Tenax Spa INDURENTE BB30H		
•		
INDURENTE BB30H LIQUID EPOXY HARDENER		
nixture and uses advised against		
LIQUID EPOXY HARDENER.		
Industrial Professio	nal Consumer	
- ~	-	
Via I Maggio, 226	(VR)	
Italy	(**)	
msds@tenax.it		
Infotrac US and Canada: 1-800-535-5053 Int'l: 1-352-323-3500 info@infotrac.net		
	TEBB30H Safety Data Shee According to U.S.A. Federal Hazcom 2 INDURENTE BB30H LIQUID EPOXY HARDENER mixture and uses advised against LIQUID EPOXY HARDENER Industrial Professio Industrial Professio Italy Tel. +39 045 6887593 Fax +39 045 6887593 Fax +39 045 6887593 Fax +39 045 6882456 msds@tenax.it Tenax Usa 7606 Whitehall Executive Center Driv Tel. 001 7045831173 - Fax 001 704583 Info@tenaxusa.com Infotrac US and Canada: 1-800-535-5053 Int'I: 1-352-323-3500	

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (HCS) (29 CFR 1910.1200). The product thus requires a safety datasheet. Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Classification and Hazard Statement Acute toxicity, category 4 Acute toxicity, category 4 Acute toxicity, category 4 Skin corrosion, category 1 Serious eye damage, category 1 Skin sensitization, category 1

Hazard pictograms:



Signal words:

Danger

Harmful if swallowed. Harmful in contact with skin. Harmful if inhaled. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. Causes serious eye damage. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Revision nr.3 Dated 2/10/2020 Printed on 11/6/2020 Page n. 2 / 11 Replaced revision:2 (Dated 7/1/2019)

2. Hazards identification .../

Hazard statements: H302+H312+H332	Harmful if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled.
H302+H312+H332 H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention: P260	Do not breathe dust / fume / gas / mist / vapours / spray.
P280	Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing / eye protection / face protection.
P270	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P271 P264	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wash the hands thoroughly after handling.
P272	Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
Response: P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.
	Continue rinsing.
P301+P330+P331 P303+P361+P353	IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.
P3037P3617P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water / shower. Immediately call a POISON CENTER / doctor /
P304+P340	IF INHALED: remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P330 P302+P352	Rinse mouth. IF ON SKIN: wash with plenty of water /
P302+P352 P362+P364	Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
P301+P312	IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER / doctor / / if you feel unwell.
P363 Storage:	Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
Storage: P405	Store locked up.
Disposal:	
P501	Dispose of contents / container according to applicable law.
The mixture contains 72.0	00%;1.00% of components of unknown acute inhalation / dermal toxicity.
2.2. Other hazards	
Environmental classification	on as for Reg. (EU) 1272/2008 (CLP):
The product is classified a	as hazardous for environment pursuant to the provisions set forth in EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP).
Classification and Hazard Hazardous to the aqua	Statement atic environment, chronic toxicity, category 3 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Hazard statements: H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention: P273	Avoid release to the environment.
Response:	
Storage:	
Disposal: P501	Dispose of contents / container according to applicable law.
Additional hazards Information not available	
	ormation on ingredients
3.2. Mixtures	
Contains:	
Identification	x = Conc. % Classification:
3-AMINOMETHYL 3,5,5- CAS 2855-13	TRIMETHYLCYCLOHEXYLAMINE270 ≤ x < 72Acute toxicity, category 4 H302, Acute toxicity, category 4 H312, Skin corrosion, category 1B H314, Serious eye damage, category 1 H318, Skin sensitization, category 1 H317, Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 3 H412
	@EPY 9.11.3 - SDS 1004.13
•	▼

Revision nr.3 Dated 2/10/2020 Printed on 11/6/2020 Page n. 3 / 11 Replaced revision:2 (Dated 7/1/2019)

3. Composition/information on ingredients/

EC INDEX	220-666-8 612-067-00-9)	
BENZYL ALC	OHOL		
CAS	100-51-6	29 ≤ x < 31	Acute toxicity, category 4 H302, Acute toxicity, category 4 H332
EC	202-859-9		
INDEX	603-057-00-5	5	
AMINOETHYL AMINOPROPYL TRIMETHOXYSILANE			
CAS	1760-24-3	0.7 ≤ x < 1	Acute toxicity, category 4 H302, Acute toxicity, category 4 H332, Serious eye damage, category 1 H318, Skin irritation, category 2 H315, Skin sensitization, category 1 H317
EC INDEX	217-164-6		
* There is a ba	tch to batch vai	riation.	

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

4. First-aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 30-60 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. Get medical advice/attention.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with a shower immediately. Get medical advice/attention.

INGESTION: Have the subject drink as much water as possible. Get medical advice/attention. Do not induce vomiting unless explicitly authorised by a doctor.

INHALATION: Get medical advice/attention immediately. Remove victim to fresh air, away from the accident scene. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Take suitable precautions for rescue workers.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Information not available

5. Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT The extinguishing equipment should be of the conventional kind: carbon dioxide, foam, powder and water spray. UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT None in particular.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE Do not breathe combustion products.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations. SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

6. Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency

Tenax Spa

Revision nr.3 Dated 2/10/2020 Printed on 11/6/2020 Page n. 4 / 11 Replaced revision:2 (Dated 7/1/2019)

6. Accidental release measures

procedures.

6.2. Environmental precautions

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

7. Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Before handling the product, consult all the other sections of this material safety data sheet. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove any contaminated clothes and personal protective equipment before entering places in which people eat.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store only in the original container. Store the containers sealed, in a well ventilated place, away from direct sunlight. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Information not available

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Information not available

8.2. Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration. Personal protective equipment must comply with current regulations. HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category III work gloves (OSHA 29 CFR 1910.138).

The following should be considered when choosing work glove material: compatibility, degradation, failure time and permeability.

The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category I professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear. Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing. EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (OSHA 29 CFR 1910.133).

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, wear a mask with a NIOSH certified filter, whose class must be chosen according to the limit of use concentration (NIOSH 42 CFR 84, OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134). In the presence of gases or vapours of various kinds and/or gases or vapours containing particulate (aerosol sprays, fumes, mists, etc.) combined filters are required.

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus or external air-intake breathing apparatus. For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard NIOSH 42 CFR 84, OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134.

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

Product residues must not be indiscriminately disposed of with waste water or by dumping in waterways.

Revision nr.3 Dated 2/10/2020 Printed on 11/6/2020 Page n. 5 / 11 Replaced revision:2 (Dated 7/1/2019)

9. Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Properties		Value		Information
Appearance		liquid		
Colour		colourless		
Odour		amino		
Odour threshold		Not available		
pH		Not available		
Melting point / freezing point		Not available		
Initial boiling point		Not available		
Boiling range		Not available		
Flash point	>	93 °C	(199,4 °F)	
Evaporation Rate		Not available		
Flammability of solids and gases		Not available		
Lower inflammability limit		Not available		
Upper inflammability limit		Not available		
Lower explosive limit		Not available		
Upper explosive limit		Not available		
Vapour pressure		Not available		
Vapour density		Not available		
Relative density		0.95 g/cc		
Solubility		partially soluble in water		
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water		Not available		
Auto-ignition temperature		Not available		
Decomposition temperature		Not available		
Viscosity		Not available		
Explosive properties		Not available		
Oxidising properties		Not available		
9.2. Other information				

Information not available

10. Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

BENZYL ALCOHOL

Decomposes at temperatures above 870°C/1598°F.Possibility of explosion.

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No hazardous reactions are foreseeable in normal conditions of use and storage.

3-AMINOMETHYL 3,5,5-TRIMETHYLCYCLOHEXYLAMINE

May react dangerously with: strong oxidising agents, concentrated inorganic acids.

BENZYL ALCOHOL

May react dangerously with: hydrobromic acid, iron, oxidising agents, sulphuric acid. Risk of explosion on contact with: phosphorus trichloride.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

None in particular. However the usual precautions used for chemical products should be respected.

3-AMINOMETHYL 3,5,5-TRIMETHYLCYCLOHEXYLAMINE Avoid contact with: strong acids,strong oxidants. BENZYL ALCOHOL

Avoid exposure to: air, sources of heat, naked flames.

10.5. Incompatible materials

BENZYL ALCOHOL Incompatible with: sulphuric acid,oxidising substances,aluminium.

Revision nr.3 Dated 2/10/2020 Printed on 11/6/2020 Page n. 6 / 11 Replaced revision:2 (Dated 7/1/2019)

10. Stability and reactivity/

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Information not available

11. Toxicological information

In the absence of experimental data for the product itself, health hazards are evaluated according to the properties of the substances it contains, using the criteria specified in the applicable regulation for classification. It is therefore necessary to take into account the concentration of the individual hazardous substances indicated in section 3, to evaluate the toxicological effects of exposure to the product.

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

Information not available

Information on likely routes of exposure

Information not available

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Information not available

Interactive effects

Information not available

ACUTE TOXICITY

BENZYL ALCOHOL LD50 (Oral) LD50 (Dermal) LC50 (Inhalation)

1230 mg/kg Rat 2000 mg/kg Rabbit > 4.1 mg/l/4h Rat

SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

Corrosive for the skin

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION

Causes serious eye damage

RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION

Sensitising for the skin

GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

CARCINOGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

Revision nr.3 Dated 2/10/2020 Printed on 11/6/2020 Page n. 7 / 11 Replaced revision:2 (Dated 7/1/2019)

11. Toxicological information .../

ASPIRATION HAZARD

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA:

2735

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

12. Ecological information

This product is dangerous for the environment and the aquatic organisms. In the long term, it have negative effects on aquatic environment.

12.1. Toxicity

BENZYL ALCOHOL		
LC50 - for Fish	770 mg/l/96h Pimephales promelas	
EC50 - for Crustacea	230 mg/l/48h Daphnia magna	
EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants	770 mg/l/72h Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	
Chronic NOEC for Crustacea	51 mg/l Daphnia magna	
12.2. Persistence and degradability		
BENZYL ALCOHOL Rapidly degradable		
3-AMINOMETHYL 3,5,5-TRIMETHYLCYCLOHEXY	LAMINE	
Solubility in water NOT rapidly degradable	1000 - 10000 mg/l	
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential		
BENZYL ALCOHOL		
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	1.1	
12.4. Mobility in soil		
Information not available		
12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment		
On the basis of available data, the product does not	contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage \geq than 0,1%.	
12.6. Other adverse effects		
Information not available		
13. Disposal considerations		
 13.1. Waste treatment methods Reuse, when possible. Neat product residues should be considered special non-hazardous waste. Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations. CONTAMINATED PACKAGING Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations. 		
14. Transport information		
14.1. UN number		

Revision nr.3 Dated 2/10/2020 Printed on 11/6/2020 Page n. 8 / 11 Replaced revision:2 (Dated 7/1/2019)

14. Transport information ... / >

14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR / RID:AMINES, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. (3-AMINOMETHYL-3,5,5-TRIMETHYLCYCLOHEXYLAMINE)IMDG:AMINES, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. (3-AMINOMETHYL-3,5,5-TRIMETHYLCYCLOHEXYLAMINE)IATA:AMINES, LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. (3-AMINOMETHYL-3,5,5-TRIMETHYLCYCLOHEXYLAMINE)

8

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR / RID:	Class: 8	Label: 8
IMDG:	Class: 8	Label: 8
IATA:	Class: 8	Label: 8

14.4. Packing group

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: III

14.5. Environmental hazards

ADR / RID:	NO
IMDG:	NO
IATA:	NO

14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR / RID:	HIN - Kemler: 80	Limited Quantities: LQ07	Tunnel restriction code: (E)
	Special Provision: -		
IMDG:	EMS: F-A, S-B	Limited Quantities: LQ07	
IATA:	Cargo:	Maximum quantity: 60 L	Packaging instructions: 856
	Pass.:	Maximum quantity: 5 L	Packaging instructions: 852
	Special Instructions:	A3	

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Information not relevant

15. Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

U.S. Federal Regulations

TSCA: All components are listed on TSCA Inventory.

Clean Air Act Section 112(b): No component(s) listed.

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances: No component(s) listed.

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances: No component(s) listed.

Clean Water Act – Priority Pollutants: No component(s) listed.

Clean Water Act – Toxic Pollutants:

@EPY 9.11.3 - SDS 1004.13

Revision nr.3 Dated 2/10/2020 Printed on 11/6/2020 Page n. 9 / 11 Replaced revision:2 (Dated 7/1/2019)

15. Regulatory information ... / >:

No component(s) listed.

DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals): No component(s) listed.

DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals): No component(s) listed.

EPA List of Lists: 313 Category Code: No component(s) listed.

EPCRA 302 EHS TPQ: No component(s) listed.

EPCRA 304 EHS RQ: No component(s) listed.

CERCLA RQ: No component(s) listed.

EPCRA 313 TRI: No component(s) listed.

RCRA Code: No component(s) listed.

CAA 112 (r) RMP TQ: No component(s) listed.

State Regulations

Massachussetts:

100-51-6 BENZYL ALCOHOL

Minnesota:

100-51-6 BENZYL ALCOHOL

New Jersey: 2855-13-2

3-AMINOMETHYL 3,5,5-TRIMETHYLCYCLOHEXYLAMINE

New York: No component(s) listed.

Pennsylvania: 100-51-6

BENZYL ALCOHOL

California:

No component(s) listed.

Proposition 65:

This product does not contain any substances know to the State of California to cause cancer, reproductive harm or birth defects.

International Regulations

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to (EC) Reg. 649/2012: None

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

None

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention: None

Candadian WHMIS Information not available

Tenax Spa

Revision nr.3 Dated 2/10/2020 Printed on 11/6/2020 Page n. 10 / 11 Replaced revision:2 (Dated 7/1/2019)

16. Other information

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H302+H312+H332	Harmful if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

LEGEND:

- 313 CATEGORY CODE: Emergency Planning and Community Right-to Know Act Section 313 Category Code
- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- CAA 112 ® RMP TQ: Risk Management Plan Threshold Quantity (Clean Air Act Section 112®)
- CAS NUMBER: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CERCLA RQ: Reportable Quantity (Comprehensive Environment Response, Compensation, and Liability Act)
- CLP: EC Regulation 1272/2008
- DEA: Drug Enforcement Administration
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- EPA: US Environmental Protection Agency
- EPCRA: Emergency Planning and Community Right-to Know Act
- EPCRA 302 EHS TPQ: Extremely Hazardous Substance Threshold Planning Quantity (Section 302 Category Code)
- EPCRA 304 EHS RQ: Extremely Hazardous Substance Reportable Quantity (Section 304 Category Code)
- EPCRA 313 TRI: Toxics Release Inventory (Section 313 Category Code)
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- RCRA Code: Resource Conservation and Recovery Act Code
- REL: Recommended exposure limit
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TSCA: Toxic Substances Control Act
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- WHMIS: Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System.

GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY:

- GHS rev. 3
- The Merck Index. 10th Edition
- Handling Chemical Safety
- Niosh Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances
- INRS Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- Patty Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- N.I. Sax Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- ECHA website
- Database of SDS models for chemicals Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) Italy
- 6 NYCRR part 597
- Cal/OSHA website
- California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act
- EPA website
- Hazard Comunication Standard (HCS 2012)
- IARC website
- List Of Lists EPA: Consolidated List of Chemicals Subject to EPCRA, CERCLA and Section 112® of the Clean Air Act
- Massachussetts 105 CMR Department of public health 670.000: "Right to Know"

Tenax Spa

Revision nr.3 Dated 2/10/2020 Printed on 11/6/2020 Page n. 11 / 11 Replaced revision:2 (Dated 7/1/2019)

16. Other information

- Minensota Chapter 5206 Departemnt Of Labor and Industry Hazardous Substances, Employee "Right to Know".- New Jersey Worker and Community Right to know Act N.J.S.A.

- NTP. 2011. Report on Carcinogens, 12th Edition.

- OSHA website

- Pennsylvania, Hazardous Substance List, Chapter 323

Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses. Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

CALCULATION METHODS FOR CLASSIFICATION

Product classification derives from criteria established by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (HCS) (29 CFR 1910.1200), unless determined otherwise in Section 11 and 12. The data for evaluation of chemical-physical properties are reported in section 9.

Changes to previous review: The following sections were modified: 02 / 03 / 09 / 12.