Name: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

(send completed quiz to information.caringtouch@gmail.com)

Instructions: Select the correct answer you choose by inserting the letter to the right of the question. (See number 1 as an example)

Place an ‘X’ beside your true or false answers.

1. Some potential hazards include all except: C  
   1. Falls
   2. Electrocution
   3. Properly cooked food
   4. Assault
2. Some situations which are normal for other people can be potential hazards to your clients suffering from dementia (memory loss).

\_\_\_\_\_True \_\_\_\_\_False

1. What is the greatest danger of fire or explosion in the home?
   1. The use of oxygen
   2. Smoking in bed
   3. Flammable liquids
   4. All of the above
2. When using the stove, keep clothing and other flammable articles away from the gas flame or electric burner.

\_\_\_\_True \_\_\_\_\_False

1. Some other fire prevention tips include all except.
   1. Report gas odors to the Gas Company immediately.
   2. No need to be prepared to evacuate everyone.
   3. Plug appliances directly into outlet, not into extension cords or adapters.
   4. Know were fire extinguishers are and read the instructions on how to use them.

(This may be asked of you during an aide supervision)

1. If your clothing is on fire always remember to run.

\_\_\_\_\_True \_\_\_\_\_False

7. What are the four A’s of crime prevention?

1. Awareness, Avoidance, Accommodation and Attitude
2. Allocation, Awareness, Attitude and Avoidance
3. Awareness, Avoidance, Appearance and Attitude
4. Appearance, Attitude, Approximation, Avoidance

8. In making an evacuation plan, some things that should be included are all except:

1. Leaving before grabbing your pocketbook and/or personal belongings
2. Draw a plan indicating where doors and windows that can be used for escape are located
3. Check the doors and windows to see if they can be opened easily
4. Be sure to have the family’s phone numbers at hand in the event of an evacuation

9. Small fires in a frying pan may be put out by pouring baking soda on the fire.

\_\_\_ True \_\_\_\_\_False

10. Some other tips in case of a fire are all except for:

1. Try to remain calm and help everyone to a safe location
2. Bend or crawl under smoke
3. Avoid breathing it by covering you and your client’s nose and mouth with a plastic bag
4. Alert 911 then notify the appropriate people as per your evacuation plan

11. What is the correct way to use a fire extinguisher:

a. P.A.S.S.- pull pin, aim at base of fire, squeeze lever, sweep from side to side

b. P.I.S.S. – pull pin, infuse at the base of the fire, squeeze lever, sweep from side to side

c. P.A.S.T.- pull pin, aim at base of fire, squeeze lever, turn and run

d. P.A.R.S.- pull pin, aim at base of fire, repeat, sweep from side to side

**Please read the important information on Page 3. Thank you!**

**Other important information regarding oxygen in the home:** If your client uses oxygen in the home, **do not** use petroleum jelly (Vaseline) if your client’s nose or lips becomes dry or irritated. Only use a water-based lubricant such as K-Y Jelly to moisten. Petroleum based products are flammable!

All homes that have oxygen should have a notice clearly stating oxygen is being used located on the front door. Be sure to have the client or their family notify the local fire department, electric company, and telephone company that oxygen is used in the home. They will restore power sooner to the house or neighborhood if the power goes out. Keep their phone numbers in a place where you can find them easily.