



CITY OF
KEMPNER, TEXAS

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2023

**ANNUAL
FINANCIAL
REPORT**

FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED
SEPTEMBER 30, 2023



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ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

of the

City of Kempner, Texas

**For the Year Ended
September 30, 2023**

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City of Kempner, Texas

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September 30, 2023

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and
Members of the City Council
City of Kempner:

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the City of Kempner, Texas as of and for the year ended September 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise City of Kempner, Texas' basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, and each major fund of the City of Kempner, Texas as of September 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of City of Kempner, Texas and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

City of Kempner, Texas' management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about City of Kempner, Texas' ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Kempner, Texas' internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about City of Kempner, Texas' ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note V.G. to the financial statements, the City restated the beginning net position of governmental activities due to a correction to compensated absences in the prior year. Our opinion is not modified with respect to these matters.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, schedule of changes in net pension liability and related ratios, schedule of employer contributions to pension plan, schedule of changes to the OPEB liability, and the budgetary comparison information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.



BrooksWatson & Co., PLLC
Certified Public Accountants
Houston, Texas
August 21, 2025

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***MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION
AND ANALYSIS***

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City of Kempner

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A)

September 30, 2023

As management of the City of Kempner (the "City"), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows (net position) at September 30, 2023 by \$1,515,337.
- The City's total net position increased by \$68,878. The majority of the City's net position is invested in capital assets.
- The City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$722,043 at September 30, 2023, an increase of \$36,710 from the prior fiscal year; this includes a decrease of \$2,348 in the general fund, a decrease of \$1,863 in the debt service fund, an increase of \$32,756 in the street sales tax fund, and an increase of \$8,165 in the municipal court fund.
- The net pension asset and OPEB liability outstanding at the close of the fiscal year was \$649 and \$406, respectively.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The discussion and analysis provided here are intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) the notes to financial statements. This report also includes supplementary information intended to furnish additional detail to support the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Statements

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the City's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows with the difference reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating. Other non-financial factors, such as the City's property tax base and the condition of the City's infrastructure, need to be considered in order to assess the overall health of the City.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses

City of Kempner

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, *Continued*

September 30, 2023

are reported for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, public works, and culture and recreation. The City does not present business-type activities within the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 16 through 19 of this report.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into one category: governmental funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in assessing a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City maintains four individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general, debt service, street sales tax, and municipal court funds, which are considered major funds. The City did not present any nonmajor governmental funds.

City of Kempner

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, *Continued*

September 30, 2023

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general, debt service, street sales tax and municipal court funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 20 through 27 of this report.

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is necessary to acquire a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 29 through 55 of this report.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents *required supplementary information* concerning the City's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees and budgetary comparison for the general fund. Required supplementary information can be found on page 59 through 63 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted previously, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the City's financial position. For the City of Kempner, assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$1,515,337 as of September 30, 2023, in the primary government.

The largest portion of the City's net position, \$789,837, reflects its investments in capital assets (e.g., land, city hall, city park, roads, as well as the public works facilities), less any debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Current and other assets of the primary government increased \$41,023, or 6%, due primarily to greater cash on hand compared to the prior year, which is a direct result of surpluses over the course of the year.

Capital assets of the primary government increased \$43,227, or 5%, due to acquisition costs of new assets offset by depreciation expense.

City of Kempner
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, Continued
September 30, 2023

Long-term liabilities of the primary government increased \$13,968, or 7%, primarily due to a new note issuance offset by principal payments made during the year.

Statement of Net Position:

The following table reflects the condensed Statement of Net Position:

	Governmental Activities	
	2023	2022
Current and other assets	\$ 770,887	\$ 729,864
Capital assets, net	989,995	946,768
Total Assets	1,760,882	1,676,632
Total Def. Outflows	2,438	2,062
Current liabilities	36,655	35,409
Long-term liabilities	209,218	195,250
Total Liabilities	245,873	230,659
Total Def. inflows	2,110	1,576
Net Position:		
Net investment in capital assets	789,837	761,768
Restricted	27,275	18,461
Unrestricted	698,225	666,230
Total Net Position	\$ 1,515,337	\$ 1,446,459

City of Kempner
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, Continued
September 30, 2023

Statement of Activities:

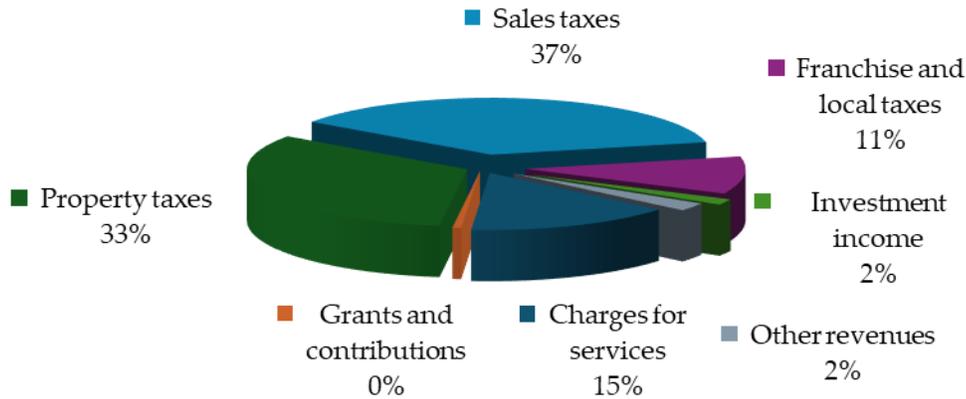
The following table provides a summary of the City's changes in net position:

	Governmental Activities	
	2023	2022
Revenues		
Program revenues:		
Charges for services	\$ 72,475	\$ 58,338
Grants and contributions	3,035	145,403
General revenues:		
Property taxes	155,999	127,020
Sales taxes	174,371	146,653
Franchise and local taxes	50,581	49,016
Investment income	7,884	1,517
Other revenues	11,067	26,150
Total Revenues	475,412	554,097
Expenses		
General government	192,831	192,025
Public safety	168,724	168,755
Public works	12,454	12,454
Culture and recreation	24,516	25,535
Interest and fiscal charges	8,009	6,309
Total Expenses	406,534	405,078
Change in Net Position	68,878	149,019
Beginning Net Position	1,446,459	1,297,440
Ending Net Position	\$ 1,515,337	\$ 1,446,459

City of Kempner
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, Continued
September 30, 2023

Graphic presentations of selected data from the summary tables are displayed below to assist in the analysis of the City's activities.

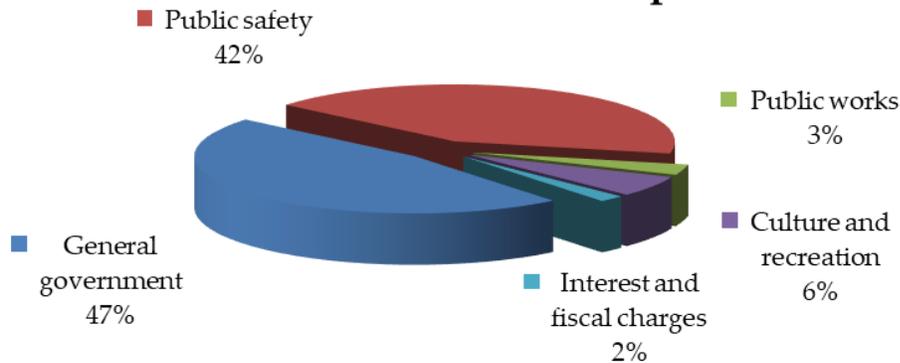
Governmental Activities - Revenues



For the year ended September 30, 2023, revenues from governmental activities totaled \$475,412. Overall revenues decreased by \$78,685 or 14%, due primarily to a decrease in grants and contributions compared to the prior year. Property taxes and sales taxes are the City's largest revenue sources. Property tax revenues increased \$28,979, or 23%, when compared to prior year due to an increase in overall assessed property values. Sales tax revenues increased \$27,718, or 19%, due to continued growth in local purchases. Grants and contributions decreased by \$142,368, or 98%, primarily due to the nonrecurring American Rescue Plan grant funds received in the prior year. Charges for services increased \$14,137, or 24%, as a result of an increase in court fine collections during the year. Other revenues decreased \$15,083, or 58%, due to a nonrecurring insurance recovery received in the prior year.

This graph shows the governmental function expenses of the City:

Governmental Activities - Expenses



For the year ended September 30, 2023, expenses for governmental activities totaled \$406,534. This represents an increase of \$1,456 or less than 1% from the prior year. The City's largest functional expense is general government of \$192,831. All expenses remained consistent with the prior fiscal year.

City of Kempner
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, *Continued*
September 30, 2023

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, fund accounting is used to demonstrate and ensure compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds - The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information of near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the City's net resources available for spending at the end of the year.

At September 30, 2023, the City's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$722,043, an increase of \$36,710 in comparison with the prior year. The City has an unassigned fund balance in the general fund of \$348,194.

As of the end of the year the general fund reflected a total fund balance of \$593,394. The fund balance decreased slightly by \$2,348 compared to the prior year. The general fund issued a note payable of \$65,000 to purchase a new public safety vehicle, with a note principal payment of \$14,642 during the current year.

The debt service fund had an ending fund deficit balance of \$8,197 at September 30, 2023 compared to the previous year's deficit balance of \$6,334. Total principal and interest payments for the year were \$35,000 and \$5,212, respectively. Debt service payments were made in accordance with their payment schedules. Total debt service payments exceeded revenues by \$1,863 for the year ended September 30, 2023.

The sales tax street fund had an ending fund balance of \$110,220. The fund balance increased by \$32,756 primarily due to current year sales tax revenues.

The municipal court fund had an ending fund balance of \$26,626. The fund balance increased by \$8,165 primarily due to revenues exceeding expenditures.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

There was a negative variance of \$195,753 for budgeted general fund revenues. The negative budget variance of \$260,957 in grants and contributions was primarily due to public safety grants being awarded subsequent to yearend. There was a positive variance of \$89,843 for budgeted general fund expenditures. The positive expense variance was primarily the result of the public safety being under budget by \$123,281. Other financing sources (uses) resulted in a positive variance of \$59,721, due primarily to the current year note issuance not being budgeted for. The net of these variances resulted in the total negative budget variance of \$46,189 for the general fund.

City of Kempner

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, *Continued*

September 30, 2023

CAPITAL ASSETS

As of the end of the year, the City's governmental activities funds had invested \$989,995 in a variety of capital assets and infrastructure, net of accumulated depreciation. Investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, vehicles, equipment, park improvements, and infrastructure. Major capital asset events during the current year include purchasing a new armor shield, stalker DSR, and a vehicle for the police department totaling \$101,095.

More detailed information about the City's capital assets is presented in note IV. C to the financial statements.

LONG-TERM DEBT

At the end of the current year, the City had total long-term debt outstanding of \$200,358, consisting of General Obligation Refunding Bonds of \$150,000 and notes payable of \$50,358. The City issued a note payable of \$65,000 in the current year. During the year, the City made bond and note principal payments of \$35,000 and \$14,642, respectively.

The City monitors its debt obligations and callable bonds for refinancing opportunities with market conditions.

More detailed information about the City's long-term liabilities is presented in note IV. D to the financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

The Mayor and City Council are committed to maintaining and improving the overall wellbeing of the City and improving services provided to their public citizens. The City budgeted for growth in the upcoming year.

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

The financial report is designed to provide our citizens, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances. If you have questions about this report or need any additional information, contact City Hall at 12288 U.S. Highway 190, Kempner, Texas 76539 or by calling (512) 932-2180.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

City of Kempner, Texas
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (Page 1 of 2)
September 30, 2023

	Primary Government Governmental Activities
<u>Assets</u>	
Current assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 710,998
Receivables, net	59,240
Total Current Assets	770,238
Noncurrent assets:	
Net pension asset	649
Capital assets:	
Non-depreciable capital assets	132,744
Net depreciable capital assets	857,251
Total Noncurrent Assets	990,644
Total Assets	1,760,882
 <u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	
Pension outflows	2,438
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 2,438

See Notes to Financial Statements.

City of Kempner, Texas
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (Page 2 of 2)
September 30, 2023

		<u>Primary Governmental Activities</u>
<u>Liabilities</u>		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	33,411
Accrued interest payable		3,244
Debt due within one year		46,456
Compensated absences - current		7,609
Total Current Liabilities		<u>90,720</u>
Noncurrent liabilities:		
OPEB liability		406
Debt due in more than one year		153,902
Compensated absences - non current		845
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		<u>155,153</u>
Total Liabilities		<u>245,873</u>
 <u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>		
Pension inflows		1,522
OPEB inflows		588
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		<u>2,110</u>
 <u>Net Position</u>		
Net investment in capital assets		789,837
Restricted		
Pension		649
Court security and technology		26,626
Unrestricted		698,225
Total Net Position	\$	<u>1,515,337</u>

See Notes to Financial Statements.

City of Kempner, Texas

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

Functions/Programs	Expenses	Program Revenues	
		Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions
Primary Government			
Governmental Activities			
General government	\$ 192,831	\$ 1,525	\$ 3,035
Public safety	168,724	70,950	-
Public works	12,454	-	-
Culture and recreation	24,516	-	-
Interest and fiscal charges	8,009	-	-
Total Governmental Activities	406,534	72,475	3,035
Total Primary Government	\$ 406,534	\$ 72,475	\$ 3,035

General Revenues:

Taxes:

Property taxes

Sales taxes

Franchise and local taxes

Investment income

Other revenues

Total General Revenues and Transfers

Change in Net Position

Beginning Net Position, as previously reported

Error corrections

Beginning Net Position, as adjusted

Ending Net Position

See Notes to Financial Statements.

	Net (Expense)
	Primary Government
	Governmental
	Activities
	<hr/>
\$	(188,271)
	(97,774)
	(12,454)
	(24,516)
	(8,009)
	<hr/>
	(331,024)
	<hr/>
	(331,024)
	<hr/>

	155,999
	174,371
	50,581
	7,884
	11,067
	<hr/>
	399,902
	<hr/>
	68,878
	1,456,291
	(9,832)
	1,446,459
\$	<hr/>
	1,515,337
	<hr/>

City of Kempner, Texas

BALANCE SHEET (Page 1 of 2)

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

September 30, 2023

	General	Debt Service	Sales Tax Street Fund	Municipal Court
<u>Assets</u>				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 580,704	\$ 4,922	\$ 98,746	\$ 26,626
Receivables, net	49,109	4,313	5,818	-
Due from other funds	13,119	-	5,656	-
Total Assets	642,932	9,235	110,220	26,626
<u>Liabilities</u>				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	33,411	-	-	-
Due to other funds	5,656	13,119	-	-
Total Liabilities	39,067	13,119	-	-
<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>				
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	10,471	4,313	-	-
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	10,471	4,313	-	-
<u>Fund Balances</u>				
Restricted for:				
Court security and technology	-	-	-	26,626
Committed for:				
Street improvements	-	-	110,220	-
Assigned for:				
Infrastructure	190,000	-	-	-
Parks	55,200	-	-	-
Unassigned reported in:				
General fund	348,194	-	-	-
Debt service	-	(8,197)	-	-
Total Fund Balances	593,394	(8,197)	110,220	26,626
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 642,932	\$ 9,235	\$ 110,220	\$ 26,626

See Notes to Financial Statements.

**Total
Governmental
Funds**

\$	710,998
	59,240
	18,775
	<u>789,013</u>

	33,411
	18,775
	<u>52,186</u>

	14,784
	<u>14,784</u>

	26,626
	110,220
	190,000
	55,200
	348,194
	(8,197)
	<u>722,043</u>
\$	<u>789,013</u>

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City of Kempner, Texas

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

September 30, 2023

Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 722,043
Adjustments for the Statement of Net Position:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and, therefore, not reported in the governmental funds.	
Capital assets - non-depreciable	132,744
Capital assets - net depreciable	857,251
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the governmental funds.	
Property tax receivable	14,784
Net pension asset	649
Deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenues) until that time	
Pension difference in experience	(1,522)
OPEB change in assumptions	(434)
OPEB difference in experience	(154)
Deferred outflows of resources, represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and is not recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/ expenditure) until then.	
Pension investment losses (gains)	1,054
Pension contributions	1,384
Some liabilities, including bonds payable and deferred charges, are not reported as liabilities in the governmental funds.	
Bonds and notes payable	(200,358)
Accrued interest	(3,244)
OPEB liability	(406)
Compensated absences	(8,454)
	<u>\$ 1,515,337</u>

See Notes to Financial Statements.

City of Kempner, Texas

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

	General	Debt Service	Street Sales Tax	Municipal Court
Revenues				
Property tax	\$ 111,899	\$ 38,304	\$ -	\$ -
Sales tax	139,497	-	34,874	-
Franchise and local taxes	50,581	-	-	-
License and permits	1,525	-	-	-
Fines and forfeitures	62,772	-	-	8,178
Grants and donations	3,035	-	-	-
Investment income	7,694	45	113	32
Other revenue	8,086	-	2,842	139
Total Revenues	385,089	38,349	37,829	8,349
Expenditures				
Current:				
General government	170,565	-	3,729	6,807
Public safety	247,249	-	-	-
Culture and recreation	14,482	-	-	-
Debt Service:				
Principal	14,642	35,000	-	-
Interest and fiscal charges	220	5,212	-	-
Total Expenditures	447,158	40,212	3,729	6,807
Excess of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	(62,069)	(1,863)	34,100	1,542
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in	1,344	-	-	6,623
Transfers (out)	(6,623)	-	(1,344)	-
Note issuance	65,000	-	-	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	59,721	-	(1,344)	6,623
Net Change in Fund Balances	(2,348)	(1,863)	32,756	8,165
Beginning fund balances	595,742	(6,334)	77,464	18,461
Ending Fund Balances	\$ 593,394	\$ (8,197)	\$ 110,220	\$ 26,626

See Notes to Financial Statements.

**Total
Governmental
Funds**

\$ 150,203
174,371
50,581
1,525
70,950
3,035
7,884
11,067

469,616

181,101
247,249
14,482

49,642
5,432

497,906

(28,290)

7,967
(7,967)
65,000

65,000

36,710

685,333

\$ 722,043

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City of Kempner, Texas

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 36,710
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Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.

Capital outlay	101,095
Depreciation expense	(57,868)

Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.

Property taxes	5,796
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Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Compensated absences	1,378
Accrued interest	(2,577)
Pension expense	26
OPEB expense	(324)

The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases, certificates of obligation) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when they are first issued; whereas, these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities.

This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.

Note issuance	(65,000)
Principal payments	49,642

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 68,878
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See Notes to Financial Statements.

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City of Kempner, Texas
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
September 30, 2023

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity

The City of Kempner, Texas (the "City") is a municipal corporation governed by an elected mayor and five-member governing Council. The City provides services, such as public safety, street maintenance, culture and recreation, judicial, general administrative and other services.

The City is an independent political subdivision of the State of Texas governed by an elected council and a mayor and is considered a primary government. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these basic financial statements have been prepared based on considerations regarding the potential for inclusion of other entities, organizations, or functions as part of the City's financial reporting entity. No entities have been included in the City's reporting entity. Additionally, as the City is considered a primary government for financial reporting purposes, its activities are not considered a part of any other governmental or other type of reporting entity.

Considerations regarding the potential for inclusion of other entities, organizations or functions in the City's financial reporting entity are based on criteria prescribed by generally accepted accounting principles. These same criteria are evaluated in considering whether the City is a part of any other governmental or other type of reporting entity. The overriding elements associated with prescribed criteria considered in determining that the City's financial reporting entity status is that of a primary government are that it has a separately elected governing body; it is legally separate; and is fiscally independent of other state and local governments. Additionally, prescribed criteria under generally accepted accounting principles include considerations pertaining to organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and considerations pertaining to organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

B. Basis of Presentation - Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from governmental funds while business-type activities incorporate data from the government's enterprise funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments in lieu of taxes where the amounts are reasonably equivalent in value to the interfund services provided and other charges between the government's administrative functions and various other functions of

City of Kempner, Texas
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued
September 30, 2023

the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are those funds through which most governmental functions are typically financed.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund

The general fund is used to account for all financial transactions not properly includable in other funds. The principal sources of revenues include local property taxes, sales and franchise taxes, licenses and permits, and fines and forfeitures. Expenditures include general government, public safety, public works, and culture and recreation.

Debt Service Fund

The debt service fund is used to account for the payment of interest and principal on all long-term obligations of governmental funds. The primary source of revenue for debt service is local property taxes.

Street Sales Tax Fund

The Street Sales Tax Fund accounts for sales tax revenues collected for and restricted specifically for the maintenance of City streets.

Municipal Court Fund

The Municipal Court Fund accounts for fines collected for and restricted specifically for the court technology and security expenses.

During the course of operations the government has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds and advances to/from other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in governmental activities (i.e., the governmental and internal service funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the governmental activities column.

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers

City of Kempner, Texas
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued
September 30, 2023

in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities column.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide statements of net position and statements of activities are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus, accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operations of these activities are included on the balance sheet.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds and component units are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing resources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

The City utilizes the current financial resources measurement focus and modified accrual basis of accounting in the governmental fund type. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the accounting period when they are susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they are measurable and available). Measurable means the amount of the transaction can be determined and available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current period. Revenues susceptible to accrual include charges for services and interest on temporary investments.

Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise taxes, and interest associated with the current period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current period. Other receipts and other taxes become measurable and available when cash is received by the government and are recognized as revenue at that time.

Under modified accrual accounting, expenditures are recognized in the accounting period in which the liability is incurred, if measurable, except for interest on general long-term debt, which is recognized when due.

The statements of net position and statements of activities are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Under this method of accounting, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they are earned, and expenses in the accounting period in which they are incurred.

City of Kempner, Texas
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued
September 30, 2023

Generally, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance

1. Deposits and Investments

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, *Accounting and Reporting for Certain Investments and External Investment Pools*, the City reports all investments at fair value, except for "money market investments" and "2a7-like pools." Money market investments, which are short-term highly liquid debt instruments that may include U.S. Treasury and agency obligations, are reported at amortized costs. Investment positions in external investment pools that are operated in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940, such as TexPool, are reported using the pools' share price.

The City has adopted a written investment policy regarding the investment of its funds as defined in the Public Funds Investment Act, Chapter 2256, of the Texas Governmental Code. In summary, the City is authorized to invest in the following:

- Direct obligations of the U.S. Government
- Fully collateralized certificates of deposit and money market accounts
- Statewide investment pools

2. Fair Value Measurement

The City has applied Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*. GASB Statement No. 72 provides guidance for determining a fair value measurement for reporting purposes and applying fair value to certain investments and disclosures related to all fair value measurements.

3. Receivables and Interfund Transactions

Transactions between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the year are referred to as either "interfund receivables/payables" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds" in the fund financial statements. If the transactions

City of Kempner, Texas
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued
September 30, 2023

are between the primary government and its component unit, these receivables and payables are classified as “due to/from component unit/primary government.”

Advances between funds are offset by a fund balance reserve account in the applicable governmental fund to indicate they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

All trade receivables are shown net of any allowance for uncollectible amounts.

4. Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by October 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and business personal property in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the year in which imposed. Penalties are calculated after February 1 up to the date collected by the government at the rate of 6% for the first month and increased 1% per month up to a total of 12%. Interest is calculated after February 1 at the rate of 1% per month up to the date collected by the government. Under state law, property taxes levied on real property constitute a lien on the real property which cannot be forgiven without specific approval of the State Legislature. The lien expires at the end of twenty years. Taxes levied on personal property can be deemed uncollectible by the City.

5. Inventories and Prepaid Items

The city does not report inventories of supplies for consumable items due to the unused amount of these items being on hand at any given time being deemed immaterial. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased; however, the City does not have any prepaid items.

6. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., city park, city hall, roads, and similar items) are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government, as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

City of Kempner, Texas
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued
September 30, 2023

Interest costs incurred in connection with construction of enterprise fund capital assets are capitalized when the effects of capitalization materially impact the financial statements.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component units, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful years.

Asset Description	Estimated Useful Life
Buildings and improvements	15 to 40 years
Machinery and equipment	5 to 7 years
Furniture and fixtures	5 to 7 years
Infrastructure	20 years

7. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for *deferred outflows of resources*. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/ expenditure) until then.

An example is a deferred charge on refunding reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for *deferred inflows of resources*. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The government has only one type of item, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting, that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, *unavailable revenue*, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from one source: property taxes. This amount is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. Deferred inflows of resources can also occur at the government wide level due to differences between investment gains and losses realized on pension investments compared to assumption used within the pension actuarial valuation model.

City of Kempner, Texas
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued
September 30, 2023

8. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position and unrestricted – net position in the government-wide financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied.

It is the government’s policy to consider restricted – net position to have been depleted before unrestricted – net position is applied.

9. Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government’s policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

10. Fund Balance Policies

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The government itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the government’s highest level of decision-making authority. The governing council is the highest level of decision-making authority for the government that can, by adoption of an ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation.

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the government for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The council may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year’s appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In

City of Kempner, Texas
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued
September 30, 2023

other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

11. Compensated Absences

The City maintains formal programs for vacation, compensatory time, and flex time. Eligible employees are granted vacation pay benefits in varying amounts to specified maximums depending on tenure with the City. The City's personnel policy permits its eligible employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation, flex time, and compensatory time pay benefits based on policy maximums.

Upon separation from the City, employees will be paid for their accrued and unused vacation, compensatory time, and flex time pay benefits.

Sick leave accrues to eligible employee to specified maximums. Unused sick leave will be canceled upon termination of employment, and the employee will not be compensated for it.

The estimated amount of accrued compensated pay benefits that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it upon maturity. Amounts of accrued compensated pay benefits that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are maintained separately and represent a reconciling item between the fund and government-wide presentations.

12. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net position. The long-term debt consists primarily of bonds, notes payable, and accrued compensated absences.

Long-term debt for governmental funds is not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements until due. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources, net of the applicable premium or discount and payments of principal and interest reported as expenditures. In the governmental fund types, issuance costs, even if withheld from the actual net proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures. However, claims and judgments paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only for the portion expected to be financed from expendable available financial resources.

Assets acquired under the terms of capital leases are recorded as liabilities and capitalized in the government-wide financial statements at the present value of net minimum lease payments at inception of the lease. In the year of acquisition, lease transactions are recorded

City of Kempner, Texas
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued
September 30, 2023

as other financing sources and as capital outlay expenditures in the general fund. Lease payments representing both principal and interest are recorded as expenditures in the general fund upon payment with an appropriate reduction of principal recorded in the government-wide financial statements.

13. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates

14. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the Fiduciary Net Position of the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS) and additions to/deductions from TMRS's Fiduciary Net Position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TMRS. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized in the period that compensation is reported for the employee, which is when contributions are legally due. Benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

15. Other Postemployment Benefits ("OPEB")

The City has implemented GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. This statement applies to the individual employers (TMRS cities) in the TMRS Supplemental Death Benefits (SDB) plan, with retiree coverage. The TMRS SDBF covers both active and retiree benefits with no segregation of assets, and therefore doesn't meet the definition of a trust under GASB No. 75 (i.e., no assets are accumulated for OPEB) as such the SDBF is considered to be an unfunded OPEB plan. For purposes of reporting under GASB 75, the retiree portion of the SDBF is not considered a cost sharing plan and is instead considered a single employer, defined benefit OPEB plan. The death benefit for active employees provides a lump-sum payment approximately equal to the employee's annual salary, calculated based on the employee's actual earnings on which TMRS deposits are made, for the 12-month period preceding the month of death. The death benefit amount for retirees is \$7,500. GASB No. 75 requires the liability of employers and nonemployer contributing entities to employees for defined benefit OPEB (net OPEB liability) to be measured as the portion of the present value of projected benefit payments to be provided to current active and inactive employees that is attributed to those employees' past periods of service (total OPEB liability), less the amount of the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position.

City of Kempner, Texas
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued
September 30, 2023

E. Revenues and Expenditures/Expenses

1. Program Revenues

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions (including special assessments) that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes, and other internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

II. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net position.

The governmental fund balance sheet includes reconciliation between *fund balance-total governmental funds* and *net position-governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. One element of that reconciliation explains that long-term liabilities, including bonds, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Reconciling items have been presented on the balance sheet of governmental funds in the basic financial statements

B. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities.

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between net changes in fund balances – total governmental funds and changes in net position of governmental states that, “the issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities.” A reconciliation has been presented in the basic financial statements.

III. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) for the general fund, debt service fund, and special revenue funds. The original budget is adopted by the City Council prior to the beginning of the year. The legal level of control as defined by the City Charter is the department level. No funds can be transferred or added to a budgeted item without Council approval. Appropriations lapse at the end of the year.

City of Kempner, Texas
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued
September 30, 2023

A. Expenditures in Excess of Appropriations

For the year ended September 30, 2023, expenditures exceeded budget appropriations at the legal level of control as follows:

General Fund:		
Administrative	\$	21,194
Fire		5,000
Debt service - principal		14,642
Debt service - interest		220
Transfers (out)		6,623

B. Deficit Fund Balance

As of September 30, 2023, the Debt service fund had a deficit fund balance of \$8,197. The deficit should be reduced or eliminated in the future with increases to property tax revenues allocated to debt service.

IV. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Deposits and Investments

As of September 30, 2023, the City had the following investments:

Investment Type	Value	Weighted Average Maturity (Years)
External investment pools	\$ 149,356	0.07
Total value	\$ 149,356	
Portfolio weighted average maturity		0.07

Interest rate risk In accordance with its investment policy, the City manages its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting the weighted average of maturity of its investment portfolio to be 180 days or less; structuring the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations; monitoring credit ratings of portfolio position to assure compliance with rating requirements imposed by the Public Funds Investment Act; and invest operating funds primarily in short-term securities or similar government investment pools.

Credit risk The City's investment policy limits investments to obligations of the United States, State of Texas, or their agencies and instrumentalities with an investment quality rating of not less than "A" or its equivalent, by a nationally recognized investment rating

City of Kempner, Texas
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued
September 30, 2023

firm. Other obligations must be unconditionally guaranteed (either express or implied) by the full faith and credit of the United States Government or the issuing U.S. agency and investment pools with an investment quality not less than AAA or AAA-m, or equivalent, by at least one nationally recognized rating service. As of yearend, the City's investment in the Texpool investment pool was rated AAAM by Standard & Poor's.

Custodial credit risk – deposits In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. State statutes require that all deposits in financial institutions be insured or fully collateralized by U.S. government obligations or its agencies and instrumentalities or direct obligations of Texas or its agencies and instrumentalities that have a market value of not less than the principal amount of the deposits. As of September 30, 2023, the market values of pledged securities and FDIC exceeded bank balances.

Custodial credit risk – investments For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City's investment policy requires that it will seek to safekeeping securities at financial institutions, avoiding physical possession. Further, all trades, where applicable, are executed by delivery versus payment to ensure that securities are deposited in the City's safekeeping account prior to the release of funds.

TexPool

TexPool was established as a trust company with the Treasurer of the State of Texas as trustee, segregated from all other trustees, investments, and activities of the trust company. The State Comptroller of Public Accounts exercises oversight responsibility over TexPool. Oversight includes the ability to significantly influence operations, designation of management, and accountability for fiscal matters. Additionally, the State Comptroller has established an advisory board composed of both participants in TexPool and other persons who do not have a business relationship with TexPool. The advisory board members review the investment policy and management fee structure. Finally, Standard & Poor's rate TexPool AAAM. As a requirement to maintain the rating, weekly portfolio information must be submitted to Standard & Poor's, as well as to the office of the Comptroller of Public Accounts for review. At September 30, 2023, the fair value of the position in TexPool approximates fair value of the shares. There were no limitations or restrictions on withdrawals.

City of Kempner, Texas
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued
September 30, 2023

B. Receivables

The following comprise receivable balances of the primary government at year end:

	General	Debt Service	Street Maintenance	Total
Property taxes	\$ 10,471	\$ 4,313	\$ -	\$ 14,784
Sales tax	23,274	-	5,818	29,092
Franchise and local taxes	15,364	-	-	15,364
Total	\$ 49,109	\$ 4,313	\$ 5,818	\$ 59,240

C. Capital Assets

A summary of changes in governmental activities capital assets for the year end was as follows:

	Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases/ Reclassifications	Ending Balances
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 132,744	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 132,744
Total capital assets not being depreciated	<u>132,744</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>132,744</u>
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	845,653	-	-	845,653
Machinery, equipment, and vehicles	207,535	101,095	-	308,630
Infrastructure	249,086	-	-	249,086
Total capital assets being depreciated	<u>1,302,274</u>	<u>101,095</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,403,369</u>
Less accumulated depreciation				
Buildings and improvements	(218,135)	(21,642)	-	(239,777)
Machinery, equipment, and vehicles	(164,333)	(23,772)	-	(188,105)
Infrastructure	(105,782)	(12,454)	-	(118,236)
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>(488,250)</u>	<u>(57,868)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(546,118)</u>
Net capital assets being depreciated	<u>814,024</u>	<u>43,227</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>857,251</u>
Total Capital Assets	\$ 946,768	\$ 43,227	\$ -	\$ 989,995

Depreciation was charged to governmental functions as follows:

General government	\$ 11,608
Public safety	23,772
Public works	12,454
Culture and recreation	10,034
Total Governmental Activities Depreciation Expense	\$ 57,868

City of Kempner, Texas
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued
September 30, 2023

D. Long-term Debt

The following is a summary of changes in the City's total governmental long-term liabilities for the year ended. In general, the City uses the general and debt service fund to liquidate governmental long-term liabilities.

	<u>Beginning Balances</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Reductions</u>	<u>Ending Balances</u>	<u>Amounts Due within One Year</u>
Governmental Activities:					
Bonds and other payables					
GO Refunding Bonds	\$ 185,000	\$ -	\$ (35,000)	\$ 150,000	\$ 35,000
Note payable	-	65,000	(14,642)	50,358	11,456
Total Governmental Activities	<u>\$ 185,000</u>	<u>\$ 65,000</u>	<u>\$ (49,642)</u>	<u>\$ 200,358</u>	<u>\$ 46,456</u>
Long-term liabilities due in more than one year				<u>\$ 153,902</u>	

Long-term liabilities applicable to the City's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly, are not reported as fund liabilities in the governmental funds. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure when due.

Long-term debt at year end was comprised of the following debt issuance:

<u>Description</u>	<u>Interest Rate</u>	<u>Original Balance</u>	<u>Current Balance</u>
Governmental Activities:			
General Obligation Bonds:			
Series 2012 General Obligation Refunding Bonds	2.82%	\$ 490,000	\$ 150,000
Total General Obligation Bonds		<u>\$ 490,000</u>	<u>\$ 150,000</u>
Notes Payable			
2022 Note Payable - Ford F-150 Responder	6.33%	\$ 65,000	\$ 50,138
Total Notes Payable		<u>\$ 65,000</u>	<u>\$ 50,138</u>
Total Debt		<u>\$ 555,000</u>	<u>\$ 200,138</u>

City of Kempner, Texas
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued
September 30, 2023

The annual requirements to amortize governmental activities debt issues outstanding at year ending were as follows:

Year ending September 30,	G.O. Refunding Bonds	
	Principal	Interest
2024	\$ 35,000	\$ 4,230
2025	35,000	3,243
2026	40,000	2,256
2027	40,000	1,128
Total	\$ 150,000	\$ 10,857

General obligation bonds are direct obligations of the City for which its full faith and credit are pledged. Repayment of general obligation bonds are from taxes levied on all taxable property located within the City.

Year ending September 30,	Notes Payable	
	Principal	Interest
2024	\$ 11,456	\$ 3,186
2025	12,181	2,461
2026	12,951	1,691
2027	13,770	871
Total	\$ 50,358	\$ 8,209

E. Compensated Absences

The following summarizes the changes in the compensated absences balances of the primary government during the year. In general, the City uses the general fund to liquidate governmental activities compensated absences.

	Beginning Balances	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balances	Amounts Due within One Year
Governmental Activities:					
Compensated absences	\$ -	\$ 26,031	\$ (17,577)	\$ 8,454	\$ 7,609
Total Governmental Activities	\$ -	\$ 26,031	\$ (17,577)	\$ 8,454	\$ 7,609
Other long-term liabilities due in more than one year				\$ 845	

City of Kempner, Texas
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued
September 30, 2023

F. Interfund Transactions

The composition of interfund balances as of yearend is as follows:

<u>Due to: Payable Fund</u>	<u>Due from: Receivable Fund</u>		<u>Total</u>
	General	Street Sales Tax	
General	\$ -	\$ 5,656	\$ 5,656
Debt service	13,119	-	13,119
	<u>\$ 13,119</u>	<u>\$ 5,656</u>	<u>\$ 18,775</u>

Amounts recorded as “due to/from” are considered to be temporary loans and will be repaid during the following year.

The composition of interfund transfers during the current year is as follows:

<u>Transfers Out</u>	<u>Transfers In</u>		<u>Total</u>
	General	Municipal Court	
Sales Tax Street Fund	\$ 1,344	\$ -	\$ 1,344
General	-	6,623	6,623
	<u>\$ 1,344</u>	<u>\$ 6,623</u>	<u>\$ 7,967</u>

G. Fund Equity

The City records fund balance restrictions on the fund level to indicate that a portion of the fund balance is legally restricted for a specific future use or to indicate that a portion of the fund balance is not available for expenditures.

The following is a list of fund balances restricted/committed/assigned by the City:

	<u>Restricted</u>	<u>Committed</u>	<u>Assigned</u>
Court security and technology	\$ 26,626 *	\$ -	\$ -
Streets	-	110,220	-
Infrastructure	-	-	190,000
Parks	-	-	55,200
	<u>\$ 26,626</u>	<u>\$ 110,220</u>	<u>\$ 245,200</u>

*Restricted by enabling legislation

City of Kempner, Texas
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued
September 30, 2023

V. OTHER INFORMATION

A. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets, errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the City participates along with 2,700 other entities in the Texas Municipal League's Intergovernmental Risk Pools. The Pool purchases commercial insurance at group rates for participants in the Pool. The City has no additional risk or responsibility to the Pool outside of the payment of insurance premiums. The City has not significantly reduced insurance coverage or had settlements which exceeded coverage amounts for the past three years.

B. Contingent Liabilities

Amounts received or receivable from granting agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amounts of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported. Claim liabilities are calculated considering the effects of inflation, recent claim settlement trends, including frequency and amount of payouts, and other economic and social factors.

C. Arbitrage

The Tax Reform Act of 1986 instituted certain arbitrage consisting of complex regulations with respect to issuance of tax-exempt bonds after August 31, 1986. Arbitrage regulations deal with the investment of tax-exempt bond proceeds at an interest yield greater than the interest yield paid to bondholders. Generally, all interest paid to bondholders can be retroactively rendered taxable if applicable rebates are not reported and paid to the Internal Revenue Service at least every five years for applicable bond issues. Accordingly, there is the risk that if such calculations are not performed correctly, a substantial liability to the City could result. The City does anticipate that it will have an arbitrage liability and performs annual calculations to estimate this potential liability. The City will also engage an arbitrage consultant to perform the calculations in accordance with Internal Revenue Service's rules and regulations, if indicated.

City of Kempner, Texas
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued
September 30, 2023

D. Defined Benefit Pension Plans

Texas Municipal Retirement System

1. Plan Description

The City of Kempner participates as one of 934 plans in the nontraditional, joint contributory, hybrid defined benefit pension plan administered by the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS). TMRS is an agency created by the State of Texas and administered in accordance with the TMRS Act, Subtitle G, Title 8, Texas Government Code (the TMRS Act) as an agent multiple-employer retirement system for municipal employees in the State of Texas. The TMRS Act places the general administration and management of the System with a six-member Board of Trustees. Although the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, appoints the Board, TMRS is not fiscally dependent on the State of Texas. TMRS's defined benefit pension plan is a tax-qualified plan under Section 401 (a) of the Internal Revenue Code. TMRS issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report (ACFR) that can be obtained at www.tmr.com.

All eligible employees of the city are required to participate in TMRS.

2. Benefits Provided

TMRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Benefit provisions are adopted by the governing body of the city, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS.

At retirement, the benefit is calculated as if the sum of the employee's contributions, with interest, and the city-financed monetary credits with interest were used to purchase an annuity. Members may choose to receive their retirement benefit in one of three payment options. Members may also choose to receive a portion of their benefit as a Partial Lump Sum Distribution in an amount equal to 12, 24, or 36 monthly payments, which cannot exceed 75% of the member's deposits and interest.

City of Kempner, Texas
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued
September 30, 2023

The plan provisions are adopted by the governing body of the City, within the options available in the state statutes governing TMRS. Plan provisions for the City were as follows:

	<u>Plan Year 2021</u>	<u>Plan Year 2022</u>
Employee deposit rate	5%	5%
Matching ratio (city to employee)	1 to 1	1 to 1
Years required for vesting	5	5
Service retirement eligibility (expressed as age / years of service)	60/5, 0/20	60/5, 0/20
Updated service credit	0%	0%
Annuity increase (to retirees)	0% of CPI	0% of CPI
Active Employees	Yes	Yes
Supplemental Death Benefit to Retirees	Yes	Yes

Employees covered by benefit terms

At the December 31, 2022, valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	0
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	4
Active employees	4
Total	8

3. Contributions

The contribution rates for employees in TMRS are either 5%, 6%, or 7% of employee gross earnings, and the City matching percentages are either 100%, 150%, or 200%, both as adopted by the governing body of the City. Under the state law governing TMRS, the contribution rate for each city is determined annually by the actuary, using the Entry Age Normal (EAN) actuarial cost method. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the cost of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Employees for the City of Kempner were required to contribute 5% of their annual gross earnings during the fiscal year. The contribution rates for the City of Kempner were 1.76% and 1.16% in calendar years 2022 and 2023, respectively. The City's contributions to TMRS for the year ended September 30, 2023, were \$2,110, and were equal to the required contributions.

City of Kempner, Texas
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued
September 30, 2023

4. Net Pension Liability

The City's Net Pension Liability (NPL) was measured as of December 31, 2022, and the Total Pension Liability (TPL) used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial assumptions

The Total Pension Liability in the December 31, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation	2.50% per year
Overall payroll growth	2.75% per year
Investment Rate of Return	6.75% net of pension plan investment expense, including
Inflation	

Salary increases are based on a service-related table. Mortality rates for active members are based on the PUB(10) mortality tables with the Public Safety table used for males and the General Employee table used for females. Mortality rates for healthy retirees and beneficiaries are based on the Gender-distinct 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas mortality tables. The rates for actives, healthy retirees and beneficiaries are projected on a fully generational basis by Scale UMP to account for future mortality improvements. For disabled annuitants, the same mortality tables for healthy retirees is used with a 4-year set-forward for males and a 3-year set-forward for females. In addition, a 3.5% and 3.0% minimum mortality rate is applied, for males and females respectively, to reflect the impairment for younger members who become disabled. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by Scale UMP to account for future mortality improvements subject to the floor.

The actuarial assumptions were developed primarily from the actuarial investigation of the experience of TMRS over the four-year period from December 31, 2014 to December 31, 2018. They were adopted in 2019 and first used in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation. The post-retirement mortality assumption for Annuity Purchase Rates (APRs) is based on the Mortality Experience Investigation Study covering 2009 through 2011 and dated December 31, 2013. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with an emphasis on both capital appreciation as well as the production of income in order to satisfy the short-term and long-term funding needs of TMRS.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. In determining their best estimate of a

City of Kempner, Texas

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued

September 30, 2023

recommended investment return assumption under the various alternative asset allocation portfolios, GRS focused on the area between (1) arithmetic mean (aggressive) without an adjustment for time (conservative) and (2) the geometric mean (conservative) with an adjustment for time (aggressive). The target allocation and best estimates of real rates of return for each major asset class in fiscal year 2022 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return (Arithmetic)
Global Equity	35.0%	7.55%
Core Fixed Income	6.0%	2.00%
Non-Core Fixed Income	20.0%	5.68%
Other Public and Private Markets	12.0%	7.22%
Real Estate	12.0%	6.85%
Hedge Funds	5.0%	5.35%
Private Equity	10.0%	10.00%
Total	100.0%	

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the Total Pension Liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contributions will be made at the rates specified in statute. Based on that assumption, the pension plan's Fiduciary Net Position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the Total Pension Liability.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability (asset) of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the City's net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

1% Decrease 5.75%	Current Single Rate Assumption 6.75%	1% Increase 7.75%
\$ 2,622	\$ (649)	\$ (3,189)

City of Kempner, Texas
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued
September 30, 2023

Changes in the Net Pension Liability (Asset)

	Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (asset) (a) – (b)
Balance at 12/31/21	\$ 8,993	\$ 9,794	\$ (801)
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	9,519	-	9,519
Interest	928	-	928
Difference between expected and actual experience	(575)	-	(575)
Contributions – employer	-	2,720	(2,720)
Contributions – employee	-	7,726	(7,726)
Net investment income	-	(728)	728
Administrative expense	-	(5)	5
Other changes	-	7	(7)
Net changes	9,872	9,720	152
Balance at 12/31/22	\$ 18,865	\$ 19,514	\$ (649)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan’s Fiduciary Net Position is available in a separately-issued TMRS financial report. That report may be obtained on the internet at www.tmr.com.

5. Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended September 30, 2023, the City recognized pension expense of \$2,084.

At September 30, 2023, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$ 1,384	\$ -
Difference in experience and actual	-	(1,522)
Investment losses (gains)	1,054	-
	\$ 2,438	\$ (1,522)

City of Kempner, Texas
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued
September 30, 2023

The City reported \$1,384 as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date that will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability for the year ending September 30, 2024.

Amounts reported as deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended December 31:		
2023	\$	26
2024		26
2025		26
2026		44
2027		(233)
Thereafter		(357)
	<u>\$</u>	<u>(468)</u>

E. Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions

The City also participates in the cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit group-term life insurance plan operated by the Texas Municipal Retirement System (TMRS) known as the Supplemental Death Benefits Fund (SDBF). The City elected, by ordinance, to provide group-term life insurance coverage to both current and retired employees. The City may terminate coverage under and discontinue participation in the SDBF by adopting an ordinance before November 1 of any year to be effective the following January 1.

The death benefit for active employees provides a lump-sum payment approximately equal to the employee’s annual salary (calculated based on the employee’s actual earnings, for the 12-month period preceding the month of death); retired employees are insured for \$7,500; this coverage is an “other postemployment benefit,” or OPEB.

The City contributes to the SDBF at a contractually required rate as determined by an annual actuarial valuation. The rate is equal to the cost of providing one-year term life insurance. The funding policy for the SDBF program is to assure that adequate resources are available to meet all death benefit payments for the upcoming year; the intent is not to pre-fund retiree term life insurance during employees’ entire careers.

City of Kempner, Texas
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued
September 30, 2023

Employees covered by benefit terms

At the December 31, 2022 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	0
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	0
Active employees	4
Total	4

The City's contributions to the TMRS SDBF for the fiscal years ended 2023 and 2022 were \$0 and \$133, respectively, which equaled the required contributions each year.

Schedule of Contribution Rates
(RETIREE-only portion of the rate)

Plan/ Calendar Year	Annual Required Contribution (Rate)	Actual Contribution Made (Rate)	Percentage of ARC Contributed
2021	0.00%	0.00%	100.00%
2022	0.00%	0.00%	100.00%
2023	0.00%	0.00%	100.00%

Total OPEB Liability

The City's Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions Liability (OPEB) was measured as of December 31, 2022, and the Total OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial assumptions:

The Total OPEB Liability in the December 31, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation	2.50% per year
Overall payroll growth	3.50% to 11.50%, including inflation per year
Discount rate	4.05%
Retirees' share of benefit-related costs	\$0
Administrative expenses	All administrative expenses are paid through the Pension Trust and accounted for under reporting requirements under GASB Statement No. 68

City of Kempner, Texas
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued
September 30, 2023

Salary increases were based on a service-related table. Mortality rates for active members, retirees, and beneficiaries were based on the 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality Tables. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis with Scale UMP. For disabled annuitants, the 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality Tables with a 4 year set-forward for males and a 3 year set-forward for females. In addition, a 3.5% and 3% minimum mortality rate will be applied to reflect the impairment for younger members who become disabled for males and females, respectively. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis by Scale UMP to account for future mortality improvements subject to the floor.

Discount Rate:

The discount rate used to measure the Total OPEB Liability was 4.05%. The discount rate was based on the Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index" rate as of December 31, 2022.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the OPEB liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 4.05%, as well as what the City's OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (3.05%) or 1-percentage-point higher (5.05%) than the current rate:

1% Decrease (3.05%)	Current Single Rate Assumption 4.05%	1% Increase (5.05%)
\$ 586	\$ 406	\$ 292

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability:

	Total OPEB Liability
Balance at 12/31/21	\$ 418
Changes for the year:	
Service Cost	386
Interest	11
Difference between expected and actual experience	138
Changes of assumptions	(547)
Net changes	(12)
Balance at 12/31/22	\$ 406

City of Kempner, Texas
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued
September 30, 2023

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB liability

For the year ended September 30, 2023, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$324.

At September 30, 2023, the City reported deferred inflows of resources related to the OPEB liability from the following sources:

	Deferred (Inflows) of Resources
Difference in experience	\$ (154)
Change in assumptions	(434)
Total	\$ (588)

Amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended December 31:	
2023	\$ (73)
2024	(73)
2025	(73)
2026	(73)
2027	(73)
Thereafter	(223)
	\$ (588)

F. Deferred Compensation Plan

The City offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with the Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all City employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. Participation in the plan is optional. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency.

The funds in the plan are held by Nationwide Retirement Solutions, Inc. of Columbus, Ohio as the plan administrator for the City. The funds are held in a trust by Nationwide Retirement Solutions, Inc. for the exclusive benefits of the employees and their beneficiaries who will receive these funds directly remitted by Nationwide Retirement Solutions, Inc. to the City employees and their beneficiaries. The City no longer holds the amounts deferred by the employees or related income on these amounts. Therefore, since the plan does not qualify to be included with the City's fiduciary funds, there are not any plan assets included in the City's financial statements.

City of Kempner, Texas
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued
September 30, 2023

G. Restatement

The City restated beginning net position for governmental activities due to a correction to the compensated absences liability. The restatement is summarized below:

	Governmental Activities
Prior year ending net position, as reported	\$ 1,456,291
Correction to compensated absences liability	(9,832)
Beginning net position, as adjusted	\$ 1,446,459

H. Subsequent Events

On December 10, 2024, the City entered into a note payable contract with Government Capital Corporation for \$78,231, for the purchase of a public safety vehicle. The note has a 5 year term, with an interest rate of 5.9%. The first payment is due December 10, 2025.

There were no additional material subsequent events through August 21, 2025, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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City of Kempner, Texas
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES
IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL
GENERAL FUND
For the Year Ended September 30, 2023

	<u>Original Budget</u>	<u>Final Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)</u>
<u>Revenues</u>				
Property tax	\$ 101,000	\$ 101,000	\$ 111,899	\$ 10,899
Sales tax	100,000	100,000	139,497	39,497
Franchise and local taxes	45,000	45,000	50,581	5,581
License and permits	200	200	1,525	1,325
Fines and forfeitures	65,000	65,000	62,772	(2,228)
Grants and contributions	141,500	263,992	3,035	(260,957)
Investment income	250	250	7,694	7,444
Other revenue	5,400	5,400	8,086	2,686
Total Revenues	<u>458,350</u>	<u>580,842</u>	<u>385,089</u>	<u>(195,753)</u>
<u>Expenditures</u>				
Current:				
General government:				
Administration	149,371	149,371	170,565	(21,194) *
Public safety:				
Police	238,497	364,930	238,037	126,893
Fire	-	-	5,000	(5,000) *
Municipal court	5,600	5,600	4,212	1,388
Culture and recreation:				
Culture and recreation	17,100	17,100	14,482	2,618
Debt service:				
Principal	-	-	14,642	(14,642) *
Interest	-	-	220	(220) *
Total Expenditures	<u>410,568</u>	<u>537,001</u>	<u>447,158</u>	<u>89,843</u>
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	<u>47,782</u>	<u>43,841</u>	<u>(62,069)</u>	<u>(105,910)</u>
<u>Other Financing Sources (Uses)</u>				
Transfers in	-	-	1,344	1,344
Transfers (out)	-	-	(6,623)	(6,623) *
Note issuance	-	-	65,000	65,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>59,721</u>	<u>59,721</u>
Net Change in Fund Balance	<u>\$ 47,782</u>	<u>\$ 43,841</u>	<u>(2,348)</u>	<u>\$ (46,189)</u>
Beginning fund balance			595,742	
Ending Fund Balance			<u>\$ 593,394</u>	

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

1. Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

* 2. Expenditures exceeded appropriations at the legal level of control.

City of Kempner, Texas

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

Years Ended:

	12/31/2022	12/31/2021	12/31/2020
Total pension liability			¹
Service cost	\$ 9,519	\$ 8,089	\$ 1,485
Interest (on the Total Pension Liability)	928	397	69
Differences between expected and actual experience	(575)	(1,332)	285
Net change in total pension liability	9,872	7,154	1,839
Total pension liability - beginning	8,993	1,839	-
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 18,865	\$ 8,993	\$ 1,839
Plan fiduciary net position			
Contributions - employer	\$ 2,720	\$ 2,098	\$ 378
Contributions - members	7,726	6,018	1,105
Net investment income (loss)	(728)	196	-
Administrative expenses	(5)	(1)	-
Other	7	-	-
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	9,720	8,311	1,483
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	9,794	1,483	-
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 19,514	\$ 9,794	\$ 1,483
Fund's net pension liability/(asset) - ending (a) - (b)	\$ (649)	\$ (801)	\$ 356
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	103.44%	108.91%	80.64%
Covered payroll	\$ 154,522	\$ 120,367	\$ 22,105
Fund's net pension liability/(asset) as a percentage	-0.42%	-0.67%	1.61%

Notes to schedule:

1) This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for ten years. However, until a full ten-year trend is compiled, only available information is shown.

City of Kempner, Texas

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS TO PENSION PLAN

Years Ended:

	¹ 9/30/2023	9/30/2022	9/30/2021
Actuarially determined employer contributions	\$ 2,110	\$ 2,582	\$ 1,820
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	2,110	2,582	1,820
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Annual covered payroll	\$ 160,571	\$ 147,692	\$ 106,445
Employer contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	1.31%	1.75%	1.71%

1) This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for ten years. However, until a full ten-year trend is compiled, only available information is shown.

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS TO PENSION PLAN

Valuation Date:

Notes Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31 and become effective in January 13 months later.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level Percentage of Payroll, Closed
Remaining Amortization Period	10 years
Asset Valuation Method	10 Year smoothed market; 12% soft corridor
Inflation	2.50%
Salary Increases	3.50% to 11.50% including inflation
Investment Rate of Return	6.75%
Retirement Age	

Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the City's plan of benefits. Last updated for the 2019 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2014 - 2018.

Mortality

Post-retirement: 2019 Municipal Retirees of Texas Mortality Tables. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis with scale UMP.

Pre-retirement: PUB(10) mortality tables, with the Public Safety table used for males and the General Employee table used for females. The rates are projected on a fully generational basis with scale UMP.

Other Information:

Notes There were no benefit changes during the year.

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City of Kempner, Texas

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSION (OPEB) LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS TEXAS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Years Ended:

	¹ 12/31/2022	12/31/2021	12/31/2020
Total OPEB liability			
Service cost	\$ 386	\$ 614	\$ 55
Interest	11	8	1
Changes of assumptions	(547)	49	33
Change of benefit terms	-	-	20
Difference in expected and actual experience	138	(362)	-
Net changes	(12)	309	109
Total OPEB liability - beginning	418	109	-
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$ 406	\$ 418	\$ 109
 Covered payroll	 \$ 154,522	 \$ 120,367	 \$ 22,105
Total OPEB Liability as a percentage of covered payroll	0.26%	0.35%	0.49%

Notes to schedule:

- ¹ This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for ten years. However, until a full ten-year trend is compiled, only available information is shown.

- ² No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB statement No. 75 to pay related benefits.