

SAFETY DATA SHEET

DA1640

Section 1. Identification

Product name : DUPLI-COLOR® Acrylic Enamel Aerosol Paint
Cherry Red (Equipment Red)

Product code : DA1640

Other means of identification : Not available.

Product type : Aerosol.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Paint or paint related material.

Manufacturer : Dupli-Color Products Company
101 W. Prospect Avenue
Cleveland, OH 44115

Emergency telephone number of the company : (216) 566-2917

Product Information Telephone Number : (800) 247-3270

Transportation Emergency Telephone Number : (800) 424-9300

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture : AEROSOLS - Category 1
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3
Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity: 17% (oral), 17% (dermal), 19.1% (inhalation)

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms :



Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : Extremely flammable aerosol. Pressurized container: may burst if heated.
May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Causes serious eye irritation.
May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Suspected of causing cancer.
May damage fertility or the unborn child.

Precautionary statements

Date of issue/Date of revision

: 3/29/2025

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Version : 30

1/21

DA1640

DUPLI-COLOR® Acrylic Enamel Aerosol Paint
Cherry Red (Equipment Red)

SHW-85-NA-GHS-US

Section 2. Hazards identification

General : Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

Prevention : Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, face protection, or hearing protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid breathing dust or mist. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

Response : IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.

Storage : Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Disposal : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Supplemental label elements
DELAYED EFFECTS FROM LONG TERM OVEREXPOSURE. Contains solvents which can cause permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal. WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.
Please refer to the SDS for additional information. Keep out of reach of children. Keep upright in a cool, dry place. Do not discard empty can in trash compactor.

Hazards not otherwise classified : DANGER: Rags, steel wool, other waste soaked with this product, and sanding residue may spontaneously catch fire if improperly discarded. Immediately place rags, steel wool, other waste soaked with this product, and sanding residue in a sealed, water-filled, metal container. Dispose of in accordance with local fire regulations.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Other means of identification : Not available.

CAS number/other identifiers

| Ingredient name | % by weight | Identifiers |
|--------------------------------------|-------------|-------------|
| Acetone | ≥25 - ≤50 | 67-64-1 |
| Propane | ≥10 - ≤25 | 74-98-6 |
| n-Butyl Acetate | ≤10 | 123-86-4 |
| Butane | ≤10 | 106-97-8 |
| 2-Propoxyethanol | ≤3 | 2807-30-9 |
| Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate | ≤0.3 | 22464-99-9 |
| Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime | ≤0.3 | 96-29-7 |
| Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons | ≤0.3 | 64742-95-6 |
| Cobalt 2-Ethylhexanoate | ≤0.3 | 136-52-7 |
| Hydrotreated Heavy Petroleum Naphtha | ≤0.3 | 64742-48-9 |
| trimethylbenzene | ≤0.3 | 25551-13-7 |

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

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|---------------------------------------|---|-------------------------------|------------|---------------------|------|
| Date of issue/Date of revision | : 3/29/2025 | Date of previous issue | : 1/9/2025 | Version : 30 | 2/21 |
| DA1640 | DUPLI-COLOR® Acrylic Enamel Aerosol Paint Cherry Red (Equipment Red) | | | SHW-85-NA-GHS-US | |

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact

- : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

Inhalation

- : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Skin contact

- : Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

- : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact

- : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation

- : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Skin contact

- : May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion

- : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact

- : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain or irritation
watering
redness

Inhalation

- : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
respiratory tract irritation
coughing
nausea or vomiting
headache
drowsiness/fatigue
dizziness/vertigo
unconsciousness
reduced fetal weight
increase in fetal deaths
skeletal malformations

Section 4. First aid measures

| | |
|---------------------|--|
| Skin contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations |
| Ingestion | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations |

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

| | |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| Notes to physician | : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled. |
| Specific treatments | : No specific treatment. |
| Protection of first-aiders | : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. |

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

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| Suitable extinguishing media | : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire. |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media | : None known. |

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| Specific hazards arising from the chemical | : Extremely flammable aerosol. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Gas may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back, causing fire or explosion. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed. |
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| Hazardous thermal decomposition products | : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide |
|---|--|

| | |
|---|--|
| Special protective actions for fire-fighters | : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. |
|---|--|

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|---|---|
| Special protective equipment for fire-fighters | : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. |
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|---------------|----------------------|
| Remark | : Flammable aerosol. |
|---------------|----------------------|

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. In the case of aerosols being ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurized contents and propellant. If a large number of containers are ruptured, treat as a bulk material spillage according to the instructions in the clean-up section. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Absorb with an inert material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing gas. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous.

Advice on general occupational hygiene : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits (OSHA United States)

| Ingredient name | CAS # | Exposure limits |
|--|-------------------------|---|
| Acetone | 67-64-1 | ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) A4. TWA 8 hours: 250 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 500 ppm. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020) TWA 10 hours: 250 ppm. TWA 10 hours: 590 mg/m ³ . OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018) TWA 8 hours: 1000 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 2400 mg/m ³ . |
| Propane | 74-98-6 | ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) Oxygen depletion [asphyxiant], Explosive potential. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020) TWA 10 hours: 1000 ppm. TWA 10 hours: 1800 mg/m ³ . OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018) TWA 8 hours: 1000 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 1800 mg/m ³ . |
| n-Butyl Acetate | 123-86-4 | ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) [Butyl acetates] STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020) TWA 10 hours: 150 ppm. TWA 10 hours: 710 mg/m ³ . STEL 15 minutes: 200 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 950 mg/m ³ . OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018) TWA 8 hours: 150 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 710 mg/m ³ . |
| Butane | 106-97-8 | ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) [Butane] Explosive potential. STEL 15 minutes: 1000 ppm. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020) TWA 10 hours: 800 ppm. TWA 10 hours: 1900 mg/m ³ . |
| 2-Propoxyethanol Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate | 2807-30-9 22464-99-9 | None. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) [Zirconium and compounds] A4. TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m ³ (as Zr). STEL 15 minutes: 10 mg/m ³ (as Zr). NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020) [zirconium compounds] TWA 10 hours: 5 mg/m ³ (as Zr). STEL 15 minutes: 10 mg/m ³ (as Zr). OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018) |

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

| | | |
|--|--------------------------|---|
| Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime | 96-29-7 | [Zirconium compounds] TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m ³ (as Zr). OARS WEEL (United States, 6/2024) Skin sensitizer. |
| Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons Cobalt 2-Ethylhexanoate | 64742-95-6 136-52-7 | TWA 8 hours: 10 ppm. None. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) [cobalt and inorganic compounds] A3. Skin sensitizer , Inhalation sensitizer. TWA 8 hours: 0.02 mg/m ³ (as Co). None. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) [trimethyl benzene, isomers] TWA 8 hours: 10 ppm. |
| Hydrotreated Heavy Petroleum Naphtha trimethylbenzene | 64742-48-9 25551-13-7 | |

Occupational exposure limits (Canada)

| Ingredient name | CAS # | Exposure limits |
|-----------------|----------|--|
| acetone | 67-64-1 | CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021) STEL 15 minutes: 750 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 500 ppm. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 4/2024) TWA 8 hours: 250 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 500 ppm. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019) TWA 8 hours: 250 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 500 ppm. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024) TWAEV 8 hours: 250 ppm. STEV 15 minutes: 500 ppm. CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023) OEL 8 hours: 1200 mg/m ³ . OEL 15 minutes: 1800 mg/m ³ . OEL 8 hours: 500 ppm. OEL 15 minutes: 750 ppm. |
| Normal propane | 74-98-6 | CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021) STEL 15 minutes: 1250 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 1000 ppm. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 4/2024) Oxygen depletion [asphyxiant] , Explosive potential. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019) Oxygen depletion [asphyxiant] , Explosive potential. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024) Oxygen depletion [asphyxiant] , Explosive potential. CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023) OEL 8 hours: 1000 ppm. |
| n-butyl acetate | 123-86-4 | CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021) STEL 15 minutes: 200 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 150 ppm. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, |

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Cherry Red (Equipment Red)

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

| | | |
|----------------------------|------------|---|
| Butane | 106-97-8 | <p>4/2024) [butyl acetate, all isomers] STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.</p> <p>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019) [butyl acetates, all isomers] STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.</p> <p>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024) [butyl acetates] STEV 15 minutes: 150 ppm. TWAEV 8 hours: 50 ppm.</p> <p>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023) OEL 15 minutes: 200 ppm. OEL 15 minutes: 950 mg/m³. OEL 8 hours: 150 ppm. OEL 8 hours: 713 mg/m³.</p> <p>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021) [Aliphatic hydrocarbon gases, Alkane [C1-C4]] STEL 15 minutes: 1250 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 1000 ppm.</p> <p>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021) [Butane] STEL 15 minutes: 1250 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 1000 ppm.</p> <p>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 4/2024) [butane, all isomers] Explosive potential. STEL 15 minutes: 1000 ppm.</p> <p>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019) [Butane, All isomers] Explosive potential. STEL 15 minutes: 1000 ppm.</p> <p>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024) TWAEV 8 hours: 800 ppm. TWAEV 8 hours: 1900 mg/m³.</p> <p>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023) OEL 8 hours: 1000 ppm.</p> <p>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019) Absorbed through skin. TWA 8 hours: 110 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 25 ppm.</p> <p>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 4/2024) [zirconium and compounds] TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m³ (as Zr). STEL 15 minutes: 10 mg/m³ (as Zr).</p> <p>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019) [Zirconium and compounds] STEL 15 minutes: 10 mg/m³ (as Zr). TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m³ (as Zr).</p> <p>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024) [Zirconium and compounds] TWAEV 8 hours: 5 mg/m³ (as Zr). STEV 15 minutes: 10 mg/m³ (as Zr).</p> <p>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023) [Zirconium and compounds] OEL 8 hours: 5 mg/m³ (as Zr). OEL 15 minutes: 10 mg/m³ (as Zr).</p> |
| 2-Propoxyethanol | 2807-30-9 | |
| Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate | 22464-99-9 | |

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|-------------------------|----------|--|
| Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime | 96-29-7 | OARS WEEL (United States, 6/2024) Skin sensitizer. TWA 8 hours: 10 ppm. |
| Cobalt 2-Ethylhexanoate | 136-52-7 | CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021) [Cobalt and inorganic compounds] STEL 15 minutes: 0.06 mg/m ³ (measured as Co). TWA 8 hours: 0.02 mg/m ³ (measured as Co). CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 4/2024) [cobalt and inorganic compounds] Carc 2B. Skin sensitizer, Inhalation sensitizer. TWA 8 hours: 0.02 mg/m ³ (as Co). Form: Total. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 4/2024) [cobalt and inorganic compounds (inhalable)] Carc 2B. Skin sensitizer, Inhalation sensitizer. Notes: No British Columbia exposure limit at this time CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019) [Cobalt and inorganic compounds] TWA 8 hours: 0.02 mg/m ³ (as Co). CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024) [Cobalt elemental, and inorganic compounds] C3. Skin sensitizer, Inhalation sensitizer. TWAEV 8 hours: 0.02 mg/m ³ (as Co). Form: inhalable aerosol fraction. |

Occupational exposure limits (Mexico)

| Ingredient name | CAS # | Exposure limits |
|----------------------------|------------|---|
| Acetone | 67-64-1 | NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016) A4. TWA 8 hours: 500 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 750 ppm. |
| n-Butyl Acetate | 123-86-4 | NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016) TWA 8 hours: 150 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 200 ppm. |
| Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate | 22464-99-9 | NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016) [Circono y compuestos] A4. TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m ³ (as Zr). STEL 15 minutes: 10 mg/m ³ (as Zr). |
| Cobalt 2-Ethylhexanoate | 136-52-7 | NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016) [Cobalto y compuestos inorgánicos] A3. TWA 8 hours: 0.02 mg/m ³ (as Co). |

Biological exposure indices (United States)

| Ingredient name | Exposure indices |
|-------------------------|---|
| Acetone | ACGIH BEI (United States, 1/2024) BEI: 25 mg/l, acetone [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift. |
| Cobalt 2-Ethylhexanoate | ACGIH BEI (United States, 1/2024) [cobalt and inorganic compounds including cobalt oxides] BEI: 15 µg/l, not combined with tungsten |

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carbide - cobalt [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift at end of workweek.
BEI: Nonquantitative: Biological monitoring should be considered for this compound based on the review; however, a specific BEI® could not be determined due to insufficient data., cobalt with tungsten carbide - cobalt [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift at end of workweek.

Biological exposure indices (Canada)

No exposure indices known.

Biological exposure indices (Mexico)

| Ingredient name | Exposure indices |
|-------------------------|--|
| Acetone | <p>Official Mexican STANDARD NOM-047-SSA1-2011, Environmental Health-Biological exposure indices for personnel occupationally exposed to chemical substances. (Mexico, 6/2012)</p> <p>BEI: 50 mg/L [non-specific. The determinant is nonspecific, since it can be found after exposure to other chemicals.], acetone [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift.</p> |
| Cobalt 2-Ethylhexanoate | <p>Official Mexican STANDARD NOM-047-SSA1-2011, Environmental Health-Biological exposure indices for personnel occupationally exposed to chemical substances. (Mexico, 6/2012) [cobalt and its compounds]</p> <p>BEI: 1 µg/l [Basal level. The determinant may be present in the biological sample obtained from subjects who have not been occupationally exposed, at a concentration that could affect the interpretation of the results. These background levels are included in the value; semi-quantitative. The biological determinant is an indicator of chemical exposure, but the quantitative interpretation of the measure is ambiguous. These biological determinants should be used as a screening test if a quantitative test is not possible.], cobalt [in blood]. Sampling time: at the end of the shift at the end of the work week.</p> <p>BEI: 15 µg/l [Basal level. The determinant may be present in the biological sample obtained from subjects who have not been occupationally exposed, at a concentration that could affect the interpretation of the results. These background levels are included in the value], cobalt [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the shift at the end of the work week.</p> |

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

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| Appropriate engineering controls | : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. |
| Environmental exposure controls | : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels. |
| Individual protection measures | |
| Hygiene measures | : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. |
| Eye/face protection | : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles. |
| Skin protection | |
| Hand protection | : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. |
| Body protection | : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. |
| Other skin protection | : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. |
| Respiratory protection | : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. |

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

Appearance

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|-------------------------------------|-------------------|
| Physical state | : Liquid. |
| Color | : Red. |
| Odor | : Not available. |
| Odor threshold | : Not available. |
| pH | : Not applicable. |
| Melting point/freezing point | : Not available. |

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

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| Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range | : Not available. |
| Flash point | : Closed cup: -29°C (-20.2°F) [Pensky-Martens Closed Cup] |
| Evaporation rate | : 5.6 (butyl acetate = 1) |
| Flammability | : Flammable aerosol. |
| Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit | : Lower: 1.26% Upper: 15.8% |
| Vapor pressure | : 101.3 kPa (760 mm Hg) |
| Relative vapor density | : 1.55 [Air = 1] |
| Relative density | : 0.75 |
| Density | : 0.75 g/cm ³ |
| Solubility(ies) | : |

| Media | Result |
|------------|-------------|
| cold water | Not soluble |

| | |
|--|--|
| Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water | : Not applicable. |
| Auto-ignition temperature | : Not applicable. |
| Decomposition temperature | : Not applicable. |
| Viscosity | : Dynamic (room temperature): Not available. Kinematic (room temperature): Not available. Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): <20.5 mm ² /s (<20.5 cSt) |
| Molecular weight | : Not applicable. |
| <u>Particle characteristics</u> | |
| Median particle size | : Not applicable. |
| <u>Aerosol product</u> | |
| Type of aerosol | : Spray |
| Heat of combustion | : 27.388 kJ/g |

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

| | |
|------------------------------------|--|
| Reactivity | : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients. |
| Chemical stability | : The product is stable. |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. |
| Conditions to avoid | : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). |
| Incompatible materials | : No specific data. |
| Hazardous decomposition products | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. |

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name

Acetone

Result

Rat - Oral - LD50

5800 mg/kg

Toxic effects: Behavioral - Altered sleep time (including change in righting reflex) Behavioral - Tremor

Rat - Oral - LD50

10768 mg/kg

Toxic effects: Behavioral - Somnolence (general depressed activity) Lung, Thorax, or Respiration - Other changes Liver - Other changes

Rabbit - Dermal - LD50

>17600 mg/kg

Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapor

658000 mg/m³ [4 hours]

Rat - Oral - LD50

3089 mg/kg

Toxic effects: Behavioral - Tremor Lung, Thorax, or Respiration - Dyspnea Gross Metabolite Changes - Weight loss or decreased weight gain

Rabbit - Dermal - LD50

>5 g/kg

Rat - Oral - LD50

>5 g/kg

Toxic effects: Behavioral - Somnolence (general depressed activity)

Rat - Oral - LD50

930 mg/kg

Rat - Oral - LD50

8400 mg/kg

Toxic effects: Behavioral - Somnolence (general depressed activity) Behavioral - Tremor Lung, Thorax, or Respiration - Other changes

Rabbit - Dermal - LD50

>5 g/kg

Toxic effects: Skin After topical exposure - Primary irritation

Rat - Oral - LD50

1.22 g/kg

Toxic effects: Behavioral - Ataxia Behavioral - Coma

Rat - Oral - LD50

>6 g/kg

Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapor

8500 mg/m³ [4 hours]

Toxic effects: Lung, Thorax, or Respiration - Other changes

Rat - Oral - LD50

8970 mg/kg

Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate

Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime

Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons

Cobalt 2-Ethylhexanoate

Hydrotreated Heavy Petroleum Naphtha

trimethylbenzene

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product/ingredient name

Result

| | | | | | |
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Section 11. Toxicological information

Acetone

Rabbit - Skin - Mild irritant

Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours
Amount/concentration applied: 500 mg

Rabbit - Skin - Mild irritant

Amount/concentration applied: 395 mg
Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant

Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours
Amount/concentration applied: 500 mg

Guinea pig - Skin - Mild irritant

Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours
Amount/concentration applied: 1 Ml

Rabbit - Skin - Mild irritant

Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours
Amount/concentration applied: 500 mg

Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant

Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours
Amount/concentration applied: 500 mg

n-Butyl Acetate

2-Propoxyethanol

trimethylbenzene

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product/ingredient name

Acetone

Result

Human - Eyes - Mild irritant

Amount/concentration applied: 186300 ppm

Rabbit - Eyes - Mild irritant

Amount/concentration applied: 10 uL

Rabbit - Eyes - Moderate irritant

Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours

Amount/concentration applied: 20 mg

Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant

Amount/concentration applied: 20 mg

Rabbit - Eyes - Moderate irritant

Amount/concentration applied: 100 mg

Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant

Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours

Amount/concentration applied: 750 ug

Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant

Amount/concentration applied: 100 mg

Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant

Amount/concentration applied: 100 uL

Rabbit - Eyes - Mild irritant

Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours

Amount/concentration applied: 100 uL

Rabbit - Eyes - Mild irritant

Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours

Amount/concentration applied: 500 mg

n-Butyl Acetate

2-Propoxyethanol

Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime

Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons

trimethylbenzene

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Respiratory corrosion/irritation

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

| | | | | | |
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Section 11. Toxicological information

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Not available.

Skin

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Respiratory

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Classification

| Product/ingredient name | OSHA | IARC | NTP |
|-------------------------|------|------|--|
| Cobalt 2-Ethylhexanoate | - | 2B | Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen. |

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name

Result

Acetone

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3

n-Butyl Acetate

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3

2-Propoxyethanol

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3

Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (upper respiratory tract) - Category 1

Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name

Result

| | | | | | |
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Section 11. Toxicological information

Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) (blood system) - Category 2

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name

Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons

Hydrotreated Heavy Petroleum Naphtha

trimethylbenzene

Result

ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure

Not available.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Skin contact : May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain or irritation
watering
redness

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
respiratory tract irritation
coughing
nausea or vomiting
headache
drowsiness/fatigue
dizziness/vertigo
unconsciousness
reduced fetal weight
increase in fetal deaths
skeletal malformations

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
irritation
redness
reduced fetal weight
increase in fetal deaths
skeletal malformations

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
reduced fetal weight
increase in fetal deaths
skeletal malformations

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Potential immediate effects : Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

General : Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.

Carcinogenicity : Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Reproductive toxicity : May damage fertility or the unborn child.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

| Product/ingredient name | Oral (mg/kg) | Dermal (mg/kg) | Inhalation (gases) (ppm) | Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l) | Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l) |
|---|--------------|----------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| DUPLI-COLOR® Acrylic Enamel Aerosol Paint | 123767.3 | 44073.8 | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Acetone | 5800 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| n-Butyl Acetate | 10768 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Butane | N/A | N/A | N/A | 658 | N/A |
| 2-Propoxyethanol | 3089 | 1100 | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime | 100 | 1100 | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons | 8400 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Cobalt 2-Ethylhexanoate | 1220 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| trimethylbenzene | 500 | N/A | N/A | 11 | N/A |

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name

Acetone

Result

Acute - EC50 - Fresh water

Algae - Green algae - *Selenastrum sp.*
7200 mg/l [96 hours]

Effect: Population

Chronic - NOEC - Marine water

Algae - Green algae - *Ulva pertusa*
4.95 mg/l [96 hours]
Effect: Reproduction

Chronic - NOEC - Fresh water

Crustaceans - Daphnia - *Daphniidae*
0.016 ml/l [21 days]
Effect: Population

Chronic - NOEC - Marine water

Fish - Threespine stickleback - *Gasterosteus aculeatus* - Larvae
Age: 7 days
5 µg/l [42 days]

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Section 12. Ecological information

Effect: Population

Acute - LC50 - Marine water

ISO

Crustaceans - Calanoid copepod - *Acartia tonsa* - Copepodid

4.42589 ml/l [48 hours]

Effect: Mortality

Acute - LC50 - Fresh water

Fish - Guppy - *Poecilia reticulata*

Age: 4 to 12 months; Size: 2 to 10 cm; Weight: 0.5 to 14 g
5600 ppm [96 hours]

Effect: Mortality

Acute - LC50 - Fresh water

Fish - Fathead minnow - *Pimephales promelas*

Age: 31 to 32 days; Size: 21.6 mm; Weight: 0.175 g
18 mg/l [96 hours]

Effect: Mortality

Acute - LC50 - Marine water

Crustaceans - Brine shrimp - *Artemia salina*

32 mg/l [48 hours]

Effect: Mortality

Acute - LC50 - Fresh water

Fish - Fathead minnow - *Pimephales promelas*

Age: 30 days; Size: 21.2 mm; Weight: 0.148 g
843 mg/l [96 hours]

Effect: Mortality

Acute - LC50 - Marine water

Crustaceans - Daggerblade grass shrimp - *Palaeomon pugio*

5600 µg/l [48 hours]

Effect: Mortality

n-Butyl Acetate

Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime

trimethylbenzene

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

| Product/ingredient name | Aquatic half-life | Photolysis | Biodegradability |
|-----------------------------|-------------------|------------|------------------|
| Acetone | - | - | Readily |
| n-Butyl Acetate | - | - | Readily |
| Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons | - | - | Readily |

Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name | LogP _{ow} | BCF | Potential |
|-----------------------------|--------------------|------------|-----------|
| Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate | - | 2.96 | Low |
| Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime | - | 2.5 to 5.8 | Low |
| Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons | - | 10 to 2500 | High |
| Cobalt 2-Ethylhexanoate | - | 15600 | High |
| Hydrotreated Heavy | - | 10 to 2500 | High |
| Petroleum Naphtha | | | |

Mobility in soil

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Section 12. Ecological information

Soil/Water partition coefficient : Not available.

Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

Section 14. Transport information

| | DOT Classification | TDG Classification | Mexico Classification | IATA | IMDG |
|-----------------------------------|---|---|---|---|--|
| UN number | UN1950 | UN1950 | UN1950 | UN1950 | UN1950 |
| UN proper shipping name | AEROSOLS | AEROSOLS | AEROSOLS | AEROSOLS, flammable | AEROSOLS |
| Transport hazard class(es) | 2.1  | 2.1  | 2.1  | 2.1  | 2.1  |
| Packing group | - | - | - | - | - |
| Environmental hazards | No. | No. | No. | No. | No. |
| Additional information | - ERG No. 126 Dependent upon container size, this product may ship under the Limited Quantity shipping exception. | Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.13-2.17 (Class 2). ERG No. 126 Dependent upon container size, this product may ship under the Limited Quantity shipping exception. | - ERG No. 126 Dependent upon container size, this product may ship under the Limited Quantity shipping exception. | - ERG No. 126 Dependent upon container size, this product may ship under the Limited Quantity shipping exception. | Emergency schedules F-D, S-U Dependent upon container size, this product may ship under the Limited Quantity shipping exception. |

Section 14. Transport information

Special precautions for user : Multi-modal shipping descriptions are provided for informational purposes and do not consider container sizes. The presence of a shipping description for a particular mode of transport (sea, air, etc.), does not indicate that the product is packaged suitably for that mode of transport. All packaging must be reviewed for suitability prior to shipment, and compliance with the applicable regulations is the sole responsibility of the person offering the product for transport. People loading and unloading dangerous goods must be trained on all of the risks deriving from the substances and on all actions in case of emergency situations.

Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments : Not available.

Proper shipping name : Not available.

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations :

[California Prop. 65](#)

WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

[International regulations](#)

[Montreal Protocol](#)

Not listed.

[Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants](#)

Not listed.

International lists

- **Australia inventory (AIIC)**: Not determined.
- **China inventory (IECSC)**: Not determined.
- **Japan inventory (CSCL)**: Not determined.
- **Japan inventory (ISHL)**: Not determined.
- **Korea inventory (KECI)**: Not determined.
- **New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)**: Not determined.
- **Philippines inventory (PICCS)**: Not determined.
- **Taiwan Chemical Substances Inventory (TCSI)**: Not determined.
- **Thailand inventory**: Not determined.
- **Turkey inventory**: Not determined.
- **Vietnam inventory**: Not determined.

Section 16. Other information

[Hazardous Material Information System \(U.S.A.\)](#)

| | | |
|------------------|---|---|
| Health | * | 2 |
| Flammability | | 4 |
| Physical hazards | | 3 |

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

[Procedure used to derive the classification](#)

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Section 16. Other information

| Classification | Justification |
|--|-----------------------|
| AEROSOLS - Category 1 | On basis of test data |
| SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A | Calculation method |
| SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 | Calculation method |
| CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 | Calculation method |
| TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B | Calculation method |
| SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 | Calculation method |

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Key to abbreviations : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
IATA = International Air Transport Association
IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
N/A = Not available
SGG = Segregation Group
UN = United Nations

► Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can change the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Products shall not be repackaged, modified, or tinted except as specifically instructed by the manufacturer, including but not limited to the incorporation of products not specified by the manufacturer, or the use or addition of products in proportions not specified by the manufacturer. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buyer/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country, federal, state, provincial or local laws. The conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer; the customer/buyer/user is responsible to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. The customer/buyer/user should not use the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be responsible for SDSS obtained from any other source.

| | | | | | |
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