



AAYTAN ACADEMY

Std-10th GSEB Sanskrit

Super Revision Sheet for 16.03.26

1. एकवाक्येन संस्कृतभाषायाम् उत्तरं लिखत । Answer in one Sanskrit sentence:

1. उत्तरम्:- मानवाः निर्भयाः सन्तु ।
2. उत्तरम्:- जलाशये अनागतविधाता, प्रत्युत्पन्नमतिः, यद्भविष्यः चेति त्रयः मत्स्याः वसन्ति स्म ।
3. उत्तरम्:- कर्तव्यस्य निर्वाहः मनुष्यस्य कार्यमस्ति ।
4. उत्तरम्:- अतिथभूतानाम् कुटुम्बिजनानाम् भोजनादिकार्यक्रमाय कूटनाथः पात्राणि अयाचत ।
- 5 उत्तरम्:- निर्जीवानां पात्राणं मरणं न सम्भवति ।
6. उत्तरम्:- सरोवरस्य जलं सगरम् (विषमयम्) आसीत् ।
7. उत्तरम्:- मूढ जनः परप्रत्ययनेयबुद्धिः भवति ।
8. उत्तरम्:- सुखं दुःखानि अनुभूय शोभते ।

2. अधोलिखितानां प्रश्नानाम् उत्तराणि आङ्ग्लभाषायां लिखत ।

Answer the following questions in English:

1. **Answer:**-The rishi requests the Sun to remove the sins or vices and secure good, auspicious things for him.
2. **Answer:**-On seeing the lake, fishermen thought, "Ah! How wonderful! This lake is full of a lot of fish. How come we saw it today only? Now everything is settled. We will come tomorrow and kill the fish, tortoise etc. There is enough for us.
3. **Answer:**-The moral of this story is as follows: He who visualizes the future and takes proper steps to overcome the probable calamity (अनागतविधाता) as well as he who is ready-witted enough to take a prompt decision (प्रत्युत्पन्नमतिः) leads a happy life. He who is lazy leaves everything to chance is surely ruined.
4. **Answer:**-1. Experiencing sorrow.
2. Carrying out duties like taking the victims to a nearby hospital or dispensary and.
3. Learning a lesson from the accident.
5. **Answer:**-Haltet borrowed some utensils from वित्तदास and returned them with additional number of small sized ones. The new utensils were the young ones born to facilitate his original ones according to the strange explanation given by कूटनाथ Next time कूटनाथ borrowed more utensils from him but did not return them at all saying that utensils had died when he objected chartet coolly explained, "If utensils can be born, surely they can also die." Thus cat deceived his neighbour by taking the advantage of his greedy nature.
6. **Answer:**-When अर्जुन proceeded to drink the water of the lake that was out of the city, an unknown man said, "Gentleman, this water is poisonous. Now it is not suitable for drinking."
7. **Answer:**-The various weapons and missiles used in the war were very dangerous. The pollutants that came out from them polluted everything in the world. The air, soil, water and living beings were badly affected by them.

3. श्लोकपूर्तिं कुरुत ।

श्लोकपूर्तिं एवं श्लोक अर्थ । Complete the following verses:

1. सर्वे भवन्तु सुखिनः सर्वे सन्तु निरामयाः । सर्वे भद्राणि पश्यन्तु मा कश्चिद् दुःखभाग् भवेत् ॥4॥

अनुवाद:- ईश्वर करे कि यहाँ सभी (मनुष्य, जीव) सुखी रहें। सभी स्वस्थ रहें। सभी को अच्छी चीजें देखने को मिलें। कोई भी दुखी न हो।

2. विवादे विषादे..... त्वमेका भवानी ॥

उत्तरम्:- विवादे विषादे प्रमादे प्रवासे जले चानले पर्वते शत्रुमध्ये। अरण्ये शरण्ये सदा मां प्रवाहि गतिस्त्वं गतिस्त्वं त्वमेका भवानी ॥

3. शिक्षा क्षयं गच्छति कालपर्यायात् सुबद्धमूलाः निपतन्ति पादपाः। जलं जलस्थानगतं च शुष्यति हुतं च दत्तं च तथैव तिष्ठति ॥

Answer:- This is said by कर्ण to his charioteer I who tries to dissuade him from giving away his divine arms and earrings to Indra who had come in the disguise of a Brahmin. Learning is forgotten after some time. Trees even with firm roots fall down. Water in the reservoir dries up but oblations given in sacrifice and acts of charity endure forever.

Translation:- With the passage of time whatever is learnt is lost. The trees having strong roots fall down and water lying in the reservoir dries up. Whatever is offered as an oblation into fire and whatever is given in charity remains as it is.

Explanation:- This verse is from the play कर्णभारत.

The great warrior कर्ण is about to give away his armour to a Brahmin who is actually इन्द्र in the guise of a Brahmin-Karna's charioteer सात्या tries to dissuade him from giving the armour when कर्ण says this. All other things perish only sacrifice and charity endure. Even now to us is famous for his generosity which proves the point.

4. आङ्ग्लभाषायां संक्षिप्तां टिप्पणी लिखत

Write short note in English:

1. Answer:- Good person praises or accepts anything only after critical analysis. He does not base his Judgment on the antiquity of modernity of a thing. In short, he has an open mind, receptive enough to judge everything without prejudice. A foolish person blindly believes or depends on the knowledge of others. This is the view of after as revealed in the prologue of his play.

2. Answer:- A really good person is naturally inclined towards doing good to others. He is selfless in the sense that his being good is not dependent on how others behave with him. A sandalwood tree makes the edge of the axe fragrant even when it is being cut. A person who is good to those who are bent on destroying him is the rarest human being. Goodness can never be