad \checkmark$$

$$\frac{2}{7} + \frac{4}{1} = \frac{30}{7}$$

$$\frac{30}{7} = \frac{30}{7} \quad \checkmark$$

20) Answer (leaving answers in  $a + bi$  form)

a)  $3 + 5i - (2 - 3i)$

$$1 + 8i$$

b)  $(5 + 3i)(2 + i)$  (FOIL)

$$10 + 5i + 6i + 3i^2$$

$$10 + 11i + 3(-1)$$

$$7 + 11i$$

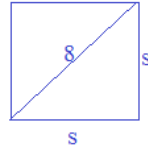
21) Rationalize the denominator:

$$a) \frac{2}{\sqrt{3}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}} = \frac{2\sqrt{3}}{3}$$

(use conjugate)

$$b) \frac{3}{5 + \sqrt{6}} \cdot \frac{5 - \sqrt{6}}{5 - \sqrt{6}} = \frac{3(5 - \sqrt{6})}{25 + 5\sqrt{6} - 5\sqrt{6} - 6} = \frac{15 - 3\sqrt{6}}{19}$$

22) The diagonal of a square is 8 feet. What is the length of each side?



(pythagorean theorem)

$$s^2 + s^2 = (8)^2$$

$$2s^2 = 64$$

$$s = \sqrt{32} = 4\sqrt{2} \text{ feet}$$

23)  $g(x) = 3x^2 - 30x + 63$ 

$$a) \text{ Find } g(0) \quad 3(0)^2 - 30(0) + 63 = 63$$

$$b) \text{ Find } g(n+1) \quad 3(n+1)^2 - 30(n+1) + 63 = 3n^2 + 6n + 3 - 30n - 30 + 63$$

$$= 3n^2 - 24n + 36$$

c) What is the vertex of the graph  $y = g(x)$ ?vertex:  $(-b/2a, g(-b/2a))$ 

$$\frac{-b}{2a} = \frac{-(-30)}{2(3)} = 5$$

$$g(5) = 75 - 150 + 63 = -12$$

vertex:  $(5, -12)$ 

d) What are the zeros of the function?

$$3x^2 - 30x + 63 = 0$$

$$3(x^2 - 10x + 21) = 0$$

$$3(x-3)(x-7) = 0$$

$$x = 3, 7$$

24) Solve:  $\sqrt{5x+54} = x+8$  (Identify extraneous solutions)

(square both sides)

$$5x + 54 = (x+8)^2$$

$$5x + 54 = x^2 + 16x + 64$$

$$x^2 + 11x + 10 = 0$$

$$(x+1)(x+10) = 0$$

$$x = -1, -10$$

$$\text{check solutions: } \sqrt{5(-1)+54} = (-1)+8$$

$$7 = 7 \checkmark$$

$$\sqrt{5(-10)+54} = (-10)+8$$

$$2 = -2 \text{ extraneous}$$

25) Sketch a graph of the following:  $f(x) = -2(x-1)^2 + 4$ 

Label the vertex and 2 other points.

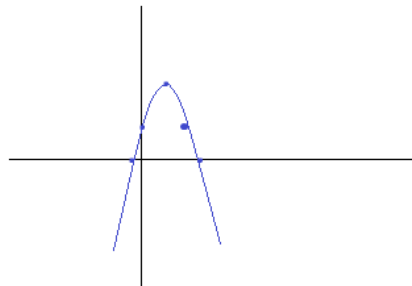
$$\text{vertex: } (1, 4)$$

$$f(0) = -2(0-1)^2 + 4 = 2$$

$$(0, 2)$$

$$f(2) = -2(2-1)^2 + 4 = 2$$

$$(2, 2)$$



$$-2(x-1)^2 + 4 = 0$$

$$-2(x-1)^2 = -4$$

$$(x-1)^2 = 2$$

$$x-1 = \pm \sqrt{2}$$

$$(1 + \sqrt{2}, 0) \quad (1 - \sqrt{2}, 0)$$

Thanks for visiting the site. (Hope it helped!)

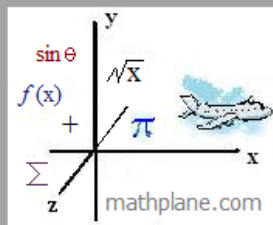
If you have questions, suggestions, or requests, contact us.

Cheers,

Mathplane.com

(Facebook, Pinterest, Teacherspayteachers, and Google +)

"Find the weekly webcomic and more at Math Plane."



**ONE MORE QUESTION:**

$$12 + 3(4 + 7) \div 3(5) =$$

Order of Operations:

$$12 + 3(4 + 7) \div 3(5)$$

~~NOT  $12 + 33 \div 15 = 3$~~

$$12 + 33 \div 3 \times 5$$

~~NOT  $12 + 33/15$~~

$$12 + 11 \times 5$$

$$12 + 55 = \boxed{67}$$