acc. to 29 CFR 1910.1200 App D

## #28 Swipe

Version number: GHS 1.0 Date of compilation: 2019-11-05

#### **SECTION 1: Identification**

#### 1.1 **Product identifier**

Trade name #28 Swipe

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses Polymer paint sealer

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

CDN Distributors, Inc. PO Box 3191 Scranton, PA 18505

1-800-834-8916 (570) 457-1960

www.cdndistributors.com

#### 1.4 **Emergency telephone number**

**Emergency information service** 

USA 1.800.535.5053, INTL 1.352.323.3500 24 hour emergency number

### SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification acc. to OSHA "Hazard Communication Standard" (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Section	Hazard class	Category	Hazard class and category	Hazard state- ment
A.2	skin corrosion/irritation	2	Skin Irrit. 2	H315
A.7	reproductive toxicity	2	Repr. 2	H361fd
B.6	flammable liquid	3	Flam. Liq. 3	H226

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16.

#### The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

The product is combustible and can be ignited by potential ignition sources. The mixture contains a substance that was identified as a PBT (persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic). The mixture contains a substance that was identified as vPvB (very persistent and very bioaccumulative).

#### Additional information

Containing a PBT-/vPvB-substance in a concentration of  $\geq 0.1\%$ .

#### 2.2 Label elements

Labelling acc. to OSHA "Hazard Communication Standard" (29 CFR 1910.1200)

- Signal word warning

- Pictograms

GHS02, GHS07, GHS08





- Hazard statements

H226 Flammable liquid and vapor. H315 Causes skin irritation.

Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child. H361fd

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- Precautionary statements

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P233 Keep container tightly closed.

P240 Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

P241 Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment.

P242 Use only non-sparking tools.

P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P302+P352 If on skin: Wash with plenty of water.

P303+P361+P353 If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

P308+P313 If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

P321 Specific treatment (see on this label).

P332+P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P362 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P370+P378 In case of fire: Use sand, carbon dioxide or powder extinguisher to extinguish.

P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P405 Store locked up.

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

- Hazardous ingredients for labelling

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light, octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane, Zirconium 2-ethylhaxanoate

#### 2.3 Other hazards

Hazards not otherwise classified

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects (GHS category 1: aquatic toxicity - acute and/or chronic).

#### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.1 Substances

Not relevant (mixture)

#### 3.2 Mixtures

Description of the mixture

Name of substance	Identifier	Wt%	Classification acc. to GHS
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	CAS No 64742-49-0	12-<20	Skin Irrit. 2 / H315 Repr. 2 / H361d STOT SE 3 / H336 Asp. Tox. 1 / H304 Flam. Liq. 2 / H225
octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	CAS No 556-67-2	3-<12	Repr. 2 / H361f Flam. Liq. 3 / H226
China Clay, calcined	CAS No 66402-68-4	3-<12	Acute Tox. 4 / H332
decamethylcyclopentasiloxane	CAS No 541-02-6	1-<3	Flam. Liq. 4 / H227
stoddard solvent	CAS No 64742-47-8	0.1 - < 1	Acute Tox. 3 / H331 Skin Irrit. 2 / H315 STOT RE 1 / H372 Asp. Tox. 1 / H304 Flam. Liq. 3 / H226
Zirconium 2-ethylhaxanoate	CAS No 22464-99-9	0.1 - < 1	Repr. 2 / H361d

Hazardous ingredients, Consideration of other advice

Exact percentage of ingredients is withheld as a trade secret.

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For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16.

#### **SECTION 4: First-aid measures**

#### 4.1 Description of first- aid measures

#### General notes

Do not leave affected person unattended. Remove victim out of the danger area. Keep affected person warm, still and covered. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice. In case of unconsciousness place person in the recovery position. Never give anything by mouth.

#### Following inhalation

If breathing is irregular or stopped, immediately seek medical assistance and start first aid actions. In case of respiratory tract irritation, consult a physician. Provide fresh air.

#### Following skin contact

Wash with plenty of soap and water.

#### Following eye contact

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 10 minutes, holding the eyelids apart.

#### Following ingestion

Rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). Do NOT induce vomiting.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms and effects are not known to date.

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

none

#### **SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures**

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Water spray, BC-powder, Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Water jet

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

In case of insufficient ventilation and/or in use, may form flammable/explosive vapor-air mixture. Solvent vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Places which are not ventilated, e.g. unventilated below ground level areas such as trenches, conduits and shafts, are particularly prone to the presence of flammable substances or mixtures.

#### Hazardous combustion products

Nitrogen oxides (NOx), Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO2)

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Coordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings. Do not allow firefighting water to enter drains or water courses. Collect contaminated firefighting water separately. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance.

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#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

Remove persons to safety.

For emergency responders

Wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapors/dust/aerosols/gases.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it. If substance has entered a water course or sewer, inform the responsible authority.

#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains

Advice on how to clean up a spill

Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Collect spillage: sawdust, kieselgur (diatomite), sand, universal binder

Appropriate containment techniques

Use of adsorbent materials.

Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

#### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Recommendations

- Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation

Use local and general ventilation. Avoidance of ignition sources. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Due to danger of explosion, prevent leakage of vapours into cellars, flues and ditches. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Use only non-sparking tools.

- Specific notes/details

Places which are not ventilated, e.g. unventilated below ground level areas such as trenches, conduits and shafts, are particularly prone to the presence of flammable substances or mixtures. Vapors are heavier than air, spread along floors and form explosive mixtures with air.

#### Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands after use. Do not eat, drink and smoke in work areas. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Never keep food or drink in the vicinity of chemicals. Never place chemicals in containers that are normally used for food or drink. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Managing of associated risks

- Explosive atmospheres

Keep container tightly closed and in a well-ventilated place. Use local and general ventilation. Keep cool. Protect from sunlight.

- Flammability hazards

Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Protect from sunlight.

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Control of the effects

Protect against external exposure, such as

Frost

- Ventilation requirements

Use local and general ventilation. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

- Packaging compatibilities

Only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to the Dangerous Goods Regulations) may be used.

#### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

See section 16 for a general overview.

### SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1 Control parameters

This information is not available.

### Relevant DNELs of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	End- point	Threshold level	Protection goal, route of exposure	Used in	Exposure time
octamethylcyclotet- rasiloxane	556-67-2	DNEL	73 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	human, inhalatory worker (industry)	
octamethylcyclotet- rasiloxane	556-67-2	DNEL	73 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory worker (industry)		acute - systemic effects
octamethylcyclotet- rasiloxane	556-67-2	DNEL	73 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - local ef- fects
octamethylcyclotet- rasiloxane	556-67-2	DNEL	73 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	acute - local ef- fects
China Clay, calcined	66402-68-4	DNEL	15.63 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - local ef- fects
decamethylcyclo- pentasiloxane	541-02-6	DNEL	97.3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
decamethylcyclo- pentasiloxane	541-02-6	DNEL	97.3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	acute - systemic effects
decamethylcyclo- pentasiloxane	541-02-6	DNEL	24.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - local ef- fects
decamethylcyclo- pentasiloxane	541-02-6	DNEL	24.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	acute - local ef- fects
stoddard solvent	64742-47-8	DNEL	44 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
stoddard solvent	64742-47-8	DNEL	55 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	acute - systemic effects
stoddard solvent	64742-47-8	DNEL	44 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - local ef- fects
stoddard solvent	64742-47-8	DNEL	55 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	acute - local ef- fects
stoddard solvent	64742-47-8	DNEL	80 mg/kg bw/day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
stoddard solvent	64742-47-8	DNEL	30 mg/kg bw/day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	acute - systemic effects
Zirconium 2-ethylhax- anoate	22464-99-9	DNEL	15.75 mg/kg	human, dermal	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects

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Relevant DNELs of components of the mixture							
Name of substance							
Zirconium 2-ethylhax- anoate	22464-99-9	DNEL	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects	

#### Relevant PNECs of components of the mixture Name of substance CAS No **Threshold** Organism **Environmental Exposure time** Endcompartment $10 \frac{\text{mg}}{\text{l}}$ octamethylcyclotet-556-67-2 **PNEC** microorganisms sewage treatment short-term (single plant (STP) rasiloxane instance)

pelagic organisms

(top) predators

aquatic organisms

aquatic organisms

aquatic organisms

aquatic organisms

aquatic organisms

benthic organisms

sediment

water

freshwater

marine water

sewage treatment

plant (STP)

freshwater sedi-

ment

marine sediment

sediment

short-term (single

instance)

short-term (single

instance)

short-term (single

instance) short-term (single

instance)

short-term (single

instance)

short-term (single

instance)

short-term (single

instance)

 $0.059 \frac{mg}{kg}$ 

 $1.7 \frac{\text{mg}}{\text{kg}}$ 

 $0.44 \, \mu g/I$ 

 $0.044 \, \mu g/_{l}$ 

10 <sup>mg</sup>/<sub>I</sub>

 $3 \frac{mg}{kg}$ 

 $0.3 \frac{\text{mg}}{\text{kg}}$ 

octamethylcyclotet-

rasiloxane

octamethylcyclotet-

rasilóxane

octamethylcyclotet-

rasiloxane

octamethylcyclotet-

rasiloxane

octamethylcyclotet-

rasiloxane

octamethylcyclotet-

rasiloxane

octamethylcyclotet-

rasiloxane

556-67-2

556-67-2

556-67-2

556-67-2

556-67-2

556-67-2

556-67-2

556-67-2

**PNEC** 

**PNEC** 

**PNEC** 

**PNEC** 

**PNEC** 

**PNEC** 

**PNEC** 

**PNEC** 

 $0.59 \frac{mg}{kg}$ octamethylcyclotetshort-term (single rasiloxane instance)  $0.16 \frac{mg}{kg}$ octamethylcyclotet-556-67-2 **PNEC** terrestrial organisms soil short-term (single rasiloxane instance) 10 <sup>mg</sup>/<sub>I</sub> decamethylcyclo-541-02-6 **PNEC** microorganisms sewage treatment short-term (single pentasiloxane plant (STP) instance) 11 <sup>mg</sup>/<sub>kg</sub> decamethylcycloshort-term (single 541-02-6 **PNEC** benthic organisms sediment pentasiloxane instance)  $13 \frac{\text{mg}}{\text{kg}}$ decamethylcyclo-541-02-6 **PNEC** (top) predators water short-term (single pentasiloxane instance) 541-02-6  $1.1 \frac{mg}{kg}$ short-term (single **PNFC** sediment decamethylcyclopelagic organisms pentasiloxane instance) 1.2 <sup>μg</sup>/<sub>l</sub> decamethylcyclo-541-02-6 **PNEC** aquatic organisms freshwater short-term (single pentasiloxane instance)  $0.12 \, \mu g/I$ decamethylcyclo-541-02-6 **PNEC** aquatic organisms marine water short-term (single pentasiloxane instance) decamethylcyclo-541-02-6 **PNEC**  $10 \frac{\text{mg}}{\text{l}}$ aquatic organisms sewage treatment short-term (single pentasiloxane plant (STP) instance)  $11 \frac{\text{mg}}{\text{kg}}$ **PNEC** decamethylcyclo-541-02-6 aquatic organisms freshwater sedishort-term (single pentasiloxane ment instance)  $1.1 \frac{mg}{kg}$ decamethylcyclo-**PNEC** 541-02-6 aquatic organisms marine sediment short-term (single pentasiloxane instance) 1.27 mg/kg decamethylcyclo-541-02-6 **PNEC** terrestrial organisms soil short-term (single pentasiloxane instance) stoddard solvent 64742-47-8 **PNEC**  $0.14 \frac{mg}{I}$ aquatic organisms freshwater short-term (single instance) Page: 6 / 16

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Trade and the control of the minutes							
Name of substance	CAS No	End- point	Threshold level	Organism	Environmental compartment	Exposure time	
stoddard solvent	64742-47-8	PNEC	0.35 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>I</sub>	aquatic organisms	marine water	short-term (single instance)	
stoddard solvent	64742-47-8	PNEC	1.14 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	aquatic organisms	freshwater sedi- ment	short-term (single instance)	
stoddard solvent	64742-47-8	PNEC	0.14 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	aquatic organisms	marine sediment	short-term (single instance)	
Zirconium 2-ethylhax- anoate	22464-99-9	PNEC	0.36 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>I</sub>	aquatic organisms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)	
Zirconium 2-ethylhax- anoate	22464-99-9	PNEC	71.7 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	microorganisms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)	
Zirconium 2-ethylhax- anoate	22464-99-9	PNEC	6.37 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	benthic organisms	sediment	short-term (single instance)	
Zirconium 2-ethylhax-	22464-99-9	PNEC	0.637 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>kg</sub>	pelagic organisms	sediment	short-term (single	

1.06 <sup>mg</sup>/<sub>kg</sub>

0.493 mg/<sub>I</sub>

 $0.036 \frac{mg}{l}$ 

terrestrial organisms

aquatic organisms

aquatic organisms

**PNEC** 

**PNEC** 

**PNEC** 

instance)

short-term (single

instance)

intermittent re-

lease

short-term (single

instance)

soil

water

marine water

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Relevant PNECs of components of the mixture

General ventilation.

anoate

Zirconium 2-ethylhax-

anoate

Zirconium 2-ethylhax-

anoate

Zirconium 2-ethylhax-

anoate

Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

22464-99-9

22464-99-9

22464-99-9

Eye/face protection

Wear eye/face protection.

Skin protection

- Hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. Check leak-tightness/impermeability prior to use. In the case of wanting to use the gloves again, clean them before taking off and air them well. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves.

#### - Other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

#### Respiratory protection

In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

#### Environmental exposure controls

Use appropriate container to avoid environmental contamination. Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

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### SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

## 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties Appearance

Physical state	liquid	
Color	off-white	
Odor	characteristic	

### Other safety parameters

pH (value)	9.3 (25 °C)		
Melting point/freezing point	not determined		
Initial boiling point and boiling range	>65 °C at 1 atm		
Flash point	54 °C at 101.3 kPa 129 °F at 1 atm closed cup		
Evaporation rate	not determined		
Flammability (solid, gas)	not relevant, (fluid)		

### **Explosive limits**

- Lower explosion limit (LEL)	0.9 vol%	
- Upper explosion limit (UEL)	6.7 vol%	
Vapor pressure	31.69 hPa at 25 °C	
Density	0.97 <sup>g</sup> / <sub>cm³</sub> at 25 °C	
Vapor density	this information is not available	
Solubility(ies)	not determined	

#### Partition coefficient

- n-octanol/water (log KOW)	this information is not available		
Auto-ignition temperature	246 °C (auto-ignition temperature (liquids and gases))		

### Viscosity

- Kinematic viscosity	325 cSt at 25 °C
- Dynamic viscosity	315.3 cP at 25 °C

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Explosive properties	none
Oxidizing properties	none
Temperature class (USA, acc. to NEC 500)	T2C (maximum permissible surface temperature on the equipment: 230°C)

### **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1 Reactivity

Concerning incompatibility: see below "Conditions to avoid" and "Incompatible materials". The mixture contains reactive substance(s). Risk of ignition.

If heated:

Risk of ignition

#### 10.2 Chemical stability

See below "Conditions to avoid".

#### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

No known hazardous reactions.

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

Hints to prevent fire or explosion

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

#### 10.5 Incompatible materials

Oxidizers

#### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Reasonably anticipated hazardous decomposition products produced as a result of use, storage, spill and heating are not known. Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Test data are not available for the complete mixture.

Classification procedure

The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

### Classification acc. to OSHA "Hazard Communication Standard" (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Acute toxicity

Shall not be classified as acutely toxic.

Acute toxicity estimate	(ATE)	of com	ponents	of the	mixture
-------------------------	-------	--------	---------	--------	---------

Name of substance	CAS No	Exposure route	ATE
China Clay, calcined	66402-68-4	inhalation: dust/mist	2.3 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub> /4h
stoddard solvent	64742-47-8	inhalation: vapor	5.5 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub> /4h

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes skin irritation.

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### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Shall not be classified as seriously damaging to the eye or eye irritant.

#### Respiratory or skin sensitization

Shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitizer.

### Germ cell mutagenicity

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

#### Carcinogenicity

Shall not be classified as carcinogenic.

#### Reproductive toxicity

Suspected of damaging the unborn child. Suspected of damaging fertility.

#### Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (single exposure).

#### Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (repeated exposure).

#### Aspiration hazard

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

#### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### Aquatic toxicity (acute) of components of the mixture

Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	64742-49-0	LL50	8.2 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	fish	96 h
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	64742-49-0	EL50	4.5 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	aquatic invertebrates	48 h
octamethylcyclotet- rasiloxane	556-67-2	LC50	>22 <sup>µg</sup> / <sub>I</sub>	fish	96 h
octamethylcyclotet- rasiloxane	556-67-2	EC50	>1,000 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>I</sub>	aquatic invertebrates	96 h
decamethylcyclopentas- iloxane	541-02-6	LC50	>16 <sup>µg</sup> / <sub>I</sub>	fish	96 h
decamethylcyclopentas- iloxane	541-02-6	EC50	>2.9 <sup>µg</sup> / <sub>I</sub>	aquatic invertebrates	48 h
stoddard solvent	64742-47-8	LC50	0.18 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	fish	96 h
stoddard solvent	64742-47-8	LL50	41.4 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	fish	96 h
stoddard solvent	64742-47-8	EL50	2.5 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	algae	96 h
stoddard solvent	64742-47-8	EC50	0.58 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	algae	96 h
Zirconium 2-ethylhax- anoate	22464-99-9	EC50	>0.17 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub> </sub>	aquatic invertebrates	48 h

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_ ·					
Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	64742-49-0	EL50	10 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>I</sub>	fish	21 d
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	64742-49-0	EC50	15.41 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>l</sub>	microorganisms	40 h
octamethylcyclotet- rasiloxane	556-67-2	LC50	10 <sup>µg</sup> / <sub>I</sub>	fish	14 d
octamethylcyclotet- rasiloxane	556-67-2	EC50	>500 <sup>mg</sup> / <sub>I</sub>	aquatic invertebrates	24 h

 $300.4~^{mg}/_{l}$ 

 $>16 \mu g/I$ 

microorganisms

fish

3 h

14 d

21 d

#### $>15 \, ^{\mu g}/_{I}$ decamethylcyclopentas-EC50 aquatic invertebrates iloxane 64742-47-8 EL50 $1.19 \frac{mg}{I}$ stoddard solvent aquatic invertebrates 21 d stoddard solvent 64742-47-8 EC50 $0.33 \frac{mg}{I}$ aquatic invertebrates 21 d

EC50

LC50

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Data are not available.

China Clay, calcined

decamethylcyclopentas-

iloxane

#### **Bioaccumulative potential** 12.3

The substance fulfills the very bioaccumulative criterion.

Aquatic toxicity (chronic) of components of the mixture

66402-68-4

541-02-6

541-02-6

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

The mixture contains a substance that was identified as a PBT (persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic). The mixture contains a substance that was identified as vPvB (very persistent and very bioaccumulative).

#### Other adverse effects

Endocrine disrupting potential

The mixture contains substance(s) with an endocrine disrupting potential.

#### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Waste treatment-relevant information

Solvent reclamation/regeneration.

Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains. Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/safety data sheets.

Waste treatment of containers/packages

Only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to DOT) may be used. Completely emptied packages can be recycled. Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself.

#### Remarks

Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions. Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities.

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### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

**14.1 UN number** 1993

**14.2 UN proper shipping name** Flammable liquid, n.o.s.

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3 (flammable liquids)

14.4 Packing group III (substance presenting low danger)

**14.5 Environmental hazards** hazardous to the aquatic environment

Environmentally hazardous substance (aquatic

environment)

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light

#### 14.6 Special precautions for user

There is no additional information.

#### 14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.

#### Information for each of the UN Model Regulations

#### Transport of dangerous goods by road or rail (49 CFR US DOT)

Index number 1993

Proper shipping name Flammable liquid, n.o.s.

- Particulars in the shipper's declaration UN1993, Flammable liquid, n.o.s., 3, III, environment-

ally hazardous

- Reportable quantity (RQ) 284,495 lbs (129,161 kg) (diethanolamine)

Class 3
Packing group III

Danger label(s) 3, fish and tree





Environmental hazards yes (hazardous to the aquatic environment)
Special provisions (SP)
B1, B52, IB3, T4, TP1, TP29

ERG No 128
International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG)

UN number 1993

Proper shipping name FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S.

Class 3

Marine pollutant yes (hazardous to the aquatic environment)

Packing group III

Danger label(s) 3, fish and tree





Special provisions (SP) 223, 274, 955

Excepted quantities (EQ) E1
Limited quantities (LQ) 5 L

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EmS F-E, <u>S-E</u>

Stowage category A

#### International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO-IATA/DGR)

UN number 1993

Proper shipping name Flammable liquid, n.o.s.

Class 3

Environmental hazards yes (hazardous to the aquatic environment)

Packing group III
Danger label(s) 3



Special provisions (SP)

Excepted quantities (EQ)

Limited quantities (LQ)

A3

E1

10 L

#### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

#### **National regulations (United States)**

Toxic Substance Control Act (TSCA) all ingredients are listed

#### Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act (SARA TITLE III )

- The List of Extremely Hazardous Substances and Their Threshold Planning Quantities (EPCRA Section 302, 304)

none of the ingredients are listed

#### **Clean Air Act**

none of the ingredients are listed

# California Environmental Protection Agency (Cal/EPA): Proposition 65 - Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1987

Proposition 65 List of chemicals					
Name of substance	Name acc. to inventory	CAS No	Wt%	Remarks	Type of the tox-icity
2,2'-iminodiethanol	diethanolamine	111-42-2	0.03515		cancer

#### **VOC** content

Regulated Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC-EPA): 15.63 % Regulated Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC-Cal ARB): 15.63 %

### Industry or sector specific available guidance(s)

#### **NPCA-HMIS® III**

Hazardous Materials Identification System. American Coatings Association.

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Category	Rating	Description
Chronic	*	chronic (long-term) health effects may result from repeated overexposure
Health	2	temporary or minor injury may occur
Flammability	2	material that must be moderately heated or exposed to relatively high ambient temperat- ures before ignition can occur
Physical hazard	0	material that is normally stable, even under fire conditions, and will not react with water, polymerize, decompose, condense, or self-react. Non-explosive
Personal protection	-	

#### **NFPA® 704**

National Fire Protection Association: Standard System for the Identification of the Hazards of Materials for Emergency Response (United States).

Category	Degree of hazard	Description
Flammability	2	material that must be moderately heated or exposed to relatively high ambient temperat- ures before ignition can occur
Health	2	material that, under emergency conditions, can cause temporary incapacitation or residual injury
Instability	0	material that is normally stable, even under fire conditions
Special hazard		

#### **National inventories**

Country	Inventory	Status
CA	DSL	all ingredients are listed
EU	REACH Reg.	not all ingredients are listed
US	TSCA	all ingredients are listed

Legend

DSL Domestic Substances List (DSL)
REACH Reg.
REACH registered substances
TSCA Toxic Substance Control Act

### 15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

Chemical safety assessments for substances in this mixture were not carried out.

### SECTION 16: Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

### Abbreviations and acronyms

Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
49 CFR US DOT	49 CFR § 40 U.S. Department of Transportation
Acute Tox.	Acute toxicity
Asp. Tox.	Aspiration hazard
ATE	Acute Toxicity Estimate
Cal ARB	California Air Resources Board
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service (service that maintains the most comprehensive list of chemical substances)
DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (see IATA/DGR)
DNEL	Derived No-Effect Level

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Abbr.	Descriptions of used abbreviations
DOT	Department of Transportation (USA)
EC50	Effective Concentration 50 %. The EC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % changes in response (e.g. on growth) during a specified time interval
EL50	Effective Loading 50 %: the EL50 corresponds to the loading rate required to produce a response in 50% of the test organisms
EmS	Emergency Schedule
EPA	Environmental Protection Agency. An agency of the federal government of the United States charged with protecting human health and the environment
ERG No	Emergency Response Guidebook - Number
Flam. Liq.	Flammable liquid
GHS	"Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals" developed by the United Nations
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IATA/DGR	Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA)
ICAO	International Civil Aviation Organization
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code
LC50	Lethal Concentration 50%: the LC50 corresponds to the concentration of a tested substance causing 50 % lethality during a specified time interval
LL50	Lethal Loading 50 %: the LL50 corresponds to the loading rate causing 50 % lethality
MARPOL	International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships (abbr. of "Marine Pollutant")
NPCA-HMIS® III	National Paint and Coatings Association: Hazardous Materials Identification System - HMIS® III, Third Edition
OSHA	Occupational Safety and Health Administration (United States)
PBT	Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration
Repr.	Reproductive toxicity
RTECS	Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances (database of NIOSH with toxicological information)
Skin Corr.	Corrosive to skin
Skin Irrit.	Irritant to skin
STOT RE	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure
STOT SE	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure
VOC	Volatile Organic Compounds
vPvB	Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

### Key literature references and sources for data

OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (HCS), 29 CFR 1910.1200.

Transport of dangerous goods by road or rail (49 CFR US DOT). International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

### Classification procedure

Physical and chemical properties: The classification is based on tested mixture.

Health hazards, Environmental hazards: The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

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### List of relevant phrases (code and full text as stated in chapter 2 and 3)

Code	Text
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapor.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapor.
H227	Combustible liquid.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H361d	Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
H361f	Suspected of damaging fertility.
H361fd	Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

#### **Disclaimer**

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.

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